10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1902. TWO CENTS.

SARGENT CALLED IN

Will Work With President To Settle the Strike.

Mitchell Leaves Suddenly His Object Unknown.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Commissioner General of Immigration Sargent had a long conference today with the president regarding the coal strike. Commissioner Sargent, from his long connection with labor organizations, is fully informed on the question and it is understood that he will work along the lines of the plan that is now being considered for bringing the strike to an end. As stated in these dispatches yesterday, this plan is to have the miners return to work with a pledge from the president that he will appeal to congress to examine into the justice of their complaints and remedy them so far as lies in the executive branch of the government; also that it be suggested to Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, that he cause the legislature to make a similar inquiry.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 6.—President Mitchell, of the Miners' union, left here at 4.25 o'clock this morning on the Lehigh Valley road, presumably for Philadelphia. The object of his visit there or when he decided to go cannot be learned at headquarters, as the utmost secrecy is maintained. As late as 11:30 o'clock last night, when he locked up his office and went to bed, he said he did not expect to leave the city until tonight, when he would depart for Buffalo. It is possible he may have remained in Philadelphia only a short time and gone from there to New York or Washington. The only person in authority at strike headquarters today is District President Duffy, who arrived from Hazelton this

(Continued on page 2.)

GATES, YOUNG, CORBIN

London, Oct. 6.—General Corbin, General Young and John W. Gates have had an unpleasant experience with the English motoring laws. Both on Saturday and Sunday they were driving a car which was stopped by the police, who summoned the Americans for exceeding twelve miles an hour. The car in each instance was a fast new vehicle, just purchased by Sir Thomas Lipton, who had lent it to Mr. Gates to show the generals around the country. On Saturday they were driving through Windsor when a policeman arrested the chaffeur and took the names and addresses of Mr. Gates and General Young, who were the occupants of the car, and Sunday the same party, with General Corbin was nearing Brighton when a policeman stepped out of a hedge and stopped the car. When the summonses are called no defense will be made for, as one of the Americans said "The police have got you at their mercy. You may be mortally sure that you were not driving at over the speed limit, but that is ineffective against the police, with their stop watches."

STORM WRECKS HOTELS

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 6.—Advices from Ballarat in Yo county, the point from which Death Valley expeditions are outfitted, tell of a terrific wind and rain storm that swept over the Panamint range several days ago, doing great damage to property and injuring many persons.

Porter Brothers' house, the leading hotel in Ballarat was wrecked. Four persons who were in the dining room were hurled about. The iron roof of Porter Brothers' store, opposite the hotel, was torn off and blown several hundred yards.

A small store which adjoined was demolished. The Ballarat hotel suffered extensive damages, one side being blown out and the furniture of many rooms hurled into the streets and broken. A saloon near by was turned completely around. Many residences were blown to the ground. Eight persons besides those of Porter Brothers' hotel received injuries. News has not yet been received from Death Valley or the outlying camps of Ballarat, which were in the course of the storm. Damage done to property by the storm is estimated at $30,000.

NEW ORLEANS STILL WALKING

New Orleans, Oct. 6.—New Orleans continues to walk or ride in ramshackle wagons from place to place. There was no morning change in the strike situation. The order of the mayor to the effect that order must be maintained is being observed. Chief of Police Journee, who had issued orders to his entire force to hold themselves in readiness to protect the cars of the company, said today that the withdrawal of the mayor's order was entirely justified by conditions which had developed after it was sent. Reports of the cutting of street railway and telegraph wires were numerous today. It was reported that the railway company as a measure of protection would make a move in the United States courts today. President Peursons says that if the receiver is appointed the property of the company will be wrecked. The weather continues fine.

CHARGE ROCHE WITH MURDER

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Sheriff Reinhard and District Attorney Thomas returned at 1 o'clock this morning from Polk county, where they arrested John Roche, a homesteader, near the St. Croix river, on the charge of the murder of Luze Schneller, whose skeleton was recently found at Coon Fork, near Augusta, this county, and identified by his widow who lives with her nine children near Humbird. Schneller met his death about June 12, 1898. Roche's wife and her son of 9 years, by a former husband, came with the officers this morning, but there is no charge against anybody but Roche. He will be arraigned today in Justice Wolcox's court.

WHERE WOMEN WILL SHINE

New York, Oct. 6—Under the auspices of the Professional Women's league, the first woman's exhibition will open tonight in Madison Square Garden. Man may look but not touch. For the time he will be relegated to the rear, and woman will rule. Women as police, women as carriage callers, women as ticket punchers, women as ushers, women as barkeepers, women as newsboys selling a women's newspaper will be a feature. About 3500 women will take part in the affair, which has been in course of preparation for several months. Although patterned after the women's exhibition held in Earl's court, London, two years ago, its scope is much wider. All nations will be represented and the work of the woman's hands in all sections of the globe will be shown.

LOW TURNS MAYBURY DOWN

New York, Oct. 6.—Mayor Low today sent a telegram to Mayor Maybury of Detroit declining to appoint delegates to the coal strike conference at Detroit. Early today the mayor received the following telegram from Mayor Maybury: "In view of failure of the president's effort to settle the coal strike, what do you now say as to sending delegation from your city to Detroit conference, Oct. 9?" To this Mayor Low replied as follows: "In view of the failure of the president's effort at mediation, and because of the vagueness of your program, I have determined not to send delegates to the conference at Detroit."

AN ELK RIVER MAN KILLED

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. N. Casey, of Elk River, Minn., was accidentally shot Sunday morning by Silas Foreman, of St. Paul. Casey, with W. B. Eaton and Mr. Foreman, was on the Elk river hunting ducks, and in preparing to shoot, Foreman's gun was accidentally discharged, striking Casey in the breast and killing him instantly. Mr. Casey leaves a widow and five children. Mr. Foreman is a clerk in the county auditor's office in St. Paul, and lives at 92 Prospect terrace.

WAR GAME AT RILEY

Problem of Attack and Defense Is Worked Out.

Magnificent Weather Now Favors Maneuvers of the Troops.

Interesting Papers Are Read During the Afternoon.

Fort Riley, Kas., Oct. 6.—In beautiful weather, which promises to continue for the remaining days of the army maneuvers, the exercises were resumed this morning.

The problem for the day was the attack and defense of a position. The general situation was assumed to be as follows:

A blue force coming from the west was operating against a brown force located northeast of St. Mary. The blues were depending upon the Union Pacific railroad for supplies. The main blue force beyond St. Mary was supposed to have met with a serious reverse, and had been temporarily thrust iff its line of direct communication with Fort Riley.

Maj. Leach of the Engineers commanded the force, which was guarding an important depot for the supplies at Fort Riley. Because of the reverse to the blue beyond St. Mary, assistance could not be counted upon, and he was compelled to make his fight alone against a strong force of the browns advancing via Stockdale upon Fort Riley. His position was strengthened by hasty entrenchments, there being no time for elaborate defenses.

The force under Maj. Leach consisted of the Sixth infantry, the first battalion of Engineers, acting as an infantry, troops A of the Eighth cavalry, and the Sixth and Twenty-eighth batteries of field artillery. The force under Gen. Kobbe which made up the browns consisted of the Eighteenth infantry, Twenty-second infantry, Colorado battalion of the First and Second squadrons Fourth cavalry, troops B. C and D of the Eighth cavalry and the Seventh, Nineteenth and Twentieth batteries of field artillery. His object was to sieze the supplies at Fort Riley and disable the Union Pacific for several days.

The Kansas troops were originally included in Gen. Kobbes' command, but did not take part in the maneuvers as they left for home during the day. Gen. Kobbes' force was, therefore, assumed to be stronger by two full regiments than was actually the case.

As was anticipated, the problem was the most interesting of the series thus far.

In the afternoon a paper, replete with most interesting information to the officers of the National Guard upon the "Scope and Duties of the Quartermaster's Department," was prepared by Capt. C. B. Baker, the chief quartermaster at Camp Root.

He detailed the various duties of the army quartermaster, and pointed out the great importance of an efficient administration of the department to the success of any military expedition in peace or war.

He indicated the vast importance of a rigid system in the conduct of the quartermaster's work, declaring that failure was certain unless this was done. He drew for the information of the National Guard officers a graphic picture of, the necessities of an army in peace and war, showing that in the latter case it was always the army that carried the least impedimenta that was able to make the most rapid marches, and had, therefore, the greater chance of success in its operations.

The questions of accountability for property and for public funds were discussed at length, and much interesting information given. The readiness of the quartermaster to assume responsibility when circumstances demand was dwelt upon as a desirable factor in the composition of the successful official.

SIXTEEN YEARS.

HEAVY LOSS AT AITKIN.

G. W. Knox's Department Store Destroyed By Fire.

Aitkin, Minn., Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—G. W. Knox's department store was destroyed by fire at two o'clock yesterday morning. Only a small amount of goods was saved; remainder of stock and building a total loss. Valued at $40,000; insurance $18,000. The fire started in Adix Bros.' confectionery store, which, with contents, was totally destroyed. Other buildings damaged were Kast's barber shop, Johnson's tailor shop, McQuillen land office. The Potter & Co. block was saved with great difficulty.

PRESIDENT IMPROVING.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Surgeon Gens. Rixey and O'Reilly, when they left the White House this forenoon, stated that the president was improving and that his condition was satisfactory. In answer to a question as to whether another operation would be necessary, Gen. Rixey said they did not consider that it would.

LITTLE WARSHIP READY.

San Francisco, Oct. 6.—At noon tomorrow the Colombian gunboat Bogota will sail for Panama. Such are the orders issued by Capt. Marmaduke, and it is likely that the little warship will get away on the hour. The vessel has been delayed owing to some trouble in obtaining a full crew.

OPERATED ON BRADY.

New York, Oct. 6.—Forced to abandon all literary work during the summer because of continued illness, Dr. Cyrus Townsend Brady, the author, has undergone an operation at his home in this city, the surgeons, who did not disclose the nature of the operation, announced that it was a complete sucess.

NUDOMON BURNED.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nicholas Nudomon, 47 South Western avenue, was severely burned about the hands Sunday while extinguishing flames that communicated to the clothing of his 13-year-old daughter from a bonfire in the street. His injuries were dressed at the city hospital.

MURDER NEAR ELY

Two Young Austrians Quarrel and One Killed.

Eli Seacizech Shot Down By Joseph Grazek.

Ely, Minn., Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—A shocking murder was committed here last night.

Two young Austrians quarreled over the affections of an inmate of a sporting house.

One put an end to the argument by drawing a revolver and sending a bullet directly through the heart of his rival.

The man murdered is Eli Seocizech, and the man under arrest charged with the crime is Joseph Grazek.

Both are employed in the Pioneer mine, and have been known as exceptionally fiery young foreigners. Both became attached to an inmate of a sporting house near the Pioneer location, and the rivalry was strong.

Last night both men met in the house and both are said to have been under the influence of liquor.

It was not long before the old quarrel was taken up, but without the slightest warning of desperate intentions, Grazek whipped out his gun and fired. Seaeizech dropped to the floor with scarcely an utterance of pain and died almost instantly.

The young Austrians with Grazek made determined efforts to get him away, but the Ely authorities were too quick for them, and now have three or four of the party locked up, pending the coroner's inquest, which will be held either late this evening or tomorrow morning.

The murderer will be taken to Duluth some time tomorrow, as much for a precaution of safety as a step of justice, as friends of the murdered man have indicated a strong desire to take his punishment upon themselves.

County Attorney McClintock, who was at Tower attending the inquest of the Anderson shooting, was notified of the Ely tragedy at noon today and will come over to Ely this evening to personally superintend the hearing before the coroner's jury.

It is reported today that the woman over whom the two men quarreled has disappeared. She is wanted as a witness.

GUST ANDERSON KILLED

Shot By Thomas Fenlon at Tower After Making a Vicious Assault on Fenlon and His Wife.

Tower, Minn., Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was a fatal shooting here Saturday night.

Thomas Fenlon, a traveling jeweler of that place, shot Gust Anderson, inflicting a wound in the abdomen that caused death within a short time.

Mr. Fenlon has been confined to his bed with rheumatism for the past two weeks.

He and his wife were alone in their home Saturday evening, when Gus Anderson called to collect for a cord of wood.

Mr. Fenlon told him that he would have to call again, as he only had a twenty-dollar gold piece and could not get that changed.

Anderson then turned on Mrs. Fenlon and knocked her down. Mr. Fenlon heard the noise and fired into the casing to scare Anderson. Instead of being frightened, he made another attempt to get back into the room where Mr. Fenlon lay. Mrs. Fenlon again came to the aid of her husband, and this time she got Anderson out into the yard.

On the doorstep she was joined by her husband, and they say that when Anderson saw Mr. Fenlon with a gun in his hand, he stated for an ax that was lying near the woodpile in the back yard.

Fenlon began shooting, he says, at Anderson's feet, but one of the bullets passed through Anderson's abdomen, severing an artery and causing internal bleeding, from which he died.

Deputy Coroner Wunder and County Attorney McClintock conducted an inquest here this morning.

The verdict of the coroner's jury did not fix any responsibility, simply saying that Gus Anderson came to his death from a shot from a revolver held in the hands of Thomas Fenlon.

There were no other witnesses to the shooting outside the Fenlon family.

The authorities are not yet decided what disposition to make of the case, but Fenlon may be prosecuted for manslaughter, thus giving him at least an opportunity to have his record cleared on the ground of self-defense. There can be no evidence against that of himself and wife under the circumstances.

Gust Anderson, the dead man, is well known in Tower. He resides on a farm four miles out of the town, and about five years ago he killed a man, but got off on his own testimony that the shooting was accidental. He leaves a wife and five children.

BOXERS LED BY WOMAN

Handsome Chinese Amazon Has Attracted Ten Thousand Boxers to Her Standard and Has Killed Many Christians.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 6.—Advices have been received from China of the increase of Boxerism both in Chuen and Chi Li. In Chuen the Boxers, some 10,000 strong, attacked Cheng Tu, the provincial capital, and there aer some sanguinary fights in the streets. The Boxers were held in check by the imperial forces, and a report before proclaimed that reinforcements were coming for the garrison, the Boxers fled from Cheng Tuan and encamped at Shippantan, where earthworks had been thrown up. The Boxers of Chuen are led by a woman, Liao Kuan Yin, who is alleged to be one of three sisters who were arrested at Tien Tsin during the rebellion of 1900, it being said that they were the Boxer goddesses. Letters from Prince Tuan, Yung Lu and other Boxer leaders were found in their possession. This woman, who is described as being handsome by Chinese papers, had attracted 10,000 Boxers to her standard.

The Chung Kiang correspondent of the North China News says: "She is the most powerful rebel chief in Chuen."

It is estimated that 1500 native Christians have been killed in this province. In Chi Li the Boxers are secretly drilling every morning before daylight even in the vicinity of the capitol.

CAPTURED A SCHOONER

Cuban Revenue Cutter Has Brought In the American Vessel Champion of Key West Which Has Acted In Suspicious Manner.

New York, Oct. 6.—One of Cuba's tiny revenue cutters, the Abajado, has towed into this port the American schooner Champion, of Key West, Fla., which was captured at Los Arroyos in the western end of the islands, says a Havana dispatch to the World. The Champion has been out 35 days bound for Batabano, not more than a week's voyage distant, and when captured had sailed only half the distance. It is believed that a cargo was secretly landed at Arrayos. Aboard the vessel is said to have been found tackle for catching turtle and a large quantity of dynamite which was to have been used to destroy two large wrecked vessels near Arroyos. These would have yielded a large return of brass and copper.

The captured vessel is manned by negroes from Nassau, all of whom are under guard on their vessel at the arsenal in this city.

VETERANS ASSEMBLE

Thousands of Grand Army Men In Washington.

Thirty-Sixth Encampment Begins Auspiciously.

Washington, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The heavy rain of yesterday, which dampened the ardor of the thousands of visitors which every train brought to the national capital, was succeeded this morning by a bright sun, clear skies and a bracing breeze—in fact, a typical day in this latitude. The cheering sunlight has dried the wilted decorations, and the extensive program of parades, corps meetings and general sight-seeing are progressing under most favorable weather other conditions. Aside from Gen. Ell Torrance and his personal staff, but very few of the expected contingent from Minnesota has arrived. It is said at the Abbott house, which has been selected as the headquarters of the Minnesota veterans, that a special train, bearing several hundreds from various portions of the state, will arrive this afternoon.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The men who fought for the union in the great conflict that raged from 1861 to 1865 are the guests of the capital of the nation. They came thousands strong to participate in the thirty-sixth encampment of the G. A. R, the opening ceremonies of which occur today. A clear blue sky and a beautifully decorated city, with a welcome from a hospitable people gave promise of a joyful reunion. The streets were early the scene of great activity, and on all hands could be heard the prediction that the encampment was to be a success. The visitors already are counted by the tens of thousands, and trains are arriving hourly with their loads of human freight to be added to the throng. A noticeable feature is the presence of a great many young folks among the out-of-town people.

The city, with its lavish decorations, never looked more attractive than today. There is scarcely is a building on the principal streets that is not festooned with the national colors, and many of the stands and vehicles on the street are similarly decorated. The streets have been specially cleaned in preparation for the event, and everything is in "apple-pie" order for the veterans.

The program for the day includes an automobile parade, a regatta on the Potomac, the dedication of Camp Roosevelt, a monster campfire at Convention hall and a grand display of fireworks tonight.

The automobile parade started at 10 o'clock from Scott Circle, and the line extended for many blocks. Headed by a large automobile, containing a band, the procession moved slowly down town, and those in the more attractively decorated machines were applauded by the throngs which had gathered along the sidewalks. After passing through the principal streets, the procession was reviewed by several cabinet officers and a number of invited guests from the judges' stand, erected near the White House.

The George W. Cook Fife and Drum corps of Denver, Col., one of the most famous organizations of its kind in the country, arrived here today. The band, accompanied by its founder, Gen. George W. Cook, who was a drummer boy in the civil war, serenaded President Roosevelt at the temporary White House, Postmaster General Payne, Thomas F. Dawson, of the Associated Press, an old friend of Gen. Crook, and the local newspaper offices. At the postoffice department the postmaster general and Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger gave an informal reception to the bandmen, and for twenty minutes the band played a variety of selections in the corridors of the building with almost 1000 employes as an audience. The band was here at the last encampment, then numbering thirty-six members. It is now seventy strong.

Commander-in-Chief Torrance spent the day with other general officers of the order at headquarters at the Ebbitt house, receiving delegates and distinguished members. Among those who called were official representatives from Kansas, Montana, Arizona, Colorado, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota and California. Prominent in the Ohio delegation was Gen. Henry B. Carrington, of Ohio, now 80 years old, said to be the only surviving regular army colonel of ante-bellum days. Gen. Torrance told all comers that the outlook for the encampment could not be better.

A center of interest during the day was the crowd south of the White House. There on the ellipse under the shadow of the Washington monument, are located the tents which are to be used as the headquarters of the different corps and other divisions whose members constitute the Grand Army. Among the organizations thus represented are the Army of the Potomac, the Army of the James, the Army of the Cumberland and the Army of the Tennessee. All those tents were occupied during the day and all proved powerful magnets to the veterans. There were officers on hand in each tent to answer questions, and many interesting meetings took place. The hospital tents were taken possession of during the day, as were the tents to be used for sleeping quarters. After today the camp will be under guard as in war times.

NEEDS TEN MILLIONS

President Butler of Columbia Says That the College Should Have That Sum to Pay Debts, Buy Lands, Etc.

New York, Oct. 6.—With over 5000 students and a teaching staff of nearly 500, Columbia university will open tomorrow for its 149th academic year.

The chief event of the day will be the presentation of President Nicholas Murray Butler's first annual report to the trustees. No hint has been given of what the report will state, but it is known that the negotiations toward the acquisition of Southfield by the university and the question of diminishing the four years' course for the degree of bachelor of arts to three years, following Harvard's plan, will be dealt with at considerable length.

In his annual report issued today President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia college says the institution is without adequate grounds and buildings and without sufficient income to care properly for the work that has already been undertaken.

The president reports the value of the property of the university to be $21,312,554.

"Men in middle life," says the report, who have devoted years to the successful pursuit of investigation and to teaching in their chosen fields are giving skilled service to the university for smaller compensation than is often paid to an experienced clerk."

To pay debts, buy needed lands, build needed buildings and for general purposes President Butler says Columbia university needs $10,000,000.

The present general debt of the university is nearly $3,000,000, and the annual interest payment to be met is about $100,000.

"The burden of our present debt," says the president, "may best be appreciated by a few comparisons. It is three-fifths as great as the whole of the productive funds of Yale university in 1900 and more than one-half as great as the value of the productive fund of the university of Chicago in the same year. It is three times as great as the value of the grounds, buildings and scientific apparatus of Amherst college. It is greater than the total annual income (exclusive of benefactions) in 1900 of Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Chicago universities combined."

On the topic of the length of the college course President Butler says there is no valid reason why the college course should be of one uniform length for all classes of students.

"While two or three years of purely college life and study may be ample for the man who proposes to remain in the university as a professional or as a technical student," he says, "those or even four years may be desirable for him, who at college graduating leaves the university, its atmosphere, its opportunities and its influence forever."

TO WED IN OLD HOMESTEAD

New York, Oct. 6.—For the first time in its history, covering almost a century, a wedding will take place at the Old Anthony homestead in this city next Thursday, says a dispatch from Rochester to the world. Miss Anna Dana, for many years private secretary to Susan B. Anthony, is to be the bride. Rev. Anna Shaw, a co-worker of Miss Anthony, will conduct the service.

CARVINGS CAUSE A STRIKE

New York, Oct. 6.—Whether the new carvings in the White House in Washington shall be made by hand or machinery has led to a strike here. A firm in this city received a contract for much of the woodwork to be used in the remodeling of the White House now in progress. In carving, both men and machines are used, the men for the better grades of work. Members of the Wood Carvers' and Modelers' union say the firm prepared to turn out the bulk of the W. te House carving by machine. The hand carvers protested. Finally they carried their grievances to the union and a strike ensued. A delegate has been sent to Washington with a view to laying the matter before the president.

PROSPECT IS GOOD

Chairman Buck, of Democratic Committee, Discusses Outlook.

Says Rosing and Three Congressional Candidates Will Win.

Capt. Fay Will Open His Speaking Campaign Saturday.

Judge H. L. Buck, of Winona, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, came up from St. Paul yesterday and spent yesterday and this morning in the city. He was accompanied by Mrs. Buck, and part of the time they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Keyes, of this city. Judge Buck left this afternoon for St. Paul, while Mrs. Buck will remain for a few days visiting friends.

"The conditions are such throughout the state," said Judge Buck this morning, "that the prospects for the election of Leonard A. Rosing and the whole state ticket are exceedingly good, in my opinion. Splendid organizations are being made throughout the state, in the various counties and districts, and they are now practically complete. The feeling throughout is one of confidence and hope, and our advices from all localities are of a rosy nature. All Democrats are much encouraged, and they feel as though there is really a hope of carrying the state.

"We really have the popular side of all important issues, both state and national. We have the side that appeals to the people. Public sentiment is with us, irrespective of party affiliations.

"The speaking campaign opens this week. Mr. Rosing will formally open his speaking campaign at Winona on Wednesday evening, and he will run through the First, Second and Seventh districts, returning to St. Paul Sunday. He will take in the northern and northwestern parts of the state after that. The state will be well covered with speakers sent out by the state committee, as well as those under the direction of the congressional committee. In every congressional district the Democrats are putting up a very strong fight, and we expect to carry at least three of the congressional districts.

"In this district, reports received at state headquarters are to the effect that Capt. Fay is putting up a strong, winning fight, and that if he keeps it up until election day he is going to win.

"Mr. Rosing, in his speaking campaign, is discussing the questions of taxation, the regulation of railroad rates by the state railroad and warehouse commission, and the trust question as related to the tariff issue, and the tariff issue as it is related to the trusts. He is standing squarely on the Democratic position on all of these questions, and that is the good old Jeffersonian doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

"The campaign is beginning to attract public attention more than it has in the interval since the primary elections. The farmers in many parts of the state were behind on their work, and they are just getting time to pay attention to matters political, really takes the opening of the speaking campaign to interest the public, and as soon as that is in full sway I look to see the interest quite general.

"I have not been in Duluth for several years and I am much pleased with the magnificent growth that has come to your city, and with the conservative spirit that seems to be controlling its destiny. The future of Duluth seems to me to be boundless."

* * *

Leonard A. Rosing, the Democratic candidate for governor, arrived in the city this morning and passed right on through to the iron ranges, where he will campaign for two days. He was met by Dr. M. B. Cullum, of the state central committee, who accompanied him on his trip. They went to Hibbing this morning, to Virginia this afternoon, and they will be in Eveleth this evening. They will leave Eveleth at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning, stopping at McKinley and Biwabik on their way to the Vermilion range. They will reach Tower at noon and Ely at 3 p. m. They will return to Duluth at 10 o'clock tomorrow night, and Mr. Rosing will return to St. Paul on the night train. Mr. Rosing is not making any speeches on this trip.

* * *

Guy A. Eaton, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, has announced the membership of the committee, which includes one member from each county, as follows:

Anoka, J. C. H. Engel, of Anoka; Aitkin, F. M. Shook, of Aitkin; Carlton, Charles Stolberg, of Carlton; Cook, Clark H. Carhart, of Grand Marais; Itasca, D. M. Gunn, of Grand Rapids; Isanti, Theodore C. Bloomgren, of Cambridge; Kanabec, J. C. Pope, of Mora; Lake, W. H. Moulton, of Two Harbors; Mille Lacs, L. S. Briggs, of Princeton; Pine, F. A. Hodge, of Pine City. Mr. Eaton himself is the member from St. Louis county. As previously announced, R. D. Haven is secretary and D. T. Adams is treasurer of the committee.

* * *

J. Adam Bede, the Republican congressional candidate, returned last evening from Grand Rapids, where he spoke Saturday night. He will speak tonight at Proctorknott.

* * *

Capt. M. L. Fay, the Democratic candidate for congress, will open his campaign at the Armory Saturday night. There will be a big Democratic rally, at which Capt. Fay and others will speak. The other speakers have not yet been selected, but they will be announced within a day or two.

* * *

The first Democratic state speech will be Oct. 23, when L. A. Rosing will speak. John Lind will speak here Oct. 30, but the date for Charles A. Towne's speech has not yet been selected.

* * *

The Republican county committee is holding ward meetings of the voters and workers. The Sixth ward voters will meet tonight at Republican headquarters in the Torrey building, the Second ward voters will meet tomorrow night at the court house, and other meetings will be held daily during the week.

* * *

Capt. M. L. Fay, the Democratic congressional candidate, spent Sunday at his home in Virginia, and returned today.

* * *

C. D. O'Brien, the prominent St. Paul attorney, politician and orator, will take part in the Fay meeting at the Armory Saturday night.

CHARLES N. BOWEN,

Pictures and Picture Framing

209 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

DOHERTYS WIN.

London, Oct. 6.—The final doubles for the covered court lawn tennis championship of Europe, which was postponed Saturday after three sets was concluded today and resulted in the Brothers Doherty defeating G. W. Hillyard and C. H. Gazlet by the score of 3-6, 5-7, 10-8, 6-3, 9-7.

COMING ON OCEANIC.

London, Oct. 6.—The White Star liner Oceanic, which is to sail on Wednesday next for New York, will have among her passengers, A. J. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gates, Mrs. Hetty Green, the Marquis de Tallyrand-Perigord, Princess Josephine Rospell, Miss Sackville-West and W. C. Whitney.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Social Dance

Given by Majestic Rebekah Lodge, No. 60. I. O. O. F. at ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Wednesday Evening, October 8. La Brosse's Orchestra. Tickets 25c.

EARTHQUAKE AT GUAM

Did Considerable Damage to United States Property.

Washington, Oct. 6.—Acting Secretary Darling, of the navy department, received a cablegram today from Rear Admiral Wildes, at Cavite, P. I., transmitting the following message from Capt. Schroeder, naval governor of the island of Guam:

"Reported destructive earthquake at Guam Sept. 22. No Americans injured. Damage to naval station estimated at $23,000. Damage to insular public buildings and bridges, $22,000. Authority is required to purchase necessary material on island to make immediate necessary repairs."

STUDENTS' PRANKS

Result In Two Riot Calls at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 6.—Two riot calls were sent into police headquarters today to suppress incipient riots started by 200 medical students, who smashed the windows in the medico-chirurgical college and the Kansas City medical college before they were stopped. The students were bent on committing their usual pranks incident to the fall festivities.

No arrests were made.

TOOLHOUSE DSETROYED.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Oct. 6.—Last night toll gate raiders destroyed the toolhouse at Brooklyn bridge. Mrs. Richard Rue, wife of the toll collector, was dangerously injured by the explosion. The bridge spans Kentucky river and is the outlet for people of Mercer and Pessamine counties.

AGREED ON CUSTOMS TARIFF.

Vienna, Oct. 6.—The Neue Freie Presse says the recent negotiations at Budapest between the Austrian and Hungarin ministers have resulted in an agreement regarding the customs tariff, but that the differences on constitutional questions are as acute as ever.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Acts promptly.

Wanted at Once

THREE DRY GOODS SALESMEN for Silks, Dress Goods, Linens, Wash Goods and Bedding Dept's. Apply —

SPICER-FANNING CO., WEST SUPERIOR.

Holiday Goods Arriving Daily

A Very Handsome Variety in

STERLING SILVER, FANCY AND USEFUL PIECES

Are to be seen at

G. A. KLEIN'S

JEWELER,

325 W. Superior St.

FINEST JEWELRY STORE in the NORTHWEST

IS STILL RAMPANT

Once More Mrs. Mueller Swoops Down on Court House.

Demands Her Exhibits and Shouts Imprecations on All.

The Depositions Recently Taken In Europe Arrive Here.

There were stirring times at the court house this morning, when Mrs. Katherine Mueller, alleged widow of Johann Mueller, descended on the county officials and again demanded her "papers." This is the third or fourth attempt that Mrs. Mueller has made to get the papers and exhibits in the Mueller case and every time she has made things interesting.

Refused the papers this morning she flew into an awful rage and shrieked imprecations direful on the heads of the county officials. Her shouts and broken German orations resounded throughout the whole building and business operations were temporarily abandoned in every department while the office forces turned out in the hall to get the benefit. She shook her umbrella in the face of the deputy sheriffs and defied them to touch her. Finally one officer got the umbrella away from Mrs. Mueller and she pursued him to the lower floor where he disappeared to her and she departed shouting maledictions on the authorities even after the door closed behind her.

Standing on the sidewalk outside the court house, Mrs. Mueller attracted the attention of the whole neighborhood by her eccentric actions, waving her arms, shaking her fists and shouting vengeance on everybody connected with the court house. Several people in the vicinity were about to telephone the police station that there was a crazy woman turned loose in that part of the city.

The long looked for depositions in the Mueller case have arrived from abroad and will be presented in evidence when the case comes up again at this session of district court. This morning Clerk of Court Johnson received a package containing the depositions, forwarded from New York, and expressed from Bremen, Germany. The depositions are wrapped in a canvas waterproof covering, securely sealed, the whole weighing about ten pounds.

The Mueller case was adjourned at the last term of district court until the fall term, to enable the attorneys to take depositions in Bohemia. These were arranged for by stipulation to be taken by the United States consul at Prague, Bohemia being taken before Eugen Von Kubinski, United States vice consul at Prague, Bohemia.

The depositions taken were made by R. Beztek, W. Baier, Andrew Mueller, Anton Mueller, A. Waleta, H. Risaroy, A. Domovsky, M. Vosleka, K. Simon and F. Mueller.

The depositions were taken at the instance of Attorney Severance of St. Paul, representing Kosmeri interests and Attorney Eschenkeimer, of Milwaukee, who represented Katherine Mueller and the Mueller heirs.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Con.

COUNTY BOARD.

Monthly Meeting Will Be Held Tomorrow.

The board of commissioners of St. Louis county will convene at the court house tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Up to the afternoon there were no new matters of special importance filed to be called to the attention of the board besides the regular routine work. The offer of Lazarus Silverman, the Chicago mining man, for granite from the Hinsdale, Minn., quarries for a new county court house, will be presented for consideration. Mr. Silverman has practically offered all the granite needed for any price to be set by the board. The granite is of the same quality furnished from the same quarry for the Chicago Auditorium building.

There are several county road petitions and petitions for liquor licenses to be disposed of by the board.

The September reports of the county officers will be read and the board will have a hearing in several road matters.

Great Rummage Sale

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10 and 11, at 119 East Superior street. Bargains in everything. Don't forget time and place.

SCHOOL FUND

Apportioned to Different Counties By State Superintendent Olson.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Superintendent Olson today completed the October apportionment of school funds.

There are 353,729 pupils entitled to participate in the apportionment, and the school district will receive $2 for each pupil, requiring a total of $707,458. The money available this year is considerably larger than last October, when the districts were allowed $1.85 for each of 343,463 pupils, making a total of $635,449.05. Hennepin county has the largest number of pupils, 41,458, and Ramsey comes next with 25,182; St. Louis third, with 15,087, and Stearns fourth, with 10,019.

Hennepin county will receive $83,356; Ramsey, $50,364; St. Louis, $30,174, and Stearns, $20,038.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

COAL FOR AMERICA.

London, Oct. 6.—A telegram from Newcastle announces that 100,000 tons of coal were sold on the Newcastle coal exchange today for America.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

Diamond Jewelry

Our stock of loose and mounted gems has never been as complete—and we are in position to quote you prices at a considerable

Saving in Money

Our Stock of DIAMOND mountings comprise everything new and desirable, including the hand-carved, unique design novelties in the new shades of gold —as well as the more staple Tiffany shapes.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,

334 West Superior Street, Providence Building.

Our own workshop and manufacturing plant.

SARGENT CALLED IN

(Continued From Page 1.)

morning. He refuses to talk.

The entire Wyoming valley was quiet today. The troops, as usual, made a tour of the region, but found nothing to do. As far as can be learned, no more men went to work at any of the collieries. The Sterling washery, at Plymouth, made an attempt to start up, but no men reported for work.

Washington, Oct. 6.—At the headquarters of the Federation of Labor it was stated that President Mitchell would not be in Washington today, but probably would be tomorrow. No information could be obtained as to whether his coming has any bearing on the White House conference of yesterday, or whether he has any new proposition to offer looking to a settlement of the strike.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 6.—Nine hundred miners employed by the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company at Blockton struck today according to advices received by the local officers of the miners' union. The Blue Creek miners to the number of 800 are holding a meeting to decide whether or not they will pay the assessment made for the anthracite strikers. The result of this meeting has not yet been ascertained. There is no work at Blue Creek today. The company claims that a large number of the Blue Creek miners are opposed to the assessment and favor continuing work. If this proves to be the case, it is said the intention of the company to endeavor to operate the Blue Creek mines with such men as are desirous of working.

None of the other operating companies are so far affected by the strike.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 6.—For the week ending at midnight, last night, officials of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway company state that the company sent to market 16,000 tons of washery and mined coal. The company's officials here claim that they have men at work taking out coal at Brookside, Good Spring, Silver Brook and other collieries in West Schuylkill county.

With few exceptions the furnaces in the Schuylkill valley continue to feel the pinch due to the slow arrival of coke. There is not a stack in blast today that has not been compelled to cease operations for a week or longer, because of the failure of its fuel supply. Warwick furnace, at Pottstown, which is one of the largest consumers in the valley, has been obliged to bank its fires at intervals for some time, but is now working. The Robeson furnace and the Keystone furnace have had similar experiences. Emaus furnace is now banked up and no attempt has been made to start up the furnaces at Sheridan, Birdsboro, Topton, Macungie and Alburtis. The stacks of the Empire Iron and Steel company, in Reading, continue idle.

Mount Carmel, Pa., Oct. 6.—While a company of the Fourth regiment infantry was patrolling the Lehigh Coal company's right-of-way early this morning, three men armed with shotguns were discovered hiding behind a log house close to the engine house. They were mad prisoners. One told Col. O'Neill, of the Fourth regiment, that they were hunting for birds. The men were released later.

About midnight a crowd of unknown men hurled rocks at the soldiers' camp. Sentries fired in the direction of the place the rocks came from. Part of the regiment searched the woods, but found no one. Col. O'Neill says the troops shot to kill as he will not allow his men to be made targets of.

Now new mine was started up here this morning and so far as is known, no non-unionist was attacked by the strikers.

GREAT

RUMMAGE SALE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10 and 11, in the new building on viaduct at Lake avenue. Ladies of the Episcopal church. Bargains in everything.

Low Rate Excursions

TO WASHINGTON, NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Chicago to Washington and return, $15.85. Tickets on sale Oct. 3 to Oct. 6, inclusive. Return limit, Oct. 14, with privilege of extension to Nov. 3. Stopovers allowed.

Chicago to New York and return, $25.85. Tickets on sale Oct. 3 to Oct. 6, inclusive. Return limit, Oct. 14.

Chicago to Boston and return, $22. Tickets on sale Oct. 7 to Oct. 11, inclusive. Return limit, Oct. 13, with privilege of extension to Nov. 12.

Further particulars may be had by addressing W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., 120 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn., or C. F. Daly, chief A. G. P. A., Chicago.

LUMBER MARKET

White Pine Stocks Certain to Be Short This Year.

Very Small Amount of Lumber Is Left Unsold.

Tonawanda Reports Claim Vessel Rate Is Demoralized.

A leading lumber journal says that, while within the last week there has been talk of a quieter feeling in the Eastern white pine markets, and while even in the white pine states there is said to be a little less stress in the good lumber situation, there is no general improvement in the situation at the mills, nor in the leading markets, that, in fact, as the sawing season draws to an end it becomes more apparent that there is facing the white pine trade a situation with which its security has never before been experienced.

Predictions are being freely made by lumber manufacturers that the white pine districts will go into the winter season with stocks the lowest ever known and with assortments badly broken. While this condition was noticeable last fall it will be even more marked this fall and winter. As a general rule it is expected that lumber should be accumulating at this time of the year, but it is hardly doing so at the head of the lakes and nearly all the interior mills are shipping as fast as they are cutting. Some of the small stocks that have been held back at a few of the mills are fast disappearing. The West is said to be a heavy lumber buyer at the present, regardless of conditions in the East.

It is difficult at this time to get accurate figures of the unsold stocks at the head of the lakes, but estimates run from 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 feet with about 5,000,000 feet unsold at Ashland. If this condition is true, stocks at the Lake Superior lumber shipping points are the lowest they have been in years at this period in the season. The head of the lakes docks have in all about 100,000,000 feet of lumber, three-fourths of which is already sold and will be moved this season. The harbor mills are not likely to manufacture more than 100,000,000 feet from now on to the close of the season, taking about 175,000,000 feet that can be figured on as remaining on the docks here at the end of the season. If shipments are maintained with any regularity up to the close of navigation, it is possible that the stocks will be cut down to 50,000,000 or 60,000,000 feet.

A curtailment in the cut of 1902 by the harbor mills seems imminent. Inability to get logs has cut quite a figure with some mills and low water during recent operations has raised a difficulty with others. Last year there were about 425,000,000 feet of lumber cut by the mills around the harbor, but estimates for this season's cut by the same mills run from 250,000,000 to 300,000,000 feet.

The Duncan & Brewer mill has now been idle about a month, because of inability to get logs out of the Nemadji river. It is said that the St. Louis Lumber company's plant will close down in a few days for the rest of the fall and winter. The Clark & Jackson mill has cut about 10,000,000 feet this season for Alger, Smith & company, but has been idle since the early summer season. The Scott-Graff mill after a six-weeks' idleness will soon start up on its winter contract cut. The Hubbard & Vincent mill has been shut down two months, the Lesure mill is running only days, the Mitchell & McClure, Merrill & Ring, and Alger-Smith mills are continuing to run full time, and will to the close of the season.

About 250,000,000 feet will be cut this season by the Edward Hines Lumber company at the head of the lakes, but this will probably be the last year that the company will bring its logs this way.

The company has about 100 men at work near Hawthorne, Wis., building a logging railway into a large tract of timber bought last spring in Douglas county. The logging operations of the company give employment to about 300 men.

Reports from Tonawanda, N. Y., claim that lumber rates from Duluth have been demoralized, that a shipper at that point has had offers from various vesselmen to carry his stock down the lakes for $2 per thousand feet, the lowest rate ever paid between Duluth and Tonawanda at this time of the year. It is also said that a Tonawanda vessel owner has sent his boats to Duluth to load lumber at the best rate they could secure on their arrival here and that the fleet will go into winter quarters when it returns to Tonawanda.

Within the next six weeks logging operations in the Northwest will be well underway. The largest shippers from the north shore in the vicinity of Two Harbors will be the Scott-Graff company, the Red Cliff Lumber company, William O'Brien and Alger, Smith & company. The latter concern will likely increase its operations owing to the purchase of the Mitchell & McClure logging road.

DULUTH PROPERTY.

Words of Advice to Realty Owners and Brokers.

Let us get together and see if we cannot improve present conditions. You have been holding property ten years or longer and are now offering to sell it at prices less than ten years ago, when your population was half the present number.

Yours is a unique situation, in that no good residence can be built except in a district supplied with transit, water, gas and sewers. There is every reason why property should bring good prices, except your folly in present management. Good residence property in interior cities of from 10,000 to 15,000 inhabitants brings from $2000 to $3000 per lot, compared to from $1000 to $1500 of relative importance here. With 68,000 population, East End lots should bring from $2000 to $5000. I would suggest for improvement:

Have but one broker.

Pay him full commission to represent you.

Have but on sign "for sale" on a lot.

The brokers now represent the buyers and a lot in some hole or belonging to some bankrupt estate is quoted by them to force you to sell.

It is worse than folly to lose the benefit of present prosperity by such methods.

AN OWNER.

Kodol makes sick people well and weak people strong, by digesting what they eat. Take a dose after meals. Max Wirth.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that C. T. Crandall and Fred Moller, doing business under the firm name of Duluth Chemical company, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved partnership, and hereafter the business will be carried on under the management of C. T. Crandall.

Dated this 2nd day of October, A. D. 1902.

C. T. CRANDALL.
FRED MOLLER.

Special Line BUSINESS SUITS MADE TO ORDER

$30.00, $33.00, $35.00

J. S. LANE, Merchant Tailor,

328 SUPERIOR STREET, WEST.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.....**

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295

CITY FUNDS.

Statement of Treasurer Voss For Month of September.

Four hundred and eight thousand dollars represents the cash balance in the city treasury according to the monthly financial statement of Treasurer Voss.

The report shows an excellent state of affairs in all funds, the receipts and disbursements in each fund for September being as follows:

INTEREST FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902..	$48,158 73
Disbursements for the month....	1,750 00
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$46,408 73
SINKING FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$69,535 39
Receipts for the month.....	406 51
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$69,995 90
FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$37,892 99
Receipts for the month.....	939 08
Disbursements for the month....	$38,222 07 7,406 91
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$30,825 16
POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$25,658 05
Disbursements for the month....	4,305 37
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$21,352 68
LIGHT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$10,142 56
Disbursements for the month....	2,022 18
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$8,120 38
WATER FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$25,402 02
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$25,402 02
PUBLIC WORKS FUND.	
Balance on hands Sept. 1, 1902....	$25,164 83
Receipts for the month.....	1,556 10
Disbursements for the month....	$26,720 93 12,253 23
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$14,467 75
HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$4,369 86
Disbursements for the month....	2497 26
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$4,372 60
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$4,584 03
Disbursements for the month....	960 47
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$3,622 56
SALARY FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$17,521 73
Disbursements for the month....	2,749 34
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$14,773 44
PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$4,553 73
Disbursements for the month....	596 35
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$3,957 38
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$4,779 69
Receipts for the month.....	19 18
Disbursements for the month....	$4,798 87 1,908 18
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$3,190 69
PARK FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$4,499 23
Receipts for the month.....	91 73
Disbursements for the month....	$4,590 96 1,040 53
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$3,550 43
WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$37,349 52
Receipts for the month.....	15,006 74
Disbursements for the month....	$52,356 26 28,455 31
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$23,900 95
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$24,249 77
Receipts for the month.....	1,529 28
Disbursements for the month....	209 18
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$25,569 87
GENERAL FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$29,036 04
Receipts for the month.....	15,773 32
Disbursements for the month....	$44,809 26 16,858 59
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$27,950 77
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.	
Balance on hand Sept. 1, 1902....	$72,204 06
Receipts for the month.....	15,690 07
Disbursements for the month....	6,446 13
Balance Oct. 1, 1902.....	$81,258 00
Total cash on hand in all funds..	$408,820 31
DEPOSITED.	
First National bank:.....	$184,563 94
American Exchange bank.....	224,100 77
Cash and checks in safe.....	155 60
	$408,820 31

ATTACKED BY RIOTERS.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Patrolman Moses Zimmerman, of the Ducas street station, was attacked by a crowd of rioters at Stryker avenue and Dearborn street Sunday afternoon because he arrested Nicholas Burch, a teamster living at 58 Louisa street. The officer was struck on the head by a rock and knocked down, sustaining a severe scalp wound.

HANNA TO SPEAK.

Cleveland, Oct. 6.—Senator Hanna, accompanied by his private secretary, Elmer Dover, left Cleveland in a private car over the Pennsylvania line early today for Steubenville, where he will make the opening speech of his campaign tour at noon.

APPLEYARD ARRIVES.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Arthur E. Appleyard, president of the Chippewa Valley Electric Railroad company, and interested in seven electric roads in Ohio, and Manager Charles Alderman, of the Great Northern Construction company, of Boston, arrived here today. The electric road here is to be extended by a loop to the driving park and an extension at Chippewa Falls may also be put in.

New York and Return $31.40

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale Oct. 2 to Oct. 6, inclusive, and valid for return passage up to and including Oct. 17. City ticket office, 426 Spalding hotel block, Duluth.

THE DAKOTAS.

Big Wholesale House at Fargo Destroyed By Fire.

Fargo.—The building and stock of the Weeum-Watt company, wholesale dealers in notions and stationary, was totally destroyed by fire early Sunday, entailing a loss estimated at $150,000. The firm carried insurance to the amount of about $140,000. The building was but recently constructed for the firm and had just been occupied. The cause of the fire is unknown. The blaze was discovered in the main part of the building and spread rapidly, the volunteer fire department being unable to cope with it.

Jamestown.—Buried under the wreckage of an engine cab, and with four tons of coal piled over him, Fireman Carlson came out with scarcely a bruise yesterday. Carlson was on a Northern Pacific engine and at Eldridge, while doing some switching, a box car crashed into the engine. Engineer Biggs escaped injury.

Four harvest hands, bound to Carrington from Enderlin, told a story of hard luck to a Soo brakeman, who released them from a box car in which they had been locked. Shortly after they left Enderlin two other men came into the car, and while one held a gun, the other went through their clothes and robbed them of $46.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen.—Fay Jones, son of L. B. Jones, agent of the Northwestern road at Huron, lost both legs at Ludden Saturday morning. He was braking on a freight and fell from the top of a car under the wheels. A special started with him for Huron, but was sent back from Athol to Aberdeen by the father for surgical treatment at St. Luke's hospital. It is thought he has no internal injuries and will recover.

The whole office force in Aberdeen, of the Northwestern railway, has sent to the company headquarters resignations to be accepted if the company does not supply additional help and increase of salaries. The agent, W. E. Lovejoy, has been here for many years, as has E. E. Ingham, his assistant. It is alleged that the business has increased $15,000 a month over what it was recently and the company has failed to make any provision to take care of it. An employe of the company reports that no start will be made toward the making out of monthly reports for September until help sufficient is provided.

Custer.—The county commissioners have engaged A. J. Plowman, of Deadwood, to assist at the prosecution of Jack Gorman, who is to be tried for the murder of Roy streeter, colored. Streetor asserted that Gorman owed him some money, and as soon as discharged from jail he came to Custer to collect it. He and Gorman had previously had trouble over the debt, and when they met they fought, Streetor beating Gorman badly. Bystanders parted them and Gorman immediately procured a shotgun, with which he went in search of Streetor. They met on the street, and Gorman fired two shots, one taking effect in the hand and stomach, and the other in the mouth, from which Streetor died in half an hour. Gorman will urge self defense.

Madison.—The name of Conductor Wells was, by a close report, included in the list of conductors indefinitely suspended by the Milwaukee management. His run is between Sioux Falls and Well, Minn., and he has not missed a trip. His home is at Wells, and he is a man of wide acquaintance and is everywhere esteemed and respected.

Huron.—Ernest Newman, aged about 14 years, went to Sioux Falls to appear before the federal court to answer to the charge of forging a postal money order. During his stay here he was given his freedom and worked at odd jobs and succeeded in earning money to provide himself with ample clothing, and took a certificate, on leaving, of about $20.

HIS LIFE IN PERIL.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Texas, "biliousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50 cents at Abbett's drug store.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring

Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.

S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor. 15 Phoenix Block.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence James T. Watson,

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINN.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,

53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink .....

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall.

FELL SIX STORIES

Constance Nelson, Two Years Old, Is Instantly Killed.

Accident Occurs In Board of Trade Elevator Shaft.

Caught Between Elevator and Grating and Forced Out.

A child was killed in the Board of Trade building this morning.

Constance Nelson, aged 2 years, fell out of an ascending car and was dashed to the bottom of the shaft, six floors beneath.

Those in the car are utterly unable to explain how it happened. That such a thing could occur is almost beyond comprehension.

The little girl was with her mother, going to the office of her grandfather on the fifth floor, but for some reason the mother called for the sixth floor.

Just as the elevator car passed the fifth floor the child fell forward, was caught between the door of the elevator and the iron grating enclosing the front of the elevator shaft, and before the car could be stopped, struck the sixth floor and was forced through the narrow space and dropped.

The space through which she disappeared so quickly is not more than six inches at the most. There is a difference of opinion as to whether the child was killed by being forced through this opening by the car, causing death by crushing, or whether her death was caused by the shock of the fall at the bottom of the shaft.

The mother, Mrs. A. B. Nelson, of Grantsburg, Wis., could not at first realize what had occurred, or where her child had gone. One moment she was by her side in the car and the next instant she had gone and there was apparently no opening through which she could disappear.

The moment she realized what had happened her cries of agony could be heard throughout the big building.

David W. Stocking, of G. A. Tomlinson & Co., was standing close to the elevator shaft on the first floor when the little girl passed down like a streak.

He ran into the engine room, calling on the engineer to stop the elevator machinery, and the engineer and E. S. Smith, who had seen the fall, hurried into the shaft and quickly withdrew the little body before further injury could come to it, while Mr. Stocking ran for a physician.

The child, however, was dead when picked up, and the theory that her life was crushed out in the little six-inch opening between grating and car is substantiated partly by the fact that the child did not utter a sound as she fell.

In fact, it is the general impression that life was extinct before the terrible fall began.

Deputy Coroner Patton made an examination of the body and found that besides a terribly crushed skull, the jaw was fractured and one limb was broken in two places. Besides the little body was a mass of bruises.

G. J. Strang, of the state board of grain appeals, is grandfather of the child and she and her mother were on their way to his office when the accident occurred. They have been in the city for several days visiting Mr. Strang.

The elevator conductor was Charles Thompson, of 620 West Second street. He says that the car was between the fifth and sixth floors when the child suddenly fell forward and before he could move a muscle to stop the car, the little body had disappeared down between the car and grating.

The only other passenger in the car besides Mrs. Nelson was Burr Porter, a well known grain man. He corroborates the story of young Thompson.

The distressed mother was taken into Mr. Strang's office and her crying, which could be heard down on the first floor, was heartrending.

BIDS OPENED

For the Federal Building at Fergus Falls.

Washington, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bids were opened today by the supervising architect of the treasury for certain items in connection with the construction of the public library building at Fergus Falls. There were but two bidders, the Congress Construction company, of Chicago, and the Lauritz Bros., of Fergus Falls. The latter firm placed the lowest bid on all the items, six in number, aggregating $29,538.

Congressman Eddy arrived in Washington this afternoon and will remain here during the encampment week.

DIGESTIVE TROUBLES.

At this season of the year many are troubled with stomach disorders. We have put up from the formula of a famous specialist—

Dyspepsia Wafers.

A speedy and certain cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, flatulence and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. We guarantee this remedy to give absolute satisfaction.

Max Wirth
DRUGGIST.
13 W. Superior St.

GYMNASIUM CLASS.

Young Women's Christian Association Begins Work.

Work in the gymnasium classes of the Y. W. C. A. began today, and although the apparatus has not yet arrived, great enthusiasm was shown in the work. There were three classes today. In the morning one for the old, which is greatly made up of those who are able to come at that time; in the afternoon class there are a great many high school girls, and the evening classes are principally for the teachers, clerks and stenographers. The apparatus ordered is from Spalding Brothers, and when it arrives and is set up, with the intelligent instruction of Miss Culver, the classes will be full of vim and enthusias.

DELEGATES

To Federation of Women's Clubs Are Being Selected.

A special meeting of the executive board of the Twentieth Century club was called at 11 o'clock this morning, to elect a delegate to the federation of women's clubs to be held at Albert Lea, Oct. 14, 15, and 16. The president of the club is always a delegate. This morning Mrs. J. H. Crowley, the president, appointed as her alternative Mrs. James D. Morrison and Mrs. H. C. Marshall was elected delegate with Mrs. R. N. Marble as alternative.

A special meeting of the Magazine club is called for Tuesday afternoon at the art room of the library, which has been given the clubs for their meetings. The object of the meeting is to elect a delegate to the federation of clubs and to transact any other business that may come before it.

Thursday morning at 10 o'clock the first meeting of the Shakespeare class will be held in the art room of the library. "The Tempest" will be the play studied and Miss Ella Roe will be leader.

DEEP REGRET.

Friends of Dr. Davidson Sorrowful Over His Death.

The death by suicide, at Ashland, of Dr. E. S. Davidson, physician for the La Pointe Indian agency, caused profound sorrow among the doctor's friends in Duluth. Dr. Davidson was frequently in this city on his way to and from the reservations to visit sick Indians and in the course of his visits made many friends. He is said to have been the best paid physician in the Indian service and made what is considered a remarkable record in suppressing small pox among the Indians, losing only two cases and conducting his campaign against the disease along very economical lines.

One of Dr. Davidson's Duluth friends said today that when he was last in the city he stated that he had not been drinking for over a year and a half and appeared to be in splendid physical condition. It is believed that his appetite for liquor overcame his will power again and that in a fit of despondency he took chloral to end the struggle.

The story from Ashland is that he took an over dose of the drug while under the influence of liquor.

Croup yields readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. Max Wirth.

NOT HURT.

Joseph Richardson Shot Saturday Not Seriously Injured.

Joseph Richardson, shot in front of the Board of Trade building Saturday noon, by A. L. Anderson, former captain of the tug Excelsior, is apparently none the worse for his experience.

Capt. Anderson is still in custody and was to have had an examination in the municipal court this afternoon charged with assault in the first degree, but the hearing was continued till Wednesday morning.

The defense of Capt. Anderson will be that he shot Richardson, as he supposed, in self-defense, believing him to be one of the union tugmen that had been shadowing him about the city waiting for an opportunity to give him a beating.

Apply Satin-Skin Cream, then use Satin-Skin Powder; note satin texture, refined, exquisite softness bestowed. 25c.

Timber Trespass Cases.

Two new timber trespass cases were filed with the clerk of United States district court Saturday afternoon and will go on the calendar for the October term, which will be printed today. The United States government appears as the complainant in both cases. One case is against F. S. Seamans for alleged timber trespass in Itasca county and the other is against Andrew Anderson, for alleged trespass on government lands in Carlton county.

WENT TO MEET SENATORS.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 6.—It is rumored here that President Mitchell went to Philadelphia to meet Senators Quay and Penrose, who are representing the president in an effort to end the strike. It is stated that Mr. Mitchell will return here tonight.

SESSION OF BILLS

Former Legislator Predicts Coming One Will Be.

Always the Case When Many New Members Are In.

Adoption of Amendments Will Stimulate Legislation.

"There will be a good deal doing at this session of the legislature," said a former member of that body today, "if the proposed constitutional amendments go through. The amendments to the constitutional provisions on taxation will open the door to a much wider range of tax legislation than has even been possible before, and you may be sure that there will be all sorts of ideas, freak and otherwise, presented for the consideration of the legislature.

"The legislature will be largely new in both houses, and that means freak legislation every time, whether it is on taxation or something else. And the worst part of it is that where the membership is largely new such things are likely to go through and get on the statute books. Where one house is old at the business, as the senate will be in the 1903 session, such fool bills nearly always get killed on their way through, but there is danger that they will pass when the entire legislature is new.

"Of course the amendments may not pass. They must have a majority of all the votes cast at the election, not a majority of the votes cast on each proposition, and that makes it hard to get amendments through."

However, the amendments will go at the head of the state ballot this year, instead of at the foot, and that will undoubtedly help out a good many votes. Most people generally vote for constitutional amendments, whether they know anything about them or not, if they vote at all. The only trouble is to get them to vote on them. If there were 200,000 votes cast at this fall's election, and only 100,000 were cast on the amendments, even if all of them were favorable the amendments would lose, for they would need 100,000 votes to carry.

There are four proposed amendments. The first increases the rate of taxing the gross earnings of railroads from 3 to 4 per cent.

The second allows the investment of the permanent school and university fund of the state for five to twenty years at not less than 3 per cent in county, school district, city, town or village bonds, when the bonds investing in do not bring the bonded debt of the municipalities beyond 15 per cent of the assessed valuation. The only change is to increase the limit, which is now 7 per cent.

The third amendment increases the state road tax from 1-20 of a mill to 1-10 of a mill, abolishes the highway commission, and places the distribution of the funds unreservedly in the hands of the legislature.

The fourth amendment affects the constitutional provisions on taxation, and it has been described before.

NO PLAN

Of Action Prepared For Detroit Coal Strike Conference.

Detroit, Oct. 6.—No previously prepared plan of action will be presented for the consideration of the coal strike conference which meets here Thursday morning, by the local committee which has in charge arrangements for the conference. The committee decided that it would be better to let all plans of action and resolutions originate in the conference. The conference will be called to order in Masonic Temple Thursday morning at 9:30 a. m. by Mayor Maybury. The committee reported at the noon meeting today that there would be ample accommodation for all who attend. If necessary citizens will be asked to take a number of the delegates into their homes, as several prominent men have already signified their willingness to do.

BREWER NICHLAUS

Case Called For Trial In the St. Louis Court.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—The case of Henry Nichlaus, charged with bribery, came up today in Judge Ryan's court. The millionaire brewer was not present, but was represented by his attorneys, Charles P. Johnson and Charles Nagel. The date for the trial of Nicholaus it was stated, would not be definetely set for a few days, but it would come soon after the Butler trial to commence at Columbia next Monday. Judge Ryan announced that the motion for a new trial made by an attorney for R. M. Snyder, the banker and promoter, convicted of bribery in connection with the Central Traction deal would be taken up next Friday. The case of Charles Kratz, the councilman charged with bribery in the Suburban, called in Judge Ryan's court and continued till the next term of court.

The cases of delegates John H. Schettler, Charles J. Denny, Charles A. Guke, and T. Ed Albright, on the charge of perjury, were called, but were continued, the dates not being set. The bond reduction cases of former Delegates Shumacher and Tamblin were continued until Tuesday.

A DUEL

Resulted Indirectly From the Death of Emile Zola.

Paris, Oct. 6.—The death of Emile Zola was the indirect cause of a duel today between Gen. Percin, chief of the cabinet of the minister of war, and Gaston Pollonais, a well-known Nationalist writer, who was responsible for the statement that Gen. Percin met Dreyfus at Zola's late residence and shook hands with him. The general, in his letter replying to the question of Count Boni de Castellane on this subject, described Pollonais as the renegade Jew, and also told the count he did not admit the latter had any right to judge his actions.

M. Pollonais then challenged Gen. Percin and they fought with swords near St. Cloud today. The general was slightly wounded in the hand.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater—New show tonight.

Franz Schultz will accept a few more pupils in voice training and singing. 208 West Superior street, suite 3.

The rehearsal of "Rosita" will be postponed until Tuesday, Oct. 14, on account of the minstrel show.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 123 Third avenue west.

Board and rooms. Delaware hotel.

Mrs. Orlando G. Brice, of 1720 East Superior street, will give the first of a series of parties on Friday afternoon of this week.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville hits.

PURELY PERSONAL

Caroline and Durand Hall, of Deerwood, are at the McKay.

Dr. W. P. Bailey, Jr., left this afternoon for St. Paul over the Eastern.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Chapman, of Shesaming, Mich., are at the McKay.

E. M. Pugh left last night over the Eastern for St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Stuart, of Park Falls, Wis., are McKay guests today.

S. J. Cusson, of Ashland, is at the Spalding.

R. E. Jones, of Two Harbors, is at the McKay today.

John T. Spencer, of Iron Mountain, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

Judge H. Van Blarcom, of Ely, is at the St. Louis.

A. B. Coates, of Virginia, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Mrs. H. H. Hanford left this afternoon for Chicago over the Omaha.

A. C. Paul, prominent patent attorney of Minneapolis, and A. G. Lawrence, the inventor of the new automatic railway switch, are in the city in connection with a meeting of the board of directors of the Lawrence Switch company.

Miss May Stimson has returned after a month's visit with friends in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. D. D. Murray, of East First street, left today for Minneapolis.

Leave For Colorado.

The Minnesota delegation to the National Irrigation congress, which will be in session at Colorado Springs this week, left St. Paul Saturday evening, arriving in Omaha yesterday morning on the Denver this morning. The delegation expected to reach Colorado Springs about noon today.

The delegation was comprised of T. L. Schurmeier, B. F. Bearsley, F. C. Stevens, D. W. Lawler and Marcus Johnson, of St. Paul; Charles Hefflefinger, Thomas Shaw, E. J. Phelps and W. K. Dunwoody, of Minneapolis; Congressman James A. Tawney, of Winona; Congressman Joel P. Heatwole, of Northfield, and Congressman Page Morris and Albert L. Preston, of Duluth.

Leave For Texas.

The commission of federal officers appointed to investigate the need of additional room to the federal buildings in this and other cities of the country, finished here today and left for Houston, Texas. Yesterday and this morning they were guests of Collector L. M. Willcutts, of the local customs office, and were given rides about the city, on the boulevard and about the harbor. They left very well pleased with their treatment here and with a high opinion of Duluth's future.

ALL TROOPS

Of Pennsylvania May Be Ordered to Strike Region.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 6.—Lieut. Col. Elliot, assistant adjutant general of the Pennsylvania National Guard, arrived in Harrisburg at 3:15 this afternoon and met Lieut. Richardson at the Commonwealth hotel, and went from there to the executive mansion to meet Governor Stone. Col. Elliot said his visit had nothing to do with the coal strike situation; that he was simply here on military matters.

Lieut. Richardson had with him the package which, it is believed, contained blue prints of the coal region. Lieut. Richardson said Col. Elliot's presence had nothing to do with the coal strike. It is believed, however, that the governor is contemplating placing the whole National Guard in the region, and that Col. Elliot will be placed in command.

Governor Stone is the only state official here this afternoon, and he declines to discuss Col. Elliot's presence in Harrisburg.

The entire division of the guard has only been called out but once for duty on account of a strike since the great riots of 187. That was during the Homestead riots in 1892.

Should the governor order out the entire division all the troops could be concentrated in the strike region inside of twenty-four hours.

AVERY ARRESTED.

Accused of Murdering Rachael Davis of Milwaukee.

Kenosha, Wis., Oct. 6.—Dan Avery, a negro, accused of the murder of Rachel Davis, colored, of Milwaukee, in this city Saturday night, was captured today by the police of Waukegan, Ill. Avery fell to his knees and prayed that his life be spared. He was brought to jail at Waukegan and the authorities in this city notified. He will be brought here. Avery claims that he killed the woman to avoid being poisoned himself.

ELECTROCUTED.

Cincinnati Electrical Engineer Gets 5000 Volts.

Cincinnati, Oct. 6.—Abraham S. Roseberry, chief electrical engineer of the Cincinnati Gas and Electric company, was killed by electricity today at the electric plant at Charles street and Central avenue. He was constructing an arc light testing machine when he received a current of 5000 voltage and was instantly killed. Mr. Roseberry was employed in New York in a similar capacity before coming here.

MOLINEUX TRIAL PUT OVER.

New York, Oct. 6.—The second trial of Roland B. Molineux, charged with the murder, by poison, of Mrs. Katherine Adams in December, 1898, has again been postponed. The retrial of the famous case was set for today, but Justice Barrett, who was assigned to preside, is ill, and the court was adjourned until Monday next.

The Clergy like it—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims. Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letter for the asking. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—4.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS

Begins Its Tenth National Session at Colorado Springs.

Large Attendance of Delegates From All Over Country.

President Walsh Delivers His Annual Address to Members.

Colorado Springs, Col., Oct. 6.—The tenth National Irrigation congress opened at 2 o'clock this afternoon under circumstances especially auspicious. Great significance is lent to the congress this year through the fact that the irrigation movement has been taken out of the sphere of merely a propaganda and given a national importance, through the action of the last congress in passing a bill authorizing the proceeds of sale of state land to be used for irrigation purposes in the several states. President Thomas Walsh of the congress arrived in the city yesterday and found everything in readiness for the three days' convention. Delegates poured in by every train, and the indications are that the congress will be the most largely attended ever held. President Roosevelt sent a message of congratulation and cordial sympathy to be read before the convention.

The message read:

"Washington, Oct. 6.—Accept my hearty good wishes. Nothing has been done in which I have taken greater interest during my administration than the inauguration of nationally aided irrigation.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The morning was taken up with the reception of delegates from all parts of the west, morning trains having brought large delegations from Minnesota, Utah, Oregon, California and Arizona. The New Mexican delegation reached the city yesterday.

The congress opened with an invocation by Dr. Edward Braislit, of Colorado Springs.

Addresses of welcome by Governor Orman of Colorado, President D. R. Fairley of the Colorado Springs chamber of commerce, Mayor John R. Robinson, for the city of Colorado Springs, and I. N. Stevens, editor of the Colorado Springs Gazette, for the press, were responded to by President Walsh, formerly of Colorado, now of Washington, on behalf of the irrigation congress, and the American Forestry association, which joins in this convention.

"The humanitarian aspect of national irrigation," was the subject of Mr. Walsh's address. In opening he said:

"Gentlemen of the convention, we are here not merely to discuss measures, to formulate resolutions and to map out a plan of campaign as we have so often done on former occasions, but we are here, first of all, to celebrate a great victory—to rejoice at the birth of a new policy which the national irrigation congress has given to the nation. It is a happy hour in the history of the great West.

After paying a tribute to the "patriotic, farsighted and enthusiastic men who inaugurated this movement a dozen years ago," and referring to the work of the National Irrigation association as an auxiliary and co-worker of this congress, President Walsh said:

"There could have been no substantial success at the early day had we not been extremely fortunate in the character of our public men at Washington. First and foremost, our grateful acknowledgments are due to President Roosevelt. His message to congress in December, 1901, marked the beginning of a new epoch in the history of western America. It placed the cause of national irrigation in a position where it could no longer be denied a hearing. Without the powerful aid of the administration we could not possibly have succeeded in inaugurating the new policy at so early a day. With all due regard to his other achievements and the importance of other subjects, both domestic and foreign, I do not hesitate to say that in my opinion, when the history of President Roosevelt's first administration shall be written, the passage of the national irrigation act will be found to be the peculiar glory of his statesmanship."

Referring to the importance of the country as a whole of national irrigation, Mr. Walsh said:

"It is not the dream of empire that may come to a great nation with the conquest of a territory which appeals to my imagination. But it is the dream of home and independence which will come to many a struggling family with the announcement that one more fair valley of arid America has been thrown open to settlement at the actual cost of reclamation, to which I desire to direct your attention.

"What does it mean to the nation to have millions of people who graduany pass from the servitude of the town to the sovereignty of the country? It means many friends, the enlistment of a new army for the defense of the republic in every hour of need. Give a man a home upon the soil and you have made him the patriot who will defend your institutions at the ballot box and on the battlefield.

I want to avail myself of this opportunity to say that there is no field where benevolence could accomplish so much as in assisting the reclamation and settlement of our great arid region. The propaganda which this congress has carried on for so many years might well be endowed with a fund which would enable us to increase the scope and efficiency of our work a hundred fold. . . . We must doubtless devise a means by which the poorest families may be helped to get homes on the soil. Government land at actual cost does not wholly solve the problem. There are railroad fares to be met, homes to be built, lands to be improved and mouths to be fed before the lands come into bearing. Thus the problem of colonization is by no means wholly solved by putting the water on the land. I do not see how a man could have a nobler monument than a colony of happy families or even one family enjoying the security of life on the irrigated farm as the result of his assistance.

"If you ask me for an example of what might be accomplished in this line, I point you to the irrigated valleys of Utah. These were settled by comparatively poor men, many of whom were assisted by a powerful organization. They live on small farms. They enjoy economic independence by the simple method of producing the variety of things which they consume. They live chiefly in villages and so have social advantages not usually within reach of farming communities. It is an amazing statement, but the United States census vouches for its verity, that of their 25,000 farms, 19,000 are wholly free from incumbrance. Working for themselves among their homes and living in the midst of congenial neighbors, what have they to fear? Now think of arid America, with its hundred million acres of irrigable land as densely settled as those Utah valleys. Think of the people who combine the social advantages of town life with the industrial independence of the country. Think of them with their daily newspapers, their telegraphs and their means of rapid transportation for products and people, and then realize that under the plans we propose, the humblest citizen of the republic can pass at will from the discouraging conditions of town life—if for him they are discouraging—to the inspiring and hopeful opportunities of this new promised land.

"It is when I think of it in this way that my enthusiasm is kindled until mind and heart are ablaze. I thank God that I have lived to see the great policy of national irrigation actually carried out. I thank God that I have been permitted to have a humble part in bringing it about."

Other addresses were made by Senator Patterson of Colorado, Representatives Bell and Shafroth of Colorado, ur C. B. Booth, of Los Angeles, former president of the congress. Appointment of committees closed the afternoon program.

AN ENTERPRISING EDITOR.

The editor of the yellow journal was jubilant, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"We have departments for pretty nearly everything," he said, "and yet we have overlooked the greatest chance of all. We tell people how to cook and how to make dresses and how to behave in society and how to succeed in business and how to make home happy and how to bring up children and how to act under practically all possible circumstances. We are the great infallible mentor. We never make a mistake, or at least we never admit it. But we have no department of love-making, and that's what we need."

"We are constantly giving advice to lovers," suggested a subordinate. "We advise fifteen or twenty young people every Sunday how to conduct their love affairs."

"A fig for such prosaic advice!" exclaimed the editor. "That's old-fashioned and not at all up-to-date. What we need is a school of love-making for men—the girls don't need it. Just you gather together ten or fifteen nice-looking girls and advertise a proposal school for diffident or doubtful lovers. What most men need is practice, and we'll give it to them. Just start it out with this line in red ink:

COME AND PROPOSE.

"Then tell them that the girls are here and they can practice until they get it just right, having at all times the benefit of judicious suggestions and hints and the inspiration of feminine beauty. Now, there's a scheme that's modern, and we'll make a great hit with it."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Erick Lindberg and Mary Gulbranson.

John E. Moreland, of Sawyer county, and Ovedgla Sloger.

Mikel Sirdoe and Bertha Bereni.

BIRTHS.

STOCKING—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. David W. Stocking, of 211 East Third street.

LARSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Larson, of 314 South Fifty-seventh avenue west.

CRAUGH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William R. Craugh, of 319 South Fifty-eighth avenue west.

TELANDO—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Teland, of 3912 Raleigh street.

OLAFSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Chris Olafson, of Bay View Heights.

FLYNN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs John Flynn, of 618 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

WILSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wilson, of 5610 Raleigh street.

LALLNER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Lallner, of 518 North Fifty-ninth avenue west.

LOWRIE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lowrie, of 620 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOYT—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hoyt, of 139 Sixty-first avenue west.

GONYEA—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Gonyea, of 4208 Magellan street.

BILSEY—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nils C. Bilsey, of Fifty-third avenue and Gosnold street.

NYGARD—A daughter has been born to Mr and Mrs. William Nygard, 517 Fifty-third avenue west.

ENGSTROM—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Engstrom, of 17 South Fifty-eighth avenue west.

VIGSTROM—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Magnus Vigstrom, of 902 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

EMOLANDER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Emolander, of 603 Sixtieth avenue west.

McDONALD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John N. McDonald, of 5121½ Fifty-fifth avenue west.

LONGDON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Longdon, of 12 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

LEHMANN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lehmann, of 4031 West Fourth street.

BOURKE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Bourke, of 507 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

RENAND—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Alfonse Renand, of 16 South Fifty-sixth avenue west.

BLAIR—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs Theodore Blaire, of 222 South Fifty-sixth avenue west.

O'BRIEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Michael O'Brien, of 505 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

SEPAINO—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin T. Sepaino, 4004 Halifax street.

ROUCHARD—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Bouchard, of 615 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

DEATHS.

CLEVELAND—Harry Wescott Cleveland died Sunday, Oct. 5, at his home, 2112½ East Superior street, of Bright's disease. Mr. Cleveland was one of the most popular telegraph operators in the city. He was in the 36th year of his age. The funeral service will be held in his late residence at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 7. Syracuse, N. Y., papers please copy.

WHITE—Margaret White, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas White, of West Duluth, died Oct. 5, of cholera infantum. Interment in Oneota cemetery.

GUNTHER—Mrs. Minnie Gunther, age 35 years, died Oct. 4, very suddenly at her home in West Duluth.

McMILLAN—Gladys McMillan, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald McMillan, died Oct. 5, at the home of her parents, 2810 West First street.

JOHNSON—Herbert Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Johnson, of 417 Twentieth avenue west, died Oct. 4, of diphtheria. He was in the 17th year of his age. Interment in Union cemetery.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
121 Ave W and U S 11 k 1gh Ave W. Both Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

ALL THE RAGE WITH PRETTY girls, handsome dames and society ladies, Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder are best made. 25c.

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN TO sell household necessities on easy payments from wagon in Duluth and West Superior; good money; no experience required. Apply with references T. E. McKibbon, manager, 1722 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

All Latest Maps. Up-to-date
WALL'S MAP ROOM.
See new map Indian Reservation about to be opened. 310 West Superior Street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Discriminating Buyers!

Customers know a great deal more about clothes than some stores give them credit for!

Our efforts to outdo all others in the character of our wares have found an appreciative public!

In fact, the superior merits of our beautiful Tailored Suits and Costumes, Monte Carlo Coats—of Cloth, Velour and Silk—Jackets—three-quarter Monte Carlos, Russian Hunting Coats—Long Coats—and fine Wraps of every kind "could not be hid."

And yet, our prices are no higher than those asked at other stores for garments of an inferior nature!



Take as an instance, the Tailored Suits we are selling at $19.50—we know of a certain store that is proclaiming a similar garment, but of an inferior grade, "A Great Bargain" at $21.50.

That's but one instance—we could name a dozen and not half try!

But customers know—they look around—and compare! and are not influenced by empty "bargain" advertisements.

The immense business we are doing—and its constant growth is proof enough that the people believe in our store and our methods!

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

FANCIES FOR PET DOGS.

Styles for dogs? To be sure, there are, just as much as for their mistresses. One of the latest of them is a deal little blanket with a tiny pocket on each side—one to hold the handkerchief to wipe Fido's little black nose and the other for a scent sachet that he may be as daintily perfumed as his fair owner, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Probably if the aristocratic canine while being taken for an airing on walk should meet any of his acquaintances decked out in a new Parisian outfit than his own, he would be filled with the deepest dejection. As a matter of fact the poet's retort, "I'd rather be a dog and bay the moon," would today be robbed of its cynicism, for the high-bred dog is washed, fed and coddled in the most luxurious fashion. That the quantity of his of his belongings is limited does not prevent each one of them from following the latest dictates of Parisian fashion, for it is in paris that the most approved styles for dogs are evolved. There are collars and blankets, harness and leads, and whips as well as articles for the toilet, all of which are regulated by the powers that be.

If nature has not been so inconsiderate as to provide Fido with a commonplace fur coat his adoring mistress might have had the pleasure of devising fascinating little garments for his adornment. As it is, she has to be satisfied with getting him a blanket for the chilly fall and winter days.

If she doesn't care for the blanket with pockets, which is usually of scarlet felt, trimmed with stitched and pinked leather, she will perhaps select the new Paris fancy, the military blanket. This is of dark blue or green broadcloth, with red flannel lining. It is severely simple in style and decorated only with rows of soutache braid. It is without the high flaring collar, big enough to quite engulf poor Fido's small head, to be seen on many blankets. For this simple covering in small sizes madam will pay $3.

Doggie's collar is his most important article of adornment, his one opportunity to set off his complexion with a becoming bit of color; consequently a considerable amount of thought must be expended upon this decoration. The collar must not only be new and becoming, but it must be suited to the species of dog for which it is intended. It would be a serious blunder of taste to put a poodle collar upon the neck of a fox terrier or a bulldog style abound a hound. The new style of collar for Japanese and Chinese poodies looks very much like a bangle. It consists of a nickel chain hung with two tiny bells and a tag.

Also appropriate for the poodle is a collar of untanned calf, lined with white kid and hung with two brass bells, or one of scarlet leather hung all around with little bells—this is called the Leo—while one of leather and brass is in renaissance design and has two long brass bells. Madam's pet fox terrier will be a la mode in a collar of tan leather studded with brass in circlets about a center of imitation turquoises. A red morocco brass-studded collar or one of green velvet with nick-nack studding and bells will fit either the bull or fox terrier to shine in good society. Such a fierce-looking collar as is designed for the bulldog is calculated to make him doubly formidable to his enemies. It is of pigskin and studded with long brass spikes, and intended to protect his neck from any bloodthirsty antagonist of his own kind who may spring upon him. A new wrinkle of more peaceful suggestion comes from Paris in the shape of a bulldog collar of leather with plain nickel bands and edged with a double brim of fox fur. A braided rawhide, perfectly round, is the thing for a collie to wear, or a tan leather nickel-studded, and the St. Bernard should be adorned with a very broad collar of tan pigskin and black leather, closely studded with blue stones.

There are new patterns in harness for little dogs and also in leads and whips. A gay harlequin looking lead is of braided leather in red and blue checks and whips of the same style are to be had. An imported novelty has lead and whip combined in one, with a whistle inserted at the end.

Numbered among the doggie's toilet assecories is a case neatly packed with necessaries for his washing and combing. When his high living brings on that tired feeling, he tones up his system with "canine tonic."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
Price 25 Cents
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

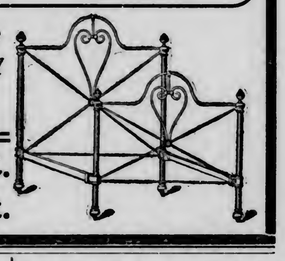
FURNITURE THE MOST COMPLETE LINE IN THE CITY.....



IF you are looking for Folding Beds, Iron Beds, Sideboards, Lounges, Cupboards, Book Cases Chairs, Lamps, Etc., it will pay you to look us over.

$1.00 A WEEK OR BY THE MONTH-- **TO SUIT YOUR PAY DAY**

WE also carry a full line of Up-to-date Ladies', Gents' and Children's Clothing and AT ONE DOLLAR A WEEK.



GATELY'S No. 8 E. Sup. St.

TALES OF THE RAIL

W. A. McGonagle Takes Prominent Part In Railroad Convention.

Superintendent of Bridges and Buildings to Visit Duluth.

Great Northern Issues a Guide to Business Opportunities.

W. A. McGonagle, assistant to the president of the Duuth, Missabe & Northern road, is to have a prominent part in the program for the convention of railway superintendents of bridges and buildings, which is to be held in Minneapolis Oct. 21 to 23. The convention promises to be of great interest ,and a trip to Duluth is among the plans arranged for the entertainment of the delegates.

Committees have been selected to prepare for the discussion of various subjects, as follows:

Auxiliary coaling stations; best designs, capacity and methods of handling coal. W. A. McGonagle, Duluth, Missabe & Northern, Duluth, chairman.

Roof coverings, first cost, life, efficiency and maintenance expenses for various classes of railroad buildings. E. Fisher, Missouri Pacific, Pacific, Mo., chairman.

Mail cranes, first cost, efficiency and maintenance of the various styles in use. A. S. Markley, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Danville, Ill., chairman.

Best method of protecting low, overhead structures over tracks from gases and blast locomotives. C. A. Andrews, Baltimore & Ohio, Baltimore, chairman.

What has been the experience in the use of concrete under bridge beds and turntables in place of pedestal stones, and what is the best form of material for bedplates under various styles of iron bridges. W. A. Rodgers, Chicago.

Best design and recent practice in building railroad piledrivers. B. F. Pickering, Boston & Maine railroad, Sanbornville, N. H., chairman.

Best material and designs for roundhouse pits, including drainage and rail fastening. Arthur Montzheimer, Chicago & Northwestern, Milwaukee, chairman.

Best materials for wearing surface of roadway bridge floors. W. O. Eggleston, Eastern Illinois, Huntington, Ind., chairman.

Walter C. Berg, Lehigh Valley, New York, is chairman of the committee on subjects.

RHEUMATISM

Tortures, Cripples and Deforms.

Rheumatism does not treat all alike. Some suffer torture from the very beginning, the attack being so sudden, sharp and disastrous that they are made helpless cripples in a few days, while others feel only occasional twitches of pain in the knees, ankles, elbows and wrists, or the muscles of the legs, arms, back or neck; but this treacherous disease is only traveling by slower stages. The acid poisons are all the while accumulating in the blood, and muscles and joints are filling with corroding, acrid matter, and when the disease tightens its grip and strikes with full force, no constitution is strong enough to withstand its fearful blows, and its victims are crippled and deformed, or literally worn out by constant pain. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid or some other irritating poison in the blood, and this is the cause of every variety and form of this dread disease. External remedies do not reach the blood, consequently do no lasting good.

THE BLOOD AND SYSTEM RULED BY ACID.

S. S. S. goes directly into the circulation and attacks the disease itself. The acid poisons that cause the inflammation, soreness and swelling are neutralized and the blood purified and cleansed of all irritating matter, and nothing is left in the circulation to produce other attacks. S. S. S. being a vegetable remedy does not impair the digestion or general health like alkali and potash remedies, but builds up and invigorates the entire system, and at the same time makes a thorough and permanent cure of Rheumatism.

SSS

White for our free book on Rheumatism.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE PASS SYSTEM.

Railroads to Consider Abolishing Interchanges.

Representatives of all the railroads interested in the campaign against the pass system have been called to meet at St. Louis Oct. 28. There is said to be a strong probability that the Eastern trunk line agreement will be made stronger next year. In order to prepare for a consideration of the questions involved in the possible extension of the agreement there will be a joint meeting of representatives of Western roads with the Eastern trunk line people held before the St. Louis meeting.

Under the operation of the pass agreement Western roads have complained that an injustice was done them. The trunk line agreement abolished the interchangeable pass for use of railroad officials, and when representatives of the Western lines were compelled to travel on business east of Pittsburg they had to pay their fares. When the lines in the trunk territory, however, had occasion to send traveling agents or other representatives over the roads in the West, they were able to use their Western branches and connections to adavntage.

REFUSES TO BUDGE.

Great Western Lets Cattle Rates Stand.

The cut on cattle rates made by the Great Western stands, that road having positively refused to change it after traffic officers of the other roads had worked hard to induce the Great Western to turn back on its cut.

All the lines were represented, and all sorts of inducements and arguments are said to have been used in order to secure a cancellation of the rate. The Great Western said the rate would stand as announced for some time to some.

It was pointed out that the 15-cent rate would likely cause demoralization of the rates from points in the Elkhorn valley to Chicago and from Missouri points proper as well, but the argument had no effect upon the Great Western.

The Burlington and North-Western met the rate last week, and after the meeting all lines announced that they would meet the reduction. It is possible that another meeting will be held in Chicago in the hope of having the rate withdrawn.

A VALUABLE BOOKLET.

Great Northern Issues Information About Business.

The passenger department of the Great Northern has issued a very valuable booklet entitled "Business Opening in the Wonderful Northwest."

The book is in handy pocket size, and it contains a large amount of very valuable information. It gives a list of the principal towns in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, British Columbia, South Dakota, Iowa, Washington and Wisconsin, along the line of the railroad, giving descriptive matter about each place and listing chances for business openings in the different places. Another department includes an alphabetical list of business openings for sale, giving the price, the annual sales and the reason for selling.

The book is an excellent advertisement for the Northwest, and a valuable guide to those seeking a location in this growing country.

MAY GO TO PIECES.

Agreement on Immigrant Business Is In Danger.

From Chicago comes the report that there is great danger of the Western immigrant business going to pieces. A special committee appointed some time ago to map out a plan for the adjustment of existing troubles, caused principally by the withdrawal from the bureau of the Rock Island, which demanded a share of the California immigrant traffic, has adjourned without making the least progress.

Chairman McLeod of the Western Passenger association today called a meeting of the full advisory committee to see what can be done to prolong the existance of the bureau.

Mergers and close traffic alliances have so transformed the Western railroad map as to make division of the business under the old plan almost impossible, and it is generally admitted that the old organization can no longer be maintained, and that if a serious and costly war is to be avoided a reorganization has to be effected.

Trains Are Crowded.

The roads in line for G. A. R. business have been taxed to their capacity, the trains out of the Twin Cities being filled for several days. The smashing of rates that had been done ahead of this time left practically none to be done when the passengers left, but while the traffic is heavy, railroad men say the rate reductions left but little profit in it.

Lesson In Economy.

A practical lesson in operating economy is furnished Northwestern lines in the net earnings statement of the Milwaukee line for August, made public yesterday. The statement shows that the management reduced the operating expenses $60,000, as against the figures for August last year.

Or for the two months of the present fiscal year, the earnings of approximately $80,000, and a decrease in operating expenses of nearly $3000 for the same period. The figures are:

	1902.	Increase.
Gross	$3,964,072	$17
Operating expenses	2,451,410	*58,031
Net	1,512,622	58,048
From July 1—		
Gross	7,625,465	79,369
Operating expenses	4,731,768	*2,426
Net	2,893,697	$7,796

*Decrease.

GETS A HARD KICK.

Small Boy Monkeys With Donkey's Business End.

Out at Oneota Park, just before the football game Saturday afternoon, a 12-year-old boy stepped up behind a little donkey and took hold of his tail.

The donkey's left hind foot lingered against the boy's head for a moment, and the youth was down and out.

The boy was Fred Sheridan. Those that saw the accident thought he was killed. He was taken to the office of Dr. A. J. Braden and later removed to St. Mary's hospital. He had an ugly scalp wound.

The youngster was very plucky, and seemed to derive more misery from the fact that his mother would have to pay a doctor's bill than he did from the intense paid of the kick.

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

A Pleasant, Simple, But Safe and Effectual Cure For It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloating sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing, nervousness and a general played-out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue, and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do, and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harlanson the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Diastase, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. R. S. Workman, Chicago, Ills., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonons discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, this producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, Catarrh of stomach, billousness, sour stomach, heart burn and bloating after meals.

TOTAL IS REACHED

Lake Superior Ore Shipments Already Up to Last Year's.

Rate of Shipment Will Decrease From This Time.

Roberts Mine at McKinley Abandoned, Ore Playing Out.

The ore shipments for September from the Lake Superior region aggregated approximately 3,750,000 tons. Of that amount the mines of Minnesota contributed 2,026,695 tons. The shipments from Lake Superior have been a little in excess of the total of last year.

There are still two months left in which to ship, but the rate of shipment which has been maintained up to this time will not be continued. During October and November considerable ore will, of course, be shipped, but the amount will be less than in the summer months. The heaviest shippers are pretty well up with their shipment, notably the United States Steel corporation, which has moved most of its ore. Practically all ore that has been in the stockpiles has been moved, and that which goes forward from this on will be from underground.

Work at the Roberts mine at McKinley has been abandoned, the ore body having been mined out.

The work of removing the plant and buildings to the Morrow property, is now in progress.

The Roberts was one of the early proven ore bodies of the Mesaba range, but its development did not come for several years after it was known that ore existed on the property. The first shipments from the mine were in 1897, when the total was 18,164 for the season. The property was idle next year, but 57,847 tons were shipped during 1839, 41,965 tons in 1900, and 42,756 tons in 1901, a total output of 161,182 tons previous to the present year.

The visible ore supply was practically exhausted during the season of 1901, but drill explorations proved a small body of ore under a dyke in the old workings, and a small shaft was sunk during the fall and winter. From this shaft some 30,000 tons of ore have been mined and shipped this year, making the total output of the mine 191,182 tons, but the mine is now all in, and further explorations have failed to develop any further deposits.

The exhaustion and closing of the mine works an industrial hardship to the village of McKinley, but a new opening is the townsite mine, which the Willis Mining company is getting ready for shipment rapidly.

Superintendent McDougall, who has been in charge of the Roberts, has been placed in charge of the Morrow property.

The Stevenson mine in one day recently put out 16,500 gross tons of ore, which is the greatest record ever made at any mine. This is an open pit proposition, and is operated by steam shovels of the largest size.

The Minnesota Iron company has bought eight steam shovels from the Marion company, of Ohio, and they are to be delivered next spring. This is the largest single order ever given by any one mining interest, and the total cost will be about $100,000. This is one of the subsidiary mining companies of the United States Steel corporation.

At the Shenango mine on the Mesaba, one of the Oliver-Snyder mines, a third shaft is being sunk in order to reach the ore. The two former shafts were unlucky. Both struck quicksand and had to be abandoned. The company expected to mine about 100,000 tons of ore this year, but can now get none out before 1903. This company is after more properties on the western range, and already owns another adjoining the Shenango. The Florence mine, which has been looked upon as played out, there will be mined about 100,000 tons this year. A new main shaft is being sunk and a new system of mining will be inaugurated.

The Donora Mining company, the mining company of the Union Steel company, is mining no ore this year except on the Marquette range. The Volunteer mine, which it owns there, together with some surrounding mines, will turn out about 100,000 tons.

The new Hawkins mine of the Deering Harvesting works is to be stripped by McArthur Bros., of Chicago, and the price at which they have taken the work is said to be less than that paid for any similar job on the range. The amount of surface to be removed is not so large as first expected, and will not aggregate more than $250,000 yards.

The United States Steel corporation is at work on some enormous operations now. Six great shafts are being sunk at various mines of the corporation on different ranges. The largest bore ever made in a mining region will be at the Chapin mine, where the shaft will have a net size between the timbers of 10 feet by 24 feet. At the Norrie a shaft that will be 1300 feet deep is going down; at the Savoy one that will be 1300 feet. Most of them will be lined by non-combustible material, and every one is expected to have a capacity of not less than 500,000 tons. Head frames will also be built, and some of these will be very imposing affairs, that at the Savoy, for instance, being of steel and 165 feet high.

IN MICHIGAN.

Two Men Killed By Train Near the Baltic Mine.

Houghton—While walking along the copper range tracks, near the Baltic mine, six miles southwest of here, two men were struck by a passenger train Sunday. Both were killed. Papers found on their persons identified them as John H. Miller and John Haischer. They were apparently laborers.

Calumet—John D. Cuddihy has been appointed district deputy for the upper peninsula of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

The firemen at Hurontown have hit upon a plan to furnish the place with a fire station to replace the one destroyed by fire several months ago. The different firms furnishing the material have agreed to let the Hurontown Firemen's association have long time contracts for the payment for material. The hall will cost about $5000.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway has finished the grading for the extension of the road to Larium, and the work of laying the rails will start at once.

Thomas Burt, an expert miner, has returned from a trip to Montana and Arizona. While in Arizona he examined the Sullivan property, which local people intend to purchase and float. He also went through the Calumet, Pittsburg and Duluth, and pronounces it one of the richest copper mines in the United States. The smelter will go into commission next month, and it is expected the production of copper the first year will amount to 30,000,000 pounds or more.

Menominee—Maurice Sullivan, who was brought to Milwaukee from Menominee Monday evening suffering from lockjaw, died at the Trinity hospital at 10 o'clock Thursday night. He as a plumber and several days ago stepped on a rusty nail. Sunday symptoms of lockjaw developed, and he was brought to Milwaukee for treatment.

Norway—Herman Lundin, employed at the Aragon mine, at Norway, met with a terrible accident the other evening. He was at work on the surface, and started to walk toward one of the chaft houses. In the dark he got off the road and stepped into a barrel of boiling water which was sunk in the ground and with its top on a level with the surface. His shrieks brought help, and the unfortuate man was taken to the hospital. His injuries are serious.

PIPER A COMMISSIONER.

New York, Oct. 6.—Col. Alex. Rose Piper was appointed and sworn in as second deputy commissioner of police today. Maj. Ebstein, who has been second deputy, commissioner is made first deputy. The changes follow the resignation last Saturday of Deputy Commissioner Thurston. Col. Piper is a retired army officer.

C. Haney, Geneva, O., says: "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns, wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Max Wirth.

AT WEST DULUTH

Inquiry is being made among the West Duluth Democrats whether there will be "something doing" in the campaign in this part of the city or whether it will go by default. Thus far the only activity in political circles has been shown by the Republican club, which is holding regular weekly meetings at which the Republican candidates for the various offices, from congressman to county superintendent of schools, is invited to attend and address the West Duluth voters.

The Democratic club of West Duluth is rather a thing of the past so far as organization is concerned, and the leading Democrats are beginning to realize that if they wait for the club to start the ball rolling it will lie still a long time. There has been some talk of starting a subscription paper to raise the funds to hire and maintain a hall during the campaign, but there are some who do not take kindly to this plan.

SHORT ON COKE.

It is said that a shortage in the coke supply at the West Duluth blast furnace is likely to cause the plant to shut down within a few days unless another supply arrives. The Zenith Furnace company has a large amount of coke under contract, but it is doubtful if it can be delivered on time. Other furnaces in the country are experiencing the same trouble.

When the repair work was being made at the furnace preparatory to starting it up, a large quantity of coke was brought here with the intention of giving the furnace a large stock to start with. Since then coke receipts have been light and the stock has dwindled down to a supply large enough to keep the furnace running a few days longer. About 140 men are now employed at the furnace, and any suspension of work would be a regretable thing for them.

ENJOYED FINE WEATHER.

There was a regular hegira from West Duluth yesterday of people who could get away from their homes for the day. The weather was so warm and pleasant that a large number took advantage of the opportunities offered for a trip up the river and drives out to Pike lake and through the country back of the hills above West Duluth. There is a large amount of hardwood timber between West Duluth, Cloquet and Carlton, and drives through the country are especially pleasing now, as the leaves are turning into the autumnal shades.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The funeral of Mrs. Minnie Gunther, of 11 Merrill & Ring row, who died Saturday morning, took place this afternoon from the family residence, interment being made at the Oneota cemetery. The decedent was a resident in Duluth for about ten years and leaves a husband and four children.

The funeral of Donald Brady, which was held from the St. James church Sunday morning, was largely attended, friends from all parts of the city being present to pay their last respects. Interment was made at Calvary cemetery.

Mrs. L. D. Ranking has left for her home in St. Paul, after a short visit with West Duluth friends.

Mrs. Anna Martin has returned to her home in Brainerd after a week's visit in West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Conklin, who have been the guests of West Duluth friends for the past three weeks, left over the South Shore last evening for their home in Marquette.

The West Duluth people who took advantage of the rates offered to Buffalo and Detroit over the South Shore road last month, are beginning to return from Eastern points. The tickets were limited to Oct. 14.

J. A. Scott and Charles Sliger expect to occupy their new building on Central avenue by the middle of this week. The new building will afford very pleasant office rooms for the former and a cigar factory for the latter.

The Freimuth's label is the badge of sterling excellence

Opening days are over—the exhibit, as an exhibit simply, is past—Now for days of resolute selling—for you've stamped the work of months, as shown at the opening, with your seal of approval—with a flood of sales and orders that speak splendidly of your complete satisfaction. Hundreds of Duluth's and Superior's most discriminating buyers realize as never before

"That this store's styles in millinery and ready-to-wear garments are absolutely correct and authoritative."

That we afford you the most ample opportunity for individual selection—the widest range for individual taste—is fully known and has been for years. But this year we've excelled ourselves.

A critical comparison by the clear light of pocket book interest will show our Tailor Costumes, Evening Wraps, Cloaks and Millinery to be the most unique and original in design that good taste can demand—as perfect in workmanship and finish as can be found anywhere.

These—the facts—account for this section's tremendous growth—its phenomenal breaking of all sales records.

And you cheat yourself if you buy without seeing these superb garments. Look, examine, compare—visit all the stocks hereabouts—and you'll buy your fall wraps here — in the only complete garment section in the Northwest.

Freimuth's

Rich Silks. Irresistible Prices. . .

36-inch Peau de Soie—rich and lustrous — gives excellent wear—the proper silk for coats and jackets—excellent values — at the two special prices—

$1.75, $2.25.

27-inch Moire Silk—in black and white—soft finish—these are shown and used for Raglans, Monte Carlo coats and jackets—also 21 inch in a wide range of colors—worth $1.25—special for Tuesday only---------- **$1.00**

21-inch Black Taffeta—would be excellent value at $1.00—special for Tuesday------ **75c**

27-inch Black Taffeta—lustrous finish—sold by others at $1.00—our price--------- **85c**

24-inch Black Taffeta—the best wearing silk in the market easily worth $1.25—at------ **$1**

36-inch Black Taffeta—guaranteed to wear—well worth $1.75—special price for Tuesday---------- **$1.50**

See the New Shot Silk—the latest and most fashionable.

Black and Colored Dress Goods.

Black Dress Weaves 75c and $1.25.

44-inch Granite Cheviot
44-inch Mohair Cheviot
42-inch Brilliantine
50-inch Homespun Cheviot
All the Newest Dependable Merchandise—Tuesday only

75c.

54-inch Huddersfield Broadcloth—52-in Aiden Granite—54-in Cheviot, excellent weight—54-inch Zibeline, the season favorite—the standard meritorious weaves special for Tuesday

$1.25.

Colored Weaves.

46-inch Whipcords
44-inch Soliels
44-inch Peckan Serge
44-inch Foulard Plain.
New and wanted weaves worth $1.25, choice for Tuesday

$1.00.

40-inch Granite—All wool, in blue, brown, red and green, an excellent cloth, an exceptional value at 65c—tomorrow's price. **50c**

40-inch Granite Plaids—New patterns in these serviceable plaids, a leader at 65c—tomorrow's price—per yard---------- **50c**

Freimuth's

STOVES and RANGES.

We are headquarters for everything in this line.

RADIANT HOME Steel Ranges have features distinct from any other line, and they cost no more.

RADIANT HOME Heaters use less fuel than any other make of stoves. We don't ask you to take our word for this but will furnish you a list of people who are using them.

In Wood Stoves we have all kinds, ranging in price from— **$2 to $15.00**

Every stove we sell is guaranteed to give satisfaction or your money refunded.

Wieland & Wade

Hardware, Stoves and Ranges.

A suit or overcoat, Crescent made, costs at least $5. for a child's size; you can also get them Crescent made, for two or three times as much.

A uniform standard of work, all grades of good fabrics.

Cane McCaffrey & Co
Broadway, Duluth.

CRESCENT CLOTHES FOR BOYS ARE TO BE HAD IN DULUTH ONLY OF KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY.

MADE A RAID.

Gambling Joint In Superior Police Captain's House Entered.

An early morning raid by the West Superior police department developed a rather peculiar state of affairs in that city and the result may mean a shaking up in the police department. The Wisconsin house, located at the corner of John avenue and Fifth street, in Superior, owned and operated by Capt. B. As Bengtson, of the police department, was raided and eight men were arrested on the charge of gambling. With the men was also captured a poker table and the usual paraphernalia of a gambling house. Three of the men furnished $50 bail, but the rest remained in custody for an examination today.

The complaint is made by an Allouez citizen, who claims to have been victimized at the Wisconsin house several days ago. It is claimed that a disposition was shown at police headquarters to hush up the matter. Capt. Bengtson denying any knowledge of a game in his house. There are several versions of the matter, which the department will not give up.

Chief Lutton has thus far said nothing on the subject, but in the light of his recent significant statement that a demoralization of the police force had been brought on by high living and dissipation, it is thought that the present incident may lead to an airing of existing conditions and the department may be put on a better basis.

GRAIN RATES.

Superior Dealers Allege Discrimination In Rates Exists.

The West Superior grain men will ask the grain men of Duluth to cooperate with them in an investigation of the rate situation. It is claimed there is a discrimination in grain rates from South Dakota and Minnesota points in favor of the Twin Cities. It has been intimated by the Superior men that the matter is of such wide range that it may be called to the attention of the interstate commerce commission if the rate is not otherwise equalized.

The grain men say that the discrimination begins at Clithero and Montpelier, N. D., on lakes, with a rate from 1 to 2 cents in favor of the Twin Cities. The difference between Clithero and St. Paul and Clithero and the head of the lakes is one mile in favor of the latter location, but the rate is in favor of the St. Paul route.

Another point raised is that all the grain from Clithero and other points at which the discrimination is alleged to begin, goes to Minneapolis and the head of the lakes by way of Staples, Minn., the rates from Staples to St. Paul and to the head of the lakes being identical.

The Great Northern road is said to make a discrimination in favor of the Twin Cities, both from Cass Lake and from Fosston. The difference in the distance between Cass Lake to Minneapolis and Superior is 85 miles, and the grain rate to Minneapolis is but a half cent higher than it is to Superior. The same condition is alleged to be true of grain to Fosston. The grain men claim that the difference in the grain rate is not sufficient.

POLISH FLAG.

Impressive Presentation of One to a Polish Society.

Last evening the presentation of a flag to the Kosciusko branch of the National Polish Alliance, occurred in the hall in the basement of the Polish church at the corner of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Fifth street. It was a very enthusiastic meeting and the room was crowded with people of that nationality.

One of the features of the program was the intertwining of the new Polish flag with the Stars and Stripes. Patriotic songs and recitations in both English and Polish were rendered. The pastor of the church made the presentation speech.

Addresses were given by Mayor Hugo and J. Adam Bede, who congratulated the society on its patriotism and enterprise and paid tribute to Kosciusko, the great Polish patriot.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." Mrs. Ira O. Brown, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

KILLED HIM.

Insane Man Will Not Bother People Any More.

Marinette, Wis., Oct. 6.—The insane man who is supposed to have shot and killed John Koucha, a St. Paul fireman, who was fatally wounded in his cab last week while the train was speeding along at thirty-five miles an hour, was killed Saturday twenty-five miles west of Wausaukee. Otto Wenzel, a cook in Charles May' lumber camp, shot him as he was coming toward the camp and he died an hour later. For a week past the entire country around Amberg, Pembine and Dunbar has been in a state of alarm over the presence of the insane man, whose identity is yet unknown, but whose name is supposed to be Raymond. The hunters left the woods, men in lumber camps kept their rifles loaded waiting for him, and on all the trains people were warned not to go on the platforms between Amberg and Pembine. Saturday morning Wenzel saw the insane man coming toward the camp. He warned him to stop, but the fellow never heeded him. He fired a shot over his head, but he kept right on and the next shot struck him over the heart.

MUCH COAL

Has Been Ordered In England For American Markets.

New York, Oct. 6.—Continuance of the coal strike in America has given a fillip to the market here, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, and it is now believed that the demand will not be a mere flash in the pan, but will last at least over the present month. Further purchases of coal are reported at all large exporting centers, and quite a number of vessels have been fixed to load cargoes for American ports at Cardiff, Swansea, Newcastle, Liverpool and Glasgow. One quantity so far contracted for is very considerable, and the fixing of large boats goes on apace, to the advantage of the freight market and the gratification of shipowners. It is reported that several Elder-Dempster steamers have been ordered to the Tyne to load full cargoes of coal for New York and Boston, in addition to numerous vessels which within the last few days have been chartered on the Newcastle market. This unprecedented export of coal to the United States naturally has the effect of raising prices on the London market, and with the continuation of the strike prices are bound to go materially higher.

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.

PUZZLED

To Know What to Do With Unemployed English Soldiers.

New York, Oct. 6.—Secretary William St. John Brodrick and the other war office authorities are puzzled to know what to do for the unemployed reservists and discharged soldiers now returning from South Africa, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The demobilization of the army at the Cape is throwing back upon the English labor market thousands of able-bodied workers for whom there is no apparent opening. Many of the returned reservists are in distress, and it is only to be expected that there will be a serious diminution in the recruiting figures.

MANY DOGS

Will Be Present at the Kennel Show.

New York, Oct. 6.—Entries for the Ladies' Kennel association bench show to be held at Madison Square Garden on Oct. 21 are all in and they speak for the largest exhibition of high-class dogs ever held in this country.

One of the features of the show will be the fine display of whippets and bull terriers. In previous years these classes were confined to one or two exhibits.

Many of the European judges have arrived.

CHOLERA STATISTICS.

New York, Oct. 6.—Cholera statistics for the week just ended were 1809 fresh cases and 1782 deaths, says a dispatch to the Times from Alexandria by way of London. The figures show that the epidemic is rapidly disappearing. Cairo, Luxor and Ramleh are now almost free from cholera, and Assouan town and province are quite free.

MOVEMENT OF TRANSPORTS.

San Francisco, Oct. 6.—The army transports are expected to arrive from Manila within the week. The Sherman will be due here on Oct. 8 and the Logan is expected in by Oct. 11. Gen. Fred D. Grant is on board the Logan.

DR. RYAN'S SERMON

Beginning of the Tenth Year of His Rectorship.

Speaks of Trials of Past and Present Prosperity.

Spiritual and Temporal Needs of Church Presented.

Dr. A. W. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal church delivered his annual sermon yesterday morning and as it was the tenth anniversary of his rectorship of the church it was of especial interest. He took for his text, St. Luke, xix, 13:

"And he called his ten servants and delivered them ten pounds and said unto them, occupy till I come."

He said: "The parable of the pounds is a familiar one. A nobleman goes into a far country and commits to each of ten servants one pound which equals sixteen or eighteen dollars. The pound represents small responsibilities distributed among most men's lives. Yet one servant made his into ten pounds; another his into five pounds, and another returned only two pounds—just what he had received. The servant with the ten pounds was made ruler over ten cities plus the pound of the one faithful servant. The man with five pounds was made lord over five cities. The one who grudgingly returned his pound, lost that and every reward.

"The phrase in the text 'occupy till I come' is a frequent one. The word 'occupy' has lost for us most of its meaning. Originally it meant to stay and lay out for advantage. But even now in the text it means to use to the full, to fill out all the responsibilities of the thing to the utmost. There is an underlying idea that when we have a talent and go ahead and use it, a Kindly Providence speeds it that we fall not and that our faithfulness will not go unrewarded. That is one of the hard things for us to comprehend these days, for we are thinking only too much of our limitations are painfully conscious of the difficulties that lie a head of us and only too dimly realize the co-operation of Providence. A Latin historian tells us that one reason why Alexander the Great was so successful, was that he never took the difficulties and discouragements into account. He simply went ahead and carried out his plan and it was a success. We need of course to use good common sense, but when a man has brains he is to use them. When he has heart that is to be relied on. When he has opportunity, he is to enter into it.

"We speak of a family occupying a house. We can not say that if in a large mansion they lived in two or three rooms. Neither does God mean when he gives us a pound and tells us to occupy, and that we are to be desultory, occasional, or haphazard in our use of the gift. It surely implies that every day we are to do something, that we are to be active and surprising till he comes; that faithfulness and its rewards become ingrained into us by patient and persistent service. The day's work is the thing. The daily duty well and faithfully performed, the patient endurance and education that tells after awhile in character. It does no good to use heavy dumbbells or Indian clubs once in a while. But light exercise followed every day for a few minutes makes strong muscles. Everyone knows how the oft good 'cramming' does for the student just before examinations. But some one has said that any man who reads along any line, patiently and studiously for two and three years becomes a specialist in that particular line. So with our religious life. It does not grow by spurts and bounds. A large effort once in a while does not succeed. But that does make us grow and prosper, which we carry on day by day. We must not look back and say we have done our duty; for what we want is character effect ever and in the future.

"The good men and true in this world, the real benefactors, are those who carry the burden day by day. There are heroes and helpers who have done great things once, but the real foundation and force of human society rest on those who persistently have done their little and have done it all the time. Where would the church be today if it were not for the people who pay their pew rents and subscriptions year by year; for the other people who teach Sunday school classes month in and month out; for still others who are the body guard of the ministry, who are in their pews regularly and who take earnest part in the service. There is one thing that most people do not realize, which is antagonistic to our modern Christianity. It is that life with the most of us it is like a grim treadmill. There is something awful about the grind of life, with its stern exactions. There is in much of our modern poetry what is known as the pagan lilt, which speaks a superficial optimism to us, which urges us to think that everything is all right, that all we have to do is be comfortable and happy. Now, no man can find in his own experience that his life is satisfactory. Somewhere there is the goad and sting, but we seek to steel our feelings against all this and escape it. Because life is a treadmill with little to relieve it, we stagger through the six days' labor and stress, and on the seventh seek mere physical recuperation, stay away from service and lose the spiritual uplift and encouragement that comes therefrom. Men and women stay away from service today, not by deliberate intention as from the fact that they do not realize that they need relief, not so much from physical as mental strain. They thereby lose that unction that would give power and resourcefulness to their whole lives. But worst of all that training and development of the spiritual side of their natures, which should go along contemporaneously with the other growth, and which can only come through worship and service regularly performed.

The parable tells us what experience teaches—that common, ordinary men have their responsibilities. Their mind, their heart, their pocket book and their thoughts have important and useful parts to play. In all our minds faithfulness in others is what we prize, and to the best of our ability reward. We make many mistakes, but we all believe that he who is faithful in little will be faithful in much, and we seek to advance those who have done well in little things and rather avoid those who have been neglectful in them. We long to count those as friends who have been faithful, and we have our faith shaken in those who fail us even in unimportant matters in life. Surely one of the lessons of our parable is that we should make a business of our service to Christ Jesus. Christianity has no contest with the ardor, zest and vigor of modern business, but it does urge upon us business methods in our Christianity. Study, enthusiasm, breadth, vigor are all qualities which the Christian ought to display. He should be definite, positive, aggressive, persistent, but loving. He should seek with all the power within him to make his religion a success and all along the line. The Sunday school is to be kept on a high level, the treasury of the church should be kept fairly full, the services should be attended with regularity, the children should be brought up within the church and to attend church just as much as the parents. Every one should say, 'Where can I put forth my faithful effort,' rather than, 'Upon whom can I depend to do my share.'

"For nine years now I have been rector of this parish and the tenth year is beginning. Busy, anxious years they have been and yet the gospel I have sought to preach has been essentially that of this parable and that which I shall seek to preach shall be again the idea of this parable. Faithfulness is the root and essence of it all—faithfulness in small things that we may receive lordship over great ones. This is the dignified and lawful progression of life. Let us catch and hold to the idea. We might linger over the figures of the case—of 341 baptisms and 321 confirmations. But there are other matters that may well claim our attention. There have been mistakes many and failures not a few, but then it were better to forget those things that are behind. In these mistakes and failures your rector is perfectly conscious that he has played a no unconspicuous part. For these try to pardon him and by cooperation and sympathetic help overcome that which is lacking.

"It is with a glad spirit of thankfulness that we can face the present. You have but lately given me some clerical assistance and a deaconess. The field here is a wide one and the restless West needs much of the pastoral office. Personal effort tells more here than anywhere else. It is essential when people come into new surroundings and make new homes that the church's servants be there to welcome, direct and guard. One man with a multiplicity of calls has not been able to cover the ground. The new workers are ideal for that purpose and are already making a change in the condition of affairs. They are loyal, faithful painstaking and competent. A year's work will surely show that the venture has paid even financially.

"Our new hospital—long a hope and anxiety—is now an accomplished fact. It is not a makeshift nor a half-way affair, but a complete and satisfactory institution. Twenty-one years ago the work was begun by an honored rector of this church and today St. Luke's stands as a monument of the generosity of our people and the fact that they have emerged from the crudeness and transient character of a new city and are putting on the stability and permanence of matured and developed civilization. The little one has grown into a strong nation. The superb plant stands on an ideal site, with plenty of room for future developments and the important adjuncts and equipment of a modern hospital are all there. The vast throng at the opening testifies somewhat to the interest that has been evoked. A hospital now is both a charity and insurance—a charity in that the poor and unfortunate can be properly cared for, an insurance in that every man can feel that he has a proper place to go in case of need, either for himself or his family. It is a wise and growing tendency, which leads even the wealthy to seek hospital treatment in case of sickness. The chances of recovery are improved over any home at least 50 per cent.

"The plant represents just about $100,000, and of this we owe still $30,000. It is hoped and expected that this may be reduced to at least $25,000 by the first of the year. The ministry of the church is called upon to remind the people in their wills and bequests to remember charity and the general work of God's church. Will you not lay it up in your hearts that some of you should do this very thing? The present hospital is good for two generations of work, but it should not be handicapped in its work of charity by lack of funds. It should have an endowment of at least $100,000, and it doubtless will have this before some of the younger generations grow old. We can thank God and take courage when we see how in this hospital faithfulness has already had its reward.

"You have already undertaken the rebuilding and completion of our organ. It may seem to many that we are pushing things a little too hard, and are undertaking too much. But for years we have been paying back debts and doing much to add to our church plant, and now when times are very prosperous, the church ought to benefit along with your bank account. A very few members of the congregation are paying for this improvement and doubtless they will give just as much in the current income. Their generosity should spur up our Ladies' Guild to work with all ardor that the final debt on our cushions may be paid this fall. Your rector rejoices with you and congratulates you on this enrichment of our service, and feels that our competent organist well deserves this consideration.

"Then a more personal matter. During the hard times, your rector surrendered a part of his salary, and thought that surrender was final. Lately the whole amount has been paid to him, and a full receipt for $100 turned in to your treasurer. I am thankful for the money, but more than all thankful that our people had it in their hearts to share their good things with him and so encourage him in what is a wearing and arduous kind of work. The responsibilities are so great, so awful that one often shrinks from them. No minister who cares to be true to his calling, works for the money which is coming to him. He must depend on his people of their own volition to take such care for him as they see fit. But when people go beyond the letter of the contract and deal generously and thoughtfully by him, any man's heart is touched to the quick by the kindness. And here I may acknowledge the unfailing courtesy and consideration which your rector has always received from vestry and every prominent giver and worker in our church. May the good Lord care for and reward richly evedy one great and small who has made the way of his minister smooth and easy.

"Finally let everyone be faithful in the use of his pound. It may not be much, but it is one's working capital, and so for him it is all. I would call your special attention to the services on Friday evenings and holy days and Sunday evenings. In the name of the Lord, I thank all thou patient givers who year by year have been faithful in their contributions, and made all these good things possible. 'Verily, I say unto you they have their reward.'"

FOOD FOR SLEEP.

A Sure Way to Comfort.

The right kind of food will restore any weak stomach. It is better off without drugs and a little judgment in selecting light weight and easily digested food does the trick.

A man in Grand Rapids, Mich., upon recovering from a severe attack of nervous prostration, says:

"The principal trouble was an intensely irritated condition of the stomach, so severe that diluted milk would cause a sensation as if molten lead had been swallowed. At length I began to study my own case, and abolished drugs and commenced experimenting with my diet.

"Grape-Nuts was brought to my notice, and I found it very palatable, and as a regular morning dish, it met all the requirements, and sustained me until midday. After using Grape-Nuts a week, physical discomfort grew less, my strength began to return and I gained steadily in weight.

Along with all these improvements, came good, peaceful sleep, which had been so flighty a visitor, and with it came returning hope and ambition, and now, with perfect health, it gives me pleasure to give Grape-Nuts the credit it deserves." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Fire Sunday destroyed the large general store and warehouse of Col. G. W. Knox, the confectionery store of Ad-Bros., and offices of the Aitkin Land company and McQuillan Land company at Aitkin. The loss will be between $50,000 and $80,000, partly covered by insurance.

The seventy-second semi-annual conference of the Church of Latter Day Saints is in session at Salt Lake City, and the officials are uniting in the most emphatic language the published statements that the murder of Mrs. Pulitzer, of New York, by Hooper Young was due to the Mormon doctrine of blood atonement.

By a unanimous vote, Typographical union, No. 6, of New York city, decided to increase its weekly contributions to the miners' strike fund to 2 per cent of the wages of its members, which will make the weekly contribution about $1800 or $2000.

John Swartzell, a well known business man of Knoxville, Tenn., was killed Sunday as the result of a quarrel with some traveling men. One of the crowd, a well-dressed stranger, grew angry at a discussion which Swartzell was leading as to the fighting qualities of Iowans, and with the exclamation, "I'm an Iowan, and will show you I'm game," shot Swartzell twice. He then escaped, and has not been found.

Miss Nellie Rooney, formerly of Louisville, Ky., committed suicide Sunday by swallowing strychnine in her room at 2129 Wabash avenue, Chicago. Daniel Martin, of Louisville, had called to ask the girl to return home.

According to the annual report of the paymaster general, army expenditures decreased during the past fiscal year were $918,919, as compared with the preceding year, partly owing to decrease in the pay of the army and in part owing to a reduction of claims for extra pay by volunteers. The total expenditures made by Paymaster General Bates were $52,525,479.

The Merchants and Miners' steamship Dorchester, Capt. Foster, from Providence for Baltimore, went ashore near Poplar island, in the Chesapeake bay at 3:30 Sunday morning, supposedly because of heavy weather. Tugs and lighters left to assist in floating the vessel.

A party of thirteen delegates from Minnnesota to the irrigating congress at Colorado Springs, spent Sunday in Omaha. Among the party were Congressmen Stevens, of St. Paul; Heatwole, of Northfield; Morris, of Duluth, and Tawney, of Winona, Minn., and Daniel Wheeler and Thomas Shaw, of St. Paul. The party was entertained at the Country club, and drove to places of interest. They left over the Burlington for the West, occupying a special car.

Sheriff Robertson, at Cripple Creek, Col., levied on a Pullman car for taxes amounting to $635, which the Pullman company has neglected to pay, and in order to prevent the removal of the car, has chained it to the track.

Christ Schwer shot and fatally wounded Ed Lemk, at New Ulm Sunday. The men had been drinking together, and are said to have quarreled about a woman. Schwer claims he did not know the revolver he used was loaded. He has been arrested.

ELIGIBLE SECURITIES.

Bonds That Will Be Accepted By Treasury.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The commission, consisting of Messrs. Roberts, Alles and Ridgley, appointed to pass on the securities other than government bonds offered by the banks, agreed to take the laws governing the New York savings banks as a general standard, and then to decide each case as it arose. The probabilities are that the banks will confine their efforts to securities in this elible list. The securities that will be eligible under this ruling will be the bonds of every state in the Union that has not defaulted on its interest within the last ten years, the bonds of every city in state of New York and the bonds of the following named cities: Boston, Lowell, Worcester, Cambridge, Fall River and Holyoke, Mass.; St. Louis, Mo.; Cleveland, Cincinnati and Toledo, Ohio Detroit and Grand Rapids, Mich.; Providence, R. I.; New Haven and Hartford, Conn.; Portland, Me., Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Allegheny, Reading and Scranton, Pa.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.; Des Moines, Iowa; Milwaukee, Wis.; Louisville, Ky.; Paterson, Trenton, Newark and Camden, N. J., and Baltimore, Md.

The amount of anticipated interest payments which have been accepted by holders of government bonds is regarded, considering that only a start has been made, as very favorabde to the experiment and indicating that a larger percentage of the total will be taken up than was the case when an offer on identical terms was made three years ago. Figures at the treasurer's office show that the interest on $61,838,850 of bonds has been accepted in advance amounting to $975,012.75. It is understood that enough more has been accepted in New York to bring this sum up to $1,287,806.25.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

UNION VETERAN LEGION.

Seventeenth National Encampment Meets at Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The seventeenth national encampment of the Union Veteran's Legion will be held in Chicago this week. At the Sherman house this evening the national headquarters of the legion will be opened by Gen. J. Edwin Browne, national commander, and his staff. Tomorrow evening there will be a reception given to the national officers of the Union Veteran's Legion and ladies' auxiliary under the auspices of the Ladies' auxiliary No. 11, of Chicago.

Delegates and alternates to the encampment of the legion and the ladies' auxiliary will assemble Wednesday morning in the Masonic Temple drill hall, where Mayor Harrison will deliver an address of welcome and a response will be made by Gen. Browne.

The national encampment function of the Veteran's legion will formally begin the business of its annual session.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe. They move the bowels gently, and by reason of the tonic properties, give tonic and strength to the glands. Max Wirth.

Bargain counter 3.

Remnants dress goods.

More accumulations of dress lengths, skirt lengths and waist lengths of the season's best woolens—It's bad stock-keeping, but the remnants will accrue in spite of efforts to the contrary, due to our tremendous sales in the dress goods section.

Zibelines, cheviots, meltons, venetians, serges, kerseys, homespuns, armures, prunellas, basket weaves. Many below cost—all at greatly **reduced prices.**

Bargain counter 2.

Beaded bags.

Two grand special values for Thursday only.

Children's beaded bags, full leather lined and metal frames, 75c value for..... **49c**

Ladies' beaded bags, handsomely ornamented—metal frames, full leather lined, extra pocket—$1.25 values, for..... **89c**

Embroideries—Another offer of all widths fine embroideries, worth up to 50c a yard, at **5c, 7c and 10c**

PINTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE.
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Wall papers---intense sacrifice.

Here's a chance to get wall papers for less than the cost of making. We're reorganizing our wall paper department and propose to get it as quickly as possible on a basis enabling us to do the wall paper business of the Northwest. We find in our stock $6,000 worth of papers we don't want. They're good papers, good styles, and a' that, *but we simply must get rid of them at once.*

Paper hangers will find this a splendid time to stock up. Housekeepers will never get another such chance. Cost cuts no figure, as you'll see by these prices.

2c Dozens of patterns of good common sense papers—the regular 6c, 7c and 8c papers—light colors, good body—side walls, ceilings and borders to match—think of it!—per roll **2c**

4c and 5c Papers regularly worth 10c to 15c per roll are all reduced to 4c and 5c—good new patterns—equals of the best 10c and 15c grades, side walls, ceilings and borders, all reduced to 4c and 5c. Good patterns in gilts, glimmers and varnished gilts—including side walls, ceilings, borders and dados—the sort that sell every day up to 25 cents per roll, all reduced to 8c and 10c. **8c and 10c**

20c The highest class art wall papers—large, gorgeous parlor, library, hall, dining room and boudoir patterns—light and dark, gold, embossed and burlaped ideas—florals and scrolls, rococo designs artistically printed—papers worth up to 75c a roll—all reduced to less than cost and marked for slaughter at, per roll 20c. **20c**

Notice: This sale will last until these papers are closed out. We'll begin with part of the lot tomorrow, and advise housekeepers or paper hangers desiring wall paper bargains to come early.

Hardwood grilles and picture mouldings in great variety will be sold at correspondingly low prices.

Special silk sale.

Silks at bargain prices. High class silks lower than you've ever had them. All clean, fresh, new and desirable silks. Three specials which knowing silk users should appreciate:

97c a yard, worth up to $1.50. Peau de Soie, Peau de cygnes, grosgrains, Bengalines, Satins, Armures, Taffetas, fancy colored lace stripes, embroidered, fancy and figured silks, worth up to $1.50 for per yard **97c**

69c a yard, worth up to $1.00. Black Taffetas, Peau de Soie, Peau de Cygne, Indias, Foulards and fancies of every conceivable design, worth up to $1.00, for per yard..... **69c**

25c a yard, worth up to 75c, all remnants of plain and fancy silks, short lengths, irrespective of value, up to 75c, for per yard..... **25c**

Special linens, bedding.

Buy at these reduced prices:

Fine bleached muslins, soft finished, worth 8c. "Limit 20 yards," at per yard..... **5c**

36-inch fine unbleached muslins, good value at 7c. Limit 20 yards, at per yard..... **5c**

18-inch glass toweling, checked, red, or blue. Worth 8c, at per yard..... **5c**

64-inch damask, all pure linen, such as the other stores sell at 50c, here at per yard..... **39c**
Don't fail to look at it anyway.

Silkoline comforters, full size, well made, each..... **98c**

Silkoline comforts, full size, perfectly made, each..... **$1.50 to $2**

Carpet, rug and linoleum specials.

We inaugurate tomorrow a special sale in the carpet section of vital price interest to every housekeeper with an unfilled need for floor coverings. This is the height of the season for carpets, rugs, etc., and our sales are largest in our history. In reorganizing the department for removal to third floor we discovered new opportunities for underpricing, as follows:

Rugs and linoleums.

Wilton Velvet Rugs, 9 x 12 feet, woven in one piece—worth $35,00, for..... **$26.75**

Wilton Velvet Rugs, seamed, new designs, 9 x 12 feet, worth $30.00, for..... **$24.75**

Oilcloth Stove Squares—3-9 x 3-9..... 70c. 4-6 x 4-6..... 90c. 6-0 x 6-0..... **$1.50.**

Oilcloths—In all widths, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, good serviceable quality, per square yard..... **30c**

Linoleums—Imported Scotch Inlaid Linoleum, excellent tile effects—the ideal floor covering for offices, kitchens, etc., practically indistructible, sold elsewhere at $1.85, Glass Block price per square yard..... **$1.40**

Printed Linoleum—tile and parquetry effects, per square yard..... **55c**

Special prices on carpets.

Axminster Carpets, rich, lustrious colorings deep thick pile, $1.45 quality—per yard..... **$1.15**

Wilton Velvet—the most durable velvet carpet manufactured—$1.25 quality, per yard..... **98c**

Tapestry Brussels—the ten-wire quality, nothing better manufactured—sold everywhere up to $1.00 per yard—Glass Block sale price..... **79c**

Tapestry Brussels—a good durable carpet, worth 75c per yard—Glass Block price..... **49c**

All wool extra super Ingrain—the heaviest and best ingain made, new designs—85c quality for **69c**

Granite Ingrain—our 35c quality—special per yard..... **25c**

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Tuesday, Oct. 7.—Rains fell over portions of the Lake Region and Northeastern states, heavy at Washington City. Fair and cool weather with high pressures prevail throughout the west and Northwest and mild temperature, fair and partly cloudy to showery weather in the Lake Region and Northeastern states. The winds in the Lake Region are generally fresh westerly, except that a rather strong northwest gale prevailed on Western Lake Superior during last night and this morning.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	76	Miles City	76
Bismarck	78	Milwaukee	66
Boston	68	Minnedosa	72
Buffalo	66	Modena	70
Charleston	82	Montgomery	88
Chicago	54	Moorhead	76
Cincinnati	60	New Orleans	68
Davenport	60	New York	68
Denver	76	North Platte	44
Detroit	56	Oklahoma	70
Dodge City	74	Omaha	68
Duluth	72	Pittsburg	72
Edmonton	68	Port Arthur	60
El Paso	74	Portland	60
Escanaba	58	Prince Albert	68
Galveston	88	Qu Appelle	70
Green Bay	62	Rapid City	70
Havre	70	San Francisco	66
Helena	76	Santa Fe	62
Houghton	66	Shreveport	88
Huron	60	Spokane	74
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	56
Kamloops	64	St. Paul	66
Kansas City	60	Ste. Marie	60
Knoxville	62	Swift Current	68
LaCrosse	66	Washington	68
Lander	74	Williston	74
Los Angeles	78	Winnemucca	74
Marquette	62	Winnipeg	72
Memphis	84		

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Cooler tonight. Brisk and possibly high westerly winds tonight, decreasing Tuesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Tuesday, except showers in Northeast portion tonight.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Tuesday. Cooler in Northeast portion tonight.

Lakes—Michigan and Huron—Winds shifting to brisk and possibly high north to northwest, tonight. Fair weather except showers on Huron and Northern Michigan tonight.

Lake Superior—Brisk and high northwest winds, diminishing Tuesday. Showers tonight, Tuesday fair. Hoist storm Northwest warnings 9:40 a. m.

Danger of a Deficit Past.

All dangers of a deficit in the national treasury for the present year seems to have disappeared with the ending of the first quarter of the fiscal year. Even some of the treasury experts were alarmed during the past month and feared that the removal of the war revenue taxes might cause a big deficit. The receipts and expenditures for the first month of the fiscal year, July, tended to lend color to these fears, as there was a deficit of nearly $9,000,000 at the end of the month. August showed a large and unexpected gain, and now the showing for September has wiped out all semblance of a deficit and left a neat surplus at the end of the first quarter. The government cash account shows a surplus of $9,466,669 at the end of the first quarter, and indications are that the surplus for the year will be of such proportions that the lopping off of the little item of $90,000,000 in war revenue taxes will not be missed. The surplus at the end of next June will not be as large as it was in the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1902, but the man who talks about it will have to accustom himself to dealing in millions. Much of the gratifying result is due to the increase in customs receipts. These were abnormally large in July and August and upset the calculations of the treasury officials. September customs receipts were also unusually large, aggregating $26,225,777, an increase of about $7,000,000 over the corresponding month of last year. The surprise in the situation, however, was the fact that the internal revenue receipts for September were more than $2,000,000 in excess of those in August. This would indicate that the falling off in internal revenue receipts is not going to be so great as had been estimated by treasury experts. The receipts of this character were more than $2,000,000 less than they were for the same month in 1901. If the present rate of increase in internal revenue receipts continues the loss in revenues by the repeal of the war taxes will not exceed $45,000,000, instead of the $90,000,000, which has been heretofore estimated by treasury officials. The war taxes are a thing of the past and it is to be hoped are gone forever. The present government revenues are abundant for all ordinary purposes and will provide a surplus also.

Oppression of Husbands.

The exacting demands of some wives are undoubtedly the cause of cases of desertion by the oppressed husbands. Sometimes the stories are made public through the medium of the courts. There was a case of this kind on trial in a Wilkesbarre, Pa., court a few days ago. The husband of Mrs. Byron Sutton had left home, but she, though sorely tried by his obstinacy, desired him to return. Her invitation consisted of twelve "commandments," which she wrote out and presented for him to sign. If his answer should be yes to a majority of the twelve, she would take the matter under consideration. But Mr. Sutton flatly refused to sign any of them affirmatively, and she caused his arrest for abandonment. Yet this errant husband should not be condemned without a hearing. Look at what his wife wanted him to do: Among other things, she demanded that he arise at 5 o'clock a. m., without being called; that he provide material for pies and one cake each week; 25 cents worth of meat for Tuesdays and Saturdays; clean and attractive clothes for himself; dispense with all vulgar and plain language; attend church and Sunday school; buy one quart of milk a day; wipe his feet before he entered the house and take a bath "all over" once a week. It is a wonder that the liberty-loving husband rebelled? The idea of being compelled to furnish food for his family and clothes for himself, to abandon profanity and to go to the bath tub once a week! What husband would tamely submit to such oppression?

WHAT NEXT?

While President Roosevelt's attempt to settle the coal strike by moral suasion has failed utterly, this should not end his efforts to save the nation from disaster through the stubborn greed of monopoly. It is said the president desires to take more radical action to protect the people from a monopoly which dooms them to freezing and starving by withholding a necessary of life, but that his advisers are very conservative and he has yielded to their persuasions not to be precipitate in action and to avoid anything that would lead up to "state socialism." In other words, they do not want him to use the power of the government to open the mines by force and put the miners at work to supply fuel for the people.

While there has been some question raised as to the authority of the president to seize and work the mines, good authorities on constitutional law hold that it would be an exercise of lawful authority for the state of Pennsylvania to compel the owners of the coal mines to operate them for the benefit of the public, or else for the state to take possession of the mines and operate them through lessees, paying a reasonable royalty as compensation to the owners. This view is taken by Judge Gibbons, of the circuit court at Chicago, who is recognized as an authority on constitutional law. He says:

"The right of property in human beings once was a vested right in this country, created by common consent, guaranteed by the constitution and yet consecrated by a century's legislation. Yet the quickening conscience of the nineteenth century, beholding in this vested right the greatest crime of the age, revolted; and the rebellion which followed wrought the extinction of ownership in such property, thereby branding the vested right of yesterday as the wrong of today.

"Men of conscience have no patience with any system of laws which permits a few coal barons to appropriate all the coal mines of a great commonwealth and then refuse to operate them or permit others to do so. These coal fields, like the common of pasture and of turbary, are necessary for the common good, and therefore cannot lawfully be appropriated by any one man or set of men to the exclusion of the whole people."

The federal government, however, is not powerless. It can proceed against the coal barons under both the Sherman anti-trust law and the interstate commerce law. Why does not the president direct the attorney general to invoke the penal clauses of the Sherman law and secure the arrest of the heads of the coal trust? If President Baer and a few of his associates were locked up in jail they might be more ready to settle the strike and furnish the people with fuel. At the same time under the interstate commerce law proceedings could be taken against the coal roads, which have fixed the freight rates at an exorbitant figure, preventing independent mine owners from operating their mines, although they would readily agree to the terms asked by the miners and resume operations.

THE MONETARY PROBLEM.

The monetary stringency which very frequently occurs in New York, and at times in other large cities, is due largely to the defects in the national banking laws which make the country dependent on the treasury for relief. The greatest fault in the present system is the way in which the operations of the treasury of the United States affect the general business of the country by withdrawing from circulation and locking up in the vaults many millions of dollars more than the government requires to meet its daily obligations. Under the system of indirect taxation which prevails, this locking up of money goes on at a greater rate when business is prosperous and more money is needed in the channels of trade than when business is dull, for the reason that in flush times importations are greater and the consumption of articles taxed under the internal revenue laws is greater, thus increasing the receipts of the government, both from customs and from internal revenue.

Under the present laws internal revenue receipts and receipts from miscellaneous sources can be deposited by the secretary of the treasury in national banks which have been designated as depositories and which deposit securities approved by the secretary of the treasury to secure the money deposited in them. This affords a means of relief for stringency in the money market which has been repeatedly availed of by secretaries of the treasury, and one of the reforms most widely advocated is the total abolition of the sub-treasuries and the deposit of all the government funds in depository banks. An ideal condition of affairs would be one under which the government collected from day to day only enough money to meet its immediate requirements and under which the secretary would not be embarrassed by the accumulation of vast hoards for which the government has no need. Such a condition is impossible under the inflexible system of taxation which prevails. It could only be brought about by frequent revisions of the tax laws and the conferring on the secretary of the treasury power to issue short-time obligations, similar to English exchequer notes to tide the treasury over any temporary emergency.

Some such system was favored by Mr. Gage when he was secretary to the treasury. It has been suggested that in order to avoid frequent tinkering with the tariff, some form of internal revenue taxation should be adopted on a sliding scale principle which could be raised or lowered from year to year, as the treasury balance showed a deficit or a surplus.

It is believed the adoption of such a system would do away with the evils attendant upon the piling up of money in the treasury, but it would also do away with the undoubted advantage which that system has of enabling the secretary of the treasury to realize large amounts of money during times of stringency, as Secretary Shaw is now endeavoring to do. There is no doubt, for instance, that if the treasury had had a surplus instead of a deficit in 1893 and could have released considerable sums of money, the panic of that year and the business depression of the following years would have been much less disastrous. Many plans have been presented to congress to remedy the defects in the present laws, but thus far, owing to the conservatism of the rural members, nothing has been accomplished. It is well that they should be careful. Too much carefulness is preferable to not enough, but the time seems to have come when some action is really necessary to relieve the present conditions.

Russia's attempt to pass four unarmed torpedo boats through the Dardanelles into the Black sea has raised a question of some interest, owing to the sultan's refusal to grant the necessary permission. According to the treaty of London of 1871, he is empowered to open the straits in time of peace to the war vessels of friendly powers, in case he considers such a step necessary to secure the observance of the treaty of Paris in 1856. In the present instance, it appears that Russia's only purpose is to increase the strength of her Black sea fleet, so that the sultan's objections are well based in his undoubted treaty rights.

The most important fact revealed by the recent English census returns is the relatively small increase in children under 15. From 1881 to 1891 there was an increase in such children of 7.4 per cent, while from 1891 to 1901 there was an increase of but 3.5 per cent. A census specialist, writing to the Times, declares "the number of children (in England alone) would have been 2,092,000 greater had the ratio of 1881 been maintained." These figures will revive the fear that England is about to follow France into a period of low birth rates.

Why should every financial stringency in Wall street, due to reckless speculation in watered stocks, call for aid from the secretary of the treasury? Why should Uncle Samuel be called upon always to help Eastern bankers who allow their call loans to increase in undue proportion to the business of their banks? Is it to the interest of the government or the public to encourage loose banking methods?

William R. Hearst, proprietor of the New York Journal, has been nominated for congress from the Eleventh district of New York. If Mr. Hearst carries his journalistic methods into the halls of congress, the newspapers, his own included, are likely to have an extra amount of interesting news from Washington, says the Topeka State Journal.

The first of the St. Louis boodle gang to be tried was found guilty and sentenced to five years in prison. He is a promoter and banker, who spent thousands of dollars in bribes to get a street railway franchise. His conviction will strengthen the hands of the public prosecutor in the other cases.

The Standard Oil monopoly, so long as its by-products are protected by high-tariff duties, is aided and encouraged by congress, while the coal trust is protected by the duty on bituminous coal. Why not revise the tariff in the interests of the people?

One of the latest stories turned out by the Republican press bureau is that J. Pierpont Morgan will endeavor to syndicate the voters and defeat the election of President Roosevelt in 1904. There is probably not the slightest truth in the story.

The evidence in the Snyder boodle case at St. Louis went to show that it is more profitable to be an alderman in the World's Fair city than to be a member of the Montana legislature when there is a United States senator to elect.

They are guessing in Vermont that it cost Gen. McCullough $150,000 to get the governorship. The office pays $3000 for the two years, leaving $147,000 as the worth of the honor attached to it for any one who can pay the price.

If it be true that both the Democratic and Republican managers are trying to dodge a majority in the next national house, why not turn it over to the Populists, who would not refuse it?

A Japanese has been refused naturalization papers on the ground that he is a Mongolian. The law admits only white men and black men. No yellow man need apply.

The coal barons are going to be awfully sorry in the near future that they tried to fight the people of the United States.

The coal barons' attitude closely resembles that of the slave oligarchy in the South and every one knows what happened to the latter.

The Indianapolis News says weather predictions are like dreams, because they always go by contraries.

Perhaps Secretary Shaw may yet adopt the Populist warehouse plan to put more money in circulation.

Will the new White House dinner set that is to be made in England be admitted free of duty?

In view of the coal famine, a warm October will be doubly appreciated.

Open the anthracite coal mines and furnish the people with fuel.

ON ANNUAL OUTING.

Cleveland, Oct. 6.—Three hundred members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company, of Boston, arrived here today by steamer to spend their annual outing in this city.

HOTEL GOSSIP

F. E. Wheeler, of Appleton, Minn., postmaster of that village, is a guest at the St. Louis today. Mr. Wheeler has just returned from conducting a party of Appleton friends through the opening agricultural lands of this vicinity. The members of his party are seeking locations for stock-farming, intending to go into the breeding of high-grade sheep and cattle, and they are much pleased with what they have seen. Mr. Wheeler is enthusiastic.

"It is a magnificent opening," he said, "and I am surprised that it has not attracted more people already, though the country is settling up now at a rapid race. I consider the chances for stock-raising here as good as they are any place in the country, and I look to see it become a great industry here soon."

* * *

"Walla Walla, Wash.," is one of the most peculiar names of locations that appear on the hotel registers, and it always causes those that read it to crack ancient and obvious jokes about it. T. L. Ragsdale, of Walla Walla, who registered himself and that location on the St. Louis blotter yesterday, is used to it, however, even though the first part of his name helps out the humor of the combination.

* * *

W. A. McKay, one of the proprietors of the Hotel McKay, returned yesterday from an outing of three weeks spent in Detroit and Canada.

* * *

C. C. Prindle, of Minneapolis, formerly of Duluth, is a Spalding guest today.

* * *

George Wilson, the veteran minstrel, who appears here tonight with the Haverly minstrels, arrived in the city in advance of the company yesterday, and is stopping at the Spalding.

* * *

E. Dalzell, C. Eckstrand, Miss Shaw and Miss Frye, of Cloquet, were at the Spalding yesterday.

* * *

The Milwaukee Sentinel tells thus how a Duluth man puzzled a hotel clerk: "H. H. Hill, of Duluth, registered at the Pfister hotel yesterday, and puzzled Clerk Carroll considerably as he wrote him name. Mr. Hill drew nine parallel lines on the register, each line being about the size of the letter "l," with the exception of the letter "i," which was of course smaller. Clerk Carroll, who was watching Mr. Hill, trying to decipher the names from the other side of the counter, began to look disturbed. On the nine parallel lines Mr. Hill drew a cross line through the first six, making three H's, then dotted his "i," and divided the H's with periods. Then he swung the book around, and smiled as Clerk Carroll deciphered the hieroglyphic.

* * *

Judge and Mrs. H. L. Buck, of Winona, and Miss Maud Carpenter, of St. Paul, were at the Spalding for breakfast yesterday with Mr. and Mrs. John A. Keyes, of this city. Judge Buck is chairman of the Democratic state central committee.

* * *

At the St. Louis: James E. Connell, Marquette; John W. Hunsberger, Hancock; H. Siedacke, Ishpeming; C. N. Fowler, Fargo; James Ryan, Michigamme; T. B. Myers, Biwabik; J. F. Hawley, Sandstone; Mrs. J. W. Irwin, Mrs. L. J. Simkins, Bemidji; C. D. Rutherford, M. H. Schussler, Floodwood; Mrs. Thomas Robinson, Iona, Minn.; John McKay, Grand Marais.

* * *

At the Spalding: J. F. Chisholm, Grand Marais, Mich.; E. J. Longyear, Hibbing; J. P. Kelly, Alexandria, Minn.; Miss C. Thompson, Boston; H. G. Wells, Ashland; Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Kirby, Ashland; C. B. Goff, Saginaw; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hendricks, Ishpeming; S. N. Smith A. C. Paul, Minneapolis; M. W. McNally Frank Hughes, New Richmond, Wis.

* * *

At the McKay: A. J. Hansen, Hibbing; J. H. Smith, St. Paul; A. L. Dunlap, Ashland; T. Jones, Stillwater; Elmer E. Davis, Minneapolis; G. C. Rinehard, Detroit; S. R. Adkins, E. S. Fawcett, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. B. McLeod, Brandon, Man.; D. D. Udd, Saginaw; F. R. Smith, Fargo; A. F. Dudgeo Ashland; E. D. Poole, Buffalo; H. J. Jarchow, Biwabik; G. W. Thomas, Eau Claire.

THE STAGE

Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon, two sterling stage artists, appeared at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening in "Sherlock Holmes," William Gilette's excellent stage creation of the famous Conan Doyle detective. It is superfluous to say that the production was a satisfying and praiseworthy one in every way, for everything that Mr. Kelcey and Miss Shannon have offered has been of that nature. It seemed somewhat strange, however, that they should elect to appear in a play that had already been thoroughly exploited by others, for they are of the class of actors who create rather than follow. It seems to be successful from the box office standpoint, however, and that side of the business has its attraction for the actor as well as for everyone else.

Mr. Kelcey made an admirable Sherlock Holmes and yet no better than Mr. Hastings, the only other Holmes whom Duluth people have been permitted to see. The part of Miss Faulkner offers Miss Shannon nothing, for it is conventional and commonplace. Of course, she plays it with much sympathy and makes it delightful, but it adds nothing to her fame.

The support throughout was good and the staging complete and magnificent.

* * *

Tonight at the Lyceum Haverly's minstrels will be the attraction. The company is headed by George Wilson, whose name has been famous in minstrelsy for many earsy. Musically the company is claimed to be very fine, the vocalists being men of exceptionally fine voice. The olio is made up of a variety of legitimate minstrel acts.

* * *

Horace Lewis and company will appear at the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday in "A Poor Relation," the play which Sol Smith Russell made famous. Mr. Lewis, who was selected by Mr. Russell himself to play the part of Noah Vale, is meeting with wonderful success in this play, and is said to possess the same great underlying qualities of naturalness, dryness of humor and lovable mannerisms that endeared Sol Smith Russell to the American public. In selecting an actor for the part of Noah Vale in "A Poor Relation," Mr. Russell recognized these qualities in Mr. Lewis, with whom a long contract was signed.

* * *

Few musical events of the present season will have a more welcome reception than "The Sultan of Sulu," that merry musical satire by George Ade of "Fables in Slang" fame. This tuneful opera had a run of three months in Chicago last spring. During its stay at the Studebaker that home of Western opera was so besieged with demands that seats had to be placed on sale four weeks in advance. "The Sutan of Sulu" has been booked for a brief tour of the Middle West, prior to its coming engagement in New York. It will be given here with the same big company that has been especially engaged for the Broadway presentation, including the Castle Square Grand Opera orchestra. "The Sultan's" dates at the Lyceum are Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 14 and 15, with a Wednesday matinee.

STEAMER AND SHIP COLLIDE.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 6.—The river steamer Hasselo and the British ship Cyprome collided in the Columbia river at Coffin Rock, two miles below Kalama. The upper works of the Hasselo were raked from stem to stern. No one was injured, but the total damage was about $10,000. The Cyprome will be laid up for two or three weeks.

Teena's Futile Quest

By Louise J. Stephens.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When our friends learned that Jack had accepted the position of station agent in a comparatively new Dakota town they were all duly horrified and received the news with many expostulations. "You will die of loneliness and homesickness;" "You never can endure life there without a soul of your kind to speak to;" "What! bury yourself and your beautiful voice in a contemptible little western village!" But I had Jack and we had not been married so long but that we felt we were more to each other than all the world besides.

Jack already knows pretty nearly everyone in the county, it seems, for the railway company's elevator, of which he has charge, makes this quite a market for grain. He is such a sympathetic, generous fellow, so kind-hearted naturally, that he always extends what help he can to every person he sees in trouble, and so brings to us many odd, interesting and sometimes amusing, often pathetic experiences. One day he brings in a poor laborer to bandage a jammed thumb; the next it is a half-starved hobo who has been kicked off the train and must be fed and made clean and comfortable, again a farmer who has had a long, cold drive in with his load of grain, must have a cup of coffee before he starts for home, "to put heart into him," and I suspect to keep him from the saloon.

One day after the regular train had passed Jack came over to the house with a very sober face: "I've a case out there for you, Dolly; a young Swedish girl who can speak scarcely a word of English. She showed me a card with Ole Larson, Fargo, N. D., written on it, and saying vehemently, "Him—no dar," turned the other side on which some one had written the name of our station. So I suppose the man she is looking for has come here or hereabouts from Fargo sometime or other, but there's no one of that name here now. What shall we do with her?"

"Bring her here," I replied promptly, "until we can find Ole. Good Mrs. Peterson will act as interpreter and we can soon make her comfortable."

So he called at her door and asked Mrs. Peterson to come in, and then brought the girl over. She was a scared-looking, but rather pretty Swedish girl of perhaps twenty years, dressed in the odd fashion of all the newcomers from her land, with a kerchief instead of a bonnet tied under her chin, soiled and travel stained, and as it is the custom of emigrants, with all her worldly belongings done up in a package by means of a square cloth tied together by the four corners. She dropped me a most humble little courtesy, and when Mrs. Peterson spoke to her in her own tongue she turned to her with such pleasure in her face that I knew her answer was but a Swedish exclamation of joy. After some minutes' conversation, Mrs. Peterson explained: "Her name Christine Olson, most call Teena; she come from Gottenborg; she vas marry Ole Larson, but he come avay to Ameriky an' she stay vit her granmooder, who has no odder but Teena. Her granmooder die last winter, den she tink she some Ameriky an' fin' Ole Larson, den dey vill marry. He write by Fargo, an go dar, but postmaister say Ole Larson come by dis place; den she come. But dar is no Ole Larson in dis place, I know, an' iff he hass not gone by some odder place, den he vork by some farms."

Further inqury drew out the fact that the girl had not heard from her lover for nearly a year, and that he did not, of course, know that she had come over. "She hass plenty money," interpreted Mrs. Peterson, "moss hoonder dollar by her granmooder."



"Ole!" screamed Teena.

We then and there decide that Teena shall stay with us while we try to locate her Ole. And after much explanation and more persuasion from Mrs. Peterson, Teena consents to take her "hoonder dollar" from out of the leg of her stocking and deposit it in the village bank, whither she is at once escorted by Jack, accompanied also by Mrs. Peterson.

Teena proves a jewel about the house and can soon "spik Englis'" quite intelligibly. "No— no pay!" she declares when I want to pay her for doing my work. "I no vork," she says scornfully, "dis no vork!" spreading out her hands to indicate my small domain. "I eat an' sleep —you gif me—no pay, den I vork leetle—no pay me!" and she shakes her head vigorously. And so she stays on, apparently content, though her large blue eyes grow larger and more pathetic, and she eats little and I fear sleeps less.

Meantime Jack makes every inquiry for Ole Larson, but learns nothing of him. This is her description of him to Jack: "He is big, nice"—hesitating for the pro-



"Teena.

noun—"like Jack," she says finally, to our great amusement; "hair so," indicating curls, "an so like," pointing to my own dark locks to indicate color; eyes like Jack; good look; dwenty-fower year." So Jack keeps in mind a well-built, good looking young Swede with dark, curly hair and blue eyes.

But the summer passed by and it was not until after the wheat harvest and threshing were over that he came in one day, somewhat excitedly, and said to me, "Dolly, I've found Ole! He lives with a farmer named Swenson some twenty miles from here, and he's at the elevator now with a load of grain; I spotted him before I spoke to him. I'm going to tell him there's a girl here from Gottenborg and bring him in to talk with her." We both thought it would be a most delightful surprise to them, and the best way to bring them together.

Their meeting brought tears to our eyes. Jack led the way to the kitchen door and stepped in with the young man following. I saw them from the dining room door. "Ole," screamed Teena, turning red, then white, and almost falling into his arms, and I noticed that his face was whiter than hers, as he exclaimed, "O Teena!" and seemed to stagger backward. Then we closed the door and went out on the porch.

But a few moments later there was a cry of alarm from the young man and we rushed back and found him supporting Teena, who had fainted. In the excitement of caring for her no questions were asked. We supposed her emotions upon meeting her lover so unexpectedly had simply overcome her. But the moment she revived sufficiently to open her eyes she said to me faintly, "Ole—he marry," and the tears rolled down her cheeks. Jack, too, heard, and we turned to the young man in shocked surprise. Somehow, such a possibility had never occurred to us, no more than to Teena. Larson's eyes, too, were wet, and he was trembling with agitation. "I loaf Teena," he said to us earnestly, "but ven I write I send money to come to marry me, she write back you she no leave her granmooder. So I t'ink she vill marry some odder boy in Sveden, an' I feel bad, an' I write no more. I go from Fargo right away. I live by Mr. Svanson more den von year, an' two, tree mon's ago I marry hees girl, hees daughter. She nice, goot girl—but I feel so bad for Teena—I loaf Teena many years." And he does not try to hide the tears that fill his eyes.

In all my life nothing I have known or heard or read has seemed to me so intensely, dramatically, despairingly sad. I stroke and kiss poor Teena's bowed head, which she has pillowed on her arms on the table, and dear, soft-hearted Jack gives Larson his hand in mute sympathy. The young man says something in Swedish to Teena, who shakes her head without looking up, and throws out her hand as though to bid him go.

"O Teena," he pleads, but she again shakes her head, and he says to us: "She no ask to see me— I go."

Jack goes out with him, and Teena falls to weeping convulsively, and, much alarmed, I finally send for Mrs. Peterson, who comes and tries to comfort the poor girl.

We at last persuade her to be helped to bed, and saying, "I t'ank you," so pathetically she turns her face to the wall. I go to her room several times during the night, but she lies motionless and unheeding, though I am sure she is not asleep. She comes down and prepares the breakfast as usual the next morning, and performs her accustomed duties many days thereafter, but I can see that her strength is gradually going, and at last there comes a morning when she does not come down stairs. Then the end is not far away. "Would you like to see Ole again," I ask, but she shakes her head. "He no mine—he marry," she says, and the tears flow. Larson comes often to ask Jack about her, but does not ask to see her, and when I tell her she makes no comment. When he learns that the end is near he asks Jack to let him know, and says, "I come den."

And one sad day poor Teena's broken heart is forever stilled, and as she lies in the dainty last bed in which we have tenderly placed her, Larson comes in to look upon her fair, peaceful face, and we leave him alone with the dead. When he comes out of the room I notice how pale and sad he has grown since we first saw him, and give him my hand in sympathy; he holds it a moment, too, much moved to speak for a time, then says, "My wife—she not know—I hass not tell her—she goot girl—she will be much sorry—I not tell her—she not know." And I understand that he has not told his wife because he does not wish to trouble her, and my heart goes out to the poor fellow. He does not come to the simple funeral service, "for "my wife she not know," and we respect him the more because he stays away. And so we lay poor Teena in her last resting place and feel that upon the simple stone with which we mark the spot might truthfully be engraved the words, "Died of a broken heart."

STANDS HIGH.

Duluth Has a Good Record For Marriages.

Duluth-made matrimonial matches are not failures.

During the past year there were 1068 weddings.

During the same period only 75 divorce decrees were granted.

With the exception of Atlanta, matrimony is a greater success here than in any other city in the country.

The following will show that Duluth, in the matter of marriages, leaves many much larger cities far in the rear proportionately:

City.	Population.	Marriages.	Divorces.
Duluth	60,000	1,068	75
Atlanta	125,000	1,535	53
Louisville	225,000	1,659	174
Minneapolis	178,000	2,172	189
St. Paul	170,000	1,478	154
Denver	156,000	1,918	162
Columbus	140,000	1,572	148
Los Angeles	123,000	1,517	405
Omaha	110,000	1,096	206
Seattle	110,000	1,379	223
Grand Rapids	80,000	1,043	180

FAREWELL BANQUET.

New Duluthian Receives One at Home He Leaves.

The Akron, Ohio, Beacon Journal has this to say of a pleasant event given J. W. Lyder, Jr., of that city, who comes to Duluth to become cashier of the Duluth Savings bank, which is to open in a few days:

"One of the most pleasant affairs among the Masonic fraternity in Akron for some time was the occasion Wednesday evening of a complimentary banquet tendered by the members of Akron commandery, No. 25, Knights Templar, to two sir knights, Charles W. Clarke and J. W. Lyder, Jr., both of whom are about to leave the city to take up their residence elsewhere. Mr. Clarke, who has been the division freight agent of the Erie railway, has been promoted to the highly responsible position of agent of the Erie at Pittsburg, having assumed his duties there several weeks ago. Mr. Lyder, lately the secretary of the Akron Trust company, goes to Duluth, Minn., as the cashier of the newly organized Duluth Savings bank.

Fully 100 knights sat down to a fine banquet in the banquet room of the Masonic temple at 9 o'clock and for an hour discussed the menu. Afterwards Eminent Commander A. F. Koons presided and remarks were made by Rev. George P. Atwater, W. E. Waugh, A. H. Sargent, P. W. Leavitt, I. C. Alden, R. F. Palmer, Dr. J. W. Lyder, W. F. Laubach and J. H. Hackett, and the two guests of the evening, Messrs. Clarke and Lyder. Both these gentlemen have been workers in the Masonic bodies of Akron, and their leaving to open here the Masons both for their Masonic labors and in a personal way. The expressions of regret, as spoken by all those called upon, were genuine and sincere."

How do you Spend Your Evenings?

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE fail to realize, until too late, that by attending school during the winter evenings, they can, in a very short time, prepare themselves for a specialty in business that will not only increase their earning capacity, but place them in far more congenial positions.

OTHERS, with an abundance of natural ability, are occupying subordinate positions in business houses where they have splendid chances for promotion, if they only possessed the special training necessary to fit them for higher positions.

BUSINESS HOUSES are constantly on the lookout for well-trained stenographers. Several large Duluth firms have standing orders with us to furnish them with assistants who are adapted to their line of business, and who have received the special training that will enable them to perform their work satisfactorily.

YOU can place yourself in a position for advancement by devoting your evenings this winter to the study of shorthand and typewriting. On account of the simplicity of Gregg shorthand it is possible for you, by attendance at our evening school, to become a competent stenographer in one season. We have graduated students to good positions after three and one-half months' attendance in this way. The instruction is entirely individual, and progress is thus rendered rapid and thorough.

WE will take pleasure in explaining our methods and furnishing information regarding this course. Call or write for descriptive booklet to

THE DRENNING SCHOOL,
Torrey Building.

DELEGATE.

F. L. Ryan Chosen to Attend United Irish League Meeting.

The Duluth branch of the United Irish league met yesterday afternoon in Catholic Association hall. On account of the unavoidable absence of Secretary Murphy, D. P. McDonald was chosen secretary.

After the regular routine business had been transacted the selection of delegates to the national convention at Boston, to be held Oct. 20 and 21, took place. F. L. Ryan, treasurer of the local branch, was elected, and Mr. Bannon, of West Superior, will also attend, so that the head of the lakes will have too representatives at the great meeting.

The delegates were instructed to try and secure one of the members of parliament, who will attend the convention, to visit Duluth and deliver an address on the principles of the United Irish league.

A committee of five members, consisting of Messrs. Ryan, Long, Callahan, Bannon and Maginnis, were appointed to solicit members and report at the next meeting, which will be called before the convention.

VOCAL SCHOOL RECITAL.

Tyler Pupils to Be Heard October 15.

The fifth annual recital of the Tyler vocal art school will be given Wednesday evening, Oct. 15, at the High School Assembly hall. The program will be as follows:

PART FIRST.

"In a Persian Garredn" .....
Song-cycle for four solo voices.
Words from the "Rubijah of "Omar Khayyam."
Music by Liza Lehmann.
Miss Rena Smith, soprano; Clara Hector, contralto; Charles Apulehagen, baritone; Cyril Tyler, tenor; Miss Clarotta Simonds at piano.
Intermission—Five minutes.....

PART SECOND.

Aria—"Una Voce Poco fa," from "Il Barbiere" ..... Rossini
Mrs. James McAuliffe, dramatic soprano.
Song—"Dieben blauen Augen" ..... Bohm
Misse Kate Bender, contralto.
Arie—"My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice," from "Samson and Delilah" .....
..... Saint Saens
Mrs. W. C. Winton, mezzo-soprano.
Song—"Rosalie" ..... De Koven
Miss Millie Baker, mezzo-soprano.
Aria—Berceuse—"Jocelyn" ..... Godard
Miss Bessie Hunter, soprano.
Songs—a. "If I Could Steal Your Wings" ..... Mildred Hill
b. "Were I a Bird" .....
Miss Alice Piper, soprano.
Aria—"Salve Regina" ..... Mercadante
Miss Anna Carroll, mezzo-soprano.
Song—"Spring" ..... Henschel
Miss Alice Cooley, soprano.
Aria—"Oh, Mio Fernando," from "La Favorita" ..... Donizetti
Miss Antoinette West, mezzo-soprano—contralto.
Scena—"Il Miserere," from "Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Mrs. James McAuliffe, as Leonora; George L. Tyler as Maurico; assisted by pupils.

At the piano, Mrs. George L. Tyler, Mrs. J. N. McKindley, Miss Carlotta Simonds.

The singing of the "Persian Garden" will be given at 8:15 sharp, and the doors will be closed until the end of the cycle.

BOX MAKERS STRIKE

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Union men to the number of 250 employed by W. C. Ritchie & Co., paper box manufacturers of this city, went on strike today for an increased wage scale. Officials of the union claim this morning that the entire 500 employes of the company have quit work, but the officers of the company say that only part of the men and a few of the girls have struck.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
Monday, October 6.
—The Excitement of the Season—
Haverly's Minstrels and George Wilson.
Dress circle $1.00, parquet $1.00 and 75c, family circle and balcony 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
Tuesday and Wednesday, October 7 and 8.
Mr. Fred G. Berger Presents
MR. HORACE LEWIS
In Sol Smith Russell's Famous Play
A Poor Relation
All the original scenery and properties.
Prices D. C. $1, Parquet 75c; F. C. & B. 50c.

CAPTURES THE FIRST

High School Football Team Defeats St. Cloud Eleven.

Game Marked By Ragged Work and Many Fumbles.

A Beautiful Drop Kick By Cummings the Feature.

Duluth, 11; St. Cloud, 0.

A drop kick scoring a goal from the forty-two-yard line, by Al Cummings was the feature of Saturday's football game between the Duluth and St. Cloud high schools.

Besides a little bright individual playing, the game was not a brilliant one. Slow work and many fumbles by both teams, particularly St. Cloud, marred the game greatly.

St. Cloud won the toss and gave Duluth the kick off. Cummings kicked down close to the St. Cloud goal line. Duluth downed the runner with a small gain, and on the first down of the game the ball went to Duluth on a fumble. They took it to the two-yard line and lost it on a fumble. St. Cloud took it out a bit. After it changed hands a few times Potter was pushed through tackle for the first score after just twelve minutes of actual play. Cummings kicked goal.

For the rest of the half the ball oscillaed near the center of the field. Not until the half was more nearly over did St. Cloud succeed in making its distance.

Several times Duluth was forced to punt. Potter booted it prettily for thirty yards, St. Cloud fumbled the catch and Berg fell on the ball. After a couple of eight-yard gains Duluth was forced to punt, but fizzled, giving St. Cloud the ball on her own fifty-yard line.

St. Cloud mixed signals and Whipple downed the quarter back for a loss. The black and orange tried to punt, but missed the ball entirely. Fumble, fumble, fumble, and St. Cloud had the ball in the center of the lot.

Then with a half minute to play St. Cloud made its longest gain of the game. Neatly boxing Duluth's tackle, they went through a hole big enough for a street car, and got ten yards down the field before brought to earth. Time was called. Score: Duluth, 6; St. Cloud, 0.

In the second half St. Cloud kicked to Duluth. Peters picked it up for eight yards. Duluth lost on a fumble; small gain by Cummings and Potter booted for thirty.

St. Cloud gained five yards on first down, but found a stone wall when they tried the antiquated guards-back play through center. A fake fizzle. Two men got under the St. Cloud punt, which followed, making another fumble.

A run around right lost Duluth eight yards and Duluth punted forty yards. Whipple, the fast little end, went down under it and stopped the gain with three yards.

Smashing at center with guards back netted a loss to St. Cloud and Potter, with good interference, ran the ball back forty yards on the punt which followed. Duluth fumbled to St. Cloud, who failed to make distance and punted fifteen yards. Duluth lost three on the first down, made five and a half on a recovered fumble and Cummings drop kicked thirty yards, but failed at goal.

St. Cloud lost two yards, Bradley blocked a punt and Duluth got the ball. With ten yards to gain on the third down, Potter signaled for a drop kick with his scrimmage line just forty-two yards from St. Cloud's goal. The line held like a wall, giving Cummings all kinds of time to place his kick. The ball rose beautifully just over the scrimmage line. It soared easily down toward the posts, never higher than thirty feet from the ground, starting directly for the goal post on the left side, but with a nice allowance for the slight wind blowing it slowly changed its course and sailed through fairly in the middle of the posts and about a yard above the cross bar.

Never was such a performance seen on the local field before. Occasionally a star university man has been known to drop goals from the forty-five-yard line, but it is doubtful if any high school player hereabout has ever made such a kick. Cummings stood about eight yards behind the line, making the total distance of the kick about fifty yards.

Bradley's run around right for thirty yards was the only point of interest in the remainder of the game. A half minute before time was called Cummings tried for another goal from the thirty-yard line. But he was put at a disadvantage by the angle and the kick fell short.

Final score: Duluth, 11; St. Cloud, 0.

The line-up:

Duluth.		St. Cloud.
Whipple	Left end	Smith
Berg	Left tackle	Gilman
Howard	Left guard	Case
Safford	Center	Larson
Richards	Right guard	Sartell
Harrison	Right tackle	Kuhns
Peters	Quarter	Doane
Olson	Right end	Schroeder
Bradley	Left half	Holleran
Cummings	Right half	Griebler
Potter	Full back	Malloy

W. A. Malloy, referee; Clinton P. McCormick, umpire; Jesse Bradley and Thomas Clark, linesmen.

Time of halves, twenty-five minutes. Touchdown, Potter. Goal from field, Cummings. Kicked goal, Cummings.

While the work of the Duluth men in the game was rather coarse, it was predicative of better things to come. Both teams were stronger on the defensive than in offensive work, with the advantage slightly in favor of the local men.

The team as it lined up on Saturday has only been practicing together for three or four days, and Harrison, who put up a good individual game at right tackle, had never played the position before even in practice.

Under such circumstances the team work could not have been expected to be perfect, and though it was far from so, the outlook for the team is very encouraging. The most striking deficiencies in team work were noticeable on the end runs. The interference was bad. Men got in each other's way, stumbled and fell, wasted all kinds of good advantages because they were not sure of just where they were expected to go. The work was very slow, too, and unless there is an improvement in that respect, a fast team would rush the boys off their feet.

Coach Park has had a chance to see the weak points in his team, and with plenty of good practice in getting the plays off in good shape the team has every chance of developing into a whirlwind aggregation.

Not a mistake was made by the local boys in comprehending their signals, which augurs well. Peters, the quarter back, who was playing his first game, was the coolest and most deliberate person on the field. Not a fumble is credited to him. His was the star game of the day.

Safford, the new center, is excellent. The veterans did not do all that might have been expected, but the jogging up which Coach Park will give them will probably get them back into their old form.

Coach Merrill, of the St. Cloud team, who is an old Minneapolis central boy and thoroughly conversant with the football in the southern part of the state, including the Twin Cities, was rather dubious about Duluth's chances for the championship. He said:

"It was a punk game. My boys were stage-struck all through the first half. They never fumble that way in practice. I really think that with a little more coaching we could have won."

"How are the Twin City teams this year?" he was asked.

"All strong, every one of them."

"Will Duluth be able to do anything to St. Paul Mechanic arts next Saturday?"

"You'll have to hurry if you do. You'll win from Minneapolis central this year if you play in Duluth. If you play in Minneapolis they'll beat you."

"Look out for St. Paul central. They've got a crackerjack team and they're all fighters. That's your hardest game."

He expressed the opinion that with four Twin City games on the list Duluth had too heavy a schedule.

The following from the news dispatches of yesterday woud hardly bear out the opinion that Duluth is up against it so very hard:

At Eau Claire, Wis.—Minneapolis Central, 6; Eau Claire High, 0.

At St. Paul—Mechanics Arts High, 18; Omaha R. R., 5.

At St. Paul—Hamlin, 5; St. Paul Central High, 0.

Central's Minneapolis first game with a high school was not as successful as the local team's, though perhaps Eau Claire is slightly stronger that St. Paul.

The Mechanics arts' showing against a scrub team of pen-pushers from the Omaha railroad office is nothing remarkable.

St. Paul central was beaten by Hamline by the same score with which North Side Minneapolis supposed to have a weak team, defeated that college a couple of weeks ago.

Duluth's hope for the championship is not yet turned to despair.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

CONVICTED.

Snyder Was Found Guilty at St. Louis of Bribery.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—R. M. Snyder, promoter of the Central Traction bill which became a law in 1898, which brought about the consolidation of the street railways in St. Louis, was found guilty of bribery Saturday night and his punishment was fixed at five years in the penitentiary.

The jury was out two hours.

This is the first conviction of a bribe giver in connection with the boodle scandals which have been under investigation all of the year.

Snyder was accused of bribing former Councilman Uthoff to vote for the Central Traction bill. Uthoff was to receive $100,000, but failed to collect more than $5000. He was one of the state's witnesses at the trial. No evidence to dispute the testimony of the state was offered by the defense. The only point in the fight was made as to whether Snyder was continually a resident of Missouri since the passage of the bill. The arguments of the counsel for the defense was confined to this point. Under Missouri law, if it had shown Snyder lived all this time in the state, statute limitations act bar conviction.

GOES LIKE HOT CAKES.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes Druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from throat and lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.

WISCONSIN SCORED ON

By the High School Team From Hyde Park, Chicago.

Ragged Work By University Men In the First Half.

Coach Grennan of Hyde Park Was Very Much Pleased.

Madison, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Wisconsin scored on by the snappy little high school team from Hyde Park, Chicago, marred her chances for a clean score through ragged work Saturday afternoon at Camp Randall. At the end of the first half she had one touchdown and a goal to her credit, while on the other side Hyde Park had five points. Hyde Park's touchdown was made on a fluke when Tom Hammond, fullback, catching the ball as it rebounded from one of the Wisconsin players, through the failure of Eckersall to kick a goal from the field for which he was trying, made a short dash and was over the goal line at the extreme edge of the field. On a trial for goal some of the Badger men were off side, which gave the Hyde Park's another trial for goal, but from the edge of the field success was not to be expected.

Wisconsin made her first touchdown only after bringing the oval the third time down the field to the Hyde Park ten-yard line. Twice the high school men held their opponents. The third time Vanderboom pushed through the line for Wisconsin's first score.

While the official time for the two halves was forty minutes, the actual time was considerably nearer sixty minutes. The principal feature of the first half was the long sprint by Eckersoll, the high school's star man, down the field for forty yards, which, with a punt by him in the next play, brought the oval from the Hyde Park's goal line down to the Badger goal line, where to save themselves Haumerson made a touchback and the ball was then kicked out from the 'varsity twenty-yard line. Three times were touchbacks resorted to by the 'varsity and once by the high school men.

With the opening of the second half there was at once perceivable that something had happened. The usual lecture from "Phil" had evidently had its effect and the difference was to be seen in the snappy playing of the 'varsity men. No time was wasted in getting into the game and hence the score for the second half is what it should have been for the first half also. The pigskin was rushed from one goal line to the other, always carried by the 'varsity men. On the Hyde Park five-yard line, squarely in front of the goal posts, Haumerson at left half was pushed through the center for a touchdown. Changing sides quickly the same performance was repeated with Vanderboom doing the heavy work. Again sides changed and Vanderboom made his third touchdown. On the 'varsity side there was little feature work. What scores were made were won only through the work o fthe whole team and the spectacular runs which hitherto have been such a feature of the games at Camp Ranrall, were not to be seen. Early in the second half Driver's leg gave out and Vanderboom took his place. Vanderboom's work at fullback was especially noticeable. Later in the half Moffatt was taken out and Lilequist was put in his place. His work was snappy and fast enough, but the high school men were fast losing their wind and did not put up the game which they had in the first half. With one minute to play Haumerson was withdrawn and Marsh was put in his place at left half. This made an entirely new field and the freshmen were used with good effect, but time was called before another touchdown could be scored. Juneau was asked by his coach to let Bush take his place at end, but Juneau declined to give way.

Coach King said at the end of the game: "Hyde Park put up a very good game, indeed, and Wisconsin was, to say the least, badly off form and still shows up very poorly in team work. The men are too slow in starting and will need considerable improvement to come up to their usual standard."

Referee Earl Schreiber said: "It is not my field to make excuses, but Hyde Park scored on a fluke, yet the Chicagoans put up the best game of football I ever have seen by any high school team. The work of the Wisconsin men was woefully ragged."

Coach Grennan of the Hyde Park team did not think that the Wisconsin team would fare the same as it did today with the university of Chicago team. The Chicago men, he said, are slow and are not even a match for the fast high school men. Hyde's contingent led by Grennan was enthusiastic over the outcome of the first half and recalled the fact that at the end of the first half in last year's game the score was 19 to 0. The 6 to 5 at the end of the first half today was the signal for rejoicing. Grennan believes the Hyde Park boys will surprise Western football men this year. None of them, he says, is 20 years old.

SUMMARY.

Wisconsin	Position	Hyde Park
Abbott	Left end	H. McKillip
Bertke	Left tackle	Knoor
Eberts	Left guard	McCalley
Skow	Center	Becher
Lerum	Right guard	Davidson
Long	Right tackle	H. Hammond
Juneau, Capt.	Right end	W. McKillip
Fogg	Quarterback	Eckersall, Capt.
Haumerson	Left half	Ransom Marsh
Moffatt	Right half back	Wolf
Lilequist		Vanderboom
Driver	Fullback	T. Hammond

Timekeeper, Remp; umpire, McCarthy; referee, Earl Schreiber; linesmen, Heisinger and Lyon.

Touchdowns, Hammond; Vanderboom, 4; Haumerson, 1. Twenty-minute halves.

Goals, Juneau, 4.

MINNESOTA, 16; AMES, 0.

Minneapolis, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Minnesota won the football game with Ames by a score of 16 to 0. The heavy men on both sides made the game an interesting one, but superior science counted. The game was snappy throughout and was a good exhibition of team work by both elevens. The work of the Minnesota men, however, was slower than expected. Had the Ames men the same amount of training as the Gophers the final score would have been much different. In spite of all the persistent training of Doctor Williams and Coach Doble the men play too high. Unless this fault is remedied before any of the big games, it may cause followers of the maroon and gold considerable trouble. As the Illinois game is only three weeks off Minnesota must round into her best form speedily if a championship team is to be developed. The attendance at the game Saturday was about 4000.

OTHER GAMES.

West—
Michigan 48, Case 0.
Chicago 5, Knox 0.
Beloit 5, Chicago Dental 0.
Northwestern 26, Lake Forest 0.
Nebraska 10, Colorado 0.
Drake 11, Iowa College 0.
Illinois 33, Monmouth 0.
Morningside 28, Yankton 0.
St. Thomas 18, Carleton 6.
East—
Harvard 23, Bates 0.
Yale 23, Amherst 0.
Princeton 23, Lehigh 0.
Pennsylvania 17, Pennsylvania State 0.
Georgetown 4, Annapolis 0.
Columbia 42, Rutgers 0.
Cornell 45, Union 0.
West Point 5, Tufts 0.

BASEBALL.

Saturday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 5; New York, 2.
Second game—New York, 5; Boston, 1.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 11; Cincinnati, 2.

Sunday's Games.

At St. Louis—Chicago, 11; St. Louis, 4.
Second game—Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 5.

REMAINS

Of Zola Laid to Rest With Impressive Ceremonies.

Paris, Oct. 6.—The remains of Emile Zola were laid at rest yesterday with simple impressive ceremonies. It was such a funeral as Zola himself would have wished, without pomp, but with the serried ranks of thousands of working men, many accompanied by their wives, sorrowfully marching behind his coffin. Municipal guards, mounted and on foot, lined the route, but except for a company of infantry, which rendered military honors to the body as it was carried from the house to the hearse, they were there as guardians of order and not as participants in the ceremony.

The Temps today says Dreyfus went to the Zola house yesterday evening and watched beside the corpse with the family. He induced Mme. Zola to give him back his promise not to attend the funeral and he walked in the procession yesterday between La Lance, a former protesting deputy from Alsace in the German reichstag, and W. Moned, a member of the Institute.

The broad portal of the Zola residence was hung with black, which was relieved with silver stars and fringes and surmounted by three silver Zs.

A handsome hearse with sable plumes on the roof and on the heads of the two horses attached to it, stood before the door. The hearse was enveloped in black and silver housings. Preceding the hearse were three other cars almost hidden beneath masses of magnificent floral offerings from Zola's admirers in all parts of the world, including an immense wreath of giant chrysanthemums, bearing the words, "From the Frenchmen of San Francisco."

As the pier was borne through the door to the street the mounted officer of infantry saluted it with his sworn and the two lines of soldiers presented arms. The crowd of mourners in front of the house uncovered and amid a deep silence, broken only by the melancholy rolling of muffled drums the coffin was laid in the hearse. Beautiful wreaths of violets were arranged about it and the pall bearers, M. Chaumie and Herman, representing the Society of Dramatists; Ludovic Malavey, Octave Mirabeau, the deceased's publishers; Charpentier and Fasquelle, and M. Brint, in behalf of the miners, took their places beside the coffin with tasseled cords in their hands, and the procession started for the cemetery.

At the conclusion of the oration the relatives of the deceased novelist grouped themselves beside the coffin and a monster procession, composed mainly of members of labor organizations, was allowed to enter the cemetery and file past the body. A majority of those who marched wore a red flower, the socialist emblem, in their button holes. A deputation of miners, in their working costumes, carried a bunch of flowers fastened to a pole. The people plucked the flowers and ferns which had been strewn upon the coffin during the ceremony and carried them away as souvenirs until none was left. The coffin was placed in a temporary vault.

After the ceremony several of the leaders in the Dreyfus affair, as Col. Piquart, Maitre Laborie were recognized and loudly cheered. Maitre Laborie, who was greatly excited, addressed a few words to the crowd, but fearing that his words would lead to trouble the police induced him and Col. Picquart to enter the lodge at the gate of the cemetery and remain there until the crowd had dispersed.

A few scuffles occurred on the Boulevard de Clichy. Groups of socialists marched by singing "The Carmagnole" and nationalists responded with counter cries, but the imposing force of guards and police prevented serious collisions.

Our Overcoat Department

Second to None in the City.

Latest-up-to-Date Long Overcoats at ..... $10, $12 and $15
Handsome Effects, Splendid Fitting Overcoats at ..... $18, 20 and $25
If you desire better garments we have them at ..... $30 and $35

Boys' Reefers and Overcoats at
$1.95, $2.50, $3.50, up to $7.50

Must Be Seen to Be Appreciated.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier,
219 West Superior St.

Built Especially For Pennsylvania Special.

New Observation Compartment Cars are now a portion of the equipment of The Pennsylvania Special, the twenty-hour train Chicago to New York. They have large observation parlor and private rooms. The latter afford seclusion of private apartments at home or hotel, with all modern comforts. For tickets and reservations, address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 395 West Superior st., Duluth.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. ss.

In probate court, special term, Sept. 26, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Eli Van Valkenburgh, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Horton Blackmarr, administrator of the estate of Eli Van Valkenburgh, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition be heard by this court, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the court,
W. G. BONHAM
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate court, St. Louis county, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 29, Oct. 6-13, 1902.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, special term, September 27, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Abigail E. Little, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Cora M. Macgregor, administratrix of the estate of Abigail E. Little, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Sept. 29, Oct. 6-13, 1902.

McCormick's Union Credit Co.,
DULUTH—SUPERIOR.
Established July 1, 1899.

We are a RATING COMPANY and tell our subscribers if consumers do not pay their just debts.

ARE YOU A MEMBER?
Have YOU one of our Yellow Speaking Cards?

Offices 406-408 New Jersey Bldg., Duluth.—Both 'Phones—12 Berkshire Bldg., West Superior, Wis.

DISEASES OF MEN.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature. Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING, speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES FEMALE WEAKNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUS TROUBLES, UNHEALTHY DISCHARGES, PAINFUL OR IRREGULAR MONTHLY SICKNESS, safely and speedily relieved. If in trouble call or write. DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express in plain wrapper, free from exposure.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.



The Mill Will Never Grind

with the water that is past, but unlike the mill, our past orders have been filled so successfully that new ones are constantly coming in from our old patrons. Are you to be one of them? ZENOTA flour is the finest that is milled, and is ground from the best selected wheat; in fact, is the cream o fthe wheat and it makes the most delicious bread—white, palatable and nutritious.

TROCHET'S COLCHICINE SALICYLATE CAPSULES

Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules.

A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sole Props.

For sale by L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., Wholesale Agents.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked, leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 500 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 5 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Presto

Light Biscuits;
Light Cakes;
Light Pastry;
and,—
Light Hearts,—
Quick-as-a-Wink!

And the demand is such that no doubt if you can buy it.

The H-O {Hornby's Oatmeal} Company

SLIGHTLY HIGHER

Wheat Started Easy, Advanced and Then Fell Off.

World's Shipments Were Heavy and Cables Easy.

Flax Trading Was Active and the Market Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 6.—The wheat market started out rather weak this morning, under the influence of very heavy world's shipments, easy cables and better weather for the movement of wheat in the Northwest. There was a good demand, however, and the feeling grew stronger. The top price was not maintained, however, but the Minneapolis and Duluth markets closed slightly nearer while Chicago declined a little. Duluth shippers found the demand for wheat was much better from the continent today than from the United Kingdom, and worked about six or eight loads. The demand for Eastern shipment was very light, and not more than 30,000 bus were worked. The Liverpool market closed quiet and 3d lower, while Paris was unchanged to 1c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,407,000 bus, last year, 1,861,000 bus. Shipments were 582,000 bus; last year, 699,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 329,000 bus. The visible supply increased 782,000 bus last week, and is now 24,042,000 bus, against 37,454,000 bus last year. The world's shipments of wheat were 15,360,000 bus, last week, 11,477,000 bus the previous week, and 10,148,000 bus last year. The amount on passage increased 2,224,000 bus.

The Liverpool corn market was 1c lower and the Chicago market experienced the same decline for the December option. December oats were slightly weaker. Primary receipts of corn were 229,000 bus, last year 563,000 bus. Shipments, 329,000 bus, last year 476,000 bus. Clearances were 2,000 bus. The visible of corn increased 27,000 bus last week and is now 3,075,000 bus, against 14,029,000 bus a year ago. The world's shipments last week were 1,124,000 bus, against 2,571,000 bus a year ago, and 1,576,000 bus last year. The amount on passage increased 1,832,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 281 cars, and at Chicago, 367, a total of 1088 cars, against 1451 last week and 1557 last year.

Trading in wheat was quiet on the Duluth board. The market opened unchanged at 66⅝c, sold at 66⅝-⅞c at 9:40 and advanced to 67⅛c at 11:28.

From that point it fell off to 66⅝c at 12:35, and then rallied slightly at the close, which was at 66¾c. This was an advance of ⅛c. Minneapolis December advanced ⅛c, and in Chicago, there was a decline of ⅛c.

Cash offerings were heavy and sales aggregated 350,000 bus. For No. 1 northern to arrive Oct. 15, and in store, 2c over the December price was paid, for to arrive in fourteen days, 1½c over. No. 2 sold at 2c under No. 1 and No. 3 at 4c under.

Flax was active and weak. December declined 1¾c to $1.25, rallied $1.26, but fell off again and closed at $1.25. November fell 2c. December was off 3c, and cash stuff fell 5@10c. Flax on track was a little firmer, closing 1¼c off.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash—No. 1 hard, 70¾c; No. 1 northern, 68¾c; No. 2 northern, 66⅞c; No. 3 spring, 64¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 69¾c; No. 1 northern, 68¾c; December, 67⅝c; May, 69⅜c. Macaroni—No. 1, 63½c; No. 2, 61⅝c. Oats—December, 29½c, on track, 30½c; to arrive, 30½c. Rye—October, 48c; on track, 48c; to arrive, 48c. Barley, 36@52c. Flax—Cash, $1.25; on track, $1.25¼; to arrive, $1.25; October, $1.25; November, $1.24; December, $1.23¾; May, $1.27.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 244, last year 249; oats, 8; rye, 6; barley, 71; flax, 177.

Receipts—Wheat, 240,858; oats, 21,720; rye, 92,985; barley, 8571; flax, 121,079.

Shipments—Wheat, 388,959; oats, 4227; rye, 66,562; barley, 10,000; flax, 1,469,451.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 4 cars	$0.70
No. 1 northern, 35 cars	68¾
No. 1 northern, 31 cars	68½
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus	68¾
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus to arrive	68
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	68¾
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	68⅝
No. 2 northern, 20 cars	66⅝
No. 2 northern, 32 cars	66½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	67
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	66¾
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	66⅞
No. 2 northern, 8000 bus	66½
No. 3 spring, 5 cars	64⅝
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	65
No. 3 spring, 1 car	65¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car	64⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	64½
Rejected, 2 cars	64½
Rejected, 2 cars	62½
Rejected, 1 car	64⅜
Rejected, 1 car	65
Reected, 2 cars	65¾
Rejected, 2 cars	65½
No grade, 5 cars	65½
No grade, 1 car	65
No grade, 2 cars	65½
No grade, 1 car	65½
No grade, 1 car	65¾
Macaroni, 1 car	64½
Oats, 1 car	30¼
Rye, 1200 bus to arrive	48
Rye, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	51½
Barley, 2 cars	44
Barley, 2 cars	49
Barley, 2 cars	52
Barley, 2 cars	45
Barley, 2 cars	53
Barley, 2 cars	50
Barley, 1 car	52
Barley, 1 car	45¾
Barley, 2 cars	50½
Barley, 3 cars	46
Barley, 2 cars	48
Flax, 7 cars, cash	1.25¾
Flax, 12 cars, cash	1.26
Flax, 8 cars, cash	1.26½
Flax, 5 cars, cash	1.25
Flax, 5 cars, cash	1.25¼
Flax, 100 bus to arrive	1.25¼
Flax, 28,000 bus to arrive	1.26
Flax, 1 car to arrive	1.25¾
Flax, 5000 bus to arrive	1.25½
Rejected, 5 cars	1.23

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Started Out Weak But Grew Stronger.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Enormous world's shipments with weak cables and better weather caused a weak opening in wheat today. Trading was light, however, but with a fair demand from commission houses, with but few offerings, there was a stronger feeling early in the session. December opened ¼c to ⅜c lower, at 68⅝@68¾c, selling to 68¾@69c, when shipping sales and Duluth reported receipts of 981 cars, which with local receipts of 107 cars —one cars of contract—made total receipts for the three points of 1088 cars, against 1451 cars last week and 1557 cars a year ago.

Wheat followed corn up and down, the market late in the day being weak. December, after selling at 69¼c, reacted somewhat, the close being ¼c lower at 69⅛c.

Clear weather throughout the West and Southwest caused weakness in corn at the opening and selling was quite general. At the decline there was considerable covering by shorts and fair commission house buying which brought about a rally. Cables were irregular. There was a heavy trade in May and December early in the session, the latter option opening ¼@⅜c to ⅜@⅝c lower, at 48¼c to 48¾c. The early trading was around the low figure, but later there was a rally to 48¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 114 cars with 22 cars of contract grade.

Covering by shorts and a fair commission house buying caused strength later, but a prominent long disposed of a large holding on the higher prices, and a decline followed. December sold up to 49¾c, but again declined, the closing being ⅛c lower at 49⅛@⅜c.

Oats opened weak on favorable weather and low prices in other grains. Trading was only moderately active and fluctuations confined with narrow limits. December opened ¾@1¼c to 1⅛@⅜c lower at 32¼c to 32¾c. Local receipts 127 cars.

Moderate receipts of hogs and an advance of 5c at the yards, caused a firm tone in provisions. The weakness in grains apparently had no effect on hog products. Trading was moderate with good buying of pork early. January pork opened unchanged to 5c higher at $15.50 to $15.55. January lard opened 2½c higher, at $8.90, while ribs were 5c higher at $8.27½.

Close: Wheat—October, 68¾c; December, 69⅜c; May, 70¾@⅞c. Corn—October, 50½c; November, 50¼@½c; December, 48¾@⅞c; May, 47⅝c; July, 42½c. Oats—October, 31¾c; old, 27¾c; December, 32½c; old, 31c; May, 36½c. Pork—October, $16.37½; January, $15.90; May, $14.90. Lard—October, $10.27½; November, $9.05; December, $9.20; January, $9; May, $8.42½. Ribs—October, $11.50; January, $8.32½; May, $7.92½. Flax—Cash Southwestern, $1.26; Northwestern, $1.27; October, $1.26; May, $1.30. Rye—December, 48¾c. Barley—Cash, 32@60c. Timothy—October, $3.65. Clover—October, $10. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 66@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 70c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 69@70c; No. 3 spring, 66@69c. Corn—No. 2, 49½@49¾c; No. 3, 49@49½c. Oats—No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Minneapolis reported brisk demand for cash wheat, No. 2 northern selling 10c over their December. Broomhall reported English markets weak on account of heavy Russian shipments. The speculative market opened a shade lower than Saturday's close, influenced by favorable weather throughout the Northwest. Commission house business was very light and local traders were disposed to follow the corn market. After the early weakness the market rallied, but when corn turned weak the advance was quickly lost. We do not see anything urgent in the situation, but are inclined to believe prices will drag lower and that the market should be sold on the hard spots. Estimated cars, 200.

Corn—Liverpool ¼d lower to ¼d higher. There was general selling by commission houses at the opening on improved weather conditions. There was good support given to the market and the early decline was quickly recovered. October corn was bid up to 61¼c on buying of small amounts. Brokers who usually act for leading elevator concerns bought a large quantity of December. There was nothing special reported in the way of cash demand. In the late dealings there were large blocks of December thrown on the market, which were said to be for the Patten following. We see nothing to change our opinion and believe that corn sold on the rallies can be bought back cheaper. Estimated cars, 175.

Oats—Market opened weak on better weather and in sympathy with corn. The early loss was recovered on buying by commission houses, but again eased off in sympathy with the break in corn. Trade was not large at any time. Cash market firm. Estimated cars, 150.

* * *

The total shipments of breadstuffs during the past week were 14,616,000 bus, against 13,368,000 bus the previous week and 9,752,000 bus a year ago. Of the above quantity the United Kingdom took the past week 5,680,000 bus, against 5,342,000 bus last week and 3,832,000 bus a year ago. Corn shipments the past week, 3,222,000 bus, against 2,770,000 bus the previous week and 1,632,000 bus a year ago.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Oct. 6.—Wheat, Dec. 66⅝; May 68⅛; on track 1 hard 70⅞; 1 nor., 69⅛; No. 2 nor. 67⅛.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 6.—Close, wheat, Dec., 74½; May 74¾@⅞. Corn, Dec. 55; May 47⅝.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Oct. 6, 1902:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	64,118
No. 1 northern	392,981
No. 2 northern	308,381
No. 3 spring	61,589
No grade	28,580
Rejected	16,673
Special bin	696,137
Western and Macaroni	85,030
Total	1,463,789
Decrease during week	19,278
Coarse grain stocks—	
Corn	1,245
Unchanged	
Oats	881,923
Increase	33,482
Rye	127,980
Increase	11,958
Barley	1,210,732
Increase	468,787
Flax	758,856
Increase	79,640

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 6.—Close: Wheat—Spot, firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 7d; No. 1 California, 6s 5d; futures, quiet; December, 5s 9¾d; March, 5s 10¼d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 8½d; futures, quiet; October, 5s 6d; January, 4s 3¾d; March, 4s 3¼d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 83,900 quarters from Atlantic ports, 15,000 from Pacific and 20,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports were 2000 quarters.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	66¾A	69⅝-¾	74-⅛	
High	66⅞	70⅛-¼	74⅝-¾	
Low	66⅝-½	69⅜-½	74-⅛	
Close	66⅝	69⅜A	74⅛	
May—				
Open	68¾A	67⅜-⅞	70⅛-⅝	74⅝B
High	69¼B	68⅜	71⅝	75⅛
Low	68¾A	67⅜-⅞	70⅛	74⅝
Close	68⅞B	66⅛	70¼-⅜B	74⅞B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	32¼@32⅛	48⅜@48½	$15.80
High	32⅞	49⅝	15.95
Low	31⅛	48⅜	15.80
Close	32½	48⅜-⅞	15.90

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, December wheat, 66⅝c asked.
Calls, December wheat, 69⅝c.
Curb, December wheat, 69½c bid.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The wheat market, after opening lower owing to fine weather in the northwest and discouraging advices from abroad, later rallied in sympathy with the strength in corn, but toward the end of the session early buyers became sellers and the advance was all lost. The market closed quite slightly lower than Saturday night. Liverpool reported their market quiet ¾d lower for the day. Continental markets were also quiet. Cash demand both here and the seaboard were quiet. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 200 cars.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market after opening lower on favorable weather, later rallied on good buying for long account. On the advance local longs began to take profits taking which caused a sharp reaction, but the close was steady slightly lower than Saturday night. Foreign markets were generally steady. Country movement is light and estimated receipts for tomorrow covering 48 hours only 115 cars. Cash demand is good. The situation is strong and we look for still higher prices and advise buying May on all weak spots.

There was a fairly large trading in oats today and the market ruled unsettled during the course of corn. After opening lower, rallied and finally eased off and closed quiet, country movement continues small, cash demand good. There is see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and still believe May should be bought on all weak spots. Cars for tomorrow, 170.

Provisions opened strong on higher hogs and lighter receipts than expected. There was a heavy business done during the day and the market closed at about the best prices and quite strong. The market is very sensitive and fluctuations were confined with narrow limits. December opened ¾@1¼c to 1⅛@⅜c lower at 32½c to 32¾c. Local receipts 127 cars.

Moderate receipts of hogs and an advance of 5c at the yards, caused a firm tone in provisions. The weakness in grains apparently had no effect on hog products. Trading was moderate with good buying of pork early. January pork opened unchanged to 5c higher at $15.50 to $15.55. January lard opened 2½c higher, at $8.90, while ribs were 5c higher at $8.27½.

Close: Wheat—October, 68¾c; December, 69⅜c; May, 70¾@⅞c. Corn—October, 50½c; November, 50¼@½c; December, 48¾@⅞c; May, 47⅝c; July, 42½c. Oats—October, 31¾c; old, 27¾c; December, 32½c; old, 31c; May, 36½c. Pork—October, $16.37½; January, $15.90; May, $14.90. Lard—October, $10.27½; November, $9.05; December, $9.20; January, $9; May, $8.42½. Ribs—October, $11.50; January, $8.32½; May, $7.92½. Flax—Cash Southwestern, $1.26; Northwestern, $1.27; October, $1.26; May, $1.30. Rye—December, 48¾c. Barley—Cash, 32@60c. Timothy—October, $3.65. Clover—October, $10. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 66@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 70c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 69@70c; No. 3 spring, 66@69c. Corn—No. 2, 49½@49¾c; No. 3, 49@49½c. Oats—No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29c.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	24
Creamery, tubs	23½
Dairies	17 @ 18
Packing stock	13

EGGS.

Fresh	22

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	11¼@ 12
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, Americas	14 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15
Primos	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted per lb	7 @ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 50
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
California pears	2 00
California peaches	75 @ 85
California plums	75 @ 90
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 00
Delaware grapes, per basket	18
Concord grapes, per basket	19
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 15
Mexican oranges	4 50
Alberta peaches, 6 baskets	1 50
Watermelons	20 @ 25
Michigan peaches, 1-5 basket	25
Michigan peaches, bus	1 50

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 20
Beets, bushel	50
Carrots, bushel	65
Cabbage, per crate	1 00
Turnips, bushel	50
Parsnips, per 100	1 75

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce	05
Green onions, per doz	12½@ 15
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	90
Citron	75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Radishes, per doz bunches	15
Minnesota tomatoes, bushel	90
Parsley, per dozen	20
Potatoes	35
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00
Green peppers, bushel	90 @ 1 00
Pickling onions, per bushel	2 50
Red cabbage	75
Pumpkins	90

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 25
Fruit juices	4 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	3¾
Rice corn, shelled	3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens	11 @ 12
Geese	10
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	10 @ 11
Spring chickens	11 @ 12

MEATS.

Mutton	6
Lamb	11
veal, good	8½
Veal, fancy	9
Dressed beef	5½@ 8½
Hogs	3½
Pork loins	12½
Lard, compound	7¾
Lard, pure	12

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Butter firm; creamery, 16@22¼c; dairies, 15@20c. Eggs steady, loss off, cases returned 20@21c. Cheese steady; twins, 10½c; daisies, 11¼c; young Americas, 11@11¼c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 6.—Close: Money on call firm at 6 to 12 per cent; closing bid and asked, 8@10 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers bills, at $4.85.30 for demand, and $4.83.25@4.83.75 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87@4½; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.83¼; bar silver, 50¾c; Mexican dollars, 40½c. Government bonds, firm; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, weak.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS,** **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.,

Minneapolis. St. Paul. Duluth.

Grains, Stocks and Provisions

Bought and sold in all markets, for cash or on reasonable margins. Members of all principal exchanges. Private Wires. Write for our daily market letter and private telegraph cipher—mailed free. Ship your grain to us. Best facilities, liberal advances, prompt returns.

310 Board of Trade. Room A Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

Paine, Webber & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,

27 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Members Boston & New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.

Will C. Brown, Resident Manager.

BOTH 'PHONES.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Large Sales of Coalers and Pacifics at the Opening.

Trading Was Animated For a Time But Turned Dull.

Rally Near Close Which Was Active and Irregular.

New York, Oct. 6.—The level of prices receded at the opening with large sales in some of the Pacifics and coalers. St. Paul opened wide on the sale of 2500 shares at 193½ to 193, compared with 193 on Saturday; Baltimore & Ohio and Ontario & Western showed small fractional gains. Otherwise losses were universal.

The Gould group of stocks developed special weakness which gradually extended to many other points. Declines reached a point in the various Gould stocks, New York Central, Illinois Central and a number of less prominent railroads and coalers. St. Paul fell off to 192½ and Louisville which had advanced 2¼ reacted to 2¼. St. Paul was bought freely at the low level and recovered to 194 causing a slight rally all around. This improvement did not hold long as fresh selling orders appeared at 11 o'clock for the three points of coalers, Pacifics and Southwesterns to the lowest.

Trading was very animated for a time under the influence of a general selling movement which lowered practically every important stock a point or more. In the case of St. Paul, Louisville, St. Louis and San Francisco and Texas & Pacific, the reaction ran to 2 points. Losses were even more severe in the less active stocks, for instance, Amalgamated, Brooklyn Union Gas, Consolidated Gas, General Electric, New Haven, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred, North American 6% and New York Air Brake 10. Saturday's unfavorable bank statement combined with the weakness caused some closing out of long accounts and more confident operations by the bears. The market was dull and slightly above the lowest at noon. Bonds were weak at noon.

Reading recovered 1½, one-half over last night and the rally extended to a point or more in St. Paul, Missouri Pacific and a few other stocks. Renewed selling caused a sudden drop to a lower level than before, declines running to over 2 points in a number of leading stocks. Prices continued to give way particularly in the Southwestern group, some of which were down 3 points. A feverish rally of a point in St. Paul and Colorado Fuel had some effect in steading the list.

A partial rally was met by heavy liquidation again which carried prices to the lowest of the day. Money rose again on the highest of the day. Severe breaks were made in the inactive list, Wells Fargo and U. S. Express lost about 15, Northwestern 5, Lackawanna 7½ and Rock Island and Brooklyn Union Gas 6. Losses reached nearly 5 or other for Canadian Pacific, Hocking Valley, Sugar and Tennessee Coal and Iron rose 3@4 points & San Francisco, Atchinson, Southern Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern pfd, Peoples Gas and Colorado Fuel. The rally on covering by room shorts carried Reading, St. Paul, Southern Pacific, L. & N. and Canadian Pacific up a point or more and the general list a fraction. The close was active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	64⅞	63⅝	63⅞
American Sugar	124	119¾	120¾
Anaconda	102	100	100
Atchison, T. & S. F.	89½	85½	86¾
do pfd	101½	99⅝	99½
Baltimore & Ohio	106¼	104½	104½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	64½	62⅜	62¾
Canadian Pacific	136¾	131¾	132¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅜	49⅜	49¾
Chicago & Alton	36¾	35	35¼
Chi. Great Western	30	28⅝	29⅜
C., M. & St. P.	194	191	192½
C. R. I. & P.	185	176	182
C. F. & I.	84½	81⅝	82
D. S. S. & A.	19	18	18
do pfd	30	29½	29½
Erie com	38¾	37½	37⅝
General Electric	181½	181	181
Illinois Central	149¾	147	147½
Iowa Central	45	42	42½
Louisville & Nashville	139	135½	137
Manhattan Elevated	135⅝	133½	134
Mexican Central	27⅝	27½	27½
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	72½	66	66
Missouri Pacific	113⅝	107⅝	111⅜
New York Central	155½	153¼	154
Norfolk & Western	74¼	72½	73
Northern Securities			106½
Pennsylvania	162½	160½	160½
People's Gas of Chic.	103	101	101½
Reading	69⅝	67¼	68⅜
Republic S. & Iron	21½	20¾	20¾
do pfd	71	69½	69¾
Southern Railway	38	36⅞	38
Tenn. Coal & Iron	65½	62⅝	63
Union Pacific	103⅜	102	102⅜
U. S. Leather	13⅜	13½	13½
U. S. Steel	39⅜	39	39⅛
do pfd.	89½	88	88⅛
Wabash	34	32½	32¾
Western Union	91⅝	90½	90½
Wisconsin Central	27⅛	26	26
do pfd	51	50	50

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There is nothing very bad about the money situation. The real bugbear is the coal strike. The course of the market will depend on the strike developments. Should the strike last for another month we are bound to see lower prices than have yet been seen. My opinion is that the mines will be running within two weeks. I advise purchase of stocks and do not expect to see prices touch as low a figure again. I understand that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. will protect Union Pacific below 104 and other insiders will do likewise with the specialties. It is now the policy of the big interests to hold prices around the present level. Rockefeller, Keene and Gates are long stocks and express hopeful sentiment.

* * *

Dick to B. E. Baker: What the market needs most of all is a short interest. We will probably get this from now on. A great many people who have been wildly bullish are changing their sentiments. Stocks which have been marked up by pools are the comparatively weak features. In spite of the apparent unsatisfactory aspect of the strike situation at Washington we are inclined to think that matters are shaping themselves towards a settlement.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The money situation in New York is still bad. Some houses are sending out notices that they will be obliged to charge their clients whatever money costs on call. Operators who are carrying securities must bear in mind this, as without a radical change occurs interest will be high for the current month. We will do the best we can for our friends, based on the cost of the money to us.

* * *

Dominick to Harris, Gates & Co.: Germany is raising its discount rate following England and shows they are not going to relieve our loan market except at a big premium. We can't look for help from them and if our loaning rate should decline below 6 per cent we are likely to export gold. This market has only begun to decline, in my opinion. We say sell, sell, sell. We take the ground if customers get out generally now they will have a great opportunity to gather around the bargain counter when pools really start in to unload. We don't think industrials will revive after this liquidation is complete, again, for a long time, but railroads will rally. Stick when the turn comes.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	19	19½
Arcadian	4⅝	4⅝
Allouez	2¼	2⅜
Atlantic	25	...
Anaconda	24½	25½
Amalgamated	64	64½
Calumet and Hecla	530	...
Centennial	16½	16½
Copper Range	56	56¼
Franklin	9½	10
Isle Royale	...	14
Bingham	28½	29
Mass	15	15¾
May Flower	1¾	2
National	1	1½
Mohawk	47	47½
Michigan	10	11
Old Colony	2	2¾
Old Dominion	16¾	17½
Osceola	67	68
Parrot	25	28
Phoenl	4¼	4⅝
Quincy	125	127
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	1⅝	1⅞
Tamarack	160	170
Tecumseh	1⅞	2
Tri-Mountain	95	100
Utah	20¾	21
Victoria	5¼	6
Winona	4	4¼
Wolverine	58	60
Wyandot	1	1¼
Elm River	2½	3
Trinity	10½	11
Dominion Coal	125	130
Daily West	49	50
Green Con	25⅜	26¼
L. S. & Pittsburg	80	...
U. S. M.	20⅜	21
Calumet and Pittsburg	56	...
U. S. Oil	14½	14¾
Calumet and Arizona	...	100

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 6.—The cotton market opened easy with prices 1 to 3 points lower and following the call broke badly under general liquidation, while the room longs at once took the lead. The impression seemed to have spread generally through the trade that the former Wall street bull syndicate would put out than enough shorts to offset its January holdings and was already working on the short movement. The Liverpool cables at the time of the local opening were a disappointment, but finding our market weak, the English market quickly followed our points from the top and sent liberal selling orders to representatives here. In a spasmodic way speculation was very active during the session with professional operations in the lead.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8.90; middling gulf, 8.15; sales, 300 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady; October, 8.55; November, 8.53; December, 8.62; January, 8.68; February, 8.66; March, 8.57; April, 8.56; May, 8.58.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $224,029,854; gold, 136,598,903; silver, $9,222,517; United States notes, $4,989,766; total receipts 1890, $102,438; national bank notes, $15,583,483; total receipts this day, $1,803,604; total receipts this month, $10,021,839; total receipts this year $215,513,705; total expenditures this day, $1,690,000; total expenditures this month, $8,320,000; total expenditures this year, $206,381,976; deposits in national banks, $1,9,139,630.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minneapolis Tribune, St. Paul:—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the briskest trade on logging horses was had today. Stillwater lumbermen were aggressive buyers and the trade from the Northern logging districts.

The inquiries for good drivers and business horses had a perceptible improvement, and had a good clearance in that line. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@225
Drafters, choice	135@ 145
Drafters, common to good	115@ 125
Farm mares, extra	115@ 145
Farm mares, choice	90@ 115
Farm mares, common to good	60@ 80

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Cattle: Receipts, 25,000, including 10,000 westerns. Active and steady; others dull, weak. Good to prime steers, $7.25@8.50; poor to medium, $3.75@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.90; cows, $1.25@5.50; heifers, $2@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3@7; Texas fed steers, $3@4.25; western steers, $3.50@5.75. Hogs: Receipts today, 20,000; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 3,478; good to choice higher; others steady to 5c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.85; good to choice heavy, $7.50@7.90; rough, $7.35@7.65; bulk of sales $7.30@7.55. Sheep: Receipts, 40,000. Market dull and weak. Good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.50@3.40; western sheep, $2.70@3.75; native lambs, $3.50@6.40; western lambs, $3.75@5.15. Official Saturday: Receipts—Cattle 708; hogs 6713; sheep 2857. Shipments—Cattle 773; hogs 5185; sheep 2556.

HEAD-END

Collision on Sante Fe Resulted In Two Deaths.

Ardmore, I. T., Oct. 6.—Two freights on the Santa Fe road collided head on near here today. Two members of the crew were killed and are still busied under the wreck and five were injured, two perhaps fatally. The dead:

JOHN CONWAY, engineer, Gainesville, Tex.

J. M. LOFTUS, fireman, Gainesville.

Of the injured, Thomas Vaughn, conductor, Gainesville, and A. E. Harvey, bridge foreman, Paul's Valley, I. T., may die.

The collision resulted from a misunderstanding of orders.

IMPORTANT

Developments Expected From Mysterious Disappearance of Mitchell.

Philadelphia, Oct. 6.—The belief prevails in railroad and coal circles that the mysterious disappearance of President Mitchell from Wilkesbarre foreshadows an important development in the coal strike situation. It was rumored that the man with whom Mr. Mitchell conferred in this city last Monday was Martin Maloney, a close friend and business associate of P. A. B. Widener, and the call made today was for the purpose of again seeing Mr. Maloney. Nobody was able, however, to locate Mr. Mitchell. Another rumor was to the effect that he went direct to Washington.

Governor Stone was closely watched at Harrisburg by those interested in the settlement of the strike, but he gave no outward sign of an unusual movement in this direction.

NOT A FULL MEAL.

"Of course you're seeking fame," they said to the literary man, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"Yes," he replied with unexpected wisdom, "but only as an entree. I'm wise enough to know that there's not a full meal in it, although it is palatable and a side dish."

A Honolulu paper holds up its

SCOTLAND WOOLEN MILLS CO.

THE BIG TAILORS Duluth Store, 119 West Superior Street.

New Fall and Winter Woolens Are Now In and Ready for Inspection.

You are especially invited to call in and carefully examine our goods. We positively guarantee a SUIT OR AN OVERCOAT MADE TO YOUR MEASURE for $15, as good as any tailor in the city will make for $35.

Special Notice—We have just received a shipment of the very latest up-to-date suitings and overcoatings from our mill. They are the finest in the land.

Our Price Is for..... **SUIT OR OVERCOAT** Made to Order...

NO MORE $15 NO LESS

HERE'S AN ARGUMENT—The cold weather is coming, there is hardly any doubt but what you will want a suit or an overcoat, and if you wait too long the cold may be such that you wont be able to get them made in time. You will then be compelled to go to a clothing store and buy a ready-made suit or overcoat. **YOU WONT GET NO FIT NOR NO STYLE** and you will pay just as much and **MAYBE MORE.** WHY NOT ORDER NOW and give us time to make them.

Below you will find a few styles of goods which names you are probably acquainted with and you know they are great bargains.

SUITINGS.

Blue and Black English Clay Worsted Suits made to order—	Black and Blue English Cheviot Suits made to order—	Inverness Highland Tweed Suits made to order—	Selkirk Hand-Woven Tweed Suits made to order—	Gallashe's Homespun Tweed Suits made to order—	Bannockburn Heather Mixture Suits made to order—	Dundee Worsted Serge Suits made to order— for only—	Glasgow Special Worsted Suits made to order—	Real Mackay frae Dunfries Suits made to order—	Huddersfield Worsted Suits made to order— for only—
$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00

OVERCOATINGS.

English Kersey, black or blue, Overcoats made to order	$15.00	Elegant English Oxford Gray Overcoats made to order	$15.00	English Melton, in black or blue Overcoats made to order	$15.00

Stripes, Checks, Mixtures, Thibet Cloths and Chinchillas and all of the very latest style goods any style wanted—made to order for only $15.00

Remember, when you order from us, you order from the mills direct. One single price and one single profit, something you cannot get elsewhere.

We absolutely guarantee perfect fit or your money back.

EDWARD HELPERIN, Manager of the Duluth Store, Scotland Woolen Mills Co.

RIGHT TO NOMINATE

For Vacancy on Ticket Accorded to County Committee.

Decision Handed Down By Judge Crosby of Hastings.

Contrary to the Opinion Given By Attorney General.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Crosby, of Hastings, today rendered an opinion holding that a county committee has the right to nominate a candidate for any vacancy not filled by the party voters at the primaries.

This is contrary to the general accepted opinion given by Attorney General Douglas a few weeks ago.

At the recent primaries in Dakota county, there was but one Republican candidate for representative, J. B. Kelly. As the county elects two representatives, it was seen that any chance the Republicans had to capture a legislative seat was cut off by reason of their having only one candidate in the field, when the voter is to vote for two. The Republican county committee held a conference and selected A. L. Dixon, of Waterford, to complete the ticket. When the chairman of the Republican county committee presented a certificate of nomination for Mr. Dixon together with the regular filing fee, the auditor refused to accept it. The committee secured from Judge Crosby on Saturday, an alternative writ commanding the auditor to accept the filing or show cause why he should not do so. The case was argued before Judge Crosby this morning. The court decreed that the alternative writ be made peremptory and permanent, and the county auditor was ordered to place Dixon's name on the official ballot.

Owing to the short time intervening between the decision and the election, the case may not be appealed to the supreme court for a final decision. The decision is just opposite to the opinion of Attorney General Douglas, which has been generally taken as being the law, but Gen. Douglas said he hoped a test case would be made to settle the question.

QUINTON IN LUCK.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The president has appointed Col. William Quinton to be a brigadier general in the army. He will retire for age on the 15th inst. Gen. Quinton is a native of Illinois and a graduate of the Chicago high school.

DEATH LIST.

Milwaukee, Oct. 6.—Newton S. Murphy, a well-known lawyer and former partner of United States Senator Matthew S. Carpenter, is dead at his home in this city, after a three weeks' illness. Mr. Murphy was also at one time proprietor of the Milwaukee Sentinel. Death was caused from stomach trouble. Mr. Murphy was 69 years old.

East Las Vegas, N. M., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Josie Carson Squires, better known as Josie Carson, daughter of Kit Carson, the noted scout and Indian fighter, is dead at the territorial insane asylum. She was admitted from Raton, in 1898. Mrs. Squires had not lived with her husband for several years prior to incarceration in the asylum.

Columbus, O., Oct. 6.—Ex-Governor John B. Neil died this morning after an illness of ten months from cancer of the throat. A wife and one daughter, Mrs. A. B. Benney, of Pittsburg, survive him. He was 69 years of age.

Shanghai, Oct. 6.—Liu Kung Yi, the famous viceroy of Nanking, died today.

EVIDENTLY MURDERED.

Body of Greensville, Wis., Farmer Found In Barn.

Appleton, Wis., Oct. 6.—The body of Herman Schroeder, a Greenville farmer, was found today in the barn of Karl Ludwig, his stepfather. Schroeder came to Appleton Saturday and drew $500 from the bank, intending to make a purchase. He spent the money in various ways and then started to walk back to his home. On his person were found $16.03 and a bottle of strychnine. The theory of suicide is not held. It is thought that the man was murdered for his money.

MAY SEE PRESIDENT.

Plans to Have Him Drive Out Wednesday.

Washington, Oct. 6.—The following statement was made at the White House today:

The president has expressed to Commander-in-Chief Torrence, of the G. A. R., his keen regret at his inability to review the parade of the G. A. R. on Wednesday. His doctors feel that he should not subject himself to the strain. He has, however, thought in some way he might be able to greet the members of the G. A. R. in Washington and their families who accompany them. His physicians today stated that if nothing unforseen occurred in his condition and if the weather was favorable, he could safely be driven along the line of the parade on Wednesday; and it is hoped this arrangement can be carried out.

SOFT COAL

Selling For $19 a Ton In New York.

New York, Oct. 6.—Nineteen dollars a ton is the price of soft coal in New York today. Anthracite has no fixed price. One lot of five tons was sold today for $125 by one retailer, and 85 cents a bushel is now being asked in some places. This is at the rate of $32 a ton.

The cargo of the City of Chicago, Welsh coal, was put on sale today at $15 a ton.

RAN A LOTTERY.

Four Grand Rapids, Mich., Citizens Are Arraigned.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 6.—Four of the most prominent officials and citizens of Lake county and D. H. Miller, of Chicago, were arraigned here today before United States Court Commissioner Potter on a charge of running a lottery and promoting the fraudulent use of the United States mails. The officials are: Sheriff Willis Messengers, Probate Judge Ernest Nicholson, County Treasurer Homer Cutler and Postmaster Elmer E. Herendon, of Baldwin. The latter is also president of the village. The lottery scheme was intended to boom the college of Baldwin and to dispose of lots. The lottery was broken up a couple of months ago, but it is alleged that it has been conducted quietly since then.

BLUFFED ENGLISHMAN.

The Lord save me from an Englishman who has done things, or says he has," said a Western man at the Waldorf-Astoria to the New York Tribune. "Such a one will spoil any party, and throw gloom on any gathering he happens to be in. An Englishman of this type was once a visitor in my town, and at the club he became an unmitigated nuisance. No matter what story was told, the Britisher invariably went the narrator one better. For example, one man told of a big faro game he had seen at Cheyenne in those never-to-be-forgotten days when cattle sold at $75 each, and every one in the cattle country simply reeked with wealth. It was a good story, but as soon as it was finished the Englishman rang in one of an experience he had had at Monte Carlo that made the Cheyenne tale seem like a bottle of flat champagne.

"Then an ex-army officer told of a company of infantry at Gettysburg that had been sent to capture a certain hill. They didn't secure it, but 75 per cent of the company lay dead or wounded on that bloody hillside before the boys in blue could be driven back.

"The Englishman capped that with an experience of his in India. Out of a company of seventy-six Sikhs that he commanded only two escaped—himself and another—the other shot so full of holes that he looked like a nutmeg grater.

"When the refreshments made necessary by this last anecdote had been imbibed, another man so forgot himself as to relate an experience he had had while hunting bears. The Englishman chimed in at once with a legend of a bear hunt of his own. He had only six shots in his magazine rifle, and was attacked by four adult and two cub bears. After an exhibition of fancy shooting that must have made the performances of 'Wild Bill' or 'Billy the Kid' look amateurish, the last bear fell, shot through the heart, only six feet from where the doughty Englishman stood.

"The silence that followed the relation of this Munchausen positively hurt, but when it was at length broken the fate that Englishman had so long been tempting was upon him.

"That experience," said the soft voice of a six-foot mining man, who had been silent, "reminds me of a similar one I myself once had. I was after antelope and had chased a pair of them all the afternoon. They finally came to a canyon and made for it. Just as they got to its entrance I shot twice at them, missing both times. I didn't fire again, for the reason that those two shots were all that I had in my magazine rifle. Nothing daunted, I spurred my weary mount forward and soon found myself within the shadows of the canyon, which rose precipitously. With the idea of resting my horse, I dismounted, and that wretched bronco took prompt advantage of my kindness by jerking the reins from my hand and making a bolt for it. Looking around for the cause, I saw a grizzly at least nine feet high rushing toward me with open mouth. I can tell you I legged it up that canyon, and a busy brain accompanied me. I couldn't shoot the grizzly, for my last shot had been fired at the antelope. Just then a rock came into view.

"Here the miner came to a full stop, and the deeply interested Englishman leaned breathlessly forward. 'What,' he queried, 'what did the bear do. 'What,' he queried. 'Why,' returned the other, without batting an eyelash, 'he ate me up, of cousre.'"

WOULD HER HALO FIT?

Trials of the Salesmen With Certain Women.

She was young, pretty and vivacious and he was an oldish, tired-looking man in charge of the trinket counter in a shop devoted to feminine specialties, says the Brooklyn Eagle. "I want to see the very latest thing in fancy pins and buckles," she announced as she peered through the glass case. "Is must be the latest wrinkle and the oddest thing you have." The salesman patiently trotted out boxes and trays, but the capricious customer was hard to suit; nothing was new enough. Mrs. Brown had a pin like that, or Miss Black a buckle like that, and she wanted to get something different from any of her friends. After half an hour's search she smiled sweetly at the tired man behind the counter and remarked that "she guessed she'd come around again in a week or two. Nothing there was quite new enough."

The man carefully and quietly put away the array of trinkets (everybody does things quietly in that shop, and then said for the benefit of nobody in particular, but in the hearing of half a dozen: "I wonder if that girl ever gets to heaven if she will want to inspect all the halos and then decide to come to earth for awhile in case the styles are not new enough to suit."

LEWIS AND CLARK BULLET.

When the Lewis and Clark expedition passed through the valley of the Blackfoot nearly 100 years ago, a member of the party fired an ounce musket ball into a sapling. That ball, for the first time in all the years since, has just been brought to light, writes the Helena correspondent of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A carpenter found the ball imbedded in a piece of lumber he was sawing near Warm Springs, Mont. It was an ordinary piece on which he was working when hos saw struck a strange substance that looked like a knot, so rich was the pitch settled about it. But when the saw had bitten its way through it was seen that the object was a leaden bullet, almost perfectly round, showing that it had met with little resistance in entering the wood.

A little calculation on the rings found in the wood showed that the tree from which it came was about 3 feet in diameter, while the old ball was lodged about 3 inches from the heart of the tree. Crude though these estimates may be, they are sufficient to show that the ball must have been in the wood from 75 to 100 years. There is no record of other parties bearing firearms through this region at that period except the Lewis and Clark expedition. All those who have examined the bullet in its shell of pitch and wood are firm in the belief that it is a relic of that expedition. The lumber in which the ball was found came from a mill which gets its timber from along the very route pursued by the early explorers. The bullet is just the sort of conical bullets used in army muskets in the first part of the nineteenth century. Some of them were in use as late as the early days of the civil war in the cartridge then used for the army musket.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

BALES OF HUMAN HAIR

It is not pleasant to have a bundle of twenty pounds of human hair thrown down on a counter before you, says the New York World.

There is not only the pervasive odor, not necessarily offensive, but the attendant suggestion of its origin, the reminder of the squalid, unromantic surroundings in East Germany or Southern Russia, where reckless or avaricious peasant girls come to the friars and voluntarily have their pigtails cropped for a buble or a florin an ounce.

Looking at a row of boxes filled with brown, chestnut, drab and golden tresses, the air of the wholesale store houss redolent with the olly, ineffable human smell, one's thought is naturally of a romance of old world starvation and women's sacrifice.

Such reverie is disturbed by the wholesale merchant's placid quotations:

"Yould think France would buy most hair, wouldn't you? Well, it doesn't. England does. But France comes next. We're a warm third.

"The best hair comes from Germany and Austria-Hungary, Little Russia and Italy. The cheapest hair comes from China, and it is made up for our colored people. Over there's a lot of it."

There was a lot of it—bushels.

"It's almost as stiff, you see, as horse hair, and it's not worth much more an ounce, only a few cents."

"What is the most costly hair?"

"That," said the merchant, holding up a bunch of beautiful snow-white and silken tresses. "That, 'way beyond anything. It looks like silver, but it's worth its weight in gold.

"That's 'old lady's finest natural white,' and it costs $25 an ounce. I'll sell you an ounce of Chinese hair for 75 cents. That's the difference."

"Where do you get it?"

"Where do you get anything that brings money? Our agents look for it. The peasant women in Europe don't set great store by their hair; they all wear caps and headdresses, and even the girls think nothing of cutting off their coils or queues for $1, which they can spend on trinklets or clothes at the next fair."

"What comes next to the 'old lady's finest?'

"Why, this," showing hair which was neither so snowy nor glossy as the first sample.

"That's plain 'natural white,' and it is worth about $15 an ounce. Then comes gray, worth from $6 to $7 an ounce. Then the hair runs in a descending scale—drab, black, brown and dark brown, worth from $18 to $16 a pound, about an average of $1 an ounce if there's no drab in it. Look here, for instance."

He led the way to the end of the long wareroom, opened a deep box and drew from it and threw down on the counter a heavy bundle of vari-colored or rather tinted hair, most of the strands shading from light brown into dark brown or light black. The odor was overpowering, but not offensive.

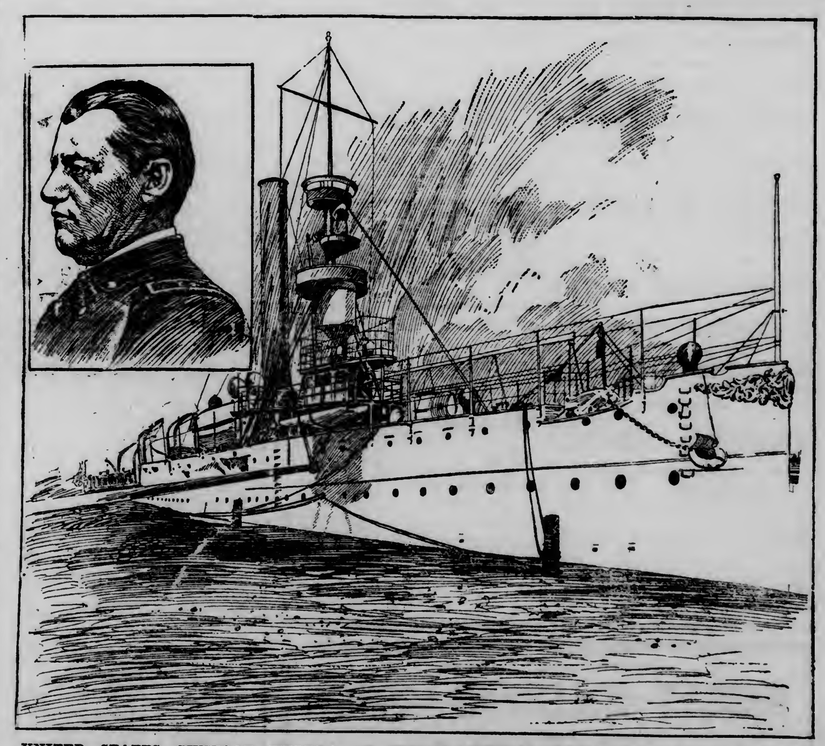
"There are twenty pounds in that bunch, and not two ounces of drab in it. The whole thing came with a lot from Russia. It's worth about $350."

"Was it all cut from the heads of living women?"

"Indeed it was. We don't touch the other kind; it's no good. You can tell it at a glance; it's coarse and brittle and it's dry and—well, it gives itself away."

The writer mentioned the Angora goat farm which is about to be established in the West.

"Yes," said the merchant, "the Angora hair is good, very good. There is always a demand for it. But it can never compare with the hair of the yak, and I suppose we've seen the last of that. Its exportation from Asia has been prohibited."



UNITED STATES GUNBOAT HELENA, IN WHICH ADMIRAL EVANS HAS SAILED UP THE YANGTSEKIANG RIVER.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, in response to repeated appeals from Minister Conger, has sailed up the Yangtsekiang river, China, in the gunboat Helena for the purpose of affording protection to our missionaries in that region, who have latterly been harassed by a faction of the Boxer party. Admiral Evans' fourteen hundred mile trip will take him through a country never before penetrated by an American vessel, and, though the Helena is scarcely a formidable looking ship, it is thought that her presence will suffice to command proper respect for our missionaries along the Yangtsekiang.

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Homes For Everybody!

Call or send to my office for particulars.

$750 Good large house and lot near twelfth avenue west, on Superior street. Terms to suit purchaser. You can buy this house with the rent you are now paying.

$800 House and lot in West Duluth. House in good repair. A snap!

$1250 House and lot on West Superior street, near Fortieth avenue west. Easy terms.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

FIRST STREET.

$2700 50x140, lower side, near heart of city. A genuine snap.

$2750 Modern 8-room house. East End. 50x140. Bargain.

$1200 House and lot in center of city; rents $16.00. Easy terms.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
201 Exchange Building.

COPPER GLANCE STOCK.

	Asked.
Copper Glance Stock is selling rapidly at	35c
Kootenai Copper less than	18c
Crooked River—less than	$1.75
Moorcroft Oil for quick turn	6c
Parry Sound, quick	10c

Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Building. Call, write, 'phone, wire.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

MONEY ON HAND

To loan on city property at very lowest rates. On or before privilege—no delay.

E. D. FIELD CO.,
204 EXCHANGE BLDG.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

Fuel Question Settled.

We have one large bin of anthracite coal for sale. Price **$5000**

And with the above we will give a beautiful eight-room house, in fine location, and in excellent condition. Immediate possession given of both house and coal. See us at once.

LITTLE & NOLTE

Money to loan at lowest rates.

Fire Insurance — Best in the World.

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

200 foot corner, East First street.

100-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg.

Boston and Return $25.00

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale Oct. 6 to 10 inclusive, and valid for return passage up to Nov. 14. City ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block, Duluth.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Farm Lands!

1400 acres of land adjoining the Jean Duluth Stock Farm, within 5 miles of the city limits, is offered at such a price as can be cut into small tracts and sold profitably.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 15	3 40
4 25	8 15	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
----	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	----	12 57
----	10 56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	----	12 34
----	11 20	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	----	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3: 15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:35
11:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.	
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and		† 1:55 p.m.	
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis		† 6:30 a.m.	
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks		* 6:43 p.m.	
† 2:20 p.m.	Minitan, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.		† 12:40 p.m.	

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday. Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

---

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m. All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. †7:15 p. m. Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 15 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	arrive a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 3:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	b 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 8:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:50 a m
a 3:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
165 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

Reliable Men and Women

For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...



HERALD WANTS.

Established 1869.

MANLEY - McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1300 Buys six-room house in Endion; city water. Only one block from car line.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1200 Buys seven-room house in fine condition, in the West End, on easy monthly payments.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor and is wired for electric lights.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights. $130 cash. Balance to suit.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1063-2, new 1306.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter. 301 E. 5th St. Zenith phone 716-2.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.

Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and at reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 936.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION BY SCANDINAvian as a delivery clerk or in some store—has had some experience. J. S. Granssted, 4106 Halifax, West Duluth.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING or any kind of housework. Address 313 West Superior street. Room 6.

WANTED — SITUATION BY LADY AS housekeeper; no objection to children. No. 44, Herald.

YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN WISHES work in boarding house or hotel for herself and husband. Address S 89, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper. Am at present employed, but desire to secure a situation, where I will have better opportunity for advancement. Very best of city references. Address X. Y. Z, Herald.

WANTED — EITHER OFFICE OR OUTdoor work, from 8 to 12 a. m. Any one securing me permanent work for that time, I will give $5. Address S 91, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GOOD ALL around handy man; understands care man; willing to make himself generally of horses and driving. Competent coachman; willing to make himself generally useful. T. B., Duluth Evening Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO TAKE home. 17½ Tenth avenue East.

EXPERIENCED SEWER WOULD LIKE work by day. 447 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—WORK DELIVERING CIRculars to advertise business premises. Address S 75, Herald.

A COMPETENT SECOND GIRL WANTS place; well recommended. J, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY TWO YOUNG men; any kind of work, in grocery or hardware warehouse; good at figures. Address S 88, Herald.



You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

---

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

(Count six words to the line.)

"Situations Wanted"

For the benefit of those who are seeking employment we will insert under "SITUATIONS WANTED" 20 words, 3 times, free of charge.

All Other Ads:

One cent per word each insertion. Minimum charge, 15 cents.

Contract rates will be furnished upon application.

For Ads.
"Too Late to Classify"
See Page 3

To Advertisers.

To insure classification on Herald want page copy must be in before 2 o'clock p. m. Classification cannot be guaranteed after that hour. Ads will be received for insertion under "Too Late to Classify" until 3 p. m.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts an advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY in order to obtain the responses.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE, CHEAP, SINGER SEWing Machine in good working order, also Ladies' Crawford Bicycle, used only one season. Call 312 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—SODA FOUNTAIN only used one summer. Address N 45, Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—CAMP FURNIture, consisting of iron beds, mattresses, springs, stoves, chairs and kitchen utensils. Mrs. Colony, between 18 and 19, Park Point.

FOR SALE — AT A BARGIN, HOUSEhold furniture, stoves and baby carriage. 1432 London road.

FOR SALE — GOOD DELIVERY horse, 6 years old, weighs 1100. Inquire ata the Acme Laundry.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

OWING TO REMOVING FROM THE city I will sell or rent good house, stable and chicken coop; lot 60x140. C. A. Dubois, 1428 West First street.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay, weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

$195 Ivers & Pond Upright Piano; good as new; can be seen at 34 West First street.

FOR SALE — JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows. I. L. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

PIANO Steinway & Sons' Upright Piano; $275 buys it; cost $500; good as new. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS FOLDING bed with mattress. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD FRESH milch cows will arrive Sept. 16. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

FOR SALE.

340 feet of 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 and 18 inch double Leather Belting. One Perkins Shingle Machine. One 9x13½x13 inch Steam Pump. One 5¼x3¾x6 inch Duplex Steam Pump. Three sets of warehouse scales.

DULUTH MACHINERY CO.,
Third avenue east and Railroad track.

$250 Upright Pianos for $158

Easy terms, $15 cash and $7 a month. Handsome cases in Walnut and Mahogany finish, beautiful tone and all latest improvements. We closed out the factory's stock on this particular style at a favorable price and are selling them at a very low figure to move quickly.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 324 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING, CLOAKS, SKIRTS, waists, made from 75 cents up. Also tailor-made suits. 30 Lake avenue north.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES' WANTED—STEADY EMPLOYment, $30.00 per month. Call at or address F. Treat, Delaware Hotel.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR plain sewing. Call at 730 East third stret.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY WITH EXperience as cashier and office assistant. Apply by letter only. French & Bassett.

WANTED—WOMAN TO CALL FOR and deliver washing. W 25, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; family of three; good wages. F. H. Boyer, 219 Second avenue east.

WANTED — A GOOD LAUNDRESS. Apply at once, 131 East Third street.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE and competent young lady for responsible position. Must have unquestionable recommedations. Address U 29, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1432 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 14 East Second street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. T. C. Phillips, 1914 East Second.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. Call 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND office assistant with references. Apply 106 West Michigan street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

APPRENTICES WANTED TO LEARN dressmaking. 19 East Superior street, upstairs, room 4.

WANTED—COMPETENT SALESLADY for leading jewelry store. Address, with references, box C 64, Herald.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office, 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge: call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street

---

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slate quarries at Thomson, Minn., wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, BOILERmakers and blacksmiths for railroad shops out of town, steady employment. Apply Room 7, Hotel Brunswick.

WANTED—TWO MIDDLE AGED MEN to sell household necessities on easy payments from wagon in Duluth and West Superior, good money. No experience required. Apply with reference T. E., McKibbon, manager, 1422 West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT Makers. Only those accustomed to finest work need apply: Steady employment. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third Avenue West.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED TEAMster for furniture wagon. G. C. Steele & Co.

WANTED — BOY OVER 16 TO LEARN the bookbinding trade. Apply Duluth Lithographing and Printing company.

WANTED—SALESMEN. THE HAWKS Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING salesman; Scandinavian preferred; good position to man of neat and clean appearance. Address T. H., 107, care of Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRIcating oil salesmen with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—QUARRYMEN AND LAborers, good wages, winter's work. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time; mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

WANTED—RELIABLE PERSON EACH district to manage business for old house. Salary $18 weekly. Expenses advanced. Permanent position. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Manager, 332 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, MINNEapolis, Minn., wants men to learn barber trade. The advantages are: Abundance of practice, licensed teachers, tools given, board included and little expense. Special inducements to distant applicants. Always demad for barbers. Write toay for catalogue.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENTNXON WILL GIVE A dime circle at 106 East Fourth street, Wednesday evening.

PROFESSOR MADAM QUINN CHALlenges the world for life and business readings. Locates mines and mining property. Business of any kind. She can be consulted 1238 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

CONSULT MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, the medium, at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE MEDium and clairvoyant. 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REAsonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM MODERN house, gas, electric light and bath. 1129½ East Second street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROMM HOUSE AT 429, Nineteen One-half avenue West.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FIVEroom cottage, with piano; low rent for winter. Richards, Twentieth street, Park Point, or 431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376.

FOR RENT — LARGE MODERN RESIdence, partly furnished if desired. 1003 London road. Zenith 'phone No. 49.

FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS NINEroom house in Park Perrace, hardwood finish, heat and water furnished, five minutes' walk from Board of Trade, 205 Lyceum building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

FOR RENT — 3-ROOM FLAT; CITY water, $11. 20 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NEW BRICK FLAT; FIVE rooms and bath; possession Oct. 1. Call 715 Torrey building.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room, very central, private family, gas, bath, furnace heat. Apply immediately, 109 Second avenue East.

FOR RENT—THREE OR FOUR UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address, P. 28 Herald.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. S. Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, Steam and bath. E. Bostwick, Third street near Fifth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply X 11, Herald.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT; modern conveniences, Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles F. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM HOUSE, 901 West Fourth street, $10 per month. Inquire Mrs. Ford, 532 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms; heated. 410 Sixth avenue West.

FOR RENT—TWO NEAT, CLEAN BEDrooms. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, gentlemen preferred. 531 West Third street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, STEAM heat and bath, etc. for gentleman. L. Gallagher, 14 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room with board. Man and wife. $17 a month. Box S 79, Herald.

FOR RENT — ONE STEAM-HEATED furnished room; electric light and bath. Apply 15 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat. Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 15 West Superior street.

BARN FOR RENT.

BARN FOR RENT—2702 HURON ST.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — THREE OR four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best of references. Address at once. F. C., Herald.

YOUNG LADY WANTS TO RENT FURnished room near Board of Trade building; references. Address M 14, Evening Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD—suitable for two young men or man and wife. Brick house, steam heat, strictly modern and very central. 320 West Second street. Zenith phone 491.

SUITE OF ROOMS WITH BOARD SUITable for two or three gentlemen or man and wife. Delaware Hotel, 28 East Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, lake view. 218 West Third street.

PERSONAL.

JOSH WILBER. WRITE TO B. Gwatkin. Address 630 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST, 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 229 West Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—CHEAP, FOR CASH a second hand wagon and double harness. Address N. P. Herald.

WANTED1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash prices paid. Address L. Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE land to sell in vicinity of Hibbing, give location and price. Address S 76, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—PART OF LADY'S BELT BUCkle, set with Turquoise. Finder please return to Herald office.

FOUND—COW, 1927 WEST FIFTH street.

LOST—DIAMOND SCARF PIN SATURday evening between Park Point and Lyceum Theatre, or on street car. Reward if returned to Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1013 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west, Zenith phone 996.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 876.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 204-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 451; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

JEWELRY REPAIRED.

EVERY FACILITY FOR FIRST-CLASS repairing. Henricksen, 333 W. Mich. St.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT, MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 561-2.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 6, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 8, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 7. Work—Red Cross Degree. William D. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. R. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2. —Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE COAL OPERATORS MUST NOW ACT

IN SESSION AT BUFFALO

Miners' Representatives Meet Manufacturers

To Try to Arrange For a Supply of Anthracite.

Buffalo, Oct. 7.—President John Mitchell and his party and the committee appointed by the National Manufacturers' association arrived here today. No member of either party would discuss the probable proposition to be submitted for a plan whereby the manufacturers might secure a supply of anthracite coal and thus keep their plants in operation during a continuance of the strike.

The conference between President Mitchell and the committee of the Manufacturers' association began at 9:45 behind closed doors.

The committee from the Manufacturers' association is composed of the following members: Frank Leake, Philadelphia; George H. Barbour, Detroit; D. M. Parry, Richard Young and G. Naxwell, of Indianapolis.

When seen by an Associated Press representative at the Iroquois hotel this morning, before the beginning of the conference, Mr. Parry said:

"No tentative plan has been discussed by the committee. Until we get together and talk the matter over with Mr. Mitchell, nothing can be said for publication except that we have strong hopes of accomplishing something before the conclusion of this conference which will be of benefit to the manufacturers of the country."

"Have you any understanding with the operators?"

"No, we have made no move in that direction as yet. If we are able to accomplish anything with Mr. Mitchell and his colleagues we will then try to formulate a plan on a purely business basis to bring the two sides of the controversy together for the benefit of the manufacturers."

President Mitchell, accompanied by the three district presidents, Duffy, Fahey and Nicholls, arrived at the Iroquois hotel at 9:40. Mitchell declined to discuss the action of Governor Stone in calling out the entire National Guard of Pennsylvania, and refused to give the substance of what passed yesterday between himself and Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor, in Philadelphia. He was asked:

"Has President Roosevelt, directly or indirectly, made a proposition to you that the miners return at once to work at their present wages, with the promise that he would exert his powers to secure to the miners a redress of their grievances?"

"I have heard nothing from President Roosevelt since the Washington conference," replied Mr. Mitchell.

"Have you heard from any source of any such proposition?"

"No, I have not heard of it."

"Is there anything in sight which seems to promise a solution of the present difficulty?"

"Nothing that I know of."

Mr. Mitchell also said he had received no intimation that Commissioner of Immigration Sargent was looking for him aside from the published statements.

Mr. Mitchell was then called fo the long distance telephone and conversed with some one in Harrisburg, but declined to say with whom.

At 9:45 Mr. Mitchell and the three district presidents went into conference with the manufacturers' committee, behind closed doors.

At 12:45 p. m. the coal conference was adjourned until 2 p. m. Mr. Parry stated that a general discussion of the question had taken place, but that nothing tangible had been agreed upon.

"Everything is progressing favorably," said he, "and we have hopes that some definite action will be taken at the afternoon meeting."

RIOTS AT NEW ORLEANS

First Attempt to Run Street Cars In the Southern City Was Met With Violence at Hands of Strikers.

New Orleans, Oct. 7.—Violence started with the first attempt of the railway company to carry out the order of the mayor to run its cars today. Just before 7 o'clock the company started out three cars from the barns on Canal street. On each car, manned by a non-union motorman, there was a large force of policemen. Large crowds of strikers and sympathizers were on the streets. When the cars reached Miro street the tracks were blocked, and when they came to a stop a large crowd attacked them. Wire and ropes were cut and the cars were boarded. A pistol shot was fired and the non-union motorman attacked. One of them was badly cut. The police seemed unable to cope with the situation.

When the rioting spent itself three cars were left standing upon the track guarded by policemen. All the windows in them were smashed and they were otherwise damaged. F. H. Scheenyk, of Chicago, a conductor, was the man who was most badly beaten. The mob of strikers captured Scheenyk and his motorman and both consented to join the union. Some of the policemen were hurt by flying stones. The indications are that the company has imported a number of men from other cities.

As soon as news of the rioting reached the city hall, the mayor issued a call for a meeting of the police board. It is undertood that the object is to swear in emergency policemen. High officers of the militia are in the city and preparing themselves in the event of a call for the troops. Governor Heard will only order out the militia when he is notified by Mayor Capdeville that the situation has become beyond the control of the municipal authorities.

Mayor Capdeville visited police headquarters and conferred with Chief Journee after the rioting. The chief said that as the company had temporarily abandoned the attempt to operate cars on Canal street the situation had quieted down. An immense crowd of people, including strikers and their sympathizers, had gathered at Elk place and Canal, and without greater protection than is likely to be furnished by the police, there is no likelihood that the attempt to run cars on Canal street will be attempted today.

At union headquarters it was announced that the headquarters would be kept open to receive any offerings of negotiations looking to a settlement of the trouble.

MINER'S HOME BLOWN UP

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 7.—Mrs. Kukiewicz, of Brownsville, near here, called on Gen. Gobin at headquarters this morning and reported to him that her home was partially destroyed by a dynamite explosion about 1 o'clock this morning. She said the explosion set fire to the house and between the fire and the wreck caused by the explosion the damage to the house is so great that she was compelled to move out with her family. It was reported to the general that the explosion was determined upon by the Lithunian local of Brownsville. Provost Marshal Farquhar, in command of a squad of the Second city troop went to Brownsville this morning to make an investigation. Kulewicz is employed at Shenandoah colliery.

In speaking of the general orders issued last night in connection with the calling out of the entire Guard, Gen. Gobin says he desires to call special attention to the following clauses:

"He will arrest all persons engaging in acts of violence and intimidation and hold them under guard until their release will not endanged the public peace."

This, he says, will dispose of hearings before justices of the peace in the matter of these arrests and ought to have a good effect.

HOW NEW YORKERS PAY TAX

New York Oct. 7.—There was a rush to pay city taxes on the first day of collection which broke the record in the amount of money paid and in the number of persons in line. The estimated total receipts for the day reached $9,700,000. When the windows were opened more than 2000 property owners were in line. The largest single payment recorded was from the Vanderbilts and New York Central. This came in the form of one check for $800,000. The Astor estate paid in $350,000. An unexpected payment was made by the New Amsterdam Gas company on its assessments for the franchise tax. Corporations have thus far declined to pay this tax on the ground that it is unconstitutional.

Their Request For Protection Has Been Granted.

All of State Troops Sent to Guard the Men.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 7.—The news of the calling out of the entire National Guard of Pennsylvania did not become generally known through this region until this morning, the news having been received too late last night for general circulation. It was received in a matter-of-fact way, and did not cause any commotion or much surprise. The entire Wyoming valley, of which Wilkesbarre is the center, was extremely quiet this morning. The sheriff has received no reports of violence anywhere, and in fact there has been no disorder of any consequence since last week.

The situation, so far as the mining of coal is concerned, remains unchanged. There is some coal being shipped, but the quantity is very small compared with the normal production.

The absence from strike headquarters of President Mitchell and the district presidents, who are in Buffalo today in conference with representatives of the National Association of Manufacturers, made things rather quiet here. National Board Member John Fallon was in charge, but he had nothing to give out beyond the simple statement that the situation so far as the miners were concerned was unchanged. A few striking miners gathered about headquarters, but they soon left for their homes when they found there was nothing new in the situation. The action of Governor Stone in sending all the troops to the strike region is both approved and condemned. The coal company officials and others who held the same views as the operators think the governor has done the proper thing and express the hope that the great struggle will soon come to an end. They predict that with protection for the men who want to work there will be no trouble in getting a sufficient number of men to produce enough coal to relieve the situation so far as the threatened fuel famine is concerned.

The talk among the strikers as a result of the governor's action, is even more firm for holding out than it has been at any time since the suspension was inaugurated. The leaders say they look upon the struggle now as a general one of capital against labor and maintain that with the help of organized labor the country over, they can stay away from the mines until the operators are compelled, through public opinion, to yield a point. While the miners generally condemn the calling out of troops, they say they feel that in the end it will be a help to them.

They recognize the fact that great pressure was brought to bear on Governor Stone to send his entire military force into the coal fields and now that he has done it, the question of coal or no coal this winter they argue, is "up to the mine owners." The presidents of the coal-carrying railroads told President Roosevelt last Friday that with military protection they can satisfy the public demand for coal. The unionists feel confident the operators cannot make good their promise without conceding something to the men. President Mitchell's remark to the correspondent of the Associated Press last night that the military power of the United States could not make the men go to work if they did not want to was repeated today by every leader or miner spoken to. They pointed to the statements made by different authorities that since the troops came into the Wyoming region the coal production has not increased, and that very few additional men have returned to work.

None of the additional troops ordered out have arrived here. No one seems to know when they will come or where they will be placed. It is said that the headquarters of one of the three brigades will be established here.

The borough council of Plymouth, at its meeting last night, passed a resolution, with one dissenting vote, protesting against the presence of troops in the borough. A battalion of the Ninth regiment was placed in that community yesterday.

BIG NAVAL PARADE

The Grand Attraction For the Veterans at the Washington Encampment.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The sunshine which ushered in the opening of the G. A. R. encampment yesterday was succeeded today by cloudy weather. But the change had no effect on the spirits of the vast crowds, which early swarmed into the banner-decked streets and hurried to Pennsylvania avenue to take their places for the big naval parade, which was to be the chief event of the morning. Before 9 o'clock the roped-off sidewalks were packed with blue coated veterans and other visitors, while the air was filled with the blare of bands and the steady tramp of uniformed soldiers, sailors and marines marching to their allotted places in the line. It was estimated that over 100,000 visitors were in the city. The parade was under the command of Gen. Heywood, commandant of the marine corps, as marshal of the day, and consisted of all the regular troops located in and about Washington, marines and jackies from the warships, the District of Columbia National Guard, the Spanish war veterans, Sons of Veterans, high school cadets and the ex-prisoners of war, acting as escorts for the naval veterans. The column started at 10 o'clock and marched through the densely packed streets to the accompaniment of almost continuous cheers to the reviewing stand, opposite the White House, where the escorting bodies halted and formed to review the naval veterans, who filed past and disbanded near the state, war and navy building.

While the parade was in progress, the reunions of some of the army corps weer taking place in the tented city on the White Lot. The second army corps assembled in Grant tent, the association of the Fifty-third Pennsylvania regiment in Farragut tent, the first brigade of the Second division of the Twelfth army corps in Meade tent, and the cavalry corps of the Western army in Sherman tent.

The following naval veterans' associations participated: Gideon Wells association, New Haven, Conn.; Cushing Naval association, Milwaukee, Wis.; Minnesota Naval association, St. Paul; Admiral Dahlgren association, Dayton, Ohio; Farragut association, Providence, R. I.; Admiral Porter association, Louisville, Ky.; Maryland Naval association, Baltimore; Illinois Naval association, Chicago; Michigan Naval association, Detroit; the Herrick Naval association, Zanesville, Ohio; the Monitor Naval association, Brooklyn; Kearsarge Naval association, Portsmouth, N. H.; Dahlgren Naval association, Lowell, Mass.; Kennebec Naval association, Bath, Me.; Philadelphia Naval veterans, Philadelphia; Admiral John A. Winslow Naval Veterans' association, Pittsburg; Rock River Naval association, Rockford, Ill.; Admiral Boggs Naval association, Newark, N. J.; Cumberland Naval association, New Bedford, Mass.; Black Hawk Naval association, Indianapolis, Ind.; Farragut Naval association, Vallejo, Cal.; Admiral Dupont Naval association, Fort Worth, Texas; Commodore Hopkins Soldiers Home Naval association, California; Kearsarge Association of Naval Veterans, Boston; Farragut Naval association, Philadelphia; United States Veteran navy, Farragut Veteran navy, New oYrk; Admiral Porter Veteran navy, Cincinnati; Commodore Barry Veteran navy, St. Paul, Minn.; Budd Bagley Veteran navy, Buffalo; the Naval Veterans' Legion of Philadelphia; the Naval Legion of San Francisco; Association Veterans of Farragut's fleet, New York city; Survivors' association of Farraguet's fleet of Philadelphia; naval post G. A. R., Stephenson naval post 104, Hoboken, N. J.; post 400, G. A. R., Philadelphia; naval post 516, G. A. R., New York city; Admiral Dewey Association Naval Veterns of Washington, D. C.

FEDERATION

Of All Mercantile Associations of Chicago Proposed.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—A union of all the mercantile associations of Chicago in a federation, to be controlled by a president and an executive board made up of representatives of the several organizations, was proposed by President James Lawrence and the members of the shoe and leather association at a meeting of the association held last night.

The plan, Mr. Lawrence says, has been considered by the various associations, and so kindly has been the feeling towards the project that a mass meeting will be called by the shoe and leather men within a month.

The project contemplates the erection of a modern building as a home for the general association and headquarters for the several minor associations, which will retain their own identity.

BRODRICK TO MARRY.

New York, Oct. 7.—A rumor is being circulated, cables the Tribune's London correspondent, that War Secretary Brodrick is to marry the stepdaughter of a well-known judge, whose house is noted for the hospitality of its owner.

BANQUET TO OFFICERS.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Elaborate arrangements have been made by the Minneapolis Commercial club for the banquet to be given tomorrow evening for the department of the Dakota United States army officers. Addresses will be delivered by Governor Van Sant, Mayor Jones and President A. C. Paul of the Commercial club, by Congressman Fletcher, George H. Partridge, Col. Jacob Kline, Col. Williamb Quinton and Maj Pond.

VENICE SLOWLY FALLING

Great Cracks Appear In Many of the Old and Famous Buildings and Their Collapse May Occur at Any Time.

New York, Oct. 7.—Discussing Sig. Boni's work in connection with the reconstruction of monuments in Venice, a dispatch to the Times from that city by way of London, says the Church of St. Mark, the doge's palace, the procuratie vecchie, the zecca, and the churches of Santa Maria Glorios, Di Brari and Giovani E. Paolo need prompt attention if catastrophes are to be averted.

In St. Mark's there is a crack in the great arch of the Apocalypse, and the arch sags downward almost a foot. It is expected that it will be necessary to remove all the mosiacs of the arch, and that the brick wall behind them will have to be more soldly constructed.

In the doge's palace diagonal lesions are visible and it looks as though the brickwork were tumbling outward. The correspondent says that this is not surprising seeing that one of the chief internal walls was cut through in order to make room for an elevator for the heavier books in the Bibilote ca marciani.

In the procuratie vecchie there are serious cracks, caused probably by the wholesale demolition of internal walls and the stacking of heavy goods in the rooms above the colonade.

The correspondent comments on the folly of the civil engineering corps which is preparing to remove the Bibilote ca marciani to the zecca. The latter building is already in a rickety condition from top to bottom. The engineers intend to roof in the Renaissance court yard so as to make a reading room out of it.

The correspondent says it is probable that the place will tumble in before the library can be opened.

Regarding the general subsidence of Venetian soil, Sig. Boni believes that the land has sunk at the rate of about 3½ inches a century.

CHALLENGE HAS BEEN SENT

London, Oct. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for another series of races for the America's cup has been signed by the Royal Ulster Yacht club and has been posted.

The Associated Press understands that the terms of the challenge do not materially differ from those of 1900. The first races are expected to take place in August. Sir Thomas Lipton said:

"I cannot discuss the terms until the officials of the New York Yacht club have had an opportunity to deal with them and have signified their opinions in regard to them."

ROBBERS HOLD UP SALOONS

Denver, Oc. 7.—Two masked robbers held up and robbed four saloons in as many different sections of the city between 10:30 o'clock and midnight last night, and at the last place shot and instantly killed Charles Bodkin, who started to run as they made their appearance. The entire police force was put on the trail of the daring hold-ups. In every instance the robberies occurred in thickly-settled parts of the city.

PRESIDENT PROMISES

A Commission to Investigate Grievances

If the Miners Will Return to Work at Once.

Washington, Oct. 7.—President Roosevelt has requested Mr. Mitchell, president of the Miners' union, to use his influence to induce the men to go to work with the promise of the appointment of a commission to investigate their grievances and a further promise that the president will urge upon congress legislation in accordance with a recommendation of that commission. No reply has yet been received from Mr. Mitchell. The president sent Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, to Philadelphia to meet Mr. Mitchell, and Mr. Wright has reported that after the proposition of the president had been submitted, Mr. Mitchell said that he wanted to take it under consideration. The Miners' unions are today voting upon the question of whether they shall continue the strike, but this is upon the proposition of the coal operators and not upon the suggestion of the president to Mr. Mitchell.

It is expected that the miners will take up the suggestion of the president and decide on it after it has been presented to them by Mr. Mitchell. Commissioner Sargent arrived from Philadelphia, but had nothing to report.

The following statement was made public at the White House this afternoon:

"On Monday, Oct. 6, Hon. Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, went to Philadelphia and gave to John Mitchell the following from the president:

"'If Mr. Mitchell will secure the immediate return to work of miners in the anthracite regions, the president will at once appoint a commission to investigate thoroughly into all the matters at issue between the operators and miners, and will do all within his power to obtain a settlement of those questions in accordance with the report of the commission.'

"Mr. Mitchell has taken this matter under consideration, but the president has not yet been advised of any decision."

A SOFT COAL FAMINE

Follows on Heels of Anthracite Scarcity In New York---Thousands of Car Loads Available But Roads Fail to Haul It.

New York, Oct. 7.—It is stated that less than four days supply of coal remains for the running of the pumping stations of the Brooklyn waterworks, and unless more coal comes before Thursday or Friday, the pumping station may have to close. The gas companies in Brooklyn are all short of coal. Many Brooklyn churches probably will close if the coal famine continues.

A gang of coal pirates is at work in the harbor, and in future many captains of tugs and barges will go armed to fight the robbers. One barge captain reports that he was robbed of ten tons of soft coal while on the way from South Amboy, N. J. The captain says he was awakened by men who had boarded the barge. They were armed with pistols and he was powerless. They loaded four skiffs and disappeared with their precious cargo.

A soft coal famine on the heels of the present anthracite coal famine, according to the coal dealers, is now impending, and is likely to strike this city in a few days. While the sidings along the railroads are choked up with thousands of cars loaded with soft coal, very little of it is reaching the city and the price of soft coal is increasing day by day.

The soft coal operators have appealed to President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad to try to bring the coal to this city. Scarcity of motive power is given as the cause of the delay in shipment.

Prospects are that, in case the coal strike continues until winter sets in, the gas companies will have great difficulty in turning out the normal supply.

In Manhattan borough the gas company is manufacturing about 60,000,000 feet of gas a day and is able to so adjust its plants, that either soft or hard coal can be used to advantage. The Brooklyn Gas company is not so situated, however, and is buying all the anthracite available.

THE AIR FULL OF GERMS

Millions of Bacteria Swarm Above Streets of New York, Arising From Refuse and Endangering Health and Lives of the People.

New York, Oct. 7.—Alarming conditions in the air, in the uncleaned or improperly cleaned streets of New York have been presented to the board of estimate and apportionment by Commissioner Woodbury in his plea for an increase of $445,416 in the appropriation of the department of street cleaning. He presented statistics and photographs showing that an army of germs hover over the city, and that in the congested districts of the East Side bacteria swarm above the streets. For months a scientific investigation has been going on to ascertain the danger in the refuse of the streets, its character and the proper way to fight it. This investigation is yet incomplete. Water is the only remedy suggested. Under the direction of well-known scientists, an investigation has been proceeding since July 12, and photographs of the atmosphere were taken after many experiments between Aug. 1 and Aug. 16 to prove the statistics gathered. These photographs were taken at least twelve hours after a heavy rain in order to warrant normal conditions. Commissioner Woodbury presented data showing the number of colonies of bacteria caught by gelatine plates at the curb and at an elevation of six feet in various parts of the city. They vary from ten or a dozen colonies in the best residence districts to nearly 100,000 in the East Side. The plates were all exposed half an hour, and after being placed in an incubator were photographed.

HAD TO HAVE THE CHARTER

New York, Oct. 7.—A New York lawyer has been compelled to pawn his watch in order to get a charter for the Whippany and Passaic River Railroad company, says a Herald dispatch from Trenton, N. J. When the attorney reached the state department he discovered that he had come away without the money for the filing fees although he had brought $14,000 for the certificate. He had but a small amount of change in his pockets, and the corporation clerk informed him that without the requisite $75 there could be no filing of the charter. The lawyer protested that the parties interested in the company were awaiting a telegram from him announcing the issuance of the charter in order that a meeting could be held at once. The court attaches were obdurate however, and a visit to the nearest pawnshop was made. Here the necessary sum was realized and the charter was secured. A telegraph order for money arrived and the attorney redeemed his watch. The railroad is seven miles long and capitalized at $375,000.

STUDENTS DUCKED IN LAKE

Madison, Wis., Oct. 7.—About 200 Wisconsin university students were given involuntary baths in Lake Mendota yesterday morning during the annual class rush between the sophomores and freshmen. Hostilities were begun by the sophomores, but they were worsted in the strife. Although the freshmen were ducked, a much larger number of those given a forcible immersion were members of the class of '05. After achieving this victory the freshies added to their laurels by tearing down the soph flag hoisted for the occasion on the turret of the university boat house and flying their own instead.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

OUR "ERIN" DAMASKS--THE BEST IRISH PRODUCTS.

OUR "BELMAR" LADIES' $2.98 SHOE IS UNEQUALLED at the PRICE

OUR "BELMAR," A $3.50 LADIES' SHOE FOR $2.98--Why Pay More?

Comparison Sale

of Patent Medicines and Drugs.

Believing that the public is always interested in an opportunity to compare the prices of the different retail stores, we submit the following for your consideration. We will, in our characteristic way, without brag or bluster, give you during the next three days better values than any that have been advertised or given. No goods sold to competitors or their representatives. Our name will be stamped on each article.

Peruna---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 59c, our price 55c
Mederine---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 67c, our price 60c
Lydia Pinkham's Compound-- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 63c, our price 60c
Wine of Cardui---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 89c, our price 69c
Paines' Celery Compound--- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 89c, our price 69c
Swamp Root---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 65c, our price 60c
Duffy's Malt Whiskey------ reg. price $1.25, competitors' price 95c, our price 89c
Warner's Safe Cure---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 73c, our price 70c
Hood's Sarsaparilla---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 89c, our price 75c
Doan's Kidney Pills---------- reg. price 50c, competitors' price 35c, our price 30c
Scott's Emulsion---------- reg. price $1.00, competitors' price 65c, our price 62c
Cuticura Plaster---------- reg. price 25c, competitors' price 19c, our price 17c

GRAY-TALLANT CO.

(The New Store)

The Reliable Store.

"ERIN," OUR UNMATCHABLE TABLE LINENS.

A DOUBLE SUCCESS

Opening of the Shuberts' New Theater In New York.

Weedon Grossmith In "The Night of the Party."

Both the New Play and the Star Scored Hits.

New York, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A new theater and a new English star in a new English comedy were the chief attraction theatrically of play-going New Yorkers last night. The playhouse was the Princess, the new theater built by the Messrs. Shubert between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets on Broadway; the star was Weedon Grossmith, recalled as a comedian who won much favor in this country eight or nine years ago as a member of the late Rosina Vokes' company, and the comedy, "The Night of the Party," a gay conceit written by Mr. Grossmith to suit his own methods.

General opinion conceded an unusual measure of distinction and success to the triple novelty, the new theater being at once publicly voted as one of the handsomest of New York's newest playhouses, Grossmith an English droll of rare unction, and the piece lively and laughter provoking.

In form the entrance and auditorium of the Princess is much as the Lyceum was. The orchestra section of the auditorium, too, has about the same gradual grade from its rear to the depth of the Lyceum's main floor. Like the Lyceum, too, the Princess has but one balcony.

Unobtrusive elegance is the general effect of the decorations. This refinement of the interior is indexed by the quiet but rich effect of the frontage on Broadway, painted, as the building is, over the theater's broad entrance in a bronze that is gay without being garish.

Like the several short stairways that lead from the ground floor to the auditorium, the walls of the lobby are of waite marble. The same effect is observable in the ceiling of the entrance and about the box office.

Emblazoned quietly, but richly, on the Broadway front of the theater is its titular insignia, the coronet of a princess. This same symbol of the theater's royal name shows impressively from the walls of the lobby, again in the center of the face of the auditorium, and again high up on the rich velvet stage curtain of subdued scarlet.

The walls are burlapped in this same rich tone of red—almost turkey red it is. The carpeting, of somewhat deeper shade, preserves the general quietly bright air of the wall hangings and curtain. The center and two side aisles are roomy, as are the spaces between the rows of chairs, which are cushioned, and gray green in color. There are eight boxes, four on each floor.

Simplicity, comfort and compactness seem to have been the first aims of the management in their plans for the interior. This designedly polite air of the surroundings is to be observed in the general conduct of the house. An orchestra has been engaged that is remarkable for the absence of brass instruments. Each player is a soloist, moreover, who will, as occasion may offer, distinguish the entr'acte musical program with carefully selected numbers. Nahan Franko, favorably known as a conductor of musical forces, has been secured as leader.

Another feature that promises to distinguish the Princess will be, it is announced, the decorum of employes. A sincere effort will be made to prevent all possible annoyances to patrons.

Particular little niceties have been designed in the service and government of ushers, program boys, ticket takers, and ticket salesmen. With all these innovations realized as the Messrs. Shubert have designed them, and with the theater itself an assuredly handsome and politely atmosphered resort, it would seem that only the right attractions are needed to make the new house a sturdy little rival of its sister houses of the Shubert trinity.

The story of the new theater's first guest, "The Night of the Party," written by Weedon Grossmith, which enjoyed a run of a year at the Avenue theater, London, is as follows:

Lady Hampshire, a typically "smart" English society woman, is carrying on a flirtation with a bachelor, a man about town, in his flat, she having married a man twenty-five years older than herself, and in her words she says she is taking "tag end of a lease." Their tastes are not in sympathy, and she finds the society of the young men about town more congenial. Mr. Frayne—played by Mr. Sleath—has been seriously in love, some years before, and cannot forget this ideal creature. He is going abroad by the last mail train, in the hope of meeting her during the voyage. He goes to catch the train, being in good time, and Lady Hampshire goes home. His servant, Mr. Crosbie, the role played by Mr. Grossmith, is giving a party during his master's absence, which consists of several smadt servants, men about town, and ladies of all sorts. In the midst of a game of roulette, they are surprised by the ringing of the front door bell, the master having consulted a June time table instead of July. The train he has hoped to catch left an hour earlier, and he, after having some supper at the club, returns to the flat. There is great consternation. The numerous guests are concealed about the premises, as escape is impossible, there being but one entrance.

Almost directly after, Lady Hampshire, seeing the room lighted, comes back. She has quarreled with her husband and tells Mr. Frayne she has left her home for good, and wants his advice. She even goes so far as to propose an elopement, to which he strongly objects.

All this compromising conversation is heard by the numerous servants and guests, but quite unsuspected by the master, who congratulates himself on Lady Hampshire's departure, that no one knows she visited his rooms at that time in the morning.

The second act depicts the entrance hall of an old English castle converted into a hotel. Crosbie, the servant, is swaggering down here, shooting and riding and passing off as his master. Mr. Frayne, and has become engaged to a widow stopping at the hotel, whom he loves only for her money.

Alderman Hargen, also stopping at the hotel, on the lookout for a lady mayoress (he being the lord mayor-elect) the following year, and has proposed to Gypsey Vandeller, an adventuress, played by Miss Maud Hobson, assuming the name of Mrs. Casely. She is anxious to get into society, and has asked Lady Hampshire, who is stopping at the castle, to assist her. Lady Hampshire declines to know her, and so Gypsey informs her that she knows of her visits to Mr. Frayne's rooms at early hours in the morning. Lady Hampshire is horrified to discover that others also know of these visits, and she is blackmailed. Frayne arrives at the castle, and is promptly taken for the servant of the swaggering Crosbie, who has been boasting of his acquaintance with Lady Hampshire, unfortunately for him, to Sir Charles Hampshire himself.

Matters are settled by paying a large sum of money to a hospital fund, which Crosbie agrees to, as it does not come out of his pocket.

The third act is back again at Mr. Frayne's rooms. Many complications ensue in this act, but Crosbie eventually pulls his master out of the difficulty.



Suppose

Suppose you give yourself a rest to-day—and give your family a treat. Suppose you sit comfortably and run through the recipes in the Apitezo booklet. See how easy they are and how little time and trouble they take.

Try this one:

Apitezo With Baked Apples:

Peel and core tart apples of uniform size. Put in baking dish, fill cavities with sugar and spice, allowing one-half cup of sugar and one-fourth teaspoon nutmeg; add a slight grating of lemon peel and a few drops of the juice to six apples; cover bottom of dish with boiling water; bake until tender, basting often with the liquid surrounding them. Do not allow them to overcook. Cool, and serve one on each Apitezo biscuit with cream.

Think how good it would look,—and taste. Apitezo is as good as it looks—and as good for you as it is good to your taste. Apitezo is the new biscuit cereal which requires no cooking. It is substantial, wholesome, easily digestible. And it does make red blood. Booklet in package tells why.

Doctors commend it
Grocers sell it.

Apitezo

WILL ASK NEW TRIAL

Henderson, Found Guilty of Murder, Wants Another Trial.

Attorney Daniel Waite Announces This Will Be Done.

Motion Will Probably Not Be Made For Ten Days.

Charles Henderson, who was convicted in district court about three weeks ago of murdering Ida Henderson, his alleged wife, will ask for a new trial. His attorney, Daniel Waite, has given notice that he will make such a motion.

Mr. Waite said this noon that he was not sure when he would argue on the motion, but that it would probably not be before Saturday of next week.

County Attorney McClintock said this noon that he had not yet been informed of action to be taken to secure a new trial, as he has been out of the city for some days.

Daily inquiry has been made at the court house and of the authorities as to when Henderson would be sentenced, but this action on the part of his attorney will mean that sentence will not now be rendered until after the argument is made for the new trial.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

DUCKED

In Lake Mendota Were the Students In Annual Rush.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—As a result in the annual freshmen-sophomore rush at the university, the freshmen came out ahead. Probably every student that entered the rush was ducked in Lake Mendota, but the sophomores swallowed more of the cold water than did the freshmen. An unusual feature of the rush was the appearance of Acting President Birge and the sheriff. The sheriff ordered a husky sophomore to come down from the boathouse roof and to bring the '06 flag with him. The sophomore took his time and several freshmen helped him. Finally the sophomore, clinging to the flag, was dragged from the roof still clinging to the flag. The freshmen turned out 600 strong, and the 'sophs were nowhere when the vast horde swept toward the lake after leaving the gymnasium class. Each freshman wore a bright red ribbon and had his face blacked, and this identification served good purpose in keeping them together. The rush continued far into the night. Directly after the ducking contest hundreds of students, dripping wet, paraded the streets yelling and singing. All Madison turned out to see the fight in the water and a hundred feet from shore the water was filled with crowded craft of all kinds.

PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The president's condition continues satisfactory to his physicians. He saw quite a number of visitors today.

BROUGHT TO JAIL

Joseph Grazek, Killer of Eli Seacizech, Brought to Duluth.

He and His Friends Reluctant to Discuss Affair.

Thomas Fenlon Is Ill and Cannot Be Moved Yet.

County Attorney John M. McClintock returned this noon from a visit to the Vermilion range, where he was called the other day to investigate the shooting affray at Tower. While at Tower, Mr. McClintock was called to Ely, where another murder was committed Sunday night.

Night Watchman Peter O'Connor of Ely also came down on the noon train, bringing to the county jail Joseph Grazek, who is charged with the murder of Eli Seacizech. Grazek waived examination yesterday and was bound over to the next grand jury.

Mr. McClintock said this noon that Grazek and Seacizech, two young unmarried Austrian miners, were at a dance in an Ely boarding house Sunday evening, that the beer was passed around freely, and trouble broke out between them. The keeper of the boarding house put them outside, where the fight was renewed with fists.

During the melee, Grazek is claimed to have drawn a 22-caliber revolver and shot Seacizech through the heart. The county attorney has the bullet which was taken out at the autopsy, also the revolver with which the shooting was done.

Mr. McClintock says that there were a number of Austrians either mixed up in the trouble, or witnesses of the killing, but that it was very difficult to get any testimony from them at the inquest. None of the witnesses or Grazek can speak English, and they are all averse to saying a word about the trouble.

Relative to the Tower shooting, in which Thomas Fenlon killed Gust Anderson, Saturday evening, Mr. McClintock says the doctors have stated that Fenlon will not be able to leave his bed for about two weeks, as he is a very sick man. In the meantime he is in custody, and an officer will remain by his bedside until he is able to be moved. Fenlon is said to be anxious to get out and secure bonds for his appearance.

The state will work at a serious disadvantage in the Fenlon case, for the reason that there were no other witnesses to the shooting than Fenlon and his wife, and under the law neither can be compelled to give evidence against the other.

Anderson, who was killed, was a hard-working man, with a wife and four children. Two years ago, while out hunting, he shot and killed a companion, giving himself up and claiming it was an accident. There being no witnesses, he was not held for trial.

The charge against Grazek, Mr. McClintock says, is manslaughter in the first degree. It was considered a felonious assault for the reason that the shot was not fired in self-defense.

You can't afford to delay if you want a piano. The great piano sale at French & Bassett's will solve the problem for you for little money.

Cheap Rates to COPPER COUNTRY

On Steamer Argo.

Leaving Duluth every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 p. m., arriving at Houghton 7 a. m. following days—14-hour service. No stops. First class fare, including meals and berth, $5.00 one way; $8.00 round trip. Second class, $2.00.

SUCCESSFUL

Was First Meeting of the New Matinee Musical.

Yesterday afternoon the first meeting of the Matinee Musical was held at the Temple recital hall, and a very large audience listened to a most delightful program of Scotch and Irish music. The program for yesterday was arranged by Mrs. G. Herbert Jones and Mrs. Margaret MacLean, and great credit is due them for the excellence of the first meeting. The first number was a bagpipe solo by Professor John Smith, which illustrated splendidly the rather shrill music typical of Scotland. The two songs by Miss Elizabeth Bailey, which followed were sung with feeling and were greatly enjoyed. Milton G. Griffith, the tenor who has lately come to Duluth, added to his popularity with his rendering of two of Laurence Kellie's songs, "I Had a Flower" and "Over the Desert." Mrs. MacLean's piano solos were played in a finished manner, and the group of Scotch songs by Miss Rebecca Mackenzie was received with all the enthusiasm that always greets this charming Duluth artist. Miss Mackenzie's songs were "Kelvin Grove," "I Loo Na' a Laddie but Ane" and "Mary Morrison." Mrs. F. G. Bradbury played with feeling and in a very satisfactory manner.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder

I Will Cure You of Rheumatism

Else No Money Is Wanted.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month and, if it succeeds, the cost is only $5.50. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.

I have no samples, because any medicine that can affect Rheumatism quickly must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take the risk.

I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay gladly.

I have learned that people in general are honest, with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. I will send you my book about Rheumatism, and an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, as it won't harm you anyway.

If it fails, it is free, and I leave the decision with you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 985 Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

SCORNED IT.

How Y. W. C. A. Young Woman Brand Traditionary Danger.

Although the classes in the gymnasium of the Y. W. C. A. began yesterday morning and continued in the afternoon, it was not until evening that the number and enthusiasm showed in their fullest extent.

Last evening there were thirty-seven young women at the meeting and every one of them was bubbling over with enthusiasm. Because of the non-arrival of the apparatus, the exercises were necessarily limited, but the young women were marched and counter-marched, and there is every reason to expect that in a few weeks there will be a set of young women of Duluth that will be ideal "steppers." But they are not only learning how to walk; they are also acquiring the masculine quality of bravery. Yesterday, in one of the classes, the instructors of the Misses Culver were interrupted by one of the pupils, who, with extended arm and decided voice, announced that "there is a mouse behind that screening over there." She was blandly answered by one of the others: "Well, that's the proper place for him. Gracious, we don't want him to see our bloomers!" Thus at one fell swoop are the traditions of woman's courage removed.

AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

Speaker Paints Pathetic Picture of Marie Antoinette.

This morning, in the Assembly hall of the High School, Charles W. Seymour, a New York historical lecturer, spoke to the students and a few outsiders on "Marie Antoinette." Mr. Seymore is a most charming speaker, and his lecture was vivid and accurate, bringing before his audience the pathetic, beautiful figure of Marie Antoinette as plainly as if it were contemporary history. The sad story of the little Austrian princess who was sent to France when she was little else than a child, of her endeavors to please everybody and to love everybody, of the grievous mistakes she made in diplomacy, and of her sad death was told with the dramatic intensity the subject warranted.

Mr. Seymour will lecture tomorrow morning on "Charlemagne" and on Friday morning on "Pericles."

Y. W. C. A. GYMNASIUM

Classes for Women and Girls.

Morning, afternoon and evening. Rates—Women, $5.00 a year (two lessons weekly); girls, $3.00.

DEFIANT.

Olaf Melander Says He Will Never Be Taken.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—A Stillwater, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Olaf Melander is skulking about the woods near Valley Creek and defies arrest. He is armed with a double-barrel shotgun and two revolvers. People in the neighborhood are afraid to attempt his detention. Henry C. Meyer, a merchant of Valley Creek, talked with Melander yesterday. He found him lying by the roadside in the outskirts of the village. Melander stated that he would never be taken alive, but would die with his boots on like a man.

He was outside the Meyer store Sunday night when a deputy sheriff and others were talking about him. He then learned that his wife was still alive. His object in remaining in the vicinity was to finish his wife and also to kill her brother, Sam Kelly, a half-breed.

WERE DRUNK.

The Two Men Cut Into Pieces Near Baltic.

Houghton, Mich., Oct. 7.—The two men killed near Baltic, on the Copper Range tracks, Sunday evening, were in a drunken stupor, lying on the rails. As the train rounded a curve, the engineer saw the men and whistled as a warning and when the men did not seem to notice, he tried to stop the train. The men were cut to pieces. Evidence of intoxication was found in an empty whisky jug beside the tracks. The men were John H. Miller and Albert Matek, miners.

Great PIANO Sale..

$250 Upright Pianos

$158

Terms—$15 Cash and $7 a Month.

Absolutely new and from a thoroughly reliable manufacturer. Mahogany or walnut finish cases. Full nickel plated tuning pins—ivory keys—full swinging duet music desk and Boston fall board. In fact a thoroughly up-to-date piano with all new improvements. Guaranteed for five years. Handsome stool and draped cover furnished free with each piano. We closed out the manufacturer's entire stock on the above style of piano at a most favorable price for spot cash and are thus enabled to offer them at this exceedingly low price.

SAMPLE PIANOS at from $75 to $110 discount from the regular legitimate selling price. **All on easy payments if desired.**

NOTICE!

Don't delay if you want one of these bargains, for they are being taken rapidly. We sold seven pianos yesterday, (Monday), and are receiving inquiries and orders from the surrounding country as well as Duluth and Superior.

French & Bassett

DULUTH, MINN.

Reliable Piano Dealers.

ATTITUDE

Of President Toward Colored Men Is Clearly Expressed.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Bishop Alex. Walters, of New Jersey; Bishop G. W. Clinton, of North Carolina, and Rev. L. L. Carruthers, of New York, representing the executive committee of the Afro-American council, called upon President Roosevelt today to learn his attitude toward the movement among certain Republicans of the South to exclude the negroes from participation in the councils of the party. Postmaster General Payne arrived at the White House while the conference was in progress. They announced that the president had stated to them that his actions in all matters affecting the race was his answer as to his attitude toward the colored man; that in appointments, the character, and the esteem in which the applicant was held in the community in which he lived would be the first consideration, and that no man would be excluded because of his color. That he heartily disapproved of the efforts of certain Republicans in the South to exclude the negroes from participation in politics was known, so they represented the president as having stated, to those in authority in the movement. Moreover, it also was stated that the president had cited his action in removing District Attorney Vaughn, of Alabama, who was the head of the White Republican movement in the state, as evidence of his attitude. It is intimated that this attitude would be further emphasized in the appointment of his successor. When Bishop Walters and his associates departed they expressed themselves as completely satisfied with the president's attitude and it is understood they will issue a statement defining their position as well as the president's attitude.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Following is an abstract of the monthly report of the comptroller of the currency:

The number of national banking associations was increased during the month of September by the organization of thirty-eight banks, with aggregate capital stock of $3,030,000, bonds being deposited thereby as security for circulation to the amount of $506,750. Fourteen of the associations with capital of $2,425,000 were with individual capital stock of $50,000, or over, and twenty-four with capital $605,000 banks of the class authorized by the amendment of March 14, 1900.

The number of conversions of state into national banks during the month was seven, of which four with aggregate capital of $105,000 were of the smaller class, and three with capital of $675,000 of the larger. Five of the associations, of which three were organized with the minimum amount of capital each, were banks organized to succeed state or private banks, placed in liquidation for that purpose. Banks of primary organization numbered twenty-six, of which nine with aggregate capital of $1,650,000, were of the larger class, and seventeen with a total capital of $425,500 of the smaller class.

From March 14, 1900, to Sept. 30, 1902, there were added to the system 1179 associations with aggregate capital stock of $68,564,500 of which 785, with capital of $20,859,500 were of the smaller class and 394 with total capital of $47,725,000 with individual capital of $50,000 or over. Included in the total number of organizations are 153 banks, with capital of $11,565,000, which were converted from state institutions. There were organized as successors to state or private banks placed in liquidation for the purpose 556 associations, with total capital of $20,510,000. The resulting number of primary organizations is 670, the aggregate capital being $36,689,500.

The total number of national banking associations organized during the existence of the system is 6443, of which 4651 were in operation on Sept. 30. National banks to the number of 1405 have been placed in voluntary liquidation and 387 in the charge of receivers.

The authorized capital stock of banks on Sept. 30 was $711,167,695, showing an increase in number of banks since March 14, 1900, of 1034, and in capital stock of $94,859,600. During that period bonds on deposit as security for circulation increased from $244,611,570 to $326,052,770; circulation secured by bonds from $216,374,795 to $323,845,145, or a total increase of $107,468,349. The amount of circulation outstanding secured by deposits of lawful money on account of insolvent and liquidating associations, and those reducing their circulation, increased during the period from $38,027,935 to $43,150,454. The total national bank circulation outstanding amounts to $366,993,598. The changes in circulation by denominations are as follows:

Notes of the denomination of $5, which amounted on March 13, 1900, to $79,310,710 have been reduced to $57,947,625; $10 notes increased from $79,378,160 to $148,379,140, and $20 notes from $55,770,660 to $110,681,400. In round numbers notes of the denominations of $50 and $100 have been increased from $11,000,000 to $15,000,000 and from $24,000,000 to $33,000,000 respectively. The reduction of the issues of notes of the denomination of $5 and increase in the $10 and $20 are due to the restriction placed upon the issue of $5 notes by the act of March 14, 1900.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paso Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Photographs!

WE ARE MAKING A SPECIAL AT . . . .

$1.50 per doz

THAT'S A WINNER--Bring in the Baby.

ELY Photographer 7 E. Sup. St., Near Lake Ave.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrotulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 50c and 1.00. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

THIRD FLOOR.

We direct the attention of our patrons to our display of magnificent

Oriental Rugs

In small, medium and room sizes.

Domestic Rugs

In small, medium and room sizes.

Beautiful and artistic pieces of **Fine Furniture** for the library, dining room, parlor and hall—and art decorations of every kind for the home, including some very rich pieces of bronze and Tiffany ware — Old Dutch clocks — unique tabourettes in the Moorish, India, Turkish, Teakwood, Damasens, as well as other Oriental effects — also the burnt wood and pyro etched effects.

We Also Show a very choice collection of magnificent Lamps from India and Hindoostan — rich in design and carvings of brass.

Also a collection of Rich Draperies from all parts of the old world, and direct particular attention to some beautiful draperies from India — together with a vast assortment of French, Scotch, English and American curtains, drapes and yard goods—a collection second to none in the state.

These are now shown on our new third floor—the formal opening of which will be announced shortly.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

IS FINELY RECEIVED

L. A. Rosing Getting Cordial Reception On the Ranges.

Making Tour of Two Days Among Principal Towns.

J. Adam Bede Speaking Regularly---Van Sant-Nelson Tour.

Reports from the Mesaba and Vermilion iron ranges, where Leonard A. Rosing, the Democratic candidate for governor, is prosecuting his campaign today, are that he is having a splendid reception in all of the towns, and that his followers expect big results from his trip in the iron country.

During his tour of two days Mr. Rosing is covering practically all of the principal towns of the two ranges, and the same reports come from each, to the effect that he has been meeting with large numbers of voters, both Republican and Democratic, and that a very favorable impression has been left in each place.

This is not a speech-making trip, though of course the candidate for governor on the Democratic ticket is not keeping silent altogether, and some of his little talks took almost the dignity of speeches. He is accompanied by Dr. M. B. Cullum, of the state central committee, and they will be back in Duluth tonight at 10 o'clock, after visiting Tower and Ely today. Mr. Rosing will leave on the night train for St. Paul, and he will be back for a speech-making tour later.

• • •

The local Democrats are watching with interest for the opening of Capt. M. L. Fay's speaking campaign, which will take place Saturday night at the Armory. C. D. O'Brien, the prominent St. Paul attorney, politician and orator, will be one of the speakers, besides Capt. Fay, but beyond this the program is not prepared.

• • •

J. Adam Bede, the Republican congressional candidate, addressed a good crowd at Proctorknott last night, and he was assisted in the speech-making program by J. B. Middlecoff and John H. Norton. Dr. Graham, candidate for representative, and W. W. Butchart, candidate for sheriff, were also there, but they did not make speeches.

Tonight Mr. Bede speaks at Carlton; tomorrow night at Barnum; Thursday night at Moose Lake; and Friday night at Willow River.

• • •

Governor Van Sant and Senators Nelson and Clapp are out on a speaking tour of the state that is to have no end before election day, and all of them will probably speak here. Next Monday Senator Nelson will be at Tower, Tuesday at Two Harbors, Wednesday at Duluth, Thursday at Brainerd, Friday at Henning, and Saturday at Sauk Center.

The New English Stamps.

Now that the king of England has been crowned that government is preparing to issue a new series of postage stamps showing him wearing his crown in place of the wreath represented on the present ones. It is generally admitted now is the proper time to make the change as it was considered inappropriate to represent him wearing his crown before the coronation had actually taken place. The proper time to commence taking Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is at the first symptom of a disordered stomach, such as sick headache, belching, heartburn, indigestion dyspepsia or constipation. By strengthening the stomach and perfecting the digestion these ailments are completely cured, and your health in general is made better. Be sure to try a bottle.

First Dance of the Season

To be given by Flaaten's Third Regiment Band, at the Armory, Thursday evening, Oct. 9. Fisher, prompter. Be sure to come. Tickets, 50c.

WILL RECOVER.

Miss McDaniel Overcomes an Attack of Glanders.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. Orianne McDaniel, the Minneapolis young lady physician, whose case has excited wide interest, is on the road to complete recovery. Miss McDaniel, it will be remembered was infected with glanders, the result of a special investigation by her of bacilli taken from a patient, who had succumbed to the disease. For many weeks her life was despaired of.

$250 pianos at French & Bassett's piano sale for $158, on easy terms; $15 cash and $7 a month.

Capital, Surplus, Profits

Over One Million Dollars

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Savings Department
Commercial Department
Collection Department

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Parlor theater—New show tonight.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 123 Third avenue west.

Gov. Van Sant this morning tendered Mayor Hugo the honor of representing Minnesota at the conference in Detroit to devise ways and means for settling the coal strike. The mayor was compelled to decline the honor owing to the pressure of official business.

John Gibbons, manager of the St. Louis hotel office of B. E. Baker, and Miss Julia Fitzgerald, of Minneapolis, were married yesterday in Minneapolis, and left for a week's trip in the East. They will return to Duluth to make their home here.

Wilson F. Showerman has begun action in district court against Mattie O. O'Keefe, C. J. O'Keefe, Claude S. Showerman, et al., to clear the title to the undivided half of lot 41, block 127, and lots 30 and 32, block 87, Duluth proper, third division. The property is valued at about $550.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville hits.

Special monthly rates at the Spalding in effect Oct. 1. Several desirable suites of rooms now available. New cafe to be opened Nov. 1. Rooms with or without board.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Aid society of the First M. E. church will be held in the church parlor tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

An interstate car struck a man who was endeavoring to cross the tracks of the street railway at Garfield avenue last evening. He was taken to a neighboring saloon where his wounds were dressed by Dr. Lynam. He escaped with a few cuts about the head, and after a short rest was sufficiently recovered to walk without aid.

The Bishop's club will meet in the Catholic club rooms on West Fourth street this evening.

The divorce case of Belle S. Moer against Samuel H. Moer was tried yesterday in the district court. Mrs. Moer originally brought the action on the ground of desertion. Mr. Moer filed a counter claim of desertion and Mrs. Moer allowed that to go by default with the result that Mr. Moer was granted the divorce.

PURELY PERSONAL

Capt. E. Morcom, of Tower, chairman of the board of county commissioners, came down today to attend the meeting of the board, and is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. M. M. Clark left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Lexington, Neb.

Charles Schiller and Charles R. Haines left this afternoon for Deerwood.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Batchelder, of Stillwater, are at the St. Louis.

A. S. James, of Ely, left today for Portland over the Northern Pacific.

Charles Jessmore, mayor of Eveleth, is at the St. Louis.

Miss A. Dwight, of Dryden, N. Y., is at the Spalding.

F. B. Rossom came down from Virginia today and is at the St. Louis.

W. H. Gilbert and W. D. Lawrence, of Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

Mrs. M. S. Hawkins and son, of Mountain Iron, are at the Spalding.

G. S. Bolton, of Eveleth, is at the St. Louis.

Joseph Dwyer, telephone operator at police headquarters, will leave this evening for New York over the South Shore.

George A. Stephenson, of Tower, is in the city.

Capt. W. H. Singer left this afternoon for Chicago over the Omaha.

John McGrath, of Two Harbors, is at the St. Louis.

William G. Gross, manager of the "Shore Acres" company, is in the city arranging for the production of that play at the Lyceum.

Edward E. Mitchell has returned from Roseburg and Portland, Ore., where he has been looking after his timber interests out there.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Howard and family, of 305 East Fifth street, have moved to Owatonna, Minn., where they will make their future home.

J. H. McCall and George H. Brenton returned on the Northern Pacific this morning from a successful hunting trip among the northern lakes.

SUSPECTS.

Superior Police Capture Two Supposed Bank Robbers.

Two men in custody in West Superior are supposed to have blown the safe of a bank near Winnipeg for $4000.

The men insisted on spending $200 in Canadian currency with inmates of a disorderly house.

Six of the frivolous persons chught them in the act of breaking into the house at an early hour yesterday morning, and entertained the men till the police could be summoned.

The prisoners were unable to tell where or how they got the Canadian money.

Chief Lutton, of the Superior department, notified the provincial police of Winnipeg and today received a reply to hold the suspects and send some of their money back to Winnipeg for identification.

Today the Duluth detectives, who make a practice of familiarizing themselves with the faces of all criminals they can possibly meet, went over to West Superior and looked the suspects over.

They have not the appearance of bank robbers, but there are strong lines of circumstantial evidence connecting them with the big bank robbery in Manitoba.

KILLED PETER KOSKI.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—A special to the Dispatch from Hurley, Wis., says: Isaac Strang shot and killed Peter Koski in a saloon at Pence yesterday. He is in custody here. Both are Finlanders.

Save from 175 to $110 on a piano at the great piano sale at French & Bassett's.

ASKS FOR FRANCHISE

Missabe Electric Railway Applies to County Board.

Would Connect the Range Towns By Street Railway System.

Opening of New Road to Catholic Cemetery Is Asked.

At the county board meeting this afternoon was presented a petition from the Missabe Electric railway, asking that the company be granted a 25-year franchise to construct, own and operate a street railway line in St. Louis county. The petition sets forth that the new company is now planning the immediate construction of a street railway line to connect the towns, villages and cities on the Mesaba range for the transportation of passengers either wholly or in part upon any of the public roads in the following townships: 58-14, 58 and 59-15, 59-16, the township of Biwabik, townships 57-16, 59-17, township of Missabe Mountain, township of Fayal, township of Nicholas, township of Clinton, townships 57 and 58-19 and the township of Stuntz. The petition is signed by the Missabe Electric Railway company by G. G. Hartley, president, and G. W. Buck, secretary.

The articles of incorporation of the new electric railway line were filed some weeks ago, mention being made at that time by The Herald of the proposed plans of the company. It is understood that the first part of the electric railway line will be built between Virginia and Eveleth, and that the other range towns will be included as fast as practicable.

The proposed line is believed to be one of the most important improvements started in recent years for the development of the range towns. It has been suggested that another electric railway line well within the possibilities of the future will be a route by the Miller trunk road and Swan Lake road between Duluth and the range towns. The Miller trunk road is said to run past five lakes south of Eveleth with gravel bottoms, sandy beaches and well surrounded by timber. The water is said to be clear, and if stocked with black bass, would cause the localities to vie in popularity with Deerwood, in another county. The Swan Lake road runs by two other lakes, Pike lake and Rice lake, both popular places of resort for Duluth people.

There was also presented to the board a petition asking for the opening of a road from the end of the present street railway line at Woodland to the Catholic and Polish cemeteries, on the Howard and Gnesen road, also passing the Jewish cemetery, was to be presented.

This action is a step in a movement which was started by Bishop McGolrick, and a committee of Catholics a couple of years ago. They made a thorough investigation of routes, employed surveyors and determined upon the most feasible route. The surveyors found that a route almost in a straight line and about one and a half miles in length was the best. It will have a grade not to exceed 1 per cent.

When the matter reached this stage it was presented to Commissioner Kugler, in whose district the land lies, and he assured the committee that it would receive his aid. Other commissioners have given the same assurance, and Bishop McGolrick and his fellow-workers are confident that the road will be opened.

After that the next step will be to secure an extension of the street railway line to the cemeteries.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY

AT ARMORY

Saturday Evening, October 11.

Capt. M. L. Fay, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul and others will speak.

SONS OF VETERANS

Begin Their Annual Encampment at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The annual encampment of the Sons of Veterans began at Carroll hall today. The proceedings, which were private, consisted of the submission of reports of officers and of other routine work. There was a public reception at noon at which speeches were made by Charles MacFarland, Commander-in-Chief Torrance, of the G. A. R.; Chaplain-in-Chief Ennis, of the Sons of Veterans, B. H. Warner, chairman of the local committee and others.

OPPOSED.

Mitchell Does Not Favor Proposition of President Roosevelt.

Buffalo, Oct. 7.—President Mitchell was shown the Associated Press dispatch from Washington stating that President Roosevelt has requested Mr. Mitchell to use his influence to induce the men to return to work with a promise of the appointment of a commissioner to investigate the miners grievances.

Mr. Mitchell read the dispatch carefully and then said he would not discuss the matter at all.

In reply to several questions regarding President Roosevelt's request, Mr. Mitchell made the same reply: "I have nothing to say on the subject at present."

It is learned from a reliable source that the proposition made by President Roosevelt was discussed at the afternoon session of the coal conference and that President Mitchell has taken an unfavorable attitude toward it.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.



To Prove what Swamp Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will Do For YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince you.

The mild and immense effect of Dr Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

14 West 117th St., New York City.
Dear Sir: Oct. 15th, 1901.

"I had been suffering severely from kidney trouble. All symptoms were on hand; my former strength and power had left me; I could hardly drag myself along. Even my mental capacity was giving out and often I wished to die. It was then I saw an advertisement of yours in a New York paper, but would not have paid any attention to it had it not promised a sworn guarantee with every bottle of your medicine asserting that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable, and does not contain any harmful drugs. I am seventy years and four months old and with a good conscience I can recommend Swamp-Root to all sufferers from kidney troubles. Four members of my family have been using Swamp-Root for four different kidney diseases, with the same good results.

"With many thanks to you I remain,
"Very truly yours,
"ROBERT BERNER."

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, post-paid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, when obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evident that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale the world over at druggists in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Richard Fosdick, one of the oldest mail carriers on the St. Paul force, died at his home, 673 Ashland avenue, last evening. He was stricken with paralysis of the heart as he was seated in an arm chair reading a newspaper. He apparently suffered no pain for the only warning of his demise was when his head fell forward. When his wife reached him he was dead. He was 58 years old.

Baltimore, Oct. 7.—Samuel Arnold, 72 years old, who was convicted in 1865 of participation in the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, is dead at his home at Masonville, Anne Arundel county. Arnold was sent to Dry Tortugas for life, but was later pardoned by President Johnson.

LYING IN WAIT

For Non-Union Men to Return Home.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 7.—Late this afternoon, a mob of 2000 men, women and children assembled on the hill near the Royal Oak colliery of the Llewellyn company, near here, and threw rocks and clubs at the non-union men because they were aiding in the preparation of coal. The mob grew so threatening that Frank Llewellyn, one of the owners, ordered a temporary cessation of work, and called on Sheriff Deitrich to send troops. Troops are expected from Mount Carmel. The mob is watching for the non-unionists, who are still at the mines, to go home.

STRAYED

from Poor Farm—4 heifers, 2 red and white, 2 black and white. Please notify A. P. COOK, or M. HAUG, Duluth.

MANUFACTURERS URGED

To Defeat Eight-Hour Bill In Congress.

Indianapolis, Oct. 7.—The National Association of Manufacturers is sending circular letters to manufacturers urging them to defeat the 8-hour bill pending in congress beyond resurrection. The leading labor organizations are sending the circular broadcast with an appeal to union men to pledge their representatives in congress and the senate, to support the measure. The circular letter is signed by President D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis, and Marshall Cushing, of New York, secretary of the Manufacturers' association.

All Latest Maps. Up-to-date
WALL'S MAP ROOM.
See new map Indian Reservation about to be opened. 320 West Superior Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Leslie W. Leithhead and Ophelia K. Sellwood.

Harry G. Aker and Amanda A. Biloodeau, of West Superior.

John P. Kennedy and Nina Weise, of West Superior.

Charles H. Wilcox and Hattie T. Winter.

Peter Poehr and Lizzie Schultz.

Nels Gransvik of Richland, N. D., and Ellen Gunderson, of West Superior.

BIRTHS.

CHRISTIANSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John O. Christianson, of 517 East Fifth street.

ENGSTROM—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Engstrom, of 315 Sixth avenue west.

YOUNGDAHL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Youngdahl, of 337 West Fourth street.

HOFF—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Knute M. Hoff, of 517 Fifth avenue east.

O'TOOLE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick O'Toole, of 2717 West Michigan street.

FOUNTAINE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Fountaine, of 823 South Lake avenue.

SMITH—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, of 563 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

KOLANDER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Kolander, of Thirty-first avenue west and Sixth street.

BROMAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Broman, of 1611 East Fifth street.

MULLER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Muller, of 2000 West Seventh street.

DAHL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Dahl, of 124 South Twenty-eighth avenue west.

McFARLAND—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William McFarland, of 110 First avenue west.

JELINAK—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jelinak, of 128 First avenue west.

PETERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Peterson, of 119 Twenty-first avenue west.

DEATHS.

SCHOFIELD—Edith Elaine Schofield, infant daughter of the late E. E. Schofield, died this morning at the residence of F. Schofield, 222 East Second street.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON, Open day and night.
1st Ave W and U S Dk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED — DRIVER — ONE ACquainted with city. Apply with reference, 8 Lake avenue south.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 120 First avenue west.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

ANY OLD SKIN WILL DO FOR OTHers. Uwanta satin skin; therefore use Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c. Pound best by test.

Telephone 479—
or drop a postal—

Of Benefit to You and Us

A larger trade meant better facilities.

Better facilities meant better work.

The tremendous increase in our business proves the adage.

The Yale Laundry set the pace and the price.

You share the profit.

Family Washing
3½c a pound.

The Yale Laundry

First Street and First Ave. East

HENRY WHITE

To Be Made United States Ambassador at Rome.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy at London, is to be made ambassador to Rome. The late President McKinley intended to thus reward Mr. White, but found no opportunity during his incumbency. President Roosevelt, who has formed the same estimate of Mr. White's abilities that President McKinley held, has decided to make him ambassador to Rome. The appointment, however, is not to be made immediately. Mr. Meyer, the present ambassador to Rome has just returned to that post from a visit to his home in Massachusetts and it is expected he will remain in Rome during the coming winter.

RECEIVERS ASKED.

Omaha, Oct. 7.—Rome Miller, a local capitalist, today applied to the district court for a receiver for the Kitchen Bros. Hotel company, which operates the Paxton hotel, one of the largest in the city. Mr. Miller in his petition avers that he owns one-third of the stock of the company, valued at $157,000 and alleges mismanagement of the property, asking also that recent sales of the stock and land made by the company be set aside. The hearing was set for Oct. 11.

MUST BE STOPPED

Mayor Hugo Declares Against Carrying Concealed Weapons.

Gun Play Is Getting Altogether Too Promiscuous.

Police Will Keep Special Watch For These Offenders.

Stop carrying concealed weapons!

That is the injunction of the police to all citizens.

Gun play of a dangerous sort has been too frequent of late and this morning Mayor Hugo requested the police department to keep a special watch out for people that carry weapons concealed about their persons.

Within the past two days only good fortune has saved Duluth two murders as a result of this pernicious practice.

The state law prohibits the carrying of guns concealed, but like many other statutes this law has never been enforced very strongly.

Mayor Hugo and his advisors consider the gun carrying question as something of a serious problem in view of recent circumstances.

The constant pursuit of a certain clique of union tugmen against the non-union tugmen caused the city officials to all but sanction the carrying of guns by the non-union men.

This clique of trouble promoters does not have the sanction of the big majority of the union tugmen. In fact, the union is respected for its efforts to preserve order during the recent strike, but there were a crowd of men that never failed to break over the rules of the organization.

Again there are prominent citizens that do not like to be without their guns when out late at nights.

It has been suggested to the city officers that the enforcement of the law against the carrying of concealed weapons might be enforced with discretion, or rather discrimination against those that would be likely to do shooting without just provocation.

INCREASE AUTHORIZED.

New York, Oct. 7.—Roswell Miller, chairman of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, stated today that the proposed $25,000,000 increase in stock had been authorized, but it had not yet been determined to what use this money shall be put. No details as to the terms under which this stock is to be issued are obtainable. The next regular meeting of the board takes places on Oct. 23, but it is possible that special meeting may be called before that date.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,
17 East Superior Street.
199—Both Phones—199

Cooking Apples, per peck.....25c
Crab Apples, per peck.....40c
Michigan Peaches, basket.....20c
Michigan Peaches, bushel.....$1.25
California Peaches, crate.....60c
Quince and Sweet Apples.
Cucumbers, peck.....25c
Hubbard Squash, each.....5c

Prompt deliveries to all parts of the city.

Get our prices on your Fall Supplies—we can save you money.

Read Through It

It's as clear as crystal --- you can see that the soap is pure. Dainty vegetable oils and glycerin, and the natural odor of flowers.

Jap Rose
[TRADE MARK]
Soap

The name Kirk stands for perfection in soaps, and this soap is our pride. All that cost, skill and experience can do are combined in it.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list. E

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.....**

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295

IMPORTS DOUBLED

Increase In Imports of Iron and Steel Last Year.

Exports Fell Off Five Millions In Same Period.

The Reduction In Many Articles Is Very Striking.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Imports of iron and steel have doubled in the last year, while exports of iron and steel are still falling off. The August import and export figures of the treasury bureau of statistics show that the importations of iron and steel manufactures for the eight months ending with August are $1,000,000 greater than in the corresponding months of last year, while the exportations of iron and steel manufactures are nearly $5,000,000 less than they were in the corresponding months of last year, and $21,000,000 less than in the corresponding months of 1900. In the single month of August the imports increased more than $2,000,000 over those of August, 1901, and at the present rate of gain the total imports of iron and steel in the calendar year 1902 will exceed those of 1901 by $20,000,000.

Practically every cass of iron and steel shows an increase in imports during 1902 as compared with 1901. In the month of August, 1902, the importations of pig iron were 79,447 tons, against 4301 tons in August of last year; scrap iron, 13,759 tons, against 4363 tons; steel rails, $53,704 value in August, 1902, against $737 in August of last year; ingots, blooms, slabs, billets and bars of steel, 37,420,104 pounds, against 1,670,519 pounds in August of last year; wire and articles made therefrom, 520,825 pounds, against 358,750 pounds; machinery, $343,472, against $171,755 in August of last year. Considering the figures of eight months ending with August, 1902, compared with eight months of 1901, the figures stand: Pig iron, $4,676,649, against $886,373; ingots, billets, booms and bars of steel, $4,783,432, against $863,315, and machinery, $2,824,021, against $1,950,827 in the corresponding months of last year.

On the export side the reduction in many articles is equally striking. Of steel rails the total value of the exports in the eight months ending with August, 1902, is $1,664,422, against $6,715,113 in the corresponding months of last year; railway engines, $2,574,384, against $3,050,246 in the corresponding months of last year; pig iron, $397,421, against $708,288 in the eight months of last year; billets, ingots and blooms, $54,524, against $671,135 in the corresponding months of 1901; steel sheets and plates, 23,818,103 pounds, against 9,889,367 pounds in the corresponding months of last year, and iron sheets and plates, 5,965,572 pounds, against 11,910,806 pounds in the corresponding months of last year.

The following table from the advance sheet of the treasury bureau of statistics shows the importations of iron and steel manufactures in August, 1902, compared with August, 1901:

Articles imported—	August, 1901.	August, 1902.
Pig iron	147,557	$1,407,393
Ingots, blooms, slabs and billets	$4,213	918,608
Iron ore	220,237	251,159
Machinery	171,755	343,472
Tin and terne plates and taggers' tin	570,222	188,842
Scrap iron and steel	68,721	183,914
Cutlery	170,153	148,508
Bar iron	126,664	108,020
Firearms	118,500	96,223
Wire rods	97,529	81,381
Railway bars of iron or steel	537	53,704
Wire, and articles made therefrom	30,801	41,195
Needles	30,198	32,907
Sheet, plate and taggers' iron	49,084	28,722
Shotgun barrels	24,363	18,431
Hoop, band, or scroll iron and steel	14,356	17,138
Chains	7,094	2,920
Files, rasps and floats	1,223	2,488
Anvils	587	399
All other articles	152,839	417,149
Total iron and steel, including iron ore	$2,096,069	$4,374,473

How loug will it take the man to fill the sack if he does not stop the leak? To attempt to nourish the body when the stomach is diseased is like trying to fill the sack with the hole in it. When the stomach and other digestive and nutritive organs are diseased, there is a constant loss of nutrition. Enough is eaten but the body loses flesh,—plain proof that the food eaten is largely wasted because it is not digested and assimilated.



Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It stops the leaks by which nutrition is lost, and enables the building up of the body by the nutrition derived from food. The gain in weight proves the cure.

"Three years ago I was taken sick with what the doctor called nervousness and indigestion," writes Mrs. Warren E. Parker, of Orange Street, Nantucket, Mass. "He gave me medicine for the trouble, but I could not eat even a little toast or oatmeal without suffering severely. In a few months I began to have distressing pains right in the pit of my stomach. I called the doctor again and he said I had catarrh of stomach; gave me medicine but it did not do any good. I lost 28 pounds in three months. I then commenced taking Dr. Pierce's medicines and soon began to feel better. I have taken six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' two of 'Favorite Prescription' and six vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. I have gained ten pounds. Can eat everything."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

BAKER BURNED.

Charles Haas Lost His Life In Bakery.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Charles Haas was burned to death this morning in a fire which damages his bakery on West Van Buren street to the extent of $800. The fire originated in the basement, where the ovens were located. When the fire was finally extinguished the body of Haas was found in the room. It is supposed he was asleep when the fire broke out and had been overcome by smoke.

BOSTON AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Oct. 7.—The cruiser Boston, Capt. Hopkins, which came into port yesterday from the northern coast, is under orders to sail for Panama. She has first, however, to go to Mare Island navy yard to have certain minor repairs made to her machinery.

ALMOST MURDER

Misfit Cartridges Prevent Another Killing In Duluth.

Timothy Kielley, Colored, Tries to End Life of Lem Brooks.

Enraged Over Loss of Money In a Crap Game.

Misfit cartridges saved Duluth the disgrace of another murder this morning.

A wild-eyed negro desperate over the loss of money in a crap game, held a gun against the stomach of another colored man and snapped the trigger twice.

The cartridges failed to explode and the intended victim got away. Later the would-be assassin threatened to kill another negro and tried to pull his gun on Sergt. Sam Thompson.

The man that tried to do the shooting gave the name of Timothy Kielley. He tried to kill Lem Brooks and a man known among the colored people as "Broady."

Kielley is the most desperate looking negro ever taken in custody in this city, and from his general appearance and actions the police are of the opinion that they have landed a criminal of some note.

Lem Brooks, accompanied by two other men, was on his way home about 6 o'clock this morning. Crossing the railroad yards into the Paradise alley district, Kielley stepped up to him and pressing his revolver against Brooks' stomach said: "I'm going to kill you."

He pulled the trigger twice, but his ammunition was for a Smith & Wesson and the gun was a thirty-eight caliber Colt. Brooks lost no time in getting away and ran to police headquarters.

Sergt. Sam Thompson started out looking for the man with the gun, who, in the meantime, had gone up to the Turf club, an organization of colored men on Michigan street.

In the office of the club sat the man "Broady." Kielley jerked out his gun and pointing it at him told "Broady" if he attempted to get out of his chair he would certainly be killed.

Sergt. Thompson then came in and the negro seeing that he was about to be arrested tried to get the gun out of his pocket for a shot at the officer.

The sergeant caught his wrist and took the gun away. All the way to headquarters Kielley tried to get it back.

Since he was put behind the bars the negro has assumed a very superior air. When Chief Troyer asked him why he wanted to kill Brooks, he said it was because Brooks had helped beat him out of $70 in a game of craps.

"Have you been working lately?" asked the chief.

"I presume that is a leading question," replied the negro with a flourish.

"Where did you get the money you claim to have lost?"

"Colonel, I desire you to understand that that is a very broad, comprehensive and impertinent question to propound to a gentleman."

"You don't need to get worked up over it. No person has accused you of being a gentleman."

"Yes, but what right has any person to know where I get my money. May be I have friends and may be I have places throughout the country where I can go in and demand money—"

"Do you always take that gun along when you demand it?"

The colored man then drifted into a long story of how honest he was and that he had never been arrested in Minnesota before. He said he was a native of Montreal, though it is very plain that he is from the South.

County Attorney McClintock is out of the city today, but when he returns a warrant will be sworn out against Kielley charging him with intent to kill.

Y. M. C. A. NIGHT SCHOOL

Reopens Monday, Oct. 6, 1902.

Classes in Arithmetic, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Stenography, Commercial Law, Language for foreigners, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, Electricity, Geology, with reference to mining, etc. Fees, $3.00 to $5.00 for six months.

REGISTER NOW.

18 East Superior Street.

FIRE AT BATHGATE, N. D.

Several Buildings Were Destroyed In Conflagration.

Grand Forks, N. D., Oct. 7.—Fire broke out at 10:30 o'clock in Bathgate last night, in the vacant building owned by B. Chapman, and burned the vacant buildings owned by George Newell & Co., the hardware store of Watt Bros., and the machine warehouse of John Houston. The heaviest loss is sustained by Watt Bros., who lose $12,000, with insurance of $7500. The cause of the fire is unknown.

FIVE HUNDRED GIRLS

Strike In Chicago to Obtain Higher Wages.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Five hundred girls, employed by W. C. Ritchie & Co., paper box makers, went on strike today. The girls gathered at the factory shortly before 7 o'clock and after holding a council of war decided to quit work unless the company acceded to their demands for higher wages. About 100 men employed by the same company struck yesterday for an advance in wages. The plant is now idle.

Don't Give Up the old for the new, is an old adage, but is not applicable in all cases. We would not be very progressive if we never changed our minds, or our Tailor. Try **Ballantine,** No. 8 Phenix Block.

YOU CAN'T BEGIN TOO EARLY.

Paine's Celery Compound

Affords Happy and Marvelous Results to Rheumatic Sufferers.

The autumn season, with its changful weather is a time of dread to all rheumatic sufferers. Chilling winds, cold rains and heavy, impure atmosphere, aggravate every condition of rheumatism, and bring many sufferers desperately near the grave.

Are you a victim of rheumatism in its acute or chronic forms? If so, you can't begin too early to get rid of this baneful disease, to purify the blood and strengthen the system. The marvelous victories of Paine's Celery Compound wrought in the past for rheumatic sufferers, justifies you in giving this wonderful medicine an immediate trial. It has given to agonized, helpless and crippled men and women a new and happy life—freedom from all pains and sufferings. It has produced amazing cures after the failures of able physicians. At this season, Paine's Celery Compound will do the same good work for you, dear reader. G. W. Webber, Janesville, Wis., says:

"I was advised by a friend to try Paine's Celery Compound for rheumatism and nervousness. I had previously tried other remedies for these complaints without getting relief. I am pleased to say that the very first bottle of the Compound relieved me. I have now taken six bottles of the Compound in all and am cured. I feel younger and better, and have a good appetite."

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

DIAMOND DYES

have been manufactured. They give fast, beautiful colors and are prepared for home use. Simply follow directions.

Direction book and 45 dyed samples free. DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

ALIMONY.

Joliette Georgiana Brown Wants It From John M. Brown.

In the matter of the divorce proceedings of John M. Brown against Joliette Georgiana Brown, in district court, the defendant has filed an answer alleging that they were married in Superior, Jan. 17, 1897; that on or about May 20, 1897, the plaintiff persuaded defendant to visit relatives at Hudson, Wis., promising to pay her expenses and cost of support, also that he would follow and make Hudson their future home; that a monthly allowance would be made defendant until her husband joined her.

The defendant claims that her husband failed to keep his promises and that she returned to Duluth and began proceedings for non-support, offering to live with Brown if he would support her; but that he urged her return to Hudson, stating that he would pay her $10 a month, but refused to live with her. Defendant avers that in March, 1901, the plaintiff began an action for a divorce and when defendant secured an order from the court for plaintiff to pay her a suitable sum of money to enable her to maintain her defense and be supported during the pendency of the action, her husband refused to comply with the order and caused the suit to be dismissed.

The defendant says she is willing to live with her husband; has never deserted him, and has been obliged to live with relatives to procure support refused by the plaintiff. She asks that the suit be dismissed and the plaintiff required to pay her a suitable allowance for her support. Defendant also petitions the court for suit money, and a motion based on the petition will be heard at the special term of court Saturday.

HORSES

Cause Death of One Man, Injury to Another.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—(Special to the Herald.)—Andrew Goreske, a New Brighton farmer, was knocked down and trampled to death by two horses belonging to him, in front of the residence of John Kush, Minnehaha and St. Albans streets, last evening. He died an hour after receiving the injuries.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. N. Rasmussen, a milkman living at Minnehaha avenue and Forty-eighth street was yesterday kicked in the head by a horse and will probably die.

AGRICULTURE

The Topic of Meeting Held at Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 7.—One hundred and fifty delegates representing every section of the country met here today in the sixteenth annual convention of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations, which will be held in this city during the next three days.

A welcoming address was delivered by Mayor Livingston Mims in behalf of Atlanta. William M. Liggett, president of the association and dean of the agricultural college of Minnesota, responded. The opening session was occupied with the reports of the executive board and the statements of the committees of the association.

Among matters of importance that will be considered will be the subject of the need of the diversity of crops in the South. It is understood that the convention will devote much time to this subject.

It is stated that the beef problem in the Southern states also will be brought before the association's attention.

AT WEST DULUTH

A defective sidewalk was the cause of a serious accident yesterday. Mrs. Coombs, an aged lady, was walking along Huntington street, when her foot caught in a hole in the sidewalk and she fell, breaking her arm. The accident occurred in front of the residence of Dr. Budd. The sidewalk in this vicinity has been in bad condition for some time, and the only reason that more accidents have not occurred is because it is used but little. Cattle grazing in the vacant fields on this street are allowed to wander over the sidewalk at will, and as a consequence there are many broken planks.

FOREIGN DELEGATES.

Two visitors of interest to Scandinavian circles in Duluth at present are the Messrs. Ekstrom and Anderson, of Finland, to the fifty-years' jubilee of the Swedish Baptist church of America, which has been recently held in Chicago. They will speak Wednesday evening in the Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Thursday evening in the Swedish Bethel church, Ninth avenue east and Third street, and on Friday evening in the Third Swedish church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street. These meetings will be of much interest to all members of the Swedish Baptist church in Duluth and Superior.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING.

All Duluth people in any way connected with Sunday school work will be interested in the meeting of the Duluth Sunday School association, which will be held tonight in the Presbyterian church in West Duluth. Supper will be served at 6:30, and a general discussion of the work of the organization will follow, after which there will be a short program, including two interesting addresses by Rev. S. C. Davis and J. B. Dye. The meeting will be free to all members of the association.

The Zomona club met last evening in the apartments of Dr. Wyatt. The club intends to continue its monthly dances and preparations for the next one are already under way. The committee which has in charge the arrangements for the play to be given by the members of the club report good progress.

PARTY AT PIKE LAKE.

A party, composed of the Misses Bailey, Keele, Ingersoll, Main and Messrs. Merritt, Wheeler and Noxon were entertained at the summer home of Mr. Merritt at Pike Lake. Mrs. Bailey chaperoned the party, and all unite in praises of Mr. Merritt's hospitality. The gentlemen of the party report seeing a great quantity of game, including a number of deer, but owing to the game restrictions they could bring home only a few partridges.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Charles G. Miller, Democratic candidate for sheriff, was visiting West Duluth yesterday in the interests of his candidacy.

Rev. J. Copper, formerly of Aitkin, who is to succeed Rev. J. C. Sanderson in the Oneota church, is in West Duluth today looking for a suitable residence. He expects to move to West Duluth in the near future.

Mr. Spencer returns to Indian territory today to look after his extensive business interests there.

Mrs. Boyington and Mrs. Premo, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs Nygren.

Michael Healy left yesterday for Iron River, where he intends to engage in business.

The Maccabees purpose holding their annual ball during the latter part of this month.

Ernest Coughlin has returned from an extended trip through Idaho and the far West.

Wesley Clemins left for Hibbing yesterday. He has accepted a position with the Swan River Log company.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Asbury Methodist church will hold their annual meeting at the home of Mrs. Noxon, 353 Fifty-third avenue west, Wednesday at 2:30 p. m.

Adelbert Swingle has left for a visit to his old home in Pennsylvania.

Wood stoves $2.50 to $15.00 at Wieland & Wade's.

The Misses Bushey, recent arrivals in West Duluth from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., are proving welcome additions to the younger social set of West Duluth.

John Lauermann returned yesterday from a short hunting trip. He says that most partridge makes a dinner fit for a king.

Soft coal heaters, $5 to $20, at Wieland & Wade's.

The lumber scow belonging to Waters & Clark which sank in the St. Louis Lumber company's slip has been raised and little damage was done.

The ladies of the Asbury Methodist church met last evening at the parsonage and presented their pastor's wife, Mrs. W. E. Loomis, with a new gown.

Steel ranges, $25 to $50, at Wieland & Wade's.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

This is our week of Special Bargains

Grand Clearance Sale

of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishings and Shoes.

Our sale prices does the business.

We continue our Closing Out Sale of Men's and Boys' Suits, Men's and Boys' Overcoats. Also Ladies' Cloaks, Jackets and Capes.

Ladies' Flannel Waists and Vicugna Wrappers. Special values now in Ladies' and Children's Underwear and hosiery at special prices.

Do not fail to see our special values for this entire week.

Boys' 25c Overalls at	19c
Men's 25c Underwear at	19c
Men's 50c Underwear, fleece lined, large assortment, at	39c
Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Jumpers at	39c
Men's 25c Wool Socks— at	19c
Men's 35c Wool Socks— at	25c
Men's 50c Wool Socks— at	39c
Great values in a lot of Men's $1.00 Gloves at	75c

Follow the crowd to our special sale.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

Fashion Facts!

TRUE enough we have the largest stock of high novelty garments at the head of the lakes—but our supremacy does not stop there.

No, we go further.

We make the "price" just as attractive as the "style."

By reason of lower rents and the smaller general expenses of doing business in Superior, we can and do give better values for the money every time.

Take our line of garments at $12.50, $13.50, $15, $18.50 and up to $25—it is just as strong as the line of $30 to $100 garments—it is the largest—most varied—most brilliant in this region.

The garments shown represent the latest ideas of the cleverest makers in this country—makers who confine their styles to us—and no matter whether you pay $12.50 or $100 here—you will get a garment that is "different" from those seen elsewhere.

Each and every one possesses the master-touch that makes style.

Those who are willing to investigate—those who want to be absolutely SURE of getting the best their money can buy will come here to see what we have to show.

They will see more stylish suits and wraps than can be found in any three other stores in Superior and Duluth combined.

Do yourself the justice of seeing this magnificent stock before buying.

Take Interstate cars to doors.

Experienced Help Wanted!

3 experienced cloak saleswomen.

3 experienced salesmen for silks, dress goods, wash goods and bedding.

6 experienced saleswomen for gloves, ribbons, notions, hosiery and underwear.

Our rapidly increasing business is constantly forcing us to increase our sales force—and the above openings afford splendid opportunities for the right people to make permanent growing positions for themselves.

Apply by letter or in person.

Spicer-Fanning Co

The Northwest's Greatest Store,

1501-1507 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wisconsin.

SUPREME

Court of Minnesota Begins Its Fall Term.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state supreme court session convened at the capitol at 10 o'clock this morning.

The call of the calendar occupied the greater part of the day, taking place in the hall of representatives. Chief Justice Start presiding. Over 200 attorneys, interested in the 266 cases on the calendar, were present to arrange about the setting of cases.

The regular sessions of the court for the rest of the term will be held in the supreme court room and will open daily at 9:30 a. m.

MISS ROOSEVELT

To Have Gown of Old Wedding Dress.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Miss Roosevelt's most attractive ball gown for the coming season is now being constructed in Washington from Mrs. Roosevelt's wedding gown. This long white satin gown excited the admiration of Alice Roosevelt when a little child. Mrs. Roosevelt then promised Alice should have the gown when she grew to womanhood. It would have been made over into a frock for her debut last winter, but was too stately for a coming out gown, so it was reserved for this winter, when Miss Roosevelt will assist her mother at all state functions.

When Miss Roosevelt was here a few days ago the gown was sent to a Washington modiste and later fitted upon her slender figure. It is characteristic of Mrs. Roosevelt to buy handsome materials for her visiting and evening costumes, and after wearing them a short time to lay them away for future use. Some times they are forgotten until something happens to bring them to mind. This winter one of her most charming dresses will have upon it buttons bought fifteen years ago, which at that time were the chief ornament of the plain bodice then in vogue. One of her winter hats will have upon it a sweeping ostrich plume bought twenty years ago. It is a heavy plume, which cannot be matched in a milliner's shop of today.

Seven pianos sold Monday at French & Bassett's great piano sale. Don't miss it.

ANOTHER FOOTBALL GAME

Between Wisconsin and Lawrence on Saturday Probable.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Although definite word cannot be given out now, it is altogether probable that Lawrence will come down to Madison for another game Saturday to fill the vacancy caused by the failure of the Milwaukee Medics to get into training. It is expected that word will be received by today, closing the agreement.

Practice last night behind the closed gates at Camp Randall showed up much better than for some time according to the reports of the men. Holstein has been replaced at guard position on Skow's left where he was able to break through the defense put up by Milman every time. The line-up was as usual except that Findlay took Juneau's place while the latter assisted from the side line. The back field was not made up of the regulars as they are all more or less laid up. Vanderboom and Marsh took the fullback, while Haummerson and Lilequist assisted on either side. The varsity scored three touchdowns on the scrubs, besides putting in nearly an hour drilling in interference formations.

Catarrhal Headache. —That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded maladay. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER



WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL in your own home, we furnish the genuine and only MEDDLEMEG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 80 ailments. Only sure cure for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad. out and mail to us.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

Furniture and Carpets
Draperies and China...
Stoves and Tinware....

Duluth's Leading Housefurnishers.. —We cary everything needed to furnish a home—

The g ods we sell are the kind that last a lifetime—Prices are upheld by quality—Every article, at its price, is as good as gold. **Our prices are low** because we want to interest the people. The best products of Michigan and New York markets are arriving in large quantities, making this store bristle with newness. We invite your inspection—it's interesting to note the changes—the new shapes, finishes and fabrics that prevail this fall.

The G. C. Steele Co.
226-228 West Superior Street.

A POORER LABORER

Prosperous Conditions Have Lowered Standard of Woodsmen.

Lumbermen Say They Rove More and Demand More.

Easier to Get From Camp to Camp---Men Restless.

The scarcity of labor for the woods in the white pine districts of the Northwest is making the woodsman, or "lumberjack," as he is frequently called, a very independent personage. Conditions have been such within the last few years that lumbermen claim the habits of the woodsmen, in many instances, have not improved, but that a majority of them have become veritable wood tramps. This applies more strictly to the class of men who make this avocation their chief employment, or make a pretense of doing so, for there is a growing class in timbered sections, of farmers and other permanent residents that go into the woods in the fall and winter to add to their incomes. Loggers claim there are certain temptations in this sort of life when made a business that are demoralizing.

So great has been the demand for labor along all lines of wood work that any husky, able-bodied man can get work nowadays in any part of the country where logging is done, no matter whether he has had experience or it is his first attempt. The woodsmen realize this, and it has instilled a spirit of unrest into this class of labor which did not exist a few years ago. It has only been within the last two or three years that complaints have been made and are growing more frequent from the logging operators that it is difficult to hold the men to the jobs. In former days the woodsman would go into the woods in the fall, and if it was a winter operation he would not come out until spring, usually coming down the rivers on the drives. In those days the woodsmen took pride in their work both individually and of the gang in which he worked. He did not then have the luxuries that have crept into the camps in recent years, but he had all that was needed and was satisfied to get along without getting any pay until the job was completed in the spring, when he would draw it in a lump sum and spend it according to his inclinations. Some saved their money, for there is more than one wealthy lumberman in the Northwest, who in olden days wielded the cant hook. Some squandered their wages and remained lumberjacks for the rest of their days.

Logging camps are more numerous nowadays and access to them is much easier than formerly. Paydays come more frequently and with regularity. Under these conditions the new woodsman tramp throws up his job at the least affront or fancied slight, or even if he is tired of it and does not like the "chuck." If things are not to his liking, he demands his time and will "hike" down the "hay road" looking for another camp, or else come back to the city to make a fresh start.

Matters have shaped themselves so that the woodsmen do not now take the pride in their work that they used to or in the reputation of the company for which they are working. The average woodsman too often is trying to figure out that he can work the next camp for a meal or for several of them, and thus keep traveling around. This system was worked so strong in recent winters that some of the camps were feeding from 10 to 20 per cent more men than were actually on the pay rolls, and about two years ago an effort was made to stop the leakage by charging the visitors a stated sum for their meals where they were not regularly enrolled in the working force. This system is said to have cut down the expense considerably, but has not yet stopped the wandering proclivities of the woodsmen.

This irregular labor question has been a hard problem for the loggers, and they have been trying to devise ways and means of remedying it. In addition to paying from 50 to 100 per cent higher wages and furnishing a table which, compared with the feed of former days, contains many luxuries, got nearly the amount of work is gotten out of the men nowadays as when the camp force was remarkable for its severe simplicity.

Some of the loggers claim that the practice of paying wages on demand when a man quits, and by having monthly or semi-monthly paydays, may be just in an abstract way, but that in the majority of cases it works a hardship to the employer and has a demoralizing feature for the employed.

It is claimed that even sawmill labor in some sections is affected by the same conditions and influences, although ordinarily men will stay longer about a sawmill and work more steadily than they will in the woods. In the larger cities and towns the sawmill men, as a rule, have established their homes and are counted among the best class of citizens.

The story is related of one big, husky fellow, who, after working on a tramway at a sawmill for a few hours, quit and demanded his time. When asked by the foreman why he quit, he replied, "I can get an easier job in hell than this one." The observation is said to be indicative in too many instances of the temper of the men.

At this time there is a decided scarcity of men for the woods and for the mills in some parts of the country, and as the winter season approaches the scarcity is likely to grow more marked. Higher wages are paid now than ever before. As an instance, swampers in the Northwest are paid $35 to $40 per month, a price unheard of a few years ago. Camp cooks that a few years ago were paid from $40 to $50 are now in demand at $75 per month, and in some localities an even fancier price is paid for the right kind of men.

Your Liver
Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take
Hood's Pills
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THE DAKOTAS.

Fatal Termination of Accident to Brakeman Fay Jones.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Fay Jones of Huron, whose legs were crushed under the cars at Ludden Saturday morning, and who was brought here for surgical treatment, died late in the day. After he reached the hospital the surgeons found him to be shaking, as the result of the shock to his system, and the amputation of his legs was not undertaken. He continued to fail throughout the day until death came. Jones was a young railroad man and fell from the top of a car. He was wearing a pair of new soled shoes and the car roof was covered with frost on which he slipped as he was stepping from one car to another.

Mrs. A. A. Roberts of Baraboo, Wis., died in Aberdeen Saturday, and her remains were today taken to her home city for burial. She came here two weeks ago suffering from nervous prostration and other troubles.

Lead—Pupils of Lead do not take kindly to the recent order of the board of education forbidding them to attend social functions or engage in pastimes that divert their minds from study during school week. Friday and Saturday nights under the order, are the only ones in which they are permitted to engage in social pleasures. Their resentment broke out in an open demonstration at the close of the first week under the new regulation. A large body of students marched to the homes of all the members of the board with fife and drum at the head of the procession, and displayed transparencies deriding the order.

Deadwood—J. P. Lowe, a government agent, is in Deadwood for the purpose of making an investigation and reporting on the most favorable site for the proposed federal building, provided for by the last congress. He looked over the sites and announced he would probably submit his report in the next two weeks.

Lexi Hoisington has brought suit against the city for $5,000 for damages alleged to have been sustained early last summer. He was working in a sewer when a ton or more of earth caved upon him. He sustained a broken leg and numerous bruises and contusions.

Sioux Falls—W. S. Jones, known as "Corn" Jones, one of the wealthiest and best known citizens of Minnehaha county, died at his home near Sioux Falls Saturday after a lingering illness. He settled on a farm adjoining what is now the city of Sioux Falls thirty-three years ago. He was most eccentric and has been living apart from his family for many years. He has a wife, daughter and son. Before his death he tried to place his property so that his family would not be able to reach any of it and a spirited lawsuit is expected.

Watertown—As an illustration of the way land in this vicinity is increasing in value the following is given: A quarter section near the city last spring sold for $22 an acre. The purchaser at once listed it for sale and in a short time it was again bought, the price being $28 an acre. Again it was listed for sale and before long the price of $30 an acre was paid for it. The land is now held for $35 an acre.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Because Thomas Miller owed him $5.55 for room rent and had worsted him in a fistic encounter, William Murphy, a lodging-house keeper, fired two shots at Miller, but without effect. Murphy disappeared.

An Indian from the Fort Totten reservation terrorized residents of the First ward. The Indian demanded food, and when refused insisted so strenuously that the police were notified. Then it appeared that the fellow was made desperate by starvation.

Ranchmen in the western part of Stutsman and other counties do not look with favor on the invasion by settlers, and do all they can to discourage the newcomers. In some townships stakes marking section lines have been pulled up and all traces of the section corners obliterated.

Business on the Northern Pacific is so heavy that the number of crews on the extra or "chain gang" has been increased from twenty-six to thirty-two.

Anamoose—At Anamoose a stranger was in the poolroom and another fellow came along and picked a scrap with him. The victim threw off his coat, and, while engaged in a fistic battle, a barber named Merriam went through his coat and took a pocketbook containing $125 and some notes. Merriam drove to Harvey and made his escape.

Harvey—Even Williams, who was shot by I. W. Terrill in a hold-up recently, is in a precarious condition and it is probable that Terrell will have a charge of murder to answer. Terrill is held in the Wells county jail at Fessenden.

Wheatland—Otto Thoempke, who was arrested on the charge of criminal assault, was bound over to the district court with bonds at $1000.

IN MICHIGAN.

Houghton County Woman Has Disappeared In Mysterious Manner.

Calumet—The authorities of Houghton county are investigating one of the most mysterious cases that ever came within their notice. Magdalena Makala, wife of Gustav Makala, a fireman at the junior branch of the Frank'n mine, has been missing for several weeks. Absolutely no trace of her can be found and it is thought that she was murdered.

Bessemer—Reports have it that Capt. Knight, for two years in charge of the Tilden mine as superintendent, will get a similar place elsewhere and that Capt. P. L. Ramquist will succeed Capt. Knight. Capt. Ramquist was for several years in charge of the old Colby, which joins the Tilden on the west. The Tilden is one of the leading properties of the steel trust and employs about 600 men.

Houghton—Andrew Hongla, a farmer aged 82, was burned to death in bush.

While trying to learn to ride a bicycle on the docks at Point Mills, Gust Johnson, 38 years old, lost control of the wheel, was thrown into the lake and drowned.

Munising—Village Marshal John T. Thornton, of Munising, was arrested last week on a capais issued at the suit of Willard Gilman. The plaintiff charges that Marshal Thornton, without any warrant, or without his having committed any offense against the majesty of the law, did wrongfully and unjustly deprive him of his liberty for two hours, part of which time he was locked in a cell. He was susnected of holding up a man near the Russell house. Gilman, after an examination before Justice Langley, was discharged. He asks $1000 damages.

Republic—Alex. Christofferson, a Norwegian miner, 18 years of age, was instantly killed at the Cundy mine of the United States Steel company late last week. With seven companions he was being hoisted when a projecting bolt struck the runners of the cage and Christofferson was thrown off by the jolt and fell to the bottom of the shaft. The other men were slightly bruised. The mine inspector examined the shaft and absolved the company from all blame. Christofferson's remains were shipped to Republic, where his mother lives.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Soo is certainly up against it. No coal to be had, wood $6.50 per cord, butter 30 cents a pound and other food products quoted in proportion. Now comes the worthy milkman with a threatened raise. A well-known milkman of the city states that he had been obliged to let a number of his customers go on account of the lack of milk, that most of the other milkmen were in the same position and that the supply of milk this winter would be very limited and prices much higher.

Mrs. Jessie Jackson, the Soo woman, who mysteriously disappeared a couple of weeks ago, has been located. The anxious husband, Melville Jackson, a carpenter, has received a card from his lost wife, who is with her parents in Toronto. The cause of her sudden disappearance is still a mystery.

GET DOWN TO FACTS

Is What Duluth Citizens Say.

Get down to the facts of the matter. Don't take a stranger's word. It is easier to prove the truthfulness of statements made by citizens of Duluth than endorsement coming from some far away place. Read the following:

Mr. B. Barr, of 306 Garfield avenue, conductor on the Duluth street railroad, says: "I had constant heavy pains through the small of my back and up under the shoulder blades. It was painful for me to stoop or lift anything heavy. I became stiff and sore from sitting or lying in any one position, and in the mornings I rose feeling more tired than when I went to bed. The kidney secretions were irregular, frequent, highly colored and deposited a heavy sediment. I felt all run down and seemed to have no energy or ambition. I was also troubled a great deal with attacks of headache. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, and thought I would try them, procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store, and used it. They helped me right away, and in a short time I was entirely cured of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

BECOMES CITY LAW

Council Passes Plumbing Ordinance, Effective In Six Months.

Joseph Sheehy Is Refused Employment Agent's License.

Movement For Half Hour Evening Service to Lakeside.

The council last night:
Passed the plumbing ordinance.
Refused Joseph Sheehy's license.
Passed illuminated sign ordinance.
Proposed changes in car service.
Gave city employees Saturday afternoons off.

• • •

The plumbing ordinance introduced six months ago finally passed.

However it will not become operative for another six months.

The ordinance establishes a rigid system of municipal plumbing inspection in connection with the health department.

It creates the office of a plumbing inspector, to be filled by an appointment of the health commissioner.

The compensation of this inspector is not fixed by the ordinance, but no person can hold the office that had not had at least five years practical experience. The inspector must also have a certificate from the state board of plumbing inspectors.

No person shall be licensed to do any plumbing work who has not an established place of business in the city, or who does not hold a certificate of competency from the state board.

The ordinance will be in effect on April 1, 1903, and it will virtually revolutionize the plumbing business. It requires the highest grade of materials and labor.

The reason it does not take effect immediately is that it brings about such a radical change that practically all current plumbing contracts would be abrogated. By fixing the time to April 1 next the plumbers are given sufficient time to clear up all old contracts and work off the stock they now have.

• • •

The question of granting an employment license to Joseph Sheehy again came before the council.

That is always a signal for something interesting with Mr. Sheehy usually violently aggressive.

This time, however, he was mildly defensive and his change of tactics was so much of a surprise that he came within one vote of getting the license.

Alderman Neff started the light on him, saying: "I could talk all night on good valid reasons why Mr. Sheehy should not be granted a license, but all the members of the council know as well as I do that we are here to exercise an honest discretion in the matter of license, and Joe Sheehy is not a proper person to give an employment license to."

Mr. Sheehy got up to reply, but Alderman Moore objected, and then Alderman Swenson took a hand in the fight of the opposition. He said:

"The laboring men of the city deserve better treatment at our hands than to be compelled to do business with Mr. Sheehy in order to get jobs.

"Some time ago, at the corner of Fifth avenue west and Superior street, Sheehy approached me and asked me to vote for his license, strongly intimating that some person was going to get a licking if the license was refused.

"That I consider sufficient to show that he is not a proper person to have the license."

Alderman Moore called attention to the fact that on a previous occasion, when fighting for his license, Mr. Sheehy had insulted the council by using vile names in the council chamber, and also said that he was such an ugly talker that the Zenith Telephone company was compelled to remove its instruments from his office on account of the way he abused the telephone girls.

Mr. Moore said that on one occasion he went to the telephone office and said: "I want to get hold of that piece of calico that has been talking back to me."

Mr. Sheehy then got the floor and openly accused Alderman Swenson of being in collusion with two other employment agents to keep him out of the business.

Sheehy said he knew this, because Dr. Confer of West Duluth had told him that the two agents in question had been out to Mr. Swenson's home at Spirit Lake, and later he (Sheehy) called Mr. Swenson up by telephone, representing himself to be one of the two agents, and felt certain that what Dr. Confer told him was true.

Mr. Sheehy denied that any employment agent had called at his home in regard to the Sheehy license, except Mr. Sheehy himself, who, according to Mr. Swenson, said:

"If you will vote for my license I'll give you a very nice present."

The vote was then taken. It required nine votes to grant the license, and Aldermen Barnes, Reis, McEwen, Mannheim, Olson, Schaffer, Tessman, and Haven voted in the affirmative, while Aldermen Krumsaig, Moore, Neff, Swenson, Tischer and Wing voted against it.

• • •

From this time on only illuminated signs will be permitted to project over the sidewalk on Superior street, between Second avenue east and Eighth avenue west.

This will aid in improving the appearance of the business district at night, as well as do much toward lighting the street.

• • •

Alderman Moore introduced a resolution requiring the street railway company to maintain a half hour service on the Lakeside line in the evening, between 8:30 o'clock and 11. The matter will probably be embodied in a schedule ordinance now being prepared by Aldermen McEwen, Moore and Wing.

• • •

From now on all city offices will close at noon Saturdays. A resolution declaring for this half holiday was introduced by Alderman McEwen, and adopted without opposition.

• • •

The people of Hunter's Park, Glen Avon and Woodland are organizing a volunteer fire department, and the city is requested to furnish a suitable hydrant service with about 500 feet of hose, a hose reel, axes and ladders. The request was referred to the committee on fire department.

• • •

Residents of Dundon avenue, Glen Avon, petitioned to have that thoroughfare lighted, and their request was referred to the lighting committee.

Secures Her Divorce.

Mary Johnson was freed in district court yesterday from Erick Linnile, who also goes by the name of Erick Henderson. The court ordered that the pretended wedding vows be set aside after it was shown that the respondent in the case already had a wife when he went through the ceremony with the Johnson woman. Linnile, or Henderson is said to have left this country for parts unknown.

Night School Organizes.

The night school of the Young Men's Christian Association met last evening at the association rooms for the first time during the current year and the classes were organized. The regular work of the year will begin tomorrow, all of the classes meeting twice each week. It is expected that the school will have 125 pupils in attendance.

COAL FOR CHICAGO.

City Council Makes Move to Secure Supply.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Action was taken by the city council last night in an attempt to meet the exigencies resulting from the coal strike. A resolution was passed, without debate, requesting "the mayor, city comptroller, city treasurer, commissioner of public works and city clerks, constituting a committee, to ascertain as soon as possible the lowest cost at which Indiana and Illinois coal can be delivered in Chicago in quantities of 500 and 1000-ton lots, to the end that coal may be brought to this market and sold to consumers at its actual cost for delivery."

HARPER'S PLANS

To Make University of Chicago Great School.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—President Harper has told the new students at the University of Chicago that before the close of the year he expects to have plans complete for a great school of technology.

"Hitherto our school has been like a college," said Dr. Harper. "Now, with the addition of courses in law and medicine, the incoming student is brought into real university life at the start. Besides these professional schools we expect that before the end of the year the plans for a great school of technology will have been fully worked out."

Bargain counter 3.

Turkish towels.

500 towels, each one worth 15c, size 18x36 inches—bleached and heavy quality, for only ---------- **10c**

Cotton Diaper—10-yard pieces, 18-inch, usually sold for 75c—special, piece of 10 yards for ---------- **50c**

27-inch, 90c pieces for ---------- 70c

Bargain counter 2.

Outing flannels.

A collection of good seasonable, serviceable outing flannel, in light and dark colors, for night gowns, underwear, children's wear, etc.—good 10c quality, all. Special bargain on the bargain counter at the low price of, per yard ---------- **7½c**

PINTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

What does it mean to you to have a COMPLETE linen store in Duluth?

Among others the linen department of the Glass Block store has won enviable reputation for completeness of variety and qualities—the higher grades of more expensive linens are most fully shown here—for the tables of particular people with money to back their particularness, as well as for the particular who need economize.

We want to satisfy every Duluth and Superior housekeeper that for the money they can expend on linens, they will invariably get fullest satisfaction in this department, which sells more linens, we believe, than all others at the head of the lakes combined.

On the items mentioned below unusual savings are made possible, as the prices are specially reduced from the regular schedule, for various good reasons. The linens are perfect in every way. The price alone suffers.

Specials in table linens, towels, napkins, etc.

64-inch cream damask—notice the width of this linen—all pure linen—sold at 59c at smaller stores—on sale here at the low price of ---------- **39c**

60 inch silver bleached damask—fine pure German linen—soft satin finish—65c value—per yd **49c**

72-inch damasks—half bleached or cream — all pure linen—heavy weights—worth up to $1 yard **75c**

72-inch bleached damasks—all pure linen—fine satin finish—quality such as this you cannot match at less than $1.25 elsewhere—our price ---------- **$1.00**
5-8 and 3-4 napkins to match.

72-inch bleached damask—fine satin damasks — fine Irish linen—all newest open border designs — regular $1.50 quality elsewhere— here, per yard **$1.19**
3-4 napkins to match at, per dozen ---------- $2.98

Napkins.

5-8 bleached napkins, full size—per dozen ---------- $1.25
5-8 bleached napkins, all pure linen—per dozen ---- $1.50
5-8 bleached napkins, all pure linen—per dozen ---- $1.85
3-4 bleached napkins, all pure linen—per dozen ---- $2.50
3-4 bleached napkins, all pure linen—per dozen ---- $2.98

3-4 bleached napkins—fine German and Irish manufacture—all pure linen — worth up to $5.00 per dozen—at ---------- **$3.75**

Towels.

17x34 hemmed huck towels — full bleached — worth 10c—each ---------- **7½c**

22x45 huck towels, hemmed—extra large—worth 15c—selling at, each ---------- **10c**

Towels.

20x40 huck towels, hemmed—each ---------- 15c

22x45 huck towels—all pure linen — hemstitched—worth 35c—each ---------- **25c**

18-inch glass towelling — fast colors — red and blue checks—worth 8c—per yard ---------- **5c**

Special values in ready-made sheets, pillow cases, etc.

81x90 sheets—ready made — torn and ironed—selling at, each ---------- **49c**

72x90 sheets—hemstitched—well made—our special price, each ---------- **58c**

45x36 pillow cases—ready made—each ---------- 11c

45x36 pillow cases, made of Wamsutta mills cotton—worth 20c—each ---------- **15c**

Tray cloths.

16x27-inch tray cloths—all pure linen — open-work centers—worth 20c—each ---------- **12½c**

Bed spreads.

Fringed bed spreads—large size—worth $1.35—our special price ---------- **98c**

Marsellies bed spreads—pearl hemmed — full size—sold at $2—each ---------- **$1.69**

Marsellies bed spreads — full size — fringed patent cut corners—just the thing for brass beds—extra large—each ---------- **$3.50**

Our blankets and comforts also take first rank

In the Northwest for completeness of the varieties carried—from the most inexpensive cotton to the softest lamb's wool. No matter what the grade the Glass Block price is lowest.

10-4 Cotton Blankets, 55 x 72 inch, full size, sold by all the other stores at 59c—per pair ---- **50c**

11-4 Cotton Blankets, full size, all colors, sold by others at 85c and 95c—per pair ---------- **75c**

11-4 Grey Camp Blankets, weight five pound—Glass Block price per pair ---------- **$1.65**

10-4 all wool Blankets, worth $3.50--Glass Block price per pair ---------- **$2.75**

10-4 all wool Blankets—the Buffalo blankets none better made at the price—a $5 blanket ---- **$3.50**

Silkoline Comforts, large size, filled with one entire sheet of wadding—worth $1.25 each, at ---- **98c**

Satine Comforters, large size, covered on both sides, stitched, a $1.95 Comforter, each **$1.50**

7-ounce all wool Flannels, Buffalo manufacture—ready shrunk, all colors, for men's shirts, ladies' underskirts, etc., worth 50c—here per yard ---- **38c**

French Flannels, all wool, in all plain colors, such as others sell at 69c—our price per yard ---- **55c**

Outing Flannels, light colors, per yard ---------- 8c

Domet Flannels, heavy twilled, regular 8c quality, at ---- 6c

BLAINE WAS THANKFUL.

When Blaine was secretary of state he had occasion to send a semi-official message to a representative of one of the minor European governments, says the Philadelphia Times. He selected one of the young men in his office for the errand, which was not without excitement; for the foreign attache was an arrogant fellow and insulted the messenger, and was promptly kicked under his own table by way of retort. Of course the foreigner filed a complaint with the state department, and equally, of course, Blaine was obliged to apologize on behalf of the department and publicly to rebuke the militant messenger. Privately, however, the Plumed Knight was "square" enough to tell the young fellow he did perfectly right, but added, in a voice made hoarse by fervor:

"But thank God that it wasn't Paunceforte you kicked!"

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops—never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Wednesday, Oct. 8.—Barometric pressures are high in the Southwest and low over Northwest Canada and the province of Ontario. Fair weather prevails generally throughout the country this morning. Sprinkles of rain occurred during the past twenty-four hours over most of the lake region. Cooler temperatures occurred this morning over Manitoba, Western Lake Superior and New England states, and warmer in the Mississippi valley and far Northwest. In the lake region the winds are generally fresh westerly, except that it is brisk from the southwest and raining at Buffalo.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Marquette	60
Battleford	58	Memphis	70
Bismarck	70	Milwaukee	70
Boston	76	Minnedosa	62
Buffalo	60	Minnesota	76
Charleston	72	Montgomery	78
Chicago	68	Moorhead	70
Cincinnati	69	New Orleans	70
Davenport	70	New York	76
Denver	74	North Platte	74
Detroit	66	Oklahoma	78
Dodge City	74	Omaha	68
Duluth	52	Pittsburg	64
Edmonton	68	Port Arthur	54
El Paso	80	Portland	72
Escanaba	62	Prince Albert	56
Galveston	74	Qu'Appelle	66
Green Bay	70	Rapid City	72
Havre	74	San Francisco	62
Helena	72	Santa Fe	70
Houghton	52	Shreveport	74
Huron	72	Spokane	76
Jacksonville	72	St. Louis	72
Kamloops	62	St. Paul	66
Kansas City	72	Sault Ste. Marie	62
Knoxville	62	Swift Current	68
La Crosse	68	Washington	70
Lander	70	Winnemucca	78
Los Angeles	76	Winnipeg	62

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Slight changes in temperature. Light and fresh variable winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Slightly warmer in northwest portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Wednesday. Slightly warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes—Winds becoming light and variable. Fair tonight and Wednesday.

Growth of the Merchant Marine.

The merchant marine of the United States is steadily growing, but the increase is largely in vessels employed in the coastwise service. In the quarter ending Sept. 30, there were 348 vessels of a total gross tonnage of 193,421 tons launched from the shipyards of the United States. The steel tonnage predominated, the steel vessels built having an aggregate of 71,242 gross tons, of which 37,396 tons were the contributions of the shipyards of the Atlantic and the Gulf. The most noteworthy vessels built in September were the Finland for the Red Star line and the Texan for the American-Hawaiian service, one of 12,760 tons and the other of 8833 tons. Our progress on the high seas is not noteworthy, for our tonnage probably at the most does not more than make good that worn out and withdrawn, but the fact that we can build and equip ocean liners of approved excellence shows that not lack of skill but lack of enterprise prevents our regaining our old time place in the maritime world. It is no use for the ship owners to wait for the ship subsidy bill. It will never be passed. It has been demonstrated that the American carrying trade is a success without a subsidy.

The Coal Barons Afraid.

An amusing as well as a disgusting feature of the White House conference between the president and the coal barons were the precautions taken by the railroad presidents for their own safety. In addition to remaining in their train of special cars out near the city limits during the time they were not engaged in the conferences with the president, they were surrounded during their visit with a corps of secret service men, who watched their every movement. It took the Washingtonians, accustomed as they are to the movements of secret service men, some time to identify the extra men who accompanied the railroad magnates on their carriage drives to and from the White House as secret service agents. Inquiry developed the fact that a large force of detectives evidently in the employ of the railroad men mingled with the crowds that hung around the temporary White House while the conferences were in progress. The mere idea that the millionaires considered a body guard necessary shows conclusively that they feel that they have done wrong and incurred the enmity of many men. It is a peculiar condition of affairs that a free-born citizen of this glorious country should fear for his life.

Refusing to Move Soft Coal.

A New York dispatch says that the sidings of railroads leading to that city are choked with thousands of cars of soft coal, but very little of it is reaching the city and meanwhile the price of soft coal is rising rapidly. The Pennsylvania and other railroads claim that owing to lack of motive power they are unable to handle the traffic. This is a flimsy excuse which no one can accept as true. It looks like a deliberate attempt on the part of the coal roads to deprive the people of fuel of any kind. Why should there be a shortage of motive power to handle the soft coal traffic when the usual amount of hard coal shipments is lacking? The anthracite roads are pursuing a policy that means serious trouble for themselves. The patience of the American people is well nigh exhausted. The coal barons are "riding to a fall," unless The Herald is much mistaken. The claim that they cannot move the cars of soft coal is undoubtedly untrue. They could move them if they desired to do it.

DUE TO THE HERALD ALONE.

The hard straits to which the Republican organs in Minnesota have been driven in order to find campaign material that can be used in behalf of Governor Van Sant and in defense of the miserable record made by the Republican majority at the special session of the legislature must have been evident to every person. A striking illustration of this is furnished by the Minneapolis Journal, which claims that the credit for the increase made by the officials of St. Louis county in the assessment of the iron properties in this county from $12,000,000 to $30,000,000 belongs to "the governor and the party that were responsible for that legislative session!" The Journal says: "The United States Steel corporation got such a scare last winter that it had not recovered enough courage to go before the state board of equalization and protest against a well-merited increase of from $12,000,000 to $30,000,000."

The people of St. Louis county and of other sections of the state that are acquainted with the facts will be amazed as well as amused by the Journal's claim that the credit for the increased assessment belongs to Governor Van Sant and the Republican legislature. Why, they had no more to do with it than they had to do with the assessment of real estate in Duluth. It is doubtful whether Governor Van Sant even knows today that any change whatever was made in the assessment of the iron properties. As for the legislature, it passed no legislation that had any effect whatever on this assessment, nor did anything that occurred at the special session have the slightest influence on the officials of St. Louis county or the owners of the iron properties.

Whatever credit is due for the increased assessment belongs exclusively to The Herald. For several years this paper urged and demanded that the iron properties, especially the valuable mines owned and operated by the United States Steel corporation, should be compelled to bear their just share of the burden of taxation in St. Louis county. Article after article was published by The Herald showing the injustice of the old assessment and urging the taxing officials in this county to make the increase. Over a year ago The Herald appealed to Governor Van Sant to exercise the power vested in him to appoint a special commission to readjust the assessment of the iron lands—the only method that could be adopted in a year when realty assessments cannot be made by the local officials in the ordinary way. Did the governor take this action? Did he exhibit any desire to adjust the taxation inequalities that then existed and compel the Steel corporation to pay higher taxes? If he did, no man in St. Louis county discovered it. He received the request made by The Herald in silence and made not the slightest effort to apply the remedy for the taxation inequalities that existed.

But The Herald kept up its fight, and it was successful. Months before the special session of the legislature was called it was decided by the St. Louis county officials to raise the assessment to $20,000,000, and the officials of the United States Steel corporation agreed to accept this raise and abide by it.

This understanding was later carried out, and neither Governor Van Sant, State Auditor Dunn, "Jake" Jacobson nor any other Republican politician outside of this county had any hand in it.

The Herald defies the Journal or any other Republican organ to show when and where Governor Van Sant or the Republican legislature did anything that entitles either one to the slightest amount of credit in connection with this matter. On the contrary, The Herald claims the whole credit for the campaign that secured the increase to $30,000,000, while freely according to County Auditor Halden and the other members of the county board credit for the performance of their duty in the premises.

The Herald numbers this as one of its most notable achievements in the public interest, and it does not and will not permit any Republican organ to falsely appropriate to Governor Van Sant or any other political demagogue any of the credit.

SUBSTITUTES FOR COAL.

The people of the United States are not so dependent on anthracite coal as the present situation would seem to indicate. The unexpected continuance of the strike has, of course, caught the public unprepared, and is causing more or less distress and a rapid tightening of the pocketbooks of many. It is evident that no reliance can be placed in anthracite. It is absolutely controlled by a trust in both mines and railways, and is no longer entitled to the confidence of the people.

In some cases oil, the supply of which is rapidly increasing, can be used instead of coal. A number of steamships are under construction to carry it from Texas to New York. A Texas company will contract to deliver it at from 95 cents to $1.05 a barrel. Three or four barrels furnish as much heat as a ton of coal. A recent report of the United States geological survey places the consumption of natural gas in this country in 1901 at 180,450,000,000 cubic feet, valued at $27,000,000, a gain in ten years of 14 per cent, and serving as an equivalent to 8,458,600 tons of coal. The number of persons supplied with natural gas is 4,000,000. An American company has been organized to operate gas wells in England. Vast fields of peat exist in the United States.

The manufacture of briquettes occupies an important place in the future economics of this country. The following information is from recent consular reports: The manufacture and use of briquettes in Germany, an article of fuel composed of brown coal peat and the dust and waste from coal mines, has developed to such important proportions in recent years as to attract wide attention, especially at this time. This kind of briquettes forms the principal domestic fuel in Berlin and other cities in Germany, and is used also in locomotives and manufacturing industries. It is clean and convenient to handle, lights quickly and burns with a clear, intense flame, and the combustion is practically smokeless. Hence Berlin, though a busy manufacturing city, is one of the cleanest cities in Europe, so far as smoke is concerned. Of the 1,566,385 tons of briquettes sold in Germany last year, 749,208 tons were used by German railways, 124,380 tons by retailers, 497,136 tons by factories and 149,089 tons by shipping or for export to German colonies or neighboring countries.

The coal barons of the United States, who think they have the people in their clutch, are woefully mistaken. They will be knocked out in short order. American inventive genius will soon have a substitute for anthracite, and their race will be run.

MR. ROSING'S VISIT.

Hon. Leonard A. Rosing, the Democratic candidate for governor, is visiting the various towns in St. Louis and Lake counties this week. That he will receive an enthusiastic welcome is a certainty, because the people of this section have a very friendly feeling for Mr. Rosing and the principles he represents in this campaign. The Republican leaders sneered when the nomination of Mr. Rosing was announced. They had not properly estimated his strength with the people of Minnesota, and they foolishly imagined that the demagogic attitude assumed by the present occupant of the governor's chair would deceive the voters and secure him a re-election. But they have since discovered their error and are ready to acknowledge that Mr. Rosing's strength is very much greater than they had expected. Privately some of them admit that Mr. Rosing will be elected. If the voters of St. Louis county consult their true interests and give to Mr. Rosing the majority that he should receive here there will be no doubt of the result and Minnesota will have an able and dignified governor, who will carefully guard all the interests of the state.

It has been well said that there is no truer guage of a man's worth than the life which he lives in his home and the estimation in which he is held by the men and women who have known him from childhood, as playmate, neighbor and citizen. Mr. Rosing can successfully stand this test. No man has a more delightful home life or is held closer in the regard of those who know him well. Mr. Rosing is a thinker, but he is no theorist or revolutionist. Conservatism has always been a distinguishing characteristic of his nature, but at the same time he has always been progressive, rising from a humble emigrant boy to a successful business man and the leadership of a great political party. Though not a great orator, he is an effective campaign speaker, and he has the ability to express his thoughts in a clear, convincing and comprehensive manner. The Herald feels assured that the people of St. Louis county, who come in contact with Mr. Rosing will be charmed by his interesting personality and be added to the large list of his friends and supporters.

Abram S. Hewitt says he was joking when he remarked that unless John Mitchell swallowed his pride and called off the strike, the people would take him and wring his neck. Mr. Hewitt's idea of humor is like the tariff—it needs revision.

Ping pong is to be played weekly hereafter in the Sunday school room of a church in Philadelphia. Its effect on the spiritual lives of the players will depend largely on how well they keep their tempers, says the Boston Globe.

The London Academy is captivated with George Ade's fables in slang which are printed in the Saturday Herald. Sometime it looks as if the Briton and the American might yet come to an understanding of each other.

With all the state militia of Pennsylvania called out to protect the mines, it is now up to the coal operators to show that they can operate the mines as they claimed, if given protection for the non-union miners.

It is suggested that Joseph L. Ferrell, scientist, belongs to another age than this. The times do not demand the discovery in sulphate of aluminum of a compound which will render wood fireproof.

Talk about Philadelphia being slow! A man in that town has just proposed to a woman he has been courting for twenty-one years.

Coler may have a chance to be elected governor of New York. The better has started at 2 to 1 against him in Wall street.

Russell Sage declares that prices are too high. Does he need a new suit of clothes?

Coal parties have succeeded pound parties.

Home Building and Ownership.

Saturday Evening Post: During the present year there is more home-building than was ever known in the history of the country, and the important part of it is in the suburbs and in the rural regions within reach of cities. Moreover, there is distinct improvement in the size, quality, and genuine merits of the houses. And what is of even larger importance is the fact that every man who builds is trying to get as much ground about his home as possible. All this is the best kind of good news. It means happier lives, stronger children, and the best generation of Americans that the nation has ever known.

Great Opening For the Generous.

Baltimore American: The people who are not getting a chance to spend their money for coal might utilize it to help swell the J. P. Morgan million-dollar fund for converting the Filipinos.

CHEERY CHAFF.

Detroit Free Press: She—In a year from now you will forget that you ever loved me.

He—It will take me more than a year to pay for these presents.

Chicago Tribune: "I declare," said Mrs. Lapsling, "to hear Mr. Rnapus talk you'd think he hadn't a bit of faith in human nature. He's a regular cynic."

Philadelphia Press: Fat Young Man—won't your conscience permit you to marry me, may I ask?

Miss Flyppe—Because, Mr. Throggins, I have read that the average man weighs 140 pounds. I can't conscientiously marry two average men at once.

Chicago News: "You ought to see the lovely letters my husband writes," said the bride of a month to one of her girl friends.

"Oh, I've seen a few," replied the dear girl friend. "In fact, I've got nearly a trunkful of them in the attic."

Pittsburg Chronicle: She—You men don't seem to realize that a girl can't imagine anything worse than to have a young man kiss her against her will.

He—No? Some girls consider it much worse to have a fellow refrain from kissing her when she's willing.

Judge: "What did the deacon say when you sent him the brandied peaches?"

"He said he didn't care so much for the peaches as he did the spirit in which they were sent."

New York Weekly: Old Gentleman—I find, sir, that you have no financial standing, no credit anywhere.

Young Getthere—You do me an injustice, sir. I have easily borrowed several hundred dollars since it became known I was engaged to your daughter.

Detroit Free Press: Hoskins—What! James going to leave us?

Butler—Yes, sir; I can't put up with the mistress any longer.

Hoskins—But, James, look how long I've put up with her.

Philadelphia Press: "I believe," said Miss Oldum, sharply, "that there should be a tax against bachelors."

"Nonsense!" exclaimed Pepprey, "why, the only hope of some women are the bachelors, for the widowers are too particular."

Chicago Tribune: "No," admitted the girl with the auburn hair, "I don't know what ails him. He hasn't called for two weeks."

"Were you doing that pyrographic landscape on the big piece of sheepskin when he called last?"

"Yes."

"Well, that's where you burnt out your fuse."

THE OLD COUNTRY ROAD.

Where did it come from, and where did it go?
That was the question that puzzled us so
As we waded the dust of the highway that flowed
By the farm, like a river—the old country road.

We stood with our hair sticking up thro'
Of our hats, as the people went up and went down,
And we wished in our hearts, as our eyes fairly glowed,
We could find where it came from—the old country road.

We remember the peddler who came with his pack,
Adown the old highway, and never went back;
And we wondered what things he had seen as he strode
From some fabulous place up the old country road.

We remember the stage driver's look of delight,
And the crack of his whip as he whirled into sight,
And we thought we could read in each glance he bestowed
A tale of strange life up the old country road.

The movers came by like a ship in full sail,
With a rudder behind in the shape of a pail—
With a romicking crew, and a cow that was towed
With a rose on her horns, down the old country road.

And the gypsies—how well we remember the week
They camped by the old covered bridge, on the creek—
How the neighbors quit work, and the crops were unhoed,
Till the wagons drove off down the old country road.

Oh, the top of the hill was the rim of the world,
And the dust of the summer that over it curled
Was the curtain that hid from our sight the abode
Of the fairies that lived up the old country road.

The old country road! I can see it still flow,
Down the hill of my dreams, as it did long ago,
And I wish even now I could lay off my load,
And rest by the side of that old country road.

—JAMES N. MATTHEWS in Omaha Bee.

Specific For Degeneracy.

Washington Post: The lawyer who is to defend William Hooper Young will endeavor to prove that he is a degenerate. Well, there is nothing in the law to prevent the electrocution of degenerates.

Fear of a Coalless Winter.

Boston Transcript: A curious feeling of apprehension as of an impending calamity fills the air, an indefinable fear of widespread suffering and intolerable convenience to which all classes are mutually interested, and which few can entirely evade in the far-reaching effects of a coalless winter. In a thousand unthought of ways the lack of coal makes itself felt, and only in this manner is one brought to realize how absolutely indispensible an article coal has become in this busy age of ours.

THE LYRIC'S LOVER.

I love the drama's glowing page
Where strength and beauty shine;
Where hope and joy, despair and rage,
Inform the perfect line.
With Lear to rave, with Hamlet fret,
With Rosalind to jest,
Are dear unto my heart, and yet
I love the lyric best.

I love the epic's joy and fear,
Where Greeks and Trojans die;
The words that came to Milton's ear,
The scenes to Dante's eye.
Brave deeds of old and far away,
I make their memory mine,
But homage from the heart I pay
The lyric's lowlier shrine.

I love to bow beneath the bell
Where Pope and Wordsworth preach;
I love to learn the lessons well
My Emerson doth teach;
With Browning ponder, Bryant grieve,
In Wisdom's ways divine;
But slowly for their truths I leave
The lyric's lowlier line.

Give me gray ocean's threnody,
The south wind's sigh from far,
The midnight's murmuring melody
And twilight's steadfast star.
The lyric of Spring's glad release,
Of Summer's cloudless shine,
Of Autumn's prime and Winter's peace—
The lyric shall be mine.

Give me the hymns of holy days,
The dirge o'er Honor's grave,
The charm of childhood's earliest lays,
The peans of the brave.
Sing me of love that wins its own,
Sing me of love's despair,
Tear down the drama from the throne
And set the lyric there.

—Portland Oregonian.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A fond parent makes a foolish mentor.

There's many a slip 'twixt the mustache and the lip.

Women preserve scandal in the acid of malice.

It is almost as hard to keep a friend as it is to lose an enemy.

The boy who chooses rich parents takes the first step to success.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The little note in the hotel column last night about H. H. Hill, of Duluth, who puzzled a Milwaukee hotel clerk by making nine perpendicular lines on the register and then fixing his signature up with dots and dashes to make it look like something reminds me of an interesting little experiment," said a guest at the St. Louis last evening. "It accompanies a story about a girl who became wearied of the lateness of the hour to which her caller remained, so she asked him if he was good at puzzles. He said he was, so she told him to take a sheet of paper and a pencil and draw four ciphers, then leave a space and draw three more, then leave a space and draw two more. Then she told him to draw a perpendicular line down from the right side of the first cipher, another one up from the right side of the fourth, one down from the right side of the fifth, one up from the right side of the seventh, and one down from the right side of the eigth. Now take a sheet of paper and follow her directions and you will see why the caller excused himself." Any body doing this will find ample excuse for the caller's disappearance.

* * *

M. C. Palmer, of Virginia, Republican candidate for register of deeds, came down from Virginia yesterday afternoon and stopped at the St. Louis. He said that considerable political interest is being aroused on the ranges, and that it seemed to him that there was more talk of politics there than there is here.

* * *

The guests at the Hotel McKay have their mouths all fixed for game dinners for the next week or so, George T. McKay, one of the proprietors, accompanied by R. C. Ray and C. F. Leland, left last evening for a hunting trip down the line of the Eastern Minnesota.

* * *

R. C. Hirschy, of Minneapolis, one of the best wing shots in America, and the winner of this year's Grand American Live-bird handicap, is in the city today, a guest of the Spalding. He is accompanied by F. C. Rice, of the Chicago powder house represented by Mr. Hirschy.

* * *

James McKenzie, of St. Paul, timber man for the state auditor's office, is in the city, stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

G. H. Carsley, the St. Paul architect, is in the city looking over the work on the Panton & White building, of which he has charge. He is at the St. Louis.

* * *

E. B. Putnam, of St. Paul; P. Culligan and J. W. Doyle, of Alpena, Mich., and G. S. Welshons, of Stillwater, are among the lumbermen from outside that are stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

John L. Snapp, of the legal department of the Great Northern road, is at the Spalding today.

* * *

At the St. Louis: D. W. McLeod, Newberry, Mich.; Elmer Mathison, Virginia; Mrs. J. B. Connor and child, Hibbing; James Whalen, Port Arthur; A. E. Cartier, Ludington, Mich.; C. F. Moulton, Madison, Wis.; J. W. Irwin, Bemidji; H. E. Tolman, St. Cloud; S. H. Slocum, Koechiching; John H. Crowe, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Spalding: O. C. Davidson, F. W. Richards, Iron Mountain, Mich.; Thomas J. Pasco, Norway, Mich.; Elizabeth Engbert, Houghton; John R. Mitchell, Winona; W. H. Woodard, Watertown, Wis.; Mrs. A. G. Brown, Washburn, Wis.; C. E. Thompson, Minneapolis; William Nesbitt, B. W. Frost, Minneapolis; W. D. Fargo, F. B. Farmer, Walter Butler, St. Paul.

* * *

At the McKay: Robert F. Perry, St. Paul; Miss Edith Saulter, Bay City, Mich.; W. H. Carnes, Hudson; D. A. Williams, Minneapolis; Louis Beaudoin, Joseph Malthus, Calumet; Dennis Dean, M. M. Hanna, Two Harbors; Robert L. Hull, Biwabik; George Hastings, Virginia; J. McColl, John McClure, St. Paul; Henry Bundy, Chicago.

FRIENDSHIP WITH NATURE.

Come walk with me a little space,
Leave care to fools and seek the wild;
Be for a time sweet Nature's child,
And scan the mysteries in her face.

Let's back to her like wandering doves,
While she our sins for aye remit;
Her eyes with ecstacies are lit
To welcome those her bosom loves.

With burning brow and aching breast
Full oft I've sought the silent bower;
Once more I yearn to feel her power
And sip her subtle rest.

When came the fabric of her robe,
That those of kings more richly wrought?
From what fair zone these colorings brought
Which charm men 'round the globe?

The grey, the gold, the green, the blue,
Are antidote for tearless pain,
And vagueries vanish from the brain
With every changing, blending hue!

E'en these firm rocks which gird the glen
So softly touch the plastic heart,
As if they made themselves a part
Of all that's good and true in men.

What strength and beauty in the oak!
And in the cliff which marks the shore;
That ever hears the oceans roar;
'Gainst which her rushing waves are broke.

The sea-fowl has a charm for me,
Which cannot cease her wandering,
But spreads a strong and tireless wing
O'er the restless, everlasting sea.

The leaves are beautiful in death,
Which erst in brighter hues were seen;
Which draped the summer fields with green,
But withered at the Autumn's breath.

God grant that this my lot may be,
When low and lurid hangs the sun,
When my perplexing task is done,
And the fire of life dies out in me.

—E. ROSELLE HALL.

Duluth, Oct. 4.

Ravages of Forest Fires.

Portland Oregonian: Investigation as it proceeds continues to disclose sad and painful conditions as the result of the forest fires that have swept various rural and suburban communities of Western Oregon within the past week. Winter is close at hand and the homeless sufferers appeal by their apparent distress to public generosity. It is gratifying to note that such measures of relief as the occasion demands have already been inaugurated and that the bounty of pity will be dishursed in accordance with individual and family needs.

The Expected Happened.

Chicago Post: We violate no confidence in saying that the announcement that Mr. Peary did not quite reach the pole has occasioned no great surprise.

Why the Pole Is Undiscovered.

Baltimore American: We gather from the remarks of Mr. Zeigler that the north pole never will be discovered on a cigarette and pie diet. We should think not. An explorer who clamors for cigarettes and pie, and sniffs at pemmican and bootleg soup, is not hary enough to withstand the rigors of an expedition, imaginative enough to do the proper series of magazine articles nor ingenuous enough to tell what to do with the pole if he should find it.

A Changed Girl.

I sang to her with deep "blue" eyes,
The editor put "brown."
But left them "like to summer skies,"
Altho' he changed her gown.
I praised her "slender as a doe,"
He gave her mait extract,
And made her bosom "ample" grow,
Quite matronly, in fact.
Her "golden" hair he dyed to "black"—
Thank heaven, it was not red!—
I had it hanging down her back,
He put it up instead.
She left me "pale," he made her blush—
With ample cause, I'm sure.
The liberties he took would flush
A mummy's cheek demure.
I sent her forth on "dainty" feet,
But she came back on small;
The wonder is, so young and sweet,
She kept her feet at all.
Now, all of this I might have stood,
Without a word of blame,
Had he, while changing, been so good
As just to change my name.

—Frank Leslie's Magazine.

A Pardonable Deception

By Jennie Eddie.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

There was dire consternation in athletic circles of the University of Michigan when Stubby Shaw's resignation from the ball team came in just two weeks before the Cornell game. Moreover, this young man remained firm as adamant in the fixace of entreaties, expostulations, threats. "It's my own fault," he insisted. "Father wouldn't have said a word if I had passed my exams. But as it is, I've got to brace up in Math or go home, and baseball is strictly ruled out." Thompson, who was manager of the team, was the brother of a very pretty girl whom Stubby had adored for three years. Their engagement was but a few hours old when sentence was passed upon Stubby's sporting career by his hitherto indulgent father.

The Rev. John Shaw loved his only son with all the strength of his earnest, strong heart, and because of that love he was ambitious that John Jr., should make a sucess of life from start to finish. He had sent him proudly to his own Alma Mater and had watched his progress with tender solicitude, hoping, longing for some evidence of especial brilliancy, yet ever patiently content with his mediocre attainments. "He hasn't found himself yet," the fond father would say, "but when he does—" and the pleasant old gray eyes would light up with an almost divine fire as his mind pictured the roseate future of his son.

On a perfect spring morning Mr. Shaw received a letter from his boy It was a frank, manly letter, telling of his love for Margaret Thompson, her promise to be his wife, and asking his father's approval of the engagement. The maid interrupted his reverie. "A telegram for you, sir." He tore it open and read it with a puzzled smile.

"Do you consent to John's engagement to Margaret? Telegraph reply.

"R. THOMPSON."

"Rather singular," said Mr. Shaw. "I never had such an experience before. But then it's a good many years since I knew anything about love affairs. This must be the latest formality."

Two hours later Thompson burst into Stubby's room waving a bit of yellow paper. "I've got it," he shouted, holding it still long enough for Stubby to read. "I give my consent, John Shaw." "What does it mean?" gasped Stubby. "Mean? Why it means that you agreed to stay on the team until after the Cornell game if I got your father's consent, and here it is." The famous shortstop was speechless with joy, but he wrung his friend's hand until Thompson winced and drew it away.

The practice weeks were gone before anyone could realize it and the morning of the great day dawned clear and crisp. Hundreds of students loaded the special for Detroit. That city was in gala attire. College enthusiasm was fairly saturating the atmosphere and nowhere was greater loyalty shown than in the ranks of the alumni—the "old grade." Was it Fate that induced the Rev. John Shaw to leave his cozy study on that great day and take the suburban for Detroit? He certainly knew nothing about the game until the flaunting streamers of yellow and blue stirred something warm in the depths of his heart and brought a mist to his eyes.

"Well, well, Shaw. Down for the game, I suppose," said a polly voice as



Read it with a puzzled smile.

a pair of big hands grasped his own heartily.

"God bless my soul if it isn't Jack Thornton," exclaimed the minister. "What game is it?"

"Why, don't you know? Cornell and Michigan. Best game of the year. You used to be better posted on these things in our day, eh, Shaw?" Visions of his long forgotten triumphs on the diamond made him smile reflectively, and when Jack Thornton hailed a car headed for the ball grounds, he followed mechanically. They took it front seat in the grand stand among unfamiliar faces. There was the field for their preliminary practice. Mr. Shaw recognized anecdotes of Stacey and Leaming and a good deal was said about some one they called Stubby, but this was evidently a new member whom his son had never mentioned. He began to grow a little jealous of this same Stubby when they told of his splendid form, his boundless popularity, his inexhaustible good-nature. He started once to ask who this young paragon was, but just then the game was called.

Cornell came to bat first. Three men were struck out in quick succession. The Michigan pitcher was certainly starting well. A murmur of delight went up from the crowd of partisans, but when Michigan also failed to score the outlook was not so promising. Eight innings were played rapidly with no score on either side. Then Cornell again lined up. A whizzing sound, a well aimed stroke, and Cornell had a man on first. There was a perfect storm of applause from



"I'm proud of you, my boy."

the little group of the New Yorkers who had accompanied their team. Whether this inspired their men or rattled the Michigan pitcher, the result was the same. The game was now Michigan, 0, Cornell, 1. To say that the crowd was now mad with excitement is utterly inexpressive. There was a death like stillness when Stacey came to bat. "Strike one. Strike two. Strike three." It was Warren's turn. Strike one! Strike two! Strike three!" A groan of despair told the story of shattered hopes. Then a third man stepped to the plate. The entire responsibility of the day lay on those broad shoulders. He did not seem aware of the seriousness of the situation or was he indifferent to it? Suddenly, whizz! came the ball on an incalculable curve. A firm, strong blow, directed as carelessly as though the whole world were not waiting breathless its result, and the ball skimmed the ground at the pitcher's feet, slipped through his hands and bounded across the field. The man that sent it did not stop to look. He was half way to his base before the crowd realized that he had made a hit. On, on, would he ever get to second? Yes, and he dares to try for third. Now the outfielders are after the ball as it skims the ground. The right fielder has caught it! No, he fumbles. He turns swiftly, but the man is past third and running for dear life. The ball has started on its long journey home. It is almost in the catcher's grasp. The runner sees it. He is so near, but will he ever make the goal? The catcher jumps back a foot to get the ball. The runner drops to the ground, slides his full length and stretches a long muscular arm to the plate. His fingers touch it a full second before the catcher has the ball and the announcement of the umpire that Michigan has a home run is drowned in the thunderous roars from the grand stand. Everybody is jumping up and down, yelling like mad. The Rev. John Shaw is swinging his hat and pounding the floor with his best umbrella. "Rah! Rah! Rah!" he finds himself yelling, and then a magnificent howl breaks forth from a thousand throats. "Stubby! Stubby! Stubby!"

"That's a boy to be proud of," said Jack Thornton to John Shaw.

"Indeed, he is!" returned that gentleman enthusiastically. "If that was my boy, I'd rather have him make that run than take the Latin scholarship!" Another tally for the U. of M. was added by the good plays of the succeeding ten minutes, but the wild fever with which they continued to cheer Stubby remained unabated. When the game ended with Michigan 2, Cornell 1, the Rev. John Shaw beat over a lad of ten who had been one of the wildest enthusiasts. "Can you tell me, my boy, what Stubby's other name is?" The child looked at him in disgust. "Stubby? Don't you know Stubby Shaw? Why, everybody knows him!"

Down in the dressing room Mr. Shaw found a mob of young men fairly tumbling over each other in jubilant glee as they shook hands with everybody again and again, pounded each other on the back, and hurrahed for Stubby. It was with difficulty that the elderly gentleman made his way to the inside of this room where the hero sat perched on the shoulders of the vociferous admirers, but the crowd parted like magic at his words, "I am Stubby's father." "I'm proud of you, my boy," he said. "That play atones even for your disobedience," Thopmson interrupted, "I deceived you both, Mr. Shaw," he said humbly, but you see we just had to have Stubby play. He thought your telegram concerned the game—" "That's all right, I'm much obliged to you, Thompson."

"What's the matter with Mr. Shaw?" shouted the captain of the team. "Fellows, here goes, three cheers for him." The people outside thought it was another edition of the same old story. "Listen," said one. "They're cheering Stubby again." But the Rev. John Shaw and the team knew better.

Keeping In Sight.

Kansas City Star: Ever since the first eruption of Mount Pelee, Copperas mountain in Ohio has been emitting gases and showing signs of disturbance. It is a very dull day indeed when the great Buckeye state doesn't feel called upon to "smoke up."

DOROTHY DIX

Writes a dramatic story entitled

"The Other Woman"

for the

October Number

10 Story Book

With nine other great stories.

10 CENTS

If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office.
10 STORY BOOK,
203-209 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 7 and 8.
Mr. Fred G. Berger Presents
MR. HORACE LEWIS
In Sol Smith Russel's Famous Play
A Poor Relation
All the original scenery and properties.
Prices D. C. $1; Parquet 75c; P. C. & B. 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

FRIDAY, OCT. 10.
"A LITTLE OUTCAST"
This season's enormous scenic sensation.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

VERY FEW CHANGES

Appointments at Northern Minnesota Methodist Conference.

Dr. Long and H. W. Knowles Returned to Duluth Churches.

All Presiding Elders, Including Dr. Robert Forbes, Retained.

Morris, Minn., Oct. 7.—At the closing session of the Northern Minnesota M. E. conference the usual resolutions were passed, thanking the pastor and the people of Morris for their hospitality and the Great Northern railroad for special accommodations. The presence of Bishop Andrews was greatly appreciated and his work strongly commended and the conference will endeavor to secure him next year. The bishop addressed the preachers who are going out to their work and read the appointments as follows:

CROOKSTON DISTRICT.

LaFayette Dodds, presiding elder, Crookston, Minn.; Ada, A. H. McKee; Akeley, G. E. Tindall; Argyle, George E. Silloway; Badger, Harland King; Barnesville, A. A. Myres; Battle Lake, Henry Symonds; Beltrami, Frank Ferguson; Bemidji, U. A. Foster; Big Falls, G. P. Watson; Black Duck, to be supplied; Breckenridge, James Cinlow; Cass Lake, J. T. B. Smith; Climax Circuit, to be supplied; Crookston, G. E. Satterlee; Deer Creek, S. V. Warren; Detroit, E. C. Holliday; Fergus Falls, J. G. Morrison; Fisher and Mallory, A. Neelands; Fosston, E. A. Cooke; Hawley, C. W. Bells; Hewitt and Bertha, B. F. Koch; Hubbard, B. E. Hoard; McCauleyville, J. H. Date; Melnlosh, to be supplied; Menaghna, R. G. Green; Moorhead, J. T. Hammond; New York Mills, G. Winslow; Park Rapids, C. O. Beckman; Parkers Prairie, O. N. Maxon; Pelican Rapids, R. N. Cunningham; Perham circuit, J. R. Carter; Phoena, Island Lake and Mispah, to be supplied; Roseau, to be supplied; Red Lake Falls to be supplied; St. Hilaire, C. R. Butler; St. Vincent, J. D. Manly; Sebeka, R. G. Green; Stephen, E. A. Wood; Thief River Falls, C. H. Flesher; Tintah and Hereford, L. N. English; Verndale, W. L. Langrell; Wagena, John Watson; War Road and Cedar Bend, Edwin Deacon; Warren, Isaac Peart; White Earth, D. F. Porter.

DULUTH DISTRICT.

Robert Forbes, presiding elder, 506 Fifty-sixth avenue, West Duluth. Aitkin, William Fletcher; Barnum, J. J. Parish; Becker, to be supplied; Biwabik, C. W. B. Ellis; Brainerd, J. W. Powell, Jr.; Buhl, to be supplied; Cambridge, Justus Parish, Carlton, to be supplied; Chisholm, H. Lluellables; Clear Lake, W. H. Robinson; Cloquet, J. W. Heard; Deerwood, to be supplied; Deer River, to be supplied; Duluth—Asbury, J. C. Hartley; Endion, R. J. Taylor; First, S. P. Long; Grace, H. W. Knowles; Lester Park, C. F. Davis; Oneota, E. H. Copper, Ely, Henry Logan; Emily, to be supplied; Eveleth, R. A. Saunderson; Finnish Mission, F. H. Salmi; Foley, Ronneby and Oak Park, to be supplied; Grand Rapids, E. L. Jaquish; Greenbush, Blue Hill and Santiago, W. A. Parkinson; Hibbing, J. W. Robinson; Indian Mission (Nett Lake), to be supplied; Little Falls, M. O. Stockland; Mc Gregor and Morrison, to be supplied; Milaca, D. P. Ilin; Mille Lacs Lake, to be supplied; Mora, C. R. Oaten; Motley, R. P. Cummings; Mountain Iron, L. S. Koen; Nashwauk, to be supplied; Norta Branch, S. L. Parish; Ogilvie and Dalbo, to be supplied; Pine City, W. E. Loomis; Pine River and Poquot, Paul Haight; Princeton, W. E. J. Gratz; Proctorknott, to be supplied; Royalton, James A. Geer; Rush City and Rock Creek, J. W. Briggs; Rutledge and Finlayson, J. J. Par——; Sauk Rapids, J. H. Kepple; Soudan to be supplied; Sparta, to be supplied; Spencer Brook ——, Zimmerman, to be supplied; Staples, T. G. Clark; Taylors Falls, A. E. Rowson; Two Harbors, G. E. Pickard; Virginia, E. M. Catheart, Wyoming, F. J. Johnson;

LITCHFIELD DISTRICT.

J. B. Hingeley, presiding elder, Minneapolis, Minn.; Alexandria, E. H. Jacobson, Annandale, Henry Nobbs; Appleton and Holloway, I. N.Goodsell; Armstrong, Rockford and Mound City, S. W. Squire; Beardsley, C. T. Beers; Bellingham and Marietta, R. C. Manly; Benson and Pennock, to be supplied; Bird Island, J. P. Hess; Browns Valley, S. V. Adams; Buffalo, J. S. Kingan; Cedar Mills and Spring Grove, I. H. Bergstrom; Chokio and Adelaide, J. V. Plunkett; Clearwater, J. W. Peterson; Clinton and Caster, E. B. Service; Dassell and Jennie, R. M. Case; Delano and Montrose, T. J. Chappell; Eagle Bend, J. A. Hahl; Forest City, Mannahan, Union Grove, to be supplied; Glencoe, F. M. Wright; Glenwood and Villard, S. N. Squire; Granite Falls, James Clulow; Grove Lake, J. A. Jewitt; Hector and Brookfield, J. F. Pickard; Herman and Norcross, J. E. Watson; Howard Lake, G. C. Carawell; Hutchinson, J. G. Gronzier; Kimball and Pleasant Grove, J. S. Kettlewell; Lester Prairie and Norwood, A. J. Ewing; Litchfield, F. N. Scott; Long Prairie, C. W. Stark; Melrose, F. E. Fairbanks; Montevideo and Rosewood, L. L. Tower; Monticello, H. J. Van Fossen; Morris, S. S. Farley; Olivia, W. H. Easton; Ortonville, G. B. Geer; Osakis, Abraham Hopkins; Paynesville, to be supplied; Raymond and Woosla G. W. B. Snell; Renville, J. R. Davies; St. Cloud, C. W. Lawson, Sauk Center, C. B. Brecount; Willmar, Joseph Hogg.

MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT.

William Fielder, presiding elder, 919 Chicago avenue, Minneapolis. Anoka—E. C. Clemans; Brooklyn Center—J. W. Moyer; Champlin—A. F. Thompson; Eden Prairie and Bloomington—V. M. McCombs; Elk River—C. C. Haines; Excelsior—Donald McKenzie; Hopkins—C. Q. Page; Minneapolis—Bloomington Avenue, R. J. Swinnerton; Broadway, C. H. McCrea; First church, William Love; Forest Heights, J. H. Cudlipp; Foss, J. H. Dewart; Fowler, P. A. Cool; Franklin Avenue, A. A. Graves; Hennepin Avenue, S. D. Hutchpiller; Lake Street, T. W. Stout; Minnehaha, J. B. Wood; North church, W. A. Shannon; Park Avenue, G. G. Vallentyne; Richfield, T. E. Archer; St. Louis Park, C. H. Sweatt; Simpson, W. H. Rider; Thirteenth Avenue, T. F. Allen; Trinity, L. A. Willsey; Wesley and Wesley chapel, J. S. Montgomery and one to be supplied; Western Avenue, F. W. Hart; Otsego—J. L. Parmeter; Parker Lake and Golden Valley—Joseph Robinsin; Richfield—A. E. Rowson; St. Francis and Cedar—Thomas Billings.

Jabez Brooks, professor in the university of Minnesota of Minnesota; G. S. Innis, porfessor in Hamlin university; C. M. Heard, district secretary of the American Society of Religious Education; C. W. Sharpe, financial agent of Asbury hospital; J. F. Chaffee, assistant financial agent of Asbury hospital; Thomas McClary, railroad chaplain; L. P. Smith, chaplain of Soldiers' home; T. H. Craig, conference evangelist.

Left without appointments to attend some one of our schools: C. E. Ames, R. C. Johnson, A. A. Fisher, A. J. Northrup, F. W. Hill, Frederick Murray and T. N. Swinnerton.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF YEAR.

The statistical secretary reported 1317 probationers, a gain of 50 over last year, and 14,89) full members, a gain of 755; making the total gain of membership in the churches of the Northern Minnesota conference this year, 785. Sunday school scholars for 1901, 14,155; this year, 14,890, a gain of 1025 during the year. Valuation of church property last year, $884,570; this year, $910,850, a gain of $26,300. The valuation of parsonages is $102,225, a gain of $8570.

The treasurer reported the total collections for benevolences from the churches of the conference to be $228,482; this including $176.72 for the Twentieth Century Thank Offering. Of this amount, $12,440 was given for missions, a gain of $863; Asbury hospital, $10,252, a gain of $1926; $5964 for church extension, a gain of $5944; and $940 for the woman's home missionary societies, a gain of $402.

Sunday morning, Bishop Andrews preached from I. Timothy, iii, 15, "The Church of the Living God." In the afternoon he ordained John Callahan a deacon, and C. R. Oaten, C. W. Stark, W. E. J. Gratz, C. T. Beers, F. N. Scott and A. E. Rowson elders. In the evening, Dr J. D. Chavis, president of Bennett college, Greensboro, N. C., spoke on the work of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society. Dr. H. C. Jennings, senior book agent of the church, from Cincinnati, spoke on the work of the Book Concern, the greatest publishing house in this country.

THE LAST

Of the Army Maneuvers Occur at Fort Riley.

Fort Riley, Kan., Oct. 7.—Gen. Bates announced this morning that today's work would constitute the last of the maneuvers. It was the program yesterday that the exercises today should consist of the formation of an advance guard by the entire command, simulated attacks to be made by a small force of Browns.

However, the majority of the National Guard have left for home, the Colorado men leaving this afternoon at the conclusion of the maneuvers, and with all the pupils gone, it was decided by the general that inasmuch as the hour for breaking camp on Thursday was very early in the morning, he would give the men a day's rest before the wind up.

The maneuvers today were those originally set for tomorrow under the vague description of "a contact of all arms." The situation being the opening of hostilities was as follows:

A Blue division moving north on Stockdale, crossed the Republican and Kansas rivers at Fort Riley. A Brown division of inferior strength took up a position for defensive battle near the north reservation line, awaiting reinforcements, and while in this position was heavily attacked by the Blues.

The Browns, commanded by Col. Carr of the Fourth cavalry, consisted of the First and Second squadrons of the Fourth cavalry, the Sixth battery and one battalion of the Twenty-second infantry. The Blues, under the orders of Gen. Kobbe, comprised all the other troops in the camp, including the Colorado battalion. Gen. Kobbe attacked, as he always does, with great energy, and the fighting for a time was very lively.

THE TROOPS

Will Be Under General Direction of Col. Elliot.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 7.—Maj. Gen. Miller has ordered Col. Elliot, assistant adjutant general of the division, on duty at the adjutant general's office in this city to direct the movements of the national guard. The entire state military force was ordered out last night by Governor Stone and Col. Elliot expects to have every regiment in the strike territory before midnight. The guard will be distributed by regiments over the anthracite regions for the purpose of protecting the non-union men who desire to work and to suppress tumults and riots if they should occur.

Gen. Miller and Adjutant General Stewart went to Washington this morning to attend the national encampment of the G. A. R. The canvas and other camp equipage of the soldiers were loaded on a special train last night and will be sent to the strike territory as soon as Col. Elliot disposes of the troops.

Gen. Gobin and three members of his staff who were at the council of war at the executive mansion last night at which it was decided to call out the guard, returned to Shenandoah this morning.

Governor Stone declines to make any statement giving his reasons for ordering the troops on duty. He says the formal orders explain the situation fully.

Col. Willis J. Hullings, of Oil City, has been ordered to take command of the Second brigade in the absence of Gen. Wiley, who is in Kansas. Col. Hullings left here at noon for Mount Carmel, where he will be joined by the Second brigade staff.

Col. James Barnett, of the Tenth regiment, was called here as a witness in an election case in the Dauphin county court and will not get away before night.

MERIT MAKES IT FAMOUS.

Only Remedy in the World Except a Surgical Operation That Will Certainly Cure Any Form of Piles.

The study of physicians, the experiments of chemists, the loudly advertised pretensions of quacks, have been for years expended in one direction—to find a pile cure that would cure.

The results have been a number of harmless and in most cases useless ointments, suppositories and even internal remedies, which the public have weighed in the balance of experience and found wanting; nearly all of them gave some relief, but nothing approaching a radical cure resulted from these preparations.

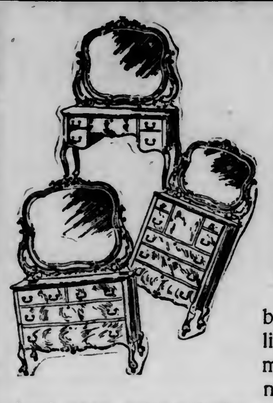
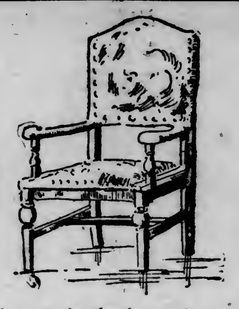
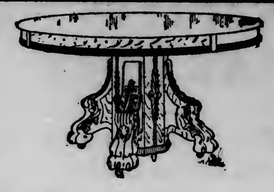
The remedy required is one which will immediately stop the pain so severe in many cases of piles, and then by contracting the small blood vessels (capillaries) to their normal size, produces a radical cure by reducing and finally absorbing the tumors and healing the inflamed, raw mucous surfaces.

Until a few years ago no such remedy had been produced, but at that time a suppository was placed upon the market which has since proven itself to be the long-sought permanent cure for this common and distressing trouble; it has rapidly become famous throughout the United States and Canada, and is now sold by all druggists under the name of Pyramid Pile Cure.

It is now the best known, because its merit and safety have advertised it wherever used. It has been advertised by word of mouth, from one sufferer to another; people who have tried everything else, even submitting to painful and dangerous surgical operations without avail, have finally found that piles can be cured without pain and without expense practically, as the Pyramid Pile Cure is sold for the nominal price of 50 cents and $1 per package.

The Pyramid instantly stops all pain and at the same time contains no cocaine, morphine or narcotics; the acids and healing properties contained in the remedy speedily remove, cause a healthful, natural contraction and absorption of the tumors; it will cure any form of rectal trouble except cancer and advanced fistula, which, by the way, nearly always results from neglecting proper and timely treatment for piles.

A book on cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich.


French & Bassett
DULUTH. MINN.
Complete House Furnishers.
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

New and beautiful creations

We are all lovers of the beautiful—all appreciate beauty wherever seen — but above all, beauty in the home is most appreciated. New furniture and home furnishings—the surroundings of every-day life. During the past two weeks we have been engaged in arranging upon the floors our new fall goods—and tomorrow morning we shall be prepared to show the most attractive asssortment of goods ever seen in Duluth. Newness everywhere—sideboards, buffets, dining tables, dining chairs, parlor suits, odd chairs, rockers, parlor tables, bookcases, writing desks, metal and wooden beds, dressers, chiffoniers and dressing tables — acomplete line of everything you may desire. All the newest finishes. The always desirable golden oak, in polished and wax finishes—mahogany—that newest and much-sought-for weathered oak—Flemish and fumed oaks. We are prepared to supply your every want, and everything priced to meet the requirements of thrifty people.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

Jack Frost has visited us two or three times this fall—and each time he arrives he brings a little cooler weather. Have you prepared to ward off his fiercer attacks the coming winter? If not it is high time you had. Does the fuel problem trouble you? If so, that can be very easily solved by inspecting our wood and soft coal heaters.

Buck's Base Burner.

For hard coal only—the fire pots in these heaters are extra large—giving a large body of fuel and a greater body of heat. Each is equipped with double heating flues. The grate construction is perfect. We invite your inspection.

$25 up.

Buck's Oak.

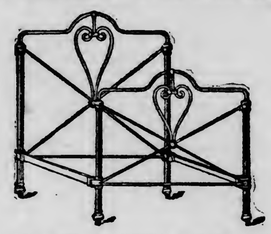
Is made for general use—burns any kind of coal or wood—made in enough sizes to fit any home. A heavy and substantial heater, pleasing to the eye and a good thing for any home. Price, too, is little.

$6.75 up.

Examine our Hot Blast Heater —It will burn soft coal—and is equal to a good base burner.

Metal Beds.

An enamel bed is the most "wantable" thing we can think of—at least it's the case here. We sell six enamel beds to one of the other kind—but there is no wonder—you should see the assortment. Black, green, red, white, blue, pink—almost every color of the rainbow—all the styles imaginable.



To convince you of the low prices which prevail here we offer this week a metal bed—similar to cut—in white, green or red enamel finish—good heavy substantial bed—and at the very low price of

$1.85

Other dealers ask $2.75 or $3.00 for this same bed.

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Our Terms of Credit:

$ 5 per month on a	$ 25 purchase
$ 6 per month on a	$ 35 purchase
$ 7 per month on a	$ 50 purchase
$ 8 per month on a	$ 60 purchase
$ 9 per month on a	$ 75 purchase
$10 per month on a	$100 purchase

Parlor Lamps.

A thing of beauty is a joy forever—In these days of modern inventions the lamp as a means of lighting has kept pace with other things—and our line is more attractive than ever in both reading and lighting lamps. A lamp giving a soft mellow light is always desirable. Our new lamps are arriving daily—the selection is large and attractive. We are offering this week a handsomely decorated lamp, similar to cut, with round burner—removable front at



$1.68

Other dealers would ask $3.00 or $3.50 for this same lamp.

Hanging Lamps.

A large and attractive line of these very desirable Lamps—Parlor, Library and Dining-room Lamps.

$1.28

Students' Lamp.

The well known Berlin—with green shade—for the students accustomed to burn the midnight oil.

$2.85

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Our Drapery Department

Is full of all the latest novelties in fine Drapery materials. We are prepared to execute special orders for all classes of Drapery work in the most artistic manner. Our line of popular priced novelties in Drapery material was never so large as at the present time. In Lace Curtains we have double the assortment that is usually carried by any house in the city and you will find our prices the lowest.

Tomorrow morning we will place on sale 100 pairs of fine Lace Curtains in Brussels, Irish Point, Arabian, Rennaissance and fine Novelty Curtains at—

$5.00 a pair

A little lot of fany three-fold Bamboo Screens, filled with the best quality Silkoline at—

$2.50 each

The regular $4.00 Screens.

A lot of remnants of fine drapery and upholstery materials—suitable for chair seats and pillow tops—

25c each

A lot of 4-foot oak and mahogany finished poles with fancy ends—suitable for hanging lace and muslin Curtains—Special at—

10c a Set

A new lot of 60-inch Tapestry Couch Covers—in fine Oriental patterns at—

$2.50 each

BUSINESS IN HAWAII

Found By Senators to Be Very Much Depressed.

Sugar Cheap and the Price of Labor High.

Senators Burton, Foster and Mitchell Have Returned.

San Francisco, Oct. 7.—United States Senators Burton of Kansas, Foster of Washington and Mitchell of Oregon have returned from the Hawaiian islands, where they have been on a tour of inspection as a sub-committee of the senate committee on Pacific islands, and Porto Rico. They were accompanied by ex-Senator Thurston of Nebraska. Speaking of the work of the sub-committee, Senator Mitchell said:

"We spent twenty-two working days in the Hawaiian islands, twenty of which (including also many night sittings) were occupied in taking testimony bearing upon the several subjects committed to us for investigation.

"We visited four of the principal islands of the territory, Oahu, Mawaii, Maui and Molokai; also the cities of Honolulu, Hilo, Lahaina, Mountain View and several smaller towns, and took the testimony of several hundred individual witnesses of all classes, some at all of these different places.

"We also heard the reports of various commercial bodies and kindred associations."

No matter connected with the relations of the federal government of the islands was ignored by the committee. Special attention was given to the labor questions and the claims of Queen Liliuokalani for the loss of the crown lands and the annual revenues from the same. Special attention was also given to the question as to the advisability of so amending the organic act as to require the organization of county and municipal organizations and much testimony was taken on this question.

"As yet," said Senator Mitchell, the commission has had no opportunity whatever to discuss any of the states into which we have been inquiring, much less to come to any conclusion in regard to any of these subjects and will not take up the same for consideration until we reach Washington, which we hope to do early in November.

"It may, however, not be improper to refer to the present industrial conditions of the islands. Contrary to the conditions of great commercial and business prosperity now prevailing on the main land throughout the United States, we regret to be compelled to say we found the islands in the state of very great commercial and industrial depression, caused as it is generally claimed, by the low price of sugar and the scarcity and high price of labor."

In concluding his statement, Mr. Mitchell stated that harmony characterized all the proceedings of the sub-committee, the members of which were shown every consideration by the people of the islands.

Actinic or Violet Rays

The most effective and painless treatment known for

Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases.

This is the same light as that used by the celebrated Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, and eminent New York specialists.

For particulars address

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
219 First Ave. East, Duluth.

DULUTH PROPERTY.

Words of Advice to Realty Owners and Brokers.

Let us get together and see if we cannot improve present conditions. You have been holding property ten years or longer and are now offering to sell it at prices less than ten years ago, when your population was half the present number.

Yours is a unique situation, in that no good residence can be built except in a district supplied with transit, water, gas and sewers. There is every reason why property should bring good prices, except your folly in present management. Good residence property in interior cities of from 10,000 to 15,000 inhabitants brings from $2000 to $3000 per lot, compared to from $1000 to $1500 of relative importance here. With 68,000 population, East End lots should bring from $2000 to $5000. I would suggest for improvement:

Have but one broker.

Pay him full commission to represent you.

Have but on sign "for sale" on a lot.

The brokers now represent the buyers and a lot in some hole or belonging to some bankrupt estate is quoted by them to force you to sell.

It is worse than folly to lose the benefit of present prosperity by such methods.

AN OWNER.

Dr. Phelan has removed his residence from the Spalding hotel to 405 East Third street.



The Greatest Skill.
The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own Lenses.
C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
3 West Superior Street.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,
53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink . . . . .

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring

Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.

S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor.
15 Phoenix Block.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 30th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Freeman Keene, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of James F. Keene, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Freeman Keene, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is son and next of kin of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to James F. Keene, granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Wednesday, the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-30-Oct-7-13-1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Ella M. Cooley, applicant to have registered the land described as follows: Lot numbered five (5), in block numbered four (4), Harrison's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, the same being in St. Louis County, Minnesota,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Edmund B. Addison, William H. Allison, John Addison, Warner Moore, and William H. Allison, executors of the last will and testament of James W. Allison, deceased: Dora Moore, Thomas L. Moore, James W. Allison, Minnie Clemens Allison, Theodore M. Carson, Victoria Ellen Carson, Warner Moore, Annie W. Moore, Mary Elizabeth Moore, Margaret Ann Smith, Hugh D. Smith, Sarah I. Wade, W. D. Wade, Carrie M. Bottoms, Robert J. Bottoms, James W. Watt, Adelade Watt, Marie D. Moore and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 3rd day of Oct., A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDELL,
Deputy.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 7-14-21, 1902.



We furnish up-to-date Interior Finish for Modern Houses.

Made from the best assorted grades of hardwood lumber; also everything in Building Lumber demanded by builders, which we are selling at prices tha we won't allow anyone to beat.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co., 2402 W. Michigan St.

Peachey & Lounsberry, The Printers.

Zenith 'Phone 336. Duluth 'Phone 106-3. New Address Providence Bldg.

Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store,

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.



WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

A full set of the best artificial teeth.... $10

And no extra charge for extracting

Gold Crowns (22K).....$7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from.....$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.....75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists. Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior st., Duluth.

NEW ROTARY ENGINE.

Claimed It Will Revolutionize Motor Power.

Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 7.—James W. Tygard, of this city, has invented a rotary engine, which, it is claimed by experts, will revolutionize motor power. It is called a positive expansion reversible rotary engine and possesses desired features lacking in the turbine engine. All the parts revolve and there is no reciprocation and consequently no vibration. A model in his shop attains from one to five thousand revolutions per minute, and is instantly reversible without shock or jar. The only limit in speed is that produced by centrifugal force. It has a positive cut off and expansion. Mr. Tygard claims that the consumption of coal is reduced one-half and no skillful attendant is required. His model has developed eight-horse power at 50 pounds boiler pressure. With this engine he claims that a railroad train will move at the rate of 200 miles an hour and is just as sanguine of the same result when it is used on an ocean greyhound. Tygard was formerly a machinist in the Westinghouse Air Brake plant and has spent years of incessant work on his contrivance.

The Proper Treatment For a Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or three months before he has fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, for in many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some cases within three days. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

USED A WHIP.

How an Actress Resented Insulting Remarks.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Miss Marie Russell, of the "Sleeping Beauty and Beast" company now playing at the Illinois, soundly horsewhipped Frank E. Lewis, also of the company, at the entrance to the men's dressing room last Saturday night. Remarks of an insulting nature which Lewis is alleged to have made in referring to Miss Russell were given as the cause for her sudden attack upon him as he was leaving the stage, shortly before the close of the second act.

"Lewis has been making insulting remarks about a number of girls in the company," said Miss Russell. "The others may take it, but I won't, and I think I chose the best way of making that plain to him and to everybody else."

Miss Russell is tall and athletic looking and apparently able to attend to such little difficulties by herself.

KITES AND THE CAN.

Reason Why a Chicago Man's Wife Left.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Because Edward Harbert was wont to spend his days at flying kites, "rushing the can" and consuming expensive porterhouse steaks and his nights at practicing weird Indian war dances, clad only in a night shirt, in her candy store, Elizabeth Harbert, his wife, sold the store and fled with her two children to Pueblo, Col.

Such is the explanation Mrs. Harbert gives for deserting her husband in a letter to a friend in Chicago.

Mrs. George Heckmann, 658 Campbell avenue, is the friend to whom Mrs. Harbert has confided her reasons for leaving her husband. She says she is able from her own personal knowledge of Harbert's habits to substantiate every charge Mrs. Harbert brings.

"Sometimes he would spend whole days flying kites on the commons, pretending that he was engaged in inventing a new mode of signalling between besieged forts and relief expeditions. Then, ever so often, he would send a boy over to the saloon for a can of beer, and by night he would be under the influence. He always insisted on having the finest kind of food, too, just as Mrs. Harbert says. Porterhouse steak was none too good for him, in his opinion.

"The strangest thing of all, though, was the habit he had of dancing about the confectionery store at night, dressed only in his night shirt. I don't know why he did this, I suppose he was inexcitated. But, at any rate, it scared several women customers into fits, and was so talked of about the neighborhood that after a little while hardly any one came to trade at the store, and Mrs. Harbert had to sell it."

"For several weeks before my wife disappeared," said Harbert, "she had given me to understand that some one else had replaced me in her affections. She would not tell me who it was.

"Strange to say, my 18-year-old son, Roy, sided with his mother in our estrangement. One day, when I addressed her as 'Bessie' he said: 'Now, don't call her Bessie. You have not any right to get so familiar. Didn't you tell ma that if she ever got another fellow on her staff you'd leave her alone? Why don't you do it?'"

No Substitue Offered.

Say what you will about druggists offering something "just as good" because it pays a better profit, the fact stands that ninety-nine out of a hundred druggists recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy when the best remedy for diarrhoea is asked for, and do so because they know it is the one remedy that can always be depended upon, even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is for sale at Boyce's Drug store.

IMPORTS OF PIG IRON.

New York, Oct. 7.—Shipments of pig iron from the Middlesbrough district to the United States during the first nine months of the year exceeded 100,000 tons, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. This is against 3500 tons in the corresponding period of 1901 and nothing at all in the two years preceding.

GRAFTERS AT WORK

Political Bloodsuckers Again Trying to Bleed Candidates.

Made More Avaricious By Success at Primary Election.

Candidates and Committees Pretty Well on to Them.

Now that the campaign committees have begun their work, the grafter has begun his. He flourished so well and prosperously in the primary election campaign that he is "hot foot" after the candidates and the committees again.

The chances are that he will not have such good picking this time as he did before.

The candidates and politicians generally acquired quite a valuable education in this matter during the primary election campaign. The idea of getting up a black list of these strikers for future reference is not yet carried out completely, but the committees are all familiar with the names and records of half a dozen at least that can get no money this time because they played a crooked game in the primary campaign.

The committees of both parties show a tendency to work together on this thing, and to keep cases on the workers in this manner. Thus they will save much waste of ammunition, and cut out some of the worst of the strikers.

The nerve displayed by some of them during the primary election campaign was marvelous. One man especially did a beautiful job of "grafting." He got $25 from two Republican candidates for sheriff, $20 from another, struck the fourth, but failed to land anything. He got $5 from one congressional candidate, $10 from another and on the strength of his representations of great "influence" touched up a third candidate for $50. These three congressional candidates include two Republican and one Democratic candidate.

This same man has made his appearance about the campaign headquarters again, apparently unaware that anybody suspects him of illdoing.

One little game he worked did not amount to so much in money, but it is interesting, just the same. He got a box of cigars from one of the numerous candidates for sheriff that he was supporting, and left it temporarily with the bartender of a hotel bar. Then he got one of his friends to go in and get the box, the bartender suspecting nothing. A little later Mr. Grafter showed up and demanded his box of cigars, and he went off happy.

An interesting individual appeared at one of the campaign headquarters recently, and announced that he controlled 700 votes.

"Where are they?" asked the chairman, politely disguising his amazement.

"In the Third, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh wards,' replied this embryo Croker.

"Indeed," said the chairman. "I suppose you intend to give us those votes?"

"Certainly," said the man, "but, of course, I think I should be allowed something for my work."

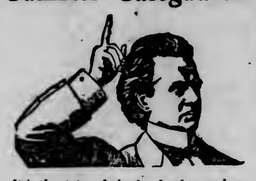
"What do you think you ought to have?" asked the chairman, amiably and almost promisingly.

"Well, to begin with," said the man of influence, after thinking ponderously for a moment, "I guess I ought to be fixed out with a set of wearing apparel. How would a $20 suit of clothes, a $15 overcoat, a $5 hat, a $5 pair of shoes, a couple of shirts, a pair of gloves, and collars, cuffs and neckties to match strike you?"

"That is certainly reasonable for 700 votes," said the chairman. "We'll think it over. Come in again." The chairman is still thinking it over, and whenever he gets time he will probably continue to think it over during the remainder of the campaign.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

Summer Safeguards



It is the duty of the head of every household to provide against the health-perils peculiar to summer. Promptness in the treatment of these maladies would often prevent serious illness, perhaps death.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Homoepathic Home Remedies are the surest safeguards against disease. If they are not in the house they should be bought and kept on hand. In case of sudden development of the symptoms of any trouble the proper cure for that trouble should immediately be obtained at the druggist's.

For indigestion and dyspepsia take Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. For headache from heat, or caused by nervousness or prostration, take Munyon's Headache Cure—it will cure in three minutes. For biliousness, jaundice and liver troubles Munyon's Liver Cure affords quick and *permanent* relief. For disorders of the blood, and eruptions that are chiefly annoying in summer, take Munyon's Blood Cure. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is felt usually in one to three hours and in a few days cures entirely.

Munyon's Pile Ointment speedily and positively cures all forms of piles and is especially efficacious in alleviating the pain intensified during hot weather. If you are subject to colics, cramps and diarrhoea always be fortified with Munyon's D. D. and C. cure. Munyon's Constipation Cure has relieved thousands of the most obstinate cases where everything else has failed.

A separate cure for each disease; at all druggists, 25c a vial.

THE STAGE

Haverly's burnt-cork comedians, vocalists and musicians appeared at the Lyceum last night and gave a thoroughly good performance. Minstrelsy never seems to lose its charm, and it certainly has not lost its drawing qualities in Duluth, for there was a large audience, filling the house, and the audience undoubtedly had a good time, for it manifested its pleasure vigorously and frequently.

While perhaps the stage settings and scenery are not so elaborate as those of some of the upper class minstrel shows, Haverly's comedy, music and specialties are as good as the best, and with the veteran George Wilson at the head of the corps of comedians, the show could not be a failure under any circumstances. Wilson is always good, and he has a large following that believe him to be the king of modern negro minstrelsy. There may be room for a difference of opinion on this point, but it is certain that Wilson understands his business.

The musical features of the performance were especially good. There was excellent singing from Perron Somers, Charles Richards, Frank Coombs, George Morgan and John S. Roland. The assistant end men, "Happy Johnny" Swor, "Jolly Bert" Swor and Perron Somers were able men in their line. Garden and Somers are particulary good musical novelty men, and the fact that Somers' parents live in Duluth, and that his home is here added interest in the show. The Swor brothers did a good eccentric dancing act, and the Young Bros. did a clever acrobatic turn. The star feature of the show was the Carl Damman troupe of acrobats, which did marvelous work.

* * *

The play which Sol Smith Russell made famous, and which, without doubt, was the greatest success of the late actor's career, is to be the attraction at the Lyceum this evening and tomorrow evening. The New York Herald, referring to "A Poor Relation," says: "In these days of problem plays, plays depicting the degeneracy of the European capitals and farce comedies full of coarse, vulgar wit, a "Poor Relation" comes like a tonic, a balsamic breath from spruce and fir tree, high up in the clear, pure air of the mountain side, and to sit for an evening in its healthful and invigorating atmosphere is a rare treat."

Horace Lewis plays the part of Noah Vale. That he was selected by Mr. Russell to do this is sufficient guarantee of his fitness.

* * *

E. J. Carpenter's scenic spectacle is said to be rich in scenic splendor. The startling fire scene is said to be a revelation, while the illumination of the big dome of the World building and other great edifices, which are included in the panoramic view of the New York docks, is so vivid that it is difficult to realize that one is not in the presence of the real thing. The boudoir scene was described by a newspaper man as "An aesthetic triumph." It was copied, in its entirety, from the "Colonial chamber" in the famous Italian palace of Mrs. "Jack" Gardner, of Boston. These beautiful settings are said to afford a background for some exceptionally fine acting.

IGNORANT.

Superior Police Captain Denies Knowledge of Gambling.

The eight men who were arrested Sunday for gambling in the house owned by Police Captain Bengtson, of West Superior, pleaded guilty in municipal court in that city yesterday and were fined $100 each. Although Capt. Bengtson denies any knowledge that a game was being run in his house and says that so long as there was no disorder, he did not inquire into the pursuits of the men who engaged the rooms, there is a strong suspicion that he knew more about the matter than he will acknowledge.

Chief Lutton, of West Superior, says he has been aware for some days that gambling was going on in Bengtson's house, as complaints had been made to various members of the department.

The police commission of West Superior, as soon as some of its members return from business trips out of the city, will investigate the matter.

TO USE ELECTRICITY.

New York, Oct. 7.—Details have been announced, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, of an extensive scheme for electrical equipment, which has been adopted by the Northeastern Railway company. Tenders have been closed for the conversion of forty-one miles of the company's system. This is the first practical step taken by any of the great English railways to supercede steam locomotion.

FIRES IN FORESTS

Millions of Dollars In Property Destroyed Every Year.

Sixty Human Lives Have Been Lost on an Average.

Forestry Bureau Hopes to Induce More Effective Legislation.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The reports of recent forest fires in Washington, Oregon, Wyoming and Colorado, in which many lives were lost, will add to the interest in a special study of the bureau of forestry for several years. The results of this study, in the form of a bulletin entitled "Forest Fires," by Alfred Gaskill, will be published soon. By impressing the public with some idea of the peril it suffers from forest fires, and the enormous damage they do, the bureau hopes to induce more effective legislation in suppressing them.

Investigation has shown that, in an average year, sixty lives are lost in forest fires, $25,000,000 worth of real property is destroyed, 10,274,089 acres of timber land are burned over, and young forest growth worth, at the lowest estimate, $75,000,000, is killed. A special canvass of the country by the department of agriculture in 1891 discovered 12,000,000 acres of timber land destroyed by fire.

These figures are mere estimates, which fall far short of showing in full the damage done. No account at all is taken of the country due to the impoverishment of the soil by fire, to the ruin of water courses and the drying up of springs. Even the amount of timber burned is very imperfectly calculated, and the actual quantity destroyed is far in excess of that accounted for. Forest fires in this country have grown so common that only those are reported that are of such magnitude as to threaten large communities. The lumbering industry in remote sections of the country may be ruined and people forced to flee for their lives without a mention of the disaster beyond the places near where it occurred.

The fires that burned this year in Washington and Oregon were uncommon only in the number of lives lost. The burning of logging and mining camps and farm buildings, the loss to the country in the destruction of timber and young tree growth, is of yearly occurrence. Every fall, not only in Washington, Oregon, Colorado and Wyoming, but up and down the Pacific coast and all over the Rocky mountain country fires burn great holes in the forests and destroy the national wealth. The air of the mountains over hundreds of miles is pungent with the smoke of conflagration, and navigation on Puget sound has often been impeded by smoke. The following comment by Dr. Henry Gannett, of the United States geological survey, should convey a fair idea of the damage done in the state of Washington: "In less than a generation two-fifths of the standing timber has been destroyed in one of the richest timber regions on the continent, and of the destruction more than half has been caused by fire. Assuming that the timber would, if standing, have the value of 75 cents per 1000 feet, not less than $30,000,000 worth has gone up in smoke, a dead loss to the people of the state."

According to the bureau's records, the most disastrous forest fire in the history of this country occurred in October, 1871, simultaneous with the burning of Chicago. It extended all across Northern Michigan and Wisconsin and into Minnesota. At least 1000 persons were burned to death and 15,000 were made homeless. The property loss has never been calculated. The Hinckley fire of 1894, which destroyed Hinckley and five other Minnesota villages, burned to death 418 persons, destroyed $750,000 worth of farm and town property, and about 400 square miles of forest. A fire in Southeast Michigan in 1881 burned the forest on forty-eight townships, destroyed $2,000,000 worth of property, burned to death 125 persons and made homeless 5000. Another Michigan forest fire, which occurred in 1896, made homeless 2000 persons and destroyed town and farm property worth $1,250,000. In 1894, in Wisconsin, thirteen persons lost their lives and 3000 their homes, and $2,000,000 worth of town and farm property was destroyed in the Phillips fire.

The enumeration of great forest fires could be extended almost indefinitely. One feature, however, is common to them all. They were small fires before they grew uncontrollable, and with little trouble might have been extinguished. For example, the Hinckley fire smoked as a ground fire for weeks and nobody paid it serious attention. But one day the wind rose and fanned the smouldering embers into flame, the flame caught in the dry underbrush, leaped into the trees and became a fire of so terrible a volume that no human power could stay it.

Legislation, even in the East, has done little toward solving the forest fire problem. Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts and New York are possible exceptions. The best forest fire laws are probably those of Pennsylvania, which makes an annual expenditure of $15,000 in support of them. State constables serve as fire wardens in their townships and receive extra pay for their services. Minnesota, brought to a sense of responsibility by disasters, of which the Hinckley fire was the most terrible, has established an efficient forest fire system. Massachusetts has good legislation in the matter. The New York forest fire laws, though generally limited in their effect to state reserves and parks, have brought good results. West of the Rocky mountains little is done toward the suppression of forest fires, except by the forest rangers on government reserves, who are employed by the department of the interior.

The creation of a sentiment against forest fires is the first step toward their suppression. Legislation is necessary, but it must be accompanied by the co-operation of the people and the officers charged with the enforcement of the law. The fall and the early spring, before vegetation has begun, are the dangerous seasons for forest fires in most densely wooded parts of the country. At such times special precautions should be taken and the people should be kept alert by constant reminders of the peril. An excellent idea, as Mr. Gaskill suggests is to placard trees along roads and trails with notices of the danger and warnings of penalties to be incurred by those who violate the fire laws.

IMPORTED GREEN CORN.

New York, Oct. 7.—In honor of Adjutant General and Mrs. Corbin, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Gates have given a dinner to about thirty guests at the Carlton hotel, cables the London correspondent of the Herald. One of the dishes was American green corn, imported especially for the occasion.

FREE TO WOMEN
WILCOX TANSY PILLS
For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 Days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address
WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY, 329 N. 15th St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, September, 22nd, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Marinette Iams, Deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Marinette Iams, late of Portsmouth, Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in Scioto County, Ohio, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Samuel L. Rice has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Marinette Iams lately died in said County of Portsmouth, Ohio, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minn., and that said petitioner is executor of said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to Samuel L. Rice issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the Probate Office in said County, on Wednesday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 22nd day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 23-30, Oct. 7, 1902.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham



How Truly the Great Fame of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Justifies Her Original Signature.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the **Change of Life.**

It has cured more cases of **Backache** and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Irregular, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yields to it.

Womb troubles, causing pain, weight, and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water.

It quickly removes that **Bearing-down Feeling,** extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, **Dizziness, Faintness,** sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the Uterus, which this medicine always cures.

Kidney Complaints and Backache of **either sex** the Vegetable Compound always cures.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.

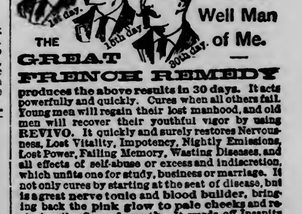
Self Neglect Fills Cemeteries

NEGLECT of everyday ills, those common ailments we don't think mean anything or will amount to much, is responsible for busy undertakers and well filled cemeteries. Constipation, Dyspepsia, Inactive Kidneys, Backache, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Bad Blood, Pimples, Muddy Complexion, Sleeplessness and lack of energy and ambition are all everyday ills. They are the advance agents of disease and indicate impure blood and disarrangement of the system. The secret of health is pure blood. Healthy blood means a healthy being.

KICKAPOO SAGWA MAKES RICH RED BLOOD

It is a purely vegetable preparation of roots, herbs, barks and gums, nature's own remedy for all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Heart. It purifies and enriches the blood, stimulates the liver and kidneys and restores them to a normal condition. In stomach troubles it increases the secretion of gastric juices and repairs the inroads of dyspepsia and indigestion. If you are suffering from any of the everyday ills, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa will cure you. Sagwa is for sale at all druggists. If in doubt about your case write us for advice. It will be given free. Address Medical Department.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.



Photographed from Life. 1st Day. 30th Day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Just out—Most Convenient Cleanest Instantly

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed—it gives full particulars and directions in plain letter to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 961, Times Bdg., New York.

—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist



BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 333 West Superior st., Duluth.



Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

ANNUAL SALE 10,000,000 BOXES Greatest in the World

A MILLION AMERICAN BOUNCING BABIES are kept crowing with the delight of living, because their mamas have learned to use CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. You all know how neighborly neighbors tell each other of the really good things they have learned from experience. CASCARETS are one of those good things, and the kind words said for them has created a sale of nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. It is easy to protect infants against children's complaints, because all these perils have their beginning in stomach and bowels, and we have in CASCARETS a perfect medicine that will always keep the delicate machinery in a child's body clean, regular and in working order. Children like the little candy tablet, and are kept safe from all stomach, bowel, blood and skin diseases. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Genuine tablet stamped CCC. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 579



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialists in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licences and newspaper records will show.

We Cure **VARICOCELE HYDROCELE**

—TO STAY CURED—NO CUTTING—

Advantages of Our Method of Curing Varicocele and Hydrocele.

1. Our treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger. No anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. We have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are not simply promised a cure; we give a LEGAL, WRITTEN GUARANTEE in every case accepted and and can prove that we are responsible.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist who is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men and whose superior method of treatment is not obtainable elsewhere in America. Ignorant imitators copy our announcements, but they cannot copy our treatment.

2. You are not subject to the dangerous experiments of new-method treatments that poison the system or antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent inexperienced doctors in irresponsible fake medical institutes that change doctors every few weeks. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease and necessarily requires skilled expert treatment. We are treating many cases daily and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results—Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

All our dealings with patients confidential.

WE ALSO CURE (TO STAY CURED) Nervous Debility, Blood Poison and Associate Diseases of Men.

CERTAINTY OF CURE

is what you want. We give you a written LEGAL GUARANTEE to cure you or refund your money. We can and will cite you, by permission (when satisfied that information is desired by sincere people), to cases that we have cured to stay cured. What we have done for others we can do for you. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible for you to call at our office, write us a description of your case as you understand it, plainly stating your symptoms, your general physical condition, your occupation, etc., and you will receive in plain envelope a scientific and honest opinion of your case free of charge.

OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. SUNDAYS—10 a. m. 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior St., cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

A DEFAULTER.

Treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii Has Absconded.

Honolulu, Sept. 30, via San Francisco, Oct. 7.—William H. Wright, treasurer of the territory of Hawaii, is alleged to be an absconder and a defaulter to the extent of $17,949. It is believed he stowed away on the steamship Alameda, which left here last Wednesday at noon. Secretary of the Treasury Henry E. Cooper has been appointed treasurer temporarily by Governor Dole. Under the territorial act the treasurer is not requested to give bonds, and the legislature at its last session failed to make any provision for bonds.

A large amount of counterfeit silver coin is in circulation in this territory. It is believed the counterfeits were made in China.

The volcano Kilauea showed increased activity last week.

Governor Dole suspended auditor Austin from the position of auditor of the territory on Sept. 25, and appointed Henry C. Meyers, deputy auditor, to temporarily fill the vacancy. In suspending the auditor, the governor preferred charges against him, charging him with borrowing money for his own individual use from government employes who handled public money. Austin denied the power of the governor to suspend him without a hearing, and refused to surrender his office. On Sept. 27 Austin was prevented by force from going to his office and Meyers was put in by physical force and defended in the position by a local guard.

A JEALOUSY TREATMENT.

Feed Your Man and Get Him to Talk.

Paris, Oct. 7.—Speculation as to the motives which led Leon Syndon, an artist, to murder Lucien David, has brought to light a singular theory advanced by Dr. Fleury.

This eminent French physician thinks he has discovered that jealousy can be controlled and even eradicated by a course of judicious medical treatment. His method is to take a man who is unreasonably jealous and irritable, give him a good solid breakfast and then ask him the reason for his behavior.

"If the patient consents to talk about the matter," the doctor says, "half the battle is won. If you let him get past the first meal the green-eyed monster gets the better of him and holds him in its toils the rest of the day."

According to Dr. Fleury, jealous people have lucid intervals, the malady being intermittent, like chills and fever. He sets forth that as the three the treatment must include everything that can give strength and self-confidence to the jealous subect; in short, to make a man of him.

SIX ROADS' MONOPOLY.

Congress Will Want to Investigate Situation.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Opinion is quite general here that the men who control the coal roads have lost in prestige by their want of patriotism. Were congress now in session, there would be a bill passed removing the duty on coal, because the bituminous operators have taken advantage of the anthracite famine to double the price of their product. As for anthracite coal, the 67 cents a ton which may be collected on certain grades will be removed, so that there will be no question as to that product being on the free list. Cities that have by ordinance compelled the use of anthracite may repeal these ordinances, all sorts of substitutes for coal will be encouraged. More than this, there will be an impression when congress meets that there is something wrong with the conditions in the anthracite region, and that there is a monopoly held there by the six railroads. As those roads are engaged in interstate commerce, there will be an effort made to amend the interstate commerce law to reach such a condition. There will be a well-nigh universal demand on congress for an investigation of the situation, and it will be difficult for any power in congress to resist it. The operators may think they have gained a point by rejecting the president's appeal, but they will now have to deal with the people for whom the president spoke, and deal with their resentment.

LAURIER LEAVES LONDON.

New York, Oct. 7.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, has left London for Liverpool, according to the London correspondent of the Tribune.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MAILS ARE DELAYED

By the Ravages of Cockroaches In a Minnesota Postoffice.

Appeal Made to the Postmaster General For Aid.

Story Behind Order Regarding Rural Free Delivery Boxes.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A few days ago the postmaster at Garvin, Lyon county, down in Professor McCleary district, in a fit of desperation seized his trusty pen and wrote a few lines to the postmaster general, imploring him to forward a receipt which would be certain to rid him of an Egyptian pest of cockroaches. In Garvin the cockroach grows very large, and is corresponding strenuous, and if his ravages are not quickly stopped the dispatch of the mails in that section of Lyon county will be greatly retarded, if not stopped altogether. The appetite of the cockroaches now infesting Garvin is said to be something fierce, and letters, packages and all sorts of mail matter have been as manna and honey to them, and the very postoffice building is said to be in danger of falling a prey to their insatiable appetite.

Postmaster General Payne, in casting about among the various articles in stock in his postal supply emporium, however, finds that he has no cockroach exterminator. His stenographer thought to help him out with a suggestion that a pint of whisky, such as was served him recently on a Potomac river steamer, after a snake had bitten him would kill all the cockroaches in Minnesota. But Mr. Payne would not recommend whisky even to rid a postoffice of a pest. He finally bethought himself of the agricultural department, where learned gentlemen draw large salaries for the express purpose of being "next" to the vagaries of all bugs. Consequently a letter was sent to the secretary of agriculture, reciting the woes of the postmaster at Garvin, and earnestly requesting that all possible information at hand relative to the most efficacious method of "doing" the festive cockroach be forwarded to the afflicted postmaster of Garvin.

* * *

Behind the order issued to all postmasters at rural free delivery offices, advising them not to condemn or decline to serve any box which has been, or is now being, served on the route or routes supplied from his office, there is a story. Some time ago the department, in order to secure uniformity of these rural free delivery boxes, adopted a standard box, which is a combination of beauty and utility, and costs one along a rural route the sum of two hard American dollars. It appears that a gentle old lady of refined tastes, but limited means, residing along a rural route in Illinois, fashioned with her own hands a receptacle for her mail and placed it on a post near her home along the road traveled by the rural carrier. It was entirely satisfactory to her, and in fact is still, but the recent order calling for a metal two-dollar box was construed by the carrier as imperative that the old lady should at once take in her home-made box and purchase a new store-made affair. She was so informed, but mildly protested. The carrier was insistent, however, and it is said went so far as to threaten to cease to deliver any more mail until a new box had been secured. The lady concluded to appeal to the first lady of the land, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt. Her letter, reciting her grievances, and referring to her home-made letter box, describing it as a miniature Queen Anne cottage or doll house, reached Mrs. Roosevelt Monday. Her sympathies were aroused, and she asked Secretary Courtelyou to forward the letter to the postoffice department, with the plea for her correspondent out in Illinois. The result was the modifying order issued today by the first assistant postmaster general, and through it the old lady out in Illinois will probably be not further distrubed and may be permitted to utilize her home-made box as a receptacle for mail as long as she desires.

* * *

The determination of Secretary Root to leave President Roosevelt's cabinet has upset the calculations of all the political prophets. Mr. Root was looked upon as a fixture; in fact, it was the general belief that Mr. Hay would resign the state portfolio and that the secretary of war would succeed him. Elihu Root has been the right hand of the president ever since he succeeded Gen. Alger. He has done more to shape the foreign policy of the United states during the past three or four years than any other man, not excluding the president himself.

Before the war with Spain the war portfolio was considered the most desirable in the cabinet, because the secretary of war had little to do. It was this comparative freedom from care and worry that induced Daniel S. Lamont to chose that office when President Cleveland virtually told him to pick out a portfolio for himself n 1893. From the close of the evil war until the autumn of '97 the secretary of war had little to do beyond signing river and harbor contracts, and perfunctorily approve the actions of the commanding general of the army and the bureau chiefs. But for the past five years the holder of the war portfolio has had little chance for recreation or for private business. Elihu Root has been a worker. He has mastered every detail of every bureau of the department, and he has besides borne the brunt of the work of establishing an independent government for Cuba. In addition it was Secretary Root who shaped out the plan for civil government in the Philippines. Mr. Root has had scarcely a "day off" in four years. He has been busy with federal affairs even during his brief vacations. It is not to be wondered at that he should have announced his determination to retire. Like all men who accept important federal positions, he made great financial sacrifices when he accepted the portfolio which he is about to lay down. His retirement will prove a great loss to the president, who from the outset of his career as president has leaned more upon Mr. Root than upon any other man. He has also depended upon the counsel and advice of the secretary of war in deciding nearly every problem that has arisen.

* * *

Secretary Shaw has taken a radical departure from the policies laid down by all his predecessors. Heretofore the treasury department has declined to recognize any securities other than government bonds as proper investments for national banks holding government deposits. The action of the secretary is the first step in the inevitable departure from precedent. The Unted States today is so sound financially that the national debt is growing smaller year by year in spite of the enormous annual expenditures. Congress during the last session provided for appropriations aggregating nearly a billion dollars. Yet the gold in the treasury keeps accumulating, and means have had to be devised for the return of some of it at least to the channels of trade. When the bonded indebtedness of the nation shall be wiped out, the banks must have some other securities than federal bonds as a basis for their currency circulation. Secretary Shaw believes, as does every financer in the country, that the bonds of some other states and municipalities of the country are as safe as the obligations of the nation itself. Upon this theory he has consented to accept such bonds as collateral up to 65 per cent of their par value, thereby enabling banks to obtain currency without sacrificing good securties.

The movement is a sound one and it certainly cannot result in depreciating the value of the currency nor can it result in any possible chance of loss. The day will come when glit-edge state and city bonds will be used as the basis of bank circulation. Attempts have frequently been made to hasten the day when this shall be. But Secretary Shaw is the first executive officer of the government to take such a step as he took the other day. Of course, he will be criticised for his action, but he prevented a panic, and that is sufficient excuse.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Secretary Root has designated Brig. Gen. Sanger to conduct the census in the Philippines. Two experts in the persons of H. W. Gannott, of the Geological survey, and Victor Olmstead, of the department of labor, will assist Gen. Sanger.

William M. Wood and James M. Phillips, Jr., of the executive committee of the American Woolen company, have cabled abroad for 5000 tons of anthracite coal to be placed at the disposal of the operatives of the mills of the company.

Of the 397 passengers who arrived at Portland, Me., Monday on the steamer Colonian from Liverpool, 320 were boys and girls ranging in age from 5 to 19 years from the Dr. Barnardo homes, who were forwarded to homes in Canada and the West.

A severe storm swept over Labrador last week. Six vessels are ashore and their cargoes of fish have been lost. The mail boat from Labrador is delayed. It is feared that she will bring reports of heavy losses in Northern Labrador.

The will of Luther R. Marsh, once a famous lawyer and later connected with Dis de Bar, was filed for probate. It makes John J. Huyler the sole legatee and executor. Mr. Huyler was the husband of the late Clarissa J. Huyler, who was Mr. Marsh's spirit medium for many years. The estate is estimated to be worth between $25,000 and $30,000, including a large library and Mr. Marsh's spirit pictures.

The Kansas supreme court has formally approved the $10,000 bond of Jessie Morrison, who is serving a 15-year sentence in the penitentiary for killing Clara Wiley Castle. Miss Morrison will now be released pending the re-hearing of her case by the supreme court.

Governor Van Sant has appointed A. J. Sauve, of Gentle, Polk county, a member of the Minneapolis board of appeals in the grain department, in place of M. W. Gletson, who resigned.

The north-bound "Katy" flyer was wrecked at Waxonee, I. T., Monday night. Engineer Hotchkiss and Fireman Wetherby were seriously hurt and Mrs. Margaret Suday, of Oolagh, I. T., seriously injured. The locomotive and mail, express and baggage cars were completely wrecked. The train was entering the Wagoner yards. The locomotive was overturned.

Governor Odell late Monday night issued an order directing the entire Second regiment, composed of separate companies between Troy and Plattsburg on duty to protect the property of the Hudson Valley Railway company upon whose lines a strike has been in progress for some weeks.

CABLE FLASHES.

The house of representatives of Cuba voted to proclaim Oct. 10, the anniversary of the beginning of the war of 1868, a national holiday, and to erect statues to Cespedes, Agramonte, Maceo and Garcia.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle says in a dispatch that a miner named Barbula threw a dynamite bomb into a wedding party at Kristyer, Hungary, Monday, as a result of which three persons were killed and several injured. Barbula was the rejected suitor of the bride.

Dr. Koulatke has not succeeded in his experiments in reanimating the heart of an infant at Moscow. He extracted the heart from the child that had died twenty-four hours previously. It beat with normal regularity for one hour. Dr. Koulatka hopes that his discovery will assist in reanimation in cases of death by drowning.

The insular government has appropriated $50,000 to fight cholera in the provinces of Iloilo and Panay. Although the number of cholera cases in this province has decreased, there is still an average of a thousand cases a day.

It is currently reported that the Japanese government within the next six years will build four battleships, six first-class cruisers and various lesser craft at a cost of $10,000,000 annually for the six years. The battleships are to be built in England and the cruisers in England, France and Germany.

Silver Salt Cleans Silver Perfectly.

No rubbing—it's different—it's easy.

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.

Individuality!

That's the word!

Blatz BEER

MILWAUKEE.

Possesses a Goodness All Its Own.

Unerring judgment exercised in the selection of materials, backed by BLATZ method of brewing, is the main factor responsible for Blatz character.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE

(Non-Intoxicant.)

SUMMER TONIC.

At all Druggists or Direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Local Branch:

Lake ave. S. and Railroad St. 'Phone 62



An easy seller because its price makes it an economical food. Desirable to the housewife because it is self-rising and its preparation takes only a moment. The taste is delicious. Such is

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

Falcon pancakes are substantial enough for the man who works with his hands. Quickly digestible and therefore light enough for the man who works with his brains. Vary the breakfast with

Waffles or Gems

Two cups Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Pancake Flour, one cup milk, two eggs, one tablespoonful sugar, piece butter size of walnut. Mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the flour.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the best grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY, Millers of Falcon Pure Foods, Des Moines, Ia.

ALL THE SOLDIERS

Of Pennsylvania Ordered to Proceed to Anthracite Fields.

Entire Division of National Guard Is to Do Duty.

Workmen and Property to Be Protected at Any Cost.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 7.—Governor Stone late tonight ordered out the entire division of the national guard of Pennsylvania to do duty in the anthracite coal regions. The soldiers will be in the field today. The order calling out the guard is as follows:

"Headquarters National Guard, Adjutant General's Office.

"Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 6.—In certain portions of the counties of Luzenne, Schuylkill, Lackawanna, Susquehanna, Northumberland and Columbia, tumults and riots frequently occur, and mob law reigns, men who desire to work have been beaten and driven away, and their families threatened. Railroads have been delayed, stoned and tracks torn up. The civil authorities are unable to maintain order and have called upon the governor and commander-in-chief of the national guard for troops. The situation grows more serious each day. The territory involved is so extensive that the troops now on duty are insufficient to prevent all disorder. The presence of the entire division national guard of Pennsylvania is necessary in these counties to maintain the public peace.

"The major general commanding will place the entire division on duty, distributing them in such localities as would render them most effective for preserving the public peace.

"As tumults, riots, mobs and disorder usually occur when men attempt to work in and about the coal mines, he will see that all men who desire to work and their families have ample military protection.

"He will protect all trains and other property from unlawful interference and will arrest all persons engaging in acts of violence and intimidation and hold them under guard until their release will not endanger the public peace; will see that threats, intimidations, assaults and all acts of violence cease at once.

"The public peace and good order will be preserved upon all occasions and throughout the several counties and no interference will be permitted with officers and men in the discharge of their duties under this order. The dignity and authority of the state must be maintained and her power to suppress all lawlessness within her borders be asserted.

"By order of

"WILLIAM A. STONE,
Governor, and Commander-in-Chief.
"THOMAS J. STEWART,
"Adjutant General."

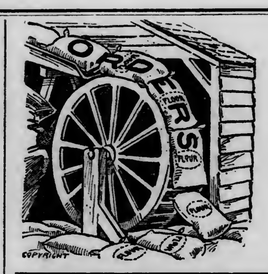
The formal order was given out at the executive mansion shortly before 1 o'clock last night by Private Secretary Gerwig. Governor Stone called a conference of the general officers of the guard, at which it was decided to place these troops in the field. Those present at the conference were Maj. Gen. Miller, Gen. Gobin, of the Third brigade; Gen. Schnll, of the First brigade; Col. Hullings, of the Sixteenth regiment, who represented Gen. Wiley, of the Second brigade, who is in Kansas; Assistant Adjutant-General Elliott and Assistant Quartermaster General Richardson. The canvass and other camp equippage will be shipped from the state arsenal and it is expected all the troops will be in the field within twenty-four hours.

The troops now in the field are the Fourth, Eighth, Ninth, Twelfth and Thirteenth regiments, of the Third brigade, and the Governor's troop, Sheridan troop and Second Philadelphia City troop. The troops which will be sent to reinforce those on duty are the First regiment, Second regiment, Third regiment, Sixth regiment, battery A, First troop Philadelphia cavalry, who compose the First brigade; Fifth regiment, Tenth regiment, Fourteenth regiment, Sixteenth regiment, Eighteenth regiment and battery B who constitute the Second brigade.

This is the first time since 1892, when the Homestead riots were in progress, that the national guard had been ordered out for strike duty. The cost to the state of this tour of duty will probably exceed $1 000,000. How long the troops will be kept in the field depends entirely on the situation in the coal regions.

As soon as the strike is settled the troops will be withdrawn. Should the men return to work under military protection and there should be no danger of a serious outbreak, it is probable the soldiers will be gradually withdrawn.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.



The Mill Will Never Grind

with the water that is past, but unlike the mill, our past orders have been filled so successfully that new ones are constantly coming in from our old patrons. Are you to be one of them? ZENOTA flour is the finest that is milled, and is ground from the best selected wheat; in fact, is the cream o fthe wheat and it makes the most delicious bread—white, palatable and nutritious.

May we serve **FITGER'S PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT BEER**

You'll like it and it will like you. Why not form the aquaintance to-day.

A. FITGER & CO., DULUTH, MINN.

Parties Moving To the West....

Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

YOU WILL MISS IT

If you do not order a case or two of our extra pale beer—the "MOOSE BAND." Pure and nutritious, it's wonderfully popular as a family beverage. If you don't know of its merits, make haste to test them for yourself. You will find it the most satisfactory beer you ever tasted.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co. Either 'Phone 241.



"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition, Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS. Address, Mormon Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal. Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MARKET IS WEAK

Wheat Started Steady But Turned Weak and Declined.

Cables Were Firm But the Receipts Were Heavy.

Flax Trading Very Active and the Market Weaker.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 7.—The wheat market started out steady this morning but soon turned weak and declined, the large receipts in the Northwest having a great effect than the firm cables. The market was dull throughout the session and moved in a narrow range. Shippers in the Duluth market showed about 150,000 bus. for eastern shipment and six loads for direct export. Chicago reported 25 loads worked. The Liverpool market was ⅜c higher, Paris 1½c lower, Antwerp unchanged and Berlin ⅜c higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,771,000 bus., last year 1,177,000 bus. Shipments were 1,000,000 bus., last year 528,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 484,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 3,665,000 bus. in the world's visible supply.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d higher. December corn in Chicago was off⅜c. December oats also declined ⅛c. Primary receipts of corn were 215,000 bus., last year 496,000 bus. Shipments 198,000 bus., last year 156,000 bus. Clearances were 10,500 bus. The world's visible supply increased 312,000 bus., last week.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 1240 cars, and at Chicago, 245, a total of 1485 cars, against 1427 last week and 1041 last year.

Trading in wheat was light on the Duluth floor. The market opened with December unchanged at 66¾c, sold at 66⅝c at 10, rallied to 66¾c at 10:37; fell off to 66½c at 11:40, and then fluctuated between that price and 66⅝c to the close, which was at 66½c. This was a decline of ¼c. Chicago December showed a decline of ⅞@⅞c and Minneapolis ⅛c.

Cash prices for wheat today were 2c over December for No. 1 northern in store and to arrive by Oct. 15, 1½c over to arrive in fourteen days; 2c under for No. 2 and 4c under for No. 3. Sales were 240,000 bus.

Flax trading was very active and the market weaker. October fell off 15c to $1.23½, rallied to $1.24 and then weakened again and closed at $1.23½. November lost 1c, December 1½c, and May 1c. Cash, to arrive and on track seed declined 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat cash 1 hard, 70; 1 northern, 68½; 2 northern, 66½; 3 spring, 64½; to arrive, hard 69½; 1 northern, 68; December, 66¾; May, 68⅞. Macaroni No. 1, 63½; No. 2, 61½. Oats, Dec., 29¼; on track, 30½; to arrive, 30. Rye, Oct., 45; to arrive, 48; on track, 48. Barley, 39@53. Flax cash, $1.23¾; on track, $1.23¾; to arrive, $1.23½; Oct. $1.23½; Nov. $1.23; Dec., $1.22½; May, $1.26½.

Cars inspected: Wheat 761, last year, 409; oats, 13; rye, 10; barley, 185; flax, 52.

Receipts: Wheat, 68,242; oats, 27,155; rye, 13,341; barley, 166,371; flax, 235,191.

Shipments: Wheat 472,202; oats, 3,319; barley, 175,860; flax, 25,760.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat 5,000 bus....	68½
No. 1 northern, 31 cars.....	68½
No. 1 northern 5,000 bus	68⅝
No. 1 northern 16 cars.....	68⅜
No. 1 nor, 650 bus. to arrive Oct 15	68⅜
No. 1 northern, 5 cars.....	68¾
No. 1 northern 7,000 bus to arrive..	68⅛
No. 1 northern 20,000 bus	68
No. 2 northern, 5,000 bus.....	66½
No. 2 northern 25 cars	66½
No. 2 northern 16 cars	66⅜
No. 2 northern 2,100 bus to arrive..	66⅞
No. 2 northern 12,000.....	66
No. 2 northern, 1 car.....	66⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car.....	64½
No. 2 spring, 1 car	63¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	65
Rejected, 1 car	64¼
Rejected, 1 car	64½
No grade, 1 car	65½
No grade, 1 car	66⅜
Rye, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	53
Barley, 1 car	48
Barley, 1 car	40
Barley, 1 car	45
Barley, 1 car	44
Barley, 1 car	47
Flax, 6 cars, cash.....	$1.24½
Flax, 7,000 bus, to arrive Oct. 15..	1.24½
Flax, 1,000 bus	1.24¾
Flax, 11 cars, ...	1.24¼
Flax, 1 car, to arrive.....	1.24
Flax, 17,000 bus to arrive.....	1.24
Flax, 7,000 bus	1.23¾
Flax, 5 cars rejected.....	1.21½

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Wheat Opened Steady With Slight Decline In Corn.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Wheat opened about steady, the large receipts in the Northwest being offset by firm cables. Trading was light early in the day with local sentiment apparently on the buying side, and with no great pressure to sell. December opened ⅜c lower to ⅛c higher, at 67¾@67⅞c, and the early range was between 68¾ and 69⅛@69¼c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 1240 cars, which with local receipts of 245 cars—five of contract grade—made total receipts for the three points of 1485 cars, against 1427 cars last week and 1041 cars a year ago.

Dullness prevailed the latter part of the session and a weaker tone was manifested. December closed 1⅛@1⅜c lower, at 69¾@¾c, after selling down to 69¼c.

There was a slight decline in corn at the opening due to improved weather, but the market held fairly steady. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅛@⅜c lower at 48½@48¾c, selling down early to 48¼c. Local receipts were 172 cars, with 13 of contract grade.

Corn closed weak for December, but firm for May with fair buying of the latter and selling of December late in the session. December at one time sold at 48⅞@49c, but the close was ⅜c lower, at 48⅝@½c.

Oats opened steady with a rather bullish undertone on continued small receipts and a good cash demand. Trading was slightly lower on weak prices for hogs. January pork opened 5c lower at $15.85; January lard was unchanged to 5c lower at $8.95@9.00, and ribs opened 2½c lower at $8.30.

Close: Wheat—October, 67¾c; December, 69¾@¾c; May, 70⅝@7⅜c. Corn—October, 59c; November, 56c; December, 48⅜@½c; May, 42⅞c; July, 42¼c. Oats—October, 31⅝c, old October, 27½c; December, 28¾c; old December, 28c; May, 33⅝c. Pork—October, $17.60; January, $15.50; May, $14.77½. Lard—October, $10.25; November, $9.65; December, $9.47½; January, $8.87½@8.90; May, 8c. Ribs—October, $11.40; January, $8.25; May, $7.85. Rye—December, 48½c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.26⅞; October, $1.24½; May, $1.29. Barley—Cash, 39@60c. Timothy—October, $3.75@3.80. Clover—October, $10.00. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 67½@68¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 69c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 70c; No. 2 northern spring, 68@70c. No. 3 spring, 68@70c. Corn—No. 2, 61@½c; No. 3, 61@½c. Oats—No. 2, 30½c; No. 3, 29c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Minneapolis reported good demand for cash wheat. Speculative market has been narrow and weak. People who believe in higher prices for wheat later on have been picking up May on a small way. We see nothing in the immediate future to change our previous opinion, and we believe the market will fluctuate within narrow limits for the time being. We are rather disposed to favor selling wheat on the rallies. Estimated cars, 90.

Corn—Better weather throughout the West has created further liquidation. Trade on the whole has been much larger than for some days. There was some evidence of selling in December by the leading bull interests, while at times they were apparently supporting the May option. There was nothing special reported in the way of cash demand. Indications point to better weather throughout the Southwest, which may cause some further liquidation. We still feel that advantage should be taken to sell oats on rallies. Estimated cars, 70c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 7.—Spot: Wheat, December, 74¾c; May, 75c. Corn, December, 54¾c; May, 47¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—Close—Wheat—Dec. 68⅜; May, 67⅝@68. On track 1 hard 69⅜; 1 nor 68⅜; 2 nor 66⅞ to 66¾.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	66¾A	66⅝-½	69⅝-¾	74¼
High	66⅞	66¾-¾	69⅞	74½
Low	66⅜	66¼-⅜	69¼	74¼
Close	66½B	66⅝	69⅝-½	74¼B
May—				
Open	68¾	67⅝A	70¾-⅞	74⅞
High	69¼	68¾-¾	71	75-⅛
Low	68¾A	67⅞	70½	74¾
Close	68⅞B	67⅞-68	70¾-⅞A	75B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Oats. May	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	32½@32¾	35¾	48¾@48½	$15.85
High	32⅝	35¾	48⅞-49	$15.90
Low	32⅛	35¼	48¼-⅜	$15.60
Close	32¼	35⅜A	48⅝A	$15.70

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct 7.—Close: Wheat spot 2 red western winter dull 5s 9d; 1 nor. spring 6s 7½d; 1 Cal. firm 6s 5d; futures quiet; Dec. 5s 8¾d; March 5s 10¼d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed 5s 8¾d; futures steady; Oct. 5s 6d; Jan. 4s 3⅝d; March 4s 1d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—

Puts, December wheat, 66¾-¼.
Calls, December wheat, 66⅝-¾c.
Curb, December wheat, 66¼-⅜c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Trade in wheat was light today and mostly all of local professional character. The market ruled easy for near-by futures, but held very steady for the May option. English markets were fairly firm, but continental markets were lower. Liverpool reported their market ½d higher for the day. Weather abroad as well as in this country continues favorable for the movement to market. The cash demand, both here and at the sea board, was very quiet; Duluth, however, reported a fair demand there principally from Eastern millers. Export demand was slow. Good rains were reported in the Argentine where needed, and prospects in that country are very fine. Nearby futures may decline some further, still we are inclined to believe that May wheat around 70c should be purchased. Cars tomorrow, 90.

While there was a fairly large trade in corn today, still it was not quite as large as it has been during the past few days. The nearby futures were weak with very little support, while the May ruled firm, with the buying of good character. Weather continues favorable and had more or less of a bearish effect, country offerings were a little larger, but cash demand was reported good. Foreign markets were firm. Liverpool closed ¼d to ½d higher for the day. If the weather continues favorable we may get a little further decline in near-by futures, but we believe May corn is good property and still should be bought on all weak spots. Cars tomorrow 70.

Oats ruled steady with a fairly large trade. There was a much better cash demand, especially from New England. Country offerings were light, and estimated receipts for tomorrow only 105 cars. Weather is generally favorable, but movement light. While near-by futures may decline a little more, still we believe May should be bought on all weak spots.

Provisions were easy on lower hogs and larger receipts. There was some outside buying, but there seemed at times considerable January product sold by brokers and it caused uneasiness and a pressure to sell that gave a sharp break, closing with some rally. Fine weather and rather weak grain added to a long interest by local scalpers and prospects or more liberal run of hogs did not appeal to the conservative investor today.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 8000, including 4000 Westerns; market, slow, good to prime steers, $7.25@8.25; poor to medium, $5.75@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.85; cows, $1.25@4.50; heifers, $2.25@6.50; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.00@5.00; calves, $3.00@7.00; Texas-fed steers, $3.00@4.25; Western steers, $3.50@5.75. Hogs—Receipts today, 15,000; tomorrow, 16,000; left over, 4047; slow and steady to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $7.25@7.85; good to choice heavy, $7.40@7.85; rough heavy, $6.90@7.35; light, $7.00@7.60; bulk of sales, $7.30@7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 30,000; sheep, dull; lambs, very dull; good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.85; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.40; Western sheep, $2.50@3.70; native lambs, $3.50@5.50; Western lambs, $3.75@5.25. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 24,808; hogs, 13,842; sheep, 44,701. Shipments—Cattle, 4555; hogs, 40008; sheep, 5071.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the market steady and active on heavy drafters, other classes were weak and sold at considerably less than last week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@235
Drafters, choice	130@ 165
Drafters, common to good	115@ 130
Farm mares, choice	100@ 115
Farm mares, common to good	60@ 110

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	24
Creamery, tubs	23½
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	13

EGGS.

Fresh	22

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	11½@ 12
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14
Brick cheese	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15
Primos	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars	
strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 50
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
California pears	2 00
California peaches	75 @ 85
California plums	2 00 @ 2 25
Bananas, per bunch	2 00 @ 2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 00
Delaware grapes, per bskt	18
Concord grapes, per basket	10
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 15
Mexican oranges	4 50
Alberta peaches, 6 baskets	1 50
Watermelons	20 @ 25
Michigan peaches, 1-5 basket	25
Michigan peaches, bus	1 50

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 50
Beets, bushel	50
Carrots, bushel	65
Cabbage, per crate	1 00
Turnips, bushel	50
Parsnips, per 100	1 75

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce	05
Green onions, per doz	12½@ 15
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	90
Citron	75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Radishes, per doz bunches	15
Tomatoes, home grown, bushel	90
Parsley, per dozen	20
Potatoes	35
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00
Green peppers, bushel	90 @ 1 00
Pickling onions, per bushel	2 50
Red cabbage	75
Pumpkins	90

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 25
Fruit juices	4 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens	11 @ 12
Geese	10
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	10 @ 11
Spring chickens	11 @ 12

MEATS.

Mutton	6
Lamb	11
Veal, good	8½
Veal, fancy	9
Pressed beef	5½@7 8½
Hogs	9½
Pork loins	12½
Lard, compound	7¾
Lard, pure	12

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Butter, firm; creamery, 16@22½c; dairies, 15@20c. Eggs, steady, loss off, cases returned, 20@½c. Cheese, steady, twins, 10½c; daisies, 11½c; young Americas, 11@¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 7.—Butter—Receipts, 6182 packages; firm; state dairy, 17@21½c; creamery, 22½@23c. Cheese—Receipts, 11,585 packages; firm; new state full cream, small, colored, fancy and white, 12c; large, colored and white, 11¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 9206 packages; firmer; state and Penna, average best, 24@25c; Western candled, 19@21c; refrigerated, 18@20½c.

TO STAY OUT.

The Miners at Wilkesbarre Have Made That Decision.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 7.—In accordance with the address issued by President Mitchell last night, calling upon all local unions to meet and take a vote on the question of remaining on strike, the mine workers of the Prospect, Oakdale and Midvale collieries of the Lehigh Coal company held a meeting in this city, and at its conclusion it was announced that the men had unanimously decided to stay out in a body until they had won the strike. This is the first meeting held in the anthracite field under the instructions of President Mitchell.

MONEY BACK.

School Teachers Will Soon Receive Retirement Fund.

Minneapolis, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The public school teachers' retirement fund, now amounting to $11,000, which was created by an assessment upon the salaries of the public school teachers of 1 per cent per month, is to be paid back to the teachers who contributed, just as soon as clerical help can be obtained to do the work of distributing. The supreme court held the assessment illegal. Eight hundred teachers will participate in the distribution.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

Dealer in..... A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.,

Minneapolis. St. Paul. Duluth.

Grains, Stocks and Provisions

Bought and sold in all markets, for cash or on reasonable margins. Members of all principal exchanges. Private Wires. Write for our daily market letter and private telegraph cipher—mailed free. Ship your grain to us. Best facilities, liberal advances, prompt returns.

310 Board of Trade. Room A Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

Paine, Webber & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,

27 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Members Boston & New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.

Will C. Brown, Resident Manager.

BOTH 'PHONES.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Prices Crumbled Away Rapidly Under the Heavy Selling.

Quotations During Final Hour Were at Lowest Point.

Market Became Very Dull and Closed About Steady.

New York, Oct. 7.—Opening quotations for stocks showed a rebound from yesterday's depression owing to the hope of relief for the money market by purchase of government bonds by the treasury department and to a favorable interpretation of developments in the coal strike situation. Stocks that were depressed yesterday, showed most strength. Canadian Pacific rose 2 points. St. Paul allowing for the 4 per cent dividend rose 1*. Norfolk & Western as much and Pennsylvania, Missouri Pacific, Atchison, Erie, Louisville and Wisconsin Central about a point. The market was active and broad.

A good deal of long stock which had been awaiting a market was sold on the advance which checked any further improvement. The offerings were pretty well scattered and caused numerous reactions of a point or over. St. Paul, Louisville, Missouri Pacific and Southern Pacific were a few of the representative stocks that were largely pressed for sale. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred declined 5½. Prices recovered again, but failed to get back to the highest and there was renewed weakness in spots before 11 o'clock.

The market yielded steadily on light sales until the opening advances were about wiped out and St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, Southern Pacific and a few of the coalers and specialties sold under yesterday's final prices. Sloss-Sheffield Steel broke 6¼. But little money was offered at less than 12 per cent. Towards noon prices hardened a small fraction and the market was intensely dull. Bonds were irregular at noon.

After a dull period in which prices hardened slowly, a reaction carried the general level lower than before. St. Paul touched 186¾ and Consolidated Gas fell 1½ under last night. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo made a gain of 2¾, Northwestern 2½ and Rock Island 1¼.

The apathy of the market gave way to active liquidation and prices crumbled away under the heavy selling. Stop loss orders were met in all the leading stocks and the execution of these carried prices materially lower. Earlier advances of from 1 to 3 points were turned into losses of equal extent and more than that in some cases. Sugar, Southern Pacific and Delaware & Hudson ruled 2 under yesterday's close, St. Paul ex-dividend 2¾ and Consolidated Gas 3½. Northwestern preferred lost 4½, Canadian Southern and New York Central & St. Louis 5, and Great Northern preferred 8.

The liquidation was continued during the final hour. St. Paul fell 3¾ in all. Soo pfd lost 11¼, Peoria & Eastern 4, Missouri Pacific 2¾ and some less prominent stocks 2 or over. The general level of prices was at the lowest. Covering by room shorts rallied St. Paul a point and a few other leaders a large fraction. The market became very dull and the closing was about steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 308 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	64⅝	63½	63⅝
American Sugar	121½	118	118⅝
Anaconda	100½	100	100¾
Atchison, T. & S. F.	87⅝	85⅝	86½
do pfd	100⅜	99	99
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅜	103¾	103¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	63½	61½	61½
Canadian Pacific	134⅝	131½	142⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅜	49¾	49¾
Chicago & Alton	35¾	34	34
Chi. Great Western	29½	28¼	28⅝
Chi. Mil. & St. Paul	190	184⅝	185
Chi. Rock Island & P	196¼	194	194
Colorado Fuel & Iron	83½	80¾	81
Colorado Southern	30½	29¼	29½
Duluth S. S. & A.	17⅝	17¼	17½
do pfd	20⅞	18¾	18¾
Erie Common	38½	37⅛	37⅝
General Electric	182½	178	180
Illinois Central	148½	143¼	145½
Iowa Central	43	42	42
do pfd	79	77¾	77¾
Louisville & Nashville	138	135⅝	135⅝
Manhattan Elevated	134⅜	132	132⅝
Mexican Central	25¾	25	25
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	68½	66	66¾
do pfd	122½	113½	115
New York Central	154⅝	152½	152½
Norfolk & Western	74½	72⅞	72⅞
Pennsylvania	161½	159¾	160
People's Gas	102	100	100½
Reading	69⅛	67½	67¾
Republic Iron and Steel	21¼	20½	20⅝
Southern Pacific	72⅝	69¾	70⅝
Southern Railway	37⅜	36½	36½
Tennessee Coal & Iron	64	62	62½
Union Pacific	103¾	102¼	102⅝
United States Leather	18¾	13¼	13¼
U. S. Steel	39⅝	39	39
do pfd	88⅞	87⅞	88
Wabash	33¼	31	31½
Western Union	91½	90¾	90¾
Wisconsin Central	27	25⅞	26¼
do pfd	50¼	49½	49¾
Northern Securities	108⅞	107	107⅝

The total sales were 669,490 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: Despite the further weakness and liquidation in the stock market there are confident predictions tonight that the next day or two will see the lowest prices that will be recorded on the stock exchange for a long time. Strong interests, the most conspicuous of which is the Standard Oil party, are believed to be accumulating a large line of stocks and to have heavy buying orders in the leading railroads and industrials, but more particularly in the grangers, Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, Illinois Central, Louisville & Nashville, the tractions and United States Steel. At the same time an enormous short interest is being created in the market and the way is being paved to a speedy settlement of the coal strike and a restoration of normal conditions in money. It is the judgment of close observers that when the big shake out is over no more will be heard of labor troubles and other disturbing factors which have been employed to bring it about and on which so much stress has been laid in recent discussion of the outlook. It is pointed out that with two or three exceptions in which reserve percentage are below the 25 per cent mark the larger banks are carrying as much reserve now as in normal times.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: If history it to repeat itsself, purchases of stocks should have been made at the low figures of yesterday. To look backward it was just a year ago today that stocks were at their lowest price, the following day the market opened weak, but rallied and a bull arket developed that lasted until the end of November. It is to be hoped that something of this sort will happen this year. From what I can see the end of the coal strike is not far away, but every one is frightened and will not buy stocks at any price. The banks are also trying to force further liquidation. Under the circumstances I do not know what to advise nor can any one do more than guess. The big operators know little more than you and I.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was weak. Prices sold off and many stops were reached. Most of the active list suffered and the traders found many soft spots. Money loaned around 12, with little in sight. During the middle of the day the market was dull but before the close there was further liquidation and the market closed weak and nervous.

* * *

Dick to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been very weak again today. Heavy and urgent liquidation was evident and effective in all the active stocks, especially in those held by the pools and pool selling was in evidence. There was many indications of selling by Keene and other leading interests, who were also said to have paid off many loans. Money was again scarce and ruled from 6 to 10 per cent. Sterling eased. It is rumored that Mitchell is considering a proposition to put the miners to work; was effective only in the coulers. The market closed at a rallying from the lowest prices.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18½	19½
Arcadian	4½	5
Allouez	2⅜	2⅝
Atlantic	25	...
Anaconda	25¼	25½
Amalgamated	63¼	63⅝
Calumet & Hecla	515	520
Centennial	15½	16
Copper Range Con	56¾	57¼
Franklin	9½	10
Isle Royale	13½	14½
Bingham	25	25½
Mass	15	16
Mayflower	1½	2
National	1	1½
Mohawk	46	47
Michigan	10	11
Old Colony	2	2½
Old Dominion	16½	17¼
Osceola	56	58
Parrot	25	25½
Phoenix	5	...
Quincy	125	126
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Tamarack	165	166
Tecumseh	1⅝	1⅞
Tri-Mountain	95	100
Utah	21	...
Victoria	5¼	...
Winona	3⅜	4¼
Wolverine	58	60
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	2½	3
Trinity	10	10½
Dominion Coal	124	127
Duly-West	40	50
L. S. & Pittsburg	85	...
Calumet & Pittsburg	...	55
U. S. Mining	20⅜	21
Green Con	26	26¼
U. S. Oil	14	14¼
Calumet & Arizona	95	100

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Secretary J. R. Stanton, of the Atlantic Mining company, notifies stockholders that in pursuance of the resolution adopted respecting a change in the capital stock from 40,000 to 100,000 shares, the certificate of the Atlantic Mining company now held must be surrendered to the American Loan and Trust company. Stockholders will receive in exchange therefore new certificates in the proportion of 2½ shares of new stock for each share of existing stock. No certificates for fractional shares will be issued but the Trust company will at the option of the stockholders either buy or sell any fractions at the rate of $11 for each new share.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $225,067,765; gold, $135,930,135; silver, $9,530,855; United States notes, $3,950,229; treasury notes of 1890, $86,045; national bank notes, $12,855,286; total receipts this day, $2,070,011; total receipts this month, $12,091,082; total receipts this year, $168,583,107; total expenditures this day, $1,935,909; total expenditures this month, $10,255,000; total expenditures this year, $147,786,976; deposits in national banks, $140,798,307.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 7.—Close: Money on call, firm, at 2@11 per cent; closed offered at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.12½@4.86.25 for demand and $4.83.25 and $4.83.375 for 60-day bills; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82½@4.83; bar silver, 50¼c; Mexican dollars, 40¾c. Government bonds, strong; state bonds, steady; railroad bonds, weak.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 7.—The cotton market opened steady with prices one point up to 2 points down, this being a favorable start considering that Liverpool was down 4 to 6 points. Covering to secure profits and some buying on the reaction theory rallied January to 872 soon after the call. The rest of the list following in similar movement. But on the rise, the Wall street faction was seen to be offering cotton freely throughout the list, though directing efforts chiefly against March and May. Prices gave way point by point under selling pressure and before the close of the first hour the winter months were several points under the final bids of last night with the tone weak. The late cables from Liverpool reflected a willingness upon the part of the Europe trade to follow any decline here and the south sent selling orders. Speculation, as a whole, was disposed to lag at times.

Cotton spot closed dull; middling uplands, 8.85; middling gulf, 9.10; sales, none. Cotton futures closed steady; October and November 8.59; December 8.59; January, 8.65; February, March and April, 8.50; May, 8.61; June and July, 8.52.

THE VICES OF BRITTANY

Strange Condition of Inhabitants So Near to Paris.

Having spent two summers in Brittany, I find myself wondering that one can be so near and yet so far from civilization; that in this day and generation, in a country whose advanced thinkers lead the world, there can be no people so ignorant of all that makes life acceptable to an enlightened people, says a writer in the Brooklyn Eagle. Their semi-civilized manner of life and thought, however, will not be changed until the new generations are taught in public schools that life is made up of duties which each godly person owes to himself. Take, for instance, the thing that is next to godliness—cleanliness. The Bretons have not the least notion of what it is. To get into their homes, which more properly should be called huts, one must step through a deep mire of muddy manure, which rots there from year's end to year's end. The pigs live with the people and if the cows and oxen do not, it is because they either cannot get into the doors or they would take up too much room in thes mall houses. The children grow up like little savages until they are put into the hands of sisters to be taught their letters, then the teaching that concerns soul and body is done by sisters who know about life, health, the disciplining of minds, the teaching of truth and righteousness hardly more than the parents of these children do. Thus generation after generation goes on with the same habits, with the same vices, utterly ignorant of progress, of enlightenment.

Drinking in Brittany is a scourge. The soberest have their days in which they usually get dead drunk. In Pont Aven I had a woman come an hour in the evening to dos ome work. She told me from the beginning that she could not come on Thursday because she was obliged to go and get her husband from the marchand de vin, for that was the day he got drunk. You will find a commond bedroom in each house in which the whole family sleep. I have seen these rooms with a bed in tach corner in which mother, aft her grandmother and grandfather and six small children sleep and the pigs and their family had a sty in the middle of the room. And yet it is said that Brittany is a moral country, but doubtless their idea of morality is a

MARINE NEWS

All Tonnage For Chicago Provided With Return Cargoes.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Vessel agents reported that practically all the tonnage headed this way had been placed for return cargoes, and the outlook was for small offerings for the rest of the week. Rates were steady at 1½ cents on corn.

AT HARBOR BEACH.

Harbor Beach, Oct. 7.—Special to The Herald.)—Sheltered: White oak, Pridgeon, Rhodes, St. Louis, Harris, Nipigon, Bissell, Melbourne, Inter-Ocean, Swain, Westford, Homer, Taylor, Hurlbut, Clint, Douglas, Anna Maria, Williams, Lee, Sicken, Pademan, Whitney, Abercorn, Faustin, Miami, Gebhard, Rand, Loutin, Todman.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Louisiana, Matuafa, Krupp, Matoa and whaleback, 10 last night; Angeline, 3 a. m.; Brazil, Berlin, Aurora, Saturn, 4; Mueller, 6; Fryer, 6:40; Continental, Holland, 7; Masaba, Joliet, Gogebic, Biwabik, 9:40; Fitch, Maitland, Corsica, 11. Down: Neshoto, 10:40 last night; Yale, Turret Chief, 1 a. m.; Colgate Hoyt, Nicaragua, 2; Samoa and whaleback, Lake Shore, 6; Onoko, 9.

Up yesterday: Black, 12; Hutchinson



SPECIAL OFFER!

You Cannot Afford to Pass It By If You Need Stoves.

FREE!

One Ton Coal

With every "Gold Coin" or "Jewel" Base Burner, price $35.00 or over. We bought our base burners early, before the 15 per cent advance, and we have not advanced our retail prices. But we have too many base burners. Prices—

$29.50 to $52

COLE'S HOT BLAST soft coal and wood Stoves are economical Stoves. With the patent drafts in these Stoves your fuel goes over one-third farther. Prices from—

$6 to $25.

Gold Coin Ranges Cook.

They bake quickly and evenly, are great fuel savers, satisfactory in every way, and guaranteed to please.

"Gold Coin" Ranges at $29.50 up to $56.00.

Special prices on "Gold Coin" Ranges for all this coming week.

With every "Gold Coin" Range, $50 or over, we give you $8 worth of goods.

With every "Gold Coin" Range, $40 or over, we give you $6 worth of goods.

With lower priced "Gold Coin" Ranges we give you $5 worth of goods.

Very Special.

BEDROOM SUITES—3-piece sets—Golden Oak, polished and quartered; regular price $50.00. Sale price

$42.85

BEDROOM SET—3 piece—Golden Oak, polished and quartered; regular price, $75.00. Sale price

$63.75

BEDROOM SET — 3-piece—Golden Oak, polished and quartered; regular price $150. Sale price only

$129.50

Don't pass this sale by if you need a good bedroom set.

"We trust the people;" also make a special discount for cash.

R. R. Forward & Co
HARDWARE and FURNITURE

2110-2112 West Superior Street.

A STATUE OF GRANT

To Be Imposing Monument at the National Capital.

Result of Using Oil as Fuel Awaited With Interest.

Taps Sounded For Sidney L. Wilson, the Pension Agent.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The new Grant statue will be one of the most imposing statues at the national capital. Of the models offered that of C. H. Niehaus is attracting much attention. It represents Gen. Grant returning triumphant to Washington. His path is strewn with laurel branches, and a soldier, who is leading the officer's horse, has a laurel branch over his shoulder. A soldier on the general's right side is carrying a flag, the pole of which is surmounted by an eagle. The horse's appearance indicates pride and excitement, and his right forefoot is raised as if stepping, while his head is thrown back and his eyes and nostrils show that he is frightened. Gen. Grant's attitude is one of repose. In his left hand he holds the reins, while his right hand hangs at his side and grasps a campaign hat. The soldiers carry blanket rolls, knapsacks and other equipment necessary, and their position is such that it indicates that they are attempting to walk rapidly. The soldier who is leading Gen. Grant's horse carries a laurel branch. While Mr. Niehaus was working on the statue, a porter in his studio referred to a laurel wreath in the soldier's hand as a lift preserver. The wreath was singularly like the round life-savers which are to be found on board ships. Mr. Niehaus heard the porter's remark, and immediately replaced the wreath with a branch, which is much more in harmony with the spirit of the group.

• • •

The result of the experiment of using oil as a fuel at the capital is awaited with much interest by Elliott Woods, superintendent of the capital. Experiments with oil burning devices have been in progress for some time by Mr. Woods, and he has ordered that they be attached to some of the boilers, that a practical test may be made. This work will all be done by a Texas oil company, which has offered to equip the boilers with the proper mechanism for oil consumption and to donate 5000 barrels of oil with which to demonstrate the value of the fluid as a means of heating.

The chief electrician and the chief engineers of the senate and house wings also have been authorized by Superintendent Woods to visit Baltimore to inspect methods being used there in several large power plants with liquid fuel. While the scarcity of coal and the fear that the strike may be continued indefinitely has been instrumental in exciting general interest in the use of liquid fuel, the question has been under consideration for a long time by Superintendent Woods.

• • •

The battleship Louisiana for the construction of which bids were opened at the navy department this week, will be a sister ship to the Connecticut and the two will be the largest ships of the navy. With all their stores aboard they will each have a displacement of 18,000 tons, and their cost will aggregate more than $12,000,000.

There is only one ship in the world—the King Edward VII—which has a battery anywhere near equal that designed for the Louisiana. Instead of the 8-inch guns which the American battleships will be equipped, the English vessel carries four 9.2-inch guns. These are slower in rate of fire, so that there is chance of more hits by the less powerful guns. The Louisiana will be able to throw 4,000 tons of metal at one discharge of its battery.

• • •

Sidney L. Wilson is dead, and another name has been stricken from the pension rolls, and from the list of federal officials. It is nearly eighteen years now since Wilson came to Washington to assume his duties as United States pension agent in charge of the Washington district. He was a poor man then; so poor, indeed, that he had been compelled to sacrifice his small house and lot in Western New York.

In the summer of 1881 he lived in Westfield, Chatauqua county. He had a small home with a heavy mortgage upon it, and he wanted to be postmaster—the salary of the office was at that time $1200 a year. The gentleman then representing the Chautauqua district in congress declined to recommend Wilson's appointment, and President Arthur felt constrained to refuse him the place. Shortly after the appointment of another candidate had been made, Joseph W. Kay, of Brooklyn, representing the Veteran's Rights union, traveled to the western end of the state and began an active campaign against the renomination of Dr. Brewer because he had refused to recommend Wilson's appointment. Brewer was defeated, and Walter Sessions was sent to congress in his place.

Immediately after the election Mr. Sessions came to Washington to find a position for Mr. Wilson. President Arthur mentioned the Washington pension agency as a suitable place and in January following Wilson's name was sent to the senate and confirmed. He was reappointed at the end of four years by Mr. Cleveland. Four years later President Harrison again sent his name to the senate. But when his third term expired in 1893, Mr. Cleveland allowed him to continue on, knowing that Mr. McKinley would be certain to continue him in office. He began his fifth term last spring and had he not been called away, Sidney L. Wilson would have served twenty-one years in the position which he secured by accident and which came to him in the time of his direst need.

As it turned out, his failure to obtain the postmastership of Westfield was the making of his fortune. Shortly after assuming office a relative advanced the money with which to buy an old-fashioned, roomy house near the pension office. Wilson built a smaller residence on the rear lot and rented the larger building to the government as the agency office. He was thrifty and economical and invested his savings in real estate, which has rapidly enhanced in value. He leaves a widow and five children, but they are by no means destitute. On the day, he told the writer last spring that he had been able to lay by enough to insure the comfort of his family even though his official income and his pension (for the loss of both legs at Gettysburg) might be cut off at any time.

During the seventeen years of his service as pension agent he disbursed $120,000,000 in pensions and the government never lost a dollar through his stewardship.

• • •

George A. Ohren, United States consular agent at Rossland, British Columbia, sends to the state department the following report on mining in British Columbia:

Nine mines are now shipping to the smelters in Washington and British Columbia. A few months ago, only two of these were shipping, and that in small quantities. The labor troubles have now been adjusted, and the mines are all working. The following table shows the average shipment for one week:

Mine.	Quantity. Tons.	Value.
Le Roi	4,002	$52,286
Le Roi, No. 2	420	5,460
Center Star	1,350	17,550
War Eagle	900	11,700
Giant	155	2,015
Velvet	150	1,950
Total	6,997	$90,961

A few years ago the mines around Rossland could not afford to ship ore valued at less than $16 per ton. The charges for freight and smelter treatment amounted to $14. Later, these charges were decreased to $11 per ton, and about a year ago the smelters reduced the rate for freight and smlting to $6.50 per ton. A recent contract made by the War Eagle and Center Star mines with the smelter enables them to ship ore valued at $ per ton, although they ship a quantity of high-grade ore with the low grade. The terms of the contract between these mines and the smelter are $1.50 per ton for freight and treatment. This is most important for the future prosperity of Rossland, the majority of the ore mined around the city being of low grade. With these cheap rates for freight and smelting, there are hundreds of mines in the immediate vicinity of Rossland which will become shippers almost immediately.

Every effort is being made by the managers of the mines to reduce the cost of concentration and refining of the ores. The Elmore process is being introduced, and great hopes are entertained of the ultimate success of this system. It is understood that the owners of the Elmore patents have expressed their willingness to erect a plant, or to sell one of their plants to the mine owners.

There is a large demand for skilled miners. Almost any man who is a thorough, practical miner can obtain employment in Rossland or vicinity, and it seems probable that the demand for such labor will constantly increase.

A new smelter is being erected near Grand Forks, which is expected to handle 100 tons of ore per day. It is said that it will be in operation within the next six months, and that several improvements in smelting will be introduced.

It will pay dealers in mining machinery in the United States to sent representatives to the Kootenai country to advertise their manufactures. There is now a good opportunity to sell mining machinery at Rossland, in the Trout Lake district, and in other portions of the Kootenai.

Manufacturers of giant powder, dynamite, hardware, sanitary supplies, steel cars, tramways, and all productions connected with smelters or mines should also be represented.

The food products of the United States find a market in great variety in the Kootanei district. There are a number of wholesalers whose representatives visit the district periodically, but it seems to me that the business could be increased by a little more effort. There is a market for hardware, woodenware, crockery, glass, plumbers' supplies, groceries, shoes, clothing, machinery, bar supplies, liquors, pool and billiard tables, printers' goods, stationery, drugs, furniture, leather goods, harness, wagons, carriages, bicycles, automobiles, fur garments, skates, sleighs and sporting supplies. Freight rates to Rossland and other points are unusually high, but the scale of wages paid is liberal, and generally the miners desire the best article. It is understood that in most lines, the manufactures of the United States are superior to those of Canada, and they command a more ready sale and better prices.



The Latest Bulletin...

Read for yourself—don't take the word of others—don't take our word about the values. See yourself how great they are. See the quality, variety and price—and you will say our Rugs and Lace Curtains, our Carpets, our Portieres, our Furniture, our Stoves and Ranges—our entire line is the best that can be had for the least money anywhere in this city.

Our 9x12 Wilton Rugs at $25 **Our 9x12 Granite Rugs at $4**
Our 9x12 Tapestry Rugs $18 **Our Lace Curtains, pair 40c**
Our $3 Carpet Sweepers $1.98 And thousands of other articles at these low prices, and in order to give everybody a chance we will extend to you all the most liberal credit—**$10 down on $100 worth of goods and $10 per month. Don't be backward. Come along—the poor man as well as the rich—your credit is good. Our terms are the most liberal—at**

Bayha & Co.

24 and 26 East Superior St.

Look for Big Wire Sign on Roof. **News Tribune Building.**

AFRICAN MONTE CARLO

Americans Make Piles of Dollars in Big Plays.

Things were dull on the water front and the American who had recently arrived from South Africa was spinning a yarn about "the new Monte Carlo" says the Honolulu Commercial-Advertiser.

The New Monte Carlo is hundreds of miles from Monaco. Its supporters are not tourists or fellows who have syndicate schemes with which they hope to break the bank. They are soldiers from every portion of the globe who are fighting or have been fighting for Great Britain. The scene is laid in Cape Town. A large building is used by Jake Hildebrand, an ex-Denver man, as a casino, and as there is no law in Cape Colony against gambling in the way it is conducted there, the place is run wide open. Hildebrand has a number of rooms, in which are faro, roulette and poker tables, and from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until about 4 in the morning the place is crowded with soldiers who are shoveling English sovereigns by the sackful to the American gamblers.

"I paid a visit to the rooms one night," says the water front man, "and got onto the inside workings of the game.

"As I entered I noticed a crowd about five deep around a roulette wheel. 'The little O in the pea green wins, gentlemen; it's all mine this time.' A moment later and he was shouting: 'No. 35, gentlemen. Thirty-five for one on the number. Even money on the red and odd, two for one on the third dozen and the second column, all paid.' Then he went on. Lots of chips went on No. 35 again in the hope that it might be a repeater, but it proved not, as the cropier shouted, 'Again, my merry rovers, the little O on the pea green wins—Little Bobs enters Pretoria.'

"In another room a knot of men were seated around a table. They were all silent men. Not a whisper was heard. A dealer was turning the cards and a clerk beside him was either taking in the winnings or paying out the losses at faro. Sometimes one would see as much as 30 sovereigns ($150) on a card. In addition to the soldiers there were many others there—representatives of nearly every nationality, black, white or yellow, on the face of the earth. A sportily dressed European sat in a complacent manner beside a Malay. Had the same man met the Malay on the street he would have probably kicked him if he had approached within a yard of him.

"In the poker rooms it was the same. Around a poker table one might see a Peruvian Jew, a Dutchman, a Russian and an Englishman absorbed in a game for big stakes, yet on the street on the following day they would not recognize each other.

"Occasionally a man would get up from a table and approach the big man seated in back of the roll-top desk. The big man wore a fancy vest and a bright red face and a bright smile. On the vest was a remarkable display of diamonds. In his hip pockets he had as good a set of six-shooters as money could buy. As a man leaving a table would approach him he would put on a sickly smile and ask: 'Well, old boy, what luck tonight?' The man addressed might perhaps curse and say something about being obliged to enlist again the following day, as he had lost his all. And then he would say: 'Lend me a quid ($5), Jake. I have been cleaned out tonight.' 'Jake' would lend the sovereign eagerly, as he well knew he was only giving back a very small portion of the amount he had won. The man would be asked to have a drink, a cigar, and as many cigars and drinks as he liked, for the bar in this place was a free one and liquor and cigars were served out to all comers without question and without stint.

"After many such men as these had departed the proprietor would take a look around. If there were but few playing he would take his big hat and walk to all the tables. His clerks would throw the winnings into this and he would announce: 'Well, gentlemen, the bank is closed for tonight.' That would settle matters, and after each man had borrowed a little they would depart.

"I was a stranger, so Jake asked me to step into a parlor in front and have a little lunch. Over the viands he told me there were about eighty such houses as his running in Cape Town and they were all making big money. He was making something like £50,000 sterling a year ($25,000), but did not expect the good thing to keep up after the war. For that night his winnings had been about $1000.

"That is the way the city of Cape Town is becoming known as the New Monte Carlo. More money changes hands over the gaming tables in this African city now than there does at Monte Carlo."

A steamer whistled and the listeners disappeared.

MAY BAR PARTIES

Factions In Kitchi Gammi Club Over Women's Entertainment.

One Element Would Bar Use of Club For Them.

Question Will Come to Vote at Meeting Tonight.

The annual meeting of the Kitchi Gammi club will be held this evening, and it will be one of the most important meetings the club has had. A question has arisen within the club which has caused feeling to run pretty high, and whichever way it is determined is certain to leave some sore spots.

The directors of the club have been in the habit in the past of permitting the wives of members to give parties in certain of the rooms of the club. These included the small private dining room, the reading room, and occasionally the large dining room when it was not in use for the usual cafe purposes of the club. There has been nothing in the by-laws of the club which directly authorized the directors to do this, but it has been generally done.

Some time ago objection was raised among some of the members of the club against this practice, and the claim was made that the board had no right to allow the use of the club for such purposes. The result of this was the submission by the members of the board of an amendment to the by-laws which will legalize the practice. This amendment will be voted on at the meeting tonight.

Arrayed on one side, that of opposition to the amendment, is said to be the bachelor element of the club members. They want the women barred from giving parties. On the other side are most of the married members of the club, who think the bachelors too selfish.

The chances of the bachelors are slightly better than those of the married men, for it will require a two-thirds vote to carry the amendment.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY
AT ARMORY
Saturday Evening, October 11.

Capt. M. L. Fay, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul and others will speak.

DELEGATES

Named to Attend Coal Conference at Detroit.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant has named as delegates from this state to the interstate coal conference to be held at Detroit on Thursday, E. R. Johnstone, of the Minneapolis Times; President Cyrus Northrop of the state university; J. S. McLean, of the Minneapolis Journal; D. P. Jones, acting mayor of Minneapolis; Joseph Wheelock, St. Paul Pioneer Press; George Thompson, St. Paul Dispatch; T. W. Hugo, mayor of Duluth; Alexander McDougall, of Duluth; Mayor D. A. Stewart and Matthew Norton, of Winona; Mayor Smith and D. W. Lawler, of St. Paul, were also asked to go, but have not yet accepted.

NEARLY KILLED.

Non-Union Engineer Was Beaten Into Insensibility.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 7.—While John Colson, of Mahanoy City, a non-unionist engineer in the Reading company's Henry Clay shaft was walking to the colliery this afternoon, he was attacked by a mob, one of whom hit him on the head with a brick, while others clubbed him into a state of insensibility. He was rescued from death by a body of coal and iron police dispersing the mob. Local colliery superintendents today asked Sheriff Deitrick to have troops stationed here.

WAS SHOT FOUR TIMES.

Killing of Insane Man Will Be Investigated.

Marinette, Wis., Oct. 7.—Otto Wenzel, the man who shot the alleged insane man near Wausaukee has been bound over to circuit court on the charge of murder. It was proved that the deceased was shot four times. This discovery has caused a sensation. The name of the insane man is said to be Arnold. The case will be thoroughly investigated.

CHICAGO & ALTON.

Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago & Alton Railroad company was held today in this city. H. D. Laughlin, minority stockholder, who yesterday filed suit against the company attacking the validity of the lease entered into between the Chicago & Alton Railroad company and the Chicago & Alton Railway company, by which all the property of the former was transferred to the latter, for ninety-nine years, appeared at the meeting and offered to sell his stock. It is probable his offer will be accepted, thus disposing of the question.

The old directors were re-elected to succeed themselves. The statemnt for last yar as submitted shows a decided decrease in moth net and gross earnings, but a decided increase in operating expenses.

RELIGIOUS

War Causing Great Excitement In Town of Pierz.

St. Paul, Oct. 6.—A Little Walls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The town of Pierz, fourteen miles east of this city, is in an uproar over a parochial and public school fight, the matter having taken on a serious light, and County Attorney Lindbergh was called Monday night by the town council to take a hand. No definite action has been taken, but residents of the village are insisting that a settlement be made at once. Trouble has been brewing for some months, and recently Mrs. Jacob Duscher went to the priest for confession. She was received absolution on account of sending her children to public school. The following day Duscher met Father Pfeiffer on the street and assaulted him, injuring him badly.

On Sunday night last friends of the priest organized to tar and feather Duscher. A man approached to join the party warned Duscher and assisted in organizing his friends to protect him from the mob. The priest's friends gave up the attempt then they heard that Duscher was armed. Father Pfeiffer claims that on one evening shots were fired at his house. He went into the yard and emptied a Winchester in the direction from which the shots were supposed to come. The town council has sworn in special police and the residents of the village are going about armed. Feeling is running very high and more trouble may be expected.

ATTEMPT

Made to Hold Up the Fast Rock Island Train.

Guthrie, Okla., Oct. 7.—An attempt was made last night between Chicasaw, I. T., and Siding No. 1, to hold up the fast Rock Island passenger train, westbound. A number of shots were fired into the coaches, but no one was hurt. The train had just entered the canon where, in 1895, a desperate train robbery was committed by the Jennings gang. Three rifle bullets passed through the coach windows, causing a panic among the passengers. The engineer increased the speed of the train. There is no clue to the identity of the highwaymen.

MINERS

In France A.e Considering a Gigantic Strike.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The national committee of the French Miners' association met here today with the intention of deciding whether an immediate general strike was to be ordered, agitation in favor of such a step having been in progress for some time. The meeting lasted three hours and then adjourned until tomorrow without arriving at a decision. M. Basly, a Socialist deputy, represents an important district of the Pas del Calais coal fields, says he is confident that a general strike will be voted and that 70,000 out of the 100,000 miners will obey the order. He added that the strike will extend over the Pas del Calais, the Nord, the Loire and the Carmaux regions.

STEEL TRUST

Issues Statement of Earnings and Declares Usual Dividends.

New York, Oct. 7.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation today issued a statement of net earnings for the nine months of the year ended Sept. 30. Earnings for July, August and Sept. with the last month estimated, aggregate $36,764,643; total net earnings deducting each month's expenses for ordinary repairs, renewals and maintenance of plant, also interest on bonds and fixed charges of the subsidiary companies aggregate $101,142,158. The usual dividends of 1¾ per cent on the preferred and 1 per cent on the common quarterly were declared.

TO SEE OPERATORS.

Manufacturers Have No Proposition From Miners.

Buffalo, Oct. 7.—The coal conference adjourned at 3:50 p. m. The manufacturers' committee will go to Philadelphia tonight to meet a committee of operators to hear their side of the case. They will carry no proposition from the miners.

DAUGHERTY'S EXPENSES

In Trying to Secure Nomination to Senate.

St. Paul, Oct. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Daugherty, of Duluth, spent $248.55, in trying to secure a renomination, which was won from him by George Laybourn. He spent $168.55 for advertising, stamps and printing, and $80 for sundries.

CARNEGIE TURNS BEGGAR.

English Wish His Libaries Were in Jericho.

A year ago the curse of Andrew Carnegie's existence was the persistence with which town clerks and librarians throughout the country followed him, hat in hand begging him to donate some of his gigantic wealth toward their own little local libraries, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The smiling little author of "Triumphant Democracy" was obliged to pull in the drawbridge of his Scotch fortress and to shout through the mullioned windows his defiance of the literary and municipal besiegers. Gradually, however, there has been a change. The besieged has become the besieger. No sooner have the people of one district found themselves in possession of Mr. Carnegie's munificent donation than they awake to the fact that the whole thing is a gilded pill, a delusion, a snare, a fraud, a disappointment, because, you see, when they have built the library they are obliged to maintain it themselves at their own expense; and if there is anything in the world that the acceptor of a free gift loathes it is to be obliged to pay for its maintenance later on. There is a universal howl against Mr. Carnegie's generosity. If he plans a library in, let us say, little Puddington, the taxpayers immediately foregather and denounce the little Scotchman's impudence and lack of consideration in forcing up the rates and taxes of the district. They did not want these libraries badly. They merely thought it would be a good thing to be alongside the times, to have one of Mr. Carnegie's gifts in the neighborhood, but as far as the actual possession of the treasure of literature is concerned, they care not a row of pins, and now that the additional burden has been piled on the poor taxpayers' backs, they wish Mr. Carnegie would go to Jericho. It is one of the most brilliant illustrations of spying down the gift horse's mouth that I have ever seen.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE
Union Square, New York.

PATRIA VERITAS FIDES

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 15	3 40
4 25	8 15	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
.....	10 20	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	.....	12 57
.....	10 56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	.....	12 34
.....	11 20	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	.....	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	P.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:0
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
†1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and		†1:55 p.m.
†11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis		†9:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks		*8:45 p.m.
†2:20 p.m.	Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.		†12:40 p.m.

*Daily †Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 12:15 a m
b 8:00 a m		b 6:55 p m
a 9:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6 p m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:40 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

CURED BY MILK.

How Women May Recover From over wrought Nerves.

"Want to learn how to increase your weight and gain strength and nerve force in the easiest way possible?" asked the plump little woman, as she settled into a corner of the divan for a comfortable chat, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Her listeners were half a dozen women who go in for the strenuous life to a greater or less degree and consequently anyone of them could stand a few extra pounds without inconvenience. "Of course," was the reply, in chorus. "Well, then, drink milk, nothing but milk for months," said the plump one. "I've tried it and I think that I am a pretty good illustration of the effectiveness of the milk diet. Four months ago I was a nervous wreck. Couldn't stand anything; wept if the least thing went wrong at home, jumped a foot every time the door bell rung, and was fast becoming a nuisance to myself and all the rest of the family. Fortunately, I have a little common sense and my doctor has more, so when I was ordered to drop everything and just 'rust' for awhile, I did it with the result that I have gained 51 pounds in weight and my health is completely restored. I lived on milk, as I told you, and rested according to directions, spending my time in a lonely old rest cure home up the state. The diet and the rest effected a cure without any medicine whatever. I might add, though, that the milk was not the ordinary decoction served by the dealers of the metropolis, but a rich, creamy substance furnished by the finest breed of Jersey cows. How hard it was for an active body like me to 'rust' for sixteen weeks you strenuous folks can appreciate, but if you want to become plump and contented with the world in general just try my remedy."

THE KENTUCKY FUTURITY.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 7.—Gall Hamilton won first heat of the $14,000 Kentucky futurity; John Mc, second; Aanak, third. The Rajah, the favorite, was distanced. Time, 2:14¼.

TURNS STATE'S EVIDENCE.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—John J. Healy, Jr., one of the defendants in the Masonic Temple tax-fixing case, has turned state's evidence. This announcement was made officially in Judge Chetlain's court today when Healy was granted a separate trial from the other defendants. Shortly after Judge Chetlain granted Healy a separate trial the examination of jurors began.

What You Want to Sell

Some one else wants.

Telephone No. 324.--Two Rings Both 'Phones.

The quickest and most economical way of finding the people who want what you want to sell is through the want columns of The Herald. Read them!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

COPPER GLANCE STOCK.

Asked.

Copper Glance is only eight days more at 35c
Kootenai Copper less than 15c
Crooked River—less than $1.75
Moorcroft Oil for quick turn 6c
Parry Sound, quick 10c

Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Building. Call, write, 'phone, wire.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
200 foot corner, East First street.
100-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

---

50 feet on East First Street, near Tenth Avenue East, with small house and barn, only **$2500**

160 acres in sec. 31-51-14, just outside the city limits—per acre **$15**

W. G. Joerns & Co., 501 Palladio Bldg.

FIRE INSURANCE SURETY BONDS

General Agents Travelers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

Life, Accident, Health and Liability Insurance

O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209—210 Exchange Building.

Three Fine
Building Lots

lower side First Street between 21st and 22nd Avenues East. 150 x 150 feet.

$3200.

R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

2318 West Michigan street, 50-foot lot with 7-room house for.. **$1600**

50 foot lot on West Michigan and Superior streets, near Eleventh avenue, partially improved and earning $23 a month. This will make business property and is cheap. Price..... **$3000**

Fifty foot lot on East Second street near Twenty-second avenue **$1050**

One hundred feet frontage on Fourth street, near Fourteenth avenue east for..... **$2100**

200 acres adjoining railroad station, one hour's ride from Duluth in Douglas county. Good land, at $6.00 per acre.

A large list of North Dakota lands at $6 to $8 per acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

4½% MONEY 5% To Loan

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W.N. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

409-410 Torrey Bldg.

New 'Phone 1013

4½ PER CENT and 5 PER CENT Money to Loan

"On or Before"

R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Farm Lands!

1400 acres of land adjoining the Jean Duluth Stock Farm, within 5 miles of the city limits, is offered at such a price as can be cut into small tracts and sold profitably.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$1250 Will buy one of the nicest little homes in Duluth, with fireplace. Everything convenient; centrally located.

$1200 for an 8-room house on Park Point, in good condition.

$750 For another house; little money will put this in good condition.

$300 For Minnesota avenue lots, Lower Duluth.

Two good cottages for rent for the winter; plastered and comfortable.

W. F. LEGGETT,
506 Burrows Bldg.
Zenith 'Phone 140.

$1500 Six-room house; city water. West End.

$1250 Nine-room house, city water. West End.

$1850 Seven-room house; city water. West End.

$2100 Seven-room house; water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation. West End.

$3500 Modern, up-to-date house; lot 50x140 feet. West End.

I have a snap on Superior St., West End.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

$8000

On hand to loan at 5 per cent.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

FOR SALE—8-room house with bath—west second street between 25th and 28th avenues—$2600

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

BARGAINS!

$200 Will buy a lot, 50x132 feet, in Oneota.

$250 Will buy forty acres of good farming land near Rice Lake, ten miles from Duluth.

$300 Will buy a lot, 50x140 feet, on the upper side of Eighth street, near Third avenue east.

$350 Will buy two lots at Lakeside, between London road and the street railway.

$300 Will buy two lots, 100x140, on upper side of Twelfth street, near Second avenue west.

$1200 Will buy 160 acres of good farming land in Carlton county, five miles from Proctorknott.

$1600 Will buy a lot, 25x125, on Grand avenue, one block from Phillips hotel, with two-story frame gravel roof building that cost at least $3000.

$4500 Will buy a double house, six rooms each, stone foundation, full basement, with concrete floor; city water, sewer, etc. Lot 50x164 feet, fronting on two streets.

$4500 Will buy No. 1627 East Superior street. Eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house; $1800 cash, balance $2700, due on or before June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

$6000 Will buy two lots in Bay Front division. These lots have 100 feet frontage on slip No. 6, and are 140 feet deep with railroad facilities in rear.

These are all bargains.

Five per cent money to loan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE

$3750 Seventy-five feet of Superior street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

Building lots on First, second and Third streets, in the East End.

Unimproved corner on Superior and Michigan streets, West End. Very desirable for business block.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Bldg.
Real Estate, Mortgages, Insurance.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1300 Buys six-room house in Endion; city water. Only one block from car line.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1200 Buys seven-room house in fine condition, in the West End, on easy monthly payments.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor and is wired for electric lights.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights. $130 cash. Balance to suit.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1325 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1003-2, new 1793.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.

Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and on reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 526.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.

Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSECLEANING or washing and ironing, or any kind of work by the day. Call or address 209 West Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A SWEDISH girl, not able to speak English yet. Willing to work. Address 11 4106 Halifax street, West Duluth.

ACCOUNTANT OR BOOKKEEPER, advertiser, thoroughly experienced, seeks position; highest references; moderate salary. P 28, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY SCANDINAvian as a delivery clerk or in some store—has had some experience. J. S. Gransted, 4106 Halifax, West Duluth.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING or any kind of housework. Address 313 West Superior street. Room 6.

WANTED — SITUATION BY LADY AS housekeeper; no objection to children. No. 44, Herald.

YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN WISHES work in boarding house or hotel for herself and husband. Address S 89, Herald.

EXPERIENCED SEWER WOULD LIKE work by day. 447 Mesaba avenue.

ODRER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 27th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Olson, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of John Olson, deceased, late of the county of Lake, state of Minnesota, being granted to Samuel V. Gilbert.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 31st day of March, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 27th day of Sept. A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-30-Oct-6-13-1902.

You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

---

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

(Count six words to the line.)

"Situations Wanted"

For the benefit of those who are seeking employment we will insert under "SITUATIONS WANTED" 20 words, 3 times, free of charge.

All Other Ads:

One cent per word each insertion. Minimum charge, 15 cents.

Contract rates will be furnished upon application.

For Ads.
"Too Late to Classify"
See Page 3

To Advertisers.

To insure classification on Herald want page copy must be in before 2 o'clock p. m. Classification cannot be guaranteed after that hour. Ads will be received for insertion under "Too Late to Classify" until 3 p. m.

Let Every Advertiser Remember

That when he or she inserts an advertisement in The Herald requiring responses by letter each person is entitled to receive a ticket containing the address and such ticket presented to The Herald advertising window is ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY in order to obtain the responses.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

LOT 200, MINNESOTA AVENUE, LOWER Duluth, for $325; well wooded; no liner lot or location on Park Point; corner Twenty-second and Minnesota. Address Owner X 2, Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—IF TAKEN AT once—stock of fruit and confectionery. Good location on Superior street. Address Andrew Dahl, 512 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A LARGE COAL HEATER in first-class condition, 527 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—SODA FOUNTAIN only used one summer. Address N 45, Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—CAMP FURNIture, consisting of iron beds, mattresses, springs, stoves, chairs and kitchen utensils. Mrs. Colony, between 18 and 19, Park Point.

FOR SALE — AT A BARGIN, HOUSEhold furniture, stoves and baby carriage. 1432 London road.

FOR SALE — GOOD DELIVERY horse, 6 years old, weighs 1100. Inquire at the Acme Laundry.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. DUluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

OWING TO REMOVING FROM THE city I will sell or rent good house, stable and chicken coop; lot 50x140. C. A. Dubois, 1428 West First street.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay, weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD FRESH milch cows will arrive Sept. 16. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

$250 Upright Pianos for $158

Easy terms, $15 cash and $7 a month. Handsome cases in Walnut and Mahogany finish, beautiful tone and all latest improvements. We closed out the factory's stock on this particular style at a favorable price and are selling them at a very low figure to move quickly.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

Horses! Horses!
of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

Launches, Row Boats.
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
Pearson Boat Construction Co., Duluth.
Send for Catalogue.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 324 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, about 1200. 8 First avenue west.

WANTED TO BUY—CHEAP, FOR CASH a second hand wagon and double harness. Address N. F. Herald.

WANTED1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash prices paid. Address L. Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE land to sell in vicinity of Hibbing, give location and price. Address S 76, Herald.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIESBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter. 301 E. 5th St. Zenith phone 416-2.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

A YOUNG GIRL ATTENDING HIGH or normal school, and wishing a place in East End, where she can work for her board can do well by addressing S 41, Herald.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN WANTED, $40 per month; steady employment. Call or address F. Treat, Delaware hotel.

WANTED, AT ONCE—LADY SHORT order cook for night work, at City Cafe, Eveleth, Minn.; wages $40 per month. Unemployed cooks and waiters address Edward Ferry, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 222 East Third street.

WANTED AT ONCE—YOUNG GIRL for light housework in family of two. Call 1013 West Michigan street, second floor. Smith.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO CLEAN house. Address at once. S. F., Herald.

WANTED—WOMAN TO SCRUB FLOOR. Sloan, Leveroos & Co.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL; MUST talk English. 305 East Third.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY WITH EXperience as cashier and office assistant. Apply by letter only. French & Bassett.

WANTED — A GOOD LAUNDRESS. Apply at once, 131 East Third street.

WANTED — BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE and competent young lady for responsible position. Must have unquestionable recommendations. Address U 29, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1432 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 14 East Second street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. T. C. Phillips, 1914 East Second.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND office assistant with references. Apply 106 West Michigan street.

APPRENTICES WANTED TO LEARN dressmaking. 19 East Superior street, upstairs, room 4.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office, 17 Second avenue east.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED, AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS barber, $15 and half over $25. John Mulqueen, box 310, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—FOUR MACHINISTS. APply National Iron company.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper. Apply 521 Board of Trade.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slate quarries at Thomson, Minn., wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, BOILERmakers and blacksmiths for railroad shops out of town, steady employment. Apply Room 7, Hotel Brunswick.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT Makers. Only those accustomed to finest work need apply: Steady employment. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third Avenue West.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WANTED — BOY OVER 16 TO LEARN the bookbinding trade. Apply Duluth Lithographing and Printing company.

WANTED—SALESMEN. THE HAWKS Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED— EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—QUARRYMEN AND LAborers, good wages, winter's work. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time; mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, MINNEapolis, Minn., wants men to learn barber trade. The advantages are: Abundance of practice, licensed teachers, tools given, board included and little expense. Special inducements to distant applicants. Always demad for barbers. Write toay for catalogue.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENJAMON WILL GIVE A dime circle at 106 East Fourth street, Wednesday evening.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4230.

CONSULT MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, the medium, at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE MEdium and clairvoyant. 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REAsonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE DOG, BEtween Lake and First avenue west. Finder telephone 6070.

LOST—ON SUPERIOR STREET, BEtween Third and Fourth avenues west, watch charm. Return to Flat 2, U. S. block, and receive reward.

FOUND—COW, 1927 WEST FIFTH street.

LOST—DIAMOND SCARF PIN SATURday evening between Park Point and Lyceum Theatre, or on street car. Reward if returned to Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOR WINTER, MODERN furnished house, pleasant location, on car line; man and wife preferred. 13 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences. Apply 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

MODERN HOUSE FOR RENT AT GLEN Avon, city water, gas and electric light; small family preferred. Inquire at 128½ West First street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM MODERN house, gas, electric light and bath. 1129½ East Second street.

FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS NINEroom house in Park Terrace, hardwood finish, heat and water furnished, five minutes' walk from Board of Trade, 205 Lyceum building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

FOR RENT — 3-ROOM FLAT; CITY water, $11. 20 East Fourth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, cheap, near Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street, for two gentlemen. Address P 16, Herald.

FOR RENT—LARGE MODERN ROOM, well heated and lighted; board if desired; suitable for two; references required. S 78, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath; $6 each. N 46, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; also rooms for light housekeeping. 111 West First street.

FOR RENT — FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms; water and sewer included. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—FOUR NICE ROOMS, CITY water, well located. Apply 831 East Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE OR FOUR UNfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address, P. 28 Herald.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. S. Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, Steam and bath. E. Bostwick, Third street near Fifth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply X 11, Herald.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT, modern conveniences. Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms; heated. 410 Sixth avenue West.

FOR RENT—TWO NEAT, CLEAN BEDrooms. 309 West Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, STEAM heat and bath, etc., for gentleman. L. Gallagher, 14 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room with board. Man and wife. $35 a month. Box S 79, Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat. Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 15 West Superior street.

BARN FOR RENT.

BARN FOR RENT—2702 HURON ST.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — THREE OR four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best of references. Address at once. F. C., Herald.

YOUNG LADY WANTS TO RENT FURnished room near Board of Trade building; references. Address M 14, Evening Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD—suitable for two young men or man and wife. Brick house, steam heat, strictly modern and very central. 320 West Second street, Zenith phone 491.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY furnished front room, with board, in private family of two; best location; telephone and all conveniences. S 43, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, lake view. 218 West Third street.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills **Are the Best.** Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," Letter by **Return Mail.** Ask your druggist. **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.**

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST, 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1613 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 691.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 201-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 451; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT, MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 561-2.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING, CLOAKS, SKIRTS, waists, made from 75 cents up. Also tailor-made suits. 30 Lake avenue north.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 6, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 188, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 8, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 7. Work—Red Cross Degree. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2. —Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

MIN... HIST... SOC...

SEVERAL ARE SHOT

Serious Rioting Occurs at New Orleans.

Attempt to Move Cars Results In Trouble.

New Orleans, Oct. 8.—The first attempt to run cars from the Canal street barn, which was made at 10 o'clock this morning, resulted in a serious riot in which Policeman Schlessinger was shot through the head and probably fatally injured; Conductor Kennedy was shot in the hand; Motorman Ferguson, a striker, was shot through the arm, and a number of policemen were painfully wounded by flying missiles. Fifty shots were fired during the disturbance.

The first car which started from the barns was in charge of Motorman Fred Nintz, of Chicago, and Conductor M. L. Kennedy. There was on board a large force of policemen and Peter Johnson and Alfred Clark, the two men from Chicago who arrived here last night with a force of thirty men to take the places of the strikers. An immense crowd of people, including strikers, their sympathizers and curious people, were on the street. As the car approached the corner of Dorgenois street, members of the mob rushed out, tore up planking from either side of the street and threw it across the track. Then bricks and stones flew through the air. Obstructions brought the car to a standstill, and a rush was made for the non-union men on board. There was such a hail of missiles that the police and others on board had to duck to save themselves. As the car stopped numbers of blue coats jumped off in an attempt to press back the strikers. Immediately a shot was fired. Then a perfect fusillade of shots came from both sides and the car was enveloped in smoke.

In the meantime R. D. Kountz, a young man of Luray, Va., who was on the car, ran out and attempted to clear the track of the plank and debris that had been thrown upon it. He was pelted with bricks and stones, but was perfectly cool, and had pretty well cleared the track when the mob descended on him and overwhelmed him.

Clark and Johnson were dragged from the car and terribly beaten before the police could fight off the mob and rescue them.

Police reinforcements were rushed to the scene, and after a long struggle the space immediately around the car was cleared. It was then found that Officer Schelssinger had been shot in the head; Motorman Ferguson, a striker, through the arm, and Conductor Kennedy in the hand, and a number of policemen had been painfully hurt by flying missiles. Fifty shots were fired.

Motorman Nintz is charged with having fired the first shot from the street car. Orders for his arrest have been issued. After the rioting the car was run back to the barn, and it is now said that no further efforts to operate cars will be made until the troops are on the scene. The mayor sent today for Gen. Glynn, who commands the First brigade. He said the troops were ready to respond to any call made upon them, but that nothing could be done until the governor could be communicated with. The mayor is using every effort to reach Governor Heard.

All of the non-union men who were on the car attacked today were armed, and all of them are said to have used their weapons during the attack. Alexander Derbs, a laborer and by-stander, was shot in the leg during the rioting.

At 9:30 o'clock this morning Manager Wood of the railroad company announced his intention of operating cars today, though none had been run out of the barn up to that time, except a mail car, which started at 7 o'clock and was allowed to proceed in an uninterrupted manner by the mob which was in the neighborhood of the barns. The police, consisting of mounted men and men on foot, were stationed along the street for the distance of a mile, and seemed to have the crowd in hand more effectively than they did yesterday. It is said warrants will be sworn out in the federal court against many of the men who participated in the rioting yesterday, on the ground that the service of the mail cars was interrupted. Secret service agents from Washington are reported to be here and cooperating with the local police officials.

One hundred and twenty members of the police force guarded the barns of the railway company during the night. It was feared that some attempt might be made to fire them.

A number of men who came from Chicago are reported to have been captured by the strikers and to have deserted to the union.

ALARMED ABOUT SAGE

Wall Street Fears That If He Should Die a Tying Up of Collateral Securities Would Cause Much Trouble.

New York, Oct. 8.—The condition of Russell Sage, who has been suffering from a bad cold and was threatened with pneumonia, was reported this morning as favorable. He is at his country house at Cedarhurst, L. I., and it was said there that he had passed a comfortable night. The physicians attending Mr. Sage said he was in no danger, but that it would be better for him to remain at home until next Monday. The physician said there was no occasion for alarm.

Wall street was inclined to be doubtful about Mr. Sage's condition this morning. Mr. Sage has a large number of loans out on collateral that might be wanted at any moment, and in the event of his death either a sudden calling of his loans, or a situation in which the securities in his safe deposit vaults, which are held as collateral, would be tied up indefinitely, would result in considerable trouble and loss.

C. W. Osborne, cashier for Mr. Sage, to set at rest any fears on the latter point, made the authoritative statement that in the event of Mr. Sage's death, his debtors would have no trouble. The safe deposit vault in which the securities held as collateral for loans are kept, be admitted, are held jointly in the name of Mr. Sage and of himself, so that it would not be sealed up at Mr. Sage's death, but could be opened at anytime and securities delivered to borrowers in return for the amount of their loans.

TO CAPTURE PADILLA

San Francisco, Oct. 8.—The Colombian gunboat Bogota is now on her way to Panama to encounter the insurgents' war vessel, the Padilla. The Bogota made a flying start about 2 o'clock, but came to grief fifteen minutes later, when two gaskets blew out, stopped the machinery and left the vessel helpless on the tide. The damage done was not serious, but it effectively crippled the Bogota for the time being. Signals for a tug were responded to and the gunboat was towed to an anchorage for repairs where she remained until repairs were effected. She went to sea at night. She has an all-American crew and both officers and men have "pasts" in which fighting has been the dominating characteristic. Her officers have been trained in the science of modern warfare and her sailors nearly all hold discharges from the United States navy. Those that lack discharges are without them because their method of leaving the service was not in accordance with regulations. Capt. H. T. Marmaduke, the commanding officer was a captain in the Confederate navy.

Lieuts. Mitchell and Mantgis are Annapolis men. Surgeon W. G. Graham was through the Cuban, Philippine and Chinese campaigns.

Col. James Gregory, of the Colombian army, who is going to Panama on the Bogota, is a distinguished military officer. The Bogota's crew is about 400 strong. Twelve of her sailors were with Dewey at Manilla and several of them should now be serving Uncle Sam on the battleship Oregon.

On the Bogota's crew are three graduates of the United States school of gunnery, B. C. Clark, who is acting as ship's writer, was on the torpedo boat Winslow, during that memorable night in Cardenas bay.

The Bogota before sailing mounted a 14-pounder in her bows. She has four 6-pounders on her quarter deck, two Maxim-Nordenfelds amidships and two Colts automatic field guns mounted on her superstructure.

"We're American every one of us," was one sailor's farewell message.

"We would not be much credit to a Sunday school and some of us could not get jobs in banks, but we can lick any bunch of our weight and number in white and all the niggers in Central America can stack up against us. We will get the Padilla."

FIRE ALARMS SLEEPERS

Chicago, Oct. 8.—The two story brick building occupied by the Pittsburg Plate Glass company at the southwest corner of Peck court and Wabash avenue was almost entirely destroyed by fire early today. Loss is estimated at $250,000.

In the rear of the structure, and facing on Michigan avenue, is the Bucklen apartment building, which became filled with smoke as the fire progressed. An alarm was given and within a few moments hundreds of persons were rushing from the building, some of them clad only in their night clothes. These were cared for by the police and two fire companies were detailed to watch the building.

After an hour's hard fighting Chief Musham declared the fear of any spread of the flames to the partment building had passed and announced the fire under control. It developed later that the fire had probably been started by explosions of gasoline in the basement of the building. A policeman said that several panes of glass were blown out of the basement windows a short time after the fire was discovered.

VETERANS IN REVIEW

Remnants of Once Great Armies Again In Line.

Many Prominent Figures Gone From the Ranks.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The remnants of the magnificent armies of Grant, Sherman, Thomas, Slocum and Sheridan, which participated in the grand review at the close of the civil war, again today passed up the historic Pennsylvania avenue. The survivors of the bronzed, black haired legions who marched twenty-four abreast for two days before President Johnson, with flowers in the muzzles of their guns, and with victory and the hope of the future shining in their faces, have become old, white haired men with their active service behind them. The ten years that have elapsed since the former review of the G. A. R. here in 1892 have sadly decimated the ranks of the old heroes. Most of the prominent figures in the parade on that memorable occasion, including Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, who rode in a carriage, being even then too feeble to walk; ex-President Hayes, who marched on foot with his old comrades; Gen. Rosecrans, ex-Governor Powell and "Uncle Jerry" Rusk, who strode along at the head of the Iron Brigade of Wisconsin, have gone to their last bivouac. But those who still remained trudged valiantly today to the sound of drum and fife. Proudly aloft they held their tattered battle flags and the vast multitude through which they passed, seeing in the thinned ranks visions of the battlefields, greeted them with cheers that fairly drowned the blare of the bands.

The air was filled with golden sunshine and the light breeze out of the west was just strong enough to give life to the gorgeous decorations and keep the flags tugging at their halyards. Although the procession was not to move until 10 o'clock, the swarming crowds were abroad early, lining the sidewalks and overflowing the great stands along the line of march, and even windows, and roofs were black with people. Bugles were everywhere sounding the assembly, gaily accoutred marshals, with their staffs were galloping about, and from all quarters the uniformed veterans were marching deep into the tangle of streets to take their places in line.

The procession moved in the order prescribed by Chief Marshal Noel Blakeman. It was preceded by a platoon of splendidly mounted police and this was followed in turn by a drum corps composed of survivors of the civil war musicians. Then came a mounted escort of citizens of Washington, with whom rode Gen. Blakeman resplendent in dress and soldierly in bearing. He was accompanied by his aides riding in files of eight front and these were followed by the Marine band, whose familiar music elicited frequent cheers from the crowd.

Gen. Eli Torrance, commander-in-chief, occupied a carriage. He was preceded by his personal escort, consisting of John A. Rawlins post of the department of Minnesota, and accompanied by his personal staff, consisting of Quartermaster Burrows, Assistant Adjt. Gen. B. H. Warner, Judge Advocate Gen. Duffield, Inspector General Wetherbee, Junior Vice Commander O'Donnell, Chapiain Boyle, Surgeon General Thrall, Senior Vice Comander McElroy and the executive committee of the G. A. R. immediately followed by the escort of the G. A. R., consisting of the First regiment of the Sons of Veterans, and a reserve of the Pennsylvania division, and then came the various organizations of the G. A. R. itself, led by the department of Illinois, with Commander E. M. Trimble in command.

The departments marched in the following order: Wisconsin, Commander James H. Agen; Pennsylvania, Commander R. P. Scott; Ohio, Commander Walton Webber; New York, Commander Allan C. Black; Connecticut, Commander Burton Rogers; Massachusetts, Commander Wilmon Blackmar; New Jersey, Commander James L. Merrick; California and Nevada, Commander W. G. Hawley; Rhode Island, Commander George H. Cheney; New Hampshire, Commander William T. Carter; Vermont, Commander R. F. Hathorn; Virginia and North Carolina, Commander C. D. Graw; Maryland, Commander John W. Worth; Nebraska, Commander Calvin F. Steele; Michigan, Commander Edward C. Anthony; Iowa, Commander John Lindt; Indiana, Commander Benjamin Starr; Colorado and Wyoming, Commander J. W. Huff; Kansas, Commander H. C. Loomis; Delaware, Commander John C. Garner; Minnesota, Commander Perry Starkweather; Missouri, Commander Ira T. Bronson; Oregon, Commander M. L. Pratt; Kentucky, Commander T. F. Beyland; West Virginia, Commander C. C. Mathews; South Dakota, Commander T. F. Blanchard; Washington and Alaska, Commander B. E. Bedell; Arkansas, Commander John H. Avery; New Mexico, Commander E. J. W. Edwards; Utah, Commander William Bostaph; Tennessee, Commander G. R. Patten; Louisiana and Mississippi, Commander Charles W. Keeling; Florida, Commander S. Herbert Lancey; Montana, Commander Alanson N. Bull; Texas, Commander C. C. Haskell; Idaho, Commander George M. Parsons; Arizona, Commander C. F.

(Continued on page 5.)

BLAZE ON SPINDLE TOP

Middle Section of Hogg-Swayne Tract Swept By Fire and Many Derricks and Pumping Rigs Destroyed.

Beaumont, Tex., Oct. 8.—Reports received this morning regarding the loss sustained by last night's fire in the oil fields vary, though experts place it from $100,000 to $250,000, while the number of tanks destroyed will not be known for several days, being variously estimated at between thirty-five and forty-five. Rumors of loss of life have proved untrue and Thomas Crowley, an employe of Brice & Co., who was probably fatally burned while working at the top of the derrick, was the only one who was injured, according to the latest accounts.

The fire started in the J. S. Corbett well near the center of the Spindle Top avenue fronting the middle section of the Hogg-Swayne tract and swept the section completely, destroying practically every derrick and pumping rig. The fact that there was no wind prevented the spread of the fire into the other sections.

The fire was started by a man who blew out a lantern over the Corbett well. It exploded and ignited the gas that was escaping from that well.

DETECTIVE USES BILLY

Knocked Two Men Senseless and Killed Two Dogs Before He Could Arrest a Wife Beater and His Friends.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—In an effort to subdue a supposed wife beater last night, Detective Edward McMullen, of the Englewood police station, was forced to knock two men senseless and kill two dogs that attacked him. During the melee John Barry, a bystander, who went to the detective' sassistance, was struck on the head and his skull fractured.

The fight took place at Sixty-second and Ada streets, where a crowd had gathered about the house of Herman Glander, having been attracted by a commotion inside. McMullen, on being told that Glander was beating his wife with a coal shovel, attempted to enter the house. His entrance was blocked by Glander, who turned the dogs loose and with the assistance of August and Ernest Muldenhauer, neighbors, gave the detective a fierce battle.

McMullen had just knocked Glander insensible with a "billy," when August Muldehauer aimed a blow at the detective's head, which might have done serious injury had not Barry intervened, only to be struck down by one of the Muldenhauers. Finally McMullen, after killing both dogs and knocking Ernest Muldenhauer senseless, placed all three men under arrest. Bail was refused them owing to the serious nature of Barry's injury.

KRON PRINZ SINKS A STEAMER

London, Oct. 8.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm, which sailed from Southampton today for New York, ran into and sank the British steamer Robert Ingham during a dense fog, off Beachy Head, this morning. The Robert Ingham went down about four minutes after the collision, but the Kron Prinz Wilhelm saved all her crew of thirteen men with the exception of the mate and the only passenger she had on board.

OUTBREAK OF MINERS

Occurs at Williamstown After Two Weeks of Peace.

Attempt to Move Coal Was Cause of Trouble.

Cars Were Repeatedly Uncoupled But Finally Proceeded.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 8.—The first outbreak of disorder since the marches and arrests of two weeks ago, occured at Williamstown last night, when an attempt was made to move thirty-two cars of coal from the siding of the Lykens Valley Coal company. The coal had been mined during last week and had been run through the breaker on Friday by men who refused to join the strike.

When the Summit Branch Railroad company attempted to move the loaded cars, the coupling pins were drawn and the engine had to back to the cars again. This occurred five times and there were some stones thrown at the cars. Finally the trainmen got the cars coupled and started off with the train amid the hoots and jeers of men and boys.

When the cars were taken through Wiconisco, there was a demonstration and the train crew was jeered. Soon after the train passed a mob marched about the town and threw stones at the houses of men who who had been working. No damage was done and the men ran away before they could be detected by the sheriff's deputies.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 8.—Two companies of the Fourth regiment were on duty at the Royal Oak colliery today keeping strikers bent on mischief away from the mine. The Llewellyn Coal company intended to start up the colliery today, but failed owing to the driver boys refusing to go to work under armed protection. No coal has been cut at this mine since the strike commenced.

Six companies of the Sixteenth regiment arrived here today and camped on the outskirts of the town.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 8.—The First regiment, of Philadelphia, in command of Col. Bowman, arrived here this morning from Philadelphia in two sections, the first section getting in at 5:15 and the second at 6 o'clock. The only incident of the trip was the stoning of the second section near Bethlehem. Several car windows were shattered, but no one was injured.

The regiment will be concentrated at a central paint and details will be sent by railroad or trolley to collieries, where their services may be required. Everything is quiet in the Hazelton district today.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 9.—The Second regiment, State National Guard, arrived here this morning and encamped, and the Sixth regiment, from Chester and vicinity, will arrive this afternoon. There s difference of opinion as to the effect that the presence of an increased number of soldiers will have on the strike, but if the mine workers voice their real sentiments, the effect will be to strengthen the ranks of the strikers. Throughout the Panther Creek region the operators take an opposite view. The interest centers not in the fact that more troops are at hand, but that there is to be a determined and decisive test of strength between the mine owners and their men.

No threats are made against the guardsmen and little trouble is anticipated. The general feeling is one of apathy. Business is at a standstill, and while a majority of the citizens would like to see the miners win their long-drawn-out fight, they want the struggle ended.

Reports from this region indicate that the operators made a slight gain in their working force today. The two trolley cars which convey the men to the different collieries were well filled, while many walked to work. Despite this fact, there was no demonstration of any kind. The few strikers who had congregated on the streets of Lansford and Summit watched the men with indifference.

It is claimed that more coal was dumped from the No. 4 mine of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company yesterday than at any time since the strike began. A train of coal was shipped from the Potts colliery, near Ashland, during the night. The train contained about 400 tons and represents two days' work. This is the largest shipment made from this colliery for a similar period of time since the beginning of the strike.

The operators of Greenwood colliery claim to have a large number of certificate miners at work, but will not state whether they have started to cut coal.

Philadelphia, Oct. 8.—The entire First brigade, under command of Brig. Gen. John W. Schall, will be in camp in the anthracite coal regions before sunset tonight. The first city troop, the last of the command to get under way, left here shortly after 9 o'clock this morning for the Panther Creek valley. The First and Second regiments, under command of Col. Bowman and Col. Dechert respectively, accompanied by details of Light Battery A, departed for the coal fields at midnight. The First regiment will camp at Hazelton, Luzerne county, and the Second will be quartered at New Philadelphia, Schuylkill county.

The Third regiment, First city troop and a portion of the Sixth regiment left this morning for the anthracite region The additional battalions of the Sixth, which are located in Montgomery and Chester counties, will be quartered at Minersville, Schuylkill county, while the Sixth regiment and First city troop will be scattered through the Panther Creek valley, in Schuylkill and Carbon counties. The First brigade numbers nearly 3000 men.

STRIKERS ARE FIRM

Unions Heard From Vote Not to Return to Work.

Say All Troops In Country Cannot Force Them.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 8.—The following official statement was issued from strike headquarters at 1 p. m. today:

"At 12:30 noon fifty telegrams had been received from as many mass meetings in various sections of the anthracite coal regions, conveying the information that by unanimous vote of the men on strike, all of whom attended such meetings, it was resolved that the presence of the entire United States army in the anthracite coal regions would not induce the men to return to work until the demands of the Shamokin convention had been conceded, the strike declared off by a delegate convention of mine workers, or by the district and national officers."

"Similar telegrams are constantly being received, and it is expected that every mining town will be heard from by 6 o'clock tonight.

"Thus far the returns emphasize and substantiate the declarations of the officials of the miners' union made at the Washington conference that strikers are not deterred from going to work through fear of bodily harm.

"At 7 o'clock tonight all telegrams will be submitted to the representatives of the press for their examination.

"JOHN MITCHELL."

President Mitchell has written his answer to President Roosevelt, but he declines to state what its nature is. The letter was dictated before noon, and is now in the mails on its way to Washington. Mr. Mitchell will not give out the text of the letter, because it would be discourteous to the president, and whatever information the communication contained must come from Washington. In view of the statement issued by President Mitchell at 1 o'clock today, it is hardly likely that the proposition of President Roosevelt for the men to go to work and have the condition in the coal mine regions investigated afterwards was accepted.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 8.—National President Mitchell, of the Miners' union, and the three anthracite district president, returned to this city from Buffalo early this morning. The chief of the miners had nothing to say regarding yesterday's trip and also declined to discuss President Roosevelt's proposition for ending the strike. He will not even indicate when he will give his answer to the president, but it is not probable that he will do so until he has received reports from the local unions, which will meet today and take action on the question of whether their members desire to remain on strike.

Several of the locals met yesterday and last night. All of them voted to stay out, and it is predicted that when the complete returns are in it will be found that the vote to continue the strike will be nearly unanimous.

Under instructions from Mr. Mitchell the results of the meetings this afternoon must be telegraphed to headquarters immediately after the adjournment of the gatherings.

When Mr. Mitchell was asked today if he thought any men would return to work after the entire National Guard of the state had been placed on duty in the coal belt, he said:

"The best answer to that question will be the action of the local unions today."

The mail matter received at strike headquarters is increasing as the thermometer goes down. Probably the largest mail since the strike was inaugurated was received today. Scores of letters are from eccentric persons giving advice as to what to do, and many are received from persons who want the strike ended so that they can get coal. One postal card reached headquarters from Canada on which was written: "Please take the advice in the third chapter, fourteenth verse, St. Luke's gospel, and let us have some coal."

A Sabbath-like stillness reigned throughout the Wyoming valley this morning, neither the sheriff nor the soldiers receiving a single call for assistance. It is not definitely known how the troops of the Third brigade, which has been assigned to this territory, will be distributed.

At 10 a. m. today President Mitchell made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"Up to this hour at least thirty telegraphic reports have been received from local unions giving the action taken by them last night and this morning. These reports are substantially as follows:

"The mine workers resolved not to return to her work until the demands, as formulated at the Shamokin convention, are granted, or until the strike is called off by a convention of the mine workers or President Mitchell, and if all the troops in the United States were brought here they could not force the men back to work. The reports are still coming in rapidly, and among them there is not one dissenting voice. The vote in all the locals so far heard from was unanimous. There are more than 300 locals, and all will have been heard from by tonight. Some of the unions were compelled to meet last night or early this morning so as not to interfere with school children, many school houses being the meeting places of the organizations."

OPERATORS DECLINE

To Meet Committee of Manufacturers at Philadelphia---No Indication That Any of Them Will Accede to Request.

New York, Oct. 8.—The presidents of the anthracite coal roads and John Markle have received the following telegram from the committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, which yesterday met Mr. Mitchell and the district presidents of the mine workers at Buffalo:

"Albany, Oct. 8, 1902.—Our committee of the conference here desire to meet you tomorrow at 10 a. m., Manufacturers' club, Philadelphia. This is very urgent."

Two of the operators named have announced their intention to decline the invitation. President Fowler of the Ontario & Western said that there was nothing new in the situation as far as his road was concerned.

"This is not the time to talk," said President Fowler: "it is the time for action. We are trying our best to mine coal and will bend all our energies in that direction."

There was an informal conference of the leading interests today, but nothing of interest developed.

BURGLARS MAKE A BIG HAUL

Davenport, Neb., Oct. 8.—Burglars last night blew open the safe in J. H. Lawrie's hardware store and secured $5400 in cash. The town was aroused by the explosion, but before anybody could reach the place the robbers made their escape. Bloodhounds were sent for and put on the trail, but were unable to follow it. No glimpse of the robbers was secured, and it is not known how many there were. They were evidently professional, and have made good their escape.

AWFUL TRAGEDY IN BOHEMIA

London, Oct. 8.—A special dispatch from Vienna announces that a fearful tragedy was enacted at Drysig, Bohemia, on Monday. A village schoolmaster, 40 years old, while talking to his class, suddenly became insane, rushed to his desk, drew a revolver from it and ran amuck, shooting right and left among the terrified children. Three scholars were killed and three were dangerously wounded. On hearing the shots and screams the villagers quickly arrived at the school, and, infuriated at the sight which met them, lynched the schoolmaster.

WRECK ON PENNSYLVANIA

Meutchen, N. J., Oct. 8.—A wreck occurred this morning on the Pennsylvania at Menlo Park. A passenger train from New York was wrecked in front of the station, and it is said here that one person was killed outright any many injured.

It is now stated that one person was killed and twelve injured in the wreck. No further particulars have been received owing to the remoteness of the scene of the accident. A special train is taking the injured to Jersey City.

York, Oct. 8.—The general superintendent of the Pennsylvania road said the accident was a rear end collision of two passenger trains, both from Philadelphia.



The Burrows

Regent

$3.50 Shoe

For Women

is the best Shoe in the world for the price. We know we are claiming a great deal right in the face of all the glaring advertising of $3 50 Shoes with high-sounding names—but we've got the Shoes to back up our assertion. Examine our $3.50 Shoes and put us to the test. The best leathers and the best shoe-making combine to make the Burrows Regent the best $3.50 Shoe on earth.

New Fall styles--every size in every leather.

M. S. BURROWS.

Shoes for Women $1.50 $2.50 $3.50 $5.00.

NEW SWITCH.

Duluth Men Form Company to Manufacture It.

The Lawrence Switch company is the title of a corporation just organized, which has acquired all of the American and foreign patents of the automatic railway switch invented by A. G. Lawrence, of this city. The officers of the company are: President, W. A. McGonagle; vice president, T. W. Hugo; secretary, W. E. Lawrence; treasurer, John F. McCarthy. These four, together with A. G. Lawrence, H. S. Mahon and H. H. McNamara, constitute the first board of directors, and the list of stockholders includes a number of the leading business and railroad men at the head of the lakes.

While primarily a Duluth enterprise and financed largely by local capitalists, its field is expected to embrace the commercial world, wherever railroads are to be found. The company is building several complete switches, one of which will be first demonstrated in a Duluth yard, the others in different railroad centers. As one leading official put it, "A good many private cars will come to Duluth about that time, bearing railroad men desirous of witnessing the operation of the new switch."

The switch, as shown by the plans and the model, has been critically examined by a great many Northwestern railway men and mechanics. Without exception, their opinions as to its merits have been most favorable, it is said, and all concede it an enormous field, when once successfully put into use, as it soon will be.

The personnel of the Lawrence Switch company, coupled with the acknowledged merit of the device, gives the corporation a prestige in the business world and in railway circles that will go a long way towards assuring it of ultimate financial success. The officers of the company state that it is impossible at present to say whether or not the switch will be manufactured here, but they hope that in time conditions will be such that the complete switch will be made at the head of the lakes.

First Indoor Ball Game.

The indoor baseball association met last evening at the Armory and decided to begin the season next Friday evening with a game between Company I of West Superior and Company A of Duluth.

The High School athletic association will enter a team in the league after the first of January.

The prospects of the league are excellent and there promises to be interesting times in the struggle for the pennant of the gas-lit diamond.

A MATRON ENGAGED.

One Is Now Employed at the Union Depot.

A matron, through the efforts of the Y. W. C. A., has been secured for the Union depot. The companies running into the station pay the salary, and the Y. W. C. A. is responsible for the woman employed. A capable person has been employed for the office in Mrs. Belle Williams, of Duluth. Mrs. Williams is said to be well fitted for the position, both in education and in her easily awakened sympathies for others in distress. Already the waiting room has taken on a brighter, cleaner appearance, and numbers of unfortunates who were in trouble and did not know the language have been helped and sent on their way rejoicing.

First Dance of the Season

To be given by Flaaten's Third Regiment Band, at the Armory, Thursday evening, Oct. 9. Fisher, prompter. Be sure to come. Tickets, 50c.

BOLIVIAN TROOPS

Have Attacked Several Cities In Brazil.

New York, Oct. 8.—Dispatches from Para say that Bolivian troops have invaded Brazilian territory and have attacked several villages, cables the Rio Janeiro correspondent of the Herald. Brazilian merchants have been arrested on the charge of having been concerned in the Acre insurrection.

The Journal de Brazil has received a letter from Luis Galvez, former president of the so-called Acre republic, saying that the governor of Manaos has arrested him and also an Argentine citizen named Ireno Brazi. Both men are now imprisoned at Fort San Joaquin.

Galvez complains of having been harshly treated. He declares that he went to recover a debt.

C. Haney, Geneva, O., says: "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns, wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Max Wirth.

DOES NOT APPROVE

Mayor Against Half Holiday For City Hall Employes.

Would Interfere With the Transaction of Business.

Will Ask the Council to Reconsider Its Action.

Mayor Hugo will not sign the council's resolution granting Saturday half-holidays to the city hall employes.

He says that the closing of municipal offices Saturday afternoons would seriously interfere with the proper discharge of public business, and the idea cannot be considered.

Mayor Hugo even goes further and says that such a closing would simply benefit a few clerks in the various city offices at the inconvenience of the general public, and that the heads of the departments would have to be at their desks while their subordinates were enjoying the half holiday.

The refusal to sign is not a direct veto, for the mayor will ask the council to reconsider the resolution. Should they fail to reconsider, then there is likely to be a veto.

Last June the Saturday half holiday was inaugurated in the city hall for the summer months only. The employes liked the arrangement immensely, and when the half holiday period expired on Oct. 1 they started an campaign among the aldermen to have the summer fancy become hebdomatical forever.

As a result of the agitation the council on Monday evening last adopted the resolution which the mayor refuses to sign, and there was not an aldermanic voice raised in opposition, though some did not appear to vote with much enthusiasm.

It was reported at the city hall that the mayor would withdraw his objections if the municipal court office could be kept open for the filing of papers.

The mayor, however, says that any arrangement with the municipal court will not alter his position in the matter.

SATISFIED.

Missionaries Are Pleased With Prompt Action of Chinese.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 8.—Steamer Lyo-Maru reached port yesterday afternoon from Yokohama and the Orient. She brought news that the Chinese commission sent to investigate the murder of the missionaries at Chen-Chow, Hu-Nan, has returend to Chan-Sha. The remains of the murdered missionaries were interred with great ceremony. The church was repaired, eight ringleaders of the disturbance were put to death and five officials dismissed. The governor general of Hu-Nan has ordered the Tao Tai of Chen Chow, where the tragedy occurred, to go to Hankow and consult with the British consul, but the missionaries are satisfied with the measures taken by the governoi general and Tao Tai, and have addressed a memorial to the British consul recommending him to deal leniently with the matter.

LAURIER SHOWED STRENGTH.

New York, Oct. 8.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, who has just sailed for home, displayed reserved strength, says a London dispatch to the Tribune, during the imperial conference in resisting the attempts of the British government to commit Canada to a costly policy of military armament. A weaker premier might have yielded to the temptation of popularity in England. He has not antagonized Colonial Secretary Chamberlain on any British interest, but has been pursuing a sagacious policy, which is likely to strengthen him at home.

The Only Soft Burner that will Give Satisfaction.

20th Century Laurel Heaters

For Soft Coal or Wood.

Gives a continuous and uniform heat. Fire pot guaranteed for five years. Let us explain their many other good points to you.

O. B. JOHNSON & CO.

General Hardware,

1918 West Superior Street.

EXPLOSION

Caused Heavy Loss By Fire to Birmingham Firm.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 8.—An explosion in a one-story warehouse of the the Moore & Handley Hardware Co., adjoining the other buildings of the company on Powell avenue, near Twenty-first street, at 9:30 o'clock this morning, caused a fire which destroyed property valued at $200,000 before it was checked. C. M. Rice, a clerk, who was in the warehouse when the first explosion occurred, was badly injured. John Simpson, a salesman, was also hurt by a pump falling on him. Neither will die. Several heavy explosions occurred during the progress of the fire, causing a panic among the thousands of spectators. Several freight cars in the railroad yards adjoining were badly damaged. The insurance is placed at about 75 per cent of the loss.

MINERS WERE RESPONSIBLE.

Seattle, Oct. 8.—The coroner's jury, impanneled to investigate the causes of the explosion at Lawson last Wednesday, has returned a verdict declaring that the miners were responsible for the accident. The jury, after a thorough investigation, came to the conclusion that some one had set off a shot against orders, and the explosion followed.

ARE STILL BLUFFING

Milk Combine Projectors Continue to Bulldoze Milk Dealers.

Threaten Their Custom If They Do Not Come In.

The Scheme Said to Be Certain to Go Through.

The proposed milk combine projectors are still engaged in trying to bulldoze and threaten the milk dealers of Duluth into the scheme.

There is said to be no doubt that the plan is going through, and that enough milk men have come into the scheme to make it a go, but not all have, and these are having pressure brought to bear on them to frighten them into coming in.

The men interested in the project have thus far refused to say a word to the public of their intentions or plans, and the milk-buying public is naturally distrustful. They are known, however, by people who have investigated, to represent capital and men of standing, and to be able to put the project through.

The way in which the milk-buying public is learning of their plans is naturally through the dealers, and these generally tell of coercion to make them come in and agree to sell their milk to the combine.

A West End dealer was in The Herald office this morning and said that strong efforts have been made to force him to sell his milk to the combine. A contract was placed in front of him for signature, under which he was to sell all of his milk at 13 cents a gallon to the company. He was told that if he refused to sign he would have to fight for his custom.

He asked if the price of milk was to be raised, and was informed that it might be advanced to 6 cents a quart. The price now is 5 cents a quart in the summer and 5½ cents in the winter.

He then asked if, when the price of milk was raised, would he get a raise in the price he received from the combine, but he got no satisfaction on that point.

This man keeps twenty-two cows and sells fifty gallons of milk daily. In the winter for his horses and cows it costs him $150 a month for feed and $25 for a man. He would receive $195 a month for his milk at 13 cents a gallon. He would therefore net $20 a month for the purchase of cows, the support of himself and family, etc.

The men interested in the formation of the combine are away for a few days, but are to return soon, and it is said that the erection of the plant will at once begin.

If the boy is under 16 and over 10 years, he can wear a two- or three piece suit, single or double breast, golf or regular, plain or Norfolk, blue, black or fancy.

If made by us the garments will have a red Crescent on ticket and you must ask for Crescent Clothes. They will be in the latest New York style. Ask your dealer.

Kane, McCaffrey & Co.
Broadway Tailors.

CRESCENT CLOTHES FOR BOYS ARE TO BE HAD IN DULUTH ONLY OF KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY.

STREET CAR

Managers Are Holding Annual Meeting at Detroit.

Detroit, Oct. 8.—Over 700 street railway men were present in the Light Guard armory when the twenty-first annual meeting of the American Street Railway association was called to order today. President Herbert H. Vreeland of the association, who is head of the Metropolitan Street Railway company, of New York, in a speech, arraigned the present-day attitude of the public, of municipal assemblies and of state legislatures towards street railway business. He charged that notwithstanding the fact that inviolability of contract was one of the very fundamental principles of American government, contracts between municipalities and street railway companies were apparently held to be binding only upon the companies, the contracts being infringed constantly by new taxes and new regulations.

Presideint Vreeland declared that one of the points street railway men would have to gain in the near future was the free interchange of freight cars between electric and steam railways.

President Vreeland showed that during the year 1901 capital invested in street railways in the United States had been increased by $477,605,002 and the mileage by 2594 miles.

The report of Secretary-treasurer T. C. Pennington showed that of the present membership of 191 companies, one is in Porto Rico, one in Mexico and five in Canada. The receipts of the association during the past year were $8378 and the expenditures $8559, the cash balance on hand being $9948.

The Street Railway Car Accountants' association is also in session at the armory.

SCHOOL FOR BANK CLERKS.

Compulsory For Them to Learn About the Business.

Bank clerks have to go to school nowadays to learn their business. They cannot learn it in banks, for there they have only a glimpse of the meaning of their daily routine, and their horizon is bounded by the wire cage or the ground glass at their elbows. So they attend school to try to find out how to become Morgans and Rockefellers. And best of all, their school is a club where jolly goodfellowship rules and where the dry bones of finance are picked along with the milk of human kindness, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

Banking has long since ceased to be a matter of merely keeping books. Men who are successful in that business must have a broader knowledge of the meanings of commerce, for the bank is to trade that the heart is to the human system, and it sends its glittering streams of gold and silver along channels of which the everyday world has little knowledge. Institutions that handle millions and hundreds of millions of dollars a day and which are responsible in the long run for keeping that delicate organism called business on a steady basis must know more things than the debit side of the ledger from the credit.

So the American Institute of Bank Clerks has been organized to teach musty old clerks and energetic young fellows a bit about the things that they should know. Each member is supposed to be both teacher and pupil, for at any time a man may get up in meeting and express himself regarding the best methods of running a bank or a department which is more than he can do when he gets into his cage in the daytime.

Many people seem to think that banking is a system by which a person puts a $10 bill in one window and then a few days or months later takes it out of another window, and that meantime the bank has been carefully guarding that same identical note in a deep vault, safe from burglars and moths. They also seem to think that the bank begins business when the doors open at 10 o'clock and ends when they close at 3. These are only the obvious signs that the bank is doing business, and have only the smallest relationship to the real workings of the institution. The public does not see astute men deliberating on the value of stocks offered as collateral for a loan, or learned lawyers going through a document with a magnifying glass to find out what the contract is worth, or highly educated mathematicians compiling a problem in the foreign discounts that reads something like this: "If a Persian buys a thousand pesos in Ecuador for 2000 dinars, what would he sell them in Baden Baden after converting them into pounds, shillings and pence?"

Yet these and a thousand more intricate and difficult problems than these must the bank clerk know how to solve before he is able to hold a high office in the institution where he earns his daily bread. Every day it becomes more and more difficult for a clerk to get this knowledge. Ten years ago, when the era of consolidations began, a number of moderate-sized banks became wedded and acquired new powers by the enormous capital that they controlled. With every consolidation new difficulties met the clerk wh owanted to know why the president took his lunch in his room instead of going out for it and why the paying teller marked certain accounts with a red pencil and others with a green.

Then the bankers also found themselves in trouble. When a valued clerk became sick or left their employ, they had the greatest difficulty in finding any one who could take his place at a moment's notice. Frequently men in higher positions would be compelled to take a step backward for a few weeks to teach some new man the work that he should be able to do after a few days of personal observation. So the wise men who compose the American Bankers' association fostered the idea of a club among their clerks where the general business of the bank and the work in the various departments could be taught out of working hours. The result was the Bank Clerks' Institute with chapters in every important city in the United States, with regular semi-monthly meetings and with a journal where the wisdom that is laid before the meetings could be permanently preserved for the edification of those who could not or would not join the club.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY

At Armory, Saturday Ev'g, Oct. 11

Capt. M. L. Fay, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, and others will speak.

LOOKING FOR CASTRO.

He Will Be Assassinated If Caught.

San Juan, P. R., Oct. 8.—According to advices received here today from Venezuela by the steamer Caracas, it seems certain that the revolutionists will triumph, probably in a fortnight, and that La Guayra and Caracas will capitulate. Every effort is being made to capture President Castro, who, it is asserted, will be assassinated if captured. The president, it is claimed, will attempt to seek refuge on board a foreign man-of-war.

HE INTERVIEWED HAYES.

Here is a story told on former President Rutherford B. Hayes and a newspaper man who twenty years ago was well known in New York, says the Brooklyn Eagle:

Shortly after his term had expired President Hayes came to New York to attend a reception given in his honor. The newspaper man referred to was sent up to the hotel where the ex-president was stopping, to interview him. Much to his surprise the ex-president received the reporter in his sitting room and told him, in an affable way, that he was ready to answer any questions put to him. The interview covered many topics; the reporter asked various questions, but the Tilden-Hayes controversy was not touched upon. Finally, the interview was concluded and Mr. Hayes was congratulating himself that he had come out of the ordeal so successfully, for the reporter had not asked one impertinent question.

As the reporter got up from his seat to leave, the ex-president arose from his and walked with him to the door, where in his most suave tones he bade the scribe adieu. A few moments later Mr. Hayes was surprised to see an attendant of the hotel come into the room and present the card of the reporter from whom he had just taken leave. "There must be some mistake," he said. "Show him up." Presently the reporter returned and in his most apologetic manner asked Mr. Hayes to excuse his second intrusion.

"Well, what is it now?" asked the ex-president.

"Mr. Hayes," said the reporter, 'I forgot to ask you what you were president of. Do you mind telling me?"

"Certainly not," replied the president. "I was president of the United States."

The reporter, who really was ignorant of the exalted position occupied by the man he had just interviewed, was shocked, to say the least. He apologized for his ignorance, and the two afterward became good friends.

Chalk contains lime, cornstarch spoils, is sticky; use only Satin-Skin Powder; harmless, invisible, extra adhesive; best made. Flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Cause of Miss Agnew's Death a Mystery.

Minneapolis, Oct. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Bertha Agnew, stenographer of the Metropolitan Insurance company, died suddenly at her home, 2505 Central avenue, last night after lying in a comatose condition since Monday night, when she had her teeth treated at the University Dental college.

The physicians are unable to account for her strange death, and an autopsy will be necessary to reveal the cause of her demise.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable *Merit*.

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism — prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

COAL! COAL!

HAVE you got your Wearing Fuel for Winter? If not now is your time to come and look over our splendid line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Clothing.

Men's Suits— $5.00, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $15, $18.00, $20.00 and upwards.

Men's Overcoats— $8.00, $10.00, $15.00, $18, $20.

Children's Suits— $1.50, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, and upwards.

Children's Coats and Reefers, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $8.00 and $10.00.

Ladies' Suits and Jackets at $5, $7, $8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25 and upwards.

Ladies' Skirts at $4.00, $5, $6.50, $7.50, $8, $10 and upward.

$1.00 a Week to Suit Your Pay Day or $4.00 a Month.

We carry a complete line of Furniture, Iron Beds and Folding Beds, Carpets, Rugs, Clocks, Albums, Rocking and Dining-room Chairs, Silverware on Monthly Payments.

Gately's 8 East Sup. St.

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

A Pleasant, Simple, But Safe and Effectual Cure For It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloating sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing, nervousness and a general played-out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue, and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do, and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harlanson the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Diastase, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nux, Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. R. S. Workman, Chicago, Ills., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonons discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, this producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, Catarrh of stomach, billousness, sour stomach, heart burn and bloating after meals.

It is to Your Interest

To Buy Your Shoes Here.

Every pair of patent colt, Enamel, box calf, velour, or vici is *strictly guaranteed*. You cannot afford to buy your shoes elsewhere. We give you more styles and better quality to select from

For $2.50 and $3.50

Than any other house at much higher prices.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEN'S FINE SHOES AT BUSINESS PRICES.

Brockton Shoe Co.

311 West Superior Street.

» CATALOGUE ON REQUEST «

HERE'S A NEW ONE

Another Section Thirty Case Comes to the Front.

But This Section Thirty Is In a Different Township.

Involves Land Supposed to Be Valuable For Mineral.

Another section 30 case, though not in the same township as the famous section 30, was started in district court today before Judge Cant, which promises to be as hard fought and long drawn out as the famous case recently settled by the United States supreme court.

The action is entitled the Buffalo Land Exploration company against Hugh P. Strong et al. The case is a three-cornered fight to determine the ownership of about 147 acres of land in sections 29 and 30, the description of the property being the nw¼ of the sw¼ of section 29, the n½ of the se¼ and lot 6 of section 30-62-16. The property lies about six miles south and six miles east of the Merritt-Eaton property, and is supposed to be valuable for iron ore deposits.

During the morning session a motion by the defendants that the plaintiff's case be dismissed on the ground that the complaint did not contain facts enough to constitute a cause of action was denied, as was the motion of the defendants W. C. White and wife that the action be dismissed as against them.

The rest of the morning was used by the counsel for the plaintiff in beginning the presentation of evidence.

The land involved was covered first by some Sioux half-breed scrip issued by the land office to one Pettijohn. W. H. Adams, one of the parties defendant, claims title to the property on the scrip under the power of first attorney in locating the land. The Buffalo Land Exploration company claims title under the second power of attorney to locate the land described in the scrip, while Hugh Strong, Larry Strong and other homestead settlers claim the land under the regular homestead entry made after the scrip was cancelled.

The half breed scrip, it seems, was cancelled by the general land office some years ago, on the ground that the land was not favorable. It is claimed that the action of the supreme court in the Section 30 case reversed the action of the general land office, and the decisions of the secretaries of the interior for over twenty years' past, and practically settled the point that the lands were favorable.

The defendants, W. H. Adams and wife, entered objection to the entrance into the case of the complainant, Buffalo Land and Exploration company, on the ground that its title was acquired under the location given by the second powers of attorney. The objection was overruled.

The plaintiff introduced in evidence this morning the alleged original half-breed scrip and other papers relative to powers of attorney and substitution of the powers, as appeared in the files on the general land office.

The plaintiff company is represented by W. C. White. The defendants, W. H. Adams and wife, are represented by Mr. Adams, and the homesteads are represented by John Brennan and L. K. Luse, of West Superior.

SEEKS A SON.

Elwood Hansen Would Trace His Son Junius.

Elwood Hansen, of Minneapolis, has been in Duluth for several days, trying to get trace of his son, Junius E. Hansen, who was last heard from in this city last winter.

The missing boy is only 17 years of age, and last fall he left home to work for a lumbering concern near Grand Rapids. He was an expert on horses and stock, despite his youth, and it was understood that he was placed in charge of all the teams of the lumber company.

He only remained in this position for one month, however, and wrote his father the last time from Duluth on Dec. 27 last.

During Mr. Hansen's investigation he has found that his son stayed at the Bethel, in this city, on Jan. 6 and 11 last, but aside from this no trace of the boy can be obtained.

The supposition is that he enlisted in the army for service in the Philippines.

W. C. T. U. District Meeting.

The annual meeting of the district W. C. T. U. is in session today at West Duluth. Mrs. Luke, national superintendent of Purity, is present. At the evening meeting she will speak on her department of purity. Mrs. Luke is the guest of Mrs. G. W. Smith, and is on her way to the national meeting, to be held in Portland. Mrs. G. H. Thompson was elected a delegate at the state meeting. There will be a full delegation starting from St. Paul on Thursday, each one representing 500 women, members of this organization.

THROWN FROM HORSE.

Washington, Oct. 8.—While on his way to take his position in the line of march this morning, Gen. W. H. Blackmer, of Boston, department commander of Massachusetts, was thrown from his horse. He was at once conveyed to his hotel, and although he is confined to his bed and has a physician attending him, it was announced that his injuries are not serious.

CAPTAIN DISAPPEARS.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 8.—Capt. Johnson Ford, aged 65 years, of the Bar Point light ship No. 59, came up to Detroit for provisions yesterday in a small sail boat. He left in the afternoon and had with him an assistant named Hansten. Hansten fell asleep ad about 6 o'clock in the evening woke up to find the boat aground on Fighting Island and Capt. Ford nowhere to be seen. Hansten returned to Wyandotte and reported the loss.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Attractive values throughout the Store for Thursday

Specials in Misses' Jackets.



$8.75—A 21-inch Jacket made of fine all wool Kersey—double breasted—high storm collar and flare sleeve—Satin lined—a regular $10.75 value in Tans, Castor and Black.

$13.50—Fine Monte Carlo Coats, made from all-wool Kersey, with wide Velvet collar, new flare sleeve, strap seams and fine satin lined—Tan, Castor and Black.

$18.50—45-inch Monte Carlo Coats, high storm collar, full satin lined, trimmed with Fann Velvet, in Tans, Castor and Black—a regular $21.50 value.

Misses' Walking Skirts.

$6.75—Made of fine all-wood imported Chevlot in Light Gray, made in the new kilted styles, regular $8.75 value.



Monte Carlo Coats.

$14.50—Made of fine all-wool Kersey Cloth, full satin lined—velvet collar—flare sleeve.

$17.50—Made of fine all-wool Kersey, full satin lined, double strapped seams, new flare—ble breasted velvet collar—sleeve—in Castor and Black—a god $20 value.

Ladies' Suits and Wraps.

$12.50—The best Walking Suit in the city in Black and Oxford—made with the stylishly fashioned Russian Blouse—a regular $15 value.

$19.50—Fine tailored Dress Suits or Walking Suits, made of fine all-wool Chevlots in Black, Gray, Brown and Green mixtures—a good $22.50 value.

DRESS GOODS.

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS show rough, uneven, lumpy and shaggy surfaces. Dark mixtures are lit up with knots and threads of color. Zibeline weaves are slightly camel-haired. Some invisible checks of color are of uneven weaving. Other rather smooth fabrics have tufts of camel's hair distributed through the patterns.

Some novelty weaves are in single dress patterns only; no other store has them, and we have only one of a sort. $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 a yard.

FOR AFTERNOON AND EVENING wear here are four splendid stuffs:

Crepe de Paris.
Albatross—38 inches—50c a yard.
Voiles—45 inches—$1.00 a yard.
Lansdowne—40 inches—$1.25 a yard.
A full line of light and heavy colorings.

CREPE METEOR—For very, very dressy gowns—silk and wool—44 inches wide—$2.00 and $2.50 per yard.

CAMEL'S HAIR ZIBELINE—For dressy street wear, skirts and suits—at $1.00, $1.50, $1.75, $2.50 and $3.00 the yd.

FANCY ETAMINES—About ten different styles—especially adapted for dressy separate skirts—at from $1.00 to $2.50 a yard.

FINE CHEVIOTS—The proper material for good, practical street dresses; we show fifteen different grades ranging from 57c to $2.50 the yard.

CREPE METEOR—For very elaborate and dressy gowns—in brown, castor, blue, gray, red and resida—at $2.00 the yard.

ALL WOOL POPLIN—at $1.00 to $1.50.
ALL WOOL CREPES—at $1.00 to $1.65.
ALL WOOL GRANITE CLOTHS—at 57c to $1.50.
FANCY BASKET WEAVES—$1.25 to $1.50.
FRENCH VOILES—at $1.00 to $1.50.
FINE BROADCLOTHS—at $1.25 to $3.75.
FINE SUITING MELTONS—at $1.50.
FINE SILK AND WOOL POPLINS—at $1.50.
52-inch VENETIANS—at $1.00.

BLACK DRESS GOODS receive considerably more attention from our buyers than do any other stock, because dishonesty creeps easily into the weaves of black, and we'll have no dishonesty in anything we sell.

Over a hundred different varieties and qualities—can you touch such another assortment hereabounts? See them under the strongest kind of daylight—they don't turn a hair.

CHEVIOTS—Three medium prices, two and three weights to a price. All of them good blacks and very wide.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 a yard.

BROADCLOTHS—If you can't afford a good quality buy a Venetian cloth $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 the yard—some stores will sell them for broadcloths. But a good broadcloth wears longer, has a higher finish and gives better satisfaction in the long run—$2.00, $2.50, $2.98, $3.50, $3.98 the yard.

PLAIDS—$1.00 a yard and up. And Plaids are looking their very best and very important now that waists and children's dresses are in the air. Some very smart styles in the Zibeline effects are shown.

A SPLENDID CREPE DE CHINE that ought to bring $1.25 a yard, is $1.00. Black, white and all the evening shades.

THISTLE ZIBELINE—One of the prize numbers—in blue, black, wine and brown, covered with thistle-down—$1.75 the yard.

CREPE MISTRALS—Both practical and dressy—colors, fruit red, light gray, castor, Brown and navy—price $1.50 the yard.

REDONA CREPES—Colors red, navy, gray, delf blue, green and mode—$1.25 the yard.

BROADCLOTHS—In about 25 different shadings—priced at $1.00, $1.75 and $2.00 the yard.

SHAGGY TWO-TONED ZIBELINES at $1.00.
FANCY TWEED MIXTURES at $1.25.
REED'S LANSDOWNES at $1.25.
INVISIBLE PLAID SUITINGS at $1.50.

MILLINERY.

We offer tomorrow a very special line of

Fashionable Trimmed Hats at $4.75

In the new "Sheperdess" shape in all the new shades of beaver, trimmed with splendid materials and ostrich feathers.

WALKING SKIRTS.

Walking Skirts have established a place for themselves in the wardrobe of up-to-date women.

It's mainly a question of which store has the best fashioned—those that are smart to wear and not shapeless.

Well dressed women come to this store, because they know that our styles are absolutely correct.

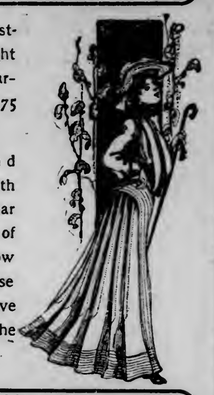
Some especially good values at $6.75. Tailored in the best possible manner, and of splendid materials.



Furs! Furs!

$6.75—Marten cluster scarfs with eight marten tails, fully guaranteed, regular $8.75 value.

$9.75—Sable and Isabelle Fox Scarfs with large fox tails, regular $12.50 values, made of one large skin. Now is the time to purchase your scarf or coat, have it laid away while the stock is at its best.



Fall Waists!

$2.25—A fine French flannel waist, made with rows of tucking on front and back and embroidered fronts. A regular $3.50 value in reds, green, navy, cadet blue, black and cream.

$3.75—A fine kashmere, made with yoke effect in front and accordian pleated. Tailor stitched in white, in reds, blues, green, black. A regular $4.50 value.

$5, $5.75 and $6.50—Our line of fine Prunella cloths at these prices are very strong, made in various styles, all tailor stitched throughout, and some of the pleated effects piped with silk to match the goods. in red, navy, baby blue, royal blue, pink, cream and green.

Winter Weight White Cotton Waists.

In Madras cloths, basket cloths, etamines, cheviots and piques, made in the smartest styles of the sason, from **$3.00 to $10.75.**

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater—New show tonight.

The We-Ke-Ma-Wup tribe, Improved Order of Redmen, and the Way-Tay-See council of the Degree of Pocahontas, have secured fine, new quarters in the Masonic Temple building. The tribe will meet every Monday evening from now on and the council on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Professor A. F. Lundholm has received a call to become director of the conservatory of music at the Augsar college at Hutchinson, Minn. He has not decided whether or not to accept.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 123 Third avenue west.

Parlor theater—Vandeville hits.

For fancy dyeing, French dry cleaning, call at Zenith City Dye works, 6 East Superior street. Superior office 915 Tower avenue. Both phones.

A recruiting office for all branches of the service in the United States army has been opened at 217 Torrey building, in charge of Lieut. George Deiss, of the Artillery corps. Sergeant A. J. Rose and Corporal E. C. Boyce are associated with him. All of them have been here before on similar details. Men are wanted for the artillery, infantry and cavalry, and some musicians are needed.

Judge Ensign, of district court, has granted a decree of divorce to Marie Westhler from Charles Westhler, P. J. Neff was attorney for the complainant.

Deputy Sheriff Magie returned from Tower this noon with Edward Wender, a man about 20 years old, who will be examined before Probate Judge Bonham this afternoon or tomorrow to determine his sanity. Wender was employed as a roustabout in a hotel at Tower and though not regarded as dangerous, certain actions indicated that his brain is unbalanced.

Stipulations were filed today in the United States circuit court for the continuance of the personal injury suit of Henry Snyder against the Glenmont Lumber company. The case was on the October calendar of court.

Peter Stone, who prefers Bowery galety to life on the poor farm, will have to forego living at either place for the next ninety days while he serves out a sentence for drunkenness. This man is one of the characters that the police have to deal with. Both his feet are frozen off and he has no means of making a living except to lay around saloons and occasionally pick the pocket of some unfortunate that becomes intoxicated.

The Seymour lectures will be given in the High school assembly hall this week. The subjects and dates are as follows. Thursday evening, "Cleopatra"; Friday evening, "Lorenzo di Medici;" Saturday evening, "Catherine II of Prussia."

TRUE FOOD

Always Cures Dyspepsia.

Wrong food brings penalties.

A lady in Lone Tree, Okla., found this out. After suffering for years with dyspepsia, she says:

"Many times I could not eat anything; sometimes I drank a little hot milk, at other times the lightest food distressed me so that death would have been gladly welcomed as a relief. I was weak and listless and unable to work for want of strength.

"Two years ago a dear friend earnestly recommended me to try Grape-Nuts as she found it a most valuable food. I commenced to use it immediately and the benefit I received in an incredibly short time was almost marvelous.

"Words cannot express the joy and thankfulness I felt when I found I was relieved of that dreadful distress from indigestion that I had been experiencing after each meal.

"After continued use, health and strength returned; I began to enjoy life and go among my friends again so much improved that remarks were made about my good health. I sleep well now, sit all day with perfect ease and comfort and sew and work as I like. I wish I could induce every sufferer from dyspepsia to use Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

PURELY PERSONAL

Patrick Tully, of the police department, returned today from Oregon.

Mrs. John Christie will leave on the South Shore train this evening for Boston, where she has been called by the illness of her mother.

C. A. Luster left this afternoon for Chicago over the Omaha.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Gallagher, of Ely, are at the Spalding.

Mr and Mrs. H. O. Swain left yesterday over the Omaha for Portland.

F. W. Dyer, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

R. H. Greves left for Oregon over the Omaha yesterday.

J. P. Gordon, of Quebec, is at the Spalding today.

W. T. Tenbrook will go to Deerwood this evening.

Frank Buell will go to St. Paul tonight over the Northern Pacific.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Crawford, of Buhl, are at the St. Louis.

William Pepperling is a Two Harbors guest at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Kent, of St. Paul, are St. Louis guests today

Bissell Wilson, of Chicago, assistant general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific, is in the city

J. C. Pond, of Milwaukee, general passenger agent of the Wisconsin Central, is at the Spalding today.

PLEDGED TO SPOONER.

Declaration Soon to Be Published In Wisconsin.

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—An Eau Claire special to the Dispatch says a declaration pledging support to John C. Spooner for re-election in the next Wisconsin legislature, provided the signers are elected thereto, is to be published soon with the signatures of a large majority of the Republican nominees for the legislature attached. It is said the signatures of a number of hold-over senators will also be attached. The publication is expected to be of the utmost importance as it would practically demonstrate, beyond a doubt, the certainty of Spooner's re-election.

McLEAN COMES HOME.

Colon, Colombia, Oct. 8.—Commander McLean, of the United States cruiser Cincinnati, sailed for New York yesterday on the steamer Seguranca. Commander Mason is now in command of the Cincinnati, which sails for Cape Haytien after coaling.

COAL MANAGER DEAD.

New York, Oct. 8.—Thomas J. Patterson, general manager of the Lehigh and Scranton Coal company, is dead at his home in Brooklyn. Worry over the coal crisis is believed to have been the cause.

UNCHANGED.

No New Developments In Coal Strike at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 8.—There have been no further developments here in the coal strike situation. The president has received no response to his suggestion, submitted Saturday evening to President Mitchell of the Coal Miners' union, and no propositions have come from the operators, nor are there any in prospect so far as the administration is aware. With the protection now offered by Governor Stone it is assumed that the operators will try to make good their assertions that they will supply the country with coal. If President Mitchell refuses to entertain the latest proposition of President Roosevelt, it is said that the development in the coal region must solve the problem. If President Roosevelt has any other plan, no intimation of it has been made.

FREIGHTS COLLIDE.

One Man Killed In Wreck Near Manito.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 8.—A serious wreck occurred at Manito this morning at 3:47 o'clock. Two freight trains crashed into a regular and a special on the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis line. One man was killed and several injured. Eight freight cars loaded were demolished and the trucks thrown over into a ditch.

The dead:

McGREW, MORRIS, Springfield, showman, headed for the Peoria corn exchange.

Injured: Cobb Richter, Monticello, bruised and cut about body and face. Several others whose names are unknown were injured.

FRENCH MINERS WILL STRIKE.

Paris, Oct. 8.—The national committee of the French Miners' association has decided to declare a general strike to begin tomorrow. It is estimated that 42,000 men have already struck in the northern coal fields and that 5000 men have struck around St. Etienne.

Lessens Silver Care

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

Prevents Silver Wear.

Longer life and greater brilliancy.—Grocers.

"SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.

THE MAINE COASTER.

A Combination of Sailor, Farmer and Business Man.

Of all the sailors on the sea, the down-East coaster does the hardest work, braves the greatest dangers and gets the poorest rewards. His occupation has been aptly described as "tempting fate at $25 a month." The coaster is an unsung hero, but he is unconscious of that and would call it square if freights were fairly good from Bangor to Boston and there were not more than ten consecutive days of easterly wind in any one month, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The Maine coaster is a queer mixture of sailor, farmer and business man, and frequently he is also an expert deep-sea fisherman. Many of the masters of the little schooners have in their younger days sailed 'round and 'round the world, finally settling down in some seacoast village and buying a small craft of which they can be at once the managing owner and skipper, and in which they can make a living by eight months' sailing, hauling the vessel up and taking comfort at home from Thanksgiving or Christmas till spring. Some of the masters sail vessels owned by other people, either for a stated salary or "on shares," and occasionally it happens that the vessel is a sort of family affair, being owned and manned by father and sons or by brothers. In times of disaster this arrangement is most unfortunate, for when the vessel goes down the whole family is likely to go with her, leaving behind a pitiful array of widows ad orphans. Such a case occurred in the loss of the schooner Ella Brown, several of the Peabody family of Jonesport having gone down in that vessel in the great November northeaster last year.

The natives of the Maine coast towns and of the islands that are strewn along shore from Portland to Quoddy Head, are among the finest sailors in the world. They are sailors from force of circumstances, hardy from inheritance and "cute" because they are Yankees. No other men could make a living out of coasting in these waters, and how the natives do it is a source of wonder to everyone who ever studied the subject. The coaster begins "going" when he is 12 or 14 years old and quits when he is too old to stand a watch at the wheel, if he manages to stay above water that long. Man or boy, he is generally lank and lean, with a skin like leather, a constitution of iron and a capacity to endure great hardships without complant. His vessel is generally of great age and small size—50 to 150 tons and 20 to 60 years old, rigged as a 2-masted schooner. Generally she is a dull sailer and almost always she leaks like a basket. Only the fact that she carries lumber accounts for her being so long afloat—hundreds of the old brokers now going would have been on bottom long ago, only their cargoes wouldn't let them sink.

An average-size coaster trading between Maine ports and Boston carries a master, mate, one seaman and a "cook and hand;" many of them make trips from Bangor to Boston, with but two or three men all told, and last summer the schooner Angler, 80 tons, was navigated from Boston to Calais and half way back again by her master single-handed. The coaster's cargo is, nine times in ten, lumber, and she gets $1.50 to $1.75 a thousand feet for carrying it from Bangor to Boston. Out of this she has to pay for loading and discharging, for towages, commissions to brokers, crew's wages and stores. The stores are salt pork, salt codfish, flour, molasses, potatoes, baking powder and kerosene; there may be a chunk or two of corned beef, and in the fall of the year the skipper will add cabbages, apples, onions, etc., to the menu, but at no time is the fare so rich or varied as to worry the cook or invite the gout. A man who wants to "go" must be both strong and willing, not only to reef, hand and steer, but to work cargo as well, for it frequently happens that there are no stevedores available or that the skipper is unwilling to pay for loading and discharging. If a man sailing before the mast manages to put in six months in a year at $25 a month, he is doing as well as the average of coasters; the mate and the "cook and hand" get a little more, and the captain gets whatever circumstances, weather-luck and his business abilities allow. This may be considerable or it may be nothing at all.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

Wedding Gifts

The abundance of artistic and suitable gifts to be had at our establishment—all of assured quality, unique, exclusive in design. Appeals to your taste for the elegant.

Our consistent prices should also attract you if you are interested in approaching weddings.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,

334 West Superior Street, Providence Building.

Our own workshop and manufacturing plant.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,

53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John William Riley to Louise Katherine Paash.

George E. Ruby, of Itasca county, and Augusta Metke.

BIRTHS.

PIERCE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Pierce, of 502 Wieland Place.

FORESMAN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Foresman of 320 Fifty-third avenue West.

PETERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Peterson, of Smithville.

MOWERS—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Womers, of 5615 Raleigh street.

Undertaking and Embalming

Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest. **C. O. NELSON,** Open day and night. 1st Ave W and 1 U S Blk 19th Ave W Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

BABY'S SKIN NEVER CHAFES WHEN harmless Satin-Skin Cream is applied. It looks so good baby wants to eat it.

FOR RENT—FINE FLAT FIVE MINutes walk from our office. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange Bldg.

WANTED—A HALL GIRL. MUST speak English. Apply St. Lukes Hospital.

WANTED—MAN WHO KNOWS THE woods to sell hospital tickets. U. 16, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 523 West Second street.

WANTED—FINLANDER CLERK FOR employment office. Address U 17, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR small family; $7; water included. 217 Pittsburg avenue.

WANTED—FIVE OR SIX YOUNG MEN to board and room in private family. Strictly first-class. 831 West First street, three blocks from postoffice.

FOR SALE CHEAP—CRAWFORD Bicycle, used one season. Call 312 East Fifth street.

A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in family of three. Call at 2 exchange building.

CARD OF THANKS.

I WISH TO EXPRESS MY HEARTFELT thanks and appreciation to all brothers and companions of the Independent Order of Foresters. Also other friends who so kindly assisted me, and the words of sympathy expressed by all in my sorrow over the loss of my wife.

JOSEPH GUNTHER.

ACTION IS DEFERRED

Missabe Electric Railway Franchise Not Acted On.

County Board Will Look Into the Matter Carefully.

Lease of Northern Pacific Land For Park Comes Up.

The petition of the Missabe Electric Railway company for a twenty-five-year franchise to operate an electric car line on the range, which was presented to the board of county commissioners yesterday afternoon, was referred to County Attorney McClinton and will come up again at the next meeting of the board.

The petition was presented by H. B. Fryberger, attorney for the electric company, who urged that the county board take speedy action, for the reason that the electric company would not ask for franchises in the various range towns until assured that it would get the county franchise, and that work on the new line would not begin until the preliminary legal arrangements are all made.

The county board wa snot disposed to hurry the matter, however, until it has been looked into farther. The sentiment of the members of the board was not one of opposition to the proposed electric railway line, but they thought there should be sufficient safeguards to protect the county's rigats.

It was suggested that the terms for the franchise were quite broad, there being no restriction in the petition as to what roads would be used, what part of the road would be used by the company, nor any definite time set when the road would be built. It was held that some of the county roads have bridges that would not bear the weight of electric cars.

Mr. Fryberger said that the company did not expect to use the highways entirely for the new electric line; that there would be many localities where, on account of grades, it would be necessary to condemn a right-of-way; that only such part of the highway would be used as was convenient. He said that in view of the length of the proposed line, however, the company would not go ahead if it has to condemn a right-of-way for the whole distance.

Commissioner Kugler thought the electric line would be a good thing; that when there is some other mode of conveyance used besides wagons, there will be hope of getting better county roads.

Commissioner Berdie said the franchise asked was one of considerable magnitude, and for that reason it would be advisable to look into it further before acting on it.

"We all want the railway," said he "but we want the franchise in such shape that the county and the taxpayers can maintain their rights."

Relative to the question of highways to be used, Mr. Fryberger said that the company had not specified any particular roads, for the reason that it might find it advantageous to change the route from that proposed, or might do so even after the line had been built, in case the highway was vacated by the county. The road, he said, would run through a purely rural community, and the company should nat be held down with too many restrictions. The enterprise is a new one, and one that not many men would undertake. He thought that the petition could be so worded as to specify which part of the road would be used.

The matter of leasing from the Northern Pacific Railway company the strip of land along the lake front, between Eighth and Thirteenth avenues east, for park purposes was considered by the board yesterday afternoon, and the initial steps toward accomplishing the lease was made when the county board, by resolution, voted that in event the land is leased to the city, the board will petition the state auditor to abate the taxes on it as long as it is used by the city. The railway company is willing to make the lease if this abatement of taxes can be secured. The lease is to terminate on short notice by either the city or the railway company. The resolution was introduced by Commissioner Kugler.

In the matter of opening a road from the end of the car line at Woodland to the Catholic and Jewish cemeteries, the petition, presented through Commissioner Kugler, was referred to the committee on highways, comprised of Commissioners Kugler, Patterson and Kauppi. The opening of the road has been agitated and worked up by Bishop McGolrick and other prominent Catholics, and the sentiment of the county board is favorable toward it.

There were many other road matters to come before the attention of the county board yesterday, in fact the petitions for county roads have been pouring in from all sides until the road question is a serious one for the board.

There were two petitions for a road in the town of Kelsey, one in favor of a route on the north side of the Whiteface river and another on the south side. The farmers in that locality are unable to agree, and some were present yesterday to urge their claims. Action by the board was deferred until the county superintendent of roads goes over the proposed routes and recommends that which he regards as the more feasible.

The following petition for a road, dated frim Biwabik, was referred to the committee:

"The Honorable County Board of St. Louis County, State of Minnesota: Gentlemen—Please take this perceive your honor. Thiese township, 57 and 56, range 15 and 15 was a great many homstate settlers only township 57 was 150 claims filed. But thiese is very bad road, but this St. Louis river over going is batest. If youn can build bridge thiese said river you make thiese settlers very glad thise fall. If you see that matter yourselfs how thiese 20 to 30 passengers try gone over this river every day, you dont close eye and make som help this peapol."

The ofter of the Oriental Granite company to furnish granite for a new county court house was received and referred to the committee on county buildings.

A communication was received from Land Commissioner House, of the Duluth & Iron Range road, in connection with the petition signed by a number of freeholders of the county for legalizing the location of a public highway from Payne station on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the Great Northern roads, in a southwesterly direction to a point west of Whiteface river.

The communication states that there is quite a demand for lands there tributary to an outlet which the road will furnish in connection with the railway lines, and that, inasmuch as desirable settlers appreciate good lines of communication and decline to purchase without some guaranty of a fair road, the Duluth & Iron Range road is prepared to contribute reasonable amounts from time to dime to assist in the movement for better highways.

A communication was read from G. H. Steffen, town clerk of Culver, giving notice to the board and all others that no liquor licenses would be granted in the town.

A communication was also sent the board by J. H. Gruber, secretary of the Missabe Land company and Swan River Logging company, stating that while representatives of the companies would not be present at the county board meeting to protest in person against the granting of additional saloon licenses near the Stevenson mine, they wished to be understood as opposing it as strong as ever. The letter specifically asked that the application of Peter Spina, also any other now pending for licenses in the vicinity of the mine, except that of Mike Kelly, be denied and finally disposed of. In the matter of applications for liquor licenses, the petitions of Hugh McCoy and Mike Kelly were held over until the next meeting to await further investigation.

Cured of Asthma

After Years of Terrible Suffering.

Mary Josephine Bezy, Floyd Knob, Ind., writes: "After suffering untold agenies for 32 years from Asthma, I was cured by Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. I used to be so bad that I could not move without help, but I can now do all my own work." Another writes: "My little boy 7 years old has been a sufferer for several years, sometimes so bad off that we could not hold him in bed, expecting any moment for him to breathe his last. Doctors did him no good and we had almost given up in despair, when through accident we heard of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure, tried it and it almost instantly relieved him." Mrs. D. C. Harris, Elbow P. O., Va.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00.

TOO FEW HYDRANTS

Mayor Hugo Believes City Does Not Get Enough.

Believes Money Paid Should Give More Protection.

Comparative Statement of Number Here and Elsewhere.

In turning over various problems of municipal government, Mayor Hugo has hit on a practical plan for improving the fire protection without extra expense to the city.

The city is now paying $26,000 a year for hydrant rentals, and, for several years will not be in a position to pay more.

The rapidly growing city makes necessary some sort of fire protection for buildings in recently built up sections.

The mayor and Manager Case, of the water and light department, have discussed this problem considerably, and, as a result the mayor says the city should have more hydrants for the rental now paid.

He says that the new districts would not be lacking in adequate fire protection if a sufficient number of new hydrants could be maintained on the $26,000 now paid.

Insurance men and other citizens are much interested in the mayor's plan. It is the consensus of opinion among men posted in such matters that Duluth is paying too much for fire hydrants.

There is said to be scarcely a city in the United States in the same class as Duluth that pays as much annually in hydrant rentals and there is not a city in the same class that has as few hydrants. The following table will show how this city ranks in fire hydrants as compared with fifteen other cities of the same class:

City.	Engines.	Hydrants.
Duluth.....	5	497
Lawrence, Mass..	6	757
New Bedford, Mass..	8	759
Des Moines.....	—	1040
Springfield, Mass.....	6	1055
Somerville, Mass..	3	969
Troy, N. Y.....	9	1018
Hoboken, N. J.....	5	580
Evansville, Ind..	5	753
Manchester, N. H....	7	1067
Utica, N. Y.....	5	829
Peoria, Ill.....	3	525
Charleston, S. C.....	10	694
Savannah.....	7	605
Salt Lake City....	2	975
San Antonio.....	4	878
Erie.....	6	632

FOUND DEAD.

Andrew Marshall Found on Road---Wagon Ran Over Him.

Andrew Marshall, a former Duluthian, was found dead on his farm near Pike Lake yesterday afternoon.

Indications are that he was killed by a load of wood running over him.

Mr. Marshall was 61 years of age. He left his home in the morning with a team and a wagon to bring a load of wood to Duluth.

When he failed to return late in the day a search was instituted, and he was found dead, with his neck broken, on the road. The horses had stopped a short distance away.

Deputy Coroner Patton made an examination and had the body brought to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms.

The dead man is a brother of John Marshall, of 31 West Ninth street. He was very well known here, having been a resident of Duluth for about thirty years.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

VANDALS

Break Into Park Point Cottages and Steal and Destroy.

Depredations on Park Point property is said to have already begun, following the removal from the point of many of the families that have been spending the summer months there. Last winter there were a number of acts of vandalism, cottages being broken into and furniture taken or destroyed, but the beginning of similar acts so early in the fall and winter season is putting a serious phase on the matter for property owners who have left household effects in their cottages. Where it is possible doors and windows have been barricaded and every precaution taken to keep out burglars, but isolated cottages have very little protection. Some of the Park Pointers remove every available piece of furniture form their cottages at the close of the season and leave the building wide open so that tramps or other marauders may have easy access without breaking locks or windows.

Probably the only thing that will discourage petty thieving on the point will be to make examples of all persons convicted of meddling with property and giving the same wide publicity.

HIS LIFE IN PERIL

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Texas, "billousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50 cents at Abbett's drug store.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY

At Armory, Saturday Ev'g, Oct. 11

Capt. M. L. Fay, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, and others will speak.

Got a Constant Headache? — Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

McCoy was arrested at the instance of the Great Northern Railway company less than a year ago for conducting blind pig at Stony Brook, where the laborers employed by the railroad company bought liquor and became disorderly. The place became such a nuisance that a detective was sent down and secured evidence that resulted in McCoy's conviction. The people of Stony Brook and the railway company are now protesting against the granting of a license to McCoy to run a saloon in the same locality. He is being backed by one of the local brewing companies.

The reports of the county officers were received and filed and the primary elections bills were passed.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

PIPES OF PEACE

Smoked to Celebrate Close of Tobacco War.

New York, Oct. 8.—Pipes of peace have been smoked to celebrate the conclusion of the great tobacco war. A dinner was given by James B. Duke, president of the American Tobacco company, to the directors of the British-American Tobacco company at the Carlton hotel, cables the London correspondent of the Herald.

Both conversation and speeches were fraternal in tone, and also evinced the determination of the allied trusts to capture the tobacco trade of the world.

British and American flags were used in profusion. The menu cards were very elaborate, and under crossed British and American flags bore portraits of Mr. Duke and Sir William Henry Wills, chairman of the Imperial Tobacco company.

Make Your Own Winter Coat or Cape—You can do this with—

BUTTERICK PATTERNS

November Books and Fashion Sheets Now in.

Freimuth's

Greatest Daylight Store.

Seal Purses and Combination Pocket Books—with fancy sterling mounting, regular value $1.00—Thursday, each 75c

Women's 35c Pocketbooks..... 25c

Fine Handkerchiefs—Lace embroidered and lace trimmed, sold regularly at 10c and 20c, Thursday 10c



A SUPERB SHOWING OF SUITS AND JACKETS

The most elaborate, the most modest and the happy medium in Suits, Jackets, Skirts, and attractive wearing apparel, are all so fully represented in this vast section, that it will prove a profitable experience just to look them over. However, our already low prices have been advantageously lowered for Thursday, giving you the opportunity of early selection at underprices.

Women's Walking Suits—Made from men's fancy suiting, blouse jacket, kilted skirt, nicely lined and finished—well worth $20.00, special for Thursday..... $15.00

Dress Suits—Made of fine all-wool cheviot, in black and blue, blouse jacket, silk lined, new flare skirt, suit trimmed with fancy satin folds, all sizes, sold by others as a special bargain for $25, here $22.50

Women's Jackets—$10.00—Tomorrow morning we place on sale 100 Jackets just received. They are made of all-wool Kersey, in castor and black, 27 inches long, yoke stitched, double breasted, 6 pearl buttons, lined with heavy satin, sizes 34 to 44. This Jacket cannot be duplicated elsewhere for less than $15.00. It's the best coat ever sold in Duluth at this special Thursday price of..... $10.00

Monte Carlo Sackets—Made of all-wool Kersey in colors and black—have military shoulder capes, military braid fasteners, trimmed with stitched satin braid, 33 inches long, and lined with satin—bought to sell at $30.00, our Thursday price..... $25.00

Monte Carlo Box Coats—30 inches long, made of all-wool Kersey in castor only, satin lined, storm collar, double breasted, strapped seams, fancy stitched, sizes for all, and excellent value at $18.00—for Thursday our special price will be only..... $15.00

Black Sateen Waists—Fast black, hemstitched and tucked, all sizes, well worth $1.50, for Thursday only..... $1.25

Misses' Jackets—Made of all-wool Kersey in castor only, 25 inches long, silk lined, sizes 14 to 16, double breasted, storm collar. This is a "beauty" and well worth $10.00—special for Thursday..... $7.50

Children's Three-quarter Coats—Belted Russian military coat, made of best quality Melton cloth, trimmed with black braid, colors castor, blue and red. This is an excellent weight, sizes 6 to 14 years, sold by others at $8.00, our Thursday price..... $6.50

$5.50 Walking Skirts $4.50—Without doubt the best skirt ever shown in the city at $5.50, we have them in Oxford, gray and black, kilted and raised seam gores, in all sizes, very special, Thursday only $4.50

New Wrist Bags.

We've a table devoted to these new arrivals. You'll find them so crisp, so inticing, so moderately priced that 'twill be hard to resist buying. The selection includes real seal, morroco, polar seal, alligator and lizzard—all with the daintiest kind of gold and oxidized silver mountings. Priced to suit all. From $5 down to..... 50c

35c and 45c Silk Belts—25c.

New and pretty styles, in a large assortment of Moire satin, Moire silk and folded satin belts, all trimmed with neat and attractive buckles. Sold regularly at 35c and 45c. Thursday prices..... 25c

Fleeced Lined Cashmerettes.

A new and pretty fabric for wrappers and house dresses. Cashmere finish—fleeced back—in a wide range of pretty stripes, dots and neat figures. Sold elsewhere at 15c. Our special Thursday price..... 12½c

Fleece Lined Wrapper Cloth.

Extra heavy, in dark and medium colors—all the wanted patterns. It's the 10c kind. Our special Thursday price..... 7½c

W. C. C. Corsets at Half Price.

We are closing out our entire line of Royal Worcester Corsets, and therefore offer for tomorrow—

All $1 W. C. C. Corsets at 50c. All $1.50 W. C. C. Corsets at 75c.

The Sooner You Come the Better Selection You Will Get.

In the Muslin Underwear section we also offer as a Thursday special only

New Gingham housewife aprons, made of best Amoskeag Gingham, head to foot size, well worth 50c, Thursday..... 35c

Best Quality Gingham Apron—Full size at the very special price of each..... 25c

Outing Flannel Short Skirts—with deep flounce, nicely made and finished, well worth 35c, Thursday..... 25c

Womans Outing Flannel Garments—Made of good quality Outing Flannel full length and width, neatly finished, would be cheap at 75c, Our Thursday Price..... 50c

Arnold's Knit Novelties

For Women, Children and Infants—We are prepared to supply every want in these famous, healthful, sensible and serviceable reform garments, and will be pleased at any time to explain their merits.

In the Muslin Underwear Department.

Dress Goods and Silks--- Underpriced.

In these Thursday Dress Goods and Silk specials we give you a few hints of the strenuous efforts we are making to give you the best possible fabrics—up-to-date in every way—at the lowest possible prices—just a few quoted to whet the appetite for the still better ones awaiting you here.

46-inch Whipcords *44-inch Soliels*
44-inch Peckan Serge *44-inch Foulard Plain.*
New and wanted weaves worth $1.25, choice for Thursday

$1.00 **$1.00**

36-inch Black Taffeta—guaranteed to wear—well worth $1.75—special Thursday price..... $1.50

24-inch Black Taffeta—the best wearing silk in the market—easily worth $1.25..... $1

Wool Knitting Yarns—extra good quality—in black only—well worth 25c a skein—special price for Thursday..... 18c

We carry a full line of the celebrated "Golden Fleece" Woolen Yarn.

Women's Hosiery and Underwear

Thursday Leaders.

No better buying opportunity presents itself to the ecouomical purchaser than our Hosiery and Underwear leaders for Thursday. Our assortment is complete now. We know we can satisfy you anyday, but will make a particular bid for you patronage Thursday by giving you these excellent values:

Women's Ribbed Pants and Vests—in ecru, heavy fleeced back—sells regularly for 25c—for Thursday only..... 19c

Women's Pants and Vests—extra heavy, silver grey, heavy fleeced back—a bargain at 50c—for Thursday..... 42c

Women's Ribbed Vests and Pants—made from fine Australian wool—perfect fitting—color natural grey—regular value $1.00—special for Thursday..... 75c

Camels' Hair Vests and Pants—extra heavy, an excellent value at the regular price of $1.25—our special Thursday price $1.00

HOSIERY---at little prices.

Women's Fancy Striped Hose—black grounds, with bright colored stripes—an unusual value at the regular price of 15c—for Thursday only..... 10c

Women's Heavy Fleeced Hose—plain or ribbed tops—sell regularly at 15c—our special Thursday price..... 12½c

Women's Cashmere Hose—made of fine Australian wool—double heel and toe—a special bargain at 35c—for Thursday only..... 25c

$4, $5 Wright & Peters Shoes $2



This is an offer well worth the attention of all women who wish to get a high grade shoe at half and less. This make of shoes is carried as a special leader by many stores. We discontinued this line some time ago, and as a consrquence, will sell the remainder of our stock of $4.00 and $5.00 Wright & Peters Shoes for Thursday at only..... $2.00

Womans Fine Vici Kid Shoes—Cuban heel, Patent Tip, laced, hand turned The very newest and latest last, usually sold at $3.50, Thursday only $2.50

Womams Fine Dongola Shoes—Heavy extension sole, laced, Patent tip, Military heel, all widths, sold regularly at $2.00. Special for Thursday..... $1.50

Womans House Slippers—Made of fine vici kid, hand turned sole, low heel, regular Price $1.00, for Thursday only..... 75c

Big Reductions in New Wall Paper.

Prices to hurry them out quickly.
Here's what you get:

3c and 5c paper for 1½	12c and 15c paper for..... 7½c
4c and 5c paper for 2½	25c and 30c paper for..... 15c
8c and 10c paper for..... 5c	50c and 60c paper for..... 25c

Here's the "why" of it. We don't like broken lines or remnants of wall paper. To insure us against this, we have placed the above scale of prices on our new papers. These prices will set them out quickly, so, if you've a paper want and neglect to be here, you lose a golden opportunity. Note the prices. Come and look, and we'll guarantee you'll buy.

2½ a roll for neat bed room paper. Worth exactly double—clearing price..... 2½c

5c a roll for white back paper. Full length. Sold at 8c and 10c. To close out..... 5c

7½c a roll for dark grained paper—best of designs and colorings—sold regularly at 12c to 15c—to close out at..... 7½c

15c a roll for handsome 25c and 30c varnished, gold and embossed paper at the clearing price of..... 15c

25c a roll for small lots of 50c and 60c tapestry—enough for one or two rooms at the clearing price..... 25c

Bring your measurements and make an early selections. There's a plenty for all, but quick choosers get the cream.

CAPTIVE OF CHINAMAN.

Pretty Girl Found In a Vile Den.

Billings, Mont., Oct. 8.—Through information furnished by a reformed Chinese the authorities unearthed a crime in this city that has few equals in degeneracy. Living in a den, thick with filth and dirt, with Tom Han, a well-known Celestial of the town, was pretty Kate Brown, a 19-year-old girl who is said to be the daughter of a Black Hills sheriff.

The young girl was practically the white slave of the Mongolian, and was kept almost continually under the influence of liquor that she might not be able to effect her escape. The Chinaman was accustomed to beat her often, and it was her cries that led to her detection by the reformed Chinaman.

Tom Han, the culprit, is one of the ugliest of his race and is a confirmed hop fiend. He is being held by the officers and every effort will be made to send him to the penitentiary.

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 2.

OUTING FLANNELS.

A collection of good seasonable, serviceable outing flannel, in light and dark colors, for night gowns, underwear, children's wear, etc.—good 10c quality, all. Special bargain on the bargain counter at the low price of, per yard---------- **7½c** **7½c**

Don't miss this opportunity.

Others' 5c goods here for 4c
Others' 10c goods here for 9c
Others' $1 goods here for 89c
Others' $50 goods here for $40
Save money on everything at the Glass Block.

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 3.

TURKISH TOWELS.

500 towels, each one worth 15c, size 18x36 inches—bleached and heavy quality, for only---------- **10c**

Cotton Diaper—10-yard pieces, 18-inch, usually sold for 75c—special, piece of 10 yards for---------- **50c**

27-inch, 90c pieces for 70c

Corsets.

Style 800 of Her Majesty's Corset, regular price $5; will be closed out at **$1.75**

New straight front models, 50c quality drab Corsets, in fine coutil, 2-side steels, fancy trimmed, all new—not old stock—special, only **16c**

Laces.

New swell Laces—for Handkerchief and other uses—Maltese, Cluney, Valenciennes and Torchons—½-inch to 1½ inches—per yard 25c to **5c**

Dress Trimming Laces in Pointe de Venise Galloons, insertions and Motifs—butter, white and Arab shades—$1.75 down to—a yard **12½c**

Chiffon Trimmings—beautiful new patterns in motif and band effects—black, white, white with black, white with ecru and other combinations—$2.50 yd down to—yard **29c**

3000 yards fine German and English Torchons, edges and insertions—5c and 8c values for—yard **3c**

Pointe de Paris and Plat Vals, a splendid wash lace, 1½ to 3½ inches wide—worth up to 35c a yard—at 5c, 7c and **12½c**

Ribbons.

The largest line in Duluth. The best values in Duluth.

Every color, width and quality; every make of Ribbon in use is found at the Glass Block Ribbon Department.

4½-inch all silk Taffetas, blacks and all colors—yard **25c**

5-inch 100 Satin Taffetas, high lustre—the best neck and sash Ribbon in the market—a regular 50c Ribbon at all times—a yard only **35c**

No. 2 Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons—every color—the Ribbon for fancy work, worth 25c piece of 10 yards—special **17c**

No. 1 Black Velvet Ribbons—fast edge—satin back—others ask 45c piece—our price for piece of ten yards **35c**

No. 7 Fancy Hair Ribbons, all colors, worth 10c a yard—per yard **5c**

Flannels.

27-inch Domet Flannels, cream, heavy quality, sold at 7c usually—at yard ... **4½c**

27-inch White Wool Flannels, good quality—at, yard ... **25c**

27-inch fancy Elderdown, worth 38c to 45c—at, yard.. **25c**

Dress goods.

One of the great features of our Dress Goods Department is the immense variety and splendid value we give for—a yard **$1.00**

$1.00 yard.
Black 54-in. Venetian.
Black 54-in. Cheviots.
Black 54-in. Storm Serges
Black 54-in. Broadcloths.
Black 50-in. Granites.
Black 50-in. Armures.
Black 46-in. Soliels.
Blk 46-in. Fancy Weaves.
Black 46-in. Etamine.
Black 46-in. Henriettas.
Black 46-in. Whipcords.
Black 44-in. Melrose.

$1.00 yard.
Colored 50-in Zibelines.
Colored 54-in. Venetians.
Colored 54-in. Cheviots.
Colored 54-in. Serges.
Colored 50-in. Whipcords.
Colored 50-in. Meltons.
Colored 50-in. Kerseys.
Col. 50-in Fancy Weaves.

Handkerchiefs.

Women's pure Linen sheer cloth, ¼ and ⅛-inch hems—15c values—$1.10 dozen—each **3c**

Women's pure Linen ⅛, ¼ and ½-inch hems—a 20c value—$2.20 doz.—each **20c**

Women's Embroidered and Lace Trimmed; values up to 25c—and men's pure linen hemstitched, 25c values—2 for 25c—each.. **15c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINNESOTA

350 babies' bonnets at half price.

The stork has been busy in Duluth lately, working overtime, and there should be no trouble selling these caps quickly—at the prices. Fall and winter bonnets—silk, wool and cashmere—trimmed with fur and with swansdown. We bought a maker's entire sample line at less than cost and will give the babies the full advantage. Come early, for the bonnets should all go this week.

50c baby bonnets will go at----------**25c**
75c baby bonnets will go at----------**35c**
$1.00 baby bonnets will go at----------**50c**
$1.25 baby bonnets will go at----------**60c**
$1.75 baby bonnets will go at----------**75c**
$2.50 baby bonnets will go at----------**$1.00**

Great sale millinery---sample hats.

500 sample hats—half of them trimmed, the other half are untrimmed—sample line of a leading wholesale millinery house, bought by the Glass Block to offer at so much less than value as to create a furore. *Half* regular prices and less, for good, clean, fresh, stylish, serviceable hats.

$1.50 trimmed hats, grey and tan, for-----**69c**
$2.00 trimmed hats, all colors, for------**$1.00**
$2.50 trimmed hats, all colors, for-------**$1.25**
$1.25 and $1.50 untrimmed hats for-------**75c**
$2.00 untrimmed hats for---------**$1.00**
$3.50 untrimmed hats for----------**$1.50**

Tams—Angora wool tams—white, red, navy, grey, tan and mixed—others' 69c values—Glass Block millinery room for---------- **48c**

Girls' school hats—Beautifully stitched—reds, tans, blues and browns, and genuine $1.25 values—Glass Block millinery rooms for---------- **75c**

Ostrich plumes—special—We offer for Thursday only, two special values in rich ostrich plumes. Fine 20-inch plumes, good curl, elegant stock, worth $5, for **$3.25**—18-inch plumes, worth $3.50, for---------- **$2.25**

High class millinery from $5.00 to $40.00—always more value and more artistic style for the money at the Glass Block millinery parlors.

Special sale golf capes and jackets.

Two bargains at $3.98 which should bring a crowd to the garment department on Thursday. The golf capes *cost* double the bargain price, and were made to sell for $12. The jackets are regular $7 values. If you want $7 worth of jacket or $12 worth of golf cape for $3.98, this is your chance.

New winter jackets for ladies—all made in black only—the color that's always right and proper, made from good, heavy, serviceable material—rough effects, nobby double breasted style, velvet collar—coat back. These jackets are every one worth $7.00, and certainly nowhere but at the Glass Block could you get them for this price—$3.98. **$3.98**

Children's flannel dresses—Been selling for $1.00 right along—sizes 2 to 14 years—just for this special occasion we'll mark them all down to.---------- **69c**

Children's flannelette dresses—Sizes 2 to 14 years—been selling at 35c—for Thursday we mark them all down for a bargain day clearance to ---------- **16c**

New golf capes—all made of pretty plaids—much the greatest value we've ever seen—were made to retail for $12 and more—Our cash got all the maker had, for less than cost of material—they're bargains at $3.98. **$3.98**

Come early and get first choice.



Velvet jackets, fur trimmed, silk lined, finest in Duluth, **$32.50 to $74.**
Walking suits, latest woolens, Norfolk, Huntress and other styles, **$12.50 to $35.**
Monte Carlo coats, box coats, half-fitting coats, military coats, **$8.50 to $70.**
Sealskin jackets and furs in otter, Persian, astrakhan, nearseal, marten, etc.

Shoe specials for Thursday.



A Glass Block shoe carries with it the absolute guarantee of "exactly as represented" or your money back.

New $2.50 shoes—In box calf and plump vici kid, heavy and light sole, every size and width—Thursday at------ **$1.89**

Our $1.75 line of shoes in medium soles, cloth or kid tops, all sizes-- **$1.39**

Three lines of light dress shoes—Gray Bros.' and the "Ultra" make, made up in fine vici kid or patent leather, cloth or kid tips, every size and width. Our regular $4.00 and $3.50 shoes—for Thursday's selling the price will be only—per pair---------- **$2.19**

Two new lines of heavy and light soled shoes, every size and width, made up with patent tips and military heels. Made for this fall to sell at $3.00—Thursday at—per pair---------- **$2.19**

Underwear.

Ladies' Florence Union Suits, ecru and gray, perfect fitting, nicely finished, all sizes **50c**

Children's Egyptian yarn Union Suits, from the smallest to the largest, each **25c**

Ladies' all wool imported Skirts, made in Germany; a novelty, each **65c**

Men's heavy weight Balbriggan Natural Wool—fleece lined and gray Merino Shirts and Drawers, up to 50 inches—all at **50c**

Men's extra quality, all wool Sweaters, all colors and sizes—**$2.50, $1.50, $1.00**

Blankets.

11-4 Cotton Blankets, full size, at—pair **75c**

Sold at $1.00 elsewhere.

Spreads.

Fringed Bed Spreads, large size, fringed all around, worth $1.35—at, each **98c**

Neckwear.

Ladies' Stocks, Automobiles, Windsors, all colors—each. **25c**

Silk Stocks, with embroidered fronts, a beautiful and effective neck dressing, a regular 50c article, at.. **35c**

Special.

Pointe de Vennise Lace Collars, butter and Arab shades—two specials—worth up to $2.50 each—for $1.25 & **98c**

Pick holders.

GROTESQUE FIGURES—A large import line just received—bought for holiday trade—but forced to put them on sale now—suitable for pick holders, etc., and should sell at 39c to 50c. We name the price—33c and **25c**

Umbrellas.

All umbrellas formerly sold as high as 95c each—Men's and Women's all steel rods for, each **50c**

Children's School Umbrellas, 24 and 26-inch size, formerly sold at 50c each—for, each **33c**

Ladies' and Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, formerly sold at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 each—at, each **98c**

Steins.

Another lot of these just placed on sale—look 'em over at once—they don't stay here long—priced like ours are. They start with Flemish Steins at 10c each and go right up by easy stages to the fine musical steins—with several tunes—at, each ... **$7.95**

Hosiery.

Combination sale of Hosiery for Ladies, comprising Cashmere, All-Wool, fleece lined, heavy and medium, plain black, cotton; also fancy colors—extra good values. We offer choice for, per pair. **25c**

Laundry.

CLOTHES BARS—Made of hardwood and so arranged as can be used on the floor or wall—adjustable to all heights and sold at—each **98c**

IRONING BOARDS—Have a special value here—strictly first class board—adjustable to two heights—locks in position and no falling down—folds up to hang on wall; sold elsewhere at $1.25—special **89c**

Kitchen.

STOVE PIPE—6-in. stove pipe, heavy weight and full length—special, per length **12½c**

TEA KETTLES—No. 9 flat bottom granite Tea Kettles—good value at $1.19, but like finding 'em at, each. **73c**

Go-carts.

Remember, only a few days left in which you can buy.

Baby carriages less 25 per ct
Trunks less 20 per ct

Trimming, braids and notions.

We are complimented hourly on our fine showing of new braids. The range of styles and kinds is to be seen in no other store in town. From the very narrowest up to the wide kinds—all are here—



Narrow, plain and fancy gimps and braids, made of pure silk and pure wool, per yard—**5c, 10c and 15c**

Medium Braids of silk, mohair, wool, and brilliant silk in plain and fancy weaves, per yard—**10c, 20c, 25c and 35c**

Wide Braids—In plain, diamond weaves, basket weaves, serpentine and wave effects, in all silk and all mohair, per yard—**20c, 30c, 35c, 50c, 75c**

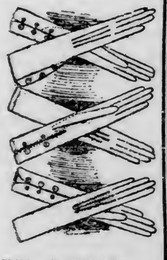
New Dress Ornaments in pendants and military knots of silk or mohair—**25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $2.50**

New Shell Hairpins—The finest line of staple pins ever exhibited by us and at prices lower than ever for the same qualities—**3c, 4c, 5c and up to 25c**

Gloves.

Ladies' and Misses' all-wool gloves—plain colors and fancy at—a pair **25c**

Ladies' wool knit Gloves, Kayser's—all colors—the new Oxford grey, are worn much this fall—at, per pair 75c and **50c**



Children's Kid Mittens—fleece lined and Astrachan backs, a 45c Mitten at—per pair **25c**

Sash pins.

Plain pearl pins, extra substantial back—a good 20c value—a pin for every woman and every miss. Thursday at **15c**

Playing cards.

The new Panton & White Playing Cards. Exactly the same quality and finish as the regular 35c cards. Made by the same maker who makes all the GOOD playing cards in use in this country.

Single Packs—..... **13c**
Two Packs—..... **25c**
Dozen Packs—..... **$1.50**

Shell Combs.

Thursday we will give away all our 35c Shell Combs, Side Combs, Back Combs, Empire Combs and Pompadour Combs—all the 25c goods Thursday for—only **$2.90**

Hat pins.

Silver top Hat Pins—new sterling silver designs in the fashionable French grey finish, with bright contrasting outlines. Jewelers' price for these Hat Pins is uniformly 50c each. You can have them here only, Thursday for **19c**

Beaded bags.

Great bargain in fancy Beaded Chatelaine Bags. We bought all the maker had. We got them very cheap, but they're not "cheap" Bags—they're good ones—very good values.

Children's size, handsome Beaded Bag—metal frame—full leather lined—75c values—only **49c**

Ladies' Beaded Bags—Large size, full leather lined, extra leather pocket, fancy bead festoons, metal frame—sold elsewhere for $1.25—Glass Block special, each **89c**

Bargains in the drug section.

Hood's Headache Bromo—For nervous or sick headache, sleeplessness, etc., regular 10c size—our special price---------- **7c**

Hair brushes—Imitation of ebony hair brushes, with pure white bristle—they are all warranted at 30c each—special---------- **25c**

Colgate's Dental Powder—In the newest sprinkler top—a very practical feature, 25c size—our special price---------- **15c**

Ed. Pinaud's triple extracts—In all the favorite odors, 50c or more is our usual price—special --- **35c**

Colgate's violet water—The 3-ounce size, 45c is the regular price—special---------- **29c**

Hood's White Pine Cough Syrup—A positive remedy for coughs, colds and hoarseness—25c size **15c**

Creme Marquise—A reliable complexion creme, 50c jar—special price---------- **29c**

Leithhead's Dental Cream—Regular price, 25c size—special price ---------- **15c**

Eyebrow pencils—The finest imported stock--------**10c**

Woodbury's Dental Cream—25c tube----------**17c**

Bath sponges—our regular 15c size----------**10c**



Special silks.

Silks at bargain prices. High class silks lower than you've ever had them. All clean, fresh, new and desirable silks. Three specials which knowing silk users should appreciate:

97c a yard, worth up to $1.50. Peau de Soie, Peau de Cygnes, Gros Grains, Bengalines, Satins, Armures, Taffetas, fancy colored lace stripes, embroidered, fancy and figured silks, worth up to $1.50, for, yard. **97c**

69c a yard, worth up to $1.00. Black Taffetas, Peau de Soie, Peau de Cygne, Indias, Foulards and fancies of every conceivable design, worth up to $1.00—for, per yard **69c**

25c a yard, worth up to 75c, all remnants of plain and fancy silks, short lengths, irrespective of value, up to 75c—for, per yard **25c**

Wall paper.

The great Wall Paper sale is going on briskly.

Don't get left. Come while there are thousands of rolls from which to select.

Never such Wall Paper bargains known in Duluth or anywhere else.

$6000 worth of Wall Papers to go for less than the cost of the raw materials.

6c, 8c and 10c papers with borders and ceilings to match, are going at, per roll **2c**

Papers and borders worth 10c, 12c, 15c and 18c a roll are going like hot cakes at .... **4c and 5c**

Papers worth up to 35c a roll, with borders, are going at—..... **8c and 10c**

75c Papers, the finest you can get anywhere—borders, sidewalls, ceilings, dados—per roll **20c**

Crockery.

The "Stasburg," our new Dinnerware pattern, in fine China, has proven a ready seller—see it! Remember, we sell a piece at a time if you wish—an easy way to get the complete set—106-piece set figures exactly **$23.50**



Special offer on 100-piece sets of Grindley's fine English semi-porcelain Dinnerware, decorated in green—superb shape. Thursday only, per set **$8.95**

Our regular price is $13.95—you save $5.00 by buying Thursday.

SPECIAL ELECTION

Charter Amendments to Be Voted on October 23.

Tomorrow is the first day of registration for the special water plant purchase and charter amendment election of Oct. 23.

All that voted at the recent primary election are registered for the regular November general election, but not for the special municipal election.

The second day of registration for the special election will be Friday, and the last day will be Oct. 16.

The next day of registration for the general election will be Oct. 21, and the final registration will be four days later.

Very little attention has been paid to the coming special election by the average voter. It lacks the spice of party conflict, but despite that it is one of the most important elections of the year.

The result will determine whether or not the city shall add to its municipal ownership holdings by purchasing the West Duluth water system for $140,000, less about $15,000, to be knocked off the purchase price to satisfy the city's claim against the present owners for water furnished.

Then there are eight important charter amendments. The first and second amendments are to increase the working capital of the permanent improvement revolving fund from $100,000 to $150,000. It is claimed that the present capital is inadequate to carry through most necessary improvements.

The third amendment provides that all joint or common owners of any one piece of property shall be counted as one in petitioning for or against any public improvement. This is to do away with the possibility of trickery in obstructing improvements.

This proposed amendment also gives the council authority to circulate petitions for an improvement if eleven aldermen consider such action advisable.

The fourth proposition is drafted to give the council authority to order the building of trunk sewers without a petition from property owners, providing fourteen of the sixteen aldermen consider the improvement necessary.

This is important to West Duluth, where trunk sewers are needed badly and cannot be obtained at present because so much of the property is owned by non-residents that the requisite number of names to the required petition is an utter impossibility.

Proposition No. 5 on the special election ballot will require the citizens to decide whether or not improvements can be assessed and 80 per cent of the cost collected from benefited property in advance. The object here is to increase the efficiency of the permanent improvement revolving fund.

The sixth proposition corrects an error in the present charter by turning over penalties collected for delinquent city assessments to the city treasury instead of the county treasurer, as at present.

Under the present charter provisions, property owners are offered a 10 per cent rebate on assessments if they will pay within thirty days of receiving the assessment notices. That causes a leakage in the permanent improvement revolving fund on every contract. The seventh proposition is to stop this leakage by changing the rebate of 10 per cent to a penalty of 10 per cent in case of failure to pay up promptly.

The eighth and last proposition does away with a technical error. At present one section of the charter says that the fire commissioners shall serve without compensation. Another section allows them $200 a year. One commissioner is serving without pay and the other two are drawing the $200. The object of the last amendment is to make the office of fire commissioner strictly non-compensating.

CHURCH BAZAR.

Bethany Swedish Lutheran Church Arranging For One.

Bethany Swedish Lutheran church will give a bazar the last week of this month, commencing Tuesday, Oct. 28 and closing Nov. 1. The list of committees is herewith given:

General management. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, Mesdames Carl Olson, Alfred Dahl.

Voting—Mesdames Alfred Erickson, C. J. Bjork, Miss Alvina Shalgren.

Young Men's Booth—Messrs. A. O. Berg, John Anderson, Sam Anderson, B. Lindan, Chas. Melander, A. Rodell.

Young Ladies' Fancy Booth—Misses Mary Swanstrom, Anna Nelson, Christine Nelson, Minnie Johnson, Rika Mork.

Busy Bee Booth—Mrs. Ellen Cassil, president.

Flower Boot—Misses Carrie Johnson, Annie Carlson, Isabelle Bjork, Edith Akerstrom, Mary Dahl.

Ice cream and coffe parlor—Misses Mary Anderson, Lydia Beckman, Hilda Lagerstedt, Edith Carlson, Anna Mathson.

Grocery department—Messrs. Henry Johnson, Frank Erickson, M. H. Johnson, A. F. Johnson, Henry Trulson, Carl Olson, O. A. Anderson.

Decoration—Messrs Louis Erickson, Oscar Wilson, Gust Nelson, Carl Hammarstrom, Alex Nelson, Mesdames, Frederick Fahrman, M. Peterson, B. E. Wellberg, Gust Cassel.

Hardware and shoe department—Dr. A. F. Elmquist, Charles Johnson, B. E. Wellberg, B. Timanson, Edward Akerstrom, Carl Hammarstrom, A. B. Welander, Andrew Andrew, F. W. Norquist, Mesdames C. J. Bjork, S. Dahl, A. Halmstrand, L. J. Willner.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Acts promptly.

VETERANS IN REVIEW

(Continued From Page 1.)

Schumacher; Georgia, Commander W. M. Scott; Alabama, Commander E. D. Bacon; North Dakota, Commander J. C. Gipson; Oklahoma, Commander Westey Taylor and Potomac, Commander B. F. Bingham.

REVIEWED PARADE.

Washington, Oct. 8.—President Roosevelt today reviewed the Grand Army parade in his carriage. He was carried down stairs from his room on the second floor of the temporary White House in an invalid's chair at 11:10 o'clock this morning and amid the cheers of a large crowd was placed in the carriage, in which there was a support to his injured leg. He was accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou and Col. Bingham, his military aide. His carriage was guarded by a platoon of mounted police under command of Maj. Sylvester, superintendent of police. As the carriage appeared on the avenue, the president was greeted with loud cheers. The president stopped at the reviewing stand for a moment until the marshals of the parade and Rawlin's post of Minneapolis, on the right of the line, had passed and then drove down the avenue to the peace monument at the foot of the capitol. The veterans faced the carriage as the president drove by and saluted him. There was continued cheering from the crowds as the president drove along.

Leave Chicago 12 Noon, Arrive New York 8 a. m.

Chicago time, going through in twenty hours on the Pennsylvania Special, made up of club car with bath and barber shop, dining car, drawing room and compartment sleeping cars, and entirely new, Observation compartment cars. H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, will answer inquiries on the subject.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—
DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Thursday, Oct. 8.—The barometer is low over Lake Superior and high over the South and Northwest. Warmer temperatures prevail over Lake Superior, Manitoba, North Dakota and Montana and cooler over the Ohio valley, Assiniboia, Alberta and Nevada. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk westerly. Very light rains fell over Washington, Oregon, eastern and northern Lake Superior, Lake Erie and the upper Ohio valley.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	76	Medicine Hat	72
Battleford	72	Memphis	72
Bismarck	74	Miles City	80
Boston	72	Milwaukee	66
Buffalo	58	Minnedosa	70
Calgary	60	Modena	76
Charleston	76	Montgomery	76
Chicago	66	Moorhead	70
Cincinnati	66	New Orleans	76
Davenport	70	New York	68
Denver	80	North Platte	78
Detroit	62	Oklohoma	72
Dodge City	76	Omaha	74
Duluth	64	Pittsburg	62
Edmonton	60	Port Arthur	60
El Paso	80	Portland	58
Escanaba	56	Qu Appelle	72
Galveston	76	Rapid City	78
Green Bay	62	San Francisco	60
Havre	78	Santa Fe	68
Helena	72	Shreveport	80
Houghton	56	Spokane St.	70
Huron	76	St. Louis	74
Jacksonville	71	St. Paul	66
Kamloops	62	St. Ste. Marie	56
Kansas City	74	Swift Cur.	74
Knoxville	70	Washington	68
La Crosse	66	Williston	76
Los Angeles	74	Winnemucca	70
Marquette	56	Winnipeg	64

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Thursday: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Cooler. Fresh and brisk westerly winds. H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Thursday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Cooler Thursday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Cooler in north portion tonight and in east portion Thursday.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday. Slightly cooler.

Upper lakes—Brisk southwest winds, becoming northwest on Lake Superior tonight and northerly on Michigan and Huron Thursday. Generally fair except possibly showers on Superior and northern Huron tonight.

Now Up to the Coal Operators.

The burden of the coal operators' song at the white house conference was that the union miners were criminals, that they murdered non-union men and by their acts of violence prevented the operation of the mines because men who were willing to work were afraid to do so lest they be killed. "Give us enough soldiers to protect the miners and we will turn out enough coal to supply the people," they said. They now have an opportunity to "make good" their claims. The governor Pennsylvania has ordered out all the state militia and ample protection is thus assured for every man who desires to work in the mines. If the operators can get enough men to cut the coal they now have a chance to do so, with complete assurance that the men will not be molested. If they cannot get enough men to work the mines under these conditions, it will be positive proof that the claims they have been making are without foundation. Now let them operate the mines or grant the demands of the union miners and end the strike.

The History of New Mexico.

Thus far all attempts to place New Mexico in the circle of states of the Union, have signally failed, although there is more hope for it at present than ever before. Although never a state, New Mexico has some of the oldest settlements in the country, and their history is to be further investigated by a society formed at Albuquerque for that purpose. With the exception of St. Augustine, Fla., it is probable that Santa Fe, and possibly one or two other settlements in New Mexico have had longer continuous life than any other communities in the United States. There is some uncertainty about the dates at which those places in New Mexico were established, and this one of the things on which the studies of the new society in Albuquerque may be expected to soon throw some light. That body has a very interesting field in which to work, and it is to be hoped that it will make intelligent use of its opportunities. Back in the days of Charles V, the region which we call New Mexico, and which the Spaniards centuries ago and the Mexicans of a later time knew by that name, first made its appearance in history. Coronado, in his search for the fabled golden land of Cibola (the Zuni pueblos), passed through New Mexico two-thirds of a century before Newport, Gosnold and Capt. John Smith, at Jamestown, Va., laid the foundations of the first permanent settlement of English-speaking people on the American continent. This Spanish conquistador left very little trace of his foray into that region. Another Spaniard, however, Onate, from the base which Cortez established for Spain in Mexico a score of years before Coronado's time, took possession of New Mexico about half a century after Coronado's expedition, or around 1598, and, it may be said, from that day to this white settlement in it has been maintained continuously. New Mexico remained Spanish territory until the revolution of 1821 against Ferdinand VII. It was a province of Mexico from that time to 1846, when Kearney made his conquest, and it has been United States territory ever since. New Mexico has many things to entitle it to statehood, and there is more than an even chance that it will be received in the near future.

VAN SANT AGAINST MINERS.

The sympathy of Governor Van Sant is with the coal barons of the East, who are responsible for the inconvenience and suffering to which the people of the United States are being subjected by the fuel famine, due to the shutting down of operations at the anthracite mines. In an interview which he gave to the Chicago Times-Herald, when asked for an expression of opinion on the failure of the White House conference, Governor Van Sant said:

"It is unfortunate that the coal strike could not have been settled. I recognize the principle involved. It is difficult to blame the operators. It is a battle that must be fought to a finish. If Mr. Mitchell would resign, I assume that it would not be difficult to arbitrate. There appears to be a personal hostility to Mitchell. From this distance it seems an intricate problem. Let us hope that it will be speedily settled. While the larger cities of Minnesota may suffer because of the scarcity of coal, we have an unlimited supply of wood and will not freeze. In the meantime the laborers in the coal mines are on the verge of starvation, and if they live twenty years they will not be able to catch up financially with the loss they have sustained this year through idleness."

"It is difficult to blame the operators," says the governor. Therefore it is the natural presumption that he blames the miners. Of course, it is his privilege to take this view of the struggle being made by the underpaid miners in the anthracite region to better their condition and securing living wages and fair treatment by the operators who have amassed fortunes from the mines and are living in luxury. It is his privilege to hold this opinion and to express it—but he should not expect any member of organized labor in Minnesota to assist in electing to the governorship of Minnesota one who thus assumes an attitude of hostility to those who are fighting a great battle in behalf of union labor; nor should he presume to ask for the vote of others who sympathize with the down-trodden and oppressed miners and condemn the arrogant position of the operators in refusing to submit the differences to the arbitration of an impartial tribunal appointed by President Roosevelt.

Governor Van Sant, in the exercise of his right to free speech, can talk on either side of this question as he pleases, but he should not presume to give utterance to such views in his official capacity, because they do not reflect the views of the people of Minnesota and their expression places this state in a false light. The people of Minnesota do not find it difficult to blame the operators. On the contrary, they are vigorous and unqualified in condemnation of the operators; their sympathies are with the poorly paid, half-starved miners and their families; they regard with admiration the fair and reasonable attitude assumed by President Mitchell, a man of heroic character and wise counsel; and they applaud the decision of the miners not to yield to the unfair request that they should now, after five months of hardship, suffering and sacrifice, return to work without a single concession, when victory is almost within their grasp.

It is a shame that Minnesota should have in the governor's chair one who so grossly misrepresents public sentiment on this question. The voters should remember this when they go to the polls in November.

DEPRESSION IN HAWAII.

It is cause for regret that the senatorial committee, which has just returned from an exhaustive investigation of affairs in Hawaii, should feel compelled to report a serious depression in industrial and business circles in the various islands of the group. While it is claimed that this is due to the low price and scarcity of labor, it perhaps can be more properly charged to lack of enterprise on the part of the American and foreign settlers there, who should be able, with such natural advantages, to work out their own salvation.

Not much can be expected of the natives. Many of them still hope for a return to the peaceful days of the kings and queens, where the white man's power was unknown. To them the republican institutions which annexation by the United States has brought are more burdensome and irksome than the tight reins of an all-powerful monarch. The rulers of Hawaii were never cruel nor exacting, and the natives would welcome a return to the days when they could eat without work, and when the fields and the sea offered up an abundance of every necessity, and often luxury without labor of any kind. They do not understand the laws of the United States, laws which to them seem more harsh than those of the provisional government and the old republic, and the like of which had never been known in the reign of Queen Liliuokalani or the merry King Kalakua.

The senatorial commission heard at length the claims of Queen Lil ter the crown lands. The Hawaiian people have ever claimed that the overthrow of the monarchy was due to the aid of the United States and the marines which had been landed from the Boston to protect the interests of American citizens. Especially in connection with the efforts of the queen to prove her claims to the crown lands were the stories of the bloodless revolution of 1893 repeated. This has ever been a sore spot in the minds of the Hawaiians, and it is because of the fact that Governor Dole was one of the leaders in that movement that the natives have so much hate for him as governor. Dole and a few other men, almost alone and unaided, took the control of the government from Liliuokalani in 1893, there being no resistance. The presence of marines from the Boston has always been attributed as the reason for this failure to resist the overthrow, and it is because of this that the queen now makes claim upon the United States for the crown lands. These lands, which are worth millions of dollars, and include the most valuable sugar lands in the islands, were at that time the property of the queen, as ruler. The revenues from them went for the support of the ruler and the government. The natives even yet do not understand that they can be private property owners, looking as always to the chief or reigning monarch as sole owners.

In case congress ever decides in favor of the former queen, it will not be possible to turn over the lands to her, as much has been sold, but a lump sum would be allowed for taking her throne. It is hard to predict previous to the report of the commission, what the outcome will be. At all events it is certain that justice will be done the dusky queen and her followers.

John Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers' union, commands the respect of the American people. He has conducted the great strike in an able manner and has given the miners good advice, counseling them against violence and other unlawful acts. His bearing at the White House conference was dignified and conciliatory, in marked contrast to the arrogant, insolent attitude of the coal operators. Yet Governor Van Sant says Mitchell should resign and finds it "difficult to blame the operators."

So strong is the belief in Susquehanna county, Pa., that the end of the world is near at hand that a number of farmers have left their homes, turning their stock out on the commons, and are living in camp. Many will not sow their fall grain and say they will not put a single grain of seed in the ground, as the Lord is certainly coming this year. A few of the most sanguine have made ascension robes. They will probably awaken from their delusion when colder weather comes.

The anthracite miners would be foolish to return to work now without any concessions, upon the vague promise of an investigation by a presidential commission. They have the tight nearly won and should not yield.

The suggestion has been made that Mr. Carnegie might buy the Pennsylvania coal mines and arrange to furnish coal to the public at a fair price after paying the miners decent wages.

If the Filipinos are unfitted for self-government, why have so many been appointed to office by the American administration in the islands?

A new department store in Chicago has its newspaper advertisements printed in ten different languages. That idea should make a ten-strike.

"Saw wood and say nothing," is an old motto. Some people, however, are likely to talk vigorously while sawing wood this winter.

The addition during September of $11,000,000 to the treasury surplus is further proof that the tariff can stand a little trimming.

A married woman in Buffalo, aged 101, says that she has never been angry. But what may be her definition of anger?

Governor Van Sant's sympathy is with the coal barons of the East. Let him look to them for votes in November.

The man who declines or resigns is lost. Note the complete disappearance of Speaker Henderson.

And now instead of saying "he cuts no ice," remember to say "he shovels no coal."

CRUSADER

Kensit Dies From Results of His Recent Wounds.

Liverpool, Oct. 8.—John Kensit, the anti-ritualistic crusader who was seriously injured Sept. 25 at Birkenhead, near Liverpool, by being struck with a chisel thrown at him after he had addressed a meeting, died today of pneumonia, supervening from the wound. His son, who is participating in the anti-ritualistic campaign, and who was recently imprisoned for refusing to find bail to keep the peace by abandoning holding meetings, was permitted by the home secretary to visit his father yesterday. Young Kensit was escorted by police to the hospital here, where the elder Kensit had been under treatment since the day he was injured. After an affecting meeting the son returned to prison.

The elder Kensit's protests against the confirmation of ritualistic bishops on several occasions caused sensational scenes. Among the most prominent incidents of the deceased's career was the disturbance which he created at St. Cuthbert's church, Kensington, on Good Friday, 1898, by his protest against "the adoration of the cross," according to the Roman Catholic faith.

THE HEIRS SETTLED.

Daly Estate Pays Claim of Confederate Association.

New York, Oct. 8.—A claim of $50,000 made against the estate of the late Marcus Daly, the copper magnate, by the Confederate Memorial association has been compromised. The heirs of the millionaire have agreed to give $20,000 in settlement of claims and the suit has been discontinued. Mr. Daly in October, 1899, subscribed $50,000 to the Confederate Memorial association for the purpose of erecting a building in memory of confederate soldiers. At the time of his death the sum promised remained unpaid. The executors refused payment and suit was brought in the supreme court.

TO BUILD MASONIC HOME.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—A great Masonic home is to be erected in Moultrie county by the grand lodge, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons of Illinois. A tract of 120 acres of land in Moultrie county has been bequested to the grand lodge upon condition that a home for aged Masons and Masons widows and orphans be erected upon it, and an appropriation of $125,000 has been made to cover the expenses of putting up suitable buildings.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Hotel clerks have to go up against hard-looking signatures every day, but one on the Spalding register yesterday came near taking the cake, as the hotel chef would say. It began with five connected angles such as fairly good writers use in M's and N's. Then came a figure of eight placed upon its side, then eight more angles, then, separated a little, five more. The clerks made a variety of names out of it, and indeed it was susceptible of a very large and varied number of constructions. When the guest paid his bill, however, he said his name was William C. Cameron, of New York.

* * *

James Whalen, who is a guest at the St. Louis, has come here to take away one of Duluth's fast horses, one which has been a familiar figure in all of the local meets. He has purchased W. C. S. William Randall's 2:26 pacer, and he will take the horse back to Port Arthur with him on the next boat. W. C. S. was entered for Friday's race meet.

* * *

Senator C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, who represented the Fifty-second district in the last two sessions of the legislature, was at the St. Louis this morning on his return from a visit to St. Paul. Senator McCarthy announced on his recent visit here that he was thinking of locating in Duluth.

* * *

Frederick Weyerhaeuser, the St. Paul lumber king, came up from St. Paul last evening and stopped at the Spalding. He left this morning.

* * *

Corner, the St. Paul caterer, is at the Spalding. He will be the caterer for the Sellwood-Leithhead wedding, which takes place this evening. Mr. Dorner is accompanied by Mrs. Dorner and Miss Fewer.

* * *

A. E. Darling, of Minneapolis, who is connected with the Minneapolis Coal and Lumber company, is in the city on a buying trip, and he is stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

J. W. Irwin, a Bemidji lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

Parties looking for farming lands on which to locate are becoming a feature of the hotel arrivals. At the St. Louis this morning were M. S. Green, J. Tindall and John Andrews, of Spencer, Iowa, who are here on that errand.

* * *

At the St. Louis: Matthew Hayes, Nebagamon; P. W. Henry, Winona; C. Wendling Hastings, Houghton; P. G. Pastoret, Two Harbors; Pames Brady, Carlton; M. H. Moffatt, Island Lake; N. A. Neff, Minneapolis; S. H. Date, Floodwood; J. Q. Haas, St. Paul; P. W. Scott, Virginia; Charles Ashland, Walker.

* * *

At the Spalding: Miss Clara B. McClure, Saginaw; H. A. Brown, Scanlon; C. G. Forest, Bagley; Dr. and Mrs. M. K. Knapp, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Warren, Milwaukee; L. R. Loomis, St. Paul; J. H. Nelson, Madison, Wis.; H. M. Pulker, Boston; Junius Howe, New York; Swason Bradshaw, Minneapolis; J. B. Loebdell, St. Paul; Francis Keough, Marquette.

* * *

At the McKay: Henry Taylor, Detroit; J. L. Luce, Detroit; John B. Ryan, Minneapolis; D. K. Felf, St. Paul; W. H. Adams, Minneapolis; H. A. Christianson, Minneapolis; John Fastel, St. Paul; A. R. Adkin, Minneapolis; J. H. Smith, St. Paul; Robert F. Perry, St. Paul.

THE STAGE

"A Poor Relation," Sol Smith Russell's famous play, was presented at the Lyceum last evening by a company headed by Horace Lewis. The play is a pretty one, delightful in sentiment and strongly appealing to the sympathies. Like many of the plays of times gone by, however, it has a villain of the unnatural and extravagant type, who brings down upon himself the jeers and hooting of the gallery gods and makes one feel genuinely sorry for the poor fellow that has to play the part. The old style is also seen in its talkiness and the great number of "asides."

Mr. Lewis gives a fine impersonation of the poor inventor, childlike in his simplicity and innocence, with a nature delicate, tender and generous, and yet proud as the mightiest in spite of his abject poverty. here is less of the spontaneous humor in his interpretation than Mr. Russell gave to the part, but he touches the heart strings effectively, playing the part touchingly and sympathetically.

In a short speech before the curtain, in response to a curtain call, he spoke of the satisfaction it gave him to play in Duluth and have his efforts appreciated, for many years ago he ran from St. Paul to Duluth as a newsboy, at a time when it took an entire day to make the trip.

The support was fair. George R. Sprague was excellent as Roderick Faye, the rich manufacturer with a shrewish second wife who hates her step-daughter because of the father's love for her. Portia Albee was very good as "Scollops," the terror of the top floor of the tenement. The children, Little Winkle and Miss Bibbins, were pleasing.

Tonight "A Poor Relation" will again be given.

* * *

"A Modern Magdalen," the powerful play by Haddon Chambers, the author of "Captain Swift," which will be produced here for the first time by the Amelia Bingham Special company, as suggested by its title, deals with the tribulations of a beautiful woman who sacrifices her honor to save those she dearly loves, and is a pregnant lesson of the heartlessness of the world in casting stones at the unfortunate. Enlisted in the production are W. J. Ferguson, Franklyn Roberts, Daniel Jarrett, Victor M. de Silke, Harry Lillford, Bernard C. McGuire, Frederick Leet, Agnes Findlay, Katherine Fisher, Maud Furness, Grace Cornish, Eveline Haven, Lillian Wright and Rosella Knott.

* * *

E. J. Carpenter's big scenic spectacle, "A Little Outcast," comes to the Lyceum Friday. Some idea of the enormity of the production may be had from the fact that two tons of electrical appliances, and over 600 yards of silk, are used in the fire scene alone.

MANY CAUGHT

Duluthians Hard Hit In Slump In Stocks.

The slump in stocks which the market has been experiencing for three weeks or more has caught many Duluthians. Particularly in Northern Securities stock have the Duluth speculators been hard hit. There were tips out on every side to buy Northern Securities when the stock was from 114 to 118. It was not alone in Duluth either, but all over the Northwest. Men coming from St. Paul whispered that the stock would never stop until it reached 150.

Every commission house in Duluth that would deal in the stock has been loaded with customers buying Northern Securities. Not all deal in it, for it is a "curb" stock and not a regularly listed one.

Within the past day or two a large number of these buyers have been selling out, taking losses of anywhere from 50 to 10 points. They are convinced that the money panic was foreseen and that the buying movement was inspired deliberately to unload a lot of the stock at top prices.

Many have been caught in other stocks as well, but the number in Northern Securities was probably greatest.

In the meantime those holding Calumet & Arizona, Lake Superior and Pittsburg and Calumet and Pittsburg, the group of copper stocks of which Messrs. Cole, and others are at the head, are smiling blandly at those who expected to get rich quickly in the New York market.

Best Pianos Best Prices

Here are Steinway, Knabe, Kranich & Back, Ivers & Pond, Emerson, Ludwig, Krell, Dyer Bros., and other well-known makes in various handsome woods in profusion. It's a wonderful stock, gathered in anticipation of a wonderful season. **Here are a few used Piano Bargains:**

$150 —for a Kimball Upright Piano—used.

$175 —Mahogany, full sized, refinished Willard—great Bargain.

$335 —Large size Krell—walnut case—regular $450 style.

Easy Monthly Payments. If unable to come, write for CATALOGUE.

The way to get the best of anything is to go to headquarters. We are tied to no trust, no piano factory or combination of dealers. We have ample capital and perfect freedom to get the best pianos the world produces. No wonder the Duluth Music Co. is the best as well as the largest piano store at the head of the lakes. No wonder the Duluth Music Co.'s standard is high—no wonder its prices are low.

The Duluth Music Co. plan of piano selling brings success to us and satisfaction to our patrons. TRY IT.

Duluth Music Co.

Largest Piano House at head of the lakes.
Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.
Cor. Superior Street and Lake Ave.

THE DAKOTAS.

Serious Fire at Fessenden Threatened Town With Destruction.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fessenden—Fire, which threatened the entire town with destruction, broke out Tuesday in the Dakota elevator, supposedly from a spark from a passing locomotive. The elevator, containing 20,000 bushels of grain, was destroyed, also the coal sheds which contained the principal supply of coal for the town. The court house and a number of residences were set on fire by flying embers, but quick work, and absence of wind saved the town.

Cando—"The flax belt circuit" of opera houses was recently organized with S. Small, of Devils Lake, manager. It includes twenty-five of the best towns northwest of Grand Forks. The purpose of the organization is to secure better attractions.

The Republican campaign will be opened in Cando by Senator McCumber, who will speak on the evening of Oct. 10.

It has been decided to establish a waterworks and sewerage system in Cando and the city council is negotiating with a representative of the Sciplic system.

Rev. H. C. Klingel has resigned his charge of the M. E. church in this city.

Jamestown—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of John Nichols on an unusual charge. The complaint was sworn to by Walter W. Ford, who alleges that Nichols stole four horses belonging to the complainant from their customary range near Eldridge. In law this is considered a misdemeanor. The horses have not been located and a more serious charge may be preferred. Three horses belonging to Henry Sharlow are also missing.

Kensall—In a free-for-all scrap John Spencer had his right leg broken and M. C. Rafferty put a bullet through the index finger of his right hand—a bullet said to have been intended for Bob Friedly. Rafferty was given a jail sentence, Friedly was let off on account of illness and it was considered that Friedly had been punished enough.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Armour—Last summer Johnson Bros. of this city, engaged a young man, R. C. Burns, to do abstract work. Later he left suddenly and when they again heard from him he was in Chicago. A day or two later they received a telegram stating that he had died of pneumonia. Now they are in receipt of a letter disclosing a discovery of what seemed to be an effort to get him out of the way because of an inheritance. It is believed Burns decided to quit Armour and for want of a better excuse wired Johnson Bros. he had died of pneumonia.

Canton—The structural work on the Rudolph, Canton's big new hotel, is practically completed. B. W. Johnson, the proprietor, has returned from the East, where he purchased the finest furniture he could find, and it is now arriving in car lots. The house will open about Oct. 20. The building cost about $25,000, was erected by O. W. Rudolph and is one of the finest hotel structures in the state. Mr. Johnson comes from Redfield, where he conducted the New Central house.

Flandreau—The fusionists put up the following ticket under the name of the People's party: State senator, Ole J. Aaker; representatives, Charles McFarland and Knute Holvig; treasurer, Thomas Kelley; auditor, Lewis Drake; register of deeds, J. B. Orth; sheriff, Ruf Wheatley; state's attorney, Ed Jordan; superintendent, Miss L. Simons; clerk of courts, W. S. Metcalf; county commissioners, Ed Gray and George Cook.

Spearfish—The Deadwood and Spearfish stage coach was overturned and the driver, Harvey Fellows, sustained a scalp wound and a severe injury to one of his legs. A lady who was riding on the seat with him was not injured. Several passengers were inside the coach, one of them receiving a fractured leg, the others escaping.

Huron—Children playing with matches started a fire that destroyed some stables and cremated Walter, the 5-year-old son of L. B. Baker. Children of three families, five in number, were playing in the stables at the time. Firemen rescued four, thinking there were no others, till too late to save the Baker child.

MISS ANTHONY DISGUSTED

Because Cupid Stole Away Her Secretary.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 8.—At the Dann-Mason wedding Thursday, the bridesmaid will be none other than Susan B. Anthony, the veteran woman suffragist. The bride will be Miss Anna Dann, private secretary to Miss Anthony for a number of years, and the groom, Gilbert T. Mason, of this city.

Although Miss Anthony has tried to instill into Miss Dann's tender mind her own views on woman's proper sphere, Cupid got the best of the argument. While plainly disgusted, when she heard of the approaching event, regard for her secretary won Miss Anthony over and she consented to have it take place at her home and to act as bridesmaid.

The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Anna Shaw. The only decorations will be black-eyed Susans and maiden-hair ferns.

IN MICHIGAN.

Fugitive Hale Seen at Echo Bay Farm House.

Sault Ste. Marie—It is reported that Noah Hale has been located at Echo bay. He called at a farm house yesterday and received a meal, representing he was a cattle buyer. He had a shotgun which he took with him from his home, and was not recognized until after he had left the house. Officers are in hot pursuit, Dewitt Hale's condition is about the same, and but little hope is entertained for her recovery.

Baraga—Homer Penrock, 20 years old, lies in a critical condition as a result of a modernized William Tell act. Pennock and Edward Robillard secured a rifle and practiced shooting cigars out of each others' mouths. Pennock shot first and missed. Then Robillard took aim at the cigar held between Pennock's lips. He missed the cigar, but the bullet tore away Pennock's jaw.

Ishpeming—The traveling men of Negaunee and Ishpeming have formed an indoor baseball team. Games will be arranged with Marquette and other teams in the peninsula.

Negaunee—The total receipts of the late firemen's tournament at Negaunee were $3600. After paying all expenses a balance of $150 was turned over to the local fire companies.

Calumet—Justice Trathen's court at Calumet was the scene of an interesting jury trial, in which Barbara Sadler brought suit against John Jarman to recover $40. Both parties are Austrians and Barbara claimed that when she first landed in this country and was unacquainted with the snares and pitfalls which lie in the path of the unsuspecting foreigner, Jarman relieved her of the sum mentioned. With the assistance of Attorney Driscoll she convinced the jury of the justice of her cause and received a verdict for the full amount.

Lake Linden—While riding a bicycle Sunday morning on the pier leading to the coal dock at the Arcadians mills, August Johnson, section boss on the branch of the Mineral Range railway, between the stamp mill and the Arcadian mine, lost his balance and fell into the lake, drowning before assistance could reach him. The accident occurred about 10:30 o'clock and was witnessed by only one person, a companion of Johnson's, who was walking out on the pier at the time.

MAN OF MANY CRIMES.

Allegations Against Shope, Arrested In Wyoming.

Sheridan, Wyo., Oct. 8.—Theodore A Shope, employed as a Union Pacific brakeman, has been placed under arrest by Sheriff J. A. Kennedy, of White county, Arkansas, and will be taken East to answer to the crimes of attempted murder, bigamy and grand larceny.

Shope was formerly employed on the Iron Mountain road in Arkansas, where it is alleged he organized a gang of railroad men and systematically robbed freight cars on the road. It is said he married five different women without getting a divorce, and drove the last of his wives insane by his cruel treatment, attempting to murder her at one time.

IS ORGANIZED.

United States Realty and Construction Company.

New York, Oct. 8.—Permanent organization of the United States Realty and Construction company has been effected by a committee of the board of directors. Officers were elected as follows: President, Bradish Johnson; chairman of the board, H. S. Black; vice presidents, Albert Flake, Robert E. Dowling, S. P. McConnell; secretary, R. G. Babbage; treasurer, B. M. Fellows.

The executive committee will have the following members: James Stillman, chairman; Charles M. Schwab, Albert Flake, Robert E. Dowling, H. S. Black, Hugh J. Grant and Henry Morgenthal.

The board of directors includes only three names that were not mentioned in the provisional list made public several weeks ago, namely, John W. Gates, Cornelius Vanderbilt and P. A. Valentine, of Chicago. This gives the board a membership of twenty-five, which ultimately will be increased to thirty.

TO GIVE BIG PARTY.

The Duchess of Manchester Is to Entertain.

New York, Oct. 8.—The Duchess of Manchester, who was Miss Zimmerman of Cincinnati, and who recently gave birth to a son and heir, is making marvelous progress toward recovery, cables the Herald's London correspondent. Already arrangements are well formed for a big party at Tanderagee castle, the Manchesters Irish seat, to take place shortly. This will be the first party of any importance which the duchess has given since her marriage.

STARTS FOR INDIA.

New York, Oct. 8.—Edward C. Carter, athlete and student, starts on his journey today, says a Cambridge, Mass., dispatch to the World, to begin his Christian work among the students of India. Carter was graduated from Harvard in 1900, but since then has been pursuing his studies in the gradual school. He will be supported by students of Harvard.

AMUSEMENTS.

TENTH YEAR

Star Lecture Course

First M. E. Church, Duluth.

Attractions for Season 1902-3.

1. BISHOP HENRY C. POTTER, of New York city. Subject: "The Civic Responsibility of the Individual."
2. HAMILTON W MABIE, editor of Outlook. Subject to be announced.
3. JACOB A. RIIS, of New York city. Subject: "The Battle With the Slums."
4. REV. RUSSELL H. CONWELL, Philadelphia. Subject: "Stonewall Jackson."
6. REV. MATT HUGHES, D. D., of Kansas City, Mo.
7. THE BRUNO STEINDEL COMPANY.
8. SPIERING STRING QUARTET.
9. THE DURINGS' SWEDISH QUINTET, of Stockholm, Sweden.
10. THE COLONIAL LADIES' MILITARY BAND, of Boston.
11. THE ALMONDBURY HAND BELL RINGERS, of England.
12. MISS KATHERINE JEWELL EVERTS.

Season ticket, for twelve entertainments, $2.50, and can now be had at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

Reserved seats for entire course from 10 cents to $1.00 extra, according to location.

Selection of seats for course tickets the first day in the lecture room of the church, Saturday, Oct. 11, at 1:30 p. m. Doors open at 1:25 p. m. Thereafter at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

There will be no "line-up."

Selection of "Course Reserves" at the church will be as follows: Season tickets will be consecutively numbered. Tickets bearing the same numbers will be put into a cylinder in the presence of the ticket holders, and thoroughly shook up. The first number drawn out will be entitled to the first choice of seats. The owner of the ticket bearing the number may select as many seats as he has numbers in the box (not exceeding four) which other numbers will be cancelled, and so on until all the numbers are drawn out of the box. If the owner of a number is not present when the same is drawn out of the box, that number will be laid aside for him and recalled "as waiting" at his request, upon his arrival; but shall not displace the numbers then selecting at the plat, or the numbers already called.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 7 and 8.
Mr. Fred G. Berger Presents
MR. HORACE LEWIS
In Sol Smith Russel's Famous Play
A Poor Relation
All the original scenery and properties.
Prices D. C. $1; Parquet 75c; F. C. & B. 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager

FRIDAY, OCT. 10.
"A LITTLE OUTCAST"
This season's enormous scenic sensation.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall, Manager

SATURDAY, OCT. 11.
AMELIA BINGHAM presents
MISS ROSELLE KNOTT
And a SPECIAL COMPANY
In Haddon Chambers' Remarkable Play:
"A Modern Magdalen."

HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER

The Pioneer Pure Phosphate Powder
Creates the Highest Standard
None Better at Any Price
25¢ a full lb. (16oz.)



BUCK'S
Hot Blast Heaters

Are the 20th century wonder in stoves.

They burn soft coal

Government tests show there is within 6 per cent as much heating power in soft coal as there is in hard coal.

Hard coal contains 6 per cent Gas and 82 per cent coke
Making a total of 88 per cent heating power.

Soft coal contains 38 per cent Gas and 44 per cent coke
Making a total of 82 per cent heating power.

The same statistics show that it has always required an average of 2½ tons of soft coal to go as far in all under-draft stoves as *ONE* ton of hard coal will go in heating power. This loss in soft coal has been caused by the gases in soft coal going out with the smoke and up the chimney in stoves of this class. Now, by this wonderful yet simple application of hot air through the hot blast feature is now consumed this 38 per cent of gas in soft coal, converting it into heating power. We not only utilize the gases for heat, but with this application of hot air, coming, as it does, through the slots of the fire pot into the top of the coal, where the gases come through, cause perfect combustion no matter whether the coal is in large or small lumps or slack. It cokes the coal as gases are consumed, giving you a steady, even fire from 8 to 10 hours as against 2 to 2½ hours in underdraft stoves. *IT HOLDS FIRE OVER NIGHT EQUAL TO ANY SELF-FEEDING BASE BURNER.*

SEEING IS BELIEVING.
We Are Burning One In Our Store.

Every day this week we will operate one of these stoves in our stove department, burning nothing but soft coal. Come in and see a soft coal heater the equal of any hard coal heater manufactured. Sold on easiest terms.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS. **French & Bassett** DULUTH. MINN. YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

VAN SANT ON STRIKE

Says It Is Difficult to Blame the Coal Operators.

Remarkable Opinion Has Caused Sensation In the State.

Mr. Rosing Made Gains By Trip to Iron Ranges.

"I recognize the principle involved. It is difficult to blame the operators. It is a battle that must be fought to a finish."

Thus speaks Samuel R. Van Sant, the governor of the commonwealth of Minnesota, on the coal strike.

This remarkable opinion has caused a sensation in the state, and a good many charitable people say that the governor must have given it when his advisers were not looking.

In effect he implies that the coal barons are not at fault in the position they have taken. The full statement, given by Governor Van Sant to the Chicago Record-Herald and published in Saturday's issue of that paper, is as follows:

"It is unfortunate that the coal strike could not have been settled. I recognize the principle involved. It is difficult to blame the operators. It is a battle that must be fought to a finish. If Mr. Mitchell would resign, I assume that it would not be difficult to arbitrate. There appears to be a personal hostility to Mitchell. From this distance it seems an intricate problem. Let us hope that it will be speedily settled. While the larger cities of Minnesota may suffer because of the scarcity of coal, we have an unlimited supply of wood and will not freeze. In the meantime the laborers in the coal mines are on the verge of starvation, and if they live twenty years they will not be able to catch up financially with the loss they have sustained this year through idleness."

This opinion probably aroused more interest than any of the other gubernatorial opinions received by the Chicago paper. The intimation that Minnesota has wood enough to keep the people from freezing, so that the operators need not make any extra effort on that account, will be an interesting matter to sympathizers with the cause of the striking coal men.

While the president of the United States says that the coal strike is a serious menace, and while he is laboring industriously to stop it, the governor of Minnesota says it must go on to the bitter end.

* * *

Leonard A. Rosing, the Democratic candidate for governor, returned from his trip over the iron ranges at 10 o'clock last night, accompanied by the Duluthians who went with him around the circle. He left last night for St. Paul. Mrs. Rosing, who had been visiting Mrs. M. B. Cullum, went with him, and so did Dr. and Mrs. Cullum.

Those who accompanied the Democratic candidate on the trip to the ranges included the following: Dr. Cullum, state committeeman; J. B. Richards, candidate for district judge; D. G. Cash, candidate for probate judge; August Hugberg, candidate for register of deeds; W. B. Miser, candidate for clerk of the district court and John Beutner, chairman of the county committee.

They all report that the trip was a most important one, and that it resulted in considerable gains for Mr. Rosing.

"It was a very pleasant trip all around," said Mr. Cash this morning. "I met more people in less time than I had any idea of before. We were in Hibbing, Virginia, McKinley, Biwabik, Tower and Ely, and Mr. Rosing had a splendid reception in every town. He made a most excellent impression upon men of all parties."

Mr. Rosing himself said that he was greatly pleased with his trip and with the cordial reception that had been given the party at every town.

"I appreciate more than ever the wonderful resources of this county," he said, "I noted that the mining companies do not maintain company stores, but allow their men to trade where and with whom they please. This is a splendid system, and I was glad to see it."

Mr. Rosing speaks in Duluth Oct. 23.

* * *

The Second Ward Republican club held a meeting last night and organized for the campaign with 108 members. George E. Randall was elected president and E. F. Chalk secretary. Speeches were made by L. R. Helbing, W. W. Butchart and J. B. Middlecoff, and there was considerable interest shown in the meeting.

* * *

Capt. M. L. Fay, the Democratic candidate for congress, will speak at Proctorknott tonight, and the following candidates will make short addresses: M. H. McMahon, candidate for county attorney; D. G. Cash, candidate for judge of probate; William Brown, candidate for member of the legislature.

* * *

The Democrats are looking forward with interest to the formal opening of the Democratic congressional campaign at the Armory Saturday night, when Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, and others will speak.

CONFERENCE.

Unitarian Ministers Meeting---Rev. Harry White to Speak.

Rev. Harry White leaves tonight for Minneapolis to attend the sixteenth annual meeting of the Minnesota Unitarian conference, at the First church in that city, where he reads a paper on "The Religious and Philosophical Ideas of Jonathan Edwards." Mr. White will be out of town over Sunday, and his pulpit will be occupied by Rev. William Ballou, of Fargo, who will speak on "The Things Men Live By."

The program for the Minneapolis conference is as follows:

THURSDAY.

10:30 a. m.—Ministers' meeting—
Essay—"The Eternal Foundations of the Moral Law" .....
Rev. J. M. Simmons, Minneapolis.
Essay—"The Religious and Philosophical Ideas of Jonathan Edwards" .....
Rev. Harry White, Duluth.
Discussion—Led by August Deligren, Minneapolis.
3 p. m.—Ministers' meeting—concluded—Informal discussion of practical problems.
8 p. m.—Services or worship—
Address of welcome .....
S. R. Child, Minneapolis.
Response .....
Hon. L. W. Collins, president of the conference, St. Cloud.
Conference sermon .....
Rev. Fred V. Hawley, secretary Western Unitarian conference, Chicago.

FRIDAY.

10 a. m.—Business session.
11:30 a. m.—Address—"Our Missionary Motive" .....
Rev. Charles E. St. John, secretary American Unitarian association, Boston.
12 m.—Devotional service, conducted by Rev. Emeline Harrington, Adrian.
3 p. m.—Addresses—"The Present Significance of Jesus." "The Jewish View."
Rev. S. N. Deinard, Minneapolis.
"The Miracles of Jesus and Modern Faith Healing" .....
Rev. M. D. Shutter, D. D., Minneapolis.
"Jesus and the Social Problem" .....
Rev. Elmer E. Gordon, Fargo.
"Jesus as a Spiritual Leader" .....
Rev. J. H. Jones, St. Cloud.
Closing session: 8 p. m.—Platform meeting—"The Unitarian Message" .....
"Channing and the Dignity of Man" .....
Walter L. Chapin, St. Paul.
"Emerson and the Immediateness of God" .....
Oscar W. Firkins, Minneapolis.
"Parker and the Gospel of Human Freedom" .....
Rev. R. W. Boynton, St. Paul.
"The Message as We Now Proclaim It."
Rev. C. E. St. John, Boston.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

UNITY CLUB.

Coal Strike Will Be the First Subject Discussed.

The Unity club will resume its season at the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, Monday evening, Oct. 20, with a discussion of the coal strike. Alfred Jaques and Henry F. Greene are to be the leaders. The subject is timely, and there will be much interest in the meeting. The Unity club's meetings have been continued during the winter season for years, and they have always been the most interesting and scholarly of all the similar discussions held in the city, which accounts for the fact that the club has outlived all of the numerous attempts to start clubs and associations with kindred objects.

The program for the first half of the season is partially completed, though the speakers are not yet determined for all of the five meetings, Nov. 3 "The Value of the Press" will be the subject, and A. Tomlinson will be one of the leaders. The other has not been selected. Nov 17, L. J. Hopkins will lead a discussion of "The Development in the Conception of Matter." Another timely subject that will be discussed Dec. 1 will be "Trusts," with Oscar Mitchell and Bert Fesler as the leaders. Dec. 15 Maeterlinck will be discussed, the speakers to be announced later.

After Over-Indulgence

get your stomach and liver into proper condition by using this renowned old family remedy

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

SPICER-FANNING CO.
The Northwest's Greatest Store.
1501-1507 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.

A Trial By Jury!

The Ladies of Duluth and Superior
The Judges!

We are glad to leave the decision in their hands!

Several Duluth dry goods stores, and *one* in particular, have taken exception to statements made by us in the Duluth papers, which were as follows:

First—That we are showing a larger and more varied assortment of stylish ready-to-wear garments than any other three stores in Superior and Duluth combined.

Second—That we guarantee a saving of over $2.50 to $25.00 on each and every garment on what you would pay elsewhere for equal qualities.

Third—That we give a positive guarantee with every garment sold that the style is absolutely correct or money refunded, any time before January 1st.

These are strong statements, but we stake our business reputation upon the truth of each and every one.

Blow, bluster and printer's ink are cheap, it is the goods and prices that count.

We are only too glad to have these facts disputed, comparisons are odious to some stores, not so at this Store.

Look, Compare, Investigate!

Compare styles, qualities, workmanship and prices; the more you compare, the more you investigate, the better for you and for us. Come here and judge for yourself. The Interstate cars stop at our doors, and we will cheerfully refund car fare both ways to any lady who makes us a visit and is not more than satisfied of the truth of our statements. Make up a party of your lady friends and come over any day. It will be the best paying investment you ever made.

We are really sorry to have hurt the feelings of one of Duluth's old landmarks, but business is business. We have the goods and are bound to tell you about them.

We do not now and never did claim to *create* styles—we leave that to the world-famous tailors of Paris, Berlin, London and New York. Our business is to select their choicest productions and offer them to you at reasonable prices, that is our sole mission. How well we have succeeded, we leave you to judge.

Our rents and other expenses are much less than Duluth merchants have to pay, and you get this difference in the lessened cost of goods. Scores of Duluth ladies do their shopping here. Ask any one of them why they come to this store. Try to find one that will not say as much or more for *this* store than we have said here. You owe it to yourself to prove the truth of our statements—you cannot afford to ignore the advantages offered you here, in the way of larger, better, and more varied assortments, exclusive styles and lower prices.

As the lawyers say, "Here we rest our case."
You, ladies, are the judge and jury combined.
We await your verdict with the utmost confidence!

Spicer-Fanning Co

The Northwest's Greatest Store,
1501-1507 Tower Avenue. West Superior, Wisconsin.

COAL GATE

On Track Causes Bad Wreck on the Burlington.

Galesburg, Ill., Oct. 8.—The fast mail train, east bound on the Chicago Burlington & Quincy road was badly wrecked here at 11:40 p. m. last night. Fireman Mahlon Sands, of Burlington, was instantly killed and Engineer Johnson was thrown through the window of his cab, but not seriously injured. No others were injured except a mail clerk, who sustained a few slight bruises. The engine was completely wrecked and the train of four cars derailed. The engine ran into the embankment and fell upon its side at right angles to the track, pinning the unfortunate greman beneath the tender. A coal gate had been dropped from the tender of a west-bound train and lay upon the south track. This caused the derailing of the engine.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe. They move the bowels gently, and by reason of the tonic properties, give tonic and strength to the glands. Max Wirth.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

EMMA THOMAS

Arraigned on Charge of Murdering Mike Miller.

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—A Washburn, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The preliminary examination of Miss Emma Thomas, alias Carreday, charged with the murder of Mike Miller, superintendent of the Ashland & Siskiwit railroad, was begun in the municipal court yesterday. The interest in the hearing is great, and owing to the big crowds court was adjourned to the town hall. Fred Witz was the first witness, and gave evidence as to the finding of the body of the dead man.

STOUT RENOMINATED.

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—A Menomonie, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: At the state senatorial convention for the 28th district last evening, the Hon. James H. Stout was nominated by acclamation to succeed himself as state senator. He was introduced and accepted the nomination in a brief speech endorsing the national and state administrations and the platforms thereof and was very strong in favor of John C. Spooner for United States senator.

Copenhagen, Oct. 8.—In the landsthing today Foreign Minister Deuntzer submitted a bill ratifying the cession of the Danish West Indies to the United States, and urged a speedy settlement of the matter. The first reading of the bill is fixed for Oct. 15, the second reading will occur Oct. 22.

Annual Fall Opening

By The Van Guard Clothing Co. Thursday Morning, Oct. 9

We wish to extend our courteous attention to our numerous patrons who have favored us with their liberal patronage in the past, by giving them the very best merchandise at the lowest prices. This fall our stock is especially interesting, consisting of a **$50,000** stock of the celebrated union made clothing for men and boys—gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Shoes and Rubbers, and 1000 dozen pieces Underwear of all descriptions, ranging in price from 75c to $3 per garment. We bought this stock direct from New York mills for a cash consideration, and we are in a position to sell this Underwear at HALF PRICE—that means it will give the people of Duluth an opportunity to buy at prices never before quoted. We mention a few items of interest to everyone in price, and you will find that the Van Guard is the place to trade.

Men's Suits.

Men's Fall Suits in black and blue checks, stripes and mixtures, regular $10.00 Suit, fall opening price—

$5.98

all-wool black worsteds, cashmere Suits, not a suit in the lot worth less than $12 or $14, this week, opening price,

$7.48

Take your choice of 40 Suits of the best imported French worsted, 18-oz. Clay, in black, blue and stripes, $16 and $18 value, your choice at fall opening—

$10.48

Overcoats.

Men's Fall and Winter Overcoats and Topcoats.

100 men's black and dark blue all wool kersey coats—union made, a coat that is a bargain at $10, opening price is **$5.98**

150 men's all wool coats, in black, blue, checks and stripes, very latest styles, $12 and $14 values, while they last **$8.98**

300 of the finest imported overcoats, ranging in price from $16 to $30, at **one-third off for opening**

Hats--Shoes.

All $2 union made hats, choice at opening---------- **$1.00**

All our union made $2 and $2.50 hats, choice at---------- **$1.25**

SHOES—That is where we lead—Men's working shoes, all solid made, satin calf, grain, lace or congress, choice of several lots **92c**

Men's special $3, $3.50, $4, $5 shoes, in vici kid box calf, patent leather—any shape toe, every pair guarant'd **$2.98**

Men's Pants.

100 pairs of all wool assorted patterns—worth from $2.00 to $2.50, for a few days of our opening, go at

$1.48

Men's $2.50, $2.75 and $3.00 Trousers, in neat stripe and checks, the very latest cut, choice opening price

$1.98

All wool Trousers in imported cloth, the very latest patterns, 50 different styles to select from, not a pair worth less than $4 to $5.00, choice at opening

$2.98

Bargains that are not to be compared with any shown elsewhere in the city. We wish to mention our specials in Underwear that we have displayed in our store on shelves, tables and aisles marked in plain figures. Don't hesitate, but buy now—as an opportunity like this will not occur again.

Van Guard Clothing Co.

LOOK FOR THE NUMBER, 407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

LOOKS FOR WINNING

Coach Park Expects Team to Be Victorious Saturday.

Will Play Swifter and More Confidently Than Last Week.

Some Changes In Line Up That Strengthen the Team.

Duluth high school will meet the football team of the St. Paul Mechanic Arts manual training high school Saturday at the Driving park.

Mechanic Arts school is said to have a strong team, heavy and fast. In a game with a lot of ex-college and high school players from the Omaha railway office in St. Paul last Saturday, they succeeded in rolling up a score of eighteen points against their opponents' five.

According to the St. Paul papers their fast offensive play rushed their opponents off their feet. They proved weaker on defense, however, and when the railroad men got the ball they managed to score.

The mechanics' backs, it is said, outplay the line, but they work together sufficiently well to give the local team a hard, hard game.

Coach Park's men have profited much by their experience in last Saturday's contest with St. Cloud and the coach is confident that his boys will put up twice as good a game this week as they did last.

To avoid the crowds of onlookers, which are accustomed to gather about the team every afternoon when they play on their regular field on Third street and Lake avenue, secret practice will be held every afternoon elsewhere.

When his bunch of players came in from their stunts last evening, Coach Park said:

"One or two of the men got 'Charlie horses' in the St. Cloud game, but they are better now, or nearly so. They'll all be perfectly well and in the best of condition by Saturday.

"The boys did well in practice today and we are going to win from the Mechanic Arts on Saturday. We're going to play a fast game. Last Saturday our team was a little slow, taking too long a respite between plays. Now we're going to play a game that will rush 'em off their feet.

"I'm going to move the old tackle, Capt. Potter, up into the line and put Harrison, who played the position last Saturday in at half back. Bradley will go in at full.

"Yes, from all accounts, the St. Paul men have a strong team, but so have we. We'll win. That is, we'll win if it's in the team to win. I was very much pleased with the work of all my boys last Saturday. It wasn't perfect, but it was promising. Just wait till they're coached up a little more."

The men share their tutor's confidence and when Capt. Larkin and his team arrive, they will have a hard nut to crack. At 3:30 Saturday the team will line up about as follows

Mechanic Arts.	Duluth.
Suthelmer.....	..Left end.....Whipple
Mannheimer.	..Left tackle..... ..Berg
Prendergast..	..Left guard....Howard
Smith..	....Center..... ..Safford
Pennington..	..Right guard..Richards
Cox.... ...	..Right tackle.....Potter
Geraghty....	....Right end.....Olson
Fitzsimmons..	..Quarter.....Peterson
Tostevin or Jurgens....	....Left half.....Harrison
Taylor....	....Right half..Cummings
Capt. Larkin....	Full back.....Bradley

Any amount of enthusiasm is rampant among the local high school students, and if the season is favored with kind benignity from the weather man, the financial side of the football enterprise will be a great success.

The High School Athletic association is already on a sound financial basis. The amount in the treasury has been augmented by some $65 derived from the concert given by the Schramm children last Friday evening, half the proceeds of which went to the association, and a fair margin over the expenses of the St. Cloud team was made on the gate receipts last Saturday.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used

GOLD DUST

It ***Multiplies***—your pleasures; ***Divides***—your efforts; ***Subtracts***—from your cares; ***Adds***—to your life.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.
Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.



THREE PRICES FOR CLOTHES

One price—a fair, legitimate figure—you can pay to the Friend agency. The other two prices you can pay to the tailor for trying to give you clothes of equal quality.

FRIEND BROTHERS CLOTHING CO. PHILADELPHIA

FRIEND CLOTHING

is above par in every respect. The style and cut are absolutely correct, the fit is perfect, and the finish and tailoring are up to the highest standard of custom-made garments.

The Friend label in the inside right hand pocket is a warrant of clothing excellence.

FRIEND-MADE IS BEST-MADE

THE FRIEND GUARANTEED CLOTHING IS FOR SALE BY

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY, DULUTH.

CARRIERS SWAMPED

Business of Postoffice Too Much For the Force.

Men Return at Night With Mail They Cannot Deliver.

Three New Men Allowed But Not Yet Furnished.

If the postoffice department will hurry along those three extra carriages that have been due for some time it will relieve the situation considerably.

The growth of the city and its business has resulted in making most of the present carriers' districts, particularly in residence portions, entirely too large and very unwieldy.

The result is that in some residence district where there are supposed to be two mail deliveries a day there is but one most of the time, and the most important mail of the day, which comes in the afternoon delivery, goes over to the next day.

A good many complaints go in, some direct to the carriers and some to the postoffice, but it is useless to complain, as the carriers are doing their best and the postoffice officers cannot relieve the situation until the department at Washington unwinds itself from its coil of red tape and gives Duluth the three extra carriers that have been promised.

A. Grabarkelwicz, superintendent of the free delivery system, so explained the matter yesterday afternoon.

"The situation cannot be relieved until the new carriers come into play," he said. "There will be no let-up in the mails from now to the holidays, for the busiest season of the year is upon us. We hope by January 1 to have the new carriers, and then I intend to redistrict the city, making three new carriers' districts. This will make all of the districts small enough so that patrons of the postoffice may be sure of the regular mail deliveries every day.

"As it is now, we are simply swamped part of the time. During the past ten days the mails have been so heavy that the carriers have brought back each night large bunches of mail that they were unable to deliver. With the holiday season not far ahead, the fall increase in business has set in, and there is not likely to be any improvement until after the holidays, when I hope the new carriers will be allowed."

Ordinarily most of the residence district mail is not so important, as most of the business mail goes into the business districts, where it is quickly delivered. Much of the residence mail is social and does not require prompt delivery. At the same time it is the policy of the postoffice department to deliver all mail as speedily as possible, and this policy is carried out except on occasions like this, where the business of an office grows so rapidly that it is hard to keep the office force in pace with it.

Kodol makes sick people well and weak people strong, by digesting what they eat. Take a dose after meals. Max Wirth.

HORSE KILLED.

Drops Through Ash Hole--- Man Narrowly Escapes.

Yesterday afternoon, at the rear of the Lyceum building, a horse met its death in a strange accident. The rear of the boiler room extends under the alley, and there is an opening in the alley about three feet square, through which ashes are hoisted. John Barrett, a drayman, had his horse at work hoisting ashes through this hole by means of a large bucket and a rope.

The horse became frightened, and before he could be stopped backed through the hole and dropped to the cement floor of the boiler room, thirty-five feet below, killing him almost instantly.

Mr. Barrett became entangled in the reins and felt himself being dragged after the horse. He instinctively grasped for something to save himself, and seized the most convenient object, a wagon, which was being used to remove the ashes. The reins snapped and he was saved from accident.

APPROVED.

Kitchi Gammi Club Endorses Action of Directors.

The annual meeting of the Kitchi Gammi club was held last evening, and A. B. Wolvin was elected president and W. J. Olcott, C. H. Graves and W. W. Walker were made directors. These are all re-elections except Mr. Walker, who is a new figure on the club's directorate.

After a very interesting session, attended by 140, the question of allowing the women to use a portion of the club rooms for entertainments was disposed of satisfactorily. An amendment to the by-laws making it regular failed of passage, but a resolution approving the action of the directors in permitting them was passed by a large majority. This allows a continuance of the custom of permitting the wives of members to occasionally use part of the club rooms for entertainments.

BREACH OF PROMISE.

Rejected Suitor Sued Woman But Lost Case.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 8.—A jury of twelve farmers in the Jefferson district court placed the seal of disapproval on one new Iowa idea in regard to marriage contracts. The jury refused to give a man a judgment for damages for breach of promise. One Jesse Eckert brought suit in court for $500 damages for breach of promise of marriage against Miss Kittie McKee. He attached property of the Fair young defendant of greater value than the sum claimed and proceeded to contest in court for his judgment.

On the trial he recited how he had made love to Miss Kittie and had won her heart and secured the promise of her hand, and how he had told the joyful news to his friends, and they had rejoiced with him. She testified in her own behalf, admitting the promise, but declaring that after the promise was made Eckert had developed a passion for strong drink, and for that reason she had refused to marry him. Miss McKee brought counter suit for $200 damages against Eckert for wrongful attachment of her property. The jury rendered a verdict of $1 in favor of Miss McKee, thus throwing the costs on Eckert and relieving Miss McKee of the embarrassing attachment.

HELD IN CAPTIVITY.

English Girl Who Married a Wealthy Arab.

Constantinople, Oct. 8.—The American and English residents of Constantinople are surprised by the announcement that Miss Isabel Dunn, the principal of the preparatory department of the American college of women, at Scutari, is married to an Arab, a descendant of the prophet Mohammed, and who might have been the next emir of Mecca, one of the highest religious officials in the Mohammedan world.

Unlike the ordinary Turkish subject, the emir is a progressive man, and about two years ago he sought an English tutor for his two sons. Miss Dunn applied for the position and was accepted. It is now known that she married her employer not long after. The jealousy and suspicion of the first wife was soon roused, and she discovered that it was not a teacher, but a rival and favorite wife that she was entertaining.

Expostulation was of no use, for the Mohammedan law of divorce is so simple that an old wife might suddenly find herself without a husband and home, but the first wife remembered a religious law that no one may become the emir of Mecca who had at any time been married to a woman who had ever had any religion other than Mohammedanism. This was a powerful weapon in the wife's hands, and immediately going to the sultan's palace she acquainted the authorities of the marriage of her husband to a Christian woman, and persuaded them to take action against him.

The porte had long been suspicious of the husband, and was rejoiced to find in this sufficient ground for his arrest, but before any action could be taken the emir learned what his wife had done and escaped into the interior, leaving Miss Dunn. In the large garden surrounding the house in Scutari is a small kiosk, a sort of summer house, just sufficient to keep off the sun and rain, and here the first wife has confined Miss Dunn. A servant brings scanty food and attends to her needs, but all communication with the rest of the world is cut off.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Con.

Dr. Phelan has removed his residence from the Spalding hotel to 405 East Third street.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer from any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.



A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

REAL RIVALS.

Airship Sailors Who Plan to Excel Each Other.

New York, Oct. 8.—There seems to be a bitter and amusing difference of opinion on Coney Island as to the merits of the airships that sailed over that part of the city late Wednesday afternoon.

Around Brighton Beach can be found any number of persons who will swear that Capt. Boice, who was on the quarter-deck of the Santos-Dumont ship, took several aerial figures, and did other difficult atmospheric stunts.

The Manhattan Beach contingent swear by Capt. Stevens.

"Say," said one of them, "when the ship starts next time, get a bet down on her. She will win out unless she's left at the post!"

Aeronaut Stevens believes he can give the Santos-Dumont ship ten minutes' start and beat it around the iron tower at West Brighton.

However that may be, the flight of the Santos-Dumont ship is regarded as creditable from the fact that Edward C. Boice, who had charge of it, was never in an airship before.

His nerve is remarkable.

His wife is not infatuated with the sport.

"I would much rather he'd attend to the propeller in the 'old mill,'" she said.

Boice declared that, beyond the fouling of his drag-rope with the wings of the propeller the performance came up to his expectations.

"I had perfect control of the ship at all times," he said.

"Within a week I propose to sail over New York city. I wonder what they would think if I alighted in City Hall park."

Professor Leo Stevens purposes to beat this by circling Liberty Statue and returning to Manhattan Beach.

"My ship is built on the proper plans," he said. "All I want now is to have the machinery work well. It is somewhat stiff as yet.

"I think I fully demonstrated that I had absolute control of the ship. In fact I am delighted with it. The accident when I descended was trivial.

"I did not intend to make the ascension at all, as there were several little things which needed improving. I simply went up to get the motor and the propeller into proper gear. They worked better than I expected, and when I saw the Santos-Dumont outfit go up I told the men to turn me loose.

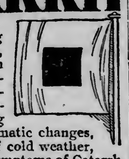
"The hardest test endured by the ship was the heat to windward. You can imagine how that propeller had to fly.

"I intend to sail from Manhattan Beach around the Liberty Statue and return within two weeks if I can get the balloon filled and working properly."

GOES LIKE HOT CAKES.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes Druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from throat and lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.

LOOK OUT FOR CATARRH



The cold-wave flag means zero weather, icy, moisture-laden winds, and the beginning of winter in earnest. To Catarrh sufferers there is nothing cheering in these climatic changes, for with the return of cold weather, all the disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh appear: blinding headaches, dizziness, a stuffy feeling about the nose that makes breathing difficult, chest pains, and as the disease progresses, a discharge of nauseating matter from the throat and nose keeps one continually hawking and spitting.

Catarrh is a most disgusting disease. The foul mucous secretions that are constantly dropping back into the stomach contaminate and poison the blood and is distributed throughout the body, and it then becomes a deep-seated, systemic, persistent disease that must be treated through the blood, for it is beyond the reach of sprays, washes, powders or external treatment of any kind.

S. S. S. soon clears the system of all Catarrhal matter and purges the blood of the irritating poisons, thus effectually checking the further progress of this serious and far reaching disease.

Look out for Catarrh in winter, for cold stirs the blood and causes excessive secretion of mucus and brings to life all the slumbering poisons that make Catarrh the most abominable of all diseases. S.S.S. keeps the blood in such perfect order that cold waves cause no alarm and the change from the heat of summer to the rigors of winter produce no hurtful effects.

SSS

Write us if you have Catarrh, and our Physicians will advise you without charge. Book on Blood and Skin Diseases free.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINN.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring

Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.

S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor. 15 Phoenix Block.

TIMBER LAND, ACT OF JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.—United States Land Office, Duluth, Minn., August 27, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, James K. Stone, of Duluth, county of St. Louis, state (or territory) of Minnesota, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6602, for the purchase of the se¼ of section No. 15, in township No. 51 n, range No. 15 w, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office, at Duluth, Minn., on Monday, the 10th day of Nov., 1902.

He names as witnesses:
John Paulson, of Duluth, Minn.
Ole Paulson, of Duluth, Minn.
Frank Stone, of Duluth, Minn.
Pete Carmer, of Duluth, Minn.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 10th day of Nov. 1902.

WM. E. CULKIN, Register.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-27-Sept-3-10-17-24-Oct-1-8-15-22-29—1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, September 16th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of S. Bennett Bray, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of S. Bennett Bray, deceased, late of the County of Essex, State of Massachusetts, being granted to Joseph C. Kilham.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 17th day of December, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

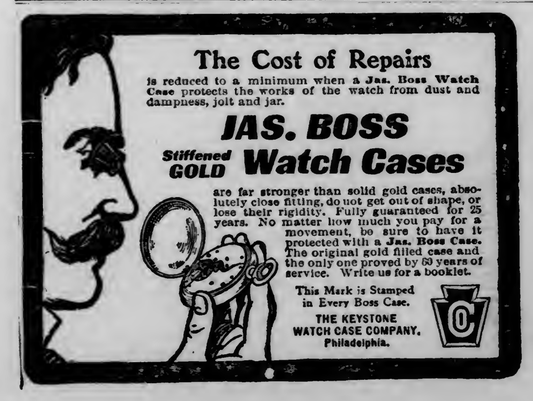
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 16th day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. C. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 24, Oct. 1-8, 1902.

Condensed Phosphorous Water will cure **RHEUMATISM** Kidney, Liver and Stomach Troubles. Apply to John Boerr, 1616 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANO great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.



The Cost of Repairs

is reduced to a minimum when a Jas. Boss Watch Case protects the works of the watch from dust and dampness, jolt and jar.

JAS. BOSS
Stiffened GOLD **Watch Cases**

are far stronger than solid gold cases, absolutely close fitting, do not get out of shape, or lose their rigidity. Fully guaranteed for 25 years. No matter how much you pay for a movement, be sure to have it protected with a Jas. Boss Case. The original gold filled case and the only one proved by 50 years of service. Write us for a booklet.

This Mark is Stamped in Every Boss Case.

THE KEYSTONE WATCH CASE COMPANY, Philadelphia.

INNOCENT SET FREE

After Being Confined In French Prison For Ten Years.

Convict Who Was Condemned On His Mother's Evidence.

Real Murderer of a Woman Confessed On His Deathbed.

Le Mans, France, Oct. 8.—French criminal history contains no more sensational story than that of the soldier Voisin, who, after being convicted ten years ago for the murder of a woman and sent to penal servitude at Cayenne, has just been declared innocent by a legal jury.

One of the grimmest circumstances of the soldier's case was that he was condemned on the testimony of his own mother. This is the story:

One morning in the summer of 1892 Mme. Adams, a woman who kept a tavern at Martinvast, near Cherbourg, was found murdered. Her skull had been smashed in with a soda syphon. The looting of her strong box and money drawer showed conclusively her slayer's motive. The only clew was the epaulette of a sergeant of infantry, which, it proved, was that of a soldier named Langlois. The seargeant, however, though he admitted having drunk at Mme. Adams' the day before, showed to the satisfaction of the police officials that he could not have been in the neighborhood when the murder was committed. Then a peasant reported that he had seen a soldier of the line on the road near the tavern on the night that Mme. Adams was killed. One of the detectives working on the case promptly made inquiries at the military post at Rennes and there discovered that an infantryman named Voisin had not been present at roll-call on the morning after the murder. He also discovered that Voison lived close to Mme. Adam's tavern.

Now comes the most striking part of the whole story—a part that reminds one of a Gaborian novel. Voisin, who was immediately arrested, showed no special uneasiness, remarking that he could prove an alibi by his mother. His explanation of his absence from roll call was that, while out on furlough, he had got drunk and gone into a barn to sleep. When he woke up, it was too late to go back to barracks, so he concluded to go home and was on the way to his mother's house when seen near the place of the murder. His mother could testify that he was at home when the crime was committed.

But when the mother, who knew nothing of her son's arrest and never thought of connecting him with the murder, was seen by the detectives, she swore in the most solemn way that she had seen nothing of her son. The explanation now given of her act was that she supposed he had absented himself from barracks without leave, and as the penalty for harboring a deserter was unusually severe, she had been afraid to confess that her son had spent the night at home. When the significance of her testimony was made plain to her she was horrified, but she could not revoke her sworn statement, and on the strength of it, Voison, his alibi destroyed and several other fragments of circumstantial evidence urged against him, was declared guilty and sentenced to death. He was to be shot at Rennes by a squad of his own comrades, and the members of the firing party even had been summoned when a reprieve, signed by the president of the republic, arrived in the nick of time to save his life. He was sentenced to penal servitude, and, still declaring that he was innocent, was hurried off to endure the miseries of existence at Cayenne.

By a queer combination of events, Langlois, the sergeant who had at first been suspected of the murder of Madame Adam, soon afterward was convicted of a crime and sent to the convict settlement on the island of Re.

Voisin hardly had tasted the terrors of life at Cayenne when he determined to escape. Hundreds before him, he knew, had attempted to do the same and had perished miserably, but he preferred to share their fate rather than drag out his life as a convict. Three of his comrades were of his mind. One day they eluded their guards, stole a boat and put to sea in it. They had no oars, but managed to make headway by using their shirts as sails. They were doing famously when a gale came down on them. Their boat was upset in a part of the sea where sharks abound and though Voisin and one of his mates managed to clamber on the overturned boat in safety, they had to see their two companions killed and eaten. They had given up hope of coming safely out of their danger when they were picked up by a canoe filled with dark-skinned natives. Then they supposed that they were safe, but they soon discovered their capture, the blacks who had found them had been out in the hope of doing that exact thing, and soon after they delivered Voisin and his chum into the hands of the French officials.

As a "dangerous" prisoner Voisin's lot at Cayenne became even worse than before. He was condemned to double chains for years. Other men were enduring the same punishment and one of them was a convict named Jamloux. The two men got to be friends, and one day Voisin told Jamloux his name and former home.

"Why," cried his comrade, 'then it must be you who was condemned for the murder of the woman Adam'"

"Yes," said Voisin, "it is I."

"But you are innocent,' cried Jamloux. "I know it, for the murderer confessed the crime to me. It was a man named Langlois, an ex-sergeant, who was with me at the island of Re.

Voisin, jubilant, made Jamloux repeat what he had said to the governor of Cayenne, the official reported it to the French government and the government investigated. For three years the inquiry dragged along, but came to a dramatic end when the discovery was made that on his deathbed Langolis had confessed that he had murdered Madame Adam. Voisin was set free, and in order to remove suspicion from him the trial which has just closed was instituted.

In spite of Langolis' confession and the explanation by Voisin's mother of why she swore to the statement that sent her son to servitude, there has been a strong feeling on the part of many of the people of Martinvast and the country round about that the ex-convict is the real murderer.

The public prosecutor conducted the case against him with passion and ridiculed his mother's story. The verdict in Voisin's favor, which the jury returned by a majority of five votes to two, was received in dead silence.

PIE CUT OUT

Of Schoolgirls' Luncheon Menu at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Oct. 8.—A crusade is being made by Superintendent Van Sickle against the use of pie by the pupils in the public schools. He does not try to prevent the pupils from eating pie at home, but he is trying to prevent the sale of pie by the caterers at the schools.

A few days ago Isaiah Nixon, who has had the privilege of selling lunch to the young women at the Western High School, applied for a similar privilege at the Eastern High School. The application was made to the school board. The president of the board turned to the superintendent and inquired what sort of caterer Nixon was and if the extension of his privilege could be made with due regard for the public interest.

"I certainly think so," replied the superintendent. "Nixon has given us a good menu, and has been especially obliging when we have asked him to eliminate certain objectionable articles from the bill of fare. He has even cut out pie. He cut it out without a murmur."

The board unanimously agreed that a lunchman who was so brave as to cut pie out of a school lunch was a hero, and it therefore resolved to extend the privilege.

Mr. Van Sickle is a New Englander, and was therefore thought to have a veneration akin to his respect for Plymouth Rock for that Yankee institution known as pie. He gave the following reasons for his stand:

"Pie," said Professor Van Sickle, "is outside the plane of digestible food, particularly the crust, and especially when only thirty minutes are allowed to consume it in, as in the case of the girls.

"Besides," he continued, "I was further encouraged in my determination to exclude pie as a factor in the lunches at the request of a number of the intelligent mothers of the girls who were opposed to pie eating at lunch time."

DIAMOND FOUND

Where It Was Lost Five Years Ago.

Denver, Oct. 8.—The luckiest woman in the West is Mrs. Anna M. Scott, of this city. Five years ago, in returning from a party, she lost a diamond earring worth $200. In looking for something else a few days ago she found the diamond in the street where she had dropped it so long before.

Hundreds of persons had passed over the spot in the meantime. Rain and snow had buried the jewel in the sand, and at just the right time the rain again washed the diamond clean for Mrs. Scott to find it. Other persons had looked in vain, when it was lost years ago.

"I was not looking for it," said the owner. "I was looking for a little ring that my daughter thought she had lost. As I could not find the ring, I went over the ground rather carefully.

"Suddenly something sparkling caught my eye, and then I cried right out loud, 'Why, there's my diamond!'

"I was so surprised to see it that I could really hardly believe that I was awake, or that it was 1902 instead of 1897."

KENTUCKY FUTURITY.

Nellie Jay Surprised Everyone By Winning Race.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 8.—The Kentucky futurity for 3-year-old trotters again resulted in a surprise. The Rajah, the heavily backed favorite, broke three times in the first heat and was distanced. After five hard-fought heats, Nellie Jay, owned by George R. Wooden, of Boston, captured the rich stake. For driving her to victory F. McKay received $10,000 and all the winnings in the betting ring.

When The Rajah ceased to be a possibility, Gail Hamilton, who won the first heat, became favorite and encouraged her backers by taking the second heat. She then retired to the ruck, Nellie Jay fighting it out with John McA and Anak, the entire route, in the last three heats.

The Futurity was the feature of the opening of the Kentucky breeders' thirtieth meeting, and when Driver McKay had saulted the judges' stand after the deciding heat, he was taken from the sulky and carried on the shoulders of friends to the grand stand while 8000 people cheered. The Tennessee stake for 2:08 pacers, won by Twinkle, was marked by fast time. The record for the event made by Champion Dan Patch last year being equalled, and was productive of nose finishes.

FOUND IN CHURCH TOWER.

Atchison, Kan., Oct. 8.—Maggie Lynch, a seamstress, who disappeared fifteen days ago, was found in the tower of Sacred Heart church in West Atchison today, where she had been without either food or drink for the past two weeks. She was half unconscious and was too weak to raise her hands. Miss Lynch had shown signs of insanity. She says she hid in the church tower to elude persons who wanted to kill her. It is probable that she will recover. Her groans during mass resulted in her discovery.

Croup yields readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. Max Wirth.

MILLIONS FOR AUTOS

Large Sum Paid to Manufacturers In Eight Months.

Eighteen Thousand Is the Estimated Output This Year.

Builders Who Cannot Keep Pace With the Changes.

New York, Oct. 8.—During 1901, up to the time of the second automobile show in Madison Square Garden, the automobile industry in this country had produced about 10,000 mechanical vehicles, according to the best estimates. The total production before that time amounted to, perhaps, 5000 automobiles, all told, of which number electric and steam vehicles formed the great majority.

Many of these earlier constructions were consigned to the scrap heap, partly from natural wear and tear, and partly because electric cabs were withdrawn from service in most of the cities where they had been introduced. At the beginning of this year probably 12,000 automobiles, out of the total of 15,000 produced, were still in use by their owners, and manufacturers all over the country were busy with the 1902 product.

They have not yet caught up with their orders, and those most favored by the public have been almost as much engaged in erecting new factories with doubled and tripled capacity as in the actual building of automobiles in the old factories. The demand for gasoline motor vehicles took them all more or less by surprise by its volume and intensity, but the activity which ensued does great credit to this country's resourcefulness in mechanical matters.

Deliveries were naturally slow in the beginning of the year and many new orders went abroad which might have been kept at home if the industry had been prepared for the rush, but, nevertheless, the total number of vehicles turned out to purchasers during the eight months which have passed in 1902 is quite sufficient to indicate the gigantic proportions which the new industry seems destined to reach in a near future.

Careful compilation, based mostly on the supply of such component parts as wheels, chains, engines, motors, etc., permits a pretty close estimate of the output of each manufacturing concern.

It is usually stated that there are about 300 automobile manufacturers actually engaged in building complete vehicles in the United States and about 2000 manufacturers who, in addition to their other business, make component parts and accessories for automobiles. A great many of the latter have found it unprofitable to cater to the automobile trade, however, because the requirements change with lightning rapidity, the shapes of parts are intricate and the orders received are rarely of sufficient magnitude to warrant special efforts.

According to present indications the number of makers of parts and accessories will gradually be reduced by a natural weeding process, leaving only those who will study the automobile situation assiduously now for the sake of the profits to be made in following years. Few are willing to do this as they fail to realize how rapidly the automobile industry is progressing.

The estimated output of eighty-six automobile manufacturers this year amounts to 18,135 complete vehicles at a valuation of $13,259,250. The rest of the 300 above referred to have made from one to five vehicles each and an additional list of experimenters who expect to blossom out as manufacturers some day comprises about 100 more, who may be put down for one automobile each. A goodly percentage of the experimenters are interested in trucks and other styles of wagons intended for heavy hauling and other business purposes.

Summing up everything the total output of automobiles for the first eight months of 1902 may be placed at about 19,000 and their value at somewhat more than $20,000,000. This takes no cognizance of the automobiles which have been imported from Europe.

By looking into the facts and figures for each of the eighty-six manufacturing concerns which have been considered above it is found that fifty firms made 10,040 gasoline automobiles, and sold for $10,431,250. This would make an average price of slightly above $1000 apiece, but if the one firm which turned out nearly one-half of the total number at a much lower price is left out of the figuring, there remains 5040 gasoline vehicles, costing $57,181,250, or an average of about $1400.

Similarly it is seen that twenty-seven manufacturers of steam vehicles produced 6180 carriages, valued at $6,525,500; again an average of slightly more than $1000.

Thirteen makers of electric vehicles produced 1835 trucks and carriages, sold for $2,262,500, the trucks bringing an average up to between $1200 and $1300 a vehicle.

Several of the manufacturers make all three types of automobiles, and this accounts for the discrepancy between the ninety firms noted in this summary and the eighty-six firms actually existing.

More than 2000 agents and dealers in automobiles are doing business throughout the United States. On a total turnover of $20,000,000 they should earn $2,000,000 in profits and commissions on the basis of a 10 per cent advance. This would make an average of only $1000 to each of them.

As a matter of fact, however, a very high proportion of the sales has been made direct from the factory to the purchaser, but, on the other hand, the agents in many instances charge their own profits over and above the published factory prices, which have been used for these statistics.

It is probably safe to say that 500 out of the 2000 dealers have done nine-tenths of the business, and these, as well as the less successful remaining 1500, have made as much profit from trade in sundries and accessories and for repairs as from actual sales of automobiles.

ARE ALIENS.

People of Porto Rico Not Citizens of United States.

New York, Oct. 8.—A decision was handed down yesterday in the United States circuit court by Judge Lacombe in which he holds that a citizen of Porto Rico is not a citizen of the United States and as such entitled to land here without interference from the immigration authorities, but is, the insular decisions notwithstanding, an alien within the meaning of the law.

The matter came before Judge Lacombe on the application for a writ of habeas corpus sworn out on behalf of Isabella Gonzales, a native Porto Rican woman, who arrived in New York Aug 24 last. She was detained by the immigration authorities on the ground that being an unmarried woman, her condition was such that she was an undesirable alien. She was ordered deported, but a well-to-do aunt and uncle living on Staten Island secured attorneys to get her release through habeas corpus.

"The only question for discussion," reads the opinion, "is whether petitioner is an alien. The fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States provides that all persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States. Petitioner was by birth an alien; unless she has since, in some appropriate way, been naturalized, she is still an alien. There is no suggestion that she was ever naturalized under the general laws regulating the admission of alien citizens. The treaty of Paris, unlike earlier treaties, which dealt with Louisiana, Florida, California and Alaska, did not undertake to make native-born citizens of Porto Rico citizens of the United States. It expressly provided that the civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territories ceded to the United States should be determined by congress."

TO TEST LAW.

Supreme Court Will Decide on Primary Election Act.

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—Senator H. J. Peck, of Shakopee, will institute proceedings in the supreme court which, if successful, may invalidate the primary election law and render all nominations made Sept. 16 illegal and void.

Senator Peck will ask the supreme court for an order directing John H. Moore, auditor of Scott county, to show cause why he shall not be compelled to place the name of E. F. McCarthy on the Scott county ballot as an independent candidate for superintendent of schools.

McCarthy was an unsuccessful candidate for the Democratic nomination at the primary elections, and the suit is brought on the contention that the amendment of the primary law providing that a candidate defeated at the primary may not file as an independent is an incringement of the citizen's constitutional rights. If Senator Peck is successful in his contention and that section is held invalid, the whole law will fall; as it has been held that the invalidation of a vital section renders a whole law void.

Senator Peck contends that the amended primary law is in direct violation of the constitution, which provides that any person who is a legal voter in the state is eligible to any office filed under the laws of the state.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The body of a man with the legs tied together was found floating in the river at Jersey City, Tuesday. The Jersey City police believe the man was murdered.

Attorney General Post, of Denver, announced that he will refile his suit against the so-called Smelter Trust in the supreme court, declaring that he can begin in no other court. He will present a new complaint slightly changed, on or before October 20.

Louis Decker, a former member of the house of delegates, and who was indicted on the charges of perjury and bribery and a fugitive from justice, was arrested at St. Louis, Tuesday night.

Two hundred and fifty carpenters employed on the Swift and Armour packing houses at Fort Worth, struck Tuesday. They want $3 for an 8-hour day.

Forest fires are raging in the vicinity of the town of Armstrong, Wis., and large amounts of logs on skids are in danger. Unless rain sets in the loss will be heavy. Men sent up to fight the fire report that they are unable to make any headway. A high wind prevails and dense smoke envelopes the town.

Our Overcoat Department

Second to None in the City.

Latest-up-to-Date Long Overcoats at ..... $10, $12 and $15
Handsome Effects, Splendid Fitting Overcoats at ..... $18. 20 and $25
If you desire better garments we have them at ..... $30 and $35

Boys' Reefers and Overcoats at $1.95, $2.50, $3.50, up to $7.50

Must Be Seen to Be Appreciated.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier,
219 West Superior St.

CANCER CANCER and TUMOR CURED at home without knife or plaster and without pain. Treatise, testimonials and letter of advice FREE. Address Mason Cancer Institute, 122 West 42d St., New York.

BROU'S INJECTION. A PERMANENT CURE of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 8 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ..... ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the **Ideal Beer Hall.**

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. ss.
In Progate Court, Special Term, October, 1st, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Louis Paine, Deceased:
Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Louis Paine, late of Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in Lucas county, Ohio, have been delivered to this court;
And whereas, Louis H. Paine has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Louis Paine lately died in said county of Lucas, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is one of the devisees, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to Bertram Lind Paine and Mary E. L. Paine, issued thereon;
It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office, in said county, on Thursday, the 23rd day of October, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;
And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 1st day of October, A. D. 1902.
By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-1-8-15-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, September 23rd, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Philip H. Stackmesser, Deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Elizabeth Stackmesser, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Philip H. Stackmesser, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the Eleventh day of September, A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that said petitioner is the mother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Joseph Stackmesser granted;
It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county.
Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1902.
By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 24, Oct. 1-8, 1902.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.....**

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 295



The Mill Will Never Grind

with the water that is past, but unlike the mill, our past orders have been filled so successfully that new ones are constantly coming in from our old patrons. Are you to be one of them? ZENOTA flour is the finest that is milled, and is ground from the best selected wheat; in fact, is the cream o fthe wheat and it makes the most delicious bread—white, palatable and nutritious.

DISEASES OF MEN.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature. Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days.

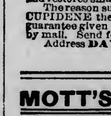
Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING, speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of Indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES FEMALE WEAKNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUS TROUBLES, UNHEALTHY DISCHARGES, PAINFUL OR IRREGULAR MONTHLY SICKNESS, safely and speedily relieved. If in trouble call or write. DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express in plain wrapper, free from exposure.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Consumption.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.
Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MOTT'S **PENNYROYAL PILLS**



They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are **"LIFE SAVERS"** to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

Presto

Light Biscuits;
Light Cakes;
Light Pastry;
and,—
Light Hearts,—
Quick-as-a-Wink!

And the demand is such that we doubt if you can buy it.

The H-O {Hornby's Oatmeal} Company p. 3

MARKET HIGHER

Wheat Starts Lower But Recovers and Advances.

Cables Generally Steady ---Export Demand Is Poor.

Flax Has a Sharp Slump But Partially Recovers.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 8.—The wheat market had a moderate advance today and closed at top prices. There was a slight decline at the opening, but the market quickly recovered that and advanced. Foreign business was dull. Duluth shippers working practically nothing. About 150,000 bus was sold for Eastern shipment. The cables showed no material changes, Liverpool closing unchanged to ½d lower, Paris ¼c higher, Antwerp unchanged and Berlin ⅛c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,689,000 bus, last year 1,179,000 bus. Shipments 893,000 bus, last year 231,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 457,000 bus.

Corn in Liverpool market declined 1⅛@½d. December in the Chicago market advanced ⅜@⅝c. December oats advanced ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 247,000 bus, last year 454,000 bus. Shipments 510,000 bus, last year 257,000 bus. Clearances were 7000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 745 cars, and at Chicago 93, a total of 838 cars, against 904 last week and 1653 last year.

Future trading was light on the Duluth market. December wheat opened ⅛c off at 66¾c, sold at 66⅝c at 9:37, at 66½c at 9:46, advanced to 66⅞c at 10:30, fell off to 66¾-⅞c at 11:29 rallied to 67c at 12:45 and closed there. This was an advance of ½c. Chicago advanced ½-⅝c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash prices were unchanged at 2c over December for No. 1 northern in store and to arrive by Oct. 15, 2c under for No. 1 and ⅛c 2 and 4c under for No. 3. Sales were 225,000 bus.

Flax trading was active, and the market weak. October sold 2⅝c down to $1.20½ and then rallied to $1.22 and closed there. The decline for the day was 1½c. November fell off 2⅜c to $1.20¾ and closed at $1.21¼, a decline of 1¾c. December closed 1½c off and May 1c off. Cash seed and seed on track fell 1¾c, while to arrive stuff declined 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 70½c; No. 1 northern, 68c; No. 2 northern, 67c; No. 3 spring, 65c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 70½c; No. 1 northern, 68c; December, 67c; May, 69¼c; Macaroni, No. 1, 64c; No. 2, 62c. Oats, December, 29½c; on track, 30½c; to arrive, 30¾c. Rye, October, 48c; to arrive, 48c; on track, 48c. Barley, 38@53c. Flax, cash, $1.22; on track, $1.22; to arrive, $1.22; October, $1.22; November, $1.21½; December, $1.21; May, $1.25½.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 367; last year, 246; oats, 6; rye, 7; barley, 9; flax, 158.

Receipts—Wheat, 224,937; oats, 5727; rye, 2131; barley, 85,979; flax, 98,294.

Shipments—Wheat, 434,410; oats, 1850; flax, 24,995.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard, wheat, 1 car	$ 70¾
No. 1 northern, 6,000 bus	68½
No. 1 northern 20,000 bus to arrive	68½
No. 1 northern, 25 cars	68½
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus	68¾
No. 1 northern, 18 cars	68¾
No. 1 northern, 12 cars	68¾
No. 1 northern 2 cars	69
No. 1 northern, 1 car	69
No. 2 northern, 19 cars	66½
No. 2 northern, 13,000 bus to arrive	66½
No. 2 northern, 13 cars	66½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	67
No. 2 northern, 17 cars	66¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars to mills	67½
No. 2 northern, 11 cars	67½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	67½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	65¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	65¾
Rejected, 1 car	64
Rejected, 1 car	64½
Rejected, 1 car	67
Rejected, 1 car	65¾
Rejected 2 cars	66¾
Rejected, 1 car	63
Rejected, 1 car	63¾
Rejected, 1 car	64½
No grade, 1 car	66¾
No grade, 1 car	65
No grade, 1 car	65¾
Oats, 1 car, No. 3 white	31¼
Rye, 2 cars	48
Barley, 1,000 bus	43
Barley, 1 car	43
Barley, 1 car	41
Barley, 1 car to arrive	53
Flax, 2 cars, cash	1.22¼
Flax, 4 cars	1.22¾
Flax, 10 cars	1.22¾
Flax, 1,000 bus to arrive	1.21¾
Flax, 7,000 bus to arrive	1.22
Flax, 15,000 bus to arrive	1.22½
Flax, 10,000 bus to arrive	1.21
Flax, 4,000 bus to arrive	1.21¾
Flax, 1,500 bus to arrive	1.21¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

But Little Trading In the Wheat Pits.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—There was little trading in wheat today, but the opening was steady due principally to fairly steady cables. The weather was a bad factor, being extremely favorable for the movement of the crop. December opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 69¼@68⅞c to 69⅝c and early trading was confined within the opening range. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 745 cars, which with local receipts of 93 cars—4 of contract grade—made total receipts for the three points of 838 cars, against 991 cars last week and 1653 a year ago.

The market continued dull throughout the entire session, but more strength was manifested during the latter half. December closed at the high point at 69⅞@70c with a gain of ⅝c.

Corn opened easier on good weather, and very little business was transacted during the first hour. A good cash demand caused some buying in the speculative trade and the support thus secured brought a steadier feeling to prices. December opened ⅛@⅜c to ¼@⅜c lower at 48¾@48⅝c and sold down to 48c when the market steadied. It was reported that considerable new corn was being offered by the country. Local receipts were 60 cars with 6 of contract grade.

Good commission house buying caused a rmer tone after the first hour of trading and the close was strong, December 48@½c higher.

Oats opened slightly easier in sympathy with other grains and on good weather. Trading was light and without any special features early. The market opened ⅛c lower at 32⅝c and fluctuations were within a very narrow range. Local receipts were 111 cars.

Provisions opened easier, influenced largely by weakness in corn and liberal receipts of hogs at the yards. Commission houses sold January pork early. January pork opened 10c lower at $15.60, January lard was 2½@5c lower at $8.35, while ribs opened 5@ lower at $8.20.

Close: Wheat, October, 68⅝c; December, 69¾@70c; May, 71¾@¾c. Corn, October, 58¾c; November, 35¾c; July, 42¾c. Oats, October, 29c; December, 30½c; May, 32¾c; old, 28½c; May, 33¾c. Pork, October, $17.00; January, $15.77½; May, $14.87½. Lard, October, $10.25; November, $9.65; January, $8.92½; May, $8.37½. Ribs, October, $11.40; January, $8.25@8.27½; May, $7.90. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.25; Southwestern $1.23; October, $1.23; December, $1.23. Rye, December, 48½c. Barley, cash, 35@58c. Timothy, October, $2.85. Clover, October, $10.00. Cash wheat No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 65@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 69¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 69c; No. 2 red winter, 72c; No. 3 red winter, 67@67½c; No. 2 northern spring, 69@72c; No. 3 spring, 65@71c. Corn, No. 2, 50@50½c; No. 3, 50¾@50c; cash oats, No. 2, 30@32c; No. 3, 29@c.

MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Oct. 8.—December 67½; May 69½; on track 1 hard 70¾; 1 northern, 68¼@c; 2 northern 67¼@68.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 8.—Close—Wheat: May, 75⅞. Corn—May 48⅝.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	....66⅝B	66¼-⅜	69¾-¾	74⅛-¼
High	67	67¼	70	74⅝
Low	....66⅜B	66⅛	69¼	74⅛-¼
Close	67	67¼	69⅞-70	74⅜A
May—				
Open	....67⅜B	67⅞	70⅝-¾	74⅞
High	....68⅜	68⅝	71¼	75⅜
Low	....67⅜	67⅞	70⅝	74⅞
Close	....69½B	68½	71¾-¼	75⅜A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Open	....32½	48¼@48¼	$15.60
High	....32½	48⅞	$15.77
Low	....32⅛	48⅜	$15.60
Close	....32½	48⅞A	$15.77A

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 8.—Close: Wheat spot firm; 2 red western winter 5s 10d; 1 nor. spring 6s 7½d; 1 California 6s 5d. Futures quiet; December 5s 9⅞d; March 5s 10½d. Corn spot quiet; American mixed 5s 8½d; Futures quiet; October nominal; January 4s 3⅛d; March 4s 3¼d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market.—
Puts, December wheat, 66⅞c.
Calls, December wheat, 67½c.
Curb, December wheat, 67-⅛c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of H. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Oct 8.—There was a great deal more activity in wheat today and the market after a short spell of weakness at the opening on favorable weather, later in the day developed a very strong tone and during the later part of session had quite a good advance. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool closed unchanged to ½d lower for the day. Continental markets were quiet, demand both here and at the seaboard was reported rather quiet. The sentiment generally is bullish, and we, ourselves, believe purchases of May wheat on weak spots will make money. Cars for tomorrow, 65.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market during the early part of the session ruled weak on selling by bears on favorable weather, but later in the day when they tried to cover they found little for sale. The market had a good advance and the close was firm. Foreign markets were steady. Liverpool reported their market ½d to ¾d lower in sympathy with our decline of yesterday. Country offerings were light, cash demand good, and stocks this week are expected to show quite a large decrease. The general situation continues strong and we believe in still higher prices and advise buying both December and May corn on all weak spots. Cars for tomorrow 75.

Oats generally followed the course of corn. After opening easier, later advanced and closed firm. Country offerings were light, while there was quite a good cash demand. Weather was generally favorable, but the movement keeps light. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and still advise the purchase of May on all weak spots. Cars for tomorrow 90.

Provisions opened weak on further decline in hogs and some forced liquidation, later rallied sharply, closing with fair gains for the day. The attitude of packers is very bearish on hogs, and they are succeeding so well in breaking prices at the yards that conservative traders are rather shy about making investments on January and May product until it can be seen whether the decline of 30c in three days checks the supply, it is now mainly a question of hogs to arrive. Authorities differ, many maintaining hogs will come earlier than generally expected, but no one talks scarcity of the season. Hogs tomorrow 22,000.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the improvement in trade is perceptible in all classes of horses and especially in heavy logging horses, which lumbermen were looking eagerly for. The advancing country prices on the latter classes the last four weeks has checked the sales to a large extent on the wholesale market. Values:

Drafters, extra	$175@$225
Drafters, choice	145@ 175
Drafters, common to good	125@ 145
Farm mares, extra	125@ 140
Farm mares, choice	100@ 120
Farm mares, common to good	60@ 100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Cattle receipts 17,500 including 6,000 westerns. Market steady to strong. Good to prime steers $7.25@8.40; poor to medium $3.75@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5; cows, $1.25@4.50; heifers, $2.25@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls $2.00@4.50; calves $3.25@7.25; Texas fed steers $3.00@4.25; western steers $3.50@5.75. Hogs receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over 8,790; 10 to 15 lower. Mixed and butchers $7@7.65; good to choice heavy $7.25@7.55; rough heavy $6.60@7.20; light, $6.50@7.45; bulk of sales $7.15@7.35. Sheep receipts, 25,000; sheep and lambs dull. Good to choice wethers $3.25@4; fair to choice mixed $2.25@3.40; western sheep $2.50@3.70; native lambs $3.50@5.50; western lambs, $3.75@5.15. Yesterday—Receipts, cattle, 11,564; hogs, 19,-065; sheep, 36,183. Shipments—Cattle, 3,569; hogs, 1273; sheep, 7,776.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—304 West Superior St.

Dealer In..... A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.

Minneapolis. St. Paul. Duluth.

Grains, Stocks and Provisions

Bought and sold in all markets, for cash or on reasonable margins. Members of all principal exchanges. Private Wires. Write for our daily market letter and private telegraph cipher—mailed free. Ship your grain to us. Best facilities, liberal advances, prompt returns.

310 Board of Trade. Room A Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

Paine, Webber & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,

27 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Members Boston & New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.

Will C. Brown, Resident Manager.

BOTH 'PHONES.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	24
Creamery, tubs	23½
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	13

EGGS.

Fresh	22

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	11¼@ 12
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 14
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Cocoanuts, per doz	12
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	2 75 @ 3 50
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
California pears	2 00
California peaches	75 @ 85
California plums	75 @ 90
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 25
Mesina lemons, per box	4 00
Delaware grapes, per bskt	19
Concord grapes, per basket	19
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00
Sugar wafer dates	1 15
Mexican oranges	4 50
Alberta peaches, 6 baskets	1 50
Watermelons	20 @ 25
Michigan peaches, 1-5 basket	25
Michigan peaches, bus	1 50

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 20
Beets, bushel	50
Carrots, bushel	50
Cabbage, per crate	1 00
Turnips, bushel	50
Parsnips, per 100	1 50

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce	05
Green onions, per doz	12½@ 15
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	90
Cress	25
Citron	1 25
Cauliflower, per doz	30
Mint, per bunch	10
Radishes, per doz bunches	15
Minnesota tomatoes, bushel	90
Parsley, per dozen	20
Potatoes, per bushel	35
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00
Green peppers, bushel	90
Pickling onions, per bushel	2 50
Red cabbage	75
Pumpkins	90

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 25
Fruit juices	4 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	3¾
Rice corn, shelled	3½

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens	11 @ 12
Geese	10
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	10 @ 11
Spring chickens	11 @ 12

MEATS.

Mutton	6
Lamb	11
Veal, good	8½
Veal, fancy	9
Dressed beef	5½@ 8½
Hogs	9½
Pork loins	12½
Lard, compound	8
Lard, pure	12

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Butter firm; creameries 16@22; dairies 15@20. Eggs steady 19½; loss off cases returned. Cheese steady, twins 10½; daisies 11½; young Americas 11@11¼.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 8.—Butter receipts, 7579 packages, firm; state dairies, 17@22c; extra creamery, 23c; creamery, common to choice, 18@22½c. Cheese receipts, 3651 packages, firm; new state full cream small colored and fancy and white, 12½c; large colored and white, 11¾c. Eggs receipts, 8090 firm; state and Pennsylvania average best, 22½@23½c; Western candled, 21½@22½c; refrigerated, 19@20½c.

BRINGS SUIT.

Philadelphian Asks That Coal Combine Be Declared Illegal.

Philadelphia, Oct. 8.—Frank H. Thompson, of this city, began proceedings today in the United States circuit court to have the Philadelphia & Reading railroad and the Central Railway of New Jersey, the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the Delaware, Lacakawanna & Western railroad, the Delaware & Husdon railroad and the New York, Ontario & Western railroad companies declared an illegal combination, because they are engaged in an unlawful restrint of the anthracite coal supply. Mr. Thompson also requests that the representatives of the company be restrained and prohibited from meeting together for the purpose of fixing the rate of coal or market price thereof."

HARGRAVE GUILTY.

His Story About Fit Did Not Go.

Traverse City, Mich., Oct. 8.—After being out two and a half hours a jury today found John A. Hagrave guilty of manslaughter. Hargrave, last April, choked his invalid wife and beat her to death with a club in a bedroom of their home in this city. His principal defense was that if he had killed the woman it was while he was having a fit to which he was subject and he could not remember nothing of it.

MAN FOUND MURDERED.

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 8.—Press Lockhart, of Gibson City, was found murdered here today with a bullet hole in his head. No clue has been secured as to the motive for the crime.

SUPPORT WAS GIVEN

To Many Stocks and Prices Showed a Substantial Gain.

Trading Became Very Dull and the Market Sagged Off.

Firmed Up During Last Hour and Closed Irregular.

New York, Oct. 8.—Yesterday's heavy liquidation of weak accounts had a favorable effect abroad and prices of Americans in the London market were substantial fractions above our closing yesterday. The local market was strengthened by this development and prices opened substantially higher. Prominent stocks like St. Paul, Louisville, Atchison preferred, New York Central, Great Northern preferred and Sugar were bought freely and ruled from 1 to 1½ higher. Large fractional gains were general elsewhere and were well distributed.

Prices rose steadily on increasing orders until the average gain was considerably over a point. Rock Island, Delaware & Hudson and Pennsylvania were 2@2½ better and Brooklyn Union, 4¾. Room shorts showed some concern at the steady accumulation of stocks and covered in all the active favorites. The high level showed some attractive profits on yesterday's purchases and the traders started to realize. Missouri Pacific, St. Paul, Louisville, Pennsylvania and Manhattan led the reaction and fell sharply and the general market gave way sympathetically.

The market's downward course was checked when large buying orders were sent in for St. Paul, lifting it near 192. Supporting orders appeared also in some other stocks, but the rebound in the general market was slight until just before noon, when prices went up rapidly to the best in many cases. Business became very quiet later, but the market held well in the face of a 10 per cent money rate. New Jersey Central lost 5 points and rallied 4. Lake Erie & Western preferred dropped 10. Bonds were firmer at noon.

The extreme dullness of the demand allowed prices to sag. The reaction reached about one point in St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Canadian Pacific and Louisville. Consolidated Gas advanced 3¾ and Pullman 2.

The demand for stocks was so listless that traders had to make considerable concessions to find a market. Some of the previously notably strong stocks retained only a small fraction of the rise, particularly St. Paul, Atchison and Illinois Central. Lackawanna declined 4⅞. Westinghouse Electric 3¼ and American Car 3¾. The market livened up again at 2 o'clock and became firmer, some of the Pacifics recovering to near the top.

The decrease in the price of copper here and in London induced some heavy selling of Amalgamated Copper down to more than a point under last night. Amalgamated dropped 3¼. These movements carried the list with them, but not the lowest. Call money also stiffened to 12 per cent. Mint, per Pullman, Radishes, per doz bunches. Minnesota tomatoes, bushel. Parsley, per dozen. Potatoes, per bushel. Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl. Green peppers, bushel. Pickling onions, per bushel. Red cabbage. Pumpkins.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	54⅜	62½	62¼
American Sugar	121¼	119	120
Anaconda	100	97	97
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	98⅞	97	97½
do pfd	100½	99⅝	100
Baltimore & Ohio	105⅞	104¼	105
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	53	52	62¼
Canadian Pacific	133⅞	132⅜	133¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅜	50	50¾
Chicago & Alton	35	34	34⅝
Chic., Gt. Western	29⅝	28⅝	29
C., M. & St. P.	186½	185	185½
C., R. I. & P.	196	194⅜	194⅜
Col. Fuel & Iron	83⅜	81	82¼
D., S. S. & A.	17½	17½	17½
do pfd.	28½	28¼	28¼
Erie com.	39¼	38	38½
General Electric	181¼	178¼	178¼
Great Northern	189½	189	189½
Illinois Central	147	145¼	135¾
Iowa Central	44	44	44
Louisville & Nashville	137½	136⅜	137
Manhattan Elevated	124½	133⅜	133⅜
Mexican Central	25½	25	25
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	69	67½	67½
do pfd	119	115	115¼
Missouri Pacific	111⅜	109¾	111¼
New York Central	154	153	154
Norfolk & Western	73⅝	72⅝	73
Pennsylvania	162	160¼	161¾
People's Gas	101⅜	100½	101¼
Reading	69¼	68¾	68¾
Republic Steel and Iron	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝
Southern Pacific	71⅝	70⅝	71⅛
Southern Railway	37⅛	36⅞	37½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	83⅞	83	83¾
Union Pacific	104½	103¼	104⅜
United States Leather	13½	13⅜	13½
U. S. Steel	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜
do pfd	93⅞	89¾	89⅞
Wabash	32½	31¾	32½
Western Union	91	90½	91¼
Wisconsin Central	25¾	24½	24⅞
do pfd	49⅞	49¼	49⅞
Northern Securities	109½	107½	108⅜

The total sales were 610,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The market opened suspiciously strong yesterday on no particular news and the tip was all around that stocks were good for a three days' rally, and perhaps the rally would have come if so many people had not bought the same way, but in the light of later developments it could be seen that stocks were opened strong to give some of the pools a chance to liquidate. Many of the big men were forced by the action of the banks to throw their large blocks of stock on the market. It should be noted that an immense amount of stock came out on the market yesterday. The big people are doing their best to accumulate stock while they are doing their best to make the market appear panicky. It should be noted that St. Paul was marked down to induce general selling in other stocks. Just as it was advanced recently to induce buying of other stocks. There may be some announcement which will clear up the strike situation. If so the market will probably go up with small reactions. I have the best of reasons for thinking that the strike will be over this week.

* * *

C. G. Gates, New York: In my opinion, there is the biggest short interest in the market that there has been for two or three years. Nine out of every ten commission houses here have sold their customers out and advised thm to go short or will not let them buy any stock on this immense decline. If the coal strike is settled, which it must be shortly, the pools will have a sickly time trying to cover their stocks.

* * *

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: A pretty generally accepted belief in financial circles tonight is that the decline in the stock market has about run its course and that a turn for the better is at hand. Good buying is reported to have been in evidence throughout today's session, such interests as Kuhn, Loeb, Rockefeller, Morgan, First National Bank contingent. Keene and Berywin taking their favorite stocks as the latter were offered down by the bearish clique of local professional traders headed by H. G. Well. Less is heard than of late of causes which have contributed to the money stringency. The subject is evidently stale now that it has served its purpose as the principal excuse for monetary tightness and calling of loans. In well-informed coal circles the immediate settlement of the strike is considered assured. All through the later stages of the trouble the coalers have been the strongest class in the market, when they should have been the weakest. This may possibly be explained by the remark of a large operator to this writer: "When the men go back to work the companies will make up in two months all they have lost in four. They will mine and sell more coal and at higher prices than for years. They will get all the benefits of new trade conditions which were working so well when mining was suspended."

* * *

Dick to B. E. Baker: It would be well for our correspondents to notify their clients that money rates for October are likely to be quite as high if not higher than those for last month; time loans are running off which can only be renewed at high rates, ninety-day money loaned yesterday at 9 per cent and sixty-day money is loaning at 8 per cent.

* * *

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is officially announced that next Saturday's bank statement gives not only the percentage reserves of the banks on all deposits, but reserves based on deposits other than government funds as well.

* * *

Clark, Dodge & Co. to B. E. Baker: The selling by Keene brokers which was so much in evidence yesterday seems to be over, certainly for the moment. The banks offered $5,000,000 at the opening at 10 per cent, which looks as if they thought the decline had gone far enough and they were anxious to relieve the situation. There is quite a large short interest in the market and we would not be surprised to see a rally, especially if there is any good news from the coal regions.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18¼	18¾
Arcadian	4¾	5
Allouez	2½	3
Atlantic	25	....
Anaconda	23¼	24½
Amalgamated	63⅝	65⅜
Calumet & Hecla	500	505
Centennial	16	17
Copper Range Con	57	57½
Franklin	9½	10
Isle Royale	13	14½
Bingham	27½	28
Mass	14½	15½
Mayflower	1½	2
National	....	1½
Mohawk	45¼	50
Osceola	9¼	10½
Old Colony	2	2½
Old Dominion	16	17
Osceola	57	58
Parrot	25	26
Phoenix	4¼	5
Quincy	125	127
Rhode Island	2¼	3
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Tamarack	162	168
Tecumseh	1⅝	1⅞
Tri-Mountain	95	100
Utah	20	21¾
Victoria	5	5½
Winona	3¾	4¼
Wolverine	58	60
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	2¼	3
Trinity	10	11
Dominion Coal	120½	127½
Dal-West	48½	50
Calumet & Pittsburg	70	....
L. S. & Pittsburg	80	85
U. S. Ming	20⅝	20⅞
Green Con	26	26½
U. S. Oil	14¼	14½
Calumet & Arizona	....	100

MERGER

Of Irrigation and Trans-Mississippi Congresses Is Likely.

Colorado Springs, Col., Oct. 8.—The all-absorbing topic among the delegates to the National Irrigation congress today is the question of the proposed merger with the trans-Mississippi commercial congress. The tendency on the part of the delegates to favor the merger is growing constantly and there is little doubt in the minds of most observers as to the movement finally proving successful. An effort was made at the opening of the congress this morning by the opposition to the merger to force the question to a vote by shutting off speechmaking until the reports of the committee on resolutions and permanent organization had been heard.

The sense of the convention was to some extent shown by the voting down of this resolution.

At this morning's session, addresses on the great benefits that will accrue to the people as a result of the irrigation legislation were made by Congressmen Tawney, Stevens, Morris and Heatwole, of Minnesota.

One of the strongest addresses of yesterday was that of President Slocum of Colorado college, who told of the need of more extensive education of the young people of the land in applied sciences in order that they make the most use of the benefits of the irrigation law.

Willis Moore, chief of the weather bureau at Washington, gave an address on the "Weather Bureau Irrigation." He paid a high tribute to congress for the passage of the act, and told of the important bearing it would have on the work of his department.

Senator Patterson said that he believed that the irrigation would never have become a law without the cooperation and assistance of President Roosevelt, following this with the declaration that no one but Roosevelt could ever have overcome the opposition to the bill in the president's own party.

FUGITIVE CUTS HIS THROAT.

Davenport, Iowa, Oct. 8.—Benjamin Porter, a fugitive from justice, wanted for the attempted murder of his wife, cut his throat at Wheatland, Iowa, last night and died in a Rock Island, Ill., hospital early this morning.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Independent Tug Line Has Ceased to Do Business.

Reason For Existence Removed When Strike Was Settled.

Five Drowned In Wreck of Schooner Anna Maria.

The independent tug line started by the union men who were out on the strike during the summer is no more. Since the settlement of the strike the business of the line has been gradually falling off. After the strike, in place of being a co-operative line fighting the old company, it became an independent business enterprise, and it could not get the business. Its tugs are now all out of commission and are laid up in the slip at the foot of Lake avenue. The company has given up its office and, as one of the officials remarked, they have nothing left but the telephone, and that is ordered out.

It is now over four months since the company was formed. It began with one tug, the Bowling, and added others from time to time, but the settlement of the strike practically meant that the reason for its existence was removed.

COAL FOR LIGHTHOUSES.

The Marigold arrived in Duluth with a cargo of anthracite coal. It is for use in the lighthouses in and about Duluth-Superior harbor.

A SPURT IN CORN.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain freights were unchanged at 1½ cents for corn with more business being done than for a week. The improvement, however, seemed but a spurt and will not last long enough to affect general lake rates.

FIVE WERE DROWNED.

Detroit, Oct. 8.—A News special from Kincardine, Ont., says: The schooner Anna Maria, of Alpena, Mich., loaded with coal for the Kincardine salt works, was wrecked here last night. Capt. Gordon, with three of the crew, with Mr. Ferguson, of a rescue party, were drowned.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 8.—Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wesichron, Cambria, 10 last night; Metropole, Cort, Malda, 12:20 a. m.; new Gilchrist, Munaloa and whaleback, Craig, 1; Hill, Andrew J. Maytham, 2:30; Republic, 3:30; Santa Maria, 4:10; George Peavey, Denver, 5; Van Hise and whaleback, 5:40; Harlem, Neptune, Gilbert, Papay, Conger, Merida, Tyrone, Jenks, 6:50; Grecian and whaleback, 7; Frank Peavey, 7:10; Trevor, Charles Eddy, American, 10:20. Down: Harvard and whaleback, 10 last night; Niko, Peterson, 11; Sauber, Sage, Aztec and consorts, 11:10; Marina and whaleback, 11:40; Omaha, 3 a. m.; Genesee, 3; Maytham, Minneapolis, 6:50; Ravenscraig, 10; Commodore, 10:15.

Up yesterday: Northern King, Wells, 11:20; Beatty, 1 p. m.; Lycoming, Yosemite, 1:30; Sanilac and barge, 2:30; Madagascar ,3:30; Flagg, Warriner, 5; Rees, 5:30; Oceanica, 6; Ed Smith, barges, 7:20; Troy, 8:20. Down: Recon, Pickands, 11:30; Mars, 11:20; Atlantis, noon; Nicol, Lafayette, 1:30; Langham, Holden, 1 p. m.; Senator, 2:30; Northern Queen, Wilkinson, 3; Volunteer, 3:30; Hickox and barges, 4; Pallki, 4:20; Sitka, 5; McVittie, Curtis and barges, 5:20; Annie Laura and barge, 5:40; Lam, Whitworth, Waldo, Cadillac, Edwin Gould, 6:20; Saxon, and whaleback, 7:30; Frontenac, Susquehanna, 7:40; Olympia, Fulton, Nasmyth, 8; Mariska, Martha, Crescent City, 8:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wootan, 9 last night; Bannokburn, 1 a. m.; Portage, 3; Mary Elphicke, 3:40; Viking, Ivaland, 5; Grammer, 7; Harper, 10:20; Wilhelm, Nirvana, Galatea, Peck, 11:20. Down: Rockefeller, 10 last night; Leafield, 11:40; Wolvin and whaleback, Edenborn, 12:30 a. m.; Castalia, 2:30; Huronic, 4:30; India, Isabrenner, Theano, 6:20; Gratwick, Marricopa, 7:20; Murphy, 8; Penobscot, 9:40, Brit

WHY PAY RENT OR INTEREST?



This property is owned by John J. Murphy, one of Chicago's policemen, 861 N. Lawndale avenue. We are paying off his $2200 mortgage, which was bearing 6 per cent, but we are charging him no interest.

We are maturing contracts every day for our members and buying them homes. We will mature two contracts and two homes in Duluth in October. We absolutely guarantee you a home within seven months, eight months or twelve months. It is a stipulated guarantee right in your contract. For full information call or address our agent,

C. H. GLOVER,

121 Twenty-eighth avenue west, Duluth, Duluth, Minn.

Guarantee Home Purchasing Co., of Chicago.

LONGSTREET

Attracted Much Attention In Reviewing Stand at Washington.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The procession of G. A. R. veterans was reviewed from the stand immediately in front of the White House by Commander-in-Chief Torrance, who was assisted by the members of the president's cabinet and by Adjt. Gen. Towler of the G. A. R. Secretary Hay stood immediately on the right of the commander-in-chief, while Secretaries Root, Moody, Wilson and Hitchcock and Postmaster General Payne occupied seats in the rear. Occupying seats well to the front were many veterans of the civil war, including Gen. O. O. Howard, Gen. McCook, Gen. Daniel Sickles, Gen. Carrington, Gen. J. Warren Keifer and Gen. Edgar Allen, sitting in the midst of those distinguished ex-Union soldiers was the ex-Confederate Lieut. Gen. Longstreet. He was escorted up to the front, together with Gen. Sickles, and the two appeared side by side. They were greeted with hearty cheers. It was said to be the first time that an ex-Confederate officer appeared in a G. A. R. reviewing stand.

Mrs. Gen. John A. Logan, who was on the stand, received much attention from the veterans as they marched by.

ON SANITATION.

Report of Committee Read By Prescott Folwell.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 8.—Following is an abstract of the report of the committee on sewerage and sanitation, read by Prescott Folwell, of Easton, Pa., before the American Society for Municipal Improvement, now in session here:

Municipal sanitation can be intelligently attained only when based upon data dealing with the relation between health and external surroundings. While most of our large cities collect certain vital statistics, these are too often wholly unreliable and in almost no case are they as full as is desirable. This is especially true of cases of sickness.

Among nusances to be prevented for sanitary reasons art the smoke nuisance, exposed excrement, flooded lands, obstructed sunlight. More success has attended the use of moral suasion combined with eternal vigilance, moderation and common sense than the enactment of ordinances. In large plants, mechanical stokers and better arrangement of fire box and boiler will prove economical as well as prevent the smoke nuisance.

Sunshine is the best universal germicide known. No building should be permitted which rises above the ground a greater distance than that from its base to the nearest building opposite its front or rear.

Food inspection is desirable more especially to protect infants and invalids. More than one hundred cities of the United States own their markets and employ food inspectors.

Proper location for cemeteries deserves consideration. The cemetery should be given room to grow; it should also give pleasure to the living as well as avoid being a source of danger to the public. Fountains may, by cooling the air, add not only to the pleasure but the health of the citizens.

More than thirty-five cities of the United States now have public baths, and all cities should make some provisions for permitting the very poor to bathe at slight or no expense.

All flooded lots and wet lands in cities should be drained, as possible causes of malaria or other diseases.

The uncovering of considerable stretches of land, as in excavating for water or sewer pipes is thought by many to cause malarial diseases. The truth of this, and the mode of prevention if true, should be studied.

BRAGG TRANSFERRED.

Consul Goes From Havana to Hong Kong.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Edward S. Bragg, consul general at Havana, has been transferred to the post of United States consul general at Hong Kong, taking the place of William A. Rublee, who has been transferred to the consulate at Havana.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and it therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any cases it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CALLED ON GOVERNOR.

Harrisburg, Oct. 8.—A committee from the central labor union of Philadelphia called upon Governor Stone this afternoon and presented a petition adopted at a meeting on Monday calling on the executive to take action to acquire public ownership of mines.

A CURIOSITY

Fire Escapes Dispensed With on Fifteen Story Building.

One of the curiosities of the skyscraper is the fact that the law which requires fire escapes on a five-story building dispenses with them on a fifteen-story building, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Perhaps it realizes that in case of fire no one would ever be able to climb down twenty or twenty-five flights of giddy little iron ladders without losing his head. At any rate, it depends entirely for safety in the sky scraper on fireproof construction. There must be nothing about it that can burn. And there is not. Stairways are of marble and iron. There is a little, a very little wood "trim" about the offices, but even if it caught fire it would not feed the flames for long and would leave the building practically uninjured. Of course, wood does go into the construction of a building, but all such wood must, in buildings over twelve stories high, according to law, be fireproofed; chemically treated so that it will not burn. The skyscraper says to its tenants: "There ain't going to be no fire, and, if there is, you can get out by the elevators." Elevator shafts are constructed absolutely unburnable, with not a thing about them to feed the flames. The lessons of the New York fire building a few years ago was thoroughly learned, and today the fireproof skyscraper must really be fireproof.

When one realizes that New York is at present investing some seventy millions in these castles in the air, that are even now building, they are enlarging the city by an acreage of one-seventh of the original area, and that they are daily shooting further and further into the air, one cannot but wonder what the skyscraper of the next quarter of a century will be. There seems to be no chance of a return to first principles. Such buildings as the Herald building, upon which the new Stock Exchange and the new Chamber of Commerce, down town, may be very fine, architecturally, and beautiful in themselves but, unfortunately, they are not by themselves. To be appreciated they would have to be seen, and to be seen they would have to be set out on a plain somewhere, not crowded, as they are, into the shadow of the twenty-five story air castles which New York's millions are rearing over New York's infinitely precious soil.

CLOSING OUT SHOE SALE

$3.48 instead of $5 AND $6

$2.98 instead of $4 and $4.50

The Newmon & Co. stock of High-grade Footwear for Fall and Winter Wear is being closed out at 65c on the dollar.

ALL STYLES,
ALL LEATHERS,
ALL SIZES.

$3.48 For women's latest style shoes, made directly to the order of Newmon & Co., all style leathers—Newmon & Co.'s price was $5.00 and $6.00—you may buy them now for.....$3.48

$2.98 For women's fall and winter shoes—the swellest styles of the season, in all sizes and every width; this was Mr. Newmon's ideal of a $4.00 and $4.50 shoe, closing price is only.....$2.98

Ask for Mr. Newmon—he is here and will explain the excellency of this HAND-MADE FOOTWEAR.

THE FAMOUS,
115 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TUGMEN ARE FINED

Capt. Hoy and George Barney Guilty of Assault.

Police Will Endeaver to Stop the Fighting.

Capt. Anderson Will Have a Hearing Next Saturday.

Street fighting and general lawlessness on the part of certain union and non-union tugmen will be suppressed.

As the first step in that direction Capt. William Hoy, late of the independent tug Dowling, and George Barney were this morning sentenced to pay fines of $25 each for assaulting Capt. Albert L. Anderson, recently non-union master of the trust tug Excelsior.

The assault occurred in a saloon at 312 West Superior street last Friday evening.

Capt. Anderson's blue and black complexion around the eyes matched the paper in the blue room nicely, but the remainder of his face looked as if he had tried to shave himself with a buzz saw.

Capt. Hoy admitted assaulting the non-union captain, but said that he did it because Capt. Anderson approached him making remarks reflecting on himself and other union men with him.

George Barney said that he did not mingle in the fight, but turned his attention to a companion of Capt. Anderson, who seemed to have a tremendous yearning to do some shooting.

Capt. Hoy has three other charges against him. One is for a second assault on Capt. Anderson, in front of the Board of Trade building last Saturday, another is for assaulting Frank Louvelette, another non-union tugman, and the third charges him with applying indecent names to George E. Brooks.

Capt. Anderson, who, in attempting to shoot Hoy last Saturday, sent two bullets through the clothing of Joseph Richardson, will be given a preliminary hearing, charged with assault in the first degree, next Saturday.

During the prosecution of these cases a sort of peace protocol seems to nave been established between the warring factions—at least there have been no further outbreaks.

This morning, during the hearing of the first case against Hoy, the prosecuting attorney, J. D. Holmes, asked the defendant if he and other union tugmen were not going about town in gangs looking for non-union me.

Capt. Hoy said that such was not the case, but that the union men did not proposed to be abused by the strike-breakers brought here from other ports during the recent strike.

EARNINGS

Of Northern Pacific Last Year Increased Nine Millions.

The Northern Pacific's earnings last year increased nearly $9,000,000 and the expenses nearly $5,000,000, yet the ratio of expenses to earnings remains practically the same, the increase being only three-tenths of 1 per cent. The exact ratio for last year was 51.4 per cent, a remarkable showing. This was accomplished notwithstanding the fact that wages, material and supplies of all kinds were higher.

For the fiscal year recently closed, the freight earnings of the Northern Pacific were $30,277,013, as compared with $23,481,713 for 1900-1901, $22,140,180 for 1899-1900 and $19,485,960 for the preceding year.

For the year just closed the passenger earnings were $9,177,507, as compared with $7,247,000 for the preceding year, $6,219,992 for 1899-1900, and $5,050,356 for 1898-99. Mail and express earnings last year were $1,982,858, as compared with $1,823,279 for the preceding year.

The gross earnings last year were $41,387,380. The earnings for the three preceding years were $32,560,984, $30,021,319 and $26,048,674, respectively. The net income from operations increased nearly $5,000,000 during the four years, being $15,828,333 for 1902.

GENERAL INCREASES.

Increases in business and earnings everywhere is the general story of the railroad reports that are coming in. The reports for the month of August and September show a great increase over the earnings of the same months last year. Evidently the improving conditions of trade are beginning to affect the carriers of the people and their goods. The August reports indicate that anthracite roads have lost in the aggregate, but other lines show a gain of $5,000,000 in gross, and $300,000 in net.

One hundred and twenty-six systems, reporting of the year ending June 30, make the following totals:

	1902.	1901.
Gross	$1,223,487,894	$1,105,084,315
Expenses	751,486,644	666,582,611
Net	472,001,250	438,501,704
Gross earnings—increase	$118,403,479	
Expenses—increase	84,904,033	
Net—increase	33,199,546	

REDUCED RATES.

The highly original and enterprising Great Western road has caused another shock by reducing the rate on steel and iron articles in carload lots from Chicago to Missouri river points to 15 cents, a reduction of 12 cents. The new rate is effective tomorrow. The rate from St. Paul will be on a basis of 16 cents, with proportionately low rates from intermediate points.

All of the St. Paul-Chicago lines have met the Great Western's recent reduction in cattle rates.

DOUBLE TRAIN SERVICE.

The Omaha road has announced that it will double its train service between the Twin Cities and Des Moines beginning Oct. 12, when a thorough night service will be put into effect. This will give two daily trains to Des Moines.

ENGINE AND CARS DERAILED.

St. Paul, Oct. 8.—A special from Eau Claire to the Dispatch says an engine and four cars of an east bound freight were derailed in the Omaha yards here siderable damage was done and two and a half hours was required to clear the tracks.

FALLING HAIR



Save Your Hair with Shampoos of

Cuticura SOAP

And light dressings of CUTICURA OINTMENT, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp, when all else fails.

Complete Treatment

For Every Humour, $1, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (25c.), to cool and cleanse the blood.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. In screw-cap vials, containing 60 doses, price 25c.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props.

Akin to Love

By Kennett F. Harris.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When Hepburn first saw the young woman he was rather taken with her. A little later he decided that she was altogether too self-reliant and self-possessed for his taste. There was a man in the party who had really achieved something in the world of art and was being lionized, a process to which he seemed to take rather too kindly; a man who aroused an intolerable itching in the toes of every other masculine present. Hepburn noticed that Miss Pollard was one of the very few of the women who did not assume the attitude of adoration in the presence of the Genius. Perhaps the Genius noticed it, too, for he left his little circle of lovely worshipers and seating himself by Miss Pollard's side honored her with some of his exclusive and original views of things, general and particular.

Hepburn happened to be close by and heard the conversation, which filled his soul with joy.

"A steel trap is leisurely, even dilatory compared with her," he said that evening to a select audience of the overshadowed. "She had him rattled in the first round, and dazed and rubbing the ropes before the third. You never saw a girl with a quicker get back, and he never really landed even once."

"She must be all right," said Teddy Ackerman, "I think I'll reward her for that with a little of my society. I am interested."

"I wouldn't be," counseled Hepburn. "The Genius isn't exactly a fool even if he acts like an ass. As for you, you would simply be skinned alive if you began being pretty to her. I wouldn't want to try it myself, I know."

"Why?" asked Teddy.

"Oh, well, I take it all back," said Hepburn, "I didn't mean to dismiss the young lady. She is mighty clever and charming and handsome and—what do you say to a little game?"

If Hepburn has continued with what was in his mind he would have said: "She is too self-poised, too independent, mentally and phsically. A man could never assume an attitude of protection toward her. She rows and shoots better than four-fifths of the men here, and I couldn't have played the fish myself better than she did yesterday. Then she knows too much for a woman and hasn't any feminine foibles as far as I have noticed. There's not enough of the clinging vine about her. Not that I care a continental about her one way or the other."

Being in this indifferent frame of mind Hepburn for some days avoided Miss Pollard; then he concluded that his avoidance might perhaps seem marked, and after all, he had no reason to dislike the young lady. He was crossing the field to the tennis court with Teddy Ackerman when he made up his mind to this, and he had a vague idea that Teddy was babbling about something, but his eyes were fixed upon a figure in a white dress half reclining in the shade of a noble beech.

"Isn't she a queen?" exclaimed Teddy, enthusiastically. "Here's my chance now. Don't you spoil the sport, my son. You're due to play with Polly, and we'll watch you."

He did not hear what Hepburn said, which was perhaps just as well, but strode off and flung himself on the grass at Margaret Pollard's side with a sigh of relief. At the same time Polly Ackerman waved her racket cordially at Hepburn and challenged him to a game.

Presently Teddy's tete-a-tete was broken up by the arrival of Jean Wilson and Maud Patterson and Maud soon him off to pump water from the spring in the ravine. The two girls left together, watched the players for some moments in silence. Then as Hepburn made a particularly brilliant stroke, Jean clapped her hands.

"Wasn't that splendid?" she asked, turning a flowing face to Margaret. "And isn't he splendid?" she added.

"Do you mean Mr. Hepburn?" asked Margaret, rather coldly. "He plays tennis well, if you like."

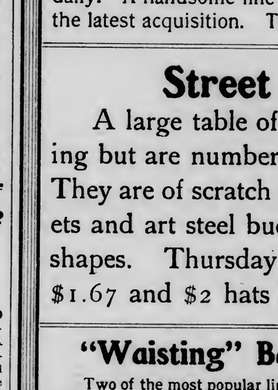
"Of course he does. He does everything well. And he's so superbly handsome. I just adore him, don't you?"

"I can hardly say I do. He isn't bad looking, though, and as you say, he does everything well, but—"

"You don't like him. Why?"

"Doctor Fell," replied Margaret. "Perhaps I don't like perfection. Perhaps it's because he seems to know it. I suppose a woman likes a man mainly for his flaws and blemishes—his weaknesses, if you like. She wants something to excuse—something to pity."

"I wasn't thinking of him in quite that light," said Jean, artlessly; and Margaret's color deepened a little.



Honored her with some of his exclusive and original views.

"The worst of him is that he isn't interesting," she said indifferently. "Polly's a pretty girl, isn't she?"

"How can you say that," persisted Jean. "He's so impenetrable and strong—like a rock of granite—and—"

"Oh well," said Margaret impatiently, "I don't like that type of man, that's all."

She was doomed (for her sins, she told herself) to see much of him in the next few days, and he experienced what he called the attraction of repulsion. He could talk well when he pleased and he exterted himself to talk his best when they were thrown together, but from any verbal encounter he invariably came away with a feeling that he had been worsted and he often chafed at the mocking tones of her voice and the half contemptuous look in the depths of her grey eyes. He was particularly conscious of that look one day at the beach. He was teaching Maud Patterson to swim and there was a good deal of the vine about Maud. Margaret swam like a mermaid and Hepburn resented the fact. He rather resented the way Teddy Ackerman was following her about, too, and the fact that she seemed rather to like that idiot's attentions did not increase his—well, his respect for her.

There came an evening at last, however, when his old feeling of warmth and affection for Ackerman revived. He had watched him strolling in the ravine pain that ran below the house; just a glimpse here and there between the trees and he had noticed that the woman with him and to whom he was talking earnestly was—Margaret. It was not at that moment, when a strange pain shot through his breast and the blood swelled and throbbed at his temples, that the old feeling returned. It was when Teddy came striding back alone, his head upon his breast, his face white and drawn and his eyes blank and unseeing, that he felt kindly and pityingly.

"Teddy!" he said.

"Oh, go to the devil," said Ackerman roughly, and walked on.

For a moment Hepburn stood looking after him uncertainly, rage rising within him at the thought of the injury done to his friend by that cold, heartless, unwomanly—! Then came an impulse to confront her, to unbraid her, pour the vials of his wrath and contempt upon her. An unreasoning impulse of anger that sent him swiftly through the wood to where Margaret sat crouched in the fern beside the path, sobbing as if her heart would break, and at the sight of her and the sound of her weeping Hepburn's anger passed from him and the scales fell from his eyes.

"Margaret!" he cried.

She started to her feet and her face hardened. She did not speak, but made an abrupt gesture of dismissal and turned from him. His whole attitude was of aversion, but as he seized her hand and compelled her to look at him the tears were still in her eyes and upon her cheeks and it emboldened him.

"No," he said, "I must tell you now what I would never have told you before, for I thought you less, or more, than woman and now I have you for what you are. I love you."

"Hard and unfeminine, as I am", she laughed scornfully. "I thought Miss Patterson was your ideal. Well, I am sorry that this happened, Mr. Hepburn. Good night!"

"But not unkindly," he implored. "I know well enough that you could not care for me, yet I was weak enough to tell you."

"You weak!" she exclaimed.

"As weak as water in your hands. Pitably weak, miserably weak, and so pity me at least. You pitied—him, I know."

"Because of his weakness? No. And yet perhaps it was," she said, with eyes that softened as she looked on him kneeling at her feet. "But it is different with you, because—"

"Yes, you are hard, and yet I love you," he cried, "and you are gentle and compassionate I know, for I love you and you must be. It is not different with me."

She touched his hair, with an almost maternal caress. "It is," she whispered, bending to him, "for I do not love him."

DIGESTIVE TROUBLES.

At this season of the year many are troubled with stomach disorders. We have put up from the formula of a famous specialist—

Dyspepsia Wafers.

A speedy and certain cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, heartburn, flatulence and all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. We guarantee this remedy to give absolute satisfaction.

Max Wirth
DRUGGIST.
13 W. Superior St.

Red and white Astrachan for children's cloakings at $2.50 the yard.

GRAY-TALLANT CO.

The Reliable Store. (The New Store)

Beautiful line of wrapper flannelettes, heavily fleeced, 10c a yard.

Man Tailored Suits.

Smart in Design---Perfect in Detail.

Our authoritative position in tailor-made costumes is admitted. Originality and exclusiveness are present to a degree that must command attention. You cannot know current excellence without studying our collection. A few leaves from our forest of excellence.



Walking Suits at $12.50.
Beautiful and serviceable mixed suitings — velvet collars, blouse jackets or double breasted, mercerized lined, neatly finished throughout, skirts neatly stitched —$12.50.

Walking Skirts at $6.00.
The kilt skirt so popular this season — colors, grey, blue mixtures and tans—a full assortment of sizes —$7.50 will not secure an equal elsewhere—our price, $6.

Walking Suit at $16.50.
Norfolk jacket, mercerized lining — velvet collar—slot seams and stitching—skirt cut with full flare and very neatly stitched. Suits are made of the new suitings so popular this year—$16.50.

Black Dress Skirts at $10.
Skirts of the newest etamine weaves and the staple broadcloth and cheviots —lined or unlined — full flare or box plaited flounce — yoke effects — lap seams—our price, $10.00.

Elegant Silk Waists Just Received.

Ever changing are the scenes in our suit room. Always receiving something new. Those who looked this department over thoroughly last week will find it equally interesting now. Express shipments for this department are received daily. A handsome line of silk waists of every new shade and approved styles is the latest acquisition. The fact that we show them insures lowest possible prices.

Street Hats at One-Third Off.

A large table of street hats, purchased for this season's selling but are numbers on which we can no longer duplicate. They are of scratch felt and plain felt; trimmed with quills, velvets and art steel buckles; all colors and large assortment of shapes. Thursday you secure $3 hats for $2, $2.50 hats for $1.67 and $2 hats for $1.34.

"Waisting" Bargains.

Two of the most popular lines of Waistings in our stock priced at an immense saving Thursday.

69c and 75c Wool Waistings at 59c.
This lot represents the latest arrivals of Embroideried, French Flannels, Striped Batistes, Nun's Veiling and Crepes and some beautiful self-dotted Crepe Cloths. Colorings are the very best and qualities unequalled at their regular prices—special Thursday **59c**

65c French Flannels at 52½c.
No Waisting has ever attained the popularity of the French Flannel. They resist wear and always retain their beautiful finish. We offer Thursday all good shades in a quality that others sell regularly at 65c for the low price of—per yard..... **52½c**

"Munsing" Union Suits.

There is no undergarment so comfortable, when properly fitted, as a Union Suit. The "Munsing" Union Suits FIT and cost no more than less satisfactory garments. The $1.00 garment is shaped and finished with the same care as the highest priced ones.

Ecru and grey Union Suits—heavily fleeced.....$1.00
Cream colored Union Suits—very heavy quality...$1.25
Half wool Union Suits—grey, exceptional wear....$1.25
Wool Union Suits—unequalled at the price.....$2.00
Wool Union Suits—grey, medium weight.....$2.25
Extra fine wool Union Suits—quality unmatchable at $2.75

Full line of Boys' and Misses' "Munsing" Union Suits from 75c to $2.50 a garment.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 15	3 40
4 25	8 15	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
------	10 29	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	------	12 57
------	10 56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	------	12 34
------	11 20	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	------	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	P.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:25
11:28	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:35	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:35	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.	
*7:25 p.m.	{	St. Paul and	{	*7:55 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	}	Minneapolis.	}	*6:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.		Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*6:45 p.m.	
†2:20 p.m.			†12:40 p.m.	

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**9 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*to 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*to 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*to 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*to 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	"	b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
a 8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:50 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

What You Want to Sell

Some one else wants.

Telephone No. 324.--Two Rings Both 'Phones.

The quickest and most economical way of finding the people who want what you want to sell is through the want columns of The Herald. Read them!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Homes For Everybody!

Call or send to my office for particulars.

$750 Good large house and lot near Twelfth avenue west, on Superior street. Terms to suit purchaser. You can buy this house with the rent you are now paying.

$800 House and lot in West Duluth.

$1250 House in good repair. A snap! House and lot on West Superior street, near Fortieth avenue west. Easy terms.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
200 foot corner, East First street.
160-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

COPPER GLANCE STOCK.

Asked.
Copper Glance. Only Seven days more at 35c
Kootenai Copper—"Sell it at".....15c
Crooked River—"Let it go at".....$1.50
Moorcroft Oil—sold at 6c
Parry Sound, quick 10c

Wm. Kaiser. 106 Palladio Building.
Call, write, 'phone, wire.

Fuel Question Settled.

We have one large bin of anthracite coal for sale. Price **$5000**

And with the above we will give a beautiful eight-room house, in fine location, and in excellent condition. Immediate possession given of both house and coal. See us at once.

LITTLE & NOLTE
Money to loan at lowest rates.
Fire Insurance — Best in the World.

For Sale.

$650 Fifty-foot lot First street, near Fifteenth avenue west A BARGAIN.

$1100 Seven-room house, barn, etc. 50-foot lot, West End. A SNAP.

Other houses and lots in EAST END and WEST END, at attractive prices.

J. T. Lawrence,
105 Providence Building.

FIRST STREET.

$2700 50x140—lower side First street near Fourth avenue East, the coming business street. This is the best speculative investment in the city today. Call, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
201 Exchange Building.

This Is It!

The Home You Have Been Looking For.

Seven rooms, stone foundation, cement cellar, HOT WATER HEAT, good barn, two full-sized lots, each 50x140 feet. Nice yard, garden and shrubbery— **$4200**

This Pays Good Interest

Two flats, each has five rooms and bath room, good plumbing, gas. Built this season. Rent for $38.00 per month— **$3150**

At the West End we have some houses to sell on very easy payments, at—

$900, $1000, $1250, $1350 and $1500.

Vacant lots, choice building sites, in all parts of the city.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Seven-room house at West Duluth, in first-class condition..... $850
Another, corner Central, with water $1050
Nine-room house in West End; no better value offered in city.... $900
Seven-room house, four blocks from postoffice $1200
Six-room house, water and bath, on Third St., near incline. $1500
Six-room house, 526 Fifth avenue west $1200

An elegant house, central, on Third street at a price to tempt investors.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home

We have about 20 houses to select from, ranging from $600 to $1800. Most of them at West Duluth. You do not have to pay down only from $100 to $200. The balance is arranged on easy monthly payments, which is not more than a fair rental. We have sold over 60 properties on the easy terms we offer, and we refer to any one who has bought of us as to the fairness of the plan they are buying on and they will all agree that it has been much better than paying rent.

Come in and look over the list.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary.
100 Torrey Building.

MONEY ON HAND

To loan on city property at very lowest rates. On or before privilege—no delay.

E. D. FIELD CO.,
204 EXCHANGE BLDG.

BUY A HOME.

A well-built, conveniently arranged 7-room house at No. 1608 East Fifth street. Lot 50x140. House has four rooms and hall on the first and three rooms on the second floor, and city water is supplied in the kitchen, together with sewer connection. House is in first-class condition throughout, having been newly painted inside and out and papered. Property is located one block from car line, the neighborhood is pleasant, the locality is being rapidly built up, and this property will increase in value.

Price, $1800. Easy Terms

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, October 8th, 1902.
In the matter of the Guardianship of Caroline Marie Boeing, Minor.
Upon filing the final account of Guardianship with a petition for final settlement and allowance of Frank A. Schulte Guardian of the above named minor
It is ordered, That said petition be heard, and the settlement and allowance of said account be made at a Special term of the Probate Court, to be held in and for said County of St. Louis on Friday the 31st day of October A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Office in the Court-house in the city of Duluth in said County.
It is further ordered, That a copy of this order be served on Caroline Marie Boeing said ward, at least fourteen days before said day of hearing if she be within the state, and that this order shall be published once each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published at Duluth, in said County.
Dated at Duluth the 8th day of October A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court.
St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 8-15-22, 1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, October 8th, 1902.
In the matter of the guardianship of William Edward Boeing, Minor.
Upon filing the final account of Guardianship with a petition for final settlement and allowance of Frank A. Schulte Guardian of the above named minor
It is ordered, That said petition be heard, and the settlement and allowance of said account be made at a special term of Probate Court, to be held in and for said County of Saint Louis on Friday the 31st day of October A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Court in the Court-house in the city of Duluth in said County.
It is further ordered, That a copy of this order be served on William Edward Boeing said ward, at least fourteen days before said day of hearing if he be within the state, and that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published at Duluth in said County.
Dated at Duluth the 8th day of October A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court.
St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 8-15-22, 1902.

PERSONAL.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills Are the Best. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies." Letter by Return Mail. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST. 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1300 Buys six-room house in Endion; city water. Only one block from car line.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1200 Buys seven-room house in fine condition, in the West End, on easy monthly payments.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor and is wired for electric lights.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights. $130 cash. Balance to suit.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1066-2, new 1793.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-3.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.

Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and at reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 936.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING AND dressmaking by the day. F 13, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by lady having small child. Address W. Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man as office assistant, or store clerk. Well acquainted in city; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address F 53, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, BY THE DAY Room 318 Lowell building.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED COMpetent woman, a position as nurse; confinement cases a specialty. Address 1126 West Fifth street.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSECLEANING or washing and ironing, or any kind of work by the day. Call or address 2029 West Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A SWEDISH girl, not able to speak English yet. Willing to work. Address H 4106 Halifax street, West Duluth.

ACCOUNTANT OR BOOKKEEPER, ADvertiser, thoroughly experienced, seeks position; highest references; moderate salary. S 91, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY SCANDINAvian as a delivery clerk or in some store—has had some experience. J. S. Gransted, 4106 Halifax, West Duluth.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING, IRONING or any kind of housework. Address 313 West Superior street. Room 6.

WANTED — SITUATION BY LADY AS housekeeper; no objection to children. No. 44, Herald.

YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN WISHES work in boarding house or hotel for herself and husband. Address S 89, Herald.

EXPERIENCED SEWER WOULD LIKE work by day. 447 Mesaba avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REASonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

HOTELS.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
165 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Av. W. Duluth.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

In Your Hand Is Written the Story of Your Life



Readings Given In Phrenology.

Palmistry taught. Clairvoyance and Personal Magnetism quickly developed. Instructions also in Magnetic Healing. Excellent opportunity to qualify for fascinating and profitable business. Inestimable for self-culture. Big demand socially and professionally for successful students. Charges moderate. Success guaranteed.

Office and reception rooms, McKay hotel, ground floor, opposite postoffice, Duluth. Hours 9:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. daily. Sunday, 10 to 6. Letters with stamps answered.

Complete Life Readings in Palmistry, 20 cents. No extra charges. Accurate. Reliable.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CEDAR STUMPAGE (including some pine), on north shore Lake Superior, in Lake and Cook counties, at a reasonable figure. G. Schelin, 318 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—CLOQUET steam laundry; land-office business for right party; possession immediately. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—IF TAKEN AT once—stock of fruit and confectionery. Good location on Superior street. Address Andrew Dahl, 512 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A LARGE COAL HEATER in first-class condition, 527 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE — AT A BARGIN, HOUSEhold furniture, stoves and baby carriage. 1432 London road.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

OWING TO REMOVING FROM THE city I will sell or rent good house, stable and chicken coop; lot 80x140. C. A. Dubois, 1428 West First street.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay, weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—A CARLOAD FRESH milch cows will arrive Sept. 16. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

FOR SALE.

One 20-H. P. double friction drum-hoisting engine.
One 8-H. P. single friction drum-hoisting engine.
Two 60-inch by 16 feet tubular boilers.
One portable boiler and engine woodsawing outfit.

DULUTH MACHINERY CO.
Third Avenue East and railroad track.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom 415 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE, about 1200. 8 First avenue west.

WANTED TO BUY—CHEAP, FOR CASH a second hand wagon and double harness. Address N. F. Herald.

WANTED1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash prices paid. Address L. Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED TO BUY—IF YOU HAVE land to sell in vicinity of Hibbing, give location and price. Address S 76, Herald.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter. 301 E. 5th St. Zenith phone 515-2.

BARN FOR RENT.

BARN FOR RENT—2702 HURON ST.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — LADIES AND GENTLEmen, steady employment; $60 per month. Call or address F. Treat, Hotel Delaware.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 21 East Third street.

WANTED GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 5802 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

$12 WEEKLY COPYING LETTERS AT home, either sex; send stamp for particulars. King Manufacturing Co., 248 Warren avenue, Chicago.

GOOD GIRL; HIGH WAGES; EASY place. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 120 First avenue west.

A YOUNG GIRL ATTENDING HIGH or normal school, and wishing a place in East End, where she can work for her board can do welt by addressing S 71, Herald.

WANTED, AT ONCE—LADY SHORT order cook for night work, at City Cafe, Eveleth, Minn.; wages $40 per month. Unemployed cooks and waiters address Edward Ferry, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO CLEAN house. Address at once. S. F., Herald.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL; MUST talk English. 305 East Third.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1432 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 14 East Second street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. T. C. Phillips, 1914 East Second.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND office assistant with references. Apply 106 West Michigan street.

APPRENTICES WANTED TO LEARN dressmaking. 19 East Superior street, upstairs, room 4.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office, 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge: call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 328 West Superior street

---

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — MECHANICS, BOILERmakers and blacksmiths for railroad shops out of town, steady employment. Apply Room 7, Hotel Brunswick.

STRONG ACTIVE BOY FOR PORTER work. Apply at Ratnbun's, 29 East Superior street.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED FURniture handler. G. C. Steele Company.

WANTED — A RESIDENT ENGINEER for St. Luke's hospital. Duties, general. Apply to Theodore T. Hudson, Lonsdale building, or to J. H. Dight, at First National bank.

WANTED — BOY OVER 16 TO LEARN the lithograph trade. Apply Duluth Lithograph and Printing company.

WANTED, AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS barber, $15 and half over $26. John Mulqueen, box 310, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—FOUR MACHINISTS. APply National Iron company.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper. Apply 521 Board of Trade.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slat e quarries at Thomson, Minn. wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WANTED—SALESMEN. THE HAWKS Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—QUARRYMEN AND LAborers, good wages, winter's work. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATAlogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time; mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, MINNEapolis, Minn., wants men to learn barber trade. The advantages are: Abundance of practice, licensed teachers, tools given, board included and little expense Special inducements to distant applicants. Always demad for barbers. Write toay for catalogue.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PALACE OF PALMISTRY—FULL LIFE readings, etc.; no extra charges; accurate and reliable. McKay hotel, opposite postoffice, Duluth.

MRS. BENDIXON WILL GIVE A dime circle at 105 East Fourth street, Wednesday evening.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

CONSULT MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, the medium, at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON EAST FIFTH STREET. Black Cocker Bitch. Finder will get reward at St. Louis Hotel.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE DOG, BEtween Lake and First avenue west. Finder telephone 605.

FOUND—COW, 1927 WEST FIFTH street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

$22.50 per month, 122 E. 2nd St. 6 rooms.
$15.00 per month, 14 4th ave. E., 5 rooms.
$10.00 per month, 119 3rd ave. E., 3 rooms
$9.00 per month, 903 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$8.00 per month, 805 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$30.00 per month, 208 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 210 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 212 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$30.00 per month, 214 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
All of these houses have city water and toilet, and have been newly papered and painted.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
112 Exchange Building.

NEW SEVEN-ROOM BRICK, CENtral, thoroughly modern, just completed; bath, electric light, water, furnace, hardwood floors. O. C. Hartman & Co., 209 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOR WINTER, MODERN furnished house, pleasant location, on car line; man and wife preferred. 13 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences. Apply 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

MODERN HOUSE FOR RENT AT GLEN Avon, city water, gas and electric light; small family preferred. Inquire at 1231½ West First street.

FOR RENT—FIRST-CLASS NINEroom house in Park Terrace, hardwood finish, heat and water furnished, five minutes' walk from Board of Trade, 205 Lyceum building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT; modern conveniences, Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—GOOD FIVE-ROOM FLAT, for location and price, inquire No. 503 West First street.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

FOR RENT — 3-ROOM FLAT; CITY water, $11. 20 East Fourth street.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished room, 109½ First avenue, 2 alley East.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, $5 per month. 224 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Bath, etc. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM ALCOVE, all modern conveniences, 223 East Third street.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room, very central, private family, gas, bath, furnace heat. Apply immediately, 109 Second avenue East.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with cook stove, for light housekeeping. 313 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for man and wife, or two young men. Steam heat; strictly modern. Also three unfurnished rooms. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, board. 2402 West Huron.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms. 2401 West Fourth street; with water and sewer.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, cheap, near Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street, for two gentlemen. Address P 16, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath; $6 each. N 46, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; also rooms for light housekeeping. 111 West First street.

FOR RENT — FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms; water and sewer included. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. S. Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. Steam and bath. E. Bostwick, Third street near Fifth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply X 11, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO NEAT, CLEAN BEDrooms. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room with board. Man and wife. $17 a month. Box S 79, Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat, Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 15 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — TO RENT — THREE OR four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best of references. Address at once. F. C., Herald.

YOUNG LADY WANTS TO RENT FURnished room near Board of Trade building; references. Address M 14, Evening Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD—suitable for two young men or man and wife. Brick house, steam heat, strictly modern and very central. 320 West Second street. Zenith phone 491.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY furnished front room, with board, in private family of two; best location; telephone and all conveniences. S 43, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, lake view. 218 West Third street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD FOR man and wife for winter. References. S 44, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1613 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 320 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 691.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 205-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 451; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT, MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 501-2.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING, CLOAKS, SKIRTS, waists, made from 75 cents up. Also tailor-made suits. 30 Lake avenue north.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 78, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 6, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 8, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 7. Work—Red Cross Degree. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. H. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

STEWART OR BLACK

Indications Point to Election of One as Commander-in-Chief of G. A. R.

The Veterans Have Settled Down to Hard Work.

Majority of Sightseers Are Leaving City Fast.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The visitors to the G. A. R. encampment, who came to Washington solely on pleasure bent, and those whose almost only wish was to again march in parade through the streets of the capital, are rapidly leaving the city for their homes. In fact the exodus commenced almost as soon as the parades of yesterday was concluded, and this morning the crowd along the streets are but little more than normal. Those who remain of the sightseers' class for the most part are putting in the day visiting the department's buildings and other points that were closed yesterday. Arlington cemetery and the tomb of Washington are today the shrines toward which many hundreds are journeying.

The weather still continues most favorable, and today it was warm as an early June day. Today the actual business of the convention begins, and caucuses are being held by nearly all states to decide whom they will support for commander-in-chief. The house of delegates meets at 2 p. m.

A careful forecast of the situation seems to indicate that the three prominent candidates for commander-in-chief stand in this order: First, Gen. Stewart of Pennsylvania, who only lost last year by three votes; second, Gen. John C. Black of Illinois, former pension commissioner under President Cleveland, and third, John C. McElroy, of Washington, editor of the National Tribune, and now senior vice commander-in-chief. The West seems to be heartily supporting Black, while their Eastern brethren are practically united on Stewart. A deadlock may occur, which would land the position for McElroy, but it now seems Stewart or Black.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The encampment of the G. A. R., which is the business meeting of that order, began its sessions at 10 o'clock today in the First Congregational church in this city. The attendance comprised about 1000 delegates, making it one of the largest ever held by the organization. Commander-in-Chief Torrance presided, and an opening prayer was delivered by Rev. J. B. Starkey, of Pittsburg, who acted as chaplain-in-chief. The audience then united in singing "America," after which the committee on credentials made its report. This report was accepted, and without the formality of a roll call the business proceeded. The meetings were secret.

At the outset a resolution was adopted expressing the grief of the convention over the death of President McKinley, and its regret over President Roosevelt's indisposition.

A collection of photographs of most past national officers was presented to the order by Delegate Heath, of Pennsylvania, with the condition that they are to be preserved in the congressional library. Commander-in-Chief Torrance then delivered his annual address. He was received with cheers and was often interrupted by applause.

Gen. Torrance began his address with touching allusion to the assassination of President McKinley, eulogizing in strong terms the dead president's character and condemning in bitter language the crime that struck him down. He advocated the enactment of laws by congress which should make certain the punishment of any person who should make an assault on the chief executive. No quibble concerning constitutional rights, he contended should be allowed to stand in the way of such legislation. Taking up the questions of pensions, Gen. Torrance related the circumstances connected with the investigation of the charges against Former Pension Commissioner Evans. Speaking of the report made by the grand army's committee on pensions, General Torrance said that the acceptance of the resignation of Commissioner Evans by the president immediately following the presentation of this committee's report to him. Referring further to the effect produced by the inquiry, he said:

"One most gratifying result of our investigation was to find that no ground existed for the wholesale charges of fraud so often made against the pensioners. A large part of the last report of Commissioner Evans was taken up with a recital of cases of fraud committed or attempted to be committed against the government during the preceding thirty years, but, when analyzed, it appeared

(Continued on Page 10.)

ITALIANS ARE DRILLING

Strikers In Lackawanna County Seem to Be Preparing to Fight---Much of Their Ammunition Has Been Seized.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 9.--One thousand rounds of ammunition was seized and confiscated at the Delaware & Hudson freight station in Olyphant this morning by order of Col. Watres of the Thirteenth regiment. This makes 2500 rounds of ammunition that has been confiscated in the anthracite district, commanded by Col. Watres, within the past two weeks.

The ammunition was consigned to Bastiano Passano, a leader among the Italians in Upper Lackawanna county. Passano was placed under arrest as he was about to receipt for and remove the ammunition from the station.

Col. Watres has been informed that bodies of men have been drilling in the woods almost daily. Yesterday he had detachments of men scouring the woods for evidence of such action, and the knowledge that the consignment of ammunition had been shipped to Passano was obtained by one af these detachments.

BAER IS WILLING TO PROMISE

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 9.—The Very Rev. P. C. Nagle, rector of St. Nicholas German Roman Catholic church, of this city, which has one of the largest congregations in Northeastern Pennsylvania, among them being many mine workers, wrote a letter to President Baer, of the Reading company, a few days ago, appealing to him to do something for his people. He stated there was not so much complaint against the scale of wages as there was against the lack of steady work. He felt that if the companies would promise the men work six days a week instead of an average the year around of four days a week, the workers would have little cause for complaint. Dr. Nagle received the flowing reply from Mr. Baer in today's mail:

"I am perfectly willing to promise the men full time and steady work, except when work is prevented by unavoidable accidents. I am quite sure the conditions are such that I can keep this promise. Will you kindly tell me how I can give this assurance to the men to make it most effective? Yours truly, GEORGE F. BAER.
"President."

NEW SCHEME TO SEE WOMAN

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Bud Haggins, said to be a race track employe, is sought by the police on the charge of devising a new plan of attempted murder and trying it upon Annie Butler, 2412 Dearborn street. Haggins had quarreled with the woman frequently and had been arrested on her complaint. She feared him and had refused to have anything to do with him. Going to a telephone within less than half a block of her house, he called her to the instrument and after a few words with her, requested her to hold the wire. Then he went around to the side window of her house, knowing he could see her at the telephone, and she says fired one shot at her. The bullet struck her left side, causing a wound that may prove fatal. Haggins then ran away and is sought for by the police.

REAL MURDERER CONFESSES

Butte, Oct. 9.—Twenty years after the commission of a murder, for which Thomas Hanley and Luke Kelly, the latter president of the Silver Bow Trades and Labor assembly, and a prominent labor leader in Montana, had served seven years in the penitentiary, the real murderer is said to have confessed. Word has been received from Wilkesbarre, Pa., that E. W. Tourey, of Scranton, Pa., has given himself up. The tragedy was enacted near Luzerne, Pa., a man named Rosencrantz being held up and killed. Kelly and Hanley were convicted on the testimony of a woman who declared she recognized them as the murderers.

NO CARS MOVING

Situation at New Orleans Remains About the Same.

Local Troops Are Assembling to Give Men Protection.

Sufficient Soldiers Will Be Utilized to Secure Order.

New Orleans, Oct. 9.—Under the orders of Gen. Glynn, commanding the First military department, the local troops are assembling in their armories. When his commands are in readiness, Gen. Glynn will confer with Mayor Capdeville as to the disposition of the forces. Advices from the armories are to the effect that there is a large response to the orders of the general commanding. Troops out in the state are being held in readiness to come here in the event that the local forces are insufficient to control the situation. Governor Heard arrived at the state capitol at an early hour tals morning, and immediately sent Adjt. Gen. Jumel back to New Orleans to co-operate with Gen. Glynn and the local authorities.

Even a larger crowd of strikers and their sympathizers were on Canal street at 7 o'clock this morning than on yesterday, in anticipation of a fresh attempt of the street car people to operate their cars. One hundred and fifty policemen on foot and mounted were sent to the scene at an early hour. The crowds are orderly. Two mail cars were sent out from the barn, but were unmolested. Mayor Capdeville reached his office at 7 o'clock and awaited the representatives of the street railway company. It was intended to discuss the question of attempting to run cars before the militia are actually on the scene.

RHODE ISLAND

Republicans Nominate State Ticket In Perfect Harmony.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 9.—In a short but harmonious session today the Republican state convention nominated the following ticket: Governor, Charles Dean Kimball, Providence; lieut-governor, George L. Shepley; secretary of state, Charles P. Bennett; attorney general, Charles F. Stearns, Providence; general treasurer, Walter Read, Gloucester.

The nominations for congress were: First district, Melville Bull, Newport; Second district, A. P. Capron, Smithfield.

BREAKING UP CAMP

Wonderful Exhibition By the Regulars at Fort Riley.

Fifteen Hundred Tents Came Down As If By Magic.

Six Thousand Men Pulled Ropes at Given Signal.

Fort Riley, Kan., Oct. 9.—For two weeks officers of the National Guard from nearly all the states between Wisconsin and Georgia, California and Rhode Island, have remained at Camp Root witnessing practical object lessons in the movement of armies and the control of men in action. There were very few of them in camp this morning, nearly all having left for their homes. Had those who departed prolonged their visit but one day, they would have gained knowledge of the art of swiftly placing an army in motion, second in importance to nothing they have acquired concerning the more showy operations in the field. This knowledge they would have obtained by looking on at the simple, frictionless, but marvelously rapid break-up of Camp Roottt under the energetic personal direction of Superintendent C. B. Baker, the chief quartermaster of the maneuver camp, who had entire control of the loading of the trains and transportation of the troops.

At 6:29 this morning 1500 tents stood in the camp just as they have stood for the last fortnight. All their ropes had been loosened, however, and at 6000 tent corners stood 6000 men, each holding a tent rope. At 6:30 a cavalry bugler standing upon the hillside which slopes away to the east from the tent of the commanding general raised his bugle to his lips and the notes of "general" rang out upon the air. Instantly the call was caught up by the regimental buglers, and within one minute

(Continued on Page 4.)

NEW TRAIN

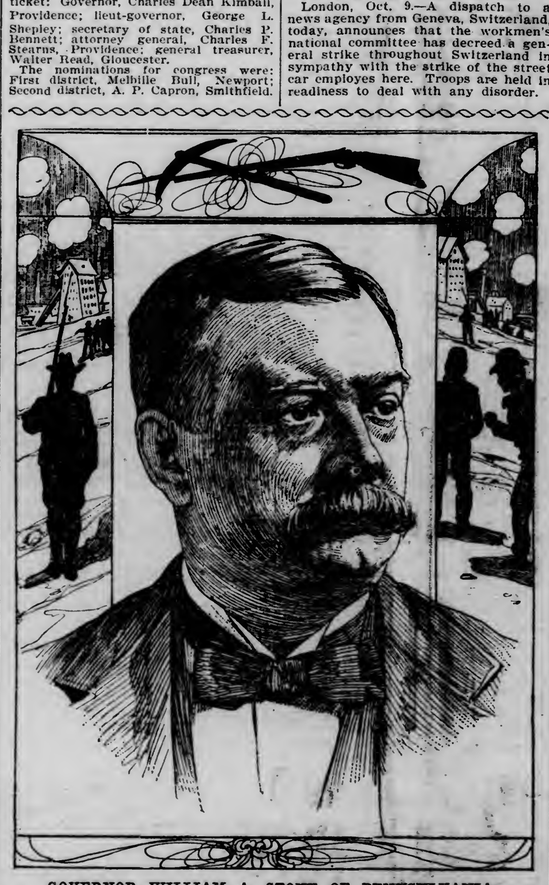
To Run Between Des Moines and St. Paul.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The Chicago & Northwestern railway announces a new train to go into effect next Sunday between Des Moines and the Northwest, making connection en route for all points in Northern Iowa, South Dakota and Southern Minnesota.

The new train will leave Des Moines about 9:40 p. m. and arrive at St. Paul early next morning. The character of the service will be of the very highest class, including through sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars without change between the cities named.

STRIKE IN SWITZERLAND.

London, Oct. 9.—A dispatch to a news agency from Geneva, Switzerland, today, announces that the workmen's national committee has decreed a general strike throughout Switzerland in sympathy with the strike of the street car employes here. Troops are held in readiness to deal with any disorder.



GOVERNOR WILLIAM A. STONE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Governor Stone, who has called out the entire state militia to protect the anthracite mines, has been executive of Pennsylvania since January, 1899. He was a member of congress from 1891 to 1899. He served in the civil war as lieutenant of volunteers and after the war was a lieutenant colonel in the Pennsylvania National Guard. He was born in Pennsylvania fifty-six years ago. He is a lawyer, and one of his first public offices was as district attorney of Tioga county, Pa.

REFUSAL IS POSITIVE

Mr. Mitchell Declines to Comply With Request of President Roosevelt.

TROOPS IN POSITION

In Control of Stretch of Country Sixty Miles Long.

Regiments Will Be Kept Intact For the Present.

Outrages By Strikers Continue In Widely Separated Territory.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 9.—The entire Third brigade, under command of Gen. Gobin, is now in the Lackawana and Wyoming valleys, and in control of the territory from Wapwallopen and Mocanaqua on the south to Forest City on the north, a stretch of sixty miles. Most of the troops arrived during the night. The last to get in was the Fourth regiment, which arrived this morning. Gen. Gobin was on the railroad nearly all night, but notwithstanding his fatigue he was busy today placing his command. For the present the regiments, with one exception, will be kept intact. The Eighth, Ninth and Thirteenth regiments, which have been in the field for some time, will remain in their present camps.

Gen. Gobin said that for the present the troops will remain where he has stationed them and as the necessity arises he will distribute them. The general's attention was called to statements made by company superintendents that the production of coal depends altogether where the troops are placed to protect workmen, and he was asked if his men will do police duty. He replied that he would do whatever Governor Stone ordered him to do.

The arrival of the troops and the dash of the Philadelphia cavalry through the city streets to their camp livened up matters in the city which has been very quiet. The soldiers were respectfully received in the valley.

Tamaqua, Pa., Oct. 9.—James Burnham, a striker, was shot and killed by a soldier on guard duty at Brownsville, near here, early this morning. The place is the scene of several dynamiting outrages, and Burnham is said to have been loitering in the vicinity of a non-unionist's house which was partly destroyed by an explosion last week. The soldier called upon Burnham to halt, and this order is said to have been disregarded, and thereupon the sentry fired and Burnham fell dead in his tracks with a bullet through his heart.

An unsuccessful attempt was made last night to dynamite a breaker owned by Slatterly Bros., at Tucarora. Only slight damage was done.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 9.—The engine and one car of a Lehigh valley coal train was derailed during the night a short distance from the Lattimer colliery. The derailment was caused by a big stone which had been placed on the track. A detachment of Company I, First regiment, which was summoned, discovered other obstructions on the rails further east.

Italians with clubs threatened to stop trolley cars at Harleigh today, but they dispersed before it was necessary to call the militia.

THE STRIKE IN FRANCE.

Paris, Oct. 9.—Dispatches received here from the coal mining regions indicate the strikers numbered 60,000 men this morning, the departments affected being the Nord, the Pas de Calais and the Loire and the Carmaux coal fields. The miners' central committee has written to Premier Combes declaring that the strike is due to the refusal of the companies to grant their employes just wages and asks the government to place the men's demands before the chamber of deputies after it reassembles.

IMPOSSIBLE

To Verify Rumors of Settlement of Coal Strike.

New York, Oct. 9.—The presence in the city today of President Mitchell, of the Miners' union, and of several prominent men who have been more or less identified in recent attempts to settle the coal strike, led to many rumors that such an end had been attained or that negotiations that had a fair promise of settlement were under way. It has been impossible, however, to verify these reports. Mr. Mitchell himself, after a busy morning of conferences with unknown parties, positively declined to make any statement and several of the most prominent of the coal operators, when questioned, replied that, so far as they knew, nothing had been done. Senators Quay and Penrose, of Pennsylvania, and Senator Platt, of New York, who were in conference during the forenoon, were reticent as to the cause of their council in the latter's office and Senator Quay himself in an interview confined his expression to purely political matters. From Mr. Mitchell nothing could be obtained beyond the bare statement that he would return to Wilkesbarre tonight. In no responsible quarter has it been possible to obtain even an admission that a new set of negotiations were on foot, though there were various rumors that a settlement of the anthracite coal strike was in sight.

(Continued on Page 10.)

Miners Have Already Gone More Than Half Way.

Those Refusing Arbitration Now Responsible.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The following was made public at the White House today:

Office National President, United Mine Workers of America, John Mitchell, National President; Second Vice President American Federation of Labor.

Hotel Hart, Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 8, 1902.

Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.:

Dear Sir: Hon Carrol D. Wright has no doubt reported to you the delivery of your message to me last Monday and my statement to him that I should take your suggestion under advisement, although I did not look upon it with favor.

Since that time I have consulted with our district presidents, who concur fully in my views.

We desire to assure you again that we feel keenly the responsibility of our position and the gravity of the situation, and it would give us great pleasure to take any action which would bring this coal strike to an end in a manner that would safeguard the interests of our constituents.

In proposing that there be an immediate resumption of coal mining upon the conditions we suggested in the conference at the White House we believed that we had gone more than half way and had met your wishes.

It is unnecessary in this letter to refer to the malicious assault upon us in the response of the coal operators. We feel confident that you must have been impressed with the fairness of our proposition and the insincerity of those who maligned us.

Having in mind our experience with the coal operators in the past, we have no reason to feel any degree of confidence in their willingness to do us justice in the future, and inasmuch as they have refused to accept the decision of a tribunal selected by you, and inasmuch as there is no law through which you could enforce the findings of the committee you suggest, we respectfully decline to advise our people to return to work simply upon the hope that the coal operators might be induced or forced to comply with the recommendations of your commission.

As stated above, we believe that we went more than half way in our proposal at Washington, and we do not feel that we should be asked to make further sacrifices.

We appreciate your solicitude for the people of our country who are now and will be subjected to great suffering and inconvenience by a prolongation of the coal strike, and we feel that the onus of this terrible state of affairs should be placed upon the side which has refused to defer to fair and impartial investigation. I am, respectfully,
JOHN MITCHELL,
President U. M. W. of A.

No comment was made concerning the letter of Mr. Mitchell by officials at the White House today, although it can be said that the president has not exhausted all efforts in bringing about an end to the strike. Nothing can be learned as to the future intentions of the president in this matter, and it is stated that the time has not yet come to disclose the purpose of the administration. This naturally gives rise to speculation as to what may be the next move, as it was understood that the administration had done about everything possible in bringing the operators and miners together and in the appeal made to Mr. Mitchell.

New York, Oct. 9.—President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers' union, who arrived in the city last night, accompanied by District Presidents T. D. Nichols, Thomas Duffy and John Fahy, refused to answer any questions this morning that would throw any light on his plans of contemplated movements.

"There is nothing I can say as to my purpose here," he said. He was asked in particular as to what took place, or was the outcome of the midnight conference he had last night with Senators Quay and Penrose and a man said to be L. M. Hammerling, an independent coal operator from Wilkesbarre. The three district presidents were also there. Some reports say that Senator Platt and Chairman Dunn, of the New York Republican state committee, were likewise present.

Asked if he contemplated a trip to Washington, Mr. Mitchell replied: "I don't know yet."

While Mr. Mitchell was at breakfast at his hotel, Moses P. Solomon, a lawyer of Chicago, arrived at the hotel. He ascertained that Mr. Mitchell was at the breakfast table and at once joined him there. The two talked for a few moments and then Mr. Mitchell went to the long distance telephone and used the wire for about fifteen minutes. He and Mr. Solomon then went up stairs to Mr. Mitchell's room.

As he was going up stairs, Mr. Mitchell was asked a second time if he was going to Washington, in view of the meeting there of the executive council of the American Federation of

(Continued on Page 10.)

BIG TUNNEL NEARLY DUG

Work of Excavating the Rapid Transit Subway In New York City Will Be Completed In a Few Weeks.

New York, Oct. 9.—New Yorkers will be riding from one end of the rapid transit tunnel to the other in less than a year, according to the announcement made by Chief Engineer William Barclay Parsons, who has just sailed for Europe. Practically all the tunnel digging will be finished within the next six weeks.

"By next New Year's day it will begin to look like a railroad," said Mr. Parsons.

"We shall then have seven miles of four-track railroad laid and ready for business. And by that time we expect the work of excavation and enclosure to be completed. In all there are sixty miles of a single track road to be built. The electric motors will begin to arrive about Jan. 1 and the cars will soon follow. The stations will be beautiful and artistic, as well as if illuminated by sunlight and perfectly hygienic.

"A color scheme has also been adopted by which to distinguish the various sections of the road, so as to enable the passenger to tell at a glance when he is nearing the station at which he wants to leave the train.

"This will be in addition to automatic device in the cars by which the next station will be announced.

"At all important stations telephone booths will be established and at more important stations telegraph stations also. There will be both ascending and descending elevators at all the deep stations.

"Stairways have been planned so as to keep the incoming and outgoing streams of passengers entirely separate. The stirways will be wider in the average than those of the elevated railways and there will be twice as many. I believe we shall throw the main section open to traffic on Oct. 1 of next year, and that will be fifteen months within the time limit fixed in the contract."

INCREASE IN COST OF LIVING

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The cost of living has been discussed before the arbitration committee sifting the grievances of the employes of the Union Traction company. Tables presented in behalf of the men showed that the price of thirty-seven necessary articles had gone up and fifteen decreased, while the street car men have worked at the same wage for sixteen years. The average advance ranging from 15 to 65 per cent. House rents ran from 40 to 66 per cent, while no estimate could be placed on coal. The men urged that this heavy increase in the cost of living and the advances made in other trades should be weighed when the question of giving them a higher wage scale is taken into consideration.

SCHWAB CHARTERS A YACHT

New York, Oct. 9.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, has chartered Anthony J. Drexel's steam yacht, the Margarita, and will spend part of the winter cruising in the Mediterranean, cables the London correspondent of the Herald. Mr. Schwab intended taking a villa somewhere on the Riviera, but decided that he would be more benefited by a cruise. The Margarita, which has been laid up for the winter at Cowes, will be immediately overhauled and made ready for her cruise. She is expected to go into commission on Oct. 22. Mr. Schwab will board the boat with Mrs. Schwab at Marseilles. The yacht is chartered until March 1.

TOILETWARE DINNERWARE

Bric-a-Brac

Truly the most tempting display—we doubt if there's any finer China in Duluth. Ours is imported from all countries—France, England, Germany, Austria, China, Japan, Italy—the largest part coming from Limoges, France. We've established a CHINA CENTER—each individual piece possesses some artistic merit sure of certain appreciation.

DINNERWARE--We've a fine selection of all kinds—60 pc, 100-pc, 112-pc sets in Porcelain and China. Splendid open stock Haviland patterns.

Fish Sets, Game Sets, Meat Sets, Chop Dishes, Pudding Dishes, Fruit Sets.

FANCY CHINA--Even now our holiday goods are beginning to arrive, and it will surely pay you to see what we are offering in odd pieces—Five tables covered with such articles as make beautiful gifts, prizes, etc.

Bon Bons, Pin Trays, Jardinieres, Brush Trays, Olive Dishes, Ferneries, Placques, Bouillon Cups, Puff Boxes, Ramekins. Busts. Figures.

Art Candles—Candle Sticks—Shade Holders.

FOR SMOKERS-- And for den use, we have collected a stunning array of "Just what I've been looking for" articles so dear to men.

Pipe Racks, Tobacco Boxes, Ash Trays, Grotesques, Cigar Lamps, Masks, Matchholders. Smoke Sets. Oriental Figures.

RICH CUT CLASS--A large assortment—especially of the small, useful pieces—all new designs with an unequalled brilliancy.

Salts, Table Mirrors, Jugs, Cruets, Knife Rests, Creamers, Bowls. Perfume Bottles. Olives.

VASES-- Of all sizes—all kinds—all prices—things too numerous to mention—from the finest Bonnor Teplitz to the inexpensive Bohemian Glass.

Metal Vases and Pitchers.
Silverware, Clocks, Metal Novelties, China for Decorating.

We, indeed offer in a most elaborate way, all the dainty wares in which China lovers take such pride. It's a broad, enchanting exhibition of

Bric-a-Brac, Glass and China.

Queer little prices on each piece.

PRICES YOU'LL APPRECIATE.

Complete House Furnishers.

The G.C. Steele Co.

226-228 W. Superior St.

CONTINUED.

New Section 30 Case Goes Over, Witness Being Away.

The new section 30 case started in district court by the Buffalo Land Exploration company, against Hugh P. Strong et al, for the possession of some mining land in 29 and 30-52-10, was continued this morning in Judge Cant's court. Witnesses this morning were Charles B. King, clerk in the United States land office, and George W. Buck. It is understood that J. M. Smith, receiver at the local land office is desired as a witness in the case, but is out of the city at the present time.

The land for which the title is in dispute was surveyed at the instance of Capt. T. H. Pressnell, deputy clerk of the United States circuit and district courts, in 1897, when he was a deputy in the office of the clerk of district court.

Capt. Pressnell said yesterday that every precaution was taken in the survey of the lands and painted posts were set at the corners to serve afterwards in laying out the lines.

The half-breed Pettijohn, to whom the scrip was issued for the land some years ago afterward moved to California and was brought back here a few years ago as a witness in a land contest case connected with the disputed property.

The land is claimed to have under it large bodies of low grade ore.

At the morning session of district court, the plaintiff company was permitted to file amended articles of complaint.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

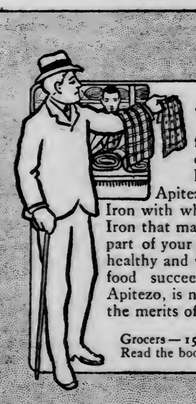
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature [illegible] on every box. 25c.

NEW JOBBING HOUSE.

St. Paul Man Here Figuring on Locating One.

There is a prospect that Duluth will soon have a new jobbing house. W. H. Blake, of St. Paul, is in the city today, and it is said that he is negotiating with local capital for the formation of a jobbing house to handle hats, caps, gloves, mittens and kindred lines. Mr. Blake is a thoroughly experienced man, and he has been associated with houses of this nature in the Twin Cities for twenty years.

Mr. Blake did not care to discuss the matter when asked about it this morning, but it is said that the new company is practically assured, and that it will probably be located on Fifth avenue west, with Mr. Blake as manager.



There is no match

for Apitezo. It is unlike every other food. No other food is at all like it. Other foods can not be like Apitezo, because they have not the Plant Iron with which Apitezo is enriched. It is Plant Iron that makes your blood red, and it is the red part of your blood that keeps your whole system healthy and vigorous. Just because some other food succeeds in giving the appearance of Apitezo, is no sign that it has a single one of the merits of the real

Apitezo

Grocers—15 cents.
Read the booklet in the package.

GAS NOT RESERVED

Duluth Water & Light Company to Sell Entire Franchise.

Kenneth Clark Corrects Misunderstanding As to It.

Will Make a Written Agreement to This Effect.

Henry Truelsen and others interested in municipal ownership today came out in opposition to the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water plant, claiming that the Duluth Light and Water company was only selling half its franchise rights to the city for $140,000.

They said that the franchise granted the company included a gas franchise as well as a water franchise, but it was proposed in the provisional agreement that only the water rights should be turned over to the city.

Kenneth Clark, of St. Paul, who is acting for the bondholders of the Duluth Light and Water company in the negotiations, says, however, that the provisional agreement carries the gas franchise as well as the water, and to avoid any possible misunderstanding, he will make a written agreement to convey to the city the gas franchise along with the other property of the company, if the people ratify the purchase proposition at the special election on Oct. 23.

It is claimed that the leaving out of the gas franchise in the purchase proposition was an oversight, and that it has been understood all along that the gas franchise should be included in the purchase.

Kenneth Clark has absolute power in conducting negotiations, and he says that he has specifically understood from the very first that the conveyance should include the gas feature. Mr. Clark says:

"It has been brought to my attention that the question has been raised as to whether or not the proposition for a sale of the water plant at West Duluth includes the franchise for laying gas mains and doing a gas lighting business in West Duluth. The franchise under which the West Duluth water plant was constructed was given to the West Duluth Light and Water company, and included as a part of it the right to lay gas mains and do a gas lighting business in West Duluth. There was but one franchise, which was a combined water and light franchise.

"My understanding of the provisional agreement that is to be voted upon by the people is that the purchase shall carry with it this combined franchise, including the gas lighting franchise as well as the water franchise granted to the West Duluth Light and Water company, and to avoid any possible misunderstanding of the effect of that agreement, I now agree with the people of the city of Duluth that in case the proposed agreement is ratified at the coming election, I will convey to the city, upon the terms mentioned in that agreement, all of the property therein described, including the franchise to lay gas mains and do a gas lighting business in West Duluth, granted to the West Duluth Light and Water company."

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.

Imperial camp, M. W. A., will meet at Elks' hall, Friday, Oct. 10, the repairs and refurnishing having been completed. A full attendance is desired.

Cheap Rates to COPPER COUNTRY

On Steamer Argo.

Leaving Duluth every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 p. m., arriving at Houghton 7 a. m. following days—14-hour service. No stops. First class fare, including meals and berth, $3.00 one way; $5.00 round trip. Second class, $2.00.

ARE WEDDED.

Marriage of Miss Sellwood and Leslie W. Leithhead.

At 7 o'clock last evening, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, their daughter, Miss Ophelia Kalida Sellwood, and Leslie Walword Leithhead were joined in marriage. It was a beautiful home wedding, one of the prettiest Duluth has ever seen. The ceremony was attended only by relatives and a very few friends, and from 8 to 11 o'clock a wedding reception was given.

The ceremony was performed in the main reception hall. The large recess window was a beautiful bower of green, palms and potted plants of all kinds giving to it a gorgeous effect, and it was here that the bridal couple stood while the service was read. Flaaten's orchestra was stationed in the corridor on the upper floor and, as the bridal party entered, played softly the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin."

The bride entered with her father, and her only attendant was her sister, Miss Larue Sellwood. The best man was Albert Leithhead, of Montreal, brother of the groom. Dr. A. W. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, read the service, and during it the orchestra played softly. At the conclusion the Mendelssohn march was played and the bridal couple were showered with congratulations.

The bride's gown was a magnificent lace robe, a Parisian gown of remarkable beauty. The skirt was of white catin, with overskirt of white chiffon, covered with exquisite lace. The bodice was of lace, with pearl and silver thread trimmings. She carried lilies of the valley. The groom's gift was a beautiful ring set with three stones, two diamonds and a pearl. The bridesmaid wore a beautiful gown of green crepe and carried pink roses.

At the reception a large number called. The guests were received by Mr. and Mrs. Sellwood, the bride and groom, Miss Sellwood, Alfred Leithhead and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Morrow. The orchestra played throughout the evening, and the house was prettily decorated with American Beauty roses, chrysanthemums, cut flowers and potted plants. On the dining room table was an immense bowl of yellow chrysanthemums.

Assisting in the parlors were Mrs. W. W. Walker, Mrs. Joseph B. Cotton, Mrs. A. W. Dutton and Mrs. Cora Macdougall.

Mr. and Mrs. Leithhead left on the night train for St. Paul. The bride's going-away gown was a brown traveling suit. From St. Paul Mr. and Mrs. Leithhead will go to Montreal, the former home of the groom. Upon their return they will make their home in the new residence which is now in course of erection on Eighteenth avenue east.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

Y. W. C. A. GYMNASIUM

Classes for Women and Girls.

Morning, afternoon and evening. Rates—Women, $5.00 a year (two lessons weekly); girls, $3.00.

INDOOR BASEBALL.

Opening Game Between Company A and Superior.

A great deal of interest centers in the opening of the indoor baseball season tomorrow evening.

The first game is at the Armory between Company A, of Duluth, and Company I, of Superior.

Both organizations are strong, fast and have pennant winning ambitions.

After the game there will be an informal dancing party.

The two teams will play as follows:

Company A—		Company I—
Callahan	Catcher	Fogelquist
Schipper	Pitcher	S. Duff
McKenny	First	L. Harris
Dash	Second	Wilson
Grochau	Third	Carey
Everington	Right short	Duff
King	Left short	Harris
O'Gorman	Right field	Harris
Meagher	Left field	Lawton

If you intend buying a piano within the next year it will pay you to visit the great piano sale now going on at French & Bassett's.

First Dance of the Season

To be given by Flaaten's Third Regiment Band, at the Armory, Thursday evening, Oct. 9. Fisher, prompter. Be sure to come. Tickets, 50c.

HYDRANTS.

Manager Case Discusses Other Side of the Question.

Manager Case, of the water and light department says that there are two sides to the current agitation for more fire hydrants without additional expense to the city. He says:

"The statements made in The Herald's article last evening are true, but they should be considered in conjunction with other facts.

"The water and light department receives from the general tax levy $26,000, as hydrant rentals and $11,000 in addition thereto, the latter to be used exclusively in the reduction of the water rates as provided in the charter.

"This $37,000 comes from all the taxable property in the city, improved and unimproved.

"The unimproved properties pay of this sum not more than $14,000 leaving the balance to be paid by the improved portions, or rather by the people of today who are paying the water and gas rates.

"Now out of the gas rates received by the deuartment there is paid annually $113,000 interest on the bonds issued for the original purchase of the works and the construction of the auxiliary system. Subtracting the $37,000 received from the tax levy leaves $76,000, which must come from the water and gas rates.

"This the live active citizen of today has to pay, and also more than three-fifths of the sum received from the tax levy, so that the less the amount from this source the more there must come from water and gas consumers.

"The question now is: How far this should extend, which I confess is a difficult question to solve. I am rather inclined to think with the mayor that probably a limit has been reached.

"There should also be borne in mind that with other municipal owned plants, the interest is paid entirely from the general tax levy, and because of this the rates are considerably less than in Duluth."

MILLERS' STRIKE.

St. Paul, Oct. 9.—A Faribault, Minn., special to the Dispatch, says: The employes of the Springfield Milling company, of this city, are on a strike today for shorter hours and better wages. The company has advertised for men to fill their places.

CATTLE TRAIN DYNAMITED.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 9.—A cattle train on one of the Lehigh Valley railroad's mountain cut off tracks near Pittsburg was dynamited late last night. Seven cars were damaged and several head of cattle killed. A coal train is generally run over the cut off at night and it is believed some one tried to prevent the train going through. The coal train, however, was not run at the usual hour last night and the stock train took its place.

A friend of the Home—A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

DODGES BULLETS

Burglar Makes Lightning Dash From an Officer.

Caught In Act of Robbing a Small Store.

Runs Like Frightened Deer Regardless of Bullets.

A burglar dashed down Michigan street at an early hour this morning, dodging like lightning to avoid bullets that were pumped after him by an officer.

The burglar escaped, and those that saw him last say he was jumping so high and often that it was the most amusing sight they ever witnessed.

It must have been far from amusement to the man that was being shot at, however, for he took desperate chances in his running that would never have been attempted by any person not thoroughly convinced that there were slim chances for saving life.

The burglar was discovered operating in the cigar and confectionary store of Louis Picchitti, at 212 West Superior street.

The cook in the Waldorf restaurant heard that he was in there, and securing a gun, crept stealthily up to the rear door of the establishment and had the burglar covered before that individual had any indea that his prowlings had been noticed.

A friend of the cook was stricken with something akin to "buck fever," and succeeded in getting him away from the doorway for a moment or two.

That was all the burglar needed, for he took a flying leap through a doorway and nearly broke his neck falling into an ash barrel in the rear. About the time he was separating himself from the barrel, Officer Patrick Tully came hurrying down Michigan street to catch the burglar at the rear door.

The thief rudely declined to even hesitate when the officer invited him to surrender. He started his mad run for his life only touching the high places and when he got a good start he did not even touch those.

Officer Tully gave chase, but he did not have the speed incentive that the burglar had and was rapidly being distanced when he sent a warning shot after the fleeting figure. The bullet must have gone close for the burglar swerved from his course and began a series of chain lightning dodges.

The officer kept on shooting and the pursued individual became so terrified that he dashed across the street and jumped clear down on the railroad tracks, where he was lost track of.

Those that saw the man in Picchitti's store say he was either a very light colored negro or a very dark colored Italian.

TO ENGLISH

The Mueller Case Depositions Must Be Translated.

The foreign depositions in the Mueller case were opened this morning by J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, in the presence of R. R. Briggs, attorney for Katherine Mueller and Oscar Mitchell, attorney for the Milwaukee Mueller heirs. The depositions were taken before the United States consul in Bohemia and while a small portion of them are in English, the greater part of the testimony, about 200 typewritten pages, are in German and Bohemian.

Before the depositions are taken into court they will have to be translated into English and the attorneys agreed this morning that the translation should be done by Professor Ulrecht, of the Duluth Central high school, who will dictate to a setongapher the testimony to be written in English. It is expected that the process will be a somewhat tedious one. The court will probably issue an order this afternoon directing Mr. Ulrecht to make the translation.

Before the case comes to trial this fall, there remains the depositions to be taken in Milwaukee and the attorneys will probably arrange for these some time the latter part of the present month. The foreign depositions are now filed and a part of the court records of district court of St. Louis county.

Great Piano sale at French & Bassett's—$75 to $100 saved on reliable pianos. Are you interested?

INDOOR

Base Ball

CO. I, SUPERIOR, vs. CO. A, DULUTH. Informal dancing. Tickets, 25c. Flaaten's Orchestra, ARMORY, Friday October 10.

DYING WIFE'S WISH

Caused Husband to Marry Six Weeks Later.

Danbury, Conn., Oct. 9.—Dr. Louis Y. Knox respected his dead wife's memory to such an extent that he married in six weeks, so as better to carry out her last wish.

The bride is his adopted daughter, Blanche Evans. Dr. Knox is a well-preserved man of 52, while his wife is only 19.

Fifteen years ago Dr. Knox met Millie de Granville, at that time one of the famous circus performers of the country. Miss de Granville had with her a child, 4 years old, daughter of Laura Ashby, another performer and a bosom friend.

The mother had become straitened in circumstances, and Miss de Granville had adopted the girl. Dr. Knox and Millie de Granville were married, and Dr. Knox adopted the child. She received every advantage and a fine education. Two years ago Blanche went to Aberdeen, Wash., to live with her own mother.

Six week ago Mrs. Knox died. Her last words were a request that her husband keep a fatherly eye on Blanche and see that she came to no harm. The letter which Dr. Knox wrote to her telling of her foster mother's death was the first of a series, and it was not long before he proposed marriage. Tuesday Miss Ashby and her mother arrived in Jersey City, where Dr. Knox and the adopted daughter were married.

Freimuth's

Greatest Daylight Store.

Busy Under-Price Friday Economies.

Handsome Waist Patterns In all the new and popular stripes and polka dots—20 different shadings—three yards in each—sold regularly at $2.00 per pattern—for Friday each **$1.50**

Extra Special 9c Outing Flannel neat stripes, small and large checks—light colors—choice of 50 pieces sold elsewhere at 10c—our regular price 9c—Friday price **6c**

Fancy Moire Skirt Lining in light and dark colors—also black — 36-inches wide—the newest in skirt lining—regular value 25c—special for Friday at per yard **15c**

Remnants Spun Glass Lining In black and white only—36-in wide—the kind that sells for 15c in the piece—Friday price **6½c**

Ready-made Sheets size 72 x 90—torn and hemmed—standard brand—fine soft cotton—sold regularly for 60c—for Friday only **45c**

20c Linen Huck Towels 12½c with fast color Borders—size 20x38 inches—Never sold (even at special sales) for less than 20c. For Friday only, they are each **12½c**

Rogers Triple Plate Knives and Forks Warranted 12 Pwt. Our Regular Low Price Is $3.00. For Friday you pay per set, In Jewelry Department **$2.48**

Rogers A1 Silver Plate Teaspoons New and Fancy designs on handles—an exceptional value for Friday, at only per set **75c**

Rogers A1 Dessert and Table Spoons Neat designs on handles—a very unusual value at $1.50 on Friday, price **$1.25**

Home Linen Thread 100 yard spools—fast black, a small but essential article at the special Friday price of 3 for **5c**

Collar Forms Made of good quality canvas, sell regularly for 10c, Friday special, only **7c**

Straight Front Hose Supporters fancy silk elastic and buckle—in all colors—good reliable supporters—well worth 65c—special for Friday **39c**

Parisian Dress Shields size 3 x 4—light weights—non-odorous—sold regularly at 15c—special for Friday **10c**

Brush Braids Fiedler's, Amazon and other high grade brands—in brush braid and dress facing—sold regularly at 7c and 8c per yard—at the special Friday price **5c**

35c and 25c Collar Edges and Turnovers

15c Silk embroidered edge on white and colored linen—very neat and dainty—while they last we sell them at each **15c**

Women's Kid Gloves in black, grey and tan, mode, brown and white—clasp and lac—fastened—regular $1.00 value, for Friday **79c**

Basement.

85c Galvanized Wash Tubs..69c
69c Willow Clothes Baskets..49c
18c Wash Boards..12½c
15c Cotton Clothes Lines..10c
25c House Brooms..19c
48c Fancy Work Baskets—a new and excellent assortment, special for Friday..25c

Drug Store.

50c Bottle Beef, Iron and Wine 25c
$1.00 Bottle of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil..50c
25c Bottle Syrup of Figs..15c
50c Rice Face Powder..29c
25c triple distilled Witch Hazel 16c
$1.25 Hair Brush, warranted real ebony and pure bristles..89c

BREAK AWAY

Shouted Policeman After Kiss Had Lasted Three Minutes.

New York, Oct. 9.—On account of the high prices of coal and the inclemency of the weather, Matthew Lepowitz, of Newark, kissed his sweetheart, Rosie Smith, in Branch Brook Park, to make her feel warm. It would have been cheaper had he bought coal. He paid a twenty-dollar fine for himself and another for the girl in the police court.

Lepowitz and the girl were walking in the park holding hands. They sat down on a bench, and Lepowitz, securing a strangle hold on Rosie, glued his lips to hers, and the kiss that resulted almost formed a rainbow.

It certainly was too fervid a performance for Park Policeman Gilhooly.

He had been hiding behind a tree.

"Break away!" yelled Gilhooly, running for the loving couple.

They broke away and Gilhooly arrested them and hauled them before Judge Schalk. The latter is 70 years old, and if Cleopatra reincarnated appeared to him with pouting lips he would throw rocks at her.

"The kiss," testified Policeman Gilhooly, "lasted about three minutes. When they broke away it sounded like opening a storm-door."

"Scandalous!" cried the aged judge. "The dignity of the city must be maintained. There is too much kissing in public places."

Then he piled on the $20 fines.

Miss Smith wept violently, and Lepowitz turned pale.

He didn't have the money.

The judge wouldn't let him go after it.

Finally he got word to friends, and the fine was paid.

"The next time I want to kiss my girl," said Lepowitz, "I guess I will have to take her into a safety deposit vault."

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor in Midwifery and Magnetic Healing, has opened an office, 111 West Superior street, for her up town patients. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for 14 years. Office hours—9 a. m. to 2 p. m. Main office and residence, 1015 Piedmont avenue west. 'Phone 1471.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink .....

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall.



The Greatest Skill. The most experience—14 years. We grind our own Lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 3 West Superior Street.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO. ★ ZENOTA FLOUR DULUTH, MINN.

Friday Bargains

Dress Percales 30 and 32 inches wide, good dark colors for wrappers—sell at 10c regularly - will wash—Friday—per yard..... **8c**

Castile Soap Six large cakes fine quality Castile Soap, or six full pound cakes Olive Oil Soap, Friday only..... **25c**

Table Oilcloth Fancy patterns, pure white and marble—the best standard cloth, selling regular at 20c—Friday..... **17½c**

Mercerized Waists Black, neatly tucked and handsomely trimmed with hemstitching, values exceptional at $1.25, for.. **98c**

Fine Ribbons All widths, every good shade—splendid opportunity to secure fine ribbons for every purpose at..... **⅓ Off**

Taffeta Silk 19 inches wide—all colors and black and white—sells regularly at 50c and 65c a yard—Friday's price..... **49c**

Satin Skin Face Powder Call at the drug counter and secure a sample of this excellent Toilet Powder..... **Free**

Bleached Crash Toweling—pure linen, 18 inch, extra heavy, fast borders. Sells regularly at 12½c, Friday bargain price..... **9c**

Cotton Blankets 10-4 size, heavy weight, colored borders, our regular 75c quality—Friday bargain price—a pair..... **55c**

Face Veilings An exceptional bargain, black and colored dotted Veilings that have sold regularly at from 19c to 50c a yard, Friday..... **12½c**

Kid Gloves Mannish, pique sewed, for street wear—all sizes—white brown, tans, reds and slate. Our regular $1.50 quality will go tomorrow at..... **$1.39**

Outing Flannel Skirts Heavy weight, knee length, blue and pink stripes—trimmed with insertion and lace, 89c quality—Friday..... **69c**

Our "Erin" Linens Wear — **GRAY-TALLANT CO.** (The New Store) The Reliable Store. — Try our Belmar Shoes.

MEET AT DETROIT

First Session of Interstate Coal Conference Held.

Eleven States Have Representatives at the Gathering.

No Plan of Action Has Yet Been Arranged.

Detroit, Oct. 9.—At the first session today of the interstate conference on the coal situation, called by Mayor W. C. Maybury and a special committee of the common council, practically nothing was done except the presentation of delegates' credentials and the appointment of a committee on resolutions.

It was 10:45 a. m. when Mayor Maybury called the conference to order in Masonic Temple.

"A common cause calls us together," said the mayor; "the heat and comfort of our homes and our places of business. We of Detroit have no special plan to present to you, nor do we intend to suggest ways and means of securing the much-wanted coal. We prefer that whatever action is taken be at the suggestion of the convention. If there is no law sufficient to compass the present difficulties, the sooner we have such a law the better. If the constitution prevents any action being taken by the government against the coal companies, the sooner it is made to fit the needs of the people the better.

"Even if there is no law under which the present shortage of coal can be remedied, there is the supreme law, the law of self-preservation. We not only want to cure the present difficulty that besets us, but we want to suggest those remedies that will cure it for all time."

Ex-Governor Cyrus G. Luce of Michigan was elected president. Edward L. Lahiff, of Chicago, was made secretary.

A call of the conference by states showed the following representation: New Hampshire, 2; Rhode Island, 1; New York, 1; Ohio, 5; Indiana, 23; Illinois, 8; Wisconsin, 8; Minnesota, 9; Iowa, 1; Kentucky, 6, and Michigan, 75. In addition there were about fifty citizens of Detroit present.

When the report of the committee on credentials had been read, the following committee on resolutions was appointed: Rhode Island, Charles Alexander; Ohio, S. W. Jones, C. A. Thatcher and W. A. Babcock; Indiana, C. A. Bookwalter, H. C. Bergheft and J. C. Nelson; Michigan, T. E. Tassner, H. C. Adams and M. V. Bradley; Wisconsin, V. S. Berger, Rev. W. E. Congdon and R. F. Walker; Minnesota, W. S. Albertson, E. R. Johnstone and D. A. Stewart; Kentucky, W. C. P. Breckenridge, H. T. Duncan and W. A. Johnston; Iowa, G. Solon; Illinois, E. F. Dunne, R. A. White and C. C. Strahan, New York, George W. Stanley.

It was decided that all resolutions and plans for the consideration of the conference should be reduced to writing during the noon recess and handed to this committee for consideration before being presented to the conference. The convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Detroit, Oct. 9.—At 10 o'clock today 110 delegates to the interstate conference on the coal situation had registered in the council chamber. Many others who arrived during the morning had not registered at that hour. About seventy-five of the delegates were from Michigan cities. Following are the outside delegations:

Logansport, Ind., six; Manchester, N. H., one; Short Falls, N. H., one; Cleveland, one; Reidsburg, Wis., one; South Bend, Ind., two; Ramine, Wis., one; Batavia, N. Y., one; Dubuque, Iowa, one; Marion, Ind., one; Winona, Minn., five; Milwaugee, five; Fort Wayne, Ind., five; Minneapolis, one; Richmond, Ind., one.

A telegram was received by Mayor Maybury this morning from East Aurora, N. Y., announcing that the District of Columbia delegation was held up, but would be here some time this afternoon. Mayor Talcott, of Utica, N. Y., telegraphed that his city would not be represented.

The local hotels are filled to their utmost capacity and the Detroit & Cleveland line steamer City of Alpena has been tied up to the Third street wharf and the delegates are being assigned rooms on the steamer. Many of the delegations had not arrived at 9:30 o'clock and the conference was late in assembling. When it was finally called to order at 10:45 by Mayor Maybury there were 200 delegates on the floor.

Ex-Governor Cyrus G. Luce, of Michigan was elected chairman of the convention.

The Piano sale at French & Bassett's is proving a wonderful success.

HALF PRICE
Johnson's Celebrated Floor Wax
Special for tomorrow, 28c per lb. Limit three pounds to a customer.
Weighted floor brushes at cost.
Engels' Art Store.
17-19 Third Avenue West.

POLITICAL.

Capt. Fay at Proctorknott ---Bede Committee to Meet.

While the "opening gun" of the Democratic congressional fight will not be fired until Saturday night, Capt. M. L. Fay spoke at Proctorknott last night, and he had a very large and enthusiastic gathering there to hear him.

He did not speak at length, but discussed briefly and succintly the issues of the compaign between himself and Mr. Bede, promising to discuss them more fully later.

The hall was crowded, and there was much enthusiasm. Capt. Fay was assisted by M. H. McMahon, Democratic candidate for county attorney, and D. G. Cash, Independen-Democratic candidate for judge of probate, who also made brief addresses.

• • •

The Bede city committee, which will handle the Republican congressional campaign in this city and county, will meet tonight at Republican headquarters. The committee is the same as that which was back of Mr. Bede in his primary election campaign, except that it is somewhat enlarged, several names having been added to it.

• • •

Senator Nelson's speaking dates in this section have been changed slightly, so that instead of speaking at Tower he will make an address at Hibbing. He will speak there next Monday, Oct. 13, at Two Harbors, Tuesday, Oct. 14, and at Duluth, in the Armory, Wednesday, Oct. 15.

• • •

Capt. M. L. Fay was called to Virginia this morning by the illness of Mrs. Fay, who has been in poor health for some time.

• • •

Chairman James A. Martin, of the Republican executive committee, is having heart to heart talks with the county chairmen and members of the state central committee from the different congressional districts. Those from the Eighth district will be called together next Tuesday. The series started Tuesday with the First district.

A Man's Linen

Is among the most important items of his apparel. Its appearance depends upon his choice of laundries.

Don't waste time and linen in experiment. Here satisfaction is always certain. Our domestic finish on shirts, collars and cuffs is unsurpassed.

Ask our driver about Family Washing at 3 1-2c a pound.

The YALE LAUNDRY
Telephone 479 or Drop a Postal. First St. and 1st Ave E.

OF MUCH MOMENT

Methodist Conference at Duluth Next Year to Be Important.

Delegates to the General Conference to Be Elected.

John Callahan Ordained as Deacon at Morris Meeting.

The delegates to the Methodist conference at Morris, Minn., last week have all returned and they report a most successful gathering.

"It was a very delightful session," said a prominent Duluth delegate this morning, "the only drawback being that the town was not quite large enough to accommodate the crowd. Next year the conference will be held at Duluth, and it will be a very important session, because it is the one that elects delegates, both lay and clerical, to the general conference, which meets every four years.

"Among the happenings that Duluth people were especially interested in was the ordination of John Callahan as a local deacon. Mr. Callahan ranks very high among ministers of all denominations, and while his work in the city is purely undenominational, as a member of the Methodist church he has passed the necessary examinations and has been ordained, which gives him an authority that will help him in his missionary work on the Bowery.

"The pastors in the Duluth churches were all changed with the exception of Dr. S. P. Long, of the First Methodist church, who was returned for his fifth year, and Rev. H. W. Knowles, of Grace church, who was returned for his fourth year. Dr. Long has now been located at the First church longer than any previous pastor.

"The pastor at Asbury church will be Rev. J. C. Hartley, and the pastor at the Oneota church will be Rev. E. H. Copper, who comes from Aitkin. They have both completed very successful years in their former fields, both are young men, and they will no doubt be very popular and successful in their new charges. Rev. C. S. Davis succeeds Mr. Powell at the Lester Park church, Mr. Powell going to Brainerd. Mr. Davis is from Minneapolis, where he has served one church for five years, a fact that indicates popularity and wearing qualities. At Endion the pulpit will be filled by Rev. Robert Taylor, from Eveleth, and this seems to be an ideal appointment, and promises great things for the East End residence district.

"The district is particularly glad to have Dr. Forbes back with it as presiding elder for his sixth year."

Democratic Rally at Armory
SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 11
Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN, of St. Paul and others will speak.

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater—New show tonight.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 123 Third avenue west.

Action has been started in district court by Harvey D. Clow, John H. Clow and William Nichols, against F. R. Webber, et al, to quiet the title to some Park Point property on St. Louis avenue in Lower Duluth. The court this morning issued an order appointing S. A. Allen, guardian, ad litim, for Roger M. Parkhurst, a minor, and one of the parties defendant.

John H. Healy, who was one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for sheriff, has filed with the county auditor his bill of expenses which totalled $300.05. The items were as follows: Filing fee, $10; printing, $169.55; hotel and traveling expenses, $61; assistants, $105; cigars, $10.50.

Dorothy Phillips has begun action in district court for a divorce from John H. Phillips, on the grounds of desertion. They were married at Eldon, Ia., Jan. 10, 1887, and the plaintiff is 29 years of age and the defendant is 36. They have two children.

The Woman's Auxiliary of St. Paul's Episcopal church, will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:45 with Mrs. Henry Taylor, 114 South Sixteenth avenue east.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville hits.

A jubilee, celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of the Swedish Baptists of America, will be held at the Bethel Baptist church, corner Ninth avenue east and Third street, this evening at 8 o'clock. An interesting program has been prepared, consisting of quartet songs, duets and male choir selections and other music and speeches.

The Epworth league of the First Methodist church will give a reception Friday evening in the church parlors to the teachers of the city schools. The reception is an annual event and in previous years have been very pleasant affairs.

From handling water at fires to dealing in fire water is the latest departure of two popular members of engine company, No. 1. This morning Lieut. Charles Atkins and Pipeman John Dahl of that company purchased a saloon at 21 East Superior street, an act which would cause no comment if the purchasers were policemen, instead of firemen. Their retirement leaves two more openings to be filled by the civil service commission after competitive examination.

Nickoli Rendill, the Finlander who was arrested in Chisholm, in July for being mixed up in a cutting affray in the new town, was today released from custody, on his own recognizance and will return to Chisholm this afternoon. This action had the approval of County Attorney McClintock, who says the complaining witness in the case has disappeared and the evidence is not very strong against Rendill. His case has been continued.

THOMAS WOMAN HELD.

Bound Over On the Charge of Murder.

St. Paul, Oct. 9.—A Washburn, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The preliminary examination of Emma Thomas, alias Carrody, charged with the murder of Mike Miller, the logging road superintendent at Nash, was concluded this morning. The attempt made to set up suicide was thoroughly exploded by the state, and the presence of the defendant in the vicinity of the tragedy was as firmly established as circumstantial evidence could permit. Judge Warden bound the defendant over to the circuit court and placed the witnesses under bonds.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Havre—Arrived: La Savoie, New York. Astoria—Sailed: Line Branch, Queenstown. New York—Arrived: Carthagenian, Glasgow; Menominee, London.

BURGLARS AT ALMOND, WIS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 9.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Stevens Point, Wis., says: The Bank of Almond was entered by robbers last night and the safe blown open. The safe was wrecked and the building badly shattered by the explosion. Only $100 was secured by the robbers, who made their escape in a stolen buggy. Almond is a village twenty-two miles south of here.

DEGREE FOR WHITE.

Oxford, Eng., Oct. 9.—The honorary degree of doctor of civil law was conferred today on Ambassador White.

WANDERERS

Travel Thousands of Miles and Find It at Home.

We go about from one place to another in search of something we desire, without success, and finally find it right at home awaiting us. A mining engineer out in Mansfield, Mo., tells of his experience with coffee.

He says: "Up to the year 1898 I had always been accustomed to drinking coffee with my breakfast each morning. In the summer of that year I developed a severe case of nervous prostration and I took several courses of treatment for it in Toronto, Buffalo and New York city without obtaining any permanent benefit.

One of the most trying manifestations of the malady was a condition of nervous excitement in which I found myself every day during the forenoon. It never occurred to me to attribute this to coffee until I read an advertisement of yours last fall describing a case similar to my own which had received benefit from the use of Postum Cereal Food Coffee. I at once changed my breakfast beverage from Java and Mocha to Postum, and the effect was nothing short of marvelous. After using it less than a week I was free from morning attacks, and in six months all my nervous symptoms had disappeared.

"I have demonstrated the fact that by following your directions in making Postum Food Coffee anyone can obtain as rich a cup of coffee from Postum as from any of the imported brands, and may rest assured that they will escape the injurious effects of coffee and experience much benefit from the use of Postum." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

O'LEARY'S
CASH GROCERY,
17 East Superior Street.
199—Both Phones—199

The Last Call on... PEARS

Duchess Pears—large—per bushel..... **$1.00**
Kelfser Pears—large size, bright yellow stock, nothing better at any price—per bushel..... **$1.25**
Red Plums—per case only..... **50c**
Quince and Sweet Apples—good cooking apples—per peck..... **25c**
Per Barrel..... **$3.00**

If you want Peaches or Pears, buy them tomorrow

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Mary Holland, of 506 West Second street, will leave this evening over the Omaha for a visit in Newcastle, Pa. She will also visit in Pittsburg and Allegheny with friends and expects to be gone for a month.

Mrs. M. J. Bryan returned this morning after a week's visit with friends in Chicago.

Mayor Hugo is out of the city today, making a tour of the iron ranges. He is expected back tomorrow evening.

Mrs. Beriah Magoffin has returned from an extended visit with relatives in the South.

Capt. John F. Johns of the steamer Matoa was in the city today.

Mrs. H. B. McKenny, of 215 West Third street left today for an extended visit in Northeastern Iowa.

J. R. Marshall went to Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

Job T. Dodge, of Two Harbors, passed through today on his way to the Pacific coast, leaving this afternoon over the Omaha.

W. B. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis is at the McKay today.

George H. Quayle, of Bayfield, is a McKay guest today.

Mrs. George S. Barnes left this afternoon over the Eastern Minnesota for Leavenworth, Kan.

J. O. Goodsell, passenger representative of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific roads, is in the city.

W. T. Bissell, of Wausau, Wis., is at the Spalding.

O. W. Blodgett, the Bay City lumberman, is a Spalding guest.

C. M. Atkinson, editor of the Mesaba Ore, of Hibbing, was in the city today.

James Beatty, of Tower, is at the St. Louis.

Charles Jessmore, of Ely, is at the St. Louis.

PARTRIDGES

Appear In Business District, Perching on Wires.

Partridge shooting was good in the down-town district this morning.

Three of these birds came in from the woods and took in the sights along Superior street.

The first was discovered perched on a telephone wire near Lake avenue and later another bird was seen in the vicinity of Fifth avenue west, while the third was seen on the Bowery.

Several persons wanted to shoot at the birds, but the police would not permit it.

As the partridge near Lake avenue was attracting a crowd of curious persons, a man in hunting togs came down Superior street. Looking up he espied the partridge and stopped short:

"Well I'll be — ! ! ! I've been out for two days and must have tramped forty miles through swamps and woods and didn't get sight of a partridge, but here I come home and within two blocks of my office right on the business street in town sit Brer Partridge agivin me the laugh. Say officer I'll give you $5 if you let me take one shot at that bird."

The officer said he could not permit shooting within the city limits and the man went away saying that the next time he went out partridge shooting he would get an open trolley car and ride up and down the business district.

A great many partridge are being shot out around Lester Park and Lakewood.

While the sight of these birds perched along Superior street is interesting, it is not unusual. Last fall several partridge were seen in down-town districts and one was killed up on Second street.

IRRIGATION

Congress Elects Officers, Completes Its Business and Adjourns.

Colorado Springs, Oct. 9.—The National Irrigation congress adjourned at noon today after electing officers and selecting Ogden, Utah, as the place of next year's meeting.

The following officers were unanimously elected: President, Col. Edwin F. Holes, Ogden; first vice president, Governor L. Bradford Prince, Santa Fe, N. M.; second vice president, Anson B. McCune, Denver; third vice president, E. Libby, Clarkston, Wash.; secretary, Col. H. B. Maxson, Reno, Nev.

The appointment of a committee to report next year on the merger proposition and the adoption of a set of resolutions completed the work of the convention.

Col. Thomas Holland, national colonization secretary of the Salvation Army, appeared before the congress Wednesday, and read a paper prepared by Commander Booth Tucker. After refering to the success of the efforts of the Salvation Army in moving worthy, but poor, families, furnishing them with the necessary capital and settling them as home owners upon the land, the commander said:

"The fact that the present irrigation congress has included in its deliberations this great question of colonization and has set its imprint upon its possibility—nay, necessity, undoubtedly will place the subject in an entirely new light before the country and will give to colonization an impetus, the influence of which will leave its mark upon the generations to come. This colonization as the hand maid of irrigation will bring within the reach of the latter new confidence and possibilities, and irrigation will prepare new realms for colonization, while these combined sciences will open before the woarking classes of this country new vistas of help and hope; will recreate that bulwark of natural prosperity, the small farmer, and will provide an immense home market for our productions, making it easier for the masses of our population to be and do good, and to fulfill the obligations of citizenship and the dictates of God and conscience.

"And what is more, the political party which will assist by legislation the twin brothers, irrigation and colonization, will surely intrench itself deeply in the affections of the people, to whom it would prove itself so true a benefactor. It would not only be a 'full dinner pail' today, but tomorrow and the day after. Such a policy, it seems to me, breathes the very essence of Christianity."

KELLOGG'S EXPENSES.

St. Paul, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—James E. Kellogg, of Two Harbors, candidate for representative in the Fifty-first district, expended $17, chiefly in livery and board bills.

CONSPIRACY.

Alleged That Three Men Intended to Defraud Government.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 9.—United States Commissioner Bowden today held for the federal jury Aaron Marack, Joseph Codd and Lewis Wasserman for conspiracy with intent to defraud the United States in the matter of the contract for supplying the Norfolk navy yard with 100,000 pounds of beef and a similar amount of fresh vegetables.

The accused were admitted to bail in the sum of $100 each. The evidence introduced at the hearing showed that Marack, Wasserman and Codd met in a hotel in Washington, and Marack, by paying $150 to each of the others, secured their bids for the contract with figures greater than those submitted by himself. His bid was $15,400 and he secured the contract at that sum.

Undertaking and Embalming
Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON. Open day and night. 1st Ave W and U S Bk 19th Ave W. Both Phones.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

"FACTS KNOCK OUT FICTION."

There are no women's or misses' clothes that can compare with the Silberstein & Bondy tailored suits, costumes, Monte Carlo coats, jackets and wraps of every sort in this section of the Northwest!

Dollar for dollar, you get more for your money here than elsewhere.

Haven't you often wished you'd paid more money and got something you'd liked—something exclusive and tasty, and different?

You can get something you'll like here and without having to pay more for it!

Other stores find it a "hard proposition" to sell a customer used to buying S. & B. Co. garments.

And especially to a woman who desires to be well dressed!

So dainty, so shapely, so charming, so popular are they—

In every kind of fabric—in every length and style and shape of coat or skirt—

And yet our prices are no higher, not even as high as at stores where the cheaper sorts are paraded as bargains!

Comparison will prove that! We direct attention to the following especially good values which are meeting with much favor—

We offer some excellent Walking Suits in fancy Cheviots—in the season's popular shades at $19.50.

And some very "smart" styles in Hunting Coat Suits at $23.50—And some very stylish effects at $28.50.

At $32, $35, $37.50 and by $1 and $2 up to $100—we show Tailored Garments and costumes in high-class fabrics such as Panne Tibitives, Velvets, Fancy Cheviots, Venetians, Zibelines, Broadcloths and Plain Cheviots that are models of perfect workmanship and style—they are not seen outside of the important stores of large cities—they being absolutely confined to our firm for this season.

At $13.50—Fine Monte Carlo Coats, made from all wool Kersey, tan, black and castor—made with wide velvet collar, new flare sleeve, strap seams, full satin lined—

At $19.50—Short Monte Carlo Coat, made from imported Kersey in black, tans and castor—velvet collar and new flare sleeve, lined throughout with best heavy satin—

At $24—We show many fancy effects in Monte Carlo Coats in different lengths, styles the most exclusive and materials and fit perfect—

We are showing many exclusive Velvet Coats in blouse and Monte Carlo styles, handsomely trimmed with braid, some with elaborate edgings of fine fur—

Prices from $45 to $150.

Tomorrow — Friday would be a good day to pick it out!

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Blankets, Comforts and Bed Spreads

We direct the attention of our patrons to the following Splendid Values.

$5.00 pair—Pretty light gray Wool Blankets, with handsome borders. Size, 84x72. Extra value.

$7.89 pair—Handsome white Wool Blankets, North Star manufacture. Very high grade quality. Size, 84x72. Extra special.

$1.65 each—Fine Comforts. Pretty silkoline coverings. Best white filling. Size, 72x78. Extra special.

$2.25 each—New Dimity white Bedspreads, latest floral designs, full size. Special value.

$1.85 each—Fine white fringed Bedspreads, heavy knotted fringe, full size. Extra special.

$2.50 each—Heavy fringed white Bedspreads, cut corners for iron beds. Extra size. Special value.

$158 buys a $250 piano at French & Bassett's great piano sale. Terms, $15 cash and $7 a month.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Richard Stewart and Gertrude E. Barnes.
Eugene Powers and Allis Anderson.
George R. Harris and Melinda L. Longtin.
Thomas Melvin Erickson and Helen Bermuda Holmen, of Jefferson, Wis.

DEATHS.

MATTOCKS—Emily Richardson Mattocks, wife of Brewer Mattocks, Jr., died yesterday afternoon at her home, 326 Third avenue west. She had been in poor health for many months. The deceased was a sister of William E. Richardson, of this city, and Chauncey E. Richardson, of Washington, D. C. She is survived by her husband and one child. The funeral service will be held from the late residence tomorrow afternoon.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

APPLY SATIN-SKIN CREAM LIGHTly, then use Satin-Skin Powder. Result, a lovely satin-skin complexion. 25c.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences. 20 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—AN EPERIENCED WAITress at the Boston restaurant.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework for family of two. Mrs. Briggs, 218 West Fourth street.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE MAID. 1523 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentleman. 503 West First street.

YARNS ON CORN CROP

Champion Story Tellers of Kansas Are Working Actively.

Only "Nubbin" Plucked From Stalk Growing In Masonry.

The Crop Will Reach Three Hundred Million Bushels.

Topeka, Kans., Oct. 9.—The champion story tellers of Kansas are making merry and exercising their imaginations to the limit in the effort to tell yarns that will keep pace with the great corn crop of the present season. Not that there is any reason for exaggerating the size of the crop, but it is such a great one that the liars feel called upon to do their best in order to keep their stories ahead of the truth.

Most of the efforts of these modern disciples of Ananias are based on the height of the stalk or the size of the ear.

The first tale of the season originated up in Jewell county, which for many years held the record as the banner corn county of Kansas. According to this story a lad went forth into a corn field one day and foolishly attempted to climb a stalk. He caught on all right, but the rapidly growing stalk carried him up into the air faster than he could climb down.

His predicament attracted attention, and men went to his assistance. An attempt was made to cut the stalk down, but it failed, for the reason that it was found impossible to strike it with an ax twice in the same place. There was nothing to be done, and the men were obliged to leave the boy on the stalk. He has been up there now for six weeks, with nothing to eat but raw corn, and up to date he has cast down four bushels of cobs from which he had gnawed the kernels. He has been given up for lost.

On a Kansas train recently, according to another story, a traveler from the East asked the porter how long it would be before the train emerged from the tunnel through which it was passing. "Dis ain't tunnel, sah," replied the porter. "We's just a-passin' froo de Kansas corn belt, and the tall stalks shuts out de sun. You won't see much mo' daylight foh twenty-two miles."

The Wichita Eagle relates that the other day the daughter of a Sedgwick county farmer went to her father, saying, "Father, there is a man at the door who says he wants a job shucking corn." "How tall is he?" queried the old man. "About five feet two," replied the girl. "Tell him he won't do," was the answer.

A liar from Northern Kansas says that cornstalks were used for a couple of weeks to support telephone wires, there having been a delay in the shipment of the poles which were ordered.

On a small branch road in the state a train coupling broke. Nothing else happening to be available, one of the train crew went into a cornfield, cut a section of a stalk, and it answered admirably as a coupling pin until a station was reached, where one of the regulation kind could be secured.

In Ottawa one of the leading stores has a corn display in one of its show windows. In the foreground appears a lone "nubbin," bearing the following card: "This curiosity is called a 'nubbin.' It is the only one we have been able to find in Eastern Kansas. This specimen was secured in the suburbs of Ottawa, from a stalk which grew out of the mortar in a brick wall. Its surroundings, and the fact that the stalk was twice struck by lightning as it towered above the building, probably account for the dwarfed appearance of the ear."

Then there is the story of the necessity of using stepladders in harvesting the corn, and the one which tells how the stalks grew so tall that they brushed the telegraph wires and interfered with the service by grounding the circuit.

As a matter of fact there is no use lying about the crop this year, because the plain simple truth is staggering enough. It has been a great year for corn in Kansas. The steady rains throughout the summer kept it growing in the finest kind of shape, and the ears are filled clear out to the ends. Of course no one knows what the yield will be; but it is considered absolutely certain that it will exceed the record of the state by many million bushels.

Kansas made its record in corn production in 1889, when 273,888,322 bushels were produced; the value being $51,649,876. So it will be seen that to exceed these figures the crop will have to be something stupendous. And the prices will not be as low as they have been in days gone by. Right now, out in Solomon valley, which is a part of the Kansas corn country, corn is being contracted for at 40 cents a bushel. That shows that the low ebb of years ago, when it sold at 10 cents a bushel, and even lower than that, will not be reached this year.

Assistant General Freight Agent Kalil of the Union Pacific said this week concerning the corn crop:

"The corn crop of Kansas will reach 300,000,000 bushels. Considerable corn is going to be sold early at 25 cents a bushel, for the reason that some farmers need ready money. They went shy last year. Then I look for millions and millions of bushels to be cribbed at about 30 cents. This conclusion I reach from the amount of cribbing lumber that we are hauling to the corn counties. Farmers are going to feed cattle heavier than usual, and the hog market will be looked after next. As to sheep, they will be turned into the fields and on the great carpet of grass which never before has been so fine in Kansas and clear over the Colorado line."

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



GOLD DUST

solves the problem of easy dish washing. It cuts grease and cleans dishes better than anything else. Does its work quickly, well and economical.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY. Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis.

Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

"To those who know thee not, no words can paint!
And those who know thee, know all words are faint!"
—Hannah More

It is true that to the few who know it not no words can adequately describe the manifold excellences of

Gorham Silver

while to those who know it words of recommendation are unnecessary. The latter, however, may be reminded that Gorham silver, with all that it implies of beauty and sterling value, can be obtained at no greater cost than the products of anonymous workshops.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

Y. M. C. A. NIGHT SCHOOL

Reopens Monday, Oct. 6, 1902.

Classes in Arithmetic, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Stenography, Commercial Law, Language for foreigners, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, Electricity, Geology, with reference to mining, etc. Fees, $3.00 to $5.00 for six months.

REGISTER NOW.

18 East Superior Street.

BREAKING UP CAMP

(Continued from page 1.)

from the time it had been blown at headquarters it was ended in the camp of the farthest regiment. The 6000 soldiers loosened the ropes they held and instantly every tent was on the ground, and where originally 1500 tents had stood there was nothing.

Quickly the poles were withdrawn, placed in bundles, the tents rolled and tied in packages of five, stakes were pulled, piled and tied, the awaiting wagons rolled up, were loaded and drove away to the trains awaiting on the Union Pacific tracks near the camp. Within fifteen minutes every tent was ready for shipment and the first loads of them were being placed aboard the cars for transportation to Omaha, where all of the tentage will be sent.

The commanding officer of every organization had received a sketch from Capt. Baker informing him into what cars his men and baggage should go and pointing out just where the cars stood. Every company commander knew just where his men should go. As the wagons came up to the tracks each was directed to its proper place by Lieut. A. B. Cox, the assistant quartermaster.

There was no delay, no hesitation at any point and the work went on as though it had been rehearsed a thousand times instead of not at all. One hour after the first note of the "general" sounded, the first train carrying the headquarters band and four companies of the Eighteenth infantry pulled out for Fort Russell, Wyo. Thirty minutes later, at 8 o'clock, the second section of the same train was loaded and on its way with four companies of the Eighteenth bound for Fort Logan, Colo. Gen. Bates and staff, on a special train, left for Omaha at 8 o'clock.

At 8:30 another train, bearing four companies of the Eighteenth was on its way to Fort Logan. At 9:30 two companies of the Twenty-second infantry were speeding toward Fort Logan, and at 10:30 still another train carrying the engineers' pontoon train was on its way to Fort Leavenworth. At 12:52 p. m. the last train of the day pulled out for Washington, D. C. It carried the signal corps, hospital corps and ambulance corps.

Tomorrow morning the Sixth infantry will commence its march back to Fort Leavenworth, where it expects to arrive about Oct. 19, having made on its march about seventeen miles per day.

One squadron of the Fourth cavalry will return to Fort Leavenworth in seven days, making marches of twenty miles per day. One squadron of the Eighth cavalry will return to Fort Sill in twenty days. The headquarters of eight companies of the Twenty-second infantry will march back to Fort Crook, Omaha, in fifteen days, having marched a total of 600 miles during the season. Menohers' mule battery will remain at Fort Riley for target practice. The heavy siege battery at Fort Leavenworth will march to Fort Riley for target practice as soon as the troops now here have returned.

The camp equipage required for unorganized detachments, visiting officers, etc., has been stored at Fort Riley for future use.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ole C. Olson has been appointed postmaster at Little Forks, Itasca county, vice William H. Slingerland, resigned.

Silver Shines With Silver Salt.

It's so different—no rubbing—no work—makes water do it all—the easy, perfect silver cleaner—for anything that shines.

GET RICH QUICK IDEA

Chappie Moran Blossoms Out as Banker and Broker.

Says $100 Will Make $2000 In Two Years' Time.

New Profession Adopted By Man of Many Aliases.

New York, Oct. 9.—"Make your money earn you a salary. Money is stronger than you, and once launched in the right channel labors day and night."—Pearls of wisdom from the lips of Chappie Moran, "banker and broker."

Chappie Moran, with a score of aliases, has blossomed out as a "banker and broker." The money put into the business is said to be part of the $15,000 he is alleged to have obtained recently from Mrs. Helen M. Markham, after he had fooled her into believing that he was a long-lost nephew.

Under the firm name of Bruce & Seymour, Moran has started a "get-rich-quick" money mill at 140 Nassau street, which already threatens to rival the wonderful "Miller syndicate." Chappie is more careful than Miller and his gang, for he seeks his customers not in the immediate vicinity of New York, but by advertising in newspapers throughout the Southern and Western states. Like Miller, he seeks to interest many persons having from $50 to $500 to invest rather than to get large sums from a few.

Moran promises to make for his customers all the way from 60 to 300 per cent a year on their investments. He guarantees absolutely to make $100 earn $2000 in two years' time provided the monthly profits are allowed to remain in his hands to be reinvested with the original capital during that period.

The circulars sent out by Moran are pronounced by those who have seen them the cleverest literature of the kind ever produced. The following is from the title page:

Bankers and Brokers
140 Nassau Street, New York City.
17 Rue Pasquier, Paris.
15 Great Marlborough St., London.

CAPITAL, $250,000.
BRANCH OFFICES:
Philadelphia, Denver,
Boston, London,
Chicago, Paris.
Long distance telephone 3089 John.
Cable address, "Brucemour."

"When a man desires to invest a moderate amount of capital," says Chappie in his printed invitation to prospective customers, "he is frequently deterred from doing so because of uncertainty and doubt as regards the reliable nature of the plans of investment which are constantly offered to the public. Money has a certain value and earning power, and you should see that you derive that value. You will regard, of course, that those who play the stocks eventually meet with loss. This we do not deny, because to play the stocks means to gamble, and gambling is purely risk and chance. But we do not ask you to gamble. We ask you to make a business of speculation by allowing us to conduct an investment for you in a conservative manner."

After expatiating at length on the firm's "co-operative department," Chappie goes on to explain his scheme for "special pools." The smallest amount received for the "co-operative" scheme is $50, while the least accepted for the "special pool" is $150. The special pools are only formed, according to the circular at such times as Chappie has "particularly good information of a contemplated market movement."

Chappie has the audacity to warn those who read his circular against "a lot of unscrupulous brokers, bucketshop sharpers, gold-mine swindlers and real estate and oil boomers who have been preying upon the public."

Chappie closes his argument with this clincher: "Think what people do. By hard work, wear and tear on your brain and muscle you earn money and get it by self-denial, discomfort and worriment. Then what do you do? You hurry and find a bank which will rent it from you for 4 per cent a year. You never look upon your dollars as assistants of money-makers, nor do you stop to think that the bank puts your money out to work and gets fat salaries for several people, directors and stockholders, and pays large expenses with it. Oh, no! You never think of that. Suppose you worked one year without getting any money, but that at the end of that period a $1500 house was given you. Would you take that to the bank and let them pay you $50 a year for the privilege of renting it out as their own for $450 per annum? Think it over, and if you do not have a large amount send along $50 or $100 and get it to work."

AT WEST DULUTH

A misunderstanding has arisen among West Duluth people concerning the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water plant. The story has been spread that the company is withholding the gas franchise, and that after the water plant is purchased the city might be called upon again to purchase the gas franchise.

The city attorney, when asked concerning this point, said that the franchise of the company gave them the right to lay both water and gas mains, and that when this franchise was bought back the company will give up all its rights. There is no basis for the impression that the company can retain the gas franchise.



Steel Ranges.

Our line of Ranges surpasses anything at the head of the lakes. They burn soft coal, hard coal or wood with equal results. Our Radiant Home Ranges have good features not found in any other range. The reputation of the Radiant Home is so well established that you take no chances when you buy one. They cost no more than others makes. Call and see them.

Prices— $30.00 to $55.00

Wieland & Wade

HAND IN A SAW.

Sam Malzae, of the West End, suffered a painful accident this morning at Newton's mill. He was working at a shingle saw when his hand came in contact with it and was horribly mangled. The third finger was taken off entirely and the middle finger so badly cut that it may be necessary to remove it also. Dr. Graham dressed the wounds. Mr. Malzae was not working in his regular position when the accident occurred, and was consequently not accustomed to the working of a shingle saw.

BROTHER MAY DIE.

Frank Ehlembach left yesterday for Arkola, Ill., on a sad errand. About two weeks ago his brother, Christ Ehlembach, was accidentally shot at his home in Arkola by one of his friends, who was carelessly handling an old revolver. His friend thought the revolver was no longer of any use for shooting purposes, and after snapping the trigger several times, pointed it at Mr. Ehlembach. A loud report followed and the bullet struck Mr. Ehlembach on the forehead and glanced along the side of the head. At the time the wound was not thought to be serious, but yesterday Frank Ehlembach received a telegram saying that his brother was in a very critical condition and was not expected to live. He left immediately for Arkola.

WILL LEAVE FATHERLAND.

Rev. A. Edstrom, representative of the Swedish Baptist church in Finland to the fifty years' jubilee of the Swedish Baptist church of America recently held in Chicago, spoke last evening in the Baptist church at Nineteenth avenue west. When asked of the conditions in Finland he said that it seemed hopeless: that the country was coming gradually under the absolute rule of Russia, and that such a condition of affairs was intolerable to a freedom-loving people like the Finns.

"The ultimate outcome will be that the people will leave their fatherland, and I think America is the place for them." Mr. Edstrom is much impressed by all he has seen in America and expressed himself as delighted at having an opportunity of visiting this country. He will speak again this evening in the Baptist church at Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Next Friday night the regular monthly meeting of the Commercial club will be held. Several matters of special interest will come up, such as the proposed charter amendments and ratification of the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water plant. All members in West Duluth are urged to come prepared to give their views on these important questions.

An interesting meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held yesterday afternoon in the Congregational church of West Duluth. After the regular session an address was given by Mrs. Lake on the subject of rescue work, which was listened to with much interest by those present. Mrs. Lake has made this her life work.

Richard E. Stewart and Miss Gertrude E. Barnes were married yesterday by Rev. Arthur Hoag at the home of the bride, Fifty-ninth avenue. They intend to commence housekeeping at once. Their new home is at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street.

Mr. Gottwald returned last evening from a two-months' visit to his old home in Germany. He had a very pleasant journey, but says he is glad to get back to West Duluth again. He reports a rather rough return passage.

Miss Anna Cashin, who has been ill, is improving.

John Bunner died last evening at the Red Cross hospital.

Miss Emma Jacobi has returned from a vacation.

Registration for voting on the charter amendments is not active.

Miss Lizzie Jacobi has gone to Wabasha for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren, of Milwaukee, were in West Duluth yesterday.

The Douglas May Theater company, which has been playing for the last week in the Great Eastern hall, has gone to Carlton.

Mrs. D. D. Dansforth, of St. Paul, is visiting her sister in West Duluth.

Robert Mitchell has gone to Port Arthur.

George Brotherton leaves today for a visit to the range towns.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,

53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

Photographs!

WE ARE MAKING A SPECIAL AT. . . .

$1.50 per doz

THAT'S A WINNER--Bring in the Baby.

ELY Photographer

7 E. Sup. St., Near Lake Ave.

"STYLE" HYSTERICS

The two little shops, calling each other "another" in childish claims of "style supremacy" afford a ludicrous illustration of Reuben attempting the role of "confidence man" and being hoist by his own petard.

Both show a few good garments, and both are simply crying "style supremacy" to cause you to forget that they are charging two prices for styles exactly the same as we carry for a third less in price than either.



The Glass Block will duplicate any garment in either of these little shops and *guarantee to save you from $5.00 to $25.00*, according to the intrinsic value of the garment. Styles are identical, making identical, probably made by the same tailors—but our larger buying and much greater selling enable us to buy every article for less, and therefore to sell every article for less, than any Duluth or Superior smaller shops.

We are showing, right now, despite the rebuilding work; MORE coats, suits and skirts, MORE varieties of the correct fall and winter fashions; MORE fine furs; MORE correct millinery, than the combined showing of the quarrelsome duo—and in every case we undersell—which ought to be to your liking.

No Duluth store, no Superior store, is "in it" when compared with the variety, the quality shown, and the low prices made on ready-to-wear garments (and all other kinds of merchandise) at the GLASS BLOCK, the only modern emporium in Northern Minnesota.

DON'T BE SIDE-TRACKED!

Don't let the "style" cry cause you to forget the price burden. Don't pay more than Glass Block prices. Don't let them fool you with claims of superior excellence; for such claims are absolutely untruthful. When not made by *the same* manufacturers, the Glass Block's garments are made by better—by tailors of *higher* reputation, who design the finest garments made and sold in America.

PRICE COMPARISON:

Others' $15 garments at the Glass Block, about $12.
Others' $20 garments at the Glass Block, about $16.
Others' $30 garments at the Glass Block, about $24.
Others' $50 garments at the Glass Block, about $40.
Others' $75 garments at the Glass Block, about $60.
Others' $100 garments at the Glass Block, about $75.

We will prove it to you, if you have the slightest doubt. Don't let the rebuilding interfere with your making these savings.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

DECIDED ABOUT IT

Town of Culver Proposes to Have No More Saloons.

Form of Notice to County Clearly Indicates This.

Effort to Prevent Hugh McCoy From Getting License.

There was a decided significance in the brief note that was read at the county commissioners' meeting Tuesday afternoon, from Town Clerk Steffen, of Culver. The town clerk's statement was as follows: "To you and to the county board of commissioners: "There will be no liquor licenses granted in the town of Culver."

The communication was received and filed with the passing remark by one of the commissioners that it was quite evident Steffen meant business.

Inquiry into the meaning of Mr. Steffen's letter develops the fact that the town of Culver is determined that there will be no saloons established there and a special effort is being made to prevent one Hugh McCoy from opening a booze dispensary near the town of Stony Brook, or Brookston as the postoffice address is known.

Stony Brook is a station on the Great Northern road about sixteen miles northwest of Cloquet and is the junction point from which the ore road branches off to Ellis and the mines. Less than two years ago there was nothing but woods at this point, but with the building of the cuff-off line, Stony Brook or Brookston has had a healthy growth. The railroad company has built a good depot there, also a water tank and some large coal sheds. The gravel pit is located close to the station and a large number of men are employed in the vicinity. Quite a number of settlers have also located there. The station is located on the Fond du Lac reservation, but a few hundred feet back of it is the St. Louis river and across the river is the town of Culver.

The law prevents the sale of intoxicants on the reservation, but a little over a year ago Hugh McCoy started a blind pig in the town of Culver, just across the river and close to the Missabe road. The Great Northern company was at that time completing from 300 to 400 men in the vicinity, finishing the ore road and laying out railroad yards at Stony Brook and the proximity of the blind pig caused all sorts of trouble. An effort was made to reach McCoy through the federal authorities, for there were a large number of Indians living on the reservation not far from the station and by some means they would get liquor and have serious fights among themselves.

The federal authorities found it difficult to get any evidence against McCoy, so the company's agents and a special detective were set at work on the case and finally succeeded in catching McCoy unawares. County Attorney McClintock prosecuted the case very vigorously with the result that McCoy was convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for a period of sixty days and to pay a fine of $100. He appealed the case, was again beaten and served his time. It was stated the other day that he paid his fine, all but some $10 or $15 which he still owes the county. Now McCoy comes back and asks the county board for a license to conduct a saloon on the same location where he was caught running a blind pig not over a year ago.

The people of the town of Culver, almost to a man signed a petition that no saloon license he granted there and the railroad company has made a formal protest against the locating of a saloon in the vicinity for the reason the company is still employing a number of men there and, as it is understood to be preparing to double track the railroad from Stony Brook to Cloquet, this winter, to facilitate the handling of increased ore traffic next year, several hundred additional men will be employed at or near Stony Brook for some time.

Town Clerk Steffen, acting on the wishes of the people of his town has steadily refused to have any licenses granted there. He claims that under the state law a person who has been convicted of running illegaly a saloon cannot be granted a license for at least a year and a half after he has served his time and paid his fine. He holds that McCoy has not waited the required time before asking for the license, and opposes the granting of any license on general principles.

McCoy's efforts to secure a license at the last meeting of the county board were futile, enough being said of his past record to cause his request to be held up for another month pending an investigation.

Count Attorney McClintock and Commissioner Kugler, who have been untiring in their efforts to bring to justice the blind-piggers in St. Louis conty viewed with dissatisfaction McCoy's move to get a license. Mr. McClintock remarked that it was not a very encouraging feature for the county's legal department after fighting hard to squelch the blind pigs in the county, to have the persons who conducted them come back, after serving their time, and ask that they be permitted to run a legalized liquor business. His stand in the matter is very likely to receive a backing of the majority of the county board.

ACTS IN OPPOSITION.

Superior Police Captain Is Against Chief's Views.

Capt. B. A. Bengtson, of the West Superior police department, in whose house the gamblers were arrested several nights ago, has started a petition among the patrolmen, to be presented to the city council asking that the recommendations of Chief Lutton on the question of vacation, pay and sick leave of the men on the force be turned down. The only thing in the chief's recommendations that the captain does not oppose is the question of increase of salary.

It is claimed that it is not the first time that Capt. Bengtson has taken a hand in politics and gone before the council of West Superior with plans diametrically opposed to those of his chief. The members of the force are not saying whether they have or will sign Bengtson's petition.

Likes to Telephone.

Erick Wender, who was brought down from Tower yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Magie, was adjudged insane before Probate Judge Bonham yesterday afternoon. Wender is said to have a mania for talking through the telephone and is not particular whether any one answers so long as he can talk. He has a vivid imagination and makes himself believe that he is talking with friends in the West or President Roosevelt.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

DRAFTS.

We sell them. Good in United States and Canada.
Never risk your money in the mail.
For safety buy a draft at small cost.
It is also a receipt.
And can always be found at the bank.

CHARGES.
Not over $50—5 cents each.
Not over $100—10 cents each
Not over $200—15 cents each
Not over $300—25 cents each
Larger amounts at proportionate rates.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH

REPUDIATES.

Ex-Gov. Scofield of Wisconsin Declares Against La Follette.

The announcement of ex-Governor Edward Scholield of Wisconsin, that he would repudiate this fall the whole Republican state ticket and vote the Democratic ticket from top to bottom, has caused a great deal of surprise among he Republicans across the bay. Mr. Scholield has further added to their surprise by offering to come to West Superior and preside at the Democratic meeting and introduce Mr. Rose, of Milwaukee, Democratic nominee for governor in Wisconsin.

Whether his offer will be accepted has not yet been determined by the Douglas county Democrats, as they have hardly had time to recover from their surprise.

Mr. Schofield's action is reported to be due to his opposition to Governor LaFollette, who repeatedly opposed him in the gubernatorial campaigns of 1896 and 1898, when Mr. Schofield was successful. Since that time Mr. Schofield and his followers have been doing everything possible to defeat the ticket headed by LaFollette and his followers. Mr. Schofield claims he is conserving the best interests of the Republican party by opposing the LaFollette ticket.

HOCKEY.

Good Players Here But No Place to Play.

There are enough clever hockey players in Duluth to make up six fast teams or organize a city hockey league, but the outlook is that this great winter sport will not be seen here because there are no suitable covered rinks.

Incidentally Duluth is about the only city in the Northwest that is without a suitable hockey rink, and the enthusiasts are endeavoring to work up enough interest to have one built.

The game just got a fair start in Duluth when the Union rink was converted into a livery stable. At the time Duluth had two of the fastest teams in the Northwest outside of Winnipeg, and since then many new players have become residents of this city.

It is claimed that if a hockey team could easily be organized here that would make a strong bid for the championship of the entire country.

There has been some talk of building a large rink suitable for hockey purposes on the ground just east of the Armory building on First street.

The players that have been looking up the matter say that a temporary building could be erected there very reasonably, and that it would be a paying investment for any person with money that would care to go in.

Such a rink would be used for general skating as well as hockey and there could also be sheets of ice for independent curling.

Hockey men are considerably worked up over the outlook and say if they are given half a chance they will make Duluth famous in this particular branch of winter sports.

"THE" ALLEN BREAKING.

Health Ruined By the Wave of Reform.

New York, Oct. 9.—"The" Allen, within a year of 70, broken in health, pursued by the police until his mind is in a whirl and is no longer under control, may be removed from his country home at Bayport, L. I., to a sanitarium. Allen is one of the best known men in New York through the number of times he has been arrested for the conducting of pool rooms where he has lived two lives. In this city he was familiarly called the "pool room king" and the police labeled him the "wisest man in New York." Up to a year ago he had been arrested sixty-eight times of which he had a record. Since then, in the wave of reform he was arrested so often that he lost count. He was not once convicted.

At Bayport Allen has lived his other and more attractive life. To the villagers he has always been known as "Mr. Allen." He has for fifty years been giving money away, paying poor people's rent, feeding the hungry, and paying the coal bills of the poor in the winter. He and his wife have adopted four foundlings as their own children during their wedded life. These foundlings are now men and women, and "The" Allen is a grandfather.

MOOSE HUNT NOT LIKELY.

Pressure of Public Business Is Too Great.

Washington, Oct. 9.—It is very unlikely that President Roosevelt can accept the invitation to a moose hunt in Northern Minnesota on Nov. 10. The pressure of public business will probably prevent. He will then be writing his message to congress, and in view of the condition of public sentiment regarding numerous important questions, this message must be carefully thought out. Many conferences with leading members of the Republican party, extending over several weeks, will undoubtedly be held before it has been completed. Then comes the coal strike, and when the important part the president is taking in its proposed settlement is borne in mind, it is difficult to understand why he cannot give a definite reply to a hunting invitation at this time. The chances for acceptance, however, are exceedingly remote, notwithstanding the president's personal feeling in favor of the trip.

RATE NOT EXCESSIVE

Comparative Statement of Taxes Here and Elsewhere.

Some Non-Residents Are Spreading False Reports About Duluth.

Figures Show Duluth Compares Favorably With Others.

Certain non-residents have recently been giving Duluth undesirable advertising, claiming that taxes are higher here than any other city in the country.

These statements are declared by city officials to be absolutely without foundation, and, apparently were circulated by persons swift in the repetition of derogatory slander who made no efforts to get at the facts.

During the past year the tax per $1000 in this city has been $29.90. That was for all purposes—county, state, school and municipal.

Now the tax per $1000 in New York City, where most of the misinformation regarding Duluth has been circulated, is $32.61.

In Denver it is $32.40 on each $1000 and in Omaha $38.58.

Joliet, Ill., pays a tax of $77.50 per $1000 and there are many cities that are higher than Duluth.

As a matter of fact there has been a steady aim for several years past to so adjust matters here as to lower the average of taxation, while in many other cities the taxation rates have shown a steady increase.

The following table shows where Duluth stands as compared with many cities of the country:

City.	Taxation per $1000.
Duluth	$29.90
New York	32.61
Chicago	18.50
Cleveland	26.20
New Orleans	20.01
Jersey City	28.00
Minneapolis	29.86
Kansas City	30.40
St. Paul	25.50
Denver	32.40
Toledo	30.40
Columbus	28.50
St. Joseph	29.50
Omaha	38.58
Scranton	38.40
Portland, Ore.	28.00
Des Moines	53.40
Peoria	80.20
Charleston	40.50
Salt Lake City	32.20
Lincoln	53.10
Sioux City	73.00
Superior	34.70

TRANSVAAL

Abolishes All Duty on Machinery and Similar Things.

Pretoria, Oct. 9.—An extraordinary issue of the Gazette says: "The amended tariffs are only provisional, the government desiring ultimately to enter the customs union on a basis which will not sacrifice vital interests of the Transvaal. The negotiations thus far have been unavailing because the Transvaal does not feel justified in increasing the duties on certain foodstuffs to the extent which the coast colonies consider necessary for the protection of their products. Meanwhile the conditions in the Transvaal preclude further delay in adjusting the unjustifiably high duties, and the duties ordinarily reasonable but excessive in a country which practically has to be refitted. The duties, therefore, are abolished on machinery, building materials, metals and agricultural implements. The large sacrifice of revenue involved is considered preferable to increasing by taxation the cost of renewing the industrial capital of the colony. As it is imperative, however, to replace a portion of the loss, the duties on wines and spirits are increased. The existing duty on dynamite is left unaltered, owing to questions bearing on the conditions of its manufacture and importation into the Transvaal being under discussion, but the duty will be separately dealt with as soon as possible.

OWEN A DEMOCRAT.

People's Party Leader Pledges Support to Rosing.

Sidney M. Owen, for years the recognized leader of the People's party and who as its candidate for governor in 1894 polled a vote of over 87,000, will this year vote for Leonard A. Rosing and advises believers in the policies for which the People's party stands to cast their votes for the Democratic ticket. In common with thousands of thoughtful men who have voted the People's party ticket for the sake of principles they believe in Mr. Owen recognizes that the only hope of securing the realization of those principles lies in the election of a Democratic governor and a Democratic legislature. In a letter to J. H. Paul, Minneapolis, Mr. Owen reaffirms the report that he is supporting the Democratic ticket and comprehensively and logically explains why it is the duty of all People's party men to do the same. His letter in full follows:

J. H. Paul, Minneapolis, Minn.—My Dear Sir: You ask me what ticket I am going to vote for this fall, Democratic or Populist? While we have an elaborate electoral system, designed, among other things, to exempt voters from answering such a question, still I hope that I have enough of the courage of conviction to deter me from taking refuge behind the privilege of secrecy in this matter guaranteed me by law.

I never cast a vote in my life without feeling able to give a good reason for it, and I cannot believe that I ever will. In deciding which of the two tickets named I will vote, I need not consider the platforms of the parties presenting the tickets, since they are practically identical regarding the vital issues of the time. And it is an even thing regarding the personnel of the two tickets, since I must vote against old party associates and warm personal friends whichever ticket I vote. Hence I must look elsewhere for reasons to give for voting as I propose to this fall, and I will give them as briefly as I may:

What I will term in the interest of brevity, Bryan Democracy, is so far, at least, as present issues are concerned, essentially Populism, which, by the way, is an infinitely less odious term than in the recent past. If there had been a Bryan Democracy in 1892 there would have been no People's party. A gigantic effort is now being made by that element of the Democratic party that ruled it prior to 1896 to make it again as like the Republican party as it was before, and in several states it has been in while in part successful. In such states I hope to see the Democratic vote very small.

Several Democratic state conventions have stood true to Bryan Democracy, and in those states I hope to see large Democratic gains. And as the Minnesota Democratic convention was clear, emphatic and unambiguous in its adhesion to Populist is Democracy, I am particularly desirous to see the Democrats make large gains in this state, and will naturally do what I can to realize the desire by voting their ticket. But I would not do so if by that act I had to prove false to principles that I have believed in and sacrificed for many years. But in voting as I propose to I believe that I am doing my best to increase the number of adherents to and supporters of those principles. For I am satisfied that if the states in which Democrats have taken the position they did in Minnesota show Democratic gains, and the states where Democrats refused to take that position show Democratic losses, then in 1904 the Democratic party of the Union will be standing for the principles that the Democrats of this and many other states are standing for now. And in such a situation I see a hope that direct legislation, public ownership of public utilities, self government, equality of taxation, a monetary system that denies special privileges, and other reforms, that I believe are essential to the perpetuity of the republic and the best estate of the mass of its people, will become operative in our government while I live, a consummation that I must devoutly wish.

Trusting that I have made the reason for my proposed political action clear to you, and that you will give me credit for sincerity of purpose and honesty of conviction, whatever other view you may take of it, I remain, with great respect, yours truly,

S. M. OWEN.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 4, 1902.

THE DAKOTAS.

John Martin Kills Man With Blow of Fist.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devil's Lake—Tuesday night at Garzke, a small place eighteen miles north of here, John E. Martin, in a fit of anger, struck George Miller with his fist, killing him almost instantly. Miller threshed for Martin and a dispute arose over wages, causing Miller to institute suit in the courts here. They met last night, a quarrel ensued with the result stated.

Milnor—Julius Brown, a traveling photographer, was shot and instantly killed by Perry Vanguessa, of Minneapolis, while personating the assassin of President McKinley. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental killing.

Oakes—The Dakota Central Telephone company of Aberdeen, has purchased the Oakes telephone exchange and will operate it in connection with the entire system. Extensive improvements will be made.

Grand Forks—Prominent Democrats have secured a controlling interest in the Daily Plaindealer and the paper will hereafter advocate the politics of the Democratic party.

Hillsboro—A barn and granary and 700 bushels of wheat, 100 bushels of oats and 400 bushels of barley, belonging to Carl Mergenthal and Gustav Jahnke burned. New material is on the ground for rebuilding the structures.

One of the prisoners escaped from the county jail Tuesday night. He was waiting trial on the charge of larceny and went under the name of Harrison. He removed some bricks from under one of the windows and let himself down by the use of bedclothes.

Fargo—E. Rioux, of Fargo, had a peculiar accident while riding on a bicycle. He rode too closely to a horse attached to a buggy and going in an opposite direction. He was struck in the breast by the point of the shaft and had one rib broken, in addition to some internal injuries of a painful nature.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Terry—William Lamear and Clifford Lamear, aged 15 and 17 respectively, have been held to appear before the next grand jury on the charge of malicious mischief. They were caught throwing a switch on the Burlington road in an attempt to ditch a train. The Burlington and Elkhorn roads have been having difficulty on their Bald Mountain lines and have frequently found their switches thrown and large stones on the track. Four cars were derailed recently.

Buffalo Gap—A son of the late chief, Sitting Bull, of the Sioux nation, has departed from Indian tradition and is on the pay roll of the Elkhorn Railroad company as a coal-heaver. Sitting Bull, Jr., as he is called, is a full-blood Indian, but has acquired a fair education in English branches and is considered a good workman. He is not the only full-blooded Indian employed by the company, as several have obtained positions.

Watertown—The report of the United States land office in this city for the quarter ending Sept. 30, shows that a total of 141 entries were made, there having been forty-seven cash entries and ninety-four homesteads; 218 final proofs were made on homestead filings and six final proofs on timber culture lands. There were four Indian cash sales, and the total receipts for the quarter were over $13,000.

Salem—The Chicago & Northwestern railway have been fortunate in securing a well at this place. Water was struck at a depth of 218 feet. The well has filled with 150 feet of water. Both the North-Western and Omaha are having serious trouble in securing water for trains all along the route. They are now using city water, the North-Western having a temporary tank, while the Omaha depends on the fire hose for its supply.

IN MICHIGAN.

Forest Fires Reach Small Towns North of Menominee.

Menominee—The village of Koss, twenty-five miles north of here, is burning up, surrounding forest fires being the cause. The Marinette fire department has sent assistance.

Wednesday afternoon Mayor Campbell of Marinette received a telegram from Fisher, Mich., asking for assistance. The town is surrounded by forest fires and is in danger of being wiped out. Forest fires are burning at a great many points north of here, and there is considerable loss to owners of standing timber. There has been no rains for weeks and everything is dry.

The Barry Transportation company is negotiating for the purchase of an ice crusher, and will make an effort to keep the channel between Menominee and Sturgeon Bay, through Green Bay, open throughout the winter. The company expects to place on the Menominee route a boat much more powerful than the Algoma, which has been used in past years.

Iron Mountain—Adam P. Piesa, while hunting partridge in the woods near Waucedah, was accidentally killed Tuesday. The body was found. It is supposed the gun dropped from his hand and struck a stump, discharging it. He was shot through the stomach. The body was found thirty feet from where the gun was. He leaves a widow and three children.

Crystal Falls—The work of constructing the dam for the water power plant at Crystal Falls is about completed. The dam is 102 feet in length and twenty feet in height, and is constructed of solid concrete. The part of the stream now being used as a channel will be utilized for driving logs. The water will be nearly ten feet over the bed of the stream there so there will always be plenty of water to float any logs that may come down, although some difficulty may be experienced after the logs pass through the dam and land on the bare rocks below.

Sault Ste. Marie—One night recently James Robinson arrived at the Soo from Trout Lake to visit friends. He stopped in a grocery and was spied by his old friend, John Frazer, whom he had not seen in many months. The greeting was very cordial and was made with a rush, when Robinson said, "Hold on, Jack, my leg is broken." When embracing his friend he had wrenched his leg and the bone snapped. A rig was called and he was taken to the Soo general hospital. Frazer is very much chagrined over the accident, but Robinson blames no one, and they are still good friends.

Ran a Ten Penny Nail Through His Hand.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten penny nail through the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

ARE YOU SATISFIED?

If Not, What Better Proof Can Duluth Residents Ask For?

This is the statement of a citizen.

The testimony of a neighbor.

You can readily investigate it.

The proof should convince you.

Mr. M. McLean, of 122 Second street, east, first mate on the steamship Bon Voyage, says: "There was a constant, dull aching through the small of my back, over the kidneys. The kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular and too frequent in action. I could not rest well nights and was generally run down. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills so highly recommended that I concluded to try them and got a box at W. A. Abbott's drug store. They helped me from the very start and soon freed me from all aches and pains and rendered the action of the kidneys healthy and normal."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY AT ARMORY

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 11.

Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN of St. Paul, and others will speak.

No lunch basket is too full to exclude

FITGER'S EXPORT BEER



No lunch basket is filled without it.

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO. BREWERS. DULUTH, MINN.

'PHONE 138

PATTON, WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Where quality is paramount. Where every price is lowest.

Bargain Counter 2.

Fancy baskets.

One day, Friday, only—we offer all our Fancy Baskets, in three lots, at less than cost. Buy now for Christmas fancy work. Baskets worth up to 75c for 39c. Baskets worth up to 50c for 19c. Baskets worth up to 25c at..... **10c**

Beaded bags.

Balance of the new purchase of full leather Beaded Bags, large size, very handsome, worth $1.25 each, at..... **89c**

Bargain counter 3.

Vests--pants

1000 women's fleece lined Vests and Pants, good, warm, seasonable underwear, the same as is sold all over town at 25c. Special Friday bargain counter price, per garment..... **19c**

Stockings.

1000 pairs women's black woolen Hosiery, extra heavy and very warm. Stockings that are selling elsewhere for 29c a pair. Bargain counter, Friday, per pair..... **19c**

Walking skirt bargain.

For one day only—to make Friday more interesting. We offer 25 new $4 walking skirts, made with slot seams, stitched around bottom, skirt made of extra fine wool basket cloth in newest cut **$1.98** —full width skirt, draped perfectly. Positively a genuine $4 value. None sold to small stores at this price, as we reserve them for our customers $1.98. **$1.98**

Fruit dishes-- "Ruby Star"—you know the quality—the price is regularly 10c—Friday you may have them at each..... **10c**

Syrup pitchers-- Glass, with silver plated tops—our own regular price is 38c but pancake time is here and Friday's price is... **25c**

Tumblers-- Crystal star glass—heavy durable, won't break when they fall—you can't get another glass anywhere, so good as this for..... **4c**

Dress bindings Look! The 4 yard and 5 yard pieces of velveteen, brush and waterproof dress bindings—the regular 25c and 50c pieces, Friday bargain, per piece..... **15c**

Percales The Standard wash goods of the world—36 inches wide—regular 12½c goods—Fine colors and patterns, Friday bargains at per yard..... **7½c**

Apron ginghams The regular 7c quality of standard apron check. If you don't buy at this sale you pay 7c a yard. If you come Friday you may buy at, yer yard..... **4½c**

Enameline The stove polish everybody sells at 5c—There are no other stores to duplicate our Friday bargain price—per box..... **3c**

Scrub brushes No need of paying little stores 5c—Don't you know every little price is even smaller at the Glass Block? If you don't, better learn—5c solid back vegetable scrub brushes..... **2c**

Kerchiefs. 3,000 handkerchiefs for ladies, for girls and boys. A mixed lot of plain white and fancy colored border, embroidered and hemstitched. Handkerchiefs worth up to 10c each, Friday for..... **5c**

Ribbons. 100 bolts of all silk taffetta ribbons in all colors, including black and white. Regular 25c ribbons reduced for the Friday bargain sale to..... **19c**

Rubber gloves. Pure gum rubber gloves in all the regular sizes. The regular price, you know, is $1.25. Friday special price, per pair..... **98c**

"Oat meal." The toilet soap you all know so well. Large size 10c cakes specially reduced for the Friday bargain to..... **5c**

Lithia tablets. Hood's well known 5 grain tablets. One of the best preventives of rheumatism. The 35c size reduced for Friday to..... **25c**

"Lazarre"—Latest waltzes in our sheet music dept., by Blanke. All musicians are familiar with the popularity of this new waltz. Publishers' price 50c. Our Friday price, per copy..... **15c**

Writing paper — Sale of odds and ends of Marcus Ward's and Whiting Paper Co.'s fine paper and envelopes—various sizes—worth 25c and 30c a quire—special Friday..... **10c**

Underwear — Ladies' natural fleeced wool vests and pants. Extra heavy weight—garments worth $1 00 each—for Friday's selling the bargain price will be only—per garment..... **50c**

Boys' pants — If they were longer we'd say "trousers." They're corduroy and all wool cheviot—hip and side pockets, sizes 4 to 15 years. A Friday bargain at—per pair..... **45c**

Baby bonnets — 200 silk, wool and cashmere bonnets, in white, reds and blues, and worth up to 75c each—will be a special Friday bargain at—each..... **25c**

$4.00 shoes — 300 pairs ladies' fine $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes, broken lines, extra good values, many different styles—a size for everybody in the lot—for Friday they are all reduced to the merely nominal price of, per pair..... **$1.98**

All wool ingrains — The heaviest and best quality ingrain carpet that's made—the regular 85c quality. Good colors, new patterns, Friday, per yard..... **69c**

Brussels — The 75c quality, good durable carpets, handsome patterns, rich colorings a splendid and unusual value, Friday, per yard..... **49c**

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING—DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Friday, Oct. 10.—Generally fair weather prevailed during the past twenty-four hours in all districts, Marquette being the only station reporting precipitation of any consequence and that was only light. Temperatures in the upper lake region, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba fell decidedly since Wednesday morning, the coldest being 14 degrees at Minnedosa early this morning. It is becoming warmer again in the far Northwest. Pressures are high throughout the Northwest and a "low" is developing in the Southwest. The winds in the lake region are mostly northerly and fresh except brisk to moderately high on Michigan.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abolene	78	Medicine Hat	70
Bismarck	60	Memphis	79
Buffalo	62	Milwaukee	54
Calgary	56	Minnedosa	44
Charleston	76	Montgomery	82
Chicago	74	Moorhead	58
Cleminnati	72	New Orleans	80
Davenport	74	New York	64
Denver	80	North Platte	84
Detroit	68	Oklahoma	74
Duluth	62	Omaha	76
Edmonton	62	Pittsburg	68
El Paso	82	Port Arthur	46
Escanaba	70	Portland	68
Galveston	78	Qu'Appelle	50
Green Bay	72	Rapid City	74
Havre	64	San Francisco	68
Helena	64	Santa Fe	70
Houghton	58	Shreveport	78
Huron	78	Spokane	62
Jacksonville	78	St. Louis	76
Kamloops	66	St. Paul	64
Kansas City	76	Sault Ste. Marie	72
Knoxville	76	Swift Current	56
La Crosse	74	Washington	68
Lander	74	Williston	60
Los Angeles	74	Winnemucca	66
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	44
Boston	62	Miles City	76

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time) Friday, Oct. 10.—Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and occasionally threatening tonight and Friday. Cool tonight. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Fair and continued cool tonight and Friday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Friday. Warmer in northwest portion.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Friday.

Upper Lakes—East to northeast winds, brisk over Southern Michigan and Huron. Generally fair tonight and Friday.

The Ship Subsidy Scheme.

It is intimated, and it is doubtless true, that the promoters of the new shipping combine, recently formed, intend to press the passage of the ship subsidy bill in a vigorous manner before the next session of congress. The big combination has finally been effected, and it includes the White Star line, the American line, the Red Star line, the Leyland line, the Atlantic Transport line and the Dominion line. The new corporation will be known as the International Mercantile Marine company, and it will have a capital stock of $120,000,000, in addition to which it may issue $75,000,000 of 4 per cent bonds. One of Mr. Morgan's representatives speaks of the transaction as simply a change in the name of the International Navigation company, and an increase of its capital from $15,000,000 to $120,000,000. The combination is international, there being both American and English directors. An arrangement has been reached that there shall be no discrimination by the British government against the new company in carrying the mails, or transporting soldiers and government supplies. It is said further that a non-competitive agreement has been effected with the German lines. It certainly is a formidable organization and practically in the hands of a few Americans, and these Americans have long been striving to secure a subsidy from the American government. Their principal claim will be that big vessels cannot be operated profitably at high speed without a subsidy and will cite the action of the British government to prove it. The subsidy bill is still pending in the house of representatives, but from the present temper of the American people it is not at all probable that congress will dare to pass the measure, and it should not.

The Danish West Indies.

The measure for the cession of the Danish West Indies was introduced in the landsthing yesterday and the indications are that it will pass by a close vote. After this ratification the Danish ministry agrees to take a general plebiscite which undoubtedly will also result favorably. There is not quite so much desire in the United States to get the Danish islands now as there was at the time the treaty was before the senate at Washington. The volcanoes in other islands of the West Indies which occurred soon after the ratification of the treaty on our side depressed the stock in territory in that quarter. If the negotiations had been delayed half a year longer there would have been considerable objection, probably, in this country to the payment of the $5,000,000 for the three Danish islands which we will give. However, it is not at all certain that any such disastrous isitation will take place in the West Indies in the near future as occurred last spring. Moreover, the three islands which we have bought were not affected by these convulsions. The building of the isthmian canal and the recent troubles in some of the nations on the border of the Caribbean sea make it necessary for the United States to establish a naval station in that quarter, and some of these islands will furnish a site for it. The geographical situation of the islands makes them of great value to the United States under the new conditions. Their people are in favor of annexation almost unanimously, it is believed, and this will avert any such trouble as came with the acquisition of the Philippines, the country will be pleased when the transfer is made. From a strategic standpoint they will undoubtedly prove of value and from an economic standpoint there is no question as to their value.

THE MAYOR IS RIGHT.

Mayor Hugo's decision not to sign the resolution passed by the council granting Saturday half-holidays to the city hall employes deserves commendation. The mayor very correctly holds that the clerks in the city offices are not overworked, and that the closing of the offices would be a great inconvenience to the public. The heads of the departments would have to stay at their desks, while the clerks were enjoying a half-holiday.

If the city hall employes were obliged to work for ten or more hours daily, and the granting of a half-holiday each Saturday would not interfere with the transaction of business, there might be good reasons advanced in favor of the idea. The clerks at the city hall work only eight hours daily, and it is well known that they are not hard worked. A few wholesale houses in the summer months grant Saturday half-holidays to their employes, but it should be remembered that the latter work nine and ten hours daily, while the city hall clerks work only eight hours. In all other business houses and manufactories in the city the employes work from eight to ten hours daily on six days in the week.

Mayor Hugo will ask the council to reconsider the half-holiday resolution, and it is likely that his request will be granted. In the event of such action not being taken, it is altogether probable that he would send in a veto. The citizens generally will uphold his decision that the convenience of the public shoud be consulted in preference to the pleasure of well-paid city employes.

REGISTER!

This is the first day of registration for the special city election to be held on Oct. 23 for voting on the proposed amendments to the city charter. Tomorrow is the second day of registration.

It is very desirable that there should be a large vote polled at this election, as several of the amendments proposed are of great importance.

In order to secure a vote at this special election every person must register anew. Some people think that because they recently registered at the primary election, thus getting on the lists for the November election, it is not necessary to again register for the special municipal election. This is an erroneous idea. Registration at the primary election does not give any one the right to vote on Oct. 23.

Therefore, if you fail to register today, do not forget to perform this important duty tomorrow.

STRIKE INSURANCE.

In some of the European countries so frequent and important have strikes become that strike insurance has been organized and put into effect as an indemnity for employers for losses incurred by those labor disturbances. The Vienna Manufacturers' Strike Insurance company, now in process of organization, bids fair to be the most important of all the institutions of this kind. It will begin its active existence when it attains a membership of 250 separate establishments, representing an annual pay list of not less than 25,000,000 crowns (roughly $5,000,060), as certified by the government bureau of compulsory accident insurance. Official statistics from 1891 to 1897 give for Austria an annual average of 30,000 laborers on strike, and of 400,000 days of idleness on this account. On this basis the annual premiums of the members are fixed at 4-10 of 1 per cent of the declared pay list for the year. It will not attempt to indemnify its members for the total loss caused by a strike, but, instead, to partially repay the actual disbursements of members during the shut-down incident to a strike. For example, it will pay half the registered wages of the striking workmen to employer. But it continues the payment for not more than three months for a single strike, or six months in any one year.

Its statement of what it considers to be wrong grounds for a strike is of decided interest. First of all, a demand on the part of the laborers for the dismissal or engagement of any workman or employe is regarded as unjust. This is a concrete and unequivocal test, and it is based upon the impregnable argument of the right of labor to seek work freely and of capital to manage its own affairs. But in many cases the moral aspect of a strike is far more difficult to determine. Who shall decide whether the workmen have made "demands which the state of the business does not justify?" or whether their complaint has been made "in a form which threatens the authority of the management?" An executive committee of from nine to fifteen members has the duty of reporting promptly upon every strike, and declaring that the insured member is, or is not, entitled to receive the indemnity. At the earliest opportunity a member in whose mill a strike is impending is bound to give this committee full information on the situation in general, on the demands of the strikers, on the offers of the employers, and, in short, upon all negotiations between the opposed parties. The central committee will ordinarily send a sub-committee to study the situation on the ground, with the intention not only of passing upon the strike, but also of bringing about an agreement between managers and men. When they have finally ordered the strike indemnity to be paid to a member, it means, first, that after careful examination they have found the men to be in the wrong; second, that they have exhausted all measures for conciliation.

Such a plan may work all right in Austria, but would hardly do in this country. Insurance against strikes is not practicable.

VAN SANT SET RIGHT.

The Herald takes this first opportunity of stating that Governor Van Sant denies absolutely every word of the interview credited to him by the Chicago Record-Herald in regard to the anthracite coal strike, in which he was alleged to have said: "I find it difficult to blame the operators," the natural inference being that he blamed the miners for the continuance of the strike.

It is the desire of The Herald to treat every person fairly and to avoid doing injustice to any one, whether in public or private life. It aims to be accurate in reporting the utterances of public men, and seeks to present without misrepresentation the exact views they hold on all questions of public interest. Therefore, having published the article from the Record-Herald which Governor Van Sant denies, it hastens to correct any false impression which may have been created among its readers. The Chicago paper says that "the statement, as represented, came from the governor second-handed," evidently being garbled in transmission.

The Herald published the original statement in good faith, not doubting its genuineness, it being one of a number of alleged interviews on the coal strike published by the Chicago paper, which ranks among the leading Republican newspapers of the country. The Record-Herald has always had a reputation for reliability, and therefore the authenticity of the opinions credited to Governor Van Sant was not questioned, especially as the statement was originally printed last Saturday and had brought no denial in the meantime. Now that the governor denies the statement in toto, and asserts that he shares the public sentiment in favor of the striking miners, this explanation is made with a view of setting his views correctly before the public.

The negro citizens of Tell City, in Southern Indiana wanted a teacher of their own race for the separate school maintained there, but the trustees insisted on their acceptance of a white man. None of their children came to school when the session began, and the county truant officer gave each parent five days' legal notice; but before the time was up the negroes had obtained a teacher of their own and opened a private school in their own Baptist church. The white public school teacher has no pupils, but he has the contract and will draw his pay.

If, says the Sprigfield Republican, the high price of beef should affect the training table and result in an inferior quality of football this autumn, no one could measure the possible consequences to the party in power. The people would not endure such a crowning misfortune. Luckily, the gate receipts are always large, and they will doubtless be sufficient to pay the increased meat bills of the players.

In considering the strike situation the public should not lose sight of the fact that the main object of the coal barons is to disrupt and discredit the miners' union. The strikers understand as well as do their employers that on the result of the present contest depends the future usefulness if not the very existence of the organization. The coal barons allow the people to suffer rather than make a contract with the officials of the union.

The roads to all the anthracite mines in Pennsylvania have been made absolutely safe. The presence of all the state militia guarantees protection to every man who wants to work. The operators claimed that they could get all the miners they needed, if protected from violence. But advices from the coal fields do not show that there has been any rush to the mines.

Big Bill Devery delivered one of his characteristic speeches when he returned home after being pitched out of the Saratoga convention. He remarked: "This skate Hill made a bum play. He didn't want Coler nominated, but we made him do it, an' all you got to do is to turn in an' help elect him. Hill's finish will be a hot one."

Governor Cummins of Iowa is to be one of the Republican speakers in Duluth this month. He is the head of the Republican factor that favors "the Iowa idea" of tariff revision. Do the Duluth Republicans favor this idea or do they agree with the president's policy of opposition to the removal of the tariff from trust-controlled articles?

The navy department is trying to answer the question, "How old is Rear Admiral Thomas O. Sefridge, retired?" Is he 99 or 100? The records do not show and Selfridge will not tell. He says it is nobody's business how old he is. And he is right. Why should any one pry into his private affairs?

One of the differences between the independent newspaper and the party organ is that the former promptly corrects any accidental misstatement regarding a public man, while the party organ never retracts anything respecting a political opponent which is shown to be false.

The News Tribune would settle the coal strike by having the strikers "go back to work without any concessions whatever from the operators." This would suit the coal barons, but the strikers are not so foolish as to yield when victory is in sight.

"Divine Right" Baer would not talk to the manufacturers about the property and men put into his keeping by Providence. He evidently considered it a great condescension on his part to discuss the matter with President Roosevelt.

When Russell A. Alger enters the senate next December, he will probably be prepared to tell Secretary Root how to run the war department.

Why not try the Aladdin stove?

No Cause For Alarm.

Indianapolis News: The world's hog crop is said to be short 41,000,000 pounds, but it is a good safe bet that the beer output will be fully up to the average. It is a wise beer that knows its own hops.

HOTEL GOSSIP

John P. Gordon, of Quebec, is at the Spalding. Mr. Gordon is a former resident of this city, having at one time been agent here for the Northern Steamship company when the late John Gordon was its manager. Mr. Gordon is now connected with the Quebec transportation interests with which Capt. A. B. Wolvin, of this city, is associated, and he is here on business connected with that company. It has been several years since he was here, and he is much pleased with the evident prosperity and growth that is attending the city.

* * *

I. A. Caswell, of Anoka, is at the Spalding today. Mr. Caswell was one of the most talked-about men in the Eighth district during the late primary election campaign, outside of the four congressional candidates. It will be remembered that he published a letter written to him by J. Adam Bede, in which the latter said that if he was elected and Anoka county would agree upon a man he would concede it the office of receiver of the general land office at Duluth, and that it would suit him if the man was Caswell. Mr. Caswell is postmaster at Anoka, and managed the campaign for Judge Edson in that end of the district. At that time he was the owner of the Anoka Herald, but he has lately sold out to the men that had been publishing it for him. Mr. Caswell served with distinction in the Minnesota troops that were called into service by the Spanish-American war.

* * *

Two of the Duluth hotels boasted of bridal couples today. At the Spalding were Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fisher, of Tower, and at the McKay were "George Ruby and wife." Mr. Ruby did not forget to add "and wife," as many a newly married man has done, but he did forget to add the address.

* * *

Mrs. George Lydick, of Cass Lake, is at the St. Louis. She is here on a land case that is before the department.

T. N. Okerstrom, a Port Wing merchant, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

F. C. Talboys, a prominent Eveleth merchant, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

John Willis, af Brainerd, tie-buyer for the Northern Pacific, is in the city buying ties, and is stopping at the St. Louis.

At the St. Louis: P. A. Gough, Sault Ste. Marie; James Sullivan, Virginia; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Robinson, Bena, Minn.; M. H. Barron, Stillwater; Mr. and Mrs. A. Nelson, Stillwater; F. P. Thompson, Cloquet; C. B. Simpson, Washburn, Wis.; David Graham, Hibbing; W. A. Dunn, Houghton; J. W. Massie, Michigamme.

At the Spalding: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Brown, Marquette; Clinton R. Stewart, Johnstown, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jensen, St. Paul; J. F. Sessions, Minneapolis; W. J. Smith, Eveleth; A. C. Archibald, Winnipeg; F. B. Farmer, St. Paul; C. H. Smith, Wausau, Wis; S. E. Sprague, Minneapolis; S. C. Pier, Portland, Ore.; Mrs. J. A. Hutchinson, Mount Zenia, Wash.

* * *

At the McKay: Edward Christopherson, St. Paul; Charles Hedberg, St. Paul; T. J. Brown, Two Harbors; Ernest Merrill, Fred Merrill, Tower; William Merrill, Two Harbors; M. and Mrs. G. C. Morris, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Wilcox and son, Red Cliff, Wis.; W. B. Moore, Chicago; J. S. Morris, Waupun, Wis.; J. L. Luce, Detroit.

WHO REDUCED GRAIN RATES

St. Paul Globe: The reduction of 10 per cent, on Aug. 25, in the freight rates on 250,000,000 bushels of grain and potatoes from the farms of Minnesota and the Dakotas to the Twin City and Duluth-Superior terminal markets—a net total saving of about $2,250,000 to the farmers of the three states—by the Northern roads and by the intersecting and parallel lines of competing railways, has been coolly assumed by the Republican press bureau as the work of Governor Van Sant!

Although Van Sant's "merger" suit was dismissed by the United States supreme court as long back as March last, Van Sant's bureau has the insolence to claim, in regard to the grain tariff of Aug. 25: "Governor Van Sant was responsible for this reduction of rates!"

Ex-Governor John Lind, whose reputation as a lawyer is never questioned, stated in his St. Paul speech last Thursday evening:

"There is not a case pending in our courts today against the merger."

And that is precisely the situation.

The only merger suit of the summer is the notorious Peter Power suit. Is Van Sant so desperate in his fight for political notoriety that he would rob Peter Power?

The only other suit is that of President Roosevelt, but that is not brought under Minnesota law governing the consolidation of parallel lines. It has no reference to Minnesota law, merger or anti-merger. It is a federal case brought under the federal anti-trust law, the Sherman act.

Does Van Sant claim that he has reduced freight rates in the Northwest through President Roosevelt's Sherman act suit? Does he mean to insult the federal court of the United States by the assumption that the decision of the court in a case whose issues are joined in March would be governed by a grain tariff issued on Aug. 25 following?

Does he intimate that a railroad company can control the decisions of the United States supreme court by simply issuing a new tariff?

If that is Van Sants idea of the standing of the intelligence, of the integrity, of the justice and stability of the highest judicial tribunal of the United States, it is time that the people were awake to the Van Sant standards of public duty and of American institutions.

The fact is, the Northern roads have reduced tariffs almost yearly for a quarter of a century—have brought down the rate per ton per mile from over 3 cents to less than 1 cent, by freight reductions like that of Aug. 25—and never before has any official or politician jumped on a platform and shouted: "I did it!"

Here is a practical question for Governor Van Sant to answer the people of Minnesota in this connection:

If you reduced the grain rates on the four railroads principally affected, why did you make about double the reduction over in Governor White's domain in North Dakota, that you made to the producers and shippers of Minnesota?

While you were reducing the wheat rate from the fields of Western North Dakota from 2 to 5 cents per hundred, why did you reduce the rates from Northern Minnesota to the Twin Cities and Duluth only 1 cent per hundred?

Is it because your influence is paramount on the North Dakota frontier, or because you were not responsible in any way or manner whatsoever?

In Georgia.

Sich a rainy season,
But, honey, don't you cry!
Sun a-playin' hide-on-seek
Yander, in de sky!

Lily lookin' lonesome,
Vi'let hide his eye;
Skies'll do yo' weepin',
So, honey, don't you cry!

W'en de rain is over
Vi'let dres' in blue;
Red Rose say: "I sweet ter-day,
En here's a kiss fer you!"
—Atlanta Constitution.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Vanity is the tool that is dearest to the heart of the devil.

The shallow mind is the mirror of other people's thoughts.

The sorrows that are drowned in the cup rise as ghosts at the bedside.

Opportunity knocks at the door of most men so gently that they can't hear it if their ears are glued to the keyhole.

Wanted Time to Think.

Denver Post: A Minnesota girl stopped the marriage ceremony and refused to "make good" when she heard a baby crying in the adjoining house. It seems that that was a phase of the matter to which she had not given mature thought and she wanted time to think it over.

A Continuous Performance.

Portland Oregonian: As long as speculation is rampant the relief of the money market" will be a continuous performance.

The Confession Of Anthony

By William Bloss.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It is quite true I have been sharply criticised, but, excepting Grace herself, my critics were sham friends of hers whose professed sympathy was only a shield behind whose ambush they might stab her more deeply and at leisure. They say it is a way that women have. As for me, I don't pretend to know. The older I get the surer I am I can't understand the deviousness of women.

I have asked Adela what is her own opinion of it all, but what is the use? Adela, too, is a woman, when you sum her up. She smiles in her baffling way and declares that it really shouldn't matter what Grace and her adherents say. "What they say or do will not prevent our marriage, unless, of course, Anthony, dear," she adds, "you should change your mind once more." Then she laughs, as if it were the most trivial thing in the world, this marrying. That so serious a question should be treated with frivolity is utterly exasperating.

Truth is, I had really been in love with Adela from the very beginning. By the beginning I mean the time before she was a widow, before she was a wife, even. Then she became Mrs. Van Sutphen—and I met Grace. Grace was Van Sutphen's daughter. She and Adela were twenty each. I don't know what Van Sutphen's age was—"Old Van" we used to call him at the club—but it was enough. No one thought of him as less than a well-seasoned, hale old fellow good for thirty years more anyway—and I guess he was—but one day a blast from the new underground railway threw a rock high into the air and into the window of his office, where he sat at his desk, scheming how to make another million before the month was out. The rock was as big as a bank safe and weighed five tons. It lighted on "Old Van" and forthwith his wife became a widow almost before she had ceased to be a bride.

Possibly because I was financially sound—perhaps for sentimental reasons inspired by my attentions to his daughter—the old man's will constituted me one of its executors—businessmen, of course, to two venerable financiers who could be relied upon to see that nothing got away simply because it wasn't nailed down. The estate was left in equal shares to his wife and daughter. Naturally, my fellow executors made of me, who had nothing else to do, the medium of communication with the heirs, and thus duty sent me often, on business, to the Van Sutphen home.

And matters went along this way for very near a year.

I'm not trying to lift any blame from my own shoulders, if it belongs there rightfully, probably my conduct possesses reprehensible aspects. I'm a male being and human. But if ever a man was lured in situations which could attain but one climax, that was I. I saw Mrs. Van Sutphen little, unless I dined there on invitation. Always it was Grace who sent me to learn of any necessary business affair. Always it was Grace who responded when I called, socially, and asked for the ladies.

"Mamma"—How she doted oh that word. She used to murmur it with the accent of a saint, to Adela's very face—"Mamma is indisposed today. Mamma is about to go out for a drive. Mamma is making an



he had come to sit by me in the pillowed window-seat.

indispensable visit. Poor mamma, she is getting careworn."

She persuaded me to come often to dinner, it was so stupid, being in mourning, she said, and receiving so little company, only old friends, once in a while, "don't you know, Mr. Trevor." Then, after dinner, she would sing sentimental songs at me.

There's no denying Grace's good looks. She certainly is a stunner. As a rule I don't go in for petite girls. They're dainty and sweet and they like to cuddle, and all that, but I rather have a fancy for beauties such as the writers call statuesque, tall and stately, you know, and queenly. Lillian—probably some of you will remember how she looked in Florodora—was that sort, and I once admired Lillian preposterously. But that's all past, now. What I mean to say is that for a petite girl—weighing, I should say, about eight stone—Grace came pretty close to being the flower of the flock. She had dear fluffy hair, a Dresden china shepherdess complexion, the most sparkling blue eyes, the roundest, softest arms and the whitest and most adorably dimpled shoulders one ever feasted eyes on. She sang quite prettily, too, in a high soprano voice which drizzled honey-like out of her red mouth and made one want to kiss her. Say!—Well, never mind that, now.

Of course I liked her. Who wouldn't? But I didn't think about marrying her, not at all. Indeed I came much nearer to thinking of marrying Lillian, right out of the front row, and taking her away



"I have come to confession," I said.

from the chappies, just to show them I could. But that's all over. I say I didn't think about marrying her at all. Of course, being her trustee, and under bonds, and having her interests at heart, in a friendly as well as professional way, I regarded her highly; and she being young, and not so old, well, naturally, we were drawn together a good deal closer than other circumstances might have promoted.

And this night—that last night of all—she had left the piano and had come to sit by me in the pillowed window-seat over which the moonlight was sifting through the lace curtains. I may have been holding her hand again—I don't remember; one falls into a habit unconsciously—but, anyway, she leaned toward me until her fluffy, perfumed hair was blown into my very face, and then she bent down her head and began to cry.

I tried to soothe her, but she sobbed the more. I took her in my arms to hush that strange weeping, but she averted her face and would not be comforted. Then something suggested that a kiss or two would ease her sorrow, which did not seem over deep-rooted.

And at that she pushed my lips gently away and sighed that no man should kiss her who did not love her truly.

"But I do love you truly," cried I, hotly.

"Oh! Anthony!" she murmured, and her arms were clinging around my neck, her warm lips were closed on mine, the light in her eyes danced with the light in mine. I loved her, then. What is quivering flesh and bounding blood going to do, sometimes?

When it was late I rose to go.

"And you will tell mamma, tomorrow?" she said, at the arras.

That word "mamma" touched me like an icicle. But I concealed my resentment.

"Yes, I will see her," said I, and fled.

* * *

Mrs. Van Sutphen inspected me with simulated surprise.

"There was no mistake? It was really I you wished to see, and so early, Mr. Trevor?"

Now, that sarcastic kind of reception puts one quite at one's ease, doesn't it? I fancy I fumbled my hat and gloves quite awkwardly.

"There is no mistake," I said, lamely enough.

"Of course, at this hour—dear me, how very early it is—you haven't come to—"

"No," I answered crustily, "it isn't that."

"Oh," replied Mrs. Van Sutphen. "Isn't it, really?"

She drifted gracefully into a chair and looked at me inquiringly over the top of her fan. She was wearing a pink morning gown with short sleeves. The high chair-back was of gilt, carved to the likeness of a spider's web. It formed an alluring frame for an enchanting picture. Mrs. Van Sutphen is tall. Her big eyes and her profuse hair are black. She has a figure like the cupbearer of the gods.

"I have come," said I, and paused. What in the name of folly was it that had made me come—and on such an impossible errand? Strange I had not of late taken note how Adela's beauty had ripened into a glory. "Mamma," indeed! I almost laughed aloud at the thought of it.

"I have come—" I repeated.

Mrs. Van Sutphen smiled. "Yes," she replied, "you have come, but you don't appear to have 'arrived,' do you, Anthony?" Her smile rippled into a laugh.

Anthony! That was what she had called me in the old days, before she became Mrs. Van. It made my blood hot to hear the name again, from her. Anthony doesn't sound half bad as a name the way Adela says it. When Adela breathes out a name it is as if a perfume were stealing through pearl gates of a coral palace.

As the divinity of her fairness grew upon me I knew at last where all this time my heart had been. This one woman only held the key. Did she know it? Anyhow she cherish it? At least, I must tell her.

"I have come to confession," said I. My voice was very low and seemed to me to tremble. She did not answer. Her fan fell to her lap and her breath came sharply.

"I have wronged two women and myself."

Her face grew deeply grave, but her eyes did not leave mine.

"I love one woman and I made love to another."

"Is it unusual?"

"But I was seduced to it. I didn't mean it."

"Oh, a very siren, then!"

I drew nearer. She looked down. I ventured to take her hand. She did not withdraw it.

"The woman I love," said I, "is named Adela."

She raised her bent head. A surge of glorious color swept up the column of her stately neck, surged to her cheeks, flamed in her temples.

"You are fickle, Anthony" she whispered.

I kissed her lips for answer.

"You asked Grace to marry you!"

"It is Adela I am asking to marry me."

"You were in love with that Lillian!"

"That was all of a year ago."

"You courted Jessie Wainhurst last summer!"

"Oh! At the seaside! What is that?"

"There was Miriam Fellowes!"

"She's married," I cried. This retort at least was conclusive.

I put my arm about her neck.

"Do you love me?" I asked, with my mouth against her ear.

"I'll marry you, Anthony."

"Do you love me?" I kissed her.

For answer she lifted the hand whose fingers still held mine. She bore it to her mouth. I felt a sharp, cutting pain in my palm, the warm trickle of blood. With both hands she snatched mine from her lips and thrust it in her bosom to hide the wound, and held it there, against her hard-beating heart.

"I have loved you always, Anthony," she murmured, lifting up her face.

PUBLIC CLAIMS ON COAL.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The coal sharks are about to discover that they have public obligations to fulfill. They have been proceeding on the supposition that the ownership and conduct of the business are entirely and unconditionally their own affair. This opinion shows ignorance of existing laws relating to quasi-public service. Even in a more limited and less vitally necessary business like that of running grain elevators the United States supreme court sustained the validity of an Illinois statute regulating the service given and fixing the prices. The supreme court stated the main principle as follows: "Property does become clothed with a public interest when used in a manner to make it of public consequence and affect the community at large. When, therefore, one devotes his property to a use in which the public has an interest he in effect grants to the public an interest in that use and must submit to be controlled by the public for the common good to the extent of the interest he has thus created." The court said that the statute simply extended a well known principle of law to meet a new development of commercial progress.

Winter is near at hand. An arctic wave may sweep down upon the country before the close of the present month. Coal is a public and private necessity. It is essential to life and its lack for a single day might be murderous. The coal operators, in order to pile up huge profits, have allowed the season to drift by without action. They have not viewed the situation as involving a public responsibility or calamity. They have not viewed the situation as involving a public responsibility or calamity. They have merely looked forward to marking up the price of all fuel to any figure they choose to exact. It is not yet clear how the rights of the public will be enforced, but their vigorous assertion is now unavoidable. A conspiracy to fill the land with suffering for the sake of obtaining a five-fold or tenfold profit is a terribly grave offense against society. The people must protect themselves and those in authority must guide their steps within the law. Nothing more outrageous has ever been seen in any form of public business than the cold-blooded indifference with which the coal operators have planned and waited for the existing conditions. They knew what would happen and hoped that it would mean a vast store of gold for them, though entailing misery and want on millions. If the remedy applied should be a severe and permanent warning to the organized sharks the people of the United States will be thankful in a high degree.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Washington Star: "Did you say that my face would stop a clock?"

"Not exactly; I intimated that it would tempt Father Time himself to pause in admiration."

Chicago Tribune: Mrs. Chugwater (over the morning paper)—Here's the worst piece of news yet. The crop of Thanksgiving turkeys will be almost a total failure this year.

Mr. Chugwater—I don't see anything bad about that. There would be no coal to cook 'em with, anyhow.

Brooklyn Life: "Think of the opportunities that girl has had—presentation at court, European travel, a long acquaintance with the nobility."

"And all for nothing."

"Yes. Poor thing! She is to marry an American after all."

Philadelphia Press: "Better make this trade on my terms, Si," the first farmer urged. "It's a bargain."

"No, siree," replied the other. "I want something to boot."

"Waal, b' gosh, you'll have somethin' to boot ef yer don't make the trade. Ye'll want ter kick yerself."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "And when you marry," she softly said, "I hope you'll remember to invite me to the ceremony."

He looked thoughtful.

"It will be awfully crowded, no doubt," he said, "but I think I can ring you in somehow."

And a moment or two later she declared the ring was an astonishingly good fit.

How Coal Barons Start Trouble.

Philadelphia North American: The surest way to provoke disorder in the mining districts, when an excuse for demanding the military aid is wanted, is to evict the families of the miners from their homes. Eviction notices are being served in the Hazleton district, and a demand for more troops may be looked for at an early date. The corporation which resorts to that method of combating a strike cannot pretend with any show of plausibility that it is a preserver of the public peace.

Not Charity, But Justice.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The coal barons say they have a plan by which "the poor people of New York city will be supplied with coal in small quantities at low prices." Very kind of the barons, but the people of the United States are not asking charity. They demand justice and are determined to have it.

Graft of the Promoters.

Buffalo Express: Another dividend of $10,000,000 has been distributed to the members of the underwriting syndicate of the United States Steel corporation. This brings the total dividends of the syndicate to $40,000,000. The syndicate guaranteed the success of the merger by subscribing $200,000,00. Of this amount only 12½ per cent, or $25,000,000 was called. The investment certainly was a most profitable one for the underwriters—and the end is not yet.

AMUSEMENTS.

STAR LECTURE COURSE.
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
12 Entertainments, $2.50
Reservation of seats for COURSE TICKETS, in Lecture Room of church, on Saturday, Oct. 11, at 1:30 p. m.—Thereafter at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
FRIDAY, OCT. 10.
"A LITTLE OUTCAST"
This season's enormous scenic sensation.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER
SATURDAY, OCT. 11.
AMELIA BINGHAM presents
MISS ROSELLE KNOTT
And a SPECIAL COMPANY
In Haddon Chambers' Remarkable Play:
"A Modern Magdalen."

Watch Our Ads

—It means money for you to do so.

SPECIAL DAILY SALES:

Friday, Oct. 10th.

Our store open late this evening. **Coffee Mills** at fierce reductions.

Regular 25c size for only..... 13c
Regular 40c size for only..... 24c
Regular 45c size for only..... 28c
Regular 50c size for only..... 31c
Regular 60c size for only..... 35c

Saturday, Oct. 11th.



Another Couch Sale.

Couches take up too much room on our floors. We must move some of them, and here are the prices:

$7.50 couches go for only....$4.98
$9.50 couches go for only 6.99
$10.50 couches go for only.. 7.96
$12.00 couches go for only.. 9.46
$13.00 couches go for only..10.43
$14.00 couches go for only..11.38

Better and higher priced ones at **18 per cent** off from our usual prices this date.

Call and see what inducements we have in ranges at this time.

R. R. Forward & Co.
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE
21st Avenue West, Duluth.

McCormick's Union Credit Co.,
DULUTH—SUPERIOR.
Established July 1, 1899.

WE ARE A RATING COMPANY

Dead Beats are afraid to ask our subscribers for credit

Offices 406-408 New Jersey Bldg., Duluth.—Both 'Phones—12 Berkshire Bldg., West Superior, Wis.

MARQUETTE

Club Will Celebrate Chicago Day With Grand Banquet.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—With a banquet and several speeches by distinguished men the Marquette club will celebrate Chicago day at the Auditorium hotel tonight in commemoration of the great fire of Oct. 9th, 1817.

The orators and the toasts to which they will respond are: Thomas B. Bryan, "Chicago." Governor Robert M. La Follette, Wisconsin, "Achievements of the Republican party Since 1857." Secretary of the Navy William Moody, Washington, "The Navy;" Governor A. B. Cummins, Iowa, "The Iowa platform on the tariff;" D. D. Woodmansee, Cincinnati, "Wm. McKinley."

Senator Joe R. Burton, of Kansas, was to have spoken on "Republicanism in the West," but the club has been informed that he cannot arrive home from Hawaii in time to attend the banquet. His place on the program, therefore, will be taken by J. S. Dean, United States district attorney at Topeka, Kas.

At the annual banquet of the Lake Side club, Dr. Emil M. Hirsch, will speak on "Chicago's Possibilities." Bishop John Lancaster Spalding of Peoria has been assigned the toast "Illinois."

UNION VETERAN LEGION

Holding Its Annual Encampment at Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The national encampment of the Union Veteran Legion has been opened in Masonic Temple drill hall with 300 delegates present. The veterans were welcomd by City Prosecutor Howard S. Talor, representing Mayor Harrison, and the response was made by Gen. Edwin Browne, national commander. The legion transacted its routine business behind closed doors. The ladies auxiliary also met at the Sherman house, Mary D. Rose, of Columbus, O., national president, made her report. She recommended that nieces of members of the legion be eligible to membership in the auxiliary.

Three women are candidates for the presidency of the auvillary. Frances N. Baker, of Buffalo, the present senior vice president is the candidate of the eastern section. Laura Printz Maguire, of Cincinnati, chairman of the advisory committee, and Ada J. Stone, secretary of the local auxiliary are also mentioned for the place.

The movement set on foot by Col. Adam J. Wagner, of Buffalo, to hold the next convention in that city is meeing with considerable favor.

As pure and good as the most critical epicure could desire.

Blatz

BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

The maintaining of that high degree of excellence that won for "Blatz" its enviable reputation 'way back in the forties has required undeviating care in the selection of materials and the constant attention of the most skilled masters of the brewers' art.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(Non-Intoxicant.)
Summer Tonic. All Druggists or Direct.
NAT. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee
Local Branch:
Lake Ave. S. and Railroad St.
'Phone 62.

CARNEGIE

To Be Given the Freedom of Five Cities.

Edinburgh, Oct. 9.—Andrew Carnegie was yesterday presented with the freedom of the city of Perth, beginning a round of functions embracing the bestowal on him of the freedom of five cities and the opening of several libraries. His tour will close with the delivery of his annual address as lord rector of St. Andrews university Oct. 25, on which occasion Ambassador Choate and Ambassador White will receive honorary degrees.

Replying to the provost's speech at Perth, Mr. Carnegie dilated on the horrors of so-called "civilized war" and the benefits to be derived from arbitration. "A great good has recently come to the world," said Mr. Carnegie. "A king in disguise and not yet recognized. But through the efforts of the czar, ably seconded by one whose memory I revere, your late ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, there now exists for the first time among men a permanent tribunal of arbitration. Not a drop of blood will be shed through this dispute between the United States and Mexico. The grandest achievement of the twentieth century was its creation. Shame to the nation which refuses to submit its differences to the arbitrament of this high court of humanity."

Dealing with the colonies, Mr. Carnegie declared that there was no legal bond between them and the mother country that could hold the connection for a year, adding:

"Besides you would scorn the use of force if those communities wished to set for themselves. The motherland is not reduced to that. On the contrary, union with her is a boon so precious that the new settlements of our race should humbly sue for admission. The will of the people is the only enduring bond of union between the parts of the empire."

RATES TO FORT WILLIAM.

Winnipeg Board of Trade Asks a Reduction.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 9.—The question of the reduction of the Canadian Pacific tariff on wheat to Fort William was the chief topic under discussion at yesterday's meeting of the board of trade. The agitation for reduction is rapidly extending. William Georgeson, ex-president of the board, said:

"There is one view of the case which is to be regretted. The tide of immigration has turned toward Manitoba. Such a dispute cannot help but have a deterrent effect at this time. It will be seized upon by the American press, which will make capital of it to the great detriment of Western Canada." Mr. Georgeson thought the question of freight rates should be settled in Winnipeg, where persons in consultation could have a better idea of existing conditions. At present all such matters are settled in Montreal and in many instances all the facts are not available.

The following resolution was passed unanimously: "That this board heartily indorses the action of the council in the matter of grain rates, and earnestly calls on the Canadian Pacific railroad to consider theirs and reduce the same to figures not exceeding those charged by the Canadian Northern and that an early answer be requested."

Our bodies are protected, the face and hands neglected; no wonder skin improves, revives, clears, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

CAPACITY DOUBLED

Complete Revolution In the Electric Lighting Plant.

Installation of Immense New Engine Completes It.

Company Expects to Announce Reduction In Rates.

The Duluth General Electric company is just installing an immense new engine, which completes a thorough revolution in its electric lighting and power plant that been in progress for the past eighteen months.

The new engine more than doubles the capacity of the plant, and the new machinery is expected to enable the company to make a reduction of its commercial lighting rates, which will be announced later.

A year ago last spring the company began to change its plant throughout. In 1894, when the old plant was installed, it was thought to be one of the most complete plants in the country, and it was so pronounced by the General Electric company.

So rapid is the advance in electrical inventions that the few years that have elapsed since then have put the old plant behind the times, necessitating its complete renewal. Besides, the old plant was beginning to be inadequate to the increasing business of the city. The change includes tne generators, transforming apparatus and meters— a complete overhauling throughout, at a cost of $200,000.

The new engine comes from the Allis-Chambers company, of Milwaukee, and it will be "direct-connected" with a generator made by the General Electric company, which was installed lately. The plant as it stands is thoroughly up-to-date, and includes the latest devices invented by electrical experts.

It will take three weeks to install the new engine, which is arriving in sections. The engine alone weighs 450,000 pounds, while the new generator weighs 150,000 pounds.

The new equipment will add the equivalent of about 50,000 incandescent lights to the capacity of the plant. The engine has a power equivalent to about 2000 horse power, and it is probably the largest at the head of the lakes.

THE CLASSES.

Geology and Languages Special Features of Y. M. C. A. Night School.

These are busy days at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. In addition to a large increase in membership, due to the efforts of the "Get One" club, the association is commencing its regular winter night school work. The prospects for the success of the latter are very promising and a substantial increase over last year is expected. The teachers are men who are fully capable of conducting the work allotted to them and the subjects taught are many and varied in their nature.

Special attention is called to the geology class, the class in language for foreigners and the course in drawing. The geology class is conducted with special reference to mining. F. L. Barker, of the high school, who is the instructor, spent several years in the company of the state geologist and knows his subject thoroughly. The association sees a need for a school of mines in the neighborhood of Duluth and intends to widen this course until it becomes a regular course in mining engineering. Both lectures and practical demonstration will be used in teaching it.

The course in language for foreigners is of special local interest. Duluth is constantly receiving immigrants from all parts of the world and the association believes in the importance of having them learn the English language under conditions and influences which will go far toward making good American citizens of them.

The fact that charitably disposed men in Duluth are helping generously to support this work from its financial side is cited as good proof that the instruction received is worth more than the nominal price charged for it.

THE STAGE

"A Poor Relation" was repeated at the Lyceum last evening by Horace Lewis and company before a fair sized audience. The play was again well received and the performers were given liberal applause.

• • •

"The Little Outcast" will be presented at the Lyceum Friday evening. It will be a great scenic production. The play is a melodrama filled with action of the thrilling sort and presenting a plot exciting and strenuous.

• • •

Among the well known actors who will appear in Amelia Bingham's company which will present "A Modern Magdalen" at the Lyceum Saturday evening is Franklyn Roberts, a handsome young actor who created a favorable impression in the leading role in "Lovers' Lane." Mr. Roberts' career has been a varied one and he achieved successes in several of the Frohman productions. He is especially engaged for Miss Bingham's company on account of his poise and finished work.

MATCHES

Cause Death of Child--- Clothes Caught Fire.

A two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. August Viergutz, of 2531 West Second street, died yesterday as the result of burns sustained while playing with matches the night before.

The mother of the baby was caned out of the room for a few moments and it is supposed he got hold of a box of matches and began chewing the brim stone ripped ends. The mouth was badly burned and the clothing caught fire. Mrs. Viergutz succeeded in extinguishing the flames, but the moment a physician saw the burns he knew there was but little hope of the child's recovery.

The funeral took place at the home this afternoon and the burial was at Calvary cemetery.

Cures Goitre

Great Medical Discovery that Cures this Dangerous and Disfiguring Disease at Home Without Pain or Inconvenience.

TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE

A well known Cincinnati physician has had marvelous success with a remedy that always cures Goitre or Thick Neck quickly at home; and owing to the fact that most



HORRORS! WHAT A NECK!

sufferers believe Goitre is incurable he sends a free trial package of his discovery so that patients may try it and know positively that their Goitre can be cured at home without pain, dangerous surgical operation or any inconvenience.

Doctor Haig can cure any Goitre quickly and safely in your own home. It makes no difference how serious your case may be, just write him today, telling your age, size of your Goitre, what part of the neck it is on and how long you have had it and he will send you by return mail the free trial package, postpaid, of the remedy that will surely cure you.

Do not delay but write today to Dr. John P. Haig, 2949 Glenn building, Cincinnati, Ohio, and he will forward the treatment, postage prepaid. Do not fail to get this wonderful remeoy. In Bombay, India, 60,000 patients in that infected district were cured with this same remedy, and wherever used its success has been marvelous.

GASH ACROSS THROAT.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide By Staples Man.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 9.—Nelson A. Gotchi, of Staples, Minn., made a desperate attempt to commit suicide in a lavatory of a Northern Pacific passenger car while his train stopped at Big Timber, Mont. Persons on the station platform noticed a man acting strangely and the door of the lavatory was broken open. With a pocket knife Gotchi had cut a terrible gash across his throat, severing the windpipe and narrowly missing the jugular vein. He had also slashed his arm, cutting an artery, and was bleeding profusely when discovered. He is in a hospital at Big Timber and his condition is serious. Gotchi was on his way to a daughter, who lives at Whatcom, Wash.

John W. Hampshire, one of the oldest pioneers of the famous Alder Gulch, died suddenly while sitting in his chair. Heart failure was the cause. He was a "forty-niner" in California and made a fortune in placer gold-mining.

BRINGING COAL BACK.

Anthracite In Germany Reshipped to This Country.

New York, Oct. 9.—The British steamer Maranne has been chartered by the Brauer Line for the purpose of conveying 4000 tons of anthracite coal from Hamburg, which was shipped to Germany last year. The Brauer Line is said to have purchased 20,000 tons of Pennsylvania anthracite, which has been lying at twenty different places in Germany and will have the coal shipped back to the United States at once.

East Side confectionery manufacturers are supplying cocanut shells to tenement dwellers for fuel. The shells are sold in bags of fifty to sixty pounds, for ten or fifteen cents a bag. The material furnishes more heat than coal and while it does not burn as long as coal, its lasting qualities are much better than wood.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.



That old copybook maxim finds its most forceful application in the waste of vitality, which is called "burning the candle at both ends." A woman is often tempted beyond her strength by domestic or social demands. Some day she awakens from this waste of strength to the woeful want of it. She has become weak, nervous and miserable.

For weak, nervous, run-down women, there is no better tonic and nervine than Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It restores the appetite, quiets the nerves and gives refreshing sleep. It cures local diseases peculiarly womanly which undermine the general health. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"No doubt you have forgotten me, but after you read my letter you will remember me," writes Mrs. Annie E. Moring, of 238 7th Avenue, S. W., Roanoke, Va. "In the year 1897, I wrote to you for advice, which you gave me free of charge. When I wrote to you I was a wreck: I could not walk straight for pains in my abdomen; could not sit down, lie down, or get any ease at all. Had what was called the best doctor here, but did not get any better until I went through a course of your medicine. I took eight bottles each of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and ten bottles of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I tell you the medicine made a cure of me."

Weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

INCREASED CAPACITY

In Certain Lines of Steel Causes Reduction In Prices.

The Production Is Now Beyond Needs of the Country.

Export Trade Will Furnish Necessary Safety Valve.

Cleveland, Oct. 9.—The Iron Trade Review prints the following concerning market conditions in its current issue:

The week has emphasized the differing conditions of the Bessemer and open hearth departments of the steel trade. Increasing competition in sheets and wire products has led to reductions in price and similar conditions in the tinplate trade are expected to be met by similar action. It is not that consumption of these products has fallen off—except that in tin plate, the decreased canning demand has been the chief factor. The increase of capacity beyond the needs of the country, even in this record year, has been accumulating influence that required to be reckoned with sooner or later. The cut of $5 in the price of light sheets puts to the test the ability of mills buying their steel in the open market, to compete with concerns that are grounded in ore and fuel. The announcement is made that one idle mill of the American sheet steel company will start up next week and that one or two others will probably follow. In the wire trade the reduction is $2 on nails and smooth wire and $7 on barb wire. Here also, the pressure of growing capacity is being felt, though the demand is quite up to the expectations for the season. The export trade will be increasingly resorted to as a safety valve. In wrought pipe there are also evidences in recent concessions in price that the ranks of producers have been filling up. The week has brought no sign that the general conditions governing the consumption of iron and steel, have changed for the worse, except such as grow out of the uncasiness felt over the effects of the coal strike. It is apparent that manufacturing orations will be crippled if the strike is not soon ended, and that blast furnaces and foundries will have plenty of company in fuel hardships. The coke situation has not improved. Foundries are being saved from serious loss by the foreign pig iron that is now coming freely, but many blast furnaces are worse off than for weeks. In the Mahoning and Shenango valleys eight are reported banked this week. The leading producer of Connellsville coke has not yet made sales to the blast furnaces for next year, but the price is expected to be close to $3 at the ovens.

MURDER CONFESSED.

Story of a Deliberate Plan to Kill.

Dawson City, B. C., Oct. 9.—A complete confession has been made by Peter Fournier of the murders with which he is charged. In his confession he says that he has been in hard luck and a man named Label, also a French Canadian, suggested that they murder some greenhorns for tueir money. Beaudoin, Bouthillette and Constantin came along and Label with a boat met the newcomers at White Horse and offered to take them to Dawson by boat for $5 apiece, they to provide their own food. A few days afterward they camped on an island ten miles below Steward. The next morning the three passengers were murdered. Fournier and Label shot Constantin from behind as he was washing his face, and then threw him in the stream. When Beaudoin got up they shot him, and Bouthillette, when he got up, also awakened by the shooting, was shot. The assassins secured $266 from Constantin, $35 from Beaudoin and about $20 and a gold watch from Bouthillette.

LOST HIS TEETH.

Man Had Throat Opened to Find Them.

Cleveland, Oct. 9.—Believing that he had swallowed his false teeth during sleep Tuesday morning, and being supported in his belief by the operator of an X-ray machine, Frank Buettner, a well known local contractor, yesterday had his oesophagus opened its full length to recover the missing article. No teeth were found, however, and the operation was a severe one. A search of the bed in which Mr. Buettner slept Monday night disclosed the teeth between the mattresses. Mr. Buettner's condition is serious.

The object which the X-ray expert held to be the teeth was a swelling due to laryngitis.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

L. C. Hayes, a government agent in Montana, shot and killed himself at the Marchants' hotel, St. Paul, Wednesday. He left a note asking that Horace Hayes, Elizabethtown, Ky., be notified of his death. He had a railroad ticket calling for transportation from Chicago to Harlem, Mont. He came to the hotel last Monday and last night complained to an employe of the house of not feeling well. That was the last seen of him alive.

The Burlington Malt company's plant at Burlington, Wis., was destroyed by fire Wednesday, entailing a loss of $90,000; insurance, $75,000. A high wind rendered the fight of the firemen unavailing. Fifty thousand bushels of barley and malt were also destroyed. Farmers' straw stacks a quarter of a mile distant caught fire from embers and were burned.

James P. Treadwell, a young man who left Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 25, and who had been staying with his wife in Pasadena, Cal., for two weeks, shot and slightly wounded his wife Wednesday afternoon and then shot and killed himself. The tragedy took place at Ruby Canyon, on the Mount Loate railroad. Mrs. Treadwell was shot in the head. The suicide shot himself three times, in the abdomen, breast and head.

The entire family of S. A. Loring, at Boomfield, Ia., narrowly escaped death Wdenesday by eating poisoned cheese. The mother and two children were thrown into convulsions. This is the second case and much excitement has been caused in consequence.

Earl Bush, married, and Frank Asspaugh, unmarried, were torn to pieces by an explosion of nitro glycerine at the factory of the Producers' Explosive company three and a half miles from Lima, O., Wednesday. Buildings were swayed, plate glass windows smashed and considerable other damage was done by the explosion.

Forest fires are raging near Middle Inlet, south of Wausaukee, Wis., and thousands of dollars worth of property is in danger of destruction. The large farm house, barn and granary of E. Van Kuren was destroyed and the lumber yard of George Dillon, east of the village, is burning and other property is threatened.

Fast mail No. 25, on the Pennsylvania railroad Wednesday night ran into a wagon on which a number of children had climbed, near Johnstown, Pa., killing Joseph Lazas, and mortally injuring Hugh Greenwood, Frank McCoy and Samuel Caldwell, aged 12. The train was running at the rate of 50 miles an hour when the collision occurred.

Glens Falls, N. Y., is still under semi-martial law because of the strike of the motormen of the Hudson valley electric railway, the militia patrolling the streets after dark. Henry L. Ramsey, secretary of the Central Trades and Labor assembly, was arrested today, charged with rioting.

The unusual incident of a horse walking in with a field of three was witnessed in the third heat of the Kentucky futurity for 2-year-old pacers Wednesday, when after a fast seven-eighths, Hudson pulled up Jessie Herr. The other two contestants were driving hard for second but old not overtake the walking filly.

We Treat To Cure!



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

It is one thing to relieve and another thing to cure. It is always easier to relieve than to cure. Sometimes relief appears to be a cure—for a little while. Then, sometimes, the patient is sorry he was relieved, for there are cases in which treatment that seems to benefit wonderfully brings ultimate injury.

Under our treatment every bit of relief is a part of a permanent cure. That is the only kind of relief we treat for. We, of course, do everything that should be done to ease pain or remove distressing symptoms, but our treatment proper is always directed toward the accomplishment of a thorough and lasting cure.

We Treat Men Only.

We use no injurious or painful methods in our treatment for Varicocele. We positively cure this disorder by an absolutely painless method and without detaining the patient from business.

Our method of curing Stricture is new and entirely original. No cutting or dilating. The stricture is dissolved and completely removed and all affected membranes thoroughly cleansed.

Our treatment for Specific Blood Poison forces the very last taint of virus from the system and all this is accomplished without the use of dangerous minerals. We afford you a permanent cure in sixty days.

We cure Contracted Diseases thoroughly and in less time than is commonly required to even cure partially. Do not endanger your health and power by relying upon patent nostrums or other uncertain measures.

WEAKNESS NOT A NERVE DISORDER.

Those functional disorders commonly termed "weakness," are among the most simple of men's ailments, and are readily curable when treated upon scientific principles and with a full understanding as to their cause. In an experience of many years, during which we have treated thousands of cases, this ailment has yielded to our treatment promptly and completely. The truth is that "weakness" is not a nervous disorder, nor is it due to any impoverished condition or lack of vitality, excepting, of course, cases of general debility, where the entire system is broken down. Practically every patient who comes to us to be treated for this disorder, is strong and robust, which is evidence of the correctness of the statement just made, and proves conclusively the folly of resorting to stimulants, tonics, electro-medical combinations, etc., which can only excite the functions temporarily to the positive detriment of the real ailment. The prostate gland, being the vital center of the sexual system, and very sensitive to abnormal influences, becomes chronically swollen and inflamed as a result of early dissipation, improperly-treated contracted diseases, strain, injury or other cause, and the condition is manifested by discordant sexual functions. Therefore, this "weakness" is only a symptom of prostatic trouble, and is not the condition demanding treatment. Our method of curing "weakness" is to restore the tender and swollen prostate to its normal state. We employ local measures only, and the results we obtain are prompt, complete and permanent. Like results can be had from no other treatment, because no other can be in accordance with scientific requirements.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical Treatment **Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **free and confidential,** and we give to each person a **LEGAL CONTRACT** to hold for our promises.

If you cannot call write today.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City.
CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
OFFICE HOURS—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. SUNDAYS—10 a. m. 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 W. Superior St., cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.....**

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.
TELEPHONE 295

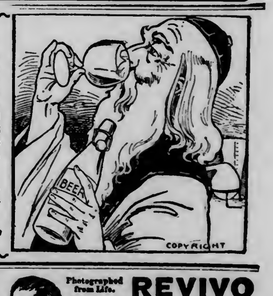
Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.

"HERE'S TO LABOR,"

a toast no well-meaning man can refuse to drink. But the drinkable should be in keeping with the subject of the toast—strong and able to make it stronger, invigorating and able to make still more vigorous, pure and able to increase purity. The "MOOSE BRAND BEER," bottled by us, has all these qualities and more. Price, $2.25 per case.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co. Either 'Phone 241.



Gained Forty Pounds In Thirty Days.

For several months our younger brother had been troubled with indigestion. He tried several remedies out got no benefit from them. We purchased some of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and he commenced taking them. Inside of thirty days he had gained forty pounds in flesh. He is now fully recovered. We have a good trade on the Tablets.—Holley Bros., Merchants, Long Branch, Mo. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring

Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.

S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor. 15 Phoenix Block.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**

The new Vaginal Syringe. Instruction and Booklet—Best—Most Convenient—Most Cleanest Instrument.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 33I, Times Bldg., New York.

—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

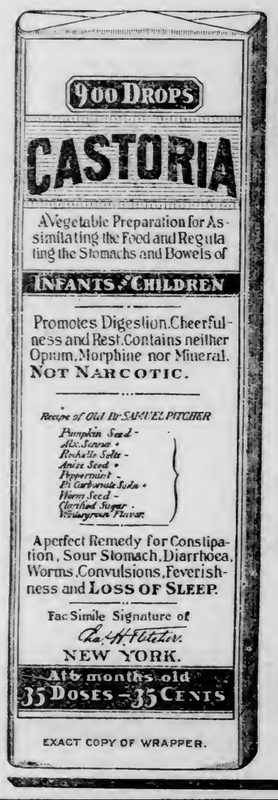
MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

A Thoughtless Druggist.

ONLY a thoughtless druggist would offer a preparation without the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher when Castoria is called for; the "delicate, faint and flickering light" that joins baby's life to its devoted parents being too sacred, to the self-respecting druggist, to be trifled with.

For over thirty years Mr. Fletcher has given, and still gives, his personal attention to the preparation of Castoria. It has won the confidence of mothers and physicians everywhere—never harmed the tiniest babe. This cannot be said of Imitations, Counterfeits and the "Just-as-good" rot.

The thoughtless druggist only offers the counterfeit because of a few pennies more profit. Any new preparation can be but an experiment, and they are experiments—mere guess work—irrespective of what their sponsors may say for them. It is experience of over thirty years, against wild and injudicious experiment.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TWO LYNCHED

Murderers of Young Farmer Strung Up at Dyersburg, Tenn.

Newbern, Tenn., Oct. 9.—Garfield Burley and Curtis Brown, negroes, were lynched here last night by a mob of 500 persons.

Burley on Saturday night shot and killed D. Flatt, a well known young farmer near Dyersburg. Flatt had traded horses with the negro and later Burley demanded that the trade be declared off. Flatt refused to accede to this proposition, and while on the way home was shot down by Burley. A posse has been hunting the negro murderer, and Tuesday night located him a negro cabin at Huffman, Ark.

While being brought to Dyersburg, Burley confessed to the killing, implicating Curtis Brown as an accomplice. Both men were lodged in jail at Dyersburg today. A mob soon appeared and demanded possession of the prisoners. Criminal Court Judge Malden made a strong plea that the law be allowed to deal with the case, saying that the negroes would be placed on trial tomorrow.

The mob would not listen to this, however, and forcibly took possession of the men and they were taken to Newbern.

The two negroes were taken to a telephone pole, where they were securely tied face to face. At a word given they were strung up. The lynching program was conducted in an orderly manner.

FLAG UPSIDE DOWN.

But It Was Best They Could Do.

New York, Oct. 9.—Miss Nellie Regan, a young schoolma'am in charge of a flock of youngsters at a little red school house at Croton, high among the green hills of Westchester, is one of the proudest young women of that county because of an unexpected visit paid to her school by United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew. Mr. Depew was driving from the Croton railroad station to a hotel. As he passed along the highway he saw the school and noticed that the stars and stripes were upside down.

The senator halted his surrey and climbed up the hill to the school house. The children were at their studies. Miss Regan came to the door. When she saw Senator Depew she blushed deeply.

"My dear miss, please excuse me," said the senator, as he stood smiling, hat in hand. "I was passing this way, recalling the scenes of my childhood days among these beautiful hills and valleys of yours, when I noticed the flag in front of your school was upside down. In my official position I feel that I have a right to inquire about it."

"I know it's all wrong," stammered the teacher, calling Mr. Depew by name, as she recognized him at once from pictures, "but I could not help it. The halyards were broken and we couldn't hoist it right side up, so rather than not have it at all, the boys put it up wrong side up."

Mr. Depew said that she had the proper spirit. He made a speech to the children, telling them of the importance of patriotism and significance of the flag, kissed a few of the younger girls and hurried away to fill his engagement.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE.

Insures Love and Happy Home for All

How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small, weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 728 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send free receipt with full directions so that any man may easily cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer, and the following extracts taken from their daily mail show what men think of their generosity.

"Dear Sirs—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treament a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sirs—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain, sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and they want every man to have it.

SEARCHING FOR WOMAN.

Volunteers to Explore the Country Around Sioux City.

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 9.—Upon the call of Chief of Police Davenport a large party of volunteers began yesterday forenoon beating the woods, underbrush and cornfields for several miles about the point where the empty boat was found, in the hope that the mystery of Mrs. Thomas F. Burns' disappearance may be cleared.

The dragging and dynamiting of the Sioux river has not been abandoned, and although Chief Davenport now believes the woman was drowned, he has organized a searching party for land to satisfy the large sentiment that the woman has been foully dealt with. The fact that she wore fully $1000 worth of jewelry adds to the belief that if she landed to pick autumn leaves, a tramp or prowler would have found plenty of temptation to attack her. The further fact that she was pretty and attractive increased her danger if overtaken by evil persons.

Emissaries have been sent to the towns northwest to make inquiry and to look at hotel registers. Many still believe the woman has wandered off while mentally irresponsible; still others, without apparent reason, assert their belief that she has left of her own free will. Her sister, Mrs. Kelly, of Grand Island, Neb., is here, and expresses herself as fully convinced that her sister accidentally drowned. She has never for a moment given credence to the suicide theory.

GASOLINE IN OIL.

Carelessness Held Responsible For Three Deaths.

Nashua, Iowa, Oct. 9.—Since the deaths of Mrs. Herman Moon and baby and Sophia Maakaben, which occurred during the past week, as the result of an explosion of kerosene oil, samples of the oil used in both instances have been tested and found to contain gasoline. It is said that the company of whom the oil in this city was bought, made a mistake in filling the big supply tank, and a large quantity of gasoline was poured into it. A large quantity of high-grade kerosene was then put in to offset the danger. Later developments show that in neither of the above mentioned cases did the oil come in contact with the fire.

TREASURER SUED.

Official's Liability For Interest on Tax Collections.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—In the name of the city of Chicago, Corporation Counsel Walker has sued County Treasurer Raymond for $27,000. The latter's bondsmen, bound in the sum of $4,000,000, are made co-defendants. The interest charges accruing on moneys collected by Mr. Raymond are made the basis for the action. Seventeen counts recite the alleged illegal retention by the treasurer of the interest funds which it is maintained belong to the public body owning the taxes, upon which as a principal the interest was paid.

MILWAUKEE PEOPLE

Could Hardly Believe It. A Prominent Woman Saved From Death by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suppose a large number of people who read of my remarkable cure will hardly believe it; had I not experienced it myself, I know that I should not.



MRS. SADIE E. KOCH.

"I suffered for months with troubles peculiar to women which gradually broke down my health and my very life. I was nearly insane with pain at times, and no human skill I consulted in Milwaukee could bring me relief.

"My attention was called to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**; the first bottle brought relief, and the second bottle an absolute cure. I could not believe it myself, and felt sure it was only temporary, but blessed fact, I have now been well for a year, enjoy the best of health, and cannot in words express my gratitude. Sincerely yours, SADIE E. KOCH, 124 10th St., Milwaukee, Wis."—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** over diseases of women.

Women should remember that they are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

BELIEF IN WITCHES

Brought Death to Poor Old Woman In West Virginia.

She Was Brutally Murdered With a Dozen Leaden Slugs.

"Victims" Tell How Witch Had Repeatedly Ridden Them.

Charleston, W. Va., Oct. 9.—Salem itself in the old days held no firmer creed of witchcraft than obtains today in the mountain districts of this state. At times whole valleys are witch-ridden, and the scattered inhabitants cower in their huts after dark, praying against the visitation of the evil women.

Clay county, thirty miles up Elk river from here, and one of the poorest and most ignorant counties in all the mountain regions, is sorely beset by the supernatural. It has long been a favorite resort for the powers of darkness, and there now lies in the Clay courthouse jail one Old Man Cottrell, in whose pending trial for murder witchcraft will play a curious and important part.

Old Man Cottrell—he probably has, or had some time, a given name, but nobody regards it—is the head of a clan of Cottrells, Lyonses and Macombers, who live up Big Otter creek, several miles back from Elk river. Sand diggers they are mostly by trade, if collecting herbs and grubbing for roots may be called a trade.

In the winter they live as they can, miserably enough. A little hunting, a little charity, perhaps an occasional odd job, keeps them alive through the cold months.

Generation after generation they have intermarried until the type has become incapable of mental or moral effort. They make no effort to improve their circumstances. Reading and writing are lost arts to them.

When a school house was put up on the property of Squire Boggs, a mile up the creek from them, they declined to take any interest in the opportunity. In time the school passed out of existence, dying of inanition, and the building was empty.

About a year ago there came to Squire Boggs, who is one of the few intelligent and well-to-do men of that locality, a 70-year-old woman with her 18-year-old granddaughter. They had come from back in the country somewhere and they had no home.

They asked permission to occupy the deserted school house, and this was readily granted. Although the old woman was rather feeble she contrived to break ground for a little garden in which she grew corn and tobacco and a few other necessaries for home use.

The squire helped her through the winter and she announced her intention of staying as long as he would let her. Known at first as "the old woman at Boggs'" she soon got the name of Mother Boggs.

In the spring the rumor began to spread that Mother Boggs was a witch. It was said that some kin of the Cottrells had sent the message from over in Roane county that she had been run out of there for the practice of witchcraft.

Her appearance and manners bore out the accusation, for she was very bent, very wrinkled, very sharp of features and very silent—four standard characteristics of a witch.

All the Cottrell-Lyons-Macomber clan began to make their enmity felt. By day they flouted the old woman as they passed and saw her at work.

By night they shunned the locality of the old school house. Some threats were made, but Squire Boggs soon let it be known that he would not have any persecution of the harmless pair of women.

So they were left very much to themselves, except that it was said that one of the Cottrell boys was sometimes seen talking to the granddaughter. Every untoward circumstance in the neighborhood, however, was laid to the ill will of Mother Boggs.

One night there came visitors to the school house. One of them drew aside the blanket that served as cover to the front window. The other fired a rifle. A dozen leaden slugs went into the old woman's body and she died without a word, in the arms of her granddaughter.

It happened that Deputy United States Marshal Dan Cunningham, who is probably the best detective in West Virginia, was in the locality at the time, and he was sent for. The nature of the slugs told him that they had been fired from a rifle specially bored for that purpose.

He made inquiries and found that Old Man Cottrell had borrowed such a rifle a few days before from a neighbor. The old man and the nephew, who had been paying attention to Mother Boggs' granddaughter, were arrested and taken to Clay courthouse, where they had a preliminary hearing before Squire Shannon.

Both prisoners stoutly denied knowing anything about the old woman's death, and both as stoutly averred that she was a witch. It was the examination of Old Man Cottrell that brought forth the most interesting testimony as to witchcraft.

The court room was filled with the members of the clan, who had left their rifles and shotguns outside under guard of two of their number—by request.

The court: You say that you had no part in the killing of this old woman?

The witness: I wa'n't nowhere about when it was done.

The court: You knew her well?

The witness: I knowed her as well as I wanted to. She wa'n't no company to me.

A voice: She were a witch, she were.

Right pert job somebody done, a-shootin' of her.

The witness: Anybody knew she were a witch.

The court: How do you know she was a witch?

The witness: Gordy! Didn't she do witchery on me?

The court: What witchery?

The witness: She ridden me many a night.

The nephew: An' me the same way.

A niece of Old Man Cottrell's. So as their hands was full of judges an' brambles when they come back.

The witness, holding up his hands, which were seamed with old scratches—There's the witch marks, squire.

The court—Give me an instance of how she rode you.

The witness—The night the thundercloud broke an' the water came down Big Otter she were a'ridin'.

A voice—That were a witch night! I hearn her a-goin' screechin' past.

The witness—She come a'cailin' for me an' for the boy. It were a ha'sh night an' she wanted a team. I expect she were in a hurry.

The court—And you went?

The witness, in great surprise—She called me, I tell you, squire. She called me with a witch-call.

The nephew—No matter how hard you try to hol' yourself you got to go to a witch-call.

The court—Then you got up out of bed and went out into the night?

The witness, after a pause for consideration—No; it ain't just that way. You don't go. You just lies abed shiverin' an' sweatin' an' asleep all the time. It wa'n't exactly me that went that night or ary other night. It war my seconds, another of me. So I flew out through the window. That boy there, Linn, he was standin' sniverin' outside, all hitched up with a rope of poison oak.

The nephew—The streaks of it is on my neck yet.

The witness—She hitched me to him an' we went up in the air night to the moon. When we went too slow a buzz of snake-doctors (dragon flies) stung us up.

A voice—Them was witch-flies. Snake-doctors that's real don't fly nights.

The witness—Whatsever they was they stung right hard. She drove us to Blue Knob an' hitched us to a pawpaw bush an' left us there.

A man in the audience—I'm from Blue Knob. I heard that night screechin' like a big owl between the thunder claps. I knowed it were a witch, but I thought it were the witch from over Strange Creek, the one that strangled Neel Russell's litter of pigs.

The witness—That were her you heard screechin'. She always screeches when she's witch-ridin'.

The court—What did she go to Blue Knob for?

The witness—Maybe for a ride, just. Maybe to meet some other witch. Then I expect she did a little pelverin' (pilfering) thereabouts—eggs an' milk, or maybe a strip of meat.

The court—What happened next?

The witness—We was left there fast to the pawpaw bush, moanin' an' cryin' with the wind an' rain an' cold, an' not knowin' what minute the ligh'nin' would hit us.

A woman's voice—You can't get struken by lightnin' when you're bein' witch-ridden. Ligthnin' don't hit witch horses.

The witness—We was hitched an' she was away. It might have struken us.

The court—Well, what next?

A woman's voice—I wouldn't tell ary thing about it. It's mighty onpearten (unwholesome) to be talkin' so much abouten witch folk even if she is dead.

Another voice—They say it took twelve leads to kill her. It must have been thirteen. That's the number against witches.

The witness—She'll never witch naryun (any one) no more. I ain't afraid of her now. She's done her worst on me. I'll tell all I know. When the storm begun to lie down she come back for us an' rode us home again. Next mornin' our hands an' feete were full of burrs an' briars. They always are after she's ridden of us.

A Cottrell—Squire I can swear to havin' set by Old Man while he was in bed sweatin' an' groanin' an' him asleep all the time, an' I knowed she was a-ridin' of him, an' seen him next mornin' with his hands an' feet like as if he'd been trompin' aroun' a brier bush.

The court—Have you been ridden often?

The witness—Twenty, maybe thirty, times. Every ha'sh night she'd be out. If it was moonlight she's take the boy sometimes an' leave me. We been to Yankee Dam an' Strange Creek an' Birch an' Buffalo, an' once to place 'way off that I never saw before. That was the time daylight was streakin' the clouds before we got back. She like to have killed me that night. If daylight had caught us I'd a had her. She run me so hard I couldn't walk for nigh a week.

The court—Then you firmly believe that there are such things as witches?

The witness—Why, Squire, it's in the Bible. Preacher read it out in meetin' last church day, not a month back. We all are believers.

The court—Have you ever attempted to revenge yourself on this witch?

The witness—Don't you know she'd a killed me if I had? Don't you know she'd a-tied me to the top of a lightnin'-strucken tree an' left me hangin' there till I peaked away an' died? They say there is a way to kill witches, but I don't know what it is.

A voice—Thirteen lead slugs in the full of the moon.

A woman's voice (complainingly)—It's mighty onpearten to be talkin' so much abouten witches. I wouldn't wonder that we was all ridden after this.

A man's voice—Not by Mother Boggs That was a right good killin'.

The witness—I expect there's plenty would be glad to kill that old witch if they could. But I nor aryun of we-allis hadn't no doin' of it.

FOUND ON RIVER BED.

Stolen Buggies and Wagons Are Discovered.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Oct. 9.—A valuable buggy was stolen from E. H. Beers' premises on Mill street, last spring and no trace of it was discovered until today, when John Harry happened to notice its outline in the bottom of the river, while logging down from the Lincoln avenue bridge. Mr. Beers brought the vehicle to shore after several hours of hard work, and in doing so, discovered a light spring wagon and a pair of bob sleds which had been stolen from other parties during the summer. The vehicles were submerged in about fifteen feet of water, and had apparently been taken out to the center of the bridge and dumped overboard. Several other vehicles are missing, and a further search will be made.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Actinic or Violet Rays

The most effective and painless treatment known for

Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases.

This is the same light as that used by the celebrated Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, and eminent New York specialists.

For particulars address

THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
313 First Ave. East. Duluth.



We furnish up-to-date Interior Finish for Modern Houses.

Made from the best assorted grades of hardwood lumber; also everything in Building Lumber demanded by builders, which we are selling at prices tha we won't allow anyone to beat.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co.,
2402 W. Michigan St.

Quality and Quantity

A combination seldom found in a good smoking tobacco. We guarantee the quality and you will acknowledge you get your money's worth when you buy

T & B

Cut and Plug

Smoking Tobacco

(Strictly Union Make)

Rich in all the essentials that go to make up a perfect smoke. "IT WILL SATISFY."

Manufactured by

JOHN E. TUCKETT & SON, Freeport, Ill.

Peachey & Lounsberry,
The Printers.
Zenith 'Phone 336. Duluth 'Phone 166-s.
New Address Providence Bldg.

Kickapoo Oil

A quick cure for all pains, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frostbites, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Chilblains, Headache, Stiff Joints, Weak Backs, Sciatica, Cramps, Colic and all acute pain external or internal. It relieves instantly and quickly cures the cause. Just the remedy to keep in the house for sudden attacks. A bottle at hand is better than a doctor miles away.

KNOCKS OUT NEURALGIA

"After many weeks of suffering from Neuralgia and Neuralgic Headaches, without finding any relief, I grasped at Kickapoo Indian Oil as a last resort. A few applications cured me and I recommend it to every one who has Neuralgia or Headaches only don't wait and suffer as I did, but try it promptly and be convinced."—Mrs. F. F. Kelleher, 290 Richmond St., St. Paul, Minn.

"I used Kickapoo Indian Oil for Headaches and it stops them in a few minutes. For Headaches and Colds, I never found as good a medicine."—Mrs. Kate Bowers, Nokomis, Ill.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists

Parties Moving To the West....



Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.

MAY BE INNOCENT

Harry Mercer Claims to Be Convicted of Another's Crime.

A Startling Story That Has Been Confirmed In Part.

One of Strangest Cases In History of Current Crime.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—Harry Mercer, of this city, now confined in the city prison at Kansas City under sentence of four years in the Missouri penitentiary for grand larceny, claims to be a wronged man and is making strenuous efforts through friends here to secure his release.

He claims to have been convicted of a crime committed by another, and says that the witnesses upon whose testimony conviction was secured have made a great mistake.

In the face of a mass of damaging evidence, brought out by determined prosecutors, Mercer protests his innocence and tells a startling story that has been confirmed in part. In brief, he asserts that his brother, Theodore Mercer, also of this city, is the guilty man, and that previous to his arrest he (Harry) was never in the state of Missouri in his life.

Prosecutors, police and lawyers shake their heads and say no mistake has been made, and that the story of Mercer must be treated as the unreliable vaporings of a convicted felon.

In the face of this four persons are willing to testify that Harry Mercer was in Philadelphia at the time the crimes were committed in Kansas City, and three of them have made affidavit to that effect. In addition, documentary evidence confirms part of the convicted man's story, and the books of a physician here contain an entry that seems to indicate that Harry Mercer and his wife were living quietly in this city near the date the police say he was operating with a gang of typewriter swindlers in the Middle West.

Friends who have secured a stay of execution for the convicted man and are preparing to take his appeal to the supreme court of Missouri have assured her that Harry Mercer will be free as soon as a bail bond can be arranged for.

Harry Mercer, with his brother Theodore, is the son of Ellwood Mercer, a Kingston weaver. He had limited opportunities as a boy and his education was gathered largely through his own efforts. About the time of the national export exposition in 1899, Mercer became an employe of the F. S. Webster Typewriting company, whose Philadelphia office is at 709 Chestnut street, with George B. Scott as manager. The concern had a booth in the exposition and Mercer was placed in charge. It was while there that he met the woman—then a girl of 18—who is now his wife.

After the exposition Harry Mercer became salesman for the big typewriter house. He was a success. His employer admits that he was one of the best salesmen they had. The couple lived in an attractive house at 2106 Stella avenue. A son came soon to bless the union, a child who is now a bright, curly-headed boy of 22 months. Soon after Harry began to establish himself his brother Theodore went to work for the same firm, also as a salesman.

Mercer and Mr. Scott, the manager, failed to agree. The stories they tell as to the cause radically differ. The Mercer boys left the employ of the Webster company about the last of June, 1901. Theodore went West with his wife. Harry Mercer stayed in Philadelphia, he says, and upon the establishment of this fact lies his path to freedom. Later, in November, with another man, he established the Manhattan Mimeo graph company at 969 Walnut street, where he built up a prosperous business that continued until his arrest in February, 1902.

To make the subsequent part of the story clear, it is necessary for a moment to shift the scene to the West. In the latter part of July it is claimed that two men and two women, acting in conjunction, started at Denver, Col., upon a scheme the object of which was the theft of typewriters on a wholesale plan. According to the police theory, the two men would enter a town in the role of preachers and engage rooms. Then the two women, in the guise of stenographers, would visit various typewriter houses, rent machines, pay the first installment and sign the leases. Various names were used by the women, the names "Lillie Davis" and "Beatrice Fairfax" being favorites.

Upon the delivery of the machines the supposed preachers would promptly sell them, and then the whole crowd would skip to another town. The police assert the band of swindlers jumped from Denver to Omaha, and from Omaha to Kansas City. There several machines were secured on Aug. 13, 1901. The next day the same parties, it is said, appeared in St. Louis. Typewriters were rented, but a mistake was made, and that night, with the police at their heels, the swindlers fled to Chicago. The police closed in on them, and on Aug. 15 arrested in Chicago Theodore Mercer. The other members of the band fled to the East and were traced as far as Pittsburg, via Cleveland.

Theodore Mercer had one of the stolen machines in his possession when arrested. He entered a plea of guilty. His picture was taken for the St. Louis rogues' gallery, which it now adorns, and he was sentenced to six months in the workhouse. Becoming ill, or feigning illness, he was ordered sent to the city hospital, and on the way escaped from the police. He is today a fugitive from justice.

While his brother was heralded all over the country as a fugitive, the police apparently had no thought that Harry was in any way involved in the typewriter swindle. Almost every prominent typewriter house in the country had been victimized, and the hunt for the guilty parties was a hot one, stimulated by unlimited funds to prosecute the search.

One afternoon in February, 1902, Harry Mercer was arrested near his place of business in this city on the charge of receiving stolen goods. He was accused of and did not deny selling a typewriter to the Standard Typewriter exchange. It was shown that the machine had been secured in the same manner as the machines were secured in the West. A woman had rented the typewriter from F. S. Webster & Co., by whom Harry Mercer had been employed. Mercer denied, and does deny, that he knew the machine was stolen.

Mercer had several hearings and was finally acquitted before Judge Arnold. But in the meantime the wires between Philadelphia and the West had been busy. The day Mercer was acquitted a man in the court room, who had been sent on by a typewriter house, identified Mercer as the man who had worked the swindle in that city. A St. Louis detective was with him, and he had a warrant. When Harry Mercer was told of his acquittal here he was quickly tapped on the shoulder and told he was wanted in St. Louis for grand larceny.

Mercer was stunned. "I will go at once with you, for I will have no trouble to prove my innocence," he exclaimed. "I will waive requisition and start right now."

In the meantime the attention of a wealthy and charitable Philadelphia woman, whose name for the present is withheld at her own request, had been attracted to the helpless wife and her two children—for the baby had been born a few days after her husband's arrest. She employed John R. K. Scott to look after the man's interests. Scott would not permit him to waive requisition, and only after a legal fight was Mercer taken to St. Louis.

He was promptly photographer for the rogues' gallery, and was placed "incommunicado" as a police prisoner. He lay for six weeks in prison, without even a preliminary hearing. His good angel in Philadelphia finally secured the services of ex-Governor Charles P. Johnson, a noted criminal lawyer, to look after his interests. Ex-Governor Johnson at once applied for a writ of habeas corpus and the prosecution collapsed. Mercer was free again, but was instantly rearrested on a warrant issued from Kansas City, Mo., charging him substantialy with the same offense as the one for which he had just been declared not guilty.

Ex-Governor Johnson predicted another triumphant acquittal in Kansas City. He was a poor prophet.

In the first place, Mercer's friends were lulled into a false sense of security. Adequate counsel was not provided. Mercer depended on a lawyer furnished by the court. Prosecutor Hadley, who tried the case, is one of the keenest lawyers in the state, and boasts a record of 300 cases with only three acquittals. He was backed up by eminent private counsel, headed by L. C. Boyle, former attorney general of Kansas, and reckoned the best jury lawyer in the state of Missouri.

Mercer was convicted before Judge John W. Wofford of the criminal court on July 7, and sentenced to four years in the Missouri state prison at Jefferson City.

Searches are now being made for other witnesses to substantiate the alibi. The whereabouts of a man named Davis and a colored porter named Reed, both former employes of the F. S. Webster company, are particularly desired. By them it may be possible to complete an important link in the chain.

Harry Mercer himself believes he was the victim of a conspiracy, or else that witnesses have confused him with his fugitive brother.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

VAN SANT DENIES IT

Claims He Was Misrepresented on the Coal Strike.

Asserts That He Entertains a Widely Different View.

Chicago Record-Herald Says Report Came Second-Handed.

Governor Van Sant denies that he authorized the coal strike statement credited to him in the Chicago Record-Herald, in which he was quoted as saying: "It is difficult to blame the operators. It is a battle that must be fought to a finish," and "while the large cities of Minnesota may suffer because of the scarcity of coal, we have an unlimited supply of wood and will not freeze."

The Republican state central committee was unable at first to offer a denial of the alleged interview, but later telegrams were received from the governor at Moorhead denying that he had ever made the statements credited to him to any person or paper.

The statements in question were printed by the Chicago Record-Herald, a recognized organ of the Republican party, and one which has given Governor Van Sant much publicity through the medium of similar statements on different subjects of state or national interest. The matter was printed as a direct quotation, and appearing as it did in a recognized party authority, could only be accepted by the public as in good faith, in which spirit The Herald published it.

In a telegram to Chairman Robert Jamison of the state central committee, Governor Van Sant says:

> "The statement in the St. Paul publication purporting to come from the Record-Herald of Chicago is absolutely false. I never expressed such sentiments to that or any other paper or any individual. The refusal of the operators and the willingness of the miners to arbitrate, when in conference with President Roosevelt, has justly enlisted public sentiment on their side, and I share it to the fullest extent. A great public calamity threatens the nation, and I believe that the president would be justified in using heroic measures to open the mines, and I trust that he will find some method to do so."

The St. Paul Globe telegraphed to the Chicago Record-Herald as to the authenticity of the interview, and received the following reply from that paper:

"Governor Van Sant's political friends say the quotation attributed to him after the strike conference at the White House, Friday last, was wrong. They say he is in sympathy with the striking miners. The statement contained an intimation that as the coal operators' principal objection was to John Mitchell, the strike might be easily settled if the president of the Miners' union resigned. The statement, as reported, it seems, came from the governor second-handed."

HER ANGRY PROTEST.

Young Woman Objected to March of Improvement.

New York, Oct. 9.—The destruction of the present "Tenderloin" police station (which is to be replaced by a new building) will take away a structure which has probably seen more of the seamy side of New York city life than any other. It has been the island of hope in New York's biggest pond of impartiality for many years, and there are those among the residents of the metropolis who have become so accustomed occasionally to spending a night in its cells that they will miss it quite as much as a commercial traveler is likely to miss some hotel at which he has been in the habit of stopping while making his route.

It is said that the night after the announcement was made that the station was to be destroyed, the sergeant in charge had a caller. She held a newspaper in her hand and spoke somewhat angrily to the man at the desk as she tapped a certain item in it.

"Is that true?" she asked the sergeant. "Is what true?" he inquired.

"That they're going to tear down this station house and build a new one?" said his visitor.

"Certainly, it is," replied the sergeant, "and it's high time they did."

"Well, I don't care!" exclaimed his visitor petulantly. "I'm going to move into another precinct. I think it's real mean. It would never seem like home to be locked up in any station house but this!"

PHOTOGRAPHS OF VALUE.

Negative For Which Its Owner Refused $5,000.

New York, Oct. 9.—A well known photographer on Broadway, who possesses a negative, cabinet size, of a famous man now living, was offered $5,000 for it a few days ago. He simply smiled and shook his head.

"Well, then, name your price," he was told.

The photographer smiled again. "I haven't any price; the negative is not for sale, and twice $5,000 would not tempt me."

"But how can it possibly be so valuable-" the astonished prospective purchaser queried.

The photographer smiled for the third time.

"It's this way," he said. "This man is going to die some day. He's famous, and when he is on his death bed the whole world will anxiously await the physicians' bulletins. I've a negative that this big man has praised in a letter as being the best ever taken of him. I've the letter. Now, when he comes to die and after he is dead, tens of thousands of the people who are interested in the religious movement he started and has directed for nearly sixty years will want photographs of their old leader. With this negative, backed by his letter, I feel that I'll be able to catch a large proportion of this business at $1 per photograph.

"I've gathered in thousands of dollars in a similar manner with negatives of famous men now dead. Take the negative of President McKinley, for instance. Since his assassination I've had a constant demand for photographs, I venture to say, without taking time to look it up, that I've sold nearly two thousand McKinley photographs at $2 apiece, for they are much larger than cabinet size. Many Europeans have bought copies. Seems queer, doesn't it?

"Yes, nearly every photographer of prominence has negatives of living big men that money cannot buy. They are laid away against the days of their deaths, and then they will be brought out and their owners will make money hand over fist."

DEAD BODIES

Of Thirty People Found In a Louisville Refrigerator.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 9.—Thirty dead bodies were found last night in a cold storage plant in the rear of an ice cream factory on Eighth street. The same pipes which were used in congealing the cream for table use were connected up with a small plant in a shed in the rear where they kept the bodies cool. It was at first thought that the cadavers had been brought here from Indianapolis, but the heads of the several colleges interested in the establishment asserted last night that the bodies were obtained legitimately by them from the penitentiary, insane asylums and other institutions in the state of Kentucky. Yesterday morning Chief of Police Gunther received a letter from the chief of police of Indianapolis, inclosing a letter from a woman in Louisville, who said she had lived at the place in question and that some of the bodies stolen in Indianapolis had been shipped here and were stored in the shed.

Chief Gunther sent two policemen to the scene. They reported that they could not get into the shed without breaking it open.

While the chief of police was trying to get the permission of the court to open the building, those having charge of the place sent word to police headquarters that the building was open and the investigation was made. The building is a small one and provided with numerous theromometers for the proper observation of the temperature. The bodies were found in boxes and most of them were in good condition. The establishment is maintained by several Louisville colleges. The heads of these institutions say they are given the bodies by the state with the understanding that they are to be held thirty days for identification, in order to assist in the identification the cold storage plant was established and an arrangement made with the ice cream plant to furnish the cooling air.

WHY TEACH CHINESE?

Reason for Columbia University's Language Department.

New York, Oct. 9.—Just why there should be established in Columbian university a department entirely devoted to the teaching of the Chinese language is a puzzle to most people. But such a department has been organized, and Professor Hirth, who will take his chair, arrived in New York from Germany a few days ago. The secret of the establishment of the chair lies in the United States export reports. Seth Low, the ex-president of Columbia, comes of a family which for years has been prominent in the American export trade. Germany has practically captured the Chinese trade because it sends consular representatives and commercial travelers to the yellow kingdom who can talk Chinese. There are in Germany two great schools entirely devoted to the teaching of Oriental languages, and most of the great German exporting houses keep young men there studying these languages so that they may become practical and competent traveling representatives in the far East. Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Arabic and all the many languages of Turkey and Armenia are taught in these schools—and earnestly studies by these young men whose ambition it is to became efficient "drummers!"

WAITING FOR THE BABIES.

Basket In Readiness For Unwelcome Little Ones.

New York, Oct. 9.—Every once in a while infants are found abandoned on doorsteps and in other strange places in New York city. If the mothers who wish to be rid of their babies only knew it, there is a building midway between Lexington and Lexington avenue—where babies may be abandoned without risking their lives and no questions asked. Just within the vestibule, which is open night and day, stands a basket crib. In that crib the baby may be deposited. A ring at the bell will bring a sister who will take the child. The person leaving it there may remain and be questioned if she pleases; if she does not no attempt will be made to follow or find her. If a note is left asking that a certain name be given to the baby, this request invariably will be granted. This institution is modeled after a great French orphan asylum so far as this feature goes.

WANT STUMPAGE MONEY.

Leech Lake Indians Decline the Regular Payment.

Cass Lake, Minn., Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Scott telegraphed to Washington for instructions in reference to his attitude to the Chippewa Indians in refusing to accept the regular payment Tuesday at the Leech Lake agency. The Chippewas met at the agency and the major had their regular payment of $5 each ready, but when he tendered it to the first Indian he indignantly refused it. They held a council and Maj. Scott was emphatically informed that they would not take the regular payment unless he paid to them the stumpage money averaging $15 per head. This he could not do without authority from Washington. No explanations satisfied, and so the major is awaiting instructions from Washington and the Indians are waiting very impatiently for their $20. What the government will do is impossible to say, but it is hoped by the people that the Indians will receive the stumpage money which is theirs by law. Maj. Scott does not fear any violence but some citizens are apprehensive of danger if the money is refused.

The New English Stamps.

Now that the king of England has been crowned that government is preparing to issue a new series of postage stamps showing him wearing his crown in place of the wreath represented on the present ones. It is generally admitted now is the proper time to make the change as it was considered inappropriate to represent him wearing his crown before the coronation had actually taken place. The proper time to commence taking Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is at the first symptom of a disordered stomach, such as sick headache, belching, heartburn, indigestion dyspepsia or constipation. By strengthening the stomach and perfecting the digestion these ailments are completely cured, and your health in general is made better. Be sure to try a bottle.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER



WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL to your own home, to prove the genuine and only HERCULEDRO ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cash or easy payments. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 20 diseases. Only sure cure for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad. out and mail to us.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.



A MILLION HAPPY AMERICAN CHILDREN are kept healthy with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. Good words spoken by their mamas for CASCARETS to other mamas have made CASCARETS successful until the sale now is nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. Why do little folks like CASCARETS? Because they are a sweet, palatable, fragrant little tablet—taste good—do good—never grip nor gripe, but act gently, naturally, positively. Medicine that a child dislikes will not do it much good. Sensible parents give their little darlings medicine that tastes good and does good, and does not grip nor gripe; the kind they like themselves. Children are always ready to take CASCARETS, THE PERFECT HOME MEDICINE, ask for them and are kept healthy always and safe against the dangers of childhood's ailments. Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. NEVER SOLD IN BULK. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

580

FREE TO WOMEN

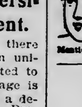
WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address 4

WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY, 329 NO. 15TH ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

Mention this paper.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

To be voted upon Oct. 23rd, 1902.

ONE.

Amend Sub-Division seventeenth of Section 284 of the City Charter by striking out the words "one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)" where they appear therein, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000)," so that said sub-division as amended, shall read as follows:

"Seventeenth—There shall also be a permanent improvement revolving fund, which shall not be supported by taxation. There shall be paid into the permanent improvement revolving fund, moneys received from all special assessments assessed and levied under this charter for local improvements under the provisions of sub-chapter two (2) of chapter twenty-three (23) of said charter, and also such amounts as may be realized by the sale of the one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) worth of certificates or bonds authorized herein. In connection with said fund the treasurer shall keep a separate account of each assessment levied, and of each issue of bonds, the proceeds of which go into said fund.

Should there at any time be an accumulation of money in said fund greater than the probable demand upon said fund during the two (2) years next following, then the common council shall report such fact to the board of sinking fund commissioners, who shall, as soon as practicable, invest said accumulation substantially in the same manner that the moneys of said sinking fund are to be invested; or the common council may, by resolution, transfer such accumulation or any part thereof to the sinking fund of the city.

Moneys (1) in the city treasury of the City of Duluth at the time this charter goes into effect, (2) collected or to be collected from any taxes levied before this charter goes into effect, shall so far as practicable be divided among the several funds thereby established, and where such sub-division is not practicable, shall be kept in the general fund. The common council by resolution shall provide for such sub-division in accordance with the directions herein contained.

Where, prior to the time that this charter goes into effect, an assessment has been levied to cover the cost of a local improvement, which improvement has not, at said time, been paid for, the proceeds of such assessment shall be paid into the permanent improvement revolving fund, and the cost of said improvement shall be paid out of said fund.

The aggregate amount levied by the common council, in any one year, for said funds numbered fourth (4th) to sixteenth (16th) inclusive, shall not exceed three hundred and twenty thousand dollars ($320,000) nor shall it exceed eleven (11) mills of the assessed valuation of all taxable property in said city; a levy in excess of either of these limitations shall be void as to such excess.

From the general fund the common council may in every year and by a resolution, appropriate a sum not to exceed two hundred dollars ($200) for contingent expenses incurred or to be incurred by the mayor in the detection of crime and prevention thereof, in the city, and also a sum not to exceed one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the support of any benevolent or charitable object in the City of Duluth."

TWO.

Amend Sub-Division fifth of Section 286, so as to provide for the issue of bonds, not exceeding one hundred fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) in amount for the purpose of a revolving fund, instead of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) as now provided; and so that said sub-division fifth shall read as follows:

"Fifth—The City of Duluth may by ordinance borrow money and issue bonds, notes and certificates of indebtedness, or other evidences of indebtedness to pay, fund or refund any special improvement certificates, or any bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, orders or obligations issued prior to March 10th, 1899, or thereafter at any time or in any manner by this charter expressly authorized. The City of Duluth may, by ordinance, borrow money and issue notes, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness in anticipation of any taxes or assessments levied upon any portion of the taxable property prior to the time this charter goes into effect, whether or not any proceeding shall have been taken to enforce the payment thereof. The ordinance mentioned in the above mentioned sub-divisions one (1) to five (5) inclusive, shall prescribe the form and term of such bond, notes, certificates and evidences of indebtedness. The City of Duluth shall have authority in such ordinance to provide that the same shall be general obligations of the city, or that they shall not be general obligations of the city, but shall be payable out of any specified taxes, assessments, funds or liens held by the city, property, or may limit the city's liability thereon in any other manner, or may provide that the city shall guarantee payment of the same. Provided, that bonds issued under sub-divisions one (1), two (2) and three (3) above mentioned, shall be always general obligations of the city, and without prejudice to the powers hereinbefore granted; the City of Duluth shall have authority by ordinance to assign any property acquired by the city under any proceeding to enforce special assessments for local improvements, whether such proceeding has been had prior to the time this charter goes into effect or shall be had thereafter, or any lien or right of action held by the city on account of or arising out of any such assessment as security for the payment of any bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other evidences of indebtedness mentioned in this section, or to provide that such bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other evidences of indebtedness mentioned herein may be collected out of any such property, liens, or rights of action.

The City of Duluth shall also have authority, by ordinance, to provide for the issue of bonds not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) in amount for the purpose of a revolving fund as mentioned in the charter of this charter providing for special assessments for local improvements. No bonds except-ing bonds for refunding indebtedness shall be issued for any purpose, exceeding one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) until the proposition to issue said bonds has been approved by a majority of the legal voters of the city voting at a general or special election.

Whenever the common council passes any ordinance to issue bonds in pursuance of the provisions of this section such ordinance shall provide for the submission to the legal voters of the city at some general city election or at some special election to be called by the common council for that purpose, the proposition of issuing said bonds to an amount deemed by said common council advisable. Any such election shall be called, if a special election, and whether special or general, shall be conducted in the same manner and with the same formalities as special and general elections are respectively conducted under the terms of the general laws of this state. The ballot to be voted at such elections shall read substantially as follows:

Shall bonds be issued by the City of Duluth under the provisions of Section 286 of the charter of said city to the amount of (here state amount) for the purpose of (here state purpose.)

The debt of the City of Duluth shall not be increased beyond five (5) per cent of the total valuation of the taxable property of the city according to the last preceding assessments for the purpose of taxation, nor shall any bonds be issued while the debt of the city remains in excess of five (5) per cent of the total value of the taxable property of the city according to the last preceding assessments for the purpose of taxation, except for the purposes mentioned in sub-divisions one (1), two (2) and three (3) above set forth, for the paying of the maturing bonds of the city, or by the issue of bonds for the permanent improvement revolving fund heretofore provided for in this charter.

Bonds, notes, certificates and other evidences of indebtedness and obligations of the City of Duluth authorized by this section shall in no event bear a greater rate of interest than six (6) per cent per annum. And if they run for over five (5) years shall not bear a greater rate of interest than five (5) per cent per annum, and shall in no event be sold for less than their par value thereof, and shall be sold in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 355 of the General Statutes of Minnesota of the year 1897 Sections 1 and 2."

THREE.

Amend Section 358 of the City Charter so as to read as follows:

"Section 358—The city shall have no power to assess upon any real estate any part of the expense of in any wise improving any street, alley or highway, except sprinkling or sweeping the same, unless twenty-five (25) per cent of the owners owning at least twenty-five (25) per cent of the real estate to be assessed therefor, according to the records in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, at the time the petition is presented, shall first petition the common council for such improvement; nor shall the city have any power to assess upon any real estate for any part of the expense of constructing any sewer or drain pipe for surface water or private drain, unless ten (10) pe rcent of the owners, owning at least ten (10) per cent of the real estate to be assessed therefor, according to the records in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, at the time the petition is presented, shall first petition the common council for such improvement.

All joint or common owners of any piece of property shall be counted as one owner in determining the number.

If such petition shall require the improvement therein mentioned to be made in any specific manner, or with any specific kind of material, such requirement as to manner or material shall be advisory only, and the common council may itself determine the manner of such improvement and the material to be used.

The common council may by a two-thirds (2-3) vote of all its members authorize the employment of a person or persons to circulate a petition for any improvement which in the judgment of the council is necessary and proper."

FOUR.

Add a section as follows:

"Section 358 A—The common council of the City of Duluth, by a seven-eighths (7/8) vote of all its members, shall have power to order the construction of sanitary main trunk sewers when the public health and necessity require it, and the city shall have the power to assess upon the real estate to be specially benefited by the same to defray the expense of such construction, or a part thereof, according to special benefits which will accrue to such real estate, without the petition of property owners, provided for in section 358 of this charter; provided, however, that a sanitary main trunk sewer is hereby defined to be and shall be, the main outlet sewer for the drainage of any sanitary sewer district terminating at the point of final discharge of sewerage into St. Louis bay or river, or Duluth or Superior bay or harbor, or Lake Superior, the whole length of which shall be designed and intended as the outlet for lateral sewers, and shall not include any other main outlet, branch, lateral sewer, or any extension of such main trunk sewer."

FIVE.

Amend Section 372 so as to read as follows:

"Section 372—When said board shall be ordered by the common council to make any improvements described in Section 358 of this charter, it shall cause an estimate of the cost of such improvement to be made by the city engineer, and shall thereupon proceed at once to assess eighty (80) per cent of such portion of the estimated cost of such improvement as is assessable, including ten per cent (10 per cent) upon such amount, which shall be added to the assessment to defray the necessary expenses of making survey, plans, specifications and superintendence, on the property to be benefited by said improvement, in proportion as nearly as may to the benefits resulting thereto, but in no case in excess of such benefits. In making such assessment roll the board shall describe each parcel of property assessed, and the amount assessed against the same, and shall state the name of the owner thereof, so far as known to said board. No mistake in, or omission of such owner's name shall in any wise affect such assessment.

If the work shall have been completed before any assessment is made, or if the amount so assessed shall be insufficient to complete the work, said board shall, after the completion of said work, make a final assessment in the same manner to pay the same.

All assessments paid on account of any improvement ordered to be done by contract, before the contract therefor is let, shall be kept separate in the permanent improvement revolving fund for such improvement until the amount of said fund, available for said improvement, equals that portion of the estimated cost of said improvement that shall be paid from said fund."

SIX.

Add a section as follows:

"Section 384 A—The same penalties and interest shall attach and be collected by the county treasurer on assessments as upon general taxes, which penalties and interest shall belong to the city and be turned over by said treasurer to the city with the assessments."

SEVEN.

Amend Section 386 so as to read as follows:

"Section 386—A penalty of ten (10) per cent shall be added to all assessments not paid on or before ten (10) days after the time for appeal, hereinbefore provided for, has expired."

EIGHT.

Amend Section 477 of the city charter by striking out the words "Board of Fire Commissioners, two hundred dollars ($200) each," so that said section as amended will read as follows: This amendment shall not affect the present members of the Board of Fire Commissioners during their present term of office.

"Section 477—The following officers of the city shall receive each year salaries as follows:

The mayor, two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500); comptroller, two thousand dollars ($2000); treasurer, two thousand four hundred dollars ($2400); aldermen, three hundred dollars ($300) each; city clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800); city attorney, three thousand dollars ($3000) and the fees provided in the municipal court act; assistant city attorney, one thousand five hundred dollars ($1500); city engineer, two thousand seven hundred dollars ($2700); board of public works, one thousand dollars ($1000) each; commissioner of health, one thousand two hundred dollars ($1200); city assessor, one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800); building inspector, one thousand four hundred dollars ($1400); secretary of board of civil service commissioners (who shall be ex-officio secretary of the health commissioner), one thousand two hundred dollars ($1200); mayor's private secretary, six hundred dollars ($600); secretary of the board of fire commissioners, six hundred dollars ($800). The secretary of the Board of Park commissioners will receive a compensation to be annually fixed by the Board on April first (1st) and not to exceed the sum of six hundred dollars ($600.)

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., Sept. 17, 1902.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of the proposed amendments to the City Charter of the City of Duluth, submitted to the common council by the Charter Commission through the mayor of the city, which amendments are to be voted upon at the special election to be held in the City of Duluth on October 23rd, 1902.

H. W. CHEADLE,
City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald Sept. 18-25, Oct. 2-9-16, 1902.

WHEAT IS STEADY

Market Advances Early But Fails to Hold Gain.

Cash Situation Is Very Strong In the Duluth Market.

Flax Has Decline But Rallies and Closes Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 9.—The wheat market started out steady this morning under the influence of small receipts and higher cables and made a small advance in price. The extremely favorable weather for wheat harvesting was seized upon by the bears, however, and the market settled back and closed unchanged. Other markets were slightly lower, this being the strongest. The cash situation is very strong, the demand being keen for all wheat that is offered. Receipts and shipments practically offset each other and the feeling is very firm. The shippers this morning worked about 200,000 bus for Eastern shipment and a few loads were worked for export. The Liverpool market closed ½@¾d higher.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,094,000 bus, last year, 1,190,000 bus. Shipments were 1,200,000 bus, last year, 312,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 1,240,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ½d higher. December corn in Chicago declined 1½@¾c. December oats were off ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 127,000 bus, last year, 1,200,000 bus. Shipments, 238,000 bus; last year, 595,000 bus. Clearances were 4440 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 251 cars, and at Chicago 48, a total of 819 cars, against 922 last week and 867 last year.

Trading in wheat was active and the market stronger early, although it settled back later. The opening was unchanged for December at 67c. It sold at 67¾ at 9:35, fell back to 67c at 10:26 and advanced to 67@c at 12:30 and closed at 67c. This was yesterday's closing price. Chicago declined ⅛c and Minneapolis the same.

Cash prices of wheat were 2c over December for No. 1 northern and in store and to arrive; December price for No. 2 and 2c under for No. 3. Sales were 200,000 bus.

Flax was weak early in the day, but finally rallied and closed higher. October sold off 5c to $1.21½ and then rallied to $1.22½ and closed there, an advance of 1c. November also sold off ¾c to $1.20½ and then rallied, closing ¾c higher. December was unchanged and May ¼c up. Cash seed advanced ½c.

December oats and oats on track advanced ¼c and oats to arrive ½c. There was an advance of ½c in rye to arrive and on track.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 70¾c; No. 1 northern, 69¾c; No. 2 northern, 67¾c; No. 3 spring, 65¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 70¾c; No. 1 northern, 69¾c; December, 67c; May, 69¾c; October, 69¾c. Mixed oats, No. 1, 64c; No. 2, 62c. Oats, December, 29¾c; on track 30¾c; to arrive, 31c. Rle, October, 48½c; to arrive, 48½c; on track, 48½c. Barley—Cash, 39@53c. Flax, cash, $1.22½; on track, $1.22½; to arrive, $1.22½; October, $1.22½; November, $1.22; December, $1.21; May, $1.25¾.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 280; last year, 194; oats, 6; rye, 8; barley, 40; flax, 131.

Receipts—Wheat, 408,441; oats, 5253; rye, 6885; barley, 195,076; flax, 136,560.

Shipments—Wheat, 129,771; barley, 68,410; flax 191,049.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.70½
No. 1 northern, 7000 bus	69⅞
No. 1 northern, 11 cars	69¾
No. 1 northern, 18 cars	69¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	69¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	69⅝
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus	69
No. 1 northern, 5 cars, to mills	69½
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	67¼
No. 2 northern, 11 cars	67
No. 2 northern, 15,000 bus	67
No. 2 northern, 1 car	67¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	67¾
No. 2 northern, 15,000 bus	67
No. 2 northern, 3 cars, to mills	67½
No. 2 northern, 1 car, to mills	67¾
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	65¼
No. 3 spring, 3 cars, to mills	66
Rejected, 1 car, to mills	66
Oats, 1 car, No. 2 white	31
Barley, 1 car	44
Barley, 3 cars	43
Barley, 1 car	50
Barley, 1 car	41
Flax, 5 cars, cash	122
Flax, 8 cars, cash	1.21½
Flax, 16 cars, cash	1.21¾
Flax, 16,000 bus, to arrive	1.21½
Flax, 3500 bus, to arrive	1.22
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.20

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Smaller Receipts and Higher Cables Strengthened Wheat.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Small receipts and higher cables were the strengthening features to wheat today. The weather is again most favorable for the movement and had a steadying effect. The volume of business was small with locals selling and commission houses buying. The market opened firm, December unchanged to ⅛@⅜c higher at 69⅝@70c to 70¼c and sales the first hour were confined within the opening range. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 751 cars, which with local receipts of 68 cars—with only one contract—made total receipts for the three points of 819 cars, against 922 cars last week and 867 cars a year ago.

Later, on commission house selling December reacted and the close was ⅜c lower at 69¾@7¼c.

Corn opened firm on higher cables and favorable weather. Trading was small and confined largely to scalpers. Continued small receipts was also a sustaining factor. December opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 48⅞ to 49¼c. A few sales were made at 48¾@7⅛, but later the tone was somewhat firmer. Local receipts were 71 cars with nine cars of contract grade.

During the last half of the session there was heavy realizing sales of December corn by a prominent long and the market was easy. After selling down to 48c there was a slight rally and the close was ½@¾c lower at 48¾@⅞c.

Trading oats was featureless and the volume of business was small. The opening was firm along with the strength in corn. December opened ⅛c higher at 32⅝c and held steady early in the day. Local receipts were 83 cars.

Provisions opened quiet and slightly weaker on lower prices for hogs. There was some selling of January pork and lard shortly after the opening and prices declined. January pork opened 2½ lower at $15.75; January lard was a shade lower at $8.80 with ribs also a shade lower at $8.27½.

Close: Wheat, October, 68⅜c; December, 69¾@7⅜c; May, 70⅝c. Corn, October, 48c; November, 55½c; December, 48¼@⅜c; May, 43⅝c; July, 42½c. Oats, October, 31¾c; old, 27⅝c; December, 32¼c; old, 28¾c; May, 33¾c. Pork, October, $17.00; January, $15.65; May, $14.82½. Lard, October, $10.17½; November, $9.62½; December, $9.67½; January, $8.52½; May, $8.22½. Ribs, October, $11.25; January, $8.22½; May, $7.80. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.25½; Southwestern, $1.24; October, $1.24; May, $1.24½. Rye, November, 45½c. Barley, cash, 35@58c. Timothy, October, $4.05. Clover, October, $10.00. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 66@70c; No. 2 hard winter, 65½@66c; No. 3 hard winter, 65½@63c; No. 1 northern, spring, 70@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 69@74c; No. 3 spring, 66@73c. Corn, No. 2, 58½@59c; No. 3, 58½@58c. Oats, No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

There was another weather may this morning showing no precipitation anywhere, the third day of ideal conditions for the movement of grain. The conditions are the same Northwest, West and Southwest. There is much colder weather in the extreme north. The map is just of the sort required after an inch rain and could not be improved upon for maturing corn or for the movement of all kinds of grain.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Wet ground has delayed seeding and possibly reduced acreage. Early sown rye coming up finely. There is further deterioration in corn quality in all the large corn states.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 9.—Close: December 74⅝; May, 75. Corn—December 54⅞; May 48.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—Close: Wheat—December, 67½c; May, 68½@⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 70¾c; No. 1 northern, 69¾@⅝c; No 2 northern, 67¾@⅞c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis Market—
Puts, December wheat, 67c.
Calls, December wheat, 67⅜c.
Curb, December wheat, 67⅛c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Jan.
Opening	32⅝	48⅛@48¼	$15.77
High	32⅝	48⅛	15.80
Low	32	48	15.65
Close	32¼	48¼@⅜	15.65

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	67⅛	67¼	69⅝-70⅛	74⅜
High	67⅝	67⅝-¾	70⅜-⅝	75⅛
Low	67	67-⅛	69⅝	73⅝
Close	67⅛	67⅜	69⅝-¾	75⅛B
May—				
Open	68⅛B	68⅜	71⅛-¼	75¼-⅜
High	69¼	68⅞	71⅝	75⅝-½
Low	68⅛B	68¼	70⅝	75
Close	68¼	68¼-⅜	70⅝A	75B

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 9.—Wheat spot, No. 2 red Western winter, dull, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern spring, firm, 6s 7½d; No. 1 California, firm, 6s 5d. Futures, quiet; December, 5s 10¼d; March, 5s 10½d. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 8½d; futures, steady; October, nominal; January, 4s 3⅝d; March, 4s 1¼d.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The wheat market turned slow and easy, after opening firm and showing a little strength. The dragging tendency which resulted in lower closings was helped along by the weakness in corn and by the fact that the Northwest markets were not as strong relatively as yesterday. The Broomhall report of large accumulations of wheat at Danubian and Russian ports helped along the declining tendency. Total primary market receipts were not very different from those of a year ago. The aggregate was 1,062,000 bushels and 1,140,000 bushels respectively. The Price Current indicated that the winter wheat acreage would be somewhat reduced on account of wet weather. The government report tomorrow will show yield per acre and quality of spring wheat. A good portion of local selling was credited to influential elevator concerns which have recently been operating extensively on the long side.

The corn market was again weak on the fine weather and further extensive marketings by one of the leading local longs. The Price Current said that wet weather had caused further deterioration of quality. The selling temper was somewhat held in check by the expectation that government report tomorrow would show a condition of about 77 or a crop of about 2,150,000,000 bushels. There were shipping sales here today of about 300,000 bushels. Country offerings show a large increase. Arrivals today were 79 cars with 9 contract and estimates for tomorrow of 150 cars.

The oats market again closely followed corn, and there was influential selling by about the same sort of traders. It was estimated that one of these dumped 2,000,000 bus through various commission houses. The cash market was about steady and much of the buying of futures was by cash houses who took scattered lots. Receipts were 94 cars with 3 standard. Estimates for tomorrow, 170 cars.

Provisions held unusually firm during most of the day, but finally fulfilled the popular expectation by breaking sharply near the close. The easiness of corn and hogs was mainly responsible for the decline.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the arrivals today constituted the higher qualities. Good drivers and business horses were frequently seen among the large receipts. Prices on the heavy kind held a little stronger in accordance with the fast advancing country prices. Values:

Drafters extra	$175@240
Drafters, common to good	140@175
Drafters, common to good	125@145
Farm mares, extra	125@140
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	60@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Cattle receipts, 8000, including 3000 Westerns; market steady to strong; good to prime steers, $7.40@8.75; poor to medium, $3.75@7.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@6.00; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.25@6.50; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.25@4.75; calves, $3.50@7.50; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.25; Western steers, $3.50@7.15. Hogs receipts, 18,000; tomorrow, 10,000; left over, 15,373; market dull, 10@15c lower; mixed and butchers, $7.00@7.45; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.50; rough heavy, $6.60@7.00; light, $6.50@7.25; bulk of sales, $7.00@7.20. Sheep receipts, 30,000; sheep steady; choice lambs, strong; good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.25; Western sheep, $2.50@3.10; native lambs, $3.40@5.50; Western lambs, $3.50@7.15. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 20,505; hogs, 26,219; sheep, 31,784. Shipments—Cattle, 4684; hogs, 2453; sheep, 10,637.

REFUSAL POSITIVE

(Continued From Page 1.)

Labor, of which he is a member. His presence in Washington at that meeting had been expected.

"I probably shall not go today," was the leader's reply, but he would say no more.

Among the many rumors started today by the withdrawal of Mr. Mitchell in New York was a report that the Erie railroad had decided not to act further with the other coal roads in settling the strike and would hereafter proceed independently. Chairman E. B. Thomas, of the Erie board of directors, said today that there was no truth whatever in this rumor. He also said that he had not seen Mr. Mitchell since he arrived in New York and had no appointment to meet him.

Accompanied by an elderly man whose identity has not been disclosed, but who is presumably Mr. Gurnsey, Mr. Mitchell drove to the Equitable building and hurriedly entered a room, the door of which bore a sign, "New York Commissioner, St. Louis Exposition."

With his companion he remained in the room for more than an hour, but with whom he talked or about what nothing could be learned. When he left the room Mr. Mitchell refused to answer any questions, and drove rapidly away.

The report that Governor Odell was active in an effort to settle the strike, and that he had participated in last night's conference, was denied today by the governor himself today, who declared his presence here was purely in connection with campaign plans.

While Mr. Mitchell was at the Equitable building another conference was in progress at Senator Platt's office a few blocks away, between prominent New York senator and Senators Quay and Penrose.

The room at which Mr. Mitchell called, it was learned, was engaged only a couple of days ago, and the furniture was put in yesterday. A number of clerks from E. H. Harriman's office were constantly coming and going after the conference began, and one of Mr. Harriman's clerks was on guard at the door. At Mr. Harriman's office it was said he was in town, but he could not be seen.

Mr. Mitchell, accompanied by his mysterious companion drove from the Equitable building direct to his hotel. When seen there he again declined to discuss his visit of the morning, or to say who his companion was. He said he probably would leave town tonight. He said he probably would go to Wilkesbarre.

One of the district presidents, Mr. Nichols, was asked if there was any possibility of an immediate end to the strike. He replied:

"Unless the demands of the strikers are granted in full I do not see how Mr. Mitchell can settle the strike without calling a convention. If only a part of the demands are granted that would render it necessary to call a convention, and that would take two weeks at least."

Mayor Low today received the following telegram from Mayor Maybury of Detroit:

"Strike practically settled? Can you confirm or correct any misapprehension which may arise from this report?"

Mayor Low replied: "I have no information on this report."

Senator Penrose, after the conference in Senator Platt's office, said that there had been nothing accomplished at the conference that would lead to a settlement of the strike. He and Senator Quay, he said, were contemplating returning to Philadelphia today. This afternoon Mr. Mitchell was in conference with his district presidents at his hotel.

RESERVOIR BLEW UP.

Great Excitement In Restaurant In Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 9.—The reservoir attached to a large cooking range in the kitchen of Hill's restaurant, 251 First avenue south, exploded last night at 6:30 o'clock, injuring two persons and causing a panic in the dining and lunch rooms, both of which were filled at the time. The injured are:

John Roland, cook, living at 523 Third avenue southeast, three ribs broken shoulder gashed and head and shoulders painfully scalded.

Tena Peterson, waitress, hand cut.

The reservoir exploded with a loud report and 200 persons, who were seated at tables in the restaurant and lunch room made a rush for the doors. Hill vainly endeavored to assure them that there was no danger, but the place was empty in less than a minute after the explosion.

The kitchen was filled with smoke and the force of the explosion shattered most of the shelfware.

GOVERNMENT TAKES ROAD.

Laredo, Tex., Oct. 9.—Capt. Thomas Dodd, attorney of the Mexican National railroad, is authority for the statement that the Mexican government has taken charge of the road from Laredo to Mexico City on account of the strike on the line. It is stated that President Diaz has ordered out the army to preserve order and facilitate the moving of trains.

STEAMERS COLLIDE.

New York, Oct. 9.—The officers of the Clyde Line today received word that their steamer Apache collided with the Iroquoise of the same line in Charleston harbor. The Apache was beached and the Iroquoise returned to her wharf. It is assumed that no one was injured in the accident.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Due to Belief Coal Strike Will Be Settled Soon.

Later In the Session Dull Downward Movement Set In.

Money Rose to Fifteen Per Cent and Close Irregular.

New York, Oct. 9.—Prices started upwards at the opening on a moderate volume of dealings. There were running sales of 800 shares of St. Paul at an extreme advance of 1½. Delaware & Hudson rose 1⅞ and there were gains of about a point by Atchison, Pennsylvania, Canadian Pacific, Manhattan, People's Gas and Locomotive preferred.

The buying movement went on at a rapid rate during the first thirty minutes. Enormous purchases of Reading were made, many thousand share blocks changing hands. Dealings in the Pacifics and Southwesterns were also large. Prices commenced to sag when money opened at 10 per cent, but gains had been made meanwhile of a point or more pretty generally and well beyond that in many cases. Lackawanna advanced 7, Pacific Coast, 5; the second preferred, 4; Northwestern, 3¾; Metropolitan Street Railway, 3¼; St. Louis Southwestern preferred and General Electric, 2¾; Sloss-Sheffield Steel, 2, and St. Paul, Illinois Central, Reading, Evansville & Terre Haute and Manhattan, 1⅞@2.

Prices did not react very fast and there was a general rally led by the coalers on account of strike settlement rumors. The market, however, lacked its earlier animation and trading soon became very dull. The uncertainties of the monetary situation and the policy of the banking interests to discourage any active speculation checked any prolonged movement on the long side. United States Express advanced 5 and Colorado Fuel, 2. Bonds were steady at noon.

The market plainly reflected a speculation in anticipation of a settlement of the coal strike. Reading led the advance to above 71. Pennsylvania gained 2⅜ in all and Delaware & Hudson 4⅜. Gas companies stocks were also affected, Brooklyn Union Gas rising 7, Consolidated Gas 2¼ and People's Gas 2½. There were advances in Sugar of 3½, Illinois Central 2¾, Soo 6⅞ and Sloss-Sheffield Steel 5½. The general list was not strongly affected, but rose to about the best on light dealings.

When the demand for the active stocks showed signs of exhaustion traders took their profits on the long side causing a setback. Strength, however, continued manifest in various obscure stocks, both common and preferred, extending their gain to 1¼ and 7¾ respectively and Westinghouse Electric rising 4. The market became dull on the decline and was still yielding at 2 o'clock. Recessions reached a point in several leading active stocks.

The dull downward movement carried prices of most active stocks backward 1@1½, and wiped out some of the gains. Money was to 15 per cent. Supporting orders checked the decline and prices were bid up without difficulty but the closing was irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 423 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	63¾	62	63¼
American Sugar	123½	120⅞	122¼
Anaconda	99	96	96
Atchison T. & S. Fe	89	87⅞	88⅛
do pfd	101	100⅝	100⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅜	105¼	106⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Tran	63⅝	62¼	63
Canadian Pacific	135¾	134	135⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	51¼	50⅛	51
Chicago & Alton	36½	35	36¼
Chicago Great Western	30⅜	29¾	30
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	187⅝	186¼	187⅛
Chic. Rock Island & P.	196	195½	196
Colo. Fuel & Iron	84⅞	82	84½
Duluth, S. S. & A.	18¾	18¾	18¾
do pfd.	29¼	29	29¼
Erie com	39⅝	38⅝	39¼
General Electric	182½	181	182½
Great Northern	189½	189	189½
Illinois Central	148½	147	148
Iowa Central	44	43	43¾
do pfd.	79	78	79
L. & N.	139	137¾	138¾
Manhattan Elevated	135⅝	134⅛	134⅞
Mexican Central	26½	25⅝	26½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	74¾	71	73½
Mo. Pacific	112	111	111¼
N. Y. Central	155	154	155
Norfolk & Western	74	73	73⅝
Pennsylvania	163¾	161½	163
People's Gas	103½	101½	102⅛
Reading	71¼	69	70¾
Republic Steel and Iron	21⅞	21¼	21⅝
Southern Pacific	73	71¾	71⅞
Southern Railway	38	37½	38
Tennessee Coal and Iron	65¼	63½	63⅞
Union Pacific	105⅝	104⅜	105
United States Leather	14⅞	13½	14¼
U. S. Steel	40	39⅝	39⅞
do pfd	89¼	88⅝	89
Wabash	33½	32⅞	33⅛
Western Union	92	91½	91⅝
Wisconsin Central	27¾	27⅛	27½
do pfd	51	50	50⅞
Northern Securities	110	108½	109½

The total sales were 709,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: Favorably influenced by better news as to the condition of the coal strike, sentiment in stock circles continue to improve and the views expressed tonight indicates that Wall street is over its scare. Conservative observers agree that the general outlook is better, than for weeks. People are paying more heed to the phenomenal earnings now being reported and less attention to disturbing factors than at any time since prices turned low and observant brokers think they see trustworthy signs of substantial recovery in all active stocks of merit. Good information confirms the report that stocks have been heavily absorbed by bargain hunters. E. H. Harriman is being credited with liberal purchases of Union Pacific under 104, and Southern Pacific around 70 the past two days. At the same time the short interest is said by prominent houses to be very extensive. Many stocks have been sold by brokers against their long accounts of customers. Bank manipulations are still a factor in speculation in money. Naturally the present attitude of these new York bank presidents who could see nothing but silver clouds a few months ago is subject of comment. An outrageous conspiracy is the way some critics alleged the standing between the banks whereby the latter keep call money daily at 10 per cent or higher.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Some of the big houses which, who have been bearish for the past two weeks have suddenly turned bullish. Yesterday morning they looked for a period of dullness to be followed by the greatest bull market Wall street has ever seen. I am assured that after this week stringent money will be but a memory. The Southern Pacific pool is getting into shape to resume operations just as soon as things clear up, they do not look for any further break in the market. The Union Pacific people bought very freely yesterday, they also bought Southern Pacific which puts Southern Pacific in a much stronger position. There is a very shrewd contingent in the West who are buying Louisville & Nashville when ever it gets below 140. I know this to be a fact. It is said that Louisville & Nashville will sell at 150 before it sells at 135.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18	18¾
Arcadian	4½	4⅞
Allouez	2½	3
Atlantic	24½	26
Anaconda	23½	24½
Amalgamated	63¼	63½
Calumet & Hecla	510	520
Centennial	17¼	18
Copper Range Con	57⅜	58¼
Franklin	9½	10¼
Isle Royale	13	14
Bingham	27½	28½
Mass	14¼	14⅞
Mayflower	1½	2
National	1	1½
Mohawk	46¾	47½
Michigan	9½	10½
Old Colony	2	2½
Old Dominion	16	16½
Osceola	57	....
Parrot	26½	27
Phoenix	4	5
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Tamarack	161	....
Tecumseh	1¼	1¾
Tri-Mountain	94	100
Utah	21¾	22
Victoria	5	5¼
Winona	4	4¼
Wolverin	57	59
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	2	2½
Trinity	10	10½
Dominion Coal	129	130
L. S. & Pittsburg	....	80
Calumet & Pittsburg	....	70
Daly-West	50	51
U. S. Mining	21	21½
Green Con	26	26½
U. S. Oil	14⅝	14¾
Calumet & Arizona	....	95

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 9.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to 5 points higher and during the forepart of the session while more or less disposed to weaken at times, worked upward on profit-taking by insiders and better public demand, the stock market was in healthier form and the commission houses apparently have liquidated their long cotton fully. The late cables from Liverpool continued to reflect a firm undertone and the private cables brought buying orders. Numerous Wall street operators were yesterday said to be selling the January, March and May contracts, they were today seen to be buying those options in a conservative way. The receipts were rather heavy for the day.

Cotton spot, dull; middling uplands, 8.85; middling gulf, 9.10; sales, 1200 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet; October, 8.55; November, 8.58; December, 8.67; January, 8.72; February, 8.52; March, April and May, 8.52.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 9.—Close: Money on call strong at 9@15 per cent; closed offered at 15 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in banker's bills at $4.85.87@4.86 for demand and $4.82.87@4.83 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82@4.82½; bar silver, 59⅝c; Mexican dollars, 46¼c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, strong; railroad bonds, irregular.

GREAT DANE

Carried Three-Year-Old Child Through Flames.

Marysville, Cal., Oct. 9.—The hero of the fire brigade along the border between Yuba and Butte counties is a Great Dane, that fought his way through the flames bearing in his jaws the living body of 3-year-old Florence Rogers.

The parents of the child, when the alarm was given, hastened to assist the neighbors, leaving little Florence playing on the kitchen floor with Bruno. When the wind shifted Rogers and his wife rushed for their home, but when they reached the clearing it was to see the house in a blaze. Rogers tried to get to the house, but was restrained by his companions. Just then there was a crash above the crackle of the flames. Bruno burst through the kitchen window with the child, her garments knotted in his teeth. The baby's clothes gave way as the dog landed, but in an instant he had her again in grip and reached safety.

The child's face and hands were painfully cut and burned, but she will recover.

TRAIN OF RED-EYE

Wrecked In Prohibition Town With Sad Results.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 9.—The wrecking of a Chicago and Alton trainload of whisky at Upper Alton has not only turned the heads in that staid temperance town, but has caused numerous scandals in the most rigid teetotal element of the community. Prior to the bumping of the Peoria fast freight into an open switch, many of Upper Alton's inhabitants did not even know the smell of whisky. Since that time owing to the benevolent assimilation of much of the wet goods by many residents, the town has not been able to thoroughly sober up.

The "goods" had been well seasoned in bond, which, with its fumes, arising from many broken barrels, permeated the atmosphere, there were those who fell from high places of grace, and tankards long empty were filled at the railroad yards, only to be emptied in a less public place. The consequence is that remorse is attendant upon a large part of the population, while the remainder is tonight in an indignation meeting and voting out of church and exclusive society circles some of the most prominent citizens.

Even the cattle that roam the temperance streets have become affected and slumber on the sidewalks. So great has become the dissipation that this afternoon the mayor swore in a posse of rock-ribbed believers in water to guard the pond of red-eye until the Alton is able to clear away the wreckage.

MRS. NATION

Central Figure of Picture of Bacchanalian Revel.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 9.—A joke which the Yale students played on Mrs. Carrie Nation during her sojourn at Yale has just come to light. A party of Yale seniors induced Mrs. Nation to sit with them for her portrait. After much persuasion she consented to hold aloft in her right hand a glass of pure water. The students clustered around her, each holding a glass of water.

The lights were turned low for a flash and in the darkness the students produced cigarettes and arranged themselves in a variety of positions portraying different stages of intoxication. Meanwhile Mrs. Nation, suspecting no wrong, had her eyes on the lens of the camera, which was manipulated by a student photographer.

In the negative the glasses were made to appear running over with beer, and the picture represents Mrs. Nation as the central figure of a Bacchanalian scene.

The students are now busy suppressing the pictures which are being eagerly sought for by pictorial newspapers.

GRAND CHAPTER MEETS.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Oct. 9.—The forty-ninth session of the grand chapter Royal Arch Masons convened today with an attendance of 200. The reports submitted show a membership of 8000.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Duluth Brokers Trying to Get Boats to Load Grain.

A Dozen Telegrams Sent to Vessel Owners at Cleveland.

Supply of Tonnage About Equals the Demand at Chicago.

Cleveland, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cleveland vessel owners have probably a dozen telegrams this morning from Duluth brokers who are trying to secure boats bound up to Lake Superior for grain. The demand seems to grow a little stronger each day, but it is not strong enough yet to advance rates.

TONNAGE EQUAL TO DEMAND.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supply of tonnage was about equal to the demand for vessels in the grain trade and rates were steady at 1½ for corn. The volume of business for the day was small.

AT DEPOT HARBOR.

Depot Harbor, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Arrived: Strathcona, Leafield, grain, Fort William.

AT HARBOR BEACH.

Harbor Beach, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sheltered: Packer, Britannic, Metropole, New York, Grande, Faustin, Moshier, Lycoming, Ottawa, Sarnia, Louis, Harris, Buckeye State, Scott, Balston, Hoñand, Gunohi, Loutit, White Oak, Vienna, Green, Luding, Cataract, Wawanosh, Lee, Dean. Northwest gale.

AT HOUGHTON.

Houghton, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cleared from Lily Pond: George Stone, 1 a. m.; Homer Warren, Exlie, Crosthwaite, 3; King, Tuteonia, Gawn, 3:10; Schoolcraft, 6:30; Louisiana, 10; Monahansett, Law, 10:15. Down: Kelton, 1:15 a. m.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.) —Up: Uganda, 8:20 last night; Havana, 9:30; Spencer, 10; Selwyn Eddy, 10:20; Hetfelfinger, 12:50; Robert Mills, 1; Iron Age, Page, Wade, 3; Yonkers, 3:10; Mack, McDougall, 4; Thompson, 4:30; La Salle, Huron, 5; Poe, 7:30; Maritana, 7:30; Maruba, Marcia, 7:40; Ursanus, 7:40; Robert Rhodes, 8:15; London, 8:40; Brewer, 9:30; Sonora, 10:30; Ranney, 10:40. Down—Onoko, 9 last night; Ericsson, Manila, 9:20; Sparta, 10:20; Bangor, 10:50; Samoa, 11:15; Ward, 12:20 a. m.; Auriania, 2; Nicholas, 3; Carter, and barge, Wawatam, 4:30; Renssalaer, Jenney, 9:40; Monteagle, 10; Rockefeller, Grover, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Wilbur, 12:30 p. m.; Strong, Commodore, 5; Auburn, 7; St. Paul, Priscilla (arrived), 7:40; Paris, 9:30. Down: Lake Shore, 12; Colgate Hoyt, 2 p. m.; Birchhead and barges, 3; Linn, Prentiss, Halstead, Yuma, Gilchrist, 6:40; Turret Court, 7; Shaw, 8:30; Gilbert, Maytham, Turner, Brainerd, Maxwell, Buckhout, 10:40. Down—Victory, Constitution, Business, Pope, Fay, Cobb, 11 last night; Bessemer, Bryn Mawr, 2 a. m.; Angeline, Curry, 4; Sultana, North Wind, Bleiman, Maclachan, 5:40; Watson, Hanna, Kanawha, 7:40; Carnegie, Ruber, Atchinson, Sheldon, Negaunee, 8:20; Roby, Venezuela, Codorus, Vulcan, 11.

Up yesterday: Alberta, 12:30; Mather, Venus, 1; Gates, 2; Forest City, 3; Stafford, McWilliams, Nipigon, Melbourne, Bissell, 7; Wells, Northern King, 8. Down: Dobbins, Nye, Kaliyuga, 12:30; Eads and whaleback, Duncan, C. W. Elphicke, Jones, Siberia, 2; Algonquin, Argo, 3; Lagonda, 4; Coralia, 5; Italia, Polynesia, 6; H. H. Brown, Gorden, Campbell, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland — Cleared: Light, Stimson, Mask, Wilkins, Waldo, Starruca, Duluth.

Fairport — Cleared: Light, Wade, Rees, Duluth.

Ashtabula — Cleared: Light, Pioneer, Chattanooga, Hartnell, Duluth.

Buffalo — Cleared: Cartagena, Mohawk, Duluth.

Marquette — Arrived: Joliet, Continental, Holland. Cleared: Angeline, Buffalo. Northwest gale.

Two Harbors — Cleared: Scranton, Lake Michigan; Etruria, Tampa, Lake Erie.

Erie — Cleared: Light, Sonora, Duluth; C. A. Eddy, Superior.

Houghton — Sheltered: At Lily Pond: George King, Teutonic, Gawn, Homer, Warren, Exlie, Crosthwaite. Passed down: Germanic, 9 a. m.; Cormorant, Norris, 1:15 p. m. Wind northwest, twenty miles.

South Chicago — Cleared: Empire City, Corona, Superior.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrivals: Brazil, Fitch, Maitland, coal, Lake Erie; Saturn, 117, Micasta, light for wheat, Lake Erie; Monarch, merchandise, Buffalo; Matoa, repairs, Buffalo.

Departures: J. H. Shrigley, Pringle, Sweetheart, Unadilla, lumber, Lake Erie; Bartlett, ore, Lake Erie; Schlesinger, grain, Lake Erie; North Star, shingles, Buffalo; Monarch, Kearsarge, merchandise, Buffalo.

IMPOSSIBLE

(Continued from page 1.)

Mr. Nichols, one of the anthracite district presidents, said:

"President Mitchell has the power to settle the strike only in the event that all the demands of the men are granted. If these demands are not granted, the question must be referred to a convention. In view of this, it is pretty certain that the miners will not be at work by Monday, as was rumored today. I do not take much stock in the various peace rumors. While it is possible that the strike may be settled by Monday, it is highly improbable."

President Olyphant of the Delaware & Hudson road said that so far as the operators are concerned the situation is unchanged.

After leaving the conference at Senator Platt's office, Senator Penrose said there has been no settlement of the strike yet.

President Olyphant of the Delaware & Hudson, Chairman Thomas of the Erie road, President Fowler of the Ontario & Western, President Truesdale of the Lackawanna and John Markle, the independent coal operater, entered Mr. Platt's office this

A Piano Sale That Is A Piano Sale

One that is backed up by experience, integrity, capital and the goods that are advertised.

These goods are being sold at wonderful reductions for the purpose of moving them quickly to make room for incoming stock.

Many customers are taking advantage of this sale and making great savings on their pianos.

Don't delay if you want a piano, for this stock will not last long the way it is going.

A GREAT HIT.

Our $250 Upright Piano for $158.

A thoroughly reliable and fully guaranteed piano. Handsome walnut or mahogany finish cases and beautiful tone, ivory keys, full nickel-plated tuning pins, Boston fall board and full duet music desk. In fact, a medium-sized piano with all the latest improvements.

TERMS—

$15 cash and $7 a month

Terms, $15 cash and $7 a month.

The following pianos are being sold at large reductions, as indicated. They are discontinued styles and sample pianos. You may find among them just what you have been looking after for years.

All Sold on Easy Terms.

$325 Large Walnut Upright for $220.

The above is of old reliable make and a strictly high grade instrument.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $270—the highest grade piano.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $230.

$350 Mahogany Upright Piano for $275.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$400 Mahogany Upright Piano for $290.

$275 Mahogany Upright Piano for $200.

$250 Mahogany Upright Piano for $158.

$250 Walnut Upright Piano for $158.

$125 Piano Cased Organ, Walnut, for $90.

$300 Self-Playing Aeolian Organ, $125, including 25 music rolls.

$75 Self-Playing Organ, Oak Case, for $25, including 20 music rolls.

Every piano sold here is fully guaranteed and we are here permanently to see that all customers are satisfied.

Should you intend buying a piano on monthly payments, it may interest you to know that this is the only piano store in Duluth that buys all instruments out and out for cash and that retains customer's note-contracts in its own possession until fully paid.

We earnestly invite you to investigate this great piano sale and save from $75 to $110 on a piano.

French & Bassett

Reliable Piano Dealers.

FUTURITY

For Two-Year-Old Trotters Won By Katherine A.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 9.—Katherine A. won first heat of the $5000 2-year-old trotting futurity in 2:14, lowering the record for the stake 1¼ seconds and tying the world's record. Hilgar was second; Blossom, third. Three starters were distanced, Major Delmar, favorite, won the first of the $5000 Transylvania, 2:12 trotting in 2:09½; Francis B., second; Miss Whitney, third.

Katharine T., B. F., by Wiggins (Thomas), won the second heat of the 2-year-old trotting futurity and the race. Time 2:15¼. Del Toro, second; Blossom, third.

Prince of Orange won the second heat of the Transylvania by a neck from Major Delmar; Francis B., third. Time, 2:09¾.

Prince of Orange won the third heat of the Transylvania in 2:07½, breaking the stake record. Miss Whitney, second; Ozana, third.

FIRES CHECKED.

Village of Fisher Saved From the Flames.

Marinette, Wis., Oct. 9.—The forest fires which threatened the village of Fisher were checked at the edge of th village after destroying a portion of the Worcester Lumber company's cedar yards. So threatening were the flames that women and children were removed on special trains to Pembine and other towns, leaving the men to fight the flames, which they got under control only after vigorously working. Fires are smouldering in choppings all through this vicinity and thick clouds of smoke hang over a large section.

Nine high grade pianos are included in the great piano sale at French & Bassett's.

Good Muffins.

Two cups of Shannon & Mott company's Falcon Self-Raising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heaping tablespoonful of sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast or baking powder. Falcon Self-Raising Pancake Flour is a mixed flour of the best portion of wheat, corn and rye. The flour is self-raising. Sold by the best grocers.

WILL GIVE NEW TRAIN

Great Northern to Put Another On Fosston Line.

Will Leave Duluth In the Evening, Returning In Morning.

Gives Grain Men and Jobbers the Thing They Need.

One of the best bits of news out of the railroad world to jobbers and grain men is the announcement today by the Great Northern railroad that a new night train out of Duluth over the Fosston branch will be placed in operation Oct. 19.

It will be remembered that this train was petitioned for some time ago as the solution of the present difficulty in getting mail from the wheat country, and the passenger department of the road stated that it was intended that the train should be put on. It was not expected, however, that it would be in operation so quickly.

The train will leave Duluth at 8:30 o'clock p. m., arriving at Crookston at 6:45 o'clock a. m. and at Grand Forks at 7:50 o'clock a. m. Eastbound the train will leave Grand Forks at 8:05 p. m. and Crookston at 9:15 p. m., arriving at Duluth at 7:30 a. m.

The train will be equipped with vestibuled coaches with a seating capacity of eighty-four people, and parlor sleeping cars. The equipment will be new and first-class throughout. The train will connect at Crookston with trains for all points in the Red River valley and Dakota. It will connect at Grand Forks with the main line trains, as well as all branches.

A feature that will be highly appreciated is that it will give through mail service both ways. This will be especially valuable to the board of trade men. At the present time Duluth mail reaches all points north and west of Grand Forks a full day later than that from the Twin Cities, owing to the fact that that territory is all reached by the Great Northern road, and the mail going out of here on the Northern Pacific does not connect with Great Northern trains going north. The same situation is encountered on mail to Duluth. Great Northern trains do not connect with the Northern Pacific over which the mail must come to Duluth, and therefore the mail lies over at Grand Forks. Now Duluth will get the same mail service as the Twin Cities, and the grain men here will be placed on an equal footing with those at Minneapolis, a condition which they have never heretofore enjoyed.

Another important and valuable point is that passengers can arrive in Duluth in the morning on shopping or business trips and return that evening. In the past it took three or four days for such a trip, and now a resident of Crookston, for instance, can leave home Monday night at 9:15 o'clock, arrive in Duluth Tuesday morning, spend all day Tuesday here, leave Tuesday night and arrive home Wednesday morning, making only one working day away from home, with two nights on the road.

From points north and west of Grand Forks the situation is even more striking. At present a merchant who wishes to come to Duluth must go to Grand Forks, reaching there in the evening, must stay there all night, take the train to Duluth in the morning, reaching here at 4:55 in the afternoon. He can do no business then until the next day. The following night he takes a train out of Duluth, reaching Grand Forks in the morning. He must lie over there until the following morning before taking a train home.

When the new train is on he will be able to leave home in the afternoon, take the train from Grand Forks the same night and be in Duluth in the morning. Leaving he can take the train here at night, connect at Grand Forks and be at home the next day.

Jobbers were delighted at the installation of the new service for it brings them closer to their customers and everything which brings them in closer communication with the men to whom they sell broadens the field in which they work.

Another feature is that the new train gives the head of the lakes through sleeping car service to Crookston and Grand Forks, something that has never been afforded before. At present passengers leaving here at night have to sit up until 4 o'clock in the morning to catch the main line train for the West. The train also connects with the Winnipeg train at Grand Forks.

The road in putting on this train expects, of course, that it will pay, and it expects the Duluth people to do all they can to make it do so. When the board of trade committee was at St. Paul asking for better mail facilities, General Passenger Agent Whitney informed the grain men that the train would be put on next spring, the business of the road now being so heavy that it would be difficult to arrange a schedule. The pressure for the train has, however, induced the road not to wait until then, but to make a special effort to supply the train.

THREATENED SHORTAGE.

Railroads Stirred Up Over Coal Situation.

It would be interesting if the coal shortage should spread so far into the soft coal field that railroads would be short of fuel for their engines.

Officers of railroads all through the Northwest are greatly stirred up over the coal situation. It is not generally known or suspected that a majority of the lines are short on the product, and unless there is some change for the better in the near future train service may be seriously crippled.

The railroads of this Western territory are watching every ton of coal along their lines. The proposition which confronts them is a more serious one than appears on the surface.

If the worst should come to pass it is possible that the Western lines would operate only the important trains, or as many of them as there is a coal supply for. Several lines have resources further west in the way of lignite mines that would carry them through such a dilemma, but they bump up against another problem in the attempt to secure men to mine the stuff. There are few men in the Northwest out of jobs at the present time, and those who are hope to be able to secure something better than mining lignite coal.

The situation is about the worst Western railroad operators have been compelled to deal with. There is coal to be mined, but no one to mine it; even if mined the railroads could not supply the outlying districts with a winter's supply for several months. Local railway officials refuse to discuss the matter, but there is evidence in the tone of their voices that trouble is brewing, and that it is worrying them.

Colonist Rates.

The Western Passenger association is meeting today in Chicago to discuss Southwest colonist rates. Representatives of nearly all of the lines in the associations are there in mass meeting to talk the subject over. It is said that the effect of the colonist rates on the regular rates is not wholesome for the roads.

VALIDITY

Of Drainage Law Argued Before Supreme Court.

St. Paul Oct. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The validity of the state drainage law was argued before the supreme court today. G. S. Ives appeared for John Utick, of Polk county, who wants the law declared invalid. H. F. Stevens appeared for the commissioners of Polk county against whom Utick brought the action and C. W. Somerby, assistant attorney general, appeared for the state. The bond sales have been held up to await the decision of the supreme court, which will determine the validity of the law. Contracts for county ditches and several county bridges are also held up pending the decision.

Day and Night Schools

Are now in session at the Duluth Business university. Commercial, stenographic, English and Penmanship courses. Student may enroll with equal advantage at any time. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

PRIEST POISONED.

Drug Was Put Into His Mineral Water.

Mannington, W. Va., Oct. 9.—Father W. R. Pendergast, pastor of the Catholic church here, died at 10 o'clock today from the results of poison taken into his stomach by means of mineral water served at dinner last night. A colored servant is at the point of death and twelve other people, who drank the water are very ill. None will die, except the colored servant. The poisoning is a mystery and the authorities are investigating.

DEATH LIST.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Dr. Emma Nickerson Warne is dead of pneumonia at her farm in Flushing township, Genessee county Michigan. Dr. Warne achieved some publicity through a contest in the Cook county probate court between her and the heirs of F. W. Wheeler, a wealthy paper manufacturer of Chicago for $50,000. She had attended Mr. Wheeler as physician through many illnesses and during his last illness he proposed to give her $50,000 in bank stock. An assignment was prepared, but he died before signing it. The claim was disallowed by the probate judge and an appeal is pending.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Rev. F. A. Read, for over fifty years a preacher and presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal church and widely known in Methodist and Masonic circles throughout the west, died at Rogers Park today.

NAME IS CHANGED.

Garfield Park to Be Called Chester Park.

The board of park commissioners, acting on a petition from a number of property owners, has changed the name of Garfield Park to Chester Park.

This park extends north from Fifth street between Fourteenth and Fifteenth avenues East, almost to the city limits. The natural beauty of its scenery makes it one of the most desirable properties now controlled by the park board.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance $225,066,216; gold, $135,354,527; silver, $9,274,256; United States notes, $3,969,360; treasury notes of 1890, $102,104; national bank notes, $12,646,812; total receipts this day, $3,186,588; total receipts this month, $6,180,000; total receipts this year, $161,592,716; total expenditures this day, $2,880,000; total expenditures this month, $15,145,000; total expenditures this year, $150,826,976; deposits in national banks, $141,659,466.

WHEN POPE PLAYED CARDS.

The following curious story is told here. Years ago, when Leo XIII was Cardinal Pecci, the sixth or seventh centenary of the foundation of the well-known monastery of the Vernia, high up in the Apenines, was celebrated with much solemnity by a great concourse of priests, monks and pilgrims, among them Cardinals Pecci and Bilio occhi, writes the Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette. At first all went well, and there was great jocunlity of a chastened sort, until suddenly the weather changed, and the monastery from a happy retreat became a prison. Up there among the mountains, cut off from the rest of the world, perished with cold, while the heavens seemed determined to wash them away, ennui increased as to be almost insupportable. The most nervous and unquiet was Cardinal Pecci, whose frequent journeys to the window and the invariable tattoos on the glass came to be worse than everything else put together.

At last when patience was exhausted and the weather showed no signs of clearing, some one—said to be the eminent Cardinal Pecci himself—proposed a game of cards, but the good monks had none, at least they would confess to none. After some bother a pack was procured, and the two cardinals and some of those present sat down to a game, which lasted well into the night, and resulted, much to his satisfaction, in a victory for the future pope. Cannot one see the scene, the two cardinals, one of them delicate looking, thin and severe, the other tall, stout and benevolent, their more or less embarrassed companions in the game, and the circle of humble and admiring monks?

Cardinal Pecci is now pope, and Cardinal Parocchi stands high in the sacred college. Do they ever recall this singular scene?

LODGED IN THE JAIL

Thomas Fenlon, Charged With Manslaughter, Brought to Duluth.

He Killed Gust Anderson at Tower Last Saturday.

Claims That It Was Done Entirely In Self Defense.

Thomas Fenlon, who is under arrest for killing Gust Anderson at Tower last Saturday evening, was brought down this noon and lodged in the county jail, by the village marshal of Tower. The charge against him is manslaughter in the first degree.

Fenlon was sick at the time of the shooting, and is still in bad shape, being weak from fever and troubled with inflammation of the cords in his neck. He stated to a Herald reporter this afternoon that he came down at his own request, and as he has a large number of friends, is hopeful that bail can be arranged. He was accompanied by his family, who will remain at the Arlington boarding house until he is released under bond or until the grand jury meets. Mr. Fenlon's story is as follows:

"I had bought some wood of Anderson, a satisfactory agreement having been reached that he was to get his money as soon as the wood was delivered.

"I had been sick in bed for some days, when Anderson came Saturday night, some time after dark, to demand his money. He rapped at the door and asked permission to come in, as anyone else would do. My wife admitted him, and he came over to the bed, shaking hands with me and sitting down in a chair near the bed. Shortly afterward he demanded his money, and my wife went into the closet and got one of two $20 gold pieces, all the money we had in the house, which she tendered him. He said he could not change it, and I asked Anderson to drop in the next day, and as soon as somebody came in I would send out and get the change. Anderson then leaped on me in bed and, grabbing me by the throat, he exclaimed: 'I'll murder you, you ——!'

"My wife seized him by the coat and pulled him off and began coaxing him as hard as she could to go out and not to cause any trouble. She got him outside the door, and got it shut, and I could hear the scuffle on the outside when Anderson was choking her and she was trying to get him away. He began calling her all kinds of dirty names while choking her.

"Anderson got away from my wife and began kicking the door in to come back and finish me, as he threatened to do. I was practically helpless, could scarcely stand on my feet, and only had the use of one hand. I managed to roll out of bed and staggered to the drawer where was kept a 32-caliber revolver, which I had to carry with me through the woods when I went out with a stock of jewelry. I thought it was the last thing that I had to defend myself, and fired at the bottom of the door, when Anderson was trying to force the door in. This did not stop him, and he kept coming in with my wife holding to his coat while he was choking her. I managed somehow to get partially between them. By this time we were outside the door at the head of the steps. He shook off my wife, and as she fell she rolled down, and he started for me, saying: 'Now, I'll finish you, you——'

"I saw him coming and, weak as I was, I could offer no further resistance, but fired two shots at Anderson's legs, when he disappeared. I thought he had gone to the woodpile for a stick of wood, and continued to wabble down toward the gate, calling for help. I was met by C. H. Oppel and family, and they helped me back into the house and began taking care of me, for my fever had begun to run up.

"That is all I know about it. I am sorry it happened."

As he said this Fenlon lay back admost exhausted in his chair and tears came to his eyes.

Fenlon has engaged Baldwin & Baldwin to defend his case.

County Attorney McClintock said this afternoon that there was no reason for Fenlon to attempt to come to Duluth in his condition, that all arrangements had been made to have him remain at home and be attended to by his own physician until able to be moved without danger. It is said that during the first part of the week Fenlon said he could not furnish bonds, but that since he has come to Duluth he wants to be released and his attorneys are trying to get bonds for him.

WHO PEOPLED AMERICA?

The primeval people of both North and South America originated from a civilization of high degree, which occupied the sub-equatorial belt some 10,000 years ago, while the glacial sheet was still on, says Harper's Magazine. Population spread northward as the ice receded. Routes of exodus diverging from the central point of departure are plainly marked in ruins and records. The subsequent settlements in Mexico, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah and California indicate the successive stages of advance, as well as the persistent struggle to maintain the ancient civilization against reversion and the catastrophes of nature. The varying architecture of the valleys, cliffs and mesas is an intelligible expression of the exigencies which stimulated the builders. The gradual distribution of population over the higher latitudes in after years was supplemented by accretions from Europe and Northern Asia centuries before the coming of Columbus. Wars and reprisals were the natural and inevitable results of a mixed and degenerating population with different dilliedis. The mounds, which cover the mid-continental region, isolated and in groups, tell the story thereof. The Korean immigration of the year 544, historically cited, which led to the founding of the Mexican empire in 1325, was but an incidental contribution to the growing population of North America. So also were the very much earlier migrations from Central America across the Gulf of Mexico.

A Pleasant Duty.—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. James Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of catarrh of five years' standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.



A Plea

TO THE OLD MAN

"Oh, say, Mister Moon!
As you roll on your way
Shedding light upon nightly events—
Won't you luminate your face
With the GAS of our town,
AND HELP MAKE ITS PRICE
90 CENTS

MUNICIPAL BENEFITS

Discussed at Meeting of American Society at Rochester.

Abstract of Address By Nelson Lewis on Paving.

Committee on Electric Street Lighting Makes Report.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The American society for municipal improvements met here today and listened to addresses and reports on municipal affairs.

Nelson P. Lewis, of New York, chairman of the committee on street paving, spoke in part as follows:

In the forty-six papers on street paving read before the society, little attention has been given to the improvements which are of most interest to the smaller cities and suburban districts where permanent and costly pavements are out of the question, while the subject of interurban roads has not been touched upon.

Wherever suburban districts are added to our cities there is immediately presented the problem not only of maintaining such improved streets or roads as the new territory may possess, but the extension of those improvements on a scale suitable to the needs and requirements of the community.

It is time, therefore that the subject of roads, as distinguished from city streets, a subject which has thus far been neglected in our meetings, should receive the consideration which its growing importance merits. The building of a system of roads to connect different cities and towns, if left to the initiative of the towns themselves, would be almost impossible of consummation. The state alone is capable of planning and executing such an improvement. The first state to take up this question on an extensive scale was New Jersey, which has now a splendid system of highways connecting nearly every city and village within its borders. Massachusetts has for some years been creating an excellent system of modern roads. During the last few years New York has devoted much attention to the subject of roads and many miles of fine highway have been built and are under construction. Michigan also is intensely interested in the question of well built highways.

It will be seen that the propaganda which may be fairly said to have been started by the bicyclists a few years ago has been steadily gaining ground. The automobile is now an important ally of the goods roads advocate. High speed cranks have, however, been the worst enemy of the goods roads cause. But the building an maintenance of macadam roads is not only of interest to the small city and good roads enthusiast, and many of our larger cities have miles of their streets so improved and they are, as a rule, expensively maintained, while such repairs as are made are carried out in an unintelligent and extravagant manner. The proper building and intelligent care of such roads, therefore, cannot be a matter of indifference to our larger cities, but it is one of the most vital importance.

"Cost of Pavements and Roads in Small Towns," was the topic of Emmett J. Steece, city engineer, Burlington, Iowa. Mr. Steece said:

"Reliable statistics bearing on the repairs of wood pavements are meager and from the perishable nature of this material, decaying almost as rapidly as wearing, little on that subject seems to be desired. Frequent renewals of pavements cause almost as loud complaints as the impassable mud, so that the natural resort is to gravel and broken stone where available.

"The broken stone road is a product of common sense, and, is divided into two classes, small broken stone throughout, and large stone base with finer stone surface. As to original cost and repairs the two methods are about alike.

"On steep grades the effect of surface water is as damaging as the wear from vehicular traffic. If a traffic of three hundred vehicles a day is confined to a narrow space, for instance eight feet on either side of a street railway, a 4-inch top is completely cut through in about three years, and where the traveled space is about sixteen feet the wheels cut through the top in about ten years.

"The cost of broken stone pavements depends largely upon conditions, amount of stripping at the quarry, kind of stone, method of quarrying and breaking, distance from the quarry to the work and above all, management. In this, as in all work requiring a great amount of labor, the last item should receive consideration first, as with bad management money evaporates, leaving poor work and little of it done. The average cost to the contractor of macadam road without excavation, metal twelve inches thick, is from 40 to 50 cents per square yard, distance one mile from quarry.

"The cost of Telford pavement does not differ materially from that of macadam, the larger stone being set on edge at about the same price as breaking and spreading. A 17½-ton steam roller will consolidate from twenty-five to thirty cubic yards per day of ten hours. A layer of broken limestone, ten inches thick when loose, will roll to 8 inches, a 4½-inch layer to 3 inches, and about 4 inches of screening will be required to fill the interstices of the top course.

"Though the work done in the cities in the last two years shows a slight reduction in the extent of brick pavement construction, yet that class of material can be called more strictly modern than the others and ranks with any as to first cost and durability, the cost being largely influenced by competition and availability of material and the durability by the method of construction."

The report of the committee on electric street lighting was made by Charles H. Rust, chairman, city engineer, Toronto. An abstract follows:

"In the interests of the citizens municipalities in granting franchises for street lighting should use great care in not extending the franchise for too long a period, and in all large cities should insist upon the wires being placed under ground, particularly in the central districts. The lamp posts should be of iron and of the most improved design, and all the work should be done under the direction and approval of an electrician to be appointed by the corporation. Frequent tests should be made for the purpose of ascertaining if the lamps are giving the light provided for in the agreement.

"It would be in the interests of the citizens if all street lighting plants were owned by the municipality, but when the street lighting is carried out by a private corporation the city should receive a percentage of the gross receipts.

"A large number of cities and towns in Europe now own electric lighting plants and we believe that the lighting of the streets could be done more efficiently and more economically by the municipality than by a private corporation, prevailing party politics could be eliminated from our municipal governments."

Mr. Rust gave a table showing the cost of street lighting in the cities of the United States.

Longtin-Harris.

A pretty wedding took place last evening at 9 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. H. P. Nelson, of 731 East First street, the bride being Miss Melinda Longtin and the groom Richard Harris, of the Ramous shoe store. Rev. A. W. Ryan officiated. The ceremony was witnessed by a small company of relatives of the bride and groom. Miss Etta A. Roberts was bridesmaid and J. W. Smithell acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Harris have begun housekeeping at 731 East First street.

JOHN BEAR CAPTURED.

St. Paul, Oct. 9.—A special to the Dispatch from Bonesteel, S. D., says: John Bear, a Yankton Sioux Indian, who killed E. C. Taylor, white, and Johnnie Shaw, a half breed, last night with a shot gun, was captured here this morning. Trouble of long standing between Bear and Taylor resulted in the tragedy. Taylor, his wife and a woman servant were the only whites on the Nebraska portion of the Yankton reservation. Taylor was a boss farmer and a teacher in the Indian school at Naper.

NOT A "ONE-OPERA" MAN.

Over here Mascagni is regarded as a one-opera man, which is most unfair, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Since May 17, 1890, when "Cavalleria" first saw the footlights, he has produced seven operas, "L'Amiga Fritz," "I. Rantzau," "William Ratcliffe," "Silvano," "Zanetto," "Iris" and "Le Maschere." All but the last have been decidedly successful. "L'Amigo Fritz" was probably looked for the most anxiously and regarded most critically. Musicians wanted to know if "Cha second verse of the song was to be the same as the first." They found it most radically different, and yet as good if not better. From the desperate wail of Santuzza to the gentle tears of Suzel, from the fiery and guilty passions of the Sicilian peasants to the calm, honest love of Alsatian farmer folk, the distance is not greater than from the music of "Cavalleria" to that of "L'Amigo Fritz." Eckmann-Chatrian's Alsatian idyll is as happily translated into the language of music as was Verga's formidable story.

With the possible exception of "Le Maschere," the only failure in his list, each of Mascagni's operas has shown fresh originality given new proof of his artistic independence. In each of them he is so thoroughly himself. He is Mascagni, "after nobody," not even after Mascagni. An intermezzo, connecting the last two acts of "L'Amigo Fritz" ranks among musicians far above the famous intermezzo of "Cavalleria." The latter owes its success, they say, to its pleasing smoothness, but is far surpassed by the other vigorous dramatic power and breadth.

Certain it is that with the single exception of "Carmen" nothing had evoked such enthusiasm as this "Cavalleria" since the production of "Faust," thirty years before. Apart from its real artistic worth which is undeniable, it probably owed much of its success to a certain reaction against the complexity of Wagner, in Niagara of his orchestration which had beaten and buffeted opera goers till they were dazed and weary. Mascagni relies on the sovereign power of straightforward melody. He has also the superlative merit of brevity. He does not believe that art is necessarily long, but realizes fully that time is fleeting. Then again, there are his subjects. Wagner finds in legends and among the gods of Walhalla the material from which he molds his heroes; Mascagni goes to the very heart of the people, deals with the loves and hates of common people, brings his creations within the sphere of human sympathy, is a realist of realists. Gounod, in a sarcastic mood, designated the tune being ground out by a street organ, as the first step toward musical immortality. If this be so then has Mascagni been among the immortals these ten years past.

"SASSED BY THE CORPSE."

That ministers of the gospel exchange stories among themselves that they would not tell their flock is well known. Not that they would be ashamed or backward to do so, but occasion is lacking, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Here is a yarn brought by one, gathered in his summer vacation. It so happened that a good brother in a church in one of the rural counties in Pennsylvania passed to his reward and all the community crowded to the church funeral to hear his virtues extolled. The minister made the most of the occasion, not only eulogizing the departed saint, but entering into and discussing many details of his private and public life. There was a rustle and hum of approbation in the congregation when the pastor concluded his extended remarks and took up the hymn book preliminary to starting off the choir in appropriate song.

It happened that in the gathering there was an occasional attendant at the church who had spiritual gifts. In fact, he professed among his acquaintances to be able to communicate with departed spirits.

This individual, to the surprise of all present, as he had seemed to be dozing, arose in his place well up in front and in a confident voice remarked:

"I wish to state that I have just had a communication from our dear brother."

Everybody turned to hear what was to come next.

"And I desire also to state," continued the speaker, "that he has been cognizant of all that has been said here about him. He tells me that a good many things have been said concerning his life here below that are not so."

The speaker sat down and every eye in the congregation was turned toward the minister. That worthy seemed imperturbable. He gathered up the hymn book again, however, and showed some infernal disturbance by putting it down again without giving out the hymn. Finally he said:

"Brethren and sisters, at first I thought it best to say nothing at this point. However, it is due to you that I should justify myself. I shall take back nothing I have said; either shall I question the truth of the curious communication just stated to you. But I must say that in all my twenty-five years' presiding at funerals in this community this is the first time that I have ever been sassed by the corpse. We will now sing hymn 25, and afterwards the friends will have a chance to view the remains."

2313 West Michigan street, 50-foot lot with 7-room house for... $1600
50 foot lot on West Michigan and Superior streets, near Eleventh avenue, partially improved and earning $23 a month. This will make business property and is cheap. Price..... $3000
Fifty foot lot on East Second street near Twenty-second avenue $1050
One hundred feet frontage on Fourth street, near Fourteenth avenue east for..... $2100
200 acres adjoining railroad station, one hour's ride from Duluth in Douglas county. Good land, at $6.00 per acre.
A large list of North Dakota lands at $5 to $8 per acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Three Fine
Building Lots
lower side First Street between 21st and 22nd Avenues East. 150 x 150 feet.
$3200.

R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.
PATRIA VERITAS VIDES
Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 15	3 40
4 25	8 15	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar.. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
.....	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	.....	12 57
.....	10 56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	.....	12 34
.....	11 20	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	.....	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00	6:35
11:35	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive	
†1:25 p.m.		St. Paul and		†1:25 p.m.
†11:10 p.m.		Minneapolis		†6:30 a.m.
*7:55 a.m.		Cass Lake, Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.		*6:45 p.m.
†2:20 p.m.				†12:40 p.m.

* Daily. Sleeper ready at 9 p.m.
† Daily Except Sunday. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv.—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv.—LOCAL—Ar. †7:45 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		Arr. Duluth
*8 50 am	*Daily.	*3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	**Except Sunday.	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:45 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
b 4:30 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 11:59 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 5:00 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, September, 24, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of John H. Packard, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Edward A. Packard, of the county of Suffolk and state of Massachusetts, representing, among other things, that John H. Packard, late of the county of Suffolk, in the state of Massachusetts, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 187, at the county of Suffolk and state of Massachusetts, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said Suffolk County and state of Massachusetts at the time of his death, leaving real estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Saturday, the 18th day of October, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three sucessive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 24th day of September, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.
W. G. RONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald. Sept. 25-Oct-2-9-1902.

What You Want to Sell

Some one else wants.

Telephone No. 324.--Two Rings Both 'Phones.

The quickest and most economical way of finding the people who want what you want to sell is through the want columns of The Herald. Read them!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
200 foot corner, East First street.
100-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

For Sale.

$650 Fifty-foot lot First street, near Fifteenth avenue west. A BARGAIN.

$1100 Seven-room house, barn, etc. 50-foot lot, West End. A SNAP.

Other houses and lots in EAST END and WEST END, at attractive prices.

J. T. Lawrence,
105 Providence Building.

FIRST STREET.

$2700 50x140—lower side First street near Fourth avenue East, the coming business street. This is the best speculative investment in the city today. Call, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
201 Exchange Building.

Shall these borrowers pay interest to people living out of Duluth?

$300 To be secured by house and lot valued at $1000

$400 To be secured by house and lot valued at $1200.

$1000 To be secured by house and lot valued at $3000.

$2200 To be secured by buildings and lot valued at $9000.

The Climax Building & Loan association has these applications on file and wishes to issue stock to this amount in sums of $1 up, which will pay the investors a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent a year in cash or certificates of deposit in any sum from $1 up, which will pay the holders from 3 per cent to 4 per cent, according to time held. Repayable on short notice.

CHAN. SMITH, Sec'y.
100 Torrey Bldg.

$1500 Six-room house; city water. West End.
$1250 Nine-room house, city water. West End.
$1850 Seven-room house; city water. West End.
$2100 Seven-room house; water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation. West End.
$3500 Modern, up-to-date house; lot 50x140 feet. West End.

I have a snap on Superior St., West End.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%
Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.
W.M.PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

FOR SALE—8-room house with bath—west second street between 25th and 28th avenues—$2600

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Seven-room house at West Duluth, in first-class condition..... $850
Another, corner Central, with water $1050
Nine-room house in West End; no better value offered in city.... $900
Seven-room house, four blocks from postoffice $1200
Six-room house, water and bath, on Third St., near Incline. $1500
Six-room house, 526 Fifth avenue west $1200

An elegant house, central, on Third street at a price to tempt investors.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$8000

On hand to loan at 5 per cent.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

BARGAINS!

$200 Will buy a lot, 50x132 feet, in Oneota.

$250 Will buy forty acres of good farming land near Rice Lake, ten miles from Duluth.

$300 Will buy a lot, 50x140 feet, on the upper side of Eighth street, near Third avenue east.

$350 Will buy two lots at Lakeside, between London road and the street railway.

$300 Will buy two lots, 100x140, on upper side of Twelfth street, near Second avenue west.

$1200 Will buy 160 acres of good farming land in Carlton county, five miles from Proctorknott.

$1600 Will buy a lot, 25x125, on Grand avenue, one block from Phillips hotel, with two-story frame gravel roof building that cost at least $3000.

$4500 Will buy a double house, six rooms each, stone foundation, full basement, with concrete floor; city water, sewer, etc. Lot 50x164 feet, fronting on two streets.

$4500 Will buy No. 1627 East Superior street. Eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house; $1800 cash, balance $2700, due on or before June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

$6000 Will buy two lots in Bay Front division. These lots have 100 feet frontage on slip No. 6, and are 140 feet deep with railroad facilities in rear.

These are all bargains.

Five per cent money to loan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE

$3750 Seventy-five feet of Superior street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

Building lots on First, second and Third streets, in the East End.

Unimproved corner on Superior and Michigan streets, West End. Very desirable for business block.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Bldg.
Real Estate, Mortgages, Insurance.

4½ PER and 5 CENT Money to Loan "On or Before"
R. M. Newport,
302 Lonsdale Building.

FIRE INSURANCE SURETY BONDS

General Agents Travelers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

Life, Accident, Health and Liability Insurance

O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209—210 Exchange Building.

Established 1869.

MANLEY - McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1300 Buys six-room house in Endion; city water. Only one block from car line.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1200 Buys seven-room house in fine condition, in the West End, on easy monthly payments.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor and is wired for electric lights.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights. $130 cash. Balance to suit.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

COPPER GLANCE STOCK.

Asked.
Copper Glance. A few days only at..... 35c
Kootenai Copper—"Sell it at"..... 13c
Crooked River—"Let it go at"..... $1.50
Moorcroft Oil—sold at 6c
Parry Sound, quick 10c

Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Building. Call, write, 'phone, wire.

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
409-410 Torrey Bldg.
New 'Phone 1013

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1063-2, new 1748.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.
Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and at reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 936.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1600; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WASHING WANTED, TO TAKE HOME. 1407 West Third street.

YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN GIRL WANTS place to do general housework. Address 428 Seventh avenue east.

STATIONARY ENGINEER WANTS situation looking after furnace or janitor work. Address 109½ Second Alley East.

POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER IN LUMBER camp. Address A 5, Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING AND dressmaking by the day. F 13, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by lady having small child. Address W. Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man as office assistant, or store clerk. Well acquainted in city; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address F 58, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK. BY THE DAY Room 318 Lowell building.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED COMpetent woman, a position as nurse; confinement cases a specialty. Address 1126 West Fifth street.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSECLEANING or washing and ironing, or any kind of work by the day. Call or address 2029 West Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A SWEDISH girl, not able to speak English yet. Willing to work. Address H 4106 Halifax street, West Duluth.

ACCOUNTANT OR BOOKKEEPER, ADverticer, thoroughly experienced, seeks position; highest references; moderate salary. S 91, Herald.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REAsonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

SAFE FOR SALE CHEAP, GOOD SIZE. Duluth Van & Storage company, 210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SOLID OAK MANTLE folding bed $12. Also sewing machine $5, 706 West Third street.

FOR SALE—ONE LIVE ALLIGATOR, 20 inches long. Address A 21, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD CUTTER, ONE open two-seat buggy, good as new, one heavy and one light single harness, will sell cheap at once. Call or address 2629 West Third street.

FOR SALE—LIGHT HORSE, HARNESS and buggy. F. Brown, Graff farm, Hermantown.

FOR SALE—CEDAR STUMPAGE (INcluding some pine), on north shore Lake Superior, in Lake and Cook counties, at a reasonable figure. G. Schelin, 318 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—IF TAKEN AT once—Stock of fruit and confectionery. Good location on Superior street. Address Andrew Dahl, 512 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A LARGE COAL HEATER in first-class condition, 527 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay, weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave.W.

GREAT PIANO SALE!

Including Over Thirty Worthy Instruments, Each With a Discount of From $75 to $110 From the Regular Legitimate Selling Prices.

It is the opportunity of a life time to secure a good piano at a small price from a reliable store.

Every instrument fully guaranteed.

$250 Upright Pianos for $158 on easy terms—just think of it—$15 cash and $7 a month. A handsome stool and draped cover with each piano free.

$350 Large Mahogany Upright for $240.

$325 Large Walnut Upright for $220.

The above are the same old reliable make and are strictly high grade instruments.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $270—the highest grade piano.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $230.

$350 Mahogany Upright Piano for $275.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$400 Mahogany Upright Piano for $296.

$275 Mahogany Upright Piano for $200.

$250 Mahogany Upright Piano for $158.

$250 Walnut Upright Piano for $158.

$125 Piano Cased Organ, Walnut for $90

$300 Self Playing Aeolian Organ, $125, including 25 music rolls.

$75 Self-Playing Organ, Oak Case, for $25, including 20 music rolls.

Also the following second-hand organs.

$35 Walnut Ithaca Organ for $18.

$45 Walnut Estey Organ for $28.

$40 Walnut Kimball Organ for $25.

$60 Walnut Windsor Organ for $38.

$35 Walnut Allegan Organ for $20.

$70 Walnut Twogen Organ for $35.

$40 Walnut Dyer Bros.' Organ for $28.

Terms on these organs, $5 cash and $3 a month.

Don't delay if you are interested in buying a piano or organ, for this stock will not last long at such prices.

Easy terms can be arranged on any goods included in the sale.

FRENCH & BASSETT.
Reliable Piano Dealers.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WATCH & CHOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS. highest cash prices paid. Address L. Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter, 201 E. 5th St. Zenith phone 415-2.

BARN FOR RENT.

BARN FOR RENT—2702 HURON ST.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN WANTED; steady employment, $30 per month. Call or address F. Treat, Hotel Delaware.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL TO CARE for child thirteen months old; applicants must have reference. Mrs. Douglass, 2321 East First street.

WANTED — DRESSMAKER'S APprentice girl for light housework. 506 Masonic Temple.

WANTED — LADY FOR OFFICE ASsistant; must write good hand; one with some knowledge of stenography, preferred. Apply in own handwriting. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, 318 West Third street.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED LADY TO assist in housekeeping. Enquire at 1107 Fifty-first avenue East.

WANTED—A HALL GIRL. MUST speak English. Apply St. Lukes Hospital.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 523 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SERVANT girl for general housework. 1632 East First street. M. S. Burrows.

A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in family of three. Call at 2 exchange building.

WANTED GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework. Mrs. M. Kastrmer, 5802 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

GOOD GIRL; HIGH WAGES; EASY place. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 120 First avenue west.

A YOUNG GIRL ATTENDING HIGH or normal school, and wishing a place in East End, where she can work for her board can do well by addressing S 77, Herald.

WANTED, AT ONCE—LADY SHORT order cook for night work, at City Cafe, Eveleth, Minn.; wages $40 per month. Unemployed cooks and waiters address Edward Ferry, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL; MUST talk English. 305 East Third.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1432 East First street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office. 17 Second avenue east.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — TEN LABORERS, SHOVEL work; wages $2.25 per day; free transportation. The Barnett & Record company.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY EXperienced delivery clerk. Henly Folz.

WANTED—MEN AND BOYS FOR ENlistment in the U. S. Navy. For particulars inquire branch hydrographic office, 1001 Torrey Bldg.

WANTED—MAN WHO KNOWS THE woods to sell hospital tickets. U. 16, Herald.

WANTED—FINLANDER CLERK FOR employment office. Address U 17, Herald.

WANTED — MECHANICS, BOILERmakers and blacksmiths for railroad shops out of town, steady employment. Apply Room 7, Hotel Brunswick.

WANTED — A RESIDENT ENGINEER for St. Luke's hospital. Duties, general. Apply to Theodore T. Hudson, Lonsdale building, or to J. H. Dight, at First National bank.

WANTED — BOY OVER 16 TO LEARN the lithograph trade. Apply Duluth Lithograph and Printing company.

WANTED, AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS barber, $15 and half over $26. John Mulqueen, box 310, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slate quarries at Thomson, Minn., wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WANTED—SALESMEN. THE HAWKS Nursery company, Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, MINNEapolis, Minn., wants men to learn barber trade. The advantages are: Abundance of practice, licensed teachers, tools given, board included and little expense. Special inducements to distant applicants. Always demad for barbers. Write toay for catalogue.

Launches, Row Boats.
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
Pearson Boat Construction Co., Duluth.
Send For Catalogue.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PALACE OF PALMISTRY—FULL LIFE readings, 25c; no extra charges; accurate and reliable. McKay hotel, opposite postoffice, Duluth.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

CONSULT MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, the medium, at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON EAST FIFTH STREET. Black Cocker Bitch. Finder will get reward at St. Louis Hotel.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE DOG, BEtween Lake and First avenue west. Finder telephone 6070.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

$22.50 per month, 122 E. 2nd St. 6 rooms.
$15.00 per month, 14 4th ave. E., 5 rooms.
$10.00 per month, 119 3rd ave. E., 3 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 803 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 805 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 208 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 210 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 212 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 214 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.

All of these houses have city water and toilet, and have been newly papered and painted.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
112 Exchange Building.

FOR RENT—8-ROOMED HOUSE, MODern. Electric light, 305 East Fifth street, $30 per month.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMED FURnished cottage, 5226 Colorado street, Lester Park.

NEW SEVEN-ROOM BRICK, CENtral, thoroughly modern, just completed; bath, electric light, water, furnace, hardwood floors. O. C. Hartman & Co., 209 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOR WINTER, MODERN furnished house, pleasant location, on car line; man and wife preferred. 13 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences. Apply 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

MODERN HOUSE FOR RENT AT GLEN Avon, city water, gas and electric light; small family preferred. Inquire at 123½ West First street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR small family; $7; water included. 217 Pittsburg avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT; modern conveniences, Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles F. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—GOOD FIVE-ROOM FLAT, for location and price, inquire No. 503 West First street.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern, 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINETEEN FURNISHED rooms and hotel in connection. Apply Commercial hotel, 228 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, $5 per month. 224 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM ALCOVE, all modern conveniences, 223 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for man and wife, or two young men. Steam heat; strictly modern. Also three unfurnished rooms. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, board. 2702 West Huron.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms. 2401 West Fourth street; with water and sewer.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with bath; $6 each. N 46, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; also rooms for light housekeeping. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms; water and sewer included. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. 8, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO NEAT, CLEAN BEDrooms. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat, Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 15 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished house or flat for winter by man and wife. Address X 28, Herald.

WANTED — TO RENT — THREE OR four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Best of references. Address at once. F. C., Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—FIVE OR SIX YOUNG MEN to board and room in private family. Strictly first-class. 831 West First street, three blocks from postoffice.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY furnished front room, with board, in private family of two; best location; telephone and all conveniences. S 43, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, lake view. 218 West Third street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST, 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL STOVES—Duluth Stove Repair Works, C. F. Wiggerts & Son, Props., 14 W. Sup. St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1613 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 416-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 205-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 431; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT. MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 561-2.

DRESSMAKING.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 6, 1902. Work, Second and degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 8, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 7. Work—Red Cross Degree. William B. Patten, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. H. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES, DULUTH AERIE, No. 78.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

16 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 16 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

'FRISCO IS SELECTED

As Next Place For Holding G. A. R. Encampment.

Gen. Stewart Was Elected Commander-in-Chief.

Washington, Oct. 10.—At today's session of the Grand Army of the Republic, San Francisco was chosen as the place for holding the next encampment.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The greater part of yesterday afternoon's session of the G. A. R. was devoted to the election of national officers, the result being as follows:

Commander-in-Chief—Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, of Pennsylvania.

Vice commander-in-chief—William N. Olon, of Massachusetts.

Junior vice commander-in-chief—James M. Averill, of Georgia.

There was a sharp contest over the election of a commander-in-chief, but it was concluded by the first ballot. Four candidates were placed in nomination: Gen. Stewart, of Pennsylvania; Gen. John C. Black, of Illinois; Gen. Daniel S. Sickles, of New York, and John McElroy, of the District of Columbia. Gen. Sickles withdrew before the vote was taken and seconded the nomination of Gen. Black. The first ballot resulted in the election of Mr. Stewart, the vote being as follows: Stewart, 467; Black, 272; McElroy, 83.

For senior vice commander the only candidate in opposition to Mr. Olin was J. L. Smith, of Ohio. Mr. Olin's vote was 421 and Mr. Smith's 326.

Mr. Averill was opposed by L. C. Way, of Florida, and Mr. Shaw, of West Virginia. Averill received 567 votes, Way 57 and Shaw 26.

While the election of officers was in progress the encampment received a visit from a delegation of ladies from the Woman's Relief corps, consisting of Miss Clara Barton, Mrs. John A. Logan, Mrs. Ell Torrance, Mrs. John C. Black and Mrs. W. C. Jones. They were escorted to the platform and presented to the encampment.

They were received with cheers. Mrs. Jones made a report of the operations of the relief corps for the past year, showing that $160,000 had been expended for relief by the corps, while during its entire history more than $2,345,000 had been spent. As the ladies filed down the aisle in taking their departure, the delegates rose to their feet and sang "Auld Lang Syne."

Washington, Oct. 10.—The following national officers have been elected by the Women's Relief corps: Mrs. Lodusky J. Taylor, of Minnesota, president; Mrs. Geraldine Frisby, of California, senior vice president. The remainder of the officers will be elected today.

The Sons of Veterans have elected these officers: Commander-in-chief, Frank Martin, Indianapolis; senior vice commander, Frank B. Wilson, San Francisco; junior vice commander, Jas. B. Adams, Atlantic City; council-in-chief, Dan B. F. Goulding, of Massachusetts; E. F. Buck, of Illinois, and Walter Smith, of Pennsylvania. The next session will be held at the same time and place as that of the G. A. R.

NO COAL TO HEAT IRONS

If Miners' Strike Continues Much Longer Twenty-Five Thousand Garment Workers Will Be Thrown Out of Employment.

New York, Oct. 10.—If the miners' strike continues a few days longer, says the Tribune, paralysis of the garment and cloak industry, one of the greatest sources of employment on the East Side, may be expected. One of the most conservative members of the Garment Makers' union, who has been for many years associated with that industry, is quoted to the effect that ten days more of the strike will mean the throwing out of work of at least 25,000. This would be caused by the inability of the pressers to get any coal or other fuel with which to heat their irons. A good deal of the pressing is done in the tenements. Women and children do a considerable share of it, and the margin of profit is so small that the cost of changing to another mode of heating is declared to be out of the question.

Inhabitants of this city are now feeling the first touch of cold weather. At 6 o'clock this morning the temperature was 46 degrees above, a drop of 27 degrees since 1:30 p. m. Thursday, and 3 degrees colder than at midnight.

GIRL STRIKERS CAUSE RIOT

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Riot calls, fights between hysterical girls, and arrests of the girl leaders, marked the girl box-makers' strike at the plant of the W. C. Ritchie company last night. Patrol wagons responded to the calls, and the wagons also were used to convey many of the girls beyond the picket lines of the strikers and their sympathizers. When the girl employes of the place left the building they were charged by the strikers, and in the struggle Mary Hillman and Edith Mars, who had refused to strike, were thrown to the ground, trampled on and severely beaten. Rose, Anne and Mareline Zitte, sisters, were arrested on charges of being leaders of the riot. They were taken to a police station and the injured girls were sent to their homes in carriages.

READING MINES ILLEGALLY

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 10.—There was received at the attorney general's department today a petition from Frank H. Thimpson, of Philadelphia, asking that the attorney general grant the use of the name of the commonwealth in a suit against the Reading Railway company, to show why its charter should not be revoked for alleged violation of the state constitution, which prohibits a coal carrying company from engaging in mining. In the absence of Attorney General Elkin and his deputy the attaches of the department declined to make the application public. The attorney general is expetced to take some action in the matter when he returns to his office next Wednesday.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS CASE

New York, Oct. 10.—Mysterious features surround two attempts at murder and afterwards a suicide on the lower West Side. On Wednesday Mrs. Adams, wife of a plasterer, was admitted to a hospital, where she is being treated for a bullet wound in the head. She was accompanied by Henry Brockstedt. How she received the wound is not known, as the stories told do not agree. Twenty-four hours later Brockstedt entered the Adams home and found the husband of the wounded woman there alone. He attacked Adams with a revolver, beating him over the head and then shot him. The police took up the chase, and a few hours later found Brockstedt dead in his room in Dominick street. He had swallowed a quantity of carbolic acid and then shot himself. Adams was conveyed to the hospital where his wife lay. The couple were permitted to converse, but no clear idea could be gathered of the shooting other than that Brockstedt had attempted a double murder because of jealousy.

KIDNAPERS ARE PARDONED

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Governor Nash today pardoned Mrs. F. L. Taylor and daughter, the alleged Cincinnati kidnapers. In doing so he gave out the following statement:

"This action is taken: First, because I doubt whether the applicant aided and abetted in the abduction of the child, Margaret Taylor; second, because the father and mother, in a letter dated June 9, 1902, after the restoration of the child, join in asking for the pardon."

The governor also gave out a letter from Clara Taylor dated Genoa, Italy, in which she affirms that the mother and sister were innocent. The letter of the child's parents, asking the pardon, was also made public.

DEEDS OF MANIACS

Insane Youth Kills His Mother and Sisters.

He Brutally Mangles Them While They Sleep.

Pittsburg, Oct. 10.—While laboring under mental abberation, the result of the strain of perfectign an appliance for patents on an air brake which are pending in Washington, D. C., Charles Cawley, a 17-year-old boy, of Homestead, Pa., early today killed his mother and one sister and fatally injured four other children. He also tried to kill his two older brothers, but was detected, overpowered and turned over to the police.

The weapon used was an ax, with which he crushed and hacked his victims beyond recognition.

The dead:

MRS. HANNA CAWLEY, aged about 40 years, head and upper portions of her body almost pounded to a jelly.

BELLE CAWLEY, aged 12, who slept with her mother; head frightfully crushed.

The injured are: Josephine, the baby of the family, aged 15 months, head and chest battered, at Southside hospital, will die; Adeline, aged 6, skull fractured, at Southside hospital, will not recover; Raymond, aged 6, twin of Adeline, head horribly injured, and will not live, at Southside hosopital; Agnes, aged 10, head crushed, will not live, at Southside hospital.

The Cawleys live in a neat six-room house on Second avenue, Homestead, and last night all the members retired about 10 o'clock. Mrs. Crawley and Belle occupied one bed, while the others, Josephine, Adeline, Raymond and Agnes occupied other beds and cribs in the same room, which is on the second floor rear. Charles, the murderer, his brother James, aged 20, and Harry, aged 14, occupied the front room, second floor adjoining their mother's room.

Some time about 3 o'clock this morning Charles quietly arose and dressed himself, but not putting on his shoes, crept down to the cellar and secured an ax. Coming up stairs, he went into his mother's room, where the victims were all sleeping. After turning up the light, the maniac approached his mother's bedside, swung the ax high in the air and brought it down with such force that the skull was crushed. The mother evidently never knew what struck her, but the crazed son, thinking that his first blow did not do its work, pounded the dead mother's head almost to a jelly.

Belle, the oldest daughter, slept throughout the time. The dull sound of the ax on her mother's head did not arouse her. Charles hurried to her side of the bed and struck her with the ax. It is thought that the first blow slipped and awoke the girl, but only for a second. She did not have time to scream, for the next blow killed her.

The fiend then turned to the smaller children and struck each one over the head with the bloody weapon.

Believing that he had dispatched them all, he started for his brother's room, but James, the eldest, had been awakened by the groans in his mother's room, and as Charles entered he seized a heavy rocking chair and after a fierce striggle overpowered him and turned him over to the police. On the way to the station he fought ferociously, but after being placed in a cell he calmed down and did not seem to realize what he had done.

When physicians reached the house Mrs. Cawley and Belle were dead. The others were still living, but the doctors announced that they could not live through the day.

Teacher at Altoona, Man., Shoots Six People.

Ends His Own Life By Bullet From Revolver.

Grand Forks, N. D., Oct. 10.—In a quarrel between a school teacher and the board of trustees at Altoona, a little station on the Great Northern, seven miles north of the Canadian line, seven persons have been shot. One of them is dead and five others are dying. The dead:

HENRY I. TOWES, school teacher, committed suicide.

Fatally wounded: John Hiebert, school trustee; Peter Kehler, trustee; —— Kehler, daughter of P. Kehler, aged 10; —— Kehler, daughter of P. Kehler, aged 8; Abraham Rempt, school trustee; —— Rept, daughter of A. Rempt, may recover.

The school is near a little village, in the thickly settled part of the valley. The settlers are all Mennonites, who have lived in the vicinity for years. The school has been in charge of a Mennonite teacher, named Henry I. Toews. There has been some dissatisfaction with the management of the school, and this has led to a great deal of bad feeling in the community.

Three members of the board of trustees met at the school house during school hours to talk the trouble over with the teacher. Hot words were exchanged and suddenly Toews drew his revolver and shot down the three trustees.

He then rushed into the school house, where he shot Kehler's two daughters through the body. They will die. The 11-year-old daughter of Rempt was then attacked, but the bullet struck her in the arm, breaking the bone. The suicide followed.

KNOCKOUT DROPS

Used By Ex-Convict and Woman Resort Keeper.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 10.—The police have unearthed a daring and successful plot for robbery that has been going on in the tenderloin district for several weeks. Simon McAdams, an ex-convict, and Dottie Gordon, a woman of the half world and proprietor of a resort on Wood street, are under arrest.

The woman has made a confession that McAdam put "knockout" drops into the beer of the customers of the place supposed to have money, robbed them and threw them into a back yard to sleep off the effect of the drug. Several sheepherders and other strangers in the city have been robbed of various sums in this manner.

WILL CONTINU EWORK.

Geneva, Switzerland, Oct. 10.—The employes of the gas, electric and waterworks, after a prolonged discussion of the strike situation, have decided to continue work.

SHARKEY LET OUT ON BAIL

New York, Oct. 10.—Thomas J. Sharkey, who is charged with being responsible for the death of Nicholas Fish, banker, and who is under indictment for manslaughter in the first degree, has been released on $7500 bail by Recorder Goff after three weeks' imprisonment. Originally the amount of bail was fixed at $15,000. Speaking of the case, Recorder Goff said: "The amount of bail originally set by me, $15,000, was only tentative, and was subject to reduction at the request of the accused man's attorneys. District Attorney Jerome appeared before me with Thomas Foley and said he was willing to have Sharkey released on $7500 bail."

MRS. BURNS' BODY FOUND

Sioux City, Iowa, Oct. 10.—The mystery which surrounded the strange disappearance of Mrs. T. F. Burns, a leading Sioux City musician, on last Friday night, was solved this morning by the finding of her body in the Sioux river. Mrs. Burns took a boat from the Riverside Boat club last Friday night and had not been seen since. It is believed death was accidental.



MILITARY SCENES IN THE DISTURBED COAL MINING DISTRICTS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

OPERATORS STAND PAT

President or Politicians Unable to Move Them.

Coal Situation Remains Practically the Same.

New York, Oct. 10.—Continuing their efforts to bring about a solution of the anthracite coal strike, Senators Quay and Penrose, of Pennsylvania, and Senator Platt and Governor Odell of New York again met this morning for further conference. The meeting place was Senator Platt's private office in the downtown business district. The conference began shortly after 10 o'clock, but none of the coal operators nor anyone representing their interests appeared. The absence of any representative of the operators' side of the dispute was regarded as indicative that this morning's conference between the politicians would be devoted to an effort to discover some means of forcing the strike to an end. As was pointed out in the Associated Press accounts of last evening's joint session, it broke up in a deadlock and considerable display of feeling on both sides. It is known that during the two long conferences held yesterday which were participated in by Messrs. Platt, Quay, Penrose and Odell on the one side and a number of the leading coal road presidents on the other, that the last named party firmly declined to recognize the assertion that politics could in any way enter into a possible strike settlement. The operators assured the political representatives that they regarded the dispute as embodying questions solely and entirely between themselves and their employes and in the business management of their properties. These statements were elicited by the assertion from the other side that a continuance of the strike for two weeks would imperil the success of the Republican party in the two great states of Pennsylvania and New York. They said that with the advent of cold weather, accompanied by a coal famine, the strike would assume an importance that would overshadow the polls. The operators, however, were not moved by this presentation, and reiterated that politics could not enter into their business.

Following this statement of their position by the coal men, the politicians intimated very broadly that a prolongation of the strike would pave the way to legislation hurtful to coal corporation interests. In fact, according to one of the coal operators pdesent, this latter statement was made in terms so broad that they regarded it as a threat. Their reply was a restatement of their unalterable determination to stand their ground as at first outlined to the conference, trusting to the integrity of the judicial system to protect them from adverse legislation.

Senator Platt was quoted as saying before the conference began that they expected to meet the operators again today. Another phase was injected into the situation later in the day by the making public of David Wilcox's letter to the president, demanding that the federal government proceed against the miners' organization as a conspiracy to prevent interstate commerce. Mr. Wilcox is said to represent all the coal operators, and the publication of his letter is regarded as somewhat in the nature of a statement of the operators' position.

President Mitchell of the miners, with the district presidents, spent the early part of the day at his hotel. He declined to answer any questions except to say that he expected to return home today.

It was reported that before he left the Fifth Avenue hotel this morning, J. P. Morgan had a brief private conference with Senators Quay and Penrose. This could not be confirmed, however.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 10.—Detachments of the Ninth regiment and the Philadelphia second city troop were sent to the mining towns early this morning and returned here after a couple of hours' march. The soldiers found no crowds gathered anywhere, and the several towns were reported to be quiet. It has been the custom of Col. Daugherty of the Ninth to send out companies each morning, not only for the purpose of making a demonstration, but also to give the men exercise. He said the soldiers are respectfully received everywhere.

The chief interest here is in the conferences being held in New York between the political leaders and the coal operators, and news from there is eagerly awaited. National Board Member Fallon, who is in charge at strike headquarters, said today he had heard nothing from President Mitchell, and did not know when he will return.

Professor John Graham Brooks of Cambridge, Mass., has been in the coal regions several days making a further investigation of the situation for United States Labor Commissioner Wright. He is instituting a careful inquiry into the charges of violence, and will make a report to Col. Wright in a few days. It is understood that Mr. Brooks is pursuing the investigation by direction of President Roosevelt.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 10.—A Reading company coal and iron policeman and four non-unionists were driving from town to Henry Clay shaft this morning when a crowd hurled docks at

(Continued on Page 14.)

WARD GETS HIS PARK

Chicago Merchant Wins Long Fight For the Preservation of the Lake Front For Park Purposes Only.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Montgomery Ward has won his long fight for the preservation of the entire lake front for park purposes, the supreme court of Illinois having denied a rehearing of the case. Attorneys for both sides consider the question as settled and the litigation as ended.

The whole tract, from Randolph street to Park row, and from Michigan avenue to the harbor line or breakwater, is thus secured permanently for a park, and the erection of any building in the area is prohibited.

The opinion handed down was on the lake front armory case, which was the last in a long series of endeavors to obtain parts of the lake front for other than park purposes. In 1897, after Montgomery Ward had secured a final decree in the original lake front case, enjoining the city from using the park west of the Illinois Central road for any purpose other than a park, the Illinois National Guard obtained consent from the city and state to erect an armory building and parade ground to the east of the railroad and north of Monroe street, which was at that time submerged. Two years later the legislature granted an appropriation of $100,000 for the armory fund, plans were drawn for buildings and the filling in of the submerged land was commenced. Although these activities were confined to a tract not covered by the original decree, Ward's company instituted a suit to enjoin the construction of the proposed buildings. Judge Neely granted the injunction, and entered a decree which has just been sustained by the supreme court in refusing to grant a rehearing after its first decision.

LOOKING HARD FOR $35,000

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The whereabouts of $35,000, remaining over from a fund used in the extension of the city sewerage system to Merriam and St. Anthony Parks, is engaging the attention of the St. Paul legal department. The records show that the amount was invested in city certificates in order that it might be kept intact, but beyond that nothing has been found, not even the certificates. This transaction took place about four years ago.

PORCH CLIMBERS ARE BOLD

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Porch climbers, who have been operating in Minneapolis for some time, and who have succeeded in baffling the police many times, were very bold last night and about twenty robberies were committed in all parts of the city. Several houses were robbed while the owners sat in their parlors entertaining guests.

GOT A ONE-SIDED HAIR CUT

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—A clash between the sophomores and freshmen at Hamline university occurred yesteday afternoon. About thirty-five freshmen tried to break up a meeting of twenty-five sophomores. "The rushing" was continued on the campus until Dean Bacheller ordered it stopped. The freshmen had the better of the contest. Angered at the thought of being vanquished by the freshmen, the sophomores went to the boarding house of A. W. Spear, president of the freshmen class, and, stealing up to his room, cut his hair on one side of his head.

SHOE HEADQUARTERS.

Crowds? Crowds Here Daily!

Men's Shoes. Women's Shoes

Just received another 1000 pairs of those famous Burrows Regent Shoes, in patent leather, vici kid and calfskin—all go on sale tomorrow at------ **$3.50**

WRITE FOR NEW FALL SHOE CATALOGUE.



M. S. BURROWS.

Great Hat Sale.

100 cases of swell and popular shapes in Derby and Soft styles—in new brown, pearl and black colors—hats that contain more merit, quality and style than any shown at any hatters at $2.50 and $3.50—and which today are worn by more correct dressers in Duluth than all other makes, are these popular hats at------ ------ **$1.90**

This is Pre-Eminently Duluth's Greatest Clothing Store



Our immense stock, our tremendous assortment of the very best of America's makes prove this assertion. Look where you will—nowhere, not even in the largest cities, can you see more complete lines of higher-class merchandise, the embodiment of artistic tailoring, scientifically constructed to fit all shapes and sizes, in decidedly

Exclusive designs for young men, and elegant patterns for the dignified and quiet tastes—in fact a superb collection to choose from of most dependable clothing—better finished and better fashioned than three-fourths of ready-to-order garments—immense display of Men's and Young Men's Sack Suits. 1000 of the best, most beautiful, fashionable; including New Coronation Suits, all hand tailored, custom-made, new shouldered and new lapeled men's suits shown. Our prices are—

$8.50, $10, $12.50, $15, $18 $20, $25, $30,

No house in Duluth but The Great Eastern offers its patrons the world's best makes to choose from—The Stein-Block Co.. Kuh, Nathan & Fisher; Roberts, Wicks Co., and Burrows Form Fitting.



Men's Union Label Suits, $8.50.

Handsome patterns of Cheviots and Cassimere Sack Suits, tailored up to the minute in fashion—each suit bears the UNION LABEL—Choice—at..... **$8.50** and up to $15.00.

Special Offer on Fall Overcoats!

Men's very finest Fall Overcoats, made of the most expensive fabrics and many lined with the costliest pure dye silks—garments that sold last season up to $20—pick them out while they last, tomorrow **$10**

Our Boys' Store is Full of Wonders

Exclusive Modes You Cannot See Elsewhere.

Boys' Sailor Suits—Ages 3 to 12 years prettily made and finished—trimmed with braid and embroidery on shields—heavy cheviots and serges.

$12.50 down to $2.00

Boys' Knee Suits—8 to 16 years—the popular double-breasted style, thoroughly well made of wool materials—coats strongly lined and well tailored throughout—

$15.00 down to $1.95

Three Garment Suits—9 to 16 years—Blue and black Cheviots or Serges—coats cut single-breasted and made with hand placed collars, broad shoulders and form fitting back—

$15.00 down to $4.00

Boys' and Young Men's Overcoats—4 to 20 years—heavy black and Oxford overcoating—also nobby, fancy plaids with strap back—full regulation length—exceptionally well made and trimmed—

$25.00 down to $5.00

Children's Underwear—2 to 18 years—natural wool—camel hair and fleece lined—

$1.00 down to 25c

Young Men's Suits—16 to 20 years, 32 to 36 breast measure; made from heavy serges, cheviots and cassimeres; single or double-breasted coats, with wide, athletic shoulders and form-fitting back. Prices from $22.50 down to. **$6.00**

Boys' Sweaters — sizes from 3 to 18 years—heavy Jersey ribbed in styles, stripes and plain colors—an excellent garment for fall wear. Prices range from $2.50 to **75c**



Underwear Headquarters.

Productions of only the best makers. Assortments the largest in the state



Fleeced-Lined Underwear, per suit ..... 50c to $2.50

Glove-Fitting Elastic Rid Underwear..... 50c to $4.50

Merino Underwear ..... 75c to $5.00

Silk and Wool Underwear, per suit ..... $3.00 to $6.50

Full-fashioned reg. made Underwear ..... $1.50 to $6.50

Heavy Balbriggan Underwear..... $1.00 to $2.50

Fancy Striped Underwear, per suit ..... $1.00 to $4.50

SPECIAL We carry in stock **strictly all wool** heavy weight underwear—which is **guaranteed** absolutely **unshrinkable.** Made by the foremost manufacturers of high grade underwear in the world. Ask to see it.

Buckskin and Chamois Underwear. Union Suits Made to Order.

We fit the short and stout--the tall and thin, as well as men of regular build. Heavy Balbriggan Underwear for those who cannot wear wool.

ALLISON

Opens the Republican Campaign at Mason City, Ia.

Mason City, Iowa, Oct. 10.—Senator Allison spoke here last night, inaugurating the Republican campaign. He was greeted by a large audience. He took occasion to endorse the president for what he had done toward ending the coal strike. Senator Allison said in part:

"I might give many illustrations of how insignificant a part the tariff plays as respects great combinations of capital and how puerile is the remedy proposed for the destruction of all trusts by placing trust made articles on the free list.

"I think it may be said truthfully that more of the trusts would be benefited by the removal of the tariff than would be injured, and when injured to endure any injury more easily than their competitors, who would be practically destroyed.

"The tobacco combination is an illustration of this. The removal of the duties on imported tobacco and its products would not only result in a great loss of revenue to the government, but would be an actual boon to the tobacco combination.

"The cure of the trust evil is of far greater significance and requires more potential remedies. That they will be found I do not doubt.

"That the evils are recognized by all, we know, but whatever we do, let us not saddle the people with quack remedies having their origin in conceptions of free trade.

"The policy of protection is a beneficial one, and whatever changes experience has shown to be needed, will be made by the Republican party.

"The revision proposed by our opponents is one that can only lead to the destructions of our immense industrial interests, interwoven as they are with all other interests occupations and with the destruction of these, disaster and distress will inevitably follow."

A REMARKABLE NEGRO.

Tells Time By Looking at His Hands.

Russellville, Ky., Oct. 10.—Amos Amaziah Morton, aged 39 years, is a local negro with a remarkable and mysterious gift, which neither he nor anyone who has seen him can explain. This gift consists in the ability to tell the time of day by looking in the palm of his hand, and he never misses by more than seven minutes. He says there is a dark-brownish spot which follows the lines of the hand, that it is by observing the location of this spot that he tells the time of day. Another remarkable fact about Morton is his knowledge of the Bible. Any one reads one or more paragraphs Morton can tell the book, chapter and verse and repeats the rest of the chapter. Morton, who is locally known as Bud, is of a quiet, melancholy nature, but popular with both white and black people. He is now employed as janitor in the Herald-Ledger office.

IS A DEAD LETTER

Ordinance Governing the Location of Coal Holes Not Enforced.

Effective a Month and Not a Hole Is Changed.

Provides That Holes Must Be Close to Curb.

About three months ago the council passed an ordinance compelling the removal of coal holes from the inner side of sidewalks to the curb.

All owners of property having coal holes close to the buildings were given two months to change them to the curb or be fined $100.

The time for removal has expired. Not a coal hole has been changed. Not a property owner has been fined. The ordinance is not enforced.

The object of this ordinance was to do away with a nuisance that has long been a great inconvenience to the public.

Coal chutes extend across the sidewalks, causing pedestrians to either climb over them or else walk away around the wagon and team in the middle of the street.

The ordinance was introduced at the time when hard coal was in general use throughout the city, but the nuisance is now much more pronounced since the introduction of soft coal as a result of the big Pennsylvania coal strike.

The soft coal is so much dirtier than the anthracite that people walking within six feet of the chutes over the sidewalks get covered with a fine dust, and persons that attempt to climb over usually need a change of linen.

The ordinance which promises to swell the list of "dead letter" statutes says that no coal hole shall be over 22 inches in width nor be located more than 30 inches from the curb. The penalty for not complying is a fine of $100 or imprisonment not to exceed thirty days.

The coal chute nuisance does not bother men so much as women and children. One woman complained yesterday that she had to take to the middle of the street six times between the Masonic Temple and Lyceum buildings.

A PRACTICAL JOKER.

Horse Let Companions Out of Stable Yard.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 10.—A mystery that for a considerable time worried the Rhodes-Haverty company, and that finally led that firm to offer a reward of $25 for the apprehension of the party guilty of the annoyance, has been explained.

Almost every night recently the gate of the Rhodes-Haverty company's stable yard has been opened and the horses turned out. Every morning the drivers and stable hands would have to scour the neighborhood in search of the animals, and this task soon became an intolerable nuisance in addition to the delay it caused in the starting of the day's work.

Finally the firm offered a reward of $25 for the capture of the practical joker or malicious mischief maker. Joe Orber, a substitute policeman, went after the reward. The other night he secreted himself in the vicinity of the ward and awaited developments. About 2 a. m. he saw the gate swing open and the horses come trooping forth. He hustled into the yard at once, but could find no one to arrest, so he gave chase to the horses, rounded them up and drove them back.

Next night he concealed himself in the yard. Something after midnight he saw the oldest horse in the bunch walk up to the gate, raise the bar with its nose and then let it fall while the gate swung open.

Orberg closed the gate before the horses got out and spent the rest of the night cogitating as to whether or not he should arrest the practical joker.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

DULUTH'S WEELLY INSTALLMENT HOUSE.

Eggs Go Up!

25c A WEEK PAYMENTS OR A $1 A MONTH.



But our line of Clothing does not. You see on account of the large assortment we buy, we save you the middleman's profit. You can have them at

$1 A Week,

OR BY THE MONTH.

We have some Ladies' soiled Macintoshes. Good for rainy or cold weather. Your choice Saturday, 25c and 50c each.

Open Saturday Evenings till 10:30.

GATELY'S, The Liberal Installment Clothier, 8 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

A lady remarked "my boy is rough on clothes." There may be a reason for it. A good many clothes are pretty rough on the boy. Get him the right sort. Suiting his appearance will stimulate his pride.

Crescent Clothes for Boys.

CRESCENT CLOTHES FOR BOYS ARE TO BE HAD IN DULUTH ONLY OF KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY.

IN PRIME CONDITION

Football Team Ready For Hard Game Tomorrow.

To Meet Mechanic Arts Team of St. Paul.

Men Faster and Team Work Better Than Last Week.

Four touchdowns in ten minutes against a rattling good scrub team is not so bad. That was the performance of the high school football team yesterday in the final practice preparatory to meeting the St. Paul Mechanic Arts high school here on Saturday.

"Improving—improving steadily," is Coach Park's answer to all inquiries about the progress of the squad.

And what he says is true. The men are improving. Faster, more united playing and better team work is noticeable to any one who follows the men. The backs get off better and the line men work better with the back triplet than they did last week.

Capt. Potter has not been in the line much this week, spending most of his time on the side line and coaching the other line men. He believes in his team and hopes for a large score on Saturday in favor of the local men.

Improvement in the regulars seems contagious, for the scrubs seem to keep pace with the first team, playing a better game in the practice scrimmages than at any time this year. Coach Park thinks well of their work and his hopes for a good team next season after all of the veteran seniors have graduated are rising.

The manager of the Mechanic Arts team warned Manager Dash, of the local aggregation, before the game was arranged, that his school would have one of the best teams that it has ever had. This and all other evidences point to the belief that St. Paul is very confident of winning Saturday's game.

They made a good showing last week in their game against the Omaha railway employes and with their heavy line and fast backs they expect easy work in pounding the local boys out of the game.

The secret practice which the Duluth boys have indulged in all week make it very improbable that St. Paul possesses any inside information concerning the tactics of the team beyond what they might have gleaned from the St. Cloud players, who spent Sunday in St. Paul. The local men are very careful this year in the officials they select to take charge of the games and a thoroughly clean, fast game is looked for tomorrow.

Men injured in last Saturday's game with St. Cloud are nearly all back in good condition so the team will not be handicapped by men who are not able to play the best game they are capable of.

At 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon the teams will line up as follows:

Mechanic Arts.	Duluth.
Sudheimer	left end..... Whipple
Mannheimer	left tackle..... Berg
Prendergast	left guard..... Howard
Smith	center..... Safford.
Pennington	right guard ..... Richards
Cox	right tackle..... Potter
Geraghty	right end..... Olson
Fitzsimmons	quarter..... Peterson
Tostevin or	
Judgons	left half..... Harrison
Taylor	right half..... Cummings
Cant Larkin	full back..... Bradley

Manager Dash sent transportation to the St. Paul team yesterday. They will arrive here either this evening or tomorrow morning. They will be quartered at the St. Louis hotel. No definite arrangements have been made as yet for their entertainment.

JUST LIKE POCAHONTAS.

Taylor's Life Saved By a Chief's Daughter.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 10.—E. M. Taylor, a well known Manchester man, whose five years' absence from home without explanation led his family to mourn him as lost, has just returned and tells a thrilling story of his three years' imprisonment by cannibals in one of the Samoan islands. That Mr. Taylor escaped death is miraculous, as several of his companions were instantly slain upon capture.

His escape is due to the fact that one of the chief's daughters—Yahow by name—became enamored of him, and, as in the case of John Smith, interceded for his life and was granted the boon by her father. Mr. Taylor, however, was imprisoned for three years, finally escaping and, swimming two miles, reached a tramp oyster sloop bound for Honolulu.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

THE STAGE

Tonight at the Lyceum "The Little Outcast" will be presented. It is a melodrama with an elaborate scenic embellishment. Stirring scenes and thrilling situations. E. J. Carpenter is the proprietor of the company and promises a production meritorious in every way.

• • •

Amelia Bingham, who has entered the field of theatrical management, will present to Duluthians tomorrow evening at the Lyceum a company presenting "A Modern Magdalen," the play in which she has met with such success. In the presentation will be seen W. J. Ferguson, Franklin Roberts, Daniel Jarrett, Victor M. de Silke, Harry Lillford, Bernard C. McGuire, Frederick Leet, Agnes Findlay, Katherine Fisher, Maud Furness, Grace Cornish, Eveline Haven, Lillian Wright and Roselle Knott.

• • •

"The Sultan of Sulu," the Ade-Wathall musical satire, with its scenes laid in the island of Sulu and its many humorous situations built around the famous Sultan Ki-ram and his wives, will be at the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday evenings and Wednesday afternoon.

The tuneful satire will be produced in this city with the original company that scored a furious success in Chicago for three months last spring. Manager Savage has given the "Sultan" a most extravagant investiture in the shape of scenery and costumes. The principal members of the company include Frank Moulan, who made the great Chicago hit in the title role; Fred Frear, as the irrepressible secretary; Robert Lett, as the doughty Col. Budd; Templar Saxe, the celebrated English baritone, as Lieut. Hardy; Charles Giblyn, as Wakeful Jones, the enterprising commercial traveler; Maud Lillian Berri, the celebrated prima donna, as Henrietta Budd; Gertrude Quinlan, in the attractive role of Chiquita, the sultan's favorite wife and a Filipino soubrette; Blanche Chapman, as Pamela Jackson, the judge advocate; E. J. Flannigan and John Fogarty, as the sultan's ebony-hued attendants.

C. Haney, Geneva, O., says: "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns, wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Max Wirth.

PRINCE DISAPPEARED.

Scion of Royalty From Africa Is Missing.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—All the way from Yowah, Zolofland, in West Central Africa, came a scion of dark-skinned royalty to get an education at the University of Pennsylvania, and now he is dropped completely out of sight.

It is possible that he has returned to his native jungle because the circlerium of the university proved too severe for him and he "flunked" at the end of the first term.

It was last fall that Prince Yuca was entered at Pennsylvania for a course in art and science. He was 25 years old and fluently spoke languages, including English, as he had already been in American institutions.

Ten years ago the Rev. David A. Hay, of the Muhlenberg Lutheran Mission to Africa, found out the Yowah tribe, who are Mohommedans. They are a... intelligent, and some of them remarkably well educated.

Dr. Hay converted all the members of the royal family to Lutheranism. The king then was Yuca's grandfather, a man of wealth, and when the young prince had been baptized in the Lutheran church the monarch decided to send him abroad for an education.

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure. If you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.



Outward Signs of Good Breeding Good breeding never carried a man into good society without good shoes. **Good things stick together.**

We have the best shoes made. The custom made kind minus the custom price. There is no line of shoes in the country equal to **Brockton $2.50 and $3.50 shoes** for quality and value. The new fall line is the largest collection of patent colt, enamel, box calf, velour and vici ever shown in the city by any shoe dealer. **Remember we guarantee every pair.** Write or call for our 1902-3 catalogue. It is full of illustrations of the finest shoes.



LEADERS IN FINE SHOES FOR MEN.

Brockton Shoe Co.,

311 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

This Week **PHILLIPS & CO** This Week

CLEARANCE SALE!

We are forced to name unprecedentedly low prices, in order to make a clean sweep of the A. Newmon & Co. Shoes. If you want to save big money, it will more than pay you to visit this store Saturday. Come early, for it will be a long while before you will ever have such a golden opportunity to make your dollars do double duty.

Ladies' Shoes.

Ladies' fine dongola kid shoes, lace only, patent and kid tips, light and heavy soles, Newmon's price $2.75, clearance price_____ **$1.98**

Ladies' fine dongola kid shoes, lace only, patent and kid tips, light and heavy soles, Newmon's price $2.25, clearance price_____ **$1.69**

Ladies' patent colt, vici kid and box calf shoes, all new and up-to-date styles, Newmon's price $3.00— clearance price_____ **$2.39**

Ladies' patent kid enamel and vici kid shoes, light and heavy soles, kid and patent tips, Newmon's price $3.50 — clearance price— per pair— only_____ **$2.98**

School Shoes.

Boys' heavy box calf School Shoes, solid leather soles, every pair warranted to give satisfaction, Newmon's price, $1.75, clearance price, per pair_____ **$1.39**

Little gents' satin calf School Shoes, extra heavy, just the thing for school wear, Newmon's price, $1.25, clearance price_____ **98c**

Misses' Dongola kid and box calf School Shoes, kid and patent tips, light and heavy soles, Newmon's price, $2.50, clearance price, per pair, only_____ **$1.69**

Misses' fine Dongola kid School Shoes, kid and patent tips, all sizes, Newmon's price, $1.35, clearance price___ **98c**

Men's Shoes.

Men's patent colt vici kid enamel and velour calf shoes, light and heavy soles, all new and up-to-date styles, Newmon's price, $5.00, clearance price_____ **$3.69**

Men's patent calf vici kid and velour calf shoes, heavy and light soles, Newmon's price, $4.00, clearance price_____ **$2.69**

Men's vici kid and box calf shoes, light and heavy soles. These shoes are made with solid leather soles, Newmon's price, $2.50, clearance price_____ **$1.89**

Men's satin calf shoes, heavy and light soles, will give good satisfaction, Newmon's price, $2.00, clearance price_____ **$1.39**

☞ We Repair Shoes as they ought to be repaired—strictly hand work. ☜

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

The Regeneration Of Jim Sprang

By Arthur Hoover.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

When Jim Sprang sent back his brand new annual pass forwarded him by the K. J. & Z. road there was great excitement in the general offices of that road. The general passenger agent scented mischief at once and considered the matter of sufficient importance to take up with the second vice president and that official sent for Mr. Culver, who bore the title of general counsel, but who was never seen in court, but was seen always and often in the state capital during sessions of the legislature and at political conventions and in cities when municipal action affecting the railroad interests was pending.

Enter Mr. Culver, sleek and rotund and slightly bald and wholly noiseless and unobtrusive.

"Looks like Jim had a knife up his sleeve," he said thoughtfully, upon reading the letter. "I'll see him at once."

If the officials were surprised at the return of the pass they were stunned at the news brought a few days later by Mr. Culver. It was to the effect that Sprang wanted absolutely nothing; had just decided that he could afford to pay his fare when he traveled.

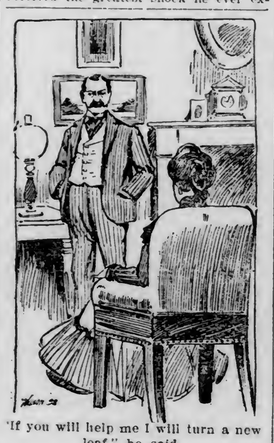
"Intends to hold up good and strong when the bills come up," remarked the second vice president, thoughtfully. "Thinks he can get more money if he don't accept other favors and poses as a reformer."

"I'm not sure about it," replied Culver. "He says he is in favor of the bills with slight amendment and assured me that he did not take this course through any hostility to the railroad interests—even enjoined me to see that the matter did not become public—said he didn't want to pose as a reformer nor do the 'honest Jim' act. Maybe he's on the square, but his record certainly is against it. He's lived off politics ever since he was a boy. I guess he'll bear watching."

As time went on the course of Sprang became even more erratic and occasioned great perturbation not only to the railway companies, but also to his colleagues in the legislature and in politics. Early in the session he declined to receive his "bit" from a little fund of mysterious origin, which was regularly available for those members who were effective and "right." Nobody had ever been asked to do anything in return for this little fund. In fact, all there was to it was that a certain corporation adopted this manner to keep the leaders friendly rather than await the introduction of "sandbagging" measures and the pension idea so tickled the "boys" that they passed over that corporation in considering possibilities in the nature of adverse bills.

Then Sprang declined to go into the Consolidated Electric pool, although a cool thousand was flashed before his eyes, but on the contrary went in against the bills and through his thorough knowledge of the methods of the "fellows" was able to organize the "dead ones" so effectively that the bills were defeated. At the last moment he was approached with a proposition to name his own price and all the fellows came to him with tears in their eyes and reproached him with the injury he was doing them. Their several "bits" were dependent upon the passage of the bills. But Sprang was firm, although apparently sympathetic and good natured. When he voted for the bills in which the K. J. & Z. railway people were interested, a lot of people winked knowingly, but Mr. Culver was more mystified than ever, for he knew that Sprang had refused to take a cent or a favor, saying good-naturedly that he was going to vote for the bills anyway, because he thought them just and a good thing for the people.

The truth of the whole matter is that Jim Sprang's change of heart and conduct was not at all strange. There was a woman at the bottom of it. Two days before he sent back the pass to the K. J. & Z. he would have bet his last dollar at any odds that he would never do such a foolish thing. Of course he appreciated the fact that he was very much interested in Margaret Fleming, but he could not foresee the effect of that interest. His infatuation for Margaret was a peculiar thing of itself. How it happened that this keen, shrewd man of the world, this politician whose creed was based on the motto that the end always justified the means, this man whose chief relaxation all his life had been in conviviality with hale companions, should fall heels over head in love with the delicate, grave-eyed, serious-minded idealist, Margaret Fleming, nobody could figure out. But he did and one evening he told her so and received the greatest shock he ever experienced when she turned from him almost with loathing and told him how she would as soon think of marrying a convict in striped clothes as to yoke herself with a man so lacking in a sense of honor that he would use power given him by the people for his personal gain. He asked, somewhat hotly, for specifications, and out of his own mouth did the clear-minded girl convict him and make him to see affairs in a perspective he never before had gazed into. Looking into her clear gray eyes he saw himself in a light that made him loathe himself.



"If you will help me I will turn a new leaf," he said.

He was a man of quick decision—his greatest success in politics had been won by that quality. In an instant he made a resolve and asked the girl if he could live up to her ideals could she look upon him with more favor. She smiled incredulously and replied that she certainly could, that she always had a personal admiration for him and had grieved sincerely because he had failed to make the most of himself.

"If you will help me I will turn a new leaf," he said. "I do not ask that you respond to my affection, but you know the ideal side of my nature—if there is one—has not been cultivated very assiduously and I will need a lot of advice and encouragement. Of course I will hope that if I make myself worthy, you may become something more to me than an advisor, but I will be satisfied until I show you the sincerity of my reform to have you for a counsellor and a friend."

There was nothing for her to do but to accept the situation—and indeed she was glad to do so, for she was an earnest little piece and reflected that it would be a great work for any woman to rescue a man like James Sprang from Mammon. And so Sprang put away from himself all the unclean things with which he had been mixed. It was hard because he had to retrench most severely in his expenditures and more especially because he saw that he would likely sacrifice his political career entirely. He could not hope by such a radical change to propitiate the "better element," who would regard his conversion with deep suspicion and he would lose all influence with the politicians by opposing their schemes. But he faced the situation squarely and made the change quietly and unobtrusively.

Late in the session a measure granting great powers to a corporation was up and faced certain defeat unless a few votes could be won over. The measure was not notoriously bad and was favored by many honest and reputable citizens. One day an agent of the corporation approached Sprang and said:

"Here, Sprang, this bill is all right. It will be for the best interest of the people. Of course it will be a good thing for us. Now if you will vote for the bill I am sure it will pass and, if in that case, I am authorized to offer you a position with our people at $10,000 a year on a ten-year contract. That will give you a better and surer living than you can get out of politics and if you want to stay in politics it can be arranged."

It was a terrible temptation to Sprang, who had no profession nor business and who was getting into a serious financial condition from his change of policy.

He went to Margaret Fleming with the matter, laying the entire case before her and pointing out the arguments that could honestly be made for the measure.

"You will have to decide for yourself as to the merit of the measure," she said quietly. "But the position is as much of a bribe as cash would be. It isn't the size or kind of a bribe that makes it right or wrong."

Sprang voted against the bill and struggled on.

Then came the greatest trial that could come to a man like Sprang. An election was on for United States senator and there was a long deadlock. Finally it became evident that none of the candidates could be elected and the leaders of the puarty got together and figured out a dibolical scheme. Now, that all members were released from their instructions, they would give the nomination to Jim Sprang if he in turn would withdraw his opposition to the various bills that he had held up and upon the passage of which the profit of the session depended. Then did Sprang go to Margaret in a tremble of excitement.

"It's the opportunity of a lifetime," he exclaimed. "It opens the way to a great career. Will you go to Washington as the wife of a senator?

"Not a dishonest one," she replied, smiling. "The offer comes to you because your honesty thus far has raised your price. It's the same thing, bribery, bribery. You must be one thing or the other, a thief or an honest man."

He looked long and thoughtfully out of the window. Finally he said, "An honest man it is, then."

Then she flung her arms about his neck and he knew that he had decided for the best.

He was to have one more test, however, and this time a very different one. Margaret's brother, to whom she had been both sister and mother and who was literally the apple of her eye, looked upon the wine when it was red one night, became entangled in a drunken brawl and killed a man. In spite of all that could be done for the young man he was convicted and sentenced to a long term in the penitentiary. Sprang set in motion all the influence he could control and went to the governor to ask for a pardon for the boy. He went back to Margaret white and trembling.

"He says he will do it if I vote for the bills endorsed by the 'organization,'" he said hoarsely.

"Oh, you must do it," she cried, going down on her knees, and burying her head in her hands. "My God, it is terrible, but I cannot stand it to have Bob in prison. Promise them anything, only that Bob is saved. You will, won't you, dear?"

Again he looked long and thoughtfully out of the window. Then he said gently: "I must be one thing or the other, a thief or an honest man and an honest man it is."

"God help me, I cannot do therwise. You taught me to walk uprightly, and now I can walk alone."

He staggered from the house, leaving her sobbing on the floor.

Case Still on.

The disputed land case of the Buffalo Land Exploration company against Hugh P. Strong et al, in district court, is not yet finished and stipulations filed today indicate that the case will not be finished with the decision of district court, that whichever way the court renders a decision, ninety days will be given the other side to prepare bills of exceptions and ask for a new trial. This morning the counsel for the plaintiff put in argument, and this afternoon Mr. Brennan is arguing for the defendant, Strong.

SHOT BY HUNTERS

Boy Shot Down In Country Road and Left Alone.

Three Bullets Take Effect In His Leg--- May Die.

Perpetrator of Injury Skips Away, Leaving Boy Alone.

The first of the usual fall series of hunting accidents is at hand, and it is of a peculiarly careless and atrocious nature.

Emil Gustafson, a 13-year-old boy, was shot from the woods while walking along a country road yesterday, and the individual whose rifle sped the bullet passed on and left him lying there until somebody else found him and brought him to Duluth.

Two shots were fired, and a rifle bullet and two buckshot took effect in his right leg.

The boy may possibly lose his life, though there are strong hopes for his recovery, with the probabilities on that side of the issue. At any rate, he is likely to lose his leg through somebody's carelessness.

Gustafson, who lives on a farm in Grand Lake township, was walking along the Hermantown road about ten miles out of the city yesterday when he heard a rifle shot and felt a bullet strike his leg. Then he heard a second shot, and two buckshot took effect in the same leg.

The first bullet was from a rifle, and it was a 44-caliber. It passed through his leg below the knee, smashing the bone. The buckshot struck his right knee.

A yell of pain and fright came from the lad as he dropped to the road. No one answered. The person that fired the shots either did not hear or feared to face the result of his carelessness.

The boy remained in the road, unable to move and suffering terribly. Finally he was discovered, and he was brought to the city this morning.

He is at St. Mary's hospital, and Dr. G. W. Davis is attending him. He was resting more easily this afternoon, and there is much encouragement in his condition. Even if he lives, however, it will be a difficult matter to save his right leg.

This is the first hunting accident of the season, but if the usual carelessness is displayed there will be many more. A disheartening feature of many of these accidents is the cowardly manner in which those whose carelessness brings death or injury to others sneak away without even endeavoring to find out if they can do anything to lessen the evil results of their criminal negligence.

ONCE MORE.

Capt. William Hoy Again Charged With Assault.

More troubles of tugmen were aired in police court today.

For the third time within a week Capt. William Hoy of the Tugmen's union was found guilty of assaulting a non-union man.

Frank Loveulette, a non-union fireman, entered a plea of guilty to pulling a gun on a union man.

The Hoy case was the most interesting. His attorney insisted that he was being persecuted instead of prosecuted, and recited the fact that he had been a law abiding citizen of Duluth for eleven years without getting into trouble until he was forced to land on a few strike-breakers in self-defense.

Capt. Hoy himself addressed the court, saying that it was not so much a matter of paying fines that worried him as it was the reputation he was getting from constant arrests.

He said that there seemed to be a general impression that he was out looking for trouble with the non-union men, but he wished it understood that he had no desire to mix up in street fights, except when the fighting was forced on him.

The non-union men present seemed a little skeptical of this statement, and Judge Gearhart told Hoy that if the non-union men abused him it would not be necessary to retaliate with fists, but to swear out warrants for their arrests. He was fined $5 and costs, amounting to $11 in all.

Frank Loveulette, the non-union fireman arrested, was swalking up from the trust tug office recently, when, he says, he was confronted by a number of union men. One exclaimed:

"We've got you now!"

"I then pulled my gun," said Loveulette, and said: "You fellows had better keep your hands off me."

He, too, was fined $5 and costs and admonished to quit carrying concealed weapons.

The feeling between the two factions seems to be about as bitter as ever, and it is rather amusing to see bunches of four or five non-union men and union men cautiously watching each other in the court corridors or on the streets.

Among the prominent, non-union leaders interested in the proceedings against Capt. Hoy this morning was Capt. James Taylor, late of the trust tug Abbott, who shot George Wilson of the tug Raber, over at West Superior several months ago, when the strike was at its height.

RELEASED.

Thomas Fenlon Admitted to Bail In Sum of $500.

Thomas Fenlon, of Tower, who was yesterday brought down and lodged in the county jail, charged with the murder of Gust Anderson, was released from custody yesterday under bonds of $500. His bond was furnished by A. J. McGee and John Brown, of this city. Mr. Fenlon has joined his family at the Arlington and will have medical attendance until the grand jury meets. It is claimed that the impression given that he has the typhoid fever is wrong, that he has been sick for some time with a fever, but his chief trouble is the inflammation in the cords of his neck.

Mr. Fenlon, as was stated yesterday, has but the use of the right hand and arm, the left arm being crushed accidentally when he was brakeman on the South Shore road, several years ago. He is hopeful that with good care he will be feeling all right when his case comes to trial, and says he has no lack of friends to give him all the assistance he needs.

BENEDICT APPOINTED.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The president has appointed Clifford L. Benedict postmaster at Mankato, Minn.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Fall and winter coats

for misses' and children.



We offer tomorrow some very attractive values in Misses' and Children's Coats that have just arrived—among them is a large shipment of that especially attractive coats in sizes 6 to 14, which we have been selling in very large quantities at $5.75—a coat that is not duplicated by any other house in the city at the price. They are made of heavy Melton cloth, red, castor, brown and navy, with nice shoulder cape corded—this garment is said to be the equal of any garment sold in the city at from a dollar to two or more.

At $6.75—We offer a line of Children's Wool Beaver Cloth Coats with large deep cape and trimmed with velvet; in tan, castor, brown and navy shades—equal to anything sold about the city at from $8.00 to $9.00.

At $10.75—Fine Coats of imported Kersey Cloth, lined throughout; double-breasted, with pretty cape—all shades.

At $11.50, $12.50 and $15.00—Our lines at these prices are particularly strong. Some of them in the new Monte Carlo styles, others in the Russian Hunting Coat effect; also in the plain, nobby cape Coats with hood and satin lined; red, cadet blue, navy, brown, castor and tan.

We shall also continue to offer for tomorrow the following important values

Specials in Misses' Jackets—

$8.75—A 21-inch Jacket, made of fine all wool Kersey—double-breasted—high storm collar and flare sleeve—Satin lined—a regular $10.75 value in tans, castor and black.

$13.50—Fine Monte Carlo Coats, made from all wool Kersey, with wide Velvet collar, new flare sleeve, strap seams and fine satin lined—tan, castor and black.

$18.50—45-inch Monte Carlo Coats, high storm collar, full satin lined, trimmed with Panne Velvet, in tans, castor and black—a regular $21.50 value.

Misses' Walking Skirts—

$6.75—Made of fine allwool imported Cheviot, in light gray, made in the new kilted styles, regular $8.75 value.

Women's Suits—

$12.50—The best Walking Suit in the city, in black and Oxford—made with the stylishly fashioned Russian Blouse—a regular $15.00 value.

$19.50—Fine Tailored Dress Suits, or Walking Suits, of fine all-wool Cheviots, in black, gray, brown and green mixtures—a good $22.50 value.

Monte Carlo Coats—

$14.50—Made of fine all-wool Kersey Cloth, full satin lined—velvet collar—flare sleeve.

$17.50—Made of fine all-wool Kersey, full satin lined, double-strapped seams, new flarable breasted velvet collar—sleeve—in castor and black—a good $20.00 value.

Walking Skirts—

Walking Skirts have established a place for themselves in the wardrobe of up-to-date women.

It's mainly a question of which store has the best fashioned—those that are smart to wear and not shapeless.

Well dressed women come to this store, because they know that our styles are absolutely correct.

Some especially good values at $6.75. Tailored in the best possible manner, and of splendid materials.

Furs, Furs—

$6.75—Marten cluster scarfs, with eight Marten tails, fully guaranteed, regular $8.75 value.

$9.75—Sable and Isabelle Fox Scarfs with large fox tails, made of one large skin. Now is the time to purchase your scarf or coat, have it laid away while the stock it at its best.

Fall Waists—

$2.75—A fine French Flannel Waist, made with rows of tucking on front and back and embroidered fronts. A regular $3.50 value in reds, green, navy, cadet blue, black and cream.

$3.75—A fine Cashmere, made with yoke effect in front and accordeon pleated. Tailor stitched in white, in reds, blues, green, black. A regular $4.50 value.

$5.00, $5.75 and $6.50—Our line of fine Prunella Cloths at these prices are very strong, made in various styles, all tailor stitched throughout, and some of the pleated effects, piped with silk to match the goods, in red, navy, baby blue, royal blue, pink, cream and green.

Winter Weight White Cotton Waists—

In Madras cloths, basket cloths, etamines, cheviots and piques, made in the smartest styles of the season, from $3.00 to $10.75.

Fashionable Trimmed Hats at $4.75—

In the new "Sheperdess" shape, in all the new shades of beaver, trimmed with splendid materials and ostrich feathers.

McCall's Fashions for November now ready.

Get a McCall's Fashion Bazar Free.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Johnson, of 108 West First street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

AS LATEST STYLE IN COMPLEXION is a satin skin, why not be up to date and use exquisite Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c. "Nicest ever."

A SCANDINAVIAN BOY, WITH GOOD education and some experience as clerk, wants a position of any kind. F 25, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in general housework. One who can go home nights. Apply at 510 East Third street.

CARD OF THANKS.

I WISH TO SINCERELY THANK MY former neighbors of Floodwood for their kindness to me at the time of the death of my daughter, Sept. 16, when my entire family was ill. C. M. STEVENS.

DEATHS.

BROWN—Minnie McLean Brown, wife of Glenn C. Brown, died Thursday, Oct. 9, at the home of her parents, No. 3 East Fourth street. Notice of funeral will be published hereafter.

MATTOCKS—The funeral of the late Emily Richardson Mattocks, wife of Brewer Mattocks, Jr., was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the family residence, 326 Third avenue west.

STEVENS—Mrs. C. M. Stevens, of Floodwood, died Oct. 9, at St. Mary's hospital. The remains were forwarded to St. Paul for burial.

Undertaking and Embalming

Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest. **C. O. NELSON,** Open day and night. 1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both 'Phones.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gust Anderson and Blenda Peterson.

R. N. Carter and Mary Parker.

Leon Hamlin and Rose Woods.

Edward N. Schulte and Clara B. Anderson.

GETS OFF LIGHTLY

St. Louis County Valuations Are But Little Disturbed.

State Board of Equalization Is Easy on This County.

Real Estate Left Unchanged---Few Personal Property Changes.

The state board of equalization cast its thunderbolts in various directions over the state, making some extraordinarily large raises, but St. Louis county came out of it with less changes than almost any other county in the state.

State Auditor Dunn, just before leaving for St. Paul this afternoon, received through the mail a copy of the sheet announcing the changes made by the board in different parts of the state.

No changes in real estate valuations were made in this county, though a number of other counties had increases running all the way from 5 to 75 per cent.

St. Louis county got several increases in different items of personal property, but even on that she escaped better than most of the counties. One change in this county was an increase of 1 per cent in the bank stock of the First National bank, of Duluth.

Diamonds and jewelry throughout St. Louis county are increased 25 per cent, and dogs were increased 20 per cent. These are the only general increases applying throughout the county. While some counties were increased on a dozen to twenty different items. There were a number of special changes in this county, affecting separate districts, though even on these this county got off well.

One big increase, applying only to Duluth, was under the head of "credits of unincorporated banks," which were raised 200 per cent. Moneys of unincorporated banks were increased 25 per cent in the city of Duluth also.

Material and manufactured articles of manufacturers were increased 25 per cent in the towns of Allen and Morse and the cities of Tower and Virginia.

Moneys of incorporated banks were increased 25 per cent in the village of Hibbing, 40 per cent in the city of Tower, 50 per cent in the village of Biwabik and 100 per cent in the city of Ely.

Shares of bank stock were increased 20 per cent in the village of Hibbing.

These are all of the changes in this county, and it is a very small list comparatively. It is small compared with other counties, and small compared with other years.

"The way the board was hitting at other counties," said County Auditor Halden this afternoon, "I did not know but we would have a particularly difficult task to make the changes on our tax books. The board has let us off very easily, however."

MAY ASSIST.

Trades Assembly May Aid In Getting City Half Holiday.

The Federated Trades' assembly may take up the fight of city employes for a Saturday half-holiday the year through.

The assembly tonight will probably be asked to endorse a resolution commending the action of the council in declaring a half-holiday, and urging the aldermen to stand by their action.

While Mayor Hugo is not mentioned, such a resolution would be in direct opposition to his views, for he says that he will not sign the half-holiday resolution, for the reason that it would seriously interfere with the transacion of public business.

Those in favor of the half holiday say that the government departments in Washington give their employes a half holiday every Saturday.

It is claimed that some of the delegates of the assembly take the same view of the Saturday closing that Mayor Hugo takes, and one prominent member today said that he had his doubts about the proposed resolution receiving the sanction of the assembly.

VERY LIGHT.

Registration Thus Far Is the Lightest on Record.

The lightest registration on record took place yesterday.

People do not seem to attach much importance to the special election of Oct. 23, and in precincts where 200 votes are registered on the first day for a general election but 10 and 15 registered yesterday.

The second day of registration is today and the last day is next Thursday.

Persons registering for the general election by voting at the primary election are not registered for the special election, and those registering for the special election are not registered for the general election unless they have voted at the primaris.

BRICK FOR FUEL.

Soaked In Kerosene Makes a Good Fire.

New York, Oct. 10.—There need be no more worry about having to cook the dinner without coal. The washerwoman who did not expect to be able to iron and heat the boiler much longer with anthracite at $20 and more a ton, may rest easy. As long as kerosene oil is cheap and the brickmakers keep at it, nobody's stove need be cold. With one of the ordinary terra cotta bricks with which fire-proof buildings are largely constructed, and less than a cent's worth of kerosene, you can cook a dinner, heat the boiler and be comfortably warm for nearly an hour. With a relay of bricks and a little more kerosene the stove can be kept going all day with little more trouble than it costs to replenish the ordinary coal fire. Why nobody proclaimed it before can hardly be explained for the fact that very porous brick and kerosene can be used for fuel in this way has been known to the brickmakers ever since they began to manufacture these bricks years ago. But the brickmakers never thought of coming out as public benefactors and incidentally selling more bricks until Adolf Muller, of the firm of Henry Maurer & Son, which manufactures this particular style of fire-proof building material, told about its use in a letter published today.

The letter set forth the fact that if an ordinary flat hollow terra cotta brick is plunged in kerosene for a few seconds and then ignited it will burn from half an hour to an hour, throwing out great heat at an infinitisimal cost. A few people have known that, and in some places in the country it has been a practice to use a pile of oil-soaked bricks in an open grate to take the chill off a room.

Kodol makes sick people well and weak people strong, by digesting what they eat. Take a dose after meals. Max Wirth.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

Suits, Coats, Evening Wraps and Furs. The Model Garments.....

It's not a question of *how much you pay* for a garment, but *how much you get for what you pay*. A garment without merit is dear at any price. Our rich, effective and exclusive modes are the essence of elegance, and are built with a painstaking care that admits of no comparison. Not only is this true, but the prices are the lowest possible to be found elsewhere—quality considered. For Saturday the arrangement of wanted garments at special price concessions will awaken your sharpest buying instinct. Read them, they're worth your careful perusal.

WOMEN'S BOX JACKETS—Made of best quality Kersey—Monte Carlo style—slot seams—colors Castor and Black—lined with best quality satin—all sizes—would be cheap at $16.00—very special Saturday..... **$14.00**

WOMEN'S LONG COATS—In blue and castor, 45 inches long, half fitted back, stitched yoke—strapped seams, storm collar, double breasted, lined with best quality satin, should be $20.00—special Saturday selling **$18.00**

WOMEN'S 27-in JACKET—Made of good quality Kersey cloth, in Castor, Black or Tan—silk lined—storm collar—double breasted—this Jacket will compare with the $10 jackets tooted by others, our Saturday price will be. **$7.50**

VELVET BLOUSE JACKETS—We are having a tremendous run on Velour and Monte Carlo Jackets—a new shipment received will add vim to the selling—they are beautiful garments—lined with white satin, have large gun metal buttons, military collar and silk belt—priced at—

$45.00 $27.50 and down to $25.00

33-in MONTE CARLO COATS—Made of all-wool Kersey—double breasted—inverted plait box back—storm collar, satin lined, easily worth $22.50—for Saturday—special at..... **$18.00**

$6.00 WALKING SKIRTS, $5.00—Made of all-wool Melton cloth, in Gray and Black—the very latest styles—cut with double ruffle flounce—sold every day at $6.00—for Saturday only..... **$5.00**

FLANNEL WAISTS—New, just received an excellent assortment of styles—specially priced to introduce, at—

$1.75 $2.50 $3.00 and $3.50

WHITE PIQUE WAISTS—Heavy weight for fall and winter wear—nobby styles—large fancy buttons on front—these Waists should sell for $2.50—at the Saturday price of..... **$1.50**

BLACK SILK TAFFETA WAISTS—New styles, new ideas—made of best quality of Taffeta—perfect fitting—dressmaker made—sizes to fit all—sold elsewhere at $5.50—our price Saturday..... **$4.75**

FURS—*Not quite cold enough to buy just now, perhaps, but a good time to look around and inspect the different lines. You'll find our Fur section holding out many tempting inducements in assortment, styles and prices.* In fact we are price economy personified in the selling of high-grade Furs. Visit this section if you would benent yourself in every way.



Saturday—Children's Day Again—

We want the children to feel that this is as much a children's store (our Cloak section)—as it is for grown people—a store where the peculiar needs of each stage of childhood are carefully considered. We have paid particular attention to our Juvenile apparel—bring the little ones and partake in the banquet of bargains here Saturday.

Children's 3-4 School Coats—Made of heavy weight Beaver cloth, in castor only, double-breasted, with braid or velvet trimmings, storm collar, would be cheap at $5.50—Saturday..... **$4.50**

$7.50 Misses' Jackets $5.00—A SNAP! 100 of these—fine Kersey Cloth Jackets—in Red, Blue and Castor, with Farmer's storm collar, never sold for less than $7.50, special for Saturday only. **$5.00**

THE CHARM OF MILLINERY



Portrayed in the Parisian designs and the creations from our own inimitable workrooms is nothing short of marvelous. All the originative power of the designer has been brought into play in the effort to produce new and unexpected effects. That they have succeeded is clearly evident by an inspection of the elegant style show of fashionable headwear. The children's hats are exceptionally pretty this season. Big hats and little hats and bonnets galore—all in the newest ideas in juvenile millinery. Our showing of high grade headwear is incomparable, we invite you to inspect it, and offer the following low price inducements—for Saturday only.

Walking Hats—made of scratch felt, trimmed with quills. Two color effects—white with brown, white with blue and white with green. Also plain colors—chic, stylish hats that you would not hesitate to pay $3.50 for at the regular price. For Saturday only..... **$2.75**

Children's Tams—There are destined to be very popular for school wear. Made of shaggy angora wool, in white, blue, black, brown and mottled effects. A special value at 75c. For Saturday only..... **50c**

Children's Cloth Tams—Every shape imaginable in all the correct materials. A splendid assortment. Priced within the means of all. From $1.50 down to..... **25c**

Flannel Night Robes and other Saturday Specials for the Men.

This popular men's section is ever alive to the needs of its patrons—and now has the pleasure of showing you the best assortment of men's furnishings in the city at incomparable prices. For Saturday the savings are most pronounced—for instance—

Flannel Night Robes—Best quality of outing flannel, in genteel designs and colorings, 58 inches long, 94 inches wide at the bottom, with deep hem, tucked yoke, finished with hemstitched hem of plain color, to match color of gown. The best style garment shown this season, would be cheap at $1.25—Saturday **$1.00**

Wright's Health Underwear—Heavy fleeced shirts and drawers, silk finished, pearl buttons, well worth $1.25. For Saturday—per garment only..... **$1.00**

Kizer's Barathea Cravats—A new and novel showing of these famous new style four-in-hands in a vast selection of colors—specially priced for Saturday at—per garment..... **50c**

Men's Fancy Hose—Lisle and cashmere, all in the new and dainty stripes, dots and embroidered insteps—exclusive stores ask 75c for this quality—our Saturday price..... **50c**

Men's Wool and Merino Hose—In black, natural gray and camel's hair colors—sold regularly at 20c, our special Saturday price..... **15c**

Wet Weather and Winter Shoe.

Just at this season of the year are clamoring for your attention. The problem of securing a shoe for all occasions—and at the lowest possible price—is easily solved if you read over, and attend these special Saturday leaders—for example—we offer $4.00 and $5.00 Wright & Peter's shoes at only..... **$2.00**

It isn't very often a bargain of this magnitude is offered to shoe buyers, and judging from the tremendous selling yesterday the public are aware of it. We'll close out the entire line by night, so if you havent been one of the lucky ones you better come early. Just think of it $4.00 and $5.00 shoes—and High Grade Shoes at that for..... **$2.00**

Misses' Dongola Shoes—Patent or stock tip — laced or buttoned—heavy or light sole—regular value $1.50 and $2.00 at the Saturday price of..... **$1.00**

Misses' Vici Kid Shoes—Extension sole — City Heel—laced patent tip—New last—An unusual value at the regular price of $2.50 Saturday's price..... **$2.00**

Boy's Satin Calf Shoes—Heavy sole—Low Heel — laced — just the shoe for rough wear—sold regularly at $1.75. Saturday's price, at only..... **$1.35**

Youth's Satin Calf Shoes—Extension sole—low heel—a copy of the men's shoe—excellent for wear and sold regularly at $1.75, for Saturday, only..... **$1.25**

SATURDAY'S DAYLIGHT BASEMENT ECONOMY

CROCKERY, CHINA and GLASS SPECIALS.

A table lot of Decorated Dinner Plates, Pie Plates soup plates, oat meal bowls, soup Bowls, cups and saucers, fruit saucers, etc, worth upto $2.00 per doz—Saturday only—each..... **8c**

7-inch Tinted Earthen Jardineres worth 18c—at each..... **10c**

8-in Tinted Earthern Jardinieres, worth 25c—at each..... **12½c**

10-in, Tinted Earthern Jardinieres, worth 50c—at each..... **29c**

Glassware Underpriced--

15c Glass Berry Bowls—each..... **8c**
20c Glass Butter Dishes—each..... **8c**
20c Spoon Holders—each..... **8c**
20c Vases—each..... **8c**
10c Glass Jelly Dishes—each..... **3c**
10c Spoon Holders—each..... **3c**
10c Creamers—each..... **3c**



LAMPS, LAMPS,

We have without doubt the best line of lamps at the head of the lakes and prices are just the same as our lamps—very light.

Decorated Vase Lamp, complete with burner, chimney, 7-in shade to matel worth $1.00—tomorrow our price—each..... **69c**

Decorated Vase Lamps complete with 8-in globe to match, worth $1.75—at each..... **$1.25**

Decorated Vase Lamps, complete with center draught burner and 8-inch globe to match, worth $3.00—at each..... **$1.69**

Decorated Vase Lamps, center draught burner, very pretty tinted worth $3.50—at each..... **$1.95**

Handsome Decorated Vase Lamps, center draught burner and 10-in globe to match—a beauty $5.00—Special low price.. **$3.98**

BASEMENT ECONOMY.

Cold weather necessities at special low prices. A full line of Air-tight stoves, special tomorrow only:

Small size. each	Medium each	Large each
$1.69	**$2.69**	**$2.98**

15-in Japan coal hods tomorrow—each..... **15c**
Stove Boards—Crystalized stove boards with wood lining—at each..... **39c, 69c, 79c, 98c**
Stove boards with paper lining—each..... **48c, 58c, 68c**
Adjustable Thimbles, worth 75c—at each..... **49c**
Common stove pipe—per length..... **12½c**
Polished steel stove pipe, per length..... **22c**
Coal shovels at—each..... **3c**
Stove Pipe dampers at only..... **5c**

Save Money On Little Things Tomorrow

THESE ARTICLES 3c each

5c Stovelid Lifters..... **3c**
5c Comb Holders..... **3c**
5c Put Chains..... **3c**
5c Tin Cups..... **3c**
5c Stove Blacking..... **3c**
5c Coal Shovels..... **3c**
5c Cookie Cutters..... **3c**
5c Toothpick Box..... **3c**
5c Strainers..... **3c**
5c Shelf Paper..... **3c**
5c Mouse Traps..... **3c**

THESE ARTICLES 7c each

10c Cake Turners..... **7c**
10c Graters..... **7c**
10c Stove Pokers..... **7c**
10c Soup Ladels..... **7c**
10c Jap Cuspidores..... **7c**
10c Strainers..... **7c**
10c Wire Sponge Racks..... **7c**
10c Hammers..... **7c**
10c Toilet Paper..... **7c**
10c Clothes Lines..... **7c**

Freimuth's
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Sanitary Underwear for women, children

Boys' extra heavy fleeced Shirts and Drawers, natural grey color, sizes 24 to 34. Good value at 35c. Saturday, each..... **25c**

Children's Swiss Ribbed natural grey or ecru colored Vests and Pants, heavy quality and very elastic:

Sizes, 18, 20 and 22 at..... **25c**
Sizes 24 and 26 at..... **30c**
Sizes 28, 30, 32 and 34 at..... **35c**

Children's Union Suits, Swiss ribbed, natural grey, perfect fitting:

Sizes 20, 22, 24 and 26 at, each..... **63c**
Sizes 28, 30 and 32 at, each..... **75c**

Ladies' fine wool ribbed Vests and Pants, natural grey color, made from Australian wool, cheap at $1.00 each. Saturday..... **75c**

Ladies' Union Suits, natural grey color, extra good quality, cheap at $2.00 each. Saturday each..... **$1.50**

We are selling Ypsilanti Underwear—the best in the world.

Ladies' fine English Cashmere Hose, worth 50c a pair. Saturday only, a pair..... **37c**

Ladies' fine Mocco Yarn Hose, double soles and double heels, regular value 29c. Saturday only, a pair..... **21c**

We are closing out W.C.C. Corsets at Half Price.

$1.00 A. C. C. Corsets, Saturday..... **50c**
$1.50 W. C. C. Corsets, Saturday..... **75c**

Ladies' Outing Flannels and Gowns,

extra heavy quality, trimmed with fancy braid and lace, plain or fancy colors:

The $1.25 kind Saturday, at..... **$1**
The 80c kind Saturday at..... **75c**

Children's Outing Flannel Night Drawers, regular price 50c. Saturday's price..... **43c**

SHE BROKE OLD RULE

Dunkard Girl Went to Law Despite Church Precepts.

She Sued College President For Breach of Promise.

Anxious For Vindication and Cared Nothing For the Money.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—One of the articles in the confession of faith of the peculiar sect known as the Dunkards is that no member of the church shall go to law. For 200 years this rule has been observed inviolate in Germantown, and the entire community was naturally aroused when a court of law was appealed to and the differences between two of its members settled by it.

This action, the first in the history of the church, was brought by Miss Cora Keim asking $25,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage, the defendant being I. Harvey Brumbaugh, acting president of Juniata college.

Harvey Brumbaugh, it seems, is not politic. Instead of going before the congregation, admitting his broken engagement, and asking Miss Keim's forgiveness publicly (a favor she would have been obliged to grant, according to church law), he annulled, without her consent, the promise to marry, telling her simply that there was "another girl." As a consequence she had no form of redress in the church. There was nothing that would compensate unless justice could be had in a court of law. She consulted her six brothers, who all adored her as the "baby" of the family, and it was decided to bring suit, though well understanding that such a step would be regarded as revolutionary in their church. The next step was to persuade the mother, and though at first obdurate, she was finally convinced.

Cora Keim was sent to Juniata college in the autumn of 1896. This college is a Brumbaugh school. Although there are some fifteen professors, most of the stock is owned by the Brumbaughs, and the family practically controls it. It follows they are people of influence and prominence.

Small wonder that when Cora Keim went to this institution and quickly found favor in the eyes of the acting president, she was flattered. She was only 20, he was seven years her senior. Soon he became her mentor in matters social. He woud send for his favorite pupil to come to him in the college office. Should students or professors know of her presence there, it would be supposed the call concerned her studies. Their more frequent meeting place, however, was the handsome study in his father's house. Cora Keim was received always as a daughter by Elder and Mrs. Brumbaugh. Soon her happiest hours were spent in their home. It was there young Brumbaugh asked her to be his wife.

In June of 1897 he asked her to marry him, and in August followed her to her home in Salisbury to ask her mother for her daughter's hand. Mrs. Keim protested, but he was so much in earnest she relented and finally gave the two her blessing. In the autumn of 1898 I. Harvey Brumbaugh went to Harvard for a postgraduate course. In a Cambridge boarding house (as told in his letters to Cora Keim) he met the Miss Johnson who is now his wife.

This trial would be unique in any section. The stranger stepping into the court room might easily have supposed he was in a great country church. Men and women, from the white-haired octogenarian to the school girl and boy, assembled to hear the testimony. Women of wealth and position in the little town were side by side with day laborers. There were calm faces in the Dunkard bonnets, and near them young folks sitting close and smiling happily at each other, and sad-faced elderly women who had not heard love's tale for many, many long years. Down in front preachers and college professors were as thick as lawyers. It was a staid, dignified assemblage.

Business was practically suspended while awaiting the verdict. Many stayed in the court house eager for news at first hand. Late in the afternoon the jury filed into the court room, grave, serious, a full sense of the responsibility of their position written on their faces. A Pennsylvania railroad case was being tried. Somebody had been killed in an accident and someone else wanted damages. It was love's tragedy face to face with the tragedy of life itself. Judge Bailey, smiling contentedly, studied the paper handed him. "I can't read this part. Won't you tell me what the figures are?" he questioned, beaming on the jury. Then everybody knew the expected had happened.

"Nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars," replied the foreman with pleased dignity.

And everybody laughed happily. The town went quite mad over the news. Everyone went to the telephone at once to spread the news. Inside of three minutes it was known everywhere that the little girl's simple, sad heart story had been believed by the jury. She had been vindicated. At every doorway laughing groups of men and women talked.

That she was not awarded the $25,000 asked was not the fault of a part of the jury. One wanted to give her $30,000, and when at last they could not agree on the amount—there was no question from the first that the verdict would be in her favor—each man set down the sum he thought she should have. They divided this by twelve and thus agreed on $9250. Not one word of sympathy for the man who must pay or go to jail was uttered. After the trial was over Miss Keim showed her gentle, sympathetic nature in the following words: "I am so glad the jury believed me. Their faith in my word means much more to me than the money.

"Had Professor Harvey Brumbaugh told me why he broke the engagement I never would have entered suit, but he would not be honest with me."

Fine spring chicken dinner, Sunday, Fleischmann's Pike Lake hotel.

NO BASKETS THIS YEAR.

The members of the Abenaki tribe of Indians, on Indian and Orson islands, are much distressed this year over the failure in the crop of sweet-scented vernal grass, upon which they rely for material to complete their fancy baskets, writes the Old Town correspondent of the New York Sun.

This grass not only has the toughest fiber available for baskets, but it will hold its faint, sweet odor for years, though it has been dipped in aniline dyes and woven into baskets that have gone around the world. To the Penobscot Indians it is of more importance than wheat or timothy or corn.

The large baskets used for every-day purposes are made from white ash strips, but the fancy baskets, the receptacles for thread and handkerchiefs, and the other articles sold to summer visitors, are composed of ash for a framework, while the delicate lining, which gives beauty and grace to the articles, is of colored vernal grass.

Until this year there has been enough of the grass to go around, though it has not been very plentiful of late, because much has been pulled for the filling of rustic pillows. Last May was very cold and windy, so the grass was late in coming up.

With the arrival of June, rain began to fall, inundating the dry ridges where the grass grew and bringing up great crops of coarse marestails and sedges. The Indians went out at the regular time to collect a year's supply, but after hunting diligently for a week or more, they returned empty handed.

The result is that no baskets of sweet-scented vernal grass will be made this year, and the Indians will lose the best part of their basket trade. There are plenty of other grasses that are pliable and will take fast colors, but nothing in art or in nature has yet been able to imitate the perfumes emitted by this precious grass.

BARGAIN COUNTER 2.

New plaid belts.

The prevailing craze in belts, East, is the Scotch plaid—The only place to get them in Duluth is here. We bought a fine line in heavy taffeta silk at makers' cost and while they're worth $1 to $1.50, we gladly place them on the bargain counter for Saturday at only, each ---------- **69c**

RIBBON REMNANTS—Another big accumulation of ribbon remnants to go Saturday for less than cost—We're sure—certain—you'll get no such ribbon values elsewhere. Ribbons for hair, hat, sash, belt, neckwear and fancy work—all widths, all colors, less than half price for Saturday—

5c, 10c, 15c, 23c and 39c

Saturday specials.

SPECIAL SILKS.

Silks at bargain prices. High class silks lower than you've ever had them. All clean, fresh, new and desirable silks. Three specials which knowing silk users should appreciate:

97c a yard, worth up to $1.50. Peau de Sole, Peau de Cygnes, Gros Grains, Bengalines, Satins, Armures, Taffetas, fancy colored lace stripes, embroidered, fancy and figured silks, worth up to $1.50, for, yard **97c**

69c a yard, worth up to $1.00. Black Taffetas, Peau de Sole, Peau de Cygne, Indias, Foulards, and fancy silks, short lengths, irrespective of value, up to $1.00—for, per yard..... **69c**

25c a yard, worth up to 75c, all remnants of plain and fancy silks, short lengths, irrespective of value, up to 75c—for, per yard..... **25c**

LACES.

New swell Laces—for Handkerchiefs and other uses—Maltese, Cluny, Valenciennes and Torchons—½-inch to 1½ inches—per yard 25c to **5c**

Dress Trimming Laces in Pointe de Venise Galloons, Insertions and Motifs—butter, white and Arab shades $1.75 down to a—yd..... **12½c**

Chiffon Trimmings—beautiful new patterns in motif and band effects—black, white, white with black, white with ecru and other combinations—$2.50 yard down to—yard..... **29c**

3000 yards fine German and English Torchons, edges and insertions—5c and 8c values for—yard **3c**

Pointe de Paris and Plat Vals, a splendid wash lace, 1½ to 7½ inches wide—worth up to 35c a yard—at 5c, 7c and **12½c**

SPECIAL.

Pointe de Venise Lace Collars, butter and Arab shades—two specials—worth up to $2.50 each—for $1.25 and.. **98c**

NECKWEAR.

Ladies' Stocks Automobiles, Windsors, all colors—each..... **25c**

Silk Stocks, with embroidered fronts, a beautiful and effective neck dressing, a regular 50c article, at..... **35c**

RIBBONS.

Every color, width and quality; every make of Ribbon in use is found at the Glass Block Ribbon Department.

5-inch 100 Satin Taffetas, high lustre—the best neck and sash Ribbon in the market—a regular 50c Ribbon at all times—a yard only **35c**

No. 2 Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons—every color—the Ribbon for fancy work, worth 25c, piece of ten yards—special **17c**

No. 1 Black Velvet Ribbons—fast edge—Satin back—others ask 45c piece—our price for piece of 10 yards..... **35c**

HAIRPINS.

New Shell Hairpins—The finest line of staple pins ever exhibited by us and prices lower than ever for the same qualities—

3c, 4c, 5c up to 25c

KERCHIEFS.

500 doz Ladies' Misses' Children's and Men's Handkerchiefs — every kind—worth up to 12½c—for, each **5c**

100 doz Men's All-linen hand-worked Initial Handkerchiefs, worth 20c each—2 for 25c or, each..... **15c**

DRESS GOODS.

Our Dress Goods Dep't is now across the isle from the old stand, better location to supply your wants. It shows the goods to better advantage with a perfect light, come in and see us. Saturday introductory leaders.

250 yds Armure Black Suitings—yd... **49c**

365 yds 44-in all wool cheviots, regular price 69c—special—yard **49c**

50-in all wool Ladies' Cloth—special, yd.... **50c**

56-inch extra heavy cheviot for unlined skirts special—yd **88c**

PALMS.

New line of Palms just received. To move these quick will make very low prices. Palm plants bought to sell at $3.00 will go at.... **$2.25**

$2.00 ones at..... **$1.75**
$1.00 ones at..... **80c**
75c ones at..... **60c**

Don't forget that we are headquarters for everything in cut flowers, funeral emblems, wedding decorations, etc.

BRAIDS.

Narrow, plain and fancy gimps and braids, made of pure silk and pure wool, per yard—

5c, 10c and 15c

Medium Braids of silk, mohair, wool, and brilliant silk in plain and fancy weaves, per yard—

10c, 20c, 25c, 35c

Wide Braids—In plain, diamond weaves, basket weaves, serpentine and wave effects, in all silk and all mohair, per yard—

20c, 30c, 35c, 50c, 75c

New Dress Ornaments in pendants and military knots of silk or mohair—

25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $2.50

PERFUMERY.

Ed. Pinaud's tripe extracts—In all the favorite odors, 50c or more is our usual price—special **35c**

Colgate's violet water—The 3-ounce size, 45c is the regular price—Special **29c**

For TOILET.

Hair Brushes—Imitation of ebony hair brushes, with pure white bristle—they are all warranted at 30c each—special **25c**

Colgate's Dental Powder—In the newest sprinkler top—a very practical feature, 25c size—our special price **15c**

Creme Marquise—a reliable complexion creme, 50c jar—special price..... **29c**

Leithhead's Dental Cream—Regular price, 25c size—special price .. **15c**

Eyebrow Pencils—The finest imported stock **10c**

Bath Sponges—our regular 15c size..... **17c**

Woodbury's Dental Cream—25c tube..... **10c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Open 'til 10.
Store open Saturday evening until 10 o'clock. You're welcome

Mail orders.
The only satisfactory mail order house in the Northwest.

Saturday suit special--$29 suits at $11.98.

We want to make Saturday the liveliest of the season in our suit and coat room. For that reason and no other, we have gathered on one rack 30 fine suits selling at $16.50, $18.50, 19.50, $23.50, $25 and $29, and offer the entire lot at the single marked down price of $11.98.



They are fashionably made in Norfolk, eton and blouse styles. The jackets in every case are lined with fine silk—each is different, no two alike, including braid, velvet, silk and button trimmings and ornaments. All are high class tailor-mades. The cloths are snowflake, venetian, covert, granite, homespun, basket cloth and melton, in black, blue, grey, brown, castor, tan and mixtures. The skirts are lined with fine percaline, the new flare and drape, some plain and some handsomely trimmed and stitched. There's not a poor or undesirable suit in the lot. Saturday only you may have choice for **$11.98**



Girls' and misses' bargains.

Girls' long coats of silk, velvet and wool, at..... **$7.50, $4.98 and $3.98**
Misses' melton jackets, double breasted, yoke front and back, at..... **$4.75**
Girls' kersey box coats in red, blue and brown—6 to 17 years..... **$3.98**
Girls' reefer jackets, sailor collars, braid and velvet trimmed.. **$3.98, $2.98**

Babies' bonnets half price.

We bought a maker's entire sample line at less than cost. We give the babies the advantage.

50c baby bonnets will go at only 25c
75c baby bonnets will go at only 35c
$1. baby bonnets will go at only 50c
$1.25 baby bonnets will go at 60c
$1.75 baby bonnets will go at 75c
$2.50 baby bonnets will go at $1.00

Great sale of millinery--400 sample hats.

Half of them trimmed, the other half untrimmed—sample line of a leading wholesale millinery house, bought especially to offer at so much less than value as to create a furore. Half regular prices and less, for good, clean, fresh, stylish hats.

$1.50 trimmed hats, grey and tan--60c
$2.00 trimmed hats, all colors---$1.00

$2.50 trimmed hats, all colors---$1.25
$1.25 and $1.50 untrimmed hats---75c

$2.00 untrimmed hats for--------$1.00
$3.50 untrimmed hats for--------$1.50

Tams—Angora wool tams—white, red, navy grey, tan and mixed, others' 69c values—Glass Block millinery room for---------- **48c**

Ostrich plumes—special—We offer for Saturday only, two special values in fine ostrich plumes—20-inch, good curl, elegant stock, worth $5, for $3.25—18-inch, worth $3.50 **$2.25**

Girls' school hats—Beautifully stitched, reds, tans, blues and browns, and genuine $1.25 values—Glass Block millinery rooms for--- **75c**

Grand wall paper sale.

500 rolls good wall paper—5c to 10c values—per roll---------- 1c
500 rolls good wall papers—up to 15c values—per roll---------- 3c
High grade gilt papers—up to 25c values—per roll---------- 8c
Tapestries, silks and best papers made for fine rooms—per roll---------- 12½c

FREE—Candy samples free.

Every customer on Saturday will receive FREE, a sample pouch of fine new delicate "Honey comb" candy, worth 50c a pound. 2000 samples absolutely free.

Visit our very complete underwear and hosiery dept.

Where the most expensive, as well as the most inexpensive grades are shown in greatest variety. You can go as high in quality as you can afford—as low in price as will buy garments fit to wear—we'll sell nothing that's too cheap to be GOOD, but undersell every other Duluth store.

FOR WOMEN.

We show the Florence Union Suits, the Munsing and Harvard makes of vests, pants and combination suits in balbriggan, merino and pure wool.

Also the "Nazareth" walsts for children and the celebrated "Rubens" underwear for infants.

Women's extra heavy all-wool and camels hair vests and pants, beautifully finished and very warm, worth $1.50, Saturday ---------- **$1.00**

Women's natural wool vests and pants made of Australian wool and guaranteed not to shrink, worth $1.00—Saturday's bargain price.---------- **75c**

Children's purest wool Jersey ribbed vests and pantalettes, also finest camels hair in medium and heavy weights—for Saturday---------- **50c**

Excellent bargains in women's and children's heavy cotton, merino, all wool, fleece lined, extra weight, in ribbed prices ranging from **10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c, 40c and up to**---------- **$1.00**

Ladies' heavy fleece-lined vests and pants, sold everywhere for 25c; will go on Saturday, per garment---------- **19c**



FOR MEN.

The celebrated Wolsey UNSHRINKABLE pure wool union suits, shirts and drawers. Also the celebrated "Stuttgarter" underwear, famous for its unrivalled wearing qualities. Verily, the best underwear in Duluth.

Men's Norfolk and New Brunswick heavy natural wool shirts and drawers, full regular made, Saturday prices---------- **$1.50 and $1.00**

Men's extra heavy all-wool shirts and drawers, natural, tan and scarlet medicated—all sizes—for Saturday's selling---------- **$1.00**

Boys' extra fleece-lined shirts and drawers—sizes 24 to 34—superior to any others shown at the price—each---------- **25c**

Two cases of men's plain black wool and fancy embroidered cashmere half hose, fast colors—for Saturday they will all go at—per pair---------- **25c**

Boys' heavy weight natural wool and camels hair, good warm goods—also heavy fleece lined shirts and drawers, all sizes up to 34—for Saturday..... **50c**

Sweaters—fine assortment of all sizes for men and boys—all-wool—all colors, plain and fancy stripe, from $2.50 down to as low as---------- **75c**



Sale women's and children's shoes

Three new lines of women's shoes, in light, medium or heavy soles—stock or patent tips, in vici kid or box calf, an extra special Saturday at---------- **$2.23**

We have still a few lines of our $3.50 "Ultra" shoes and $4.00 Gray Bros. shoes in street shoes or shoes for dress—lace or button—Saturday only---- **$2.49**

Ladies' $2.00 and $2.25 shoes in box calf and kid, patent leather and all kid tips, high or low heels—light or heavy soles, wide or medium latest toes, all sizes and all widths—special Saturday--- **$1.48**

A thoroughly solid and good wearing boys' shoe, new fresh goods, made up in soft calf skin with English backstay and solid extension soles—sizes 2½ to 5½, regular $1.75 goods—Saturday at---------- **$1.39**
Sizes 13½ to 2 at---**$1.29** Sizes 8½ to 13½---**$1.19**

A new line of misses' shoes in plump vici kid, solid extension soles, patent leather tips, regular price $1.50, sizes 11½ to 2, Saturday at---------- **98c**
Sizes from 8½ to 11--**89c** Sizes from 5 to 8--**69c**

Infants' turn button and lace shoes, in sizes 2 to 6, Saturday at------- **50c**



PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

BARGAIN COUNTER 3.

Men's underwer.

Saturday special bargain counter sale of men's heavy dark tan balbriggan shirts and drawers. Shirts have silk fronts. Drawers have double seats—men will find this a grand chance to secure an underwear bargain—a regular 70c value, Saturday in all sizes, for--- ---------- **39c**

MORE MEN'S UNDERWEAR—we will place on sale Saturday five full cases of men's heavy natural fleece lined shirts and drawers—a good fall and winter weight and a good 70c value—seasonable weight, full of comfort for fall weather—special Glass Block price per garment---------- **39c**

Saturday specials.

MICA.

Fix up the Stoves, get your Mica Saturday—No. 1 North Carolina Mica, as follows:

2x3; price, each.....3¼c
2½x4½; price, each...2¼c
3x4; price, each.....3¼c
4x5; price, each..... 5c

HEADACHE.

Hood's headache bromo, for nervous or sick headache, sleeplessness, etc—Regular 10c size. Saturday in drug dep't for **7c**

COUGH SYRUP

Hood's white pine cough syrup—a positive remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throats—25c size for Saturday, in drug dep't..... **15c**

STOVE BOARDS

Best quality zinc Boards with wood backs; Saturday, only:

28x28, each **75c**
30x30, each **85c**
33x33, each **95c**
36x36, each **$1.10**

CROCKERY.

Flemish Stone Pitchers, hold about 1½ quarts, and white lined, at each **10c**

Glass Fruit Saucers—good size—best quality glass neat pattern, everybody's price, 6c; special, each..... **4c**

LAMPS.

Center Draft Parlor Lamps, with brass trimmings—choice of either 10-inch dome, shade or globe; regular price $4.25, at..... **$2.48**

Our "Guaranteed" Mantle—a double weave mantle that's good; 25c is our regular price, but Saturday you can buy at **19c**

SASH PINS.

Plain pearl pins, extra substantial back—a good 20c values—a pin for every woman and every miss. Saturday at.... **15c**

Playing Cards

The new Panton & White Playing Cards. Exactly the same quality and finish as the regular 35c cards. Made by the same maker who makes all the GOOD playing cards in use in this country.

Single Packs— **13c**
Two Packs— **25c**
Dozen Packs— **$1.50**

SHELL COMBS.

Saturday we will give away all our 35c Shell Combs, Side Combs, Back Combs, Empire Combs and Pompadour Combs—all the 35c goods Saturday for—only **29c**

HAT PINS.

Silver top Hat Pins—new sterling silver designs in the fashionable French grey finish, with bright contrasting outlines.

Jewelers' price for these Hat Pins is uniformly 50c each. You can have them her only, Saturday for **19c**

SPREADS.

Fringed Bed Spreads, large size, fringed all around, worth $1.35—at, each..... **98c**

DINNER.

The "Srasburg," our new Dinnerware pattern, in fine China, has proven a ready seller—see it! Remember, we sell a piece at a time if you wish—an easy way to get the complete set—100-piece set figures exactly **$23.50**

Special offer on 100-piece sets of Grindley's fine English semi-porcelain Dinnerware, decorated in green—superb shape. Saturday only, per set **$8.95**

Our regular price is $13.95—you save $5.00 by buying Saturday.

GO-CARTS.

Remember, only a few days left in which you can buy.

Baby carriages less 25 per ct
Trunks less 20 per ct.

BLANKETS.

11-4 Cotton Blankets full size, at—pair..... **75c**
Sold at $1.00 elsewhere.

UMBRELLAS.

All umbrellas formerly sold as high as 95c each—Men's and Women's all steel rods for, each **50c**

Children's School Umbrellas, 24 and 26-inch size, formerly sold at 50c each—for, each **33c**

Ladies' and Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, formerly sold at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 each—at, each **98c**

KID GLOVES.

Another Glove sale—Ladies' 2 clasp Kid Gloves, tan, reds, browns, grey, pearls and beavers, with self or colored stitchings, on Bargain Counter No. 4. Saturday only, per pair. **59c**

GLOVE DEPT.

Ladies' Warm Gloves, are all in. Ladies' Mocha Gloves, with fleece lining at $1.50 and.... **$1**

Ladies' 2 clasp Kid Gloves, all new desirable shades at..... **$1**

Fowne's Dagmar pique street gloves, 2-clasp, at—pair . **$1.50**

Adler's Yuma globes, English Tans..... **$1.50**

Golf Gloves for Ladies' and children—all wool at **25c, 39c, 50c and 75c**

Children's lined Kid mittens, per pair..... **25c**

VELVET RUGS.

Wilton Velvet Rugs, 9x12 feet, woven in one piece—worth $35.00, for **$26.75**

Wilton Velvet Rugs, seamed, new designs, 9x12 feet, worth $30 for **$24.75**

OIL CLOTH.

Oilcloth Stove Squares—3-9 x 3-9, 70c; 4-6 x 4-6 90c; 6-0 x 6-0 $1.50

Oilcloths—in all widths, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, good serviceable quality, per square yard **30c**

LINOLEUMS.

Linoleums — Imported Scotch Inlaid Linoleum, excellent tile effects—the ideal floor covering for offices, kitchens, etc practically indistructible, sold elsewhere at $1.85, Glass Block price per square yard **$1.40**

Printed Linoleum—tile and parquetry, effects, per square yard **55c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

No Remedy of Ordinary Merit Could Ever Have Received Indorsations from Men Like These.

In Bright's Disease and Albuminuria of Pregnancy

Samuel O. L. Potter, A. M., M. D., M. R. C. P., *London, Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine and Clinical Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, San Francisco.*

Dr. William H. Drummond, *Professor Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Canada.*

Cyrus Edson, A. M., M. D., *Health Commissioner New York City and State, President Board of Pharmacy, New York City, Examining Physician Corporation Council, etc.*

John V. Shoemaker, M. D., LL. D., *Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics, Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia.*

Dr. George Ben. Johnston, *Richmond, Va., Ex-President Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association, Ex-President Medical Society of Va., and Professor of Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery, Medical College of Va.*

In Stone in the Bladder, Renal Calculi, and Inflammation of the Bladder

Dr. A. Gabriel Pouchet, *Professor of Pharmacology and Materia Medica of the Faculty of Medicine, Paris.*

Dr. J. T. LeBlanchard, *Professor Montreal Clinic, SM., SN., V.U.*

Jas. M. Crook, A.M., M.D., *Professor Clinical Medicine and Clinical Diagnosis, New York Post-Graduate Medical School.*

Louis C. Horn, M.D., Ph.D., *Professor Diseases of Children and Dermatology, Baltimore University.*

Dr. J. Allison Hodges, *President and Professor Nervous and Mental Diseases, University College of Medicine, Richmond, Va.*

In Gout, Rheumatism and Uric Acid Conditions

Dr. Robert Bartholow, M.A., LL.D., *Professor Materia Medica and General Therapeutics, Jefferson Medical College, Philada.*

Dr. I. N. Love, *New York City, Former Professor Diseases of Children, College of Physicians and Surgeons, and in Marion Sims College of Medicine, St. Louis.*

Hunter McGuire, M. D., LL. D., *Ex-President American Medical Association, Late President and Professor Clinical Surgery, University College of Medicine, Richmond, Va.*

Dr. Alexander B. Mott, *of New York, Professor of Surgery, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, Surgeon Bellevue Hospital.*

A pamphlet telling what these and many other of the leading medical men of the day say of the value of **BUFFALO LITHIA WATER** in the treatment of these diseases sent to any address

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by the general Drug and Mineral Water trade.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA

DIPLOMATS WORRIED.

Question of Social Precedence at the Capital.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Diplomats and the officials of the state department do not regard with complacency the fact that two of the most important European embassies and the Belgian legation will have American women for chatellaines this winter.

The recently appointed British and French ambassadors, Sir Michael Herbert and M. Jean Jules Jusserand, have American wives, who were respectively Miss Leila Wilson of New York, and Miss Elsa Richards of Boston. The Belgian minister, Baron Ludovic Monchuer, married last winter Miss Charlotte Clayton, daughter of Gen. Powell Clayton of Arkansas.

Relations between the diplomats and American society have always been reckoned difficult by the absence of set rules such as prevail abroad and the state department has been called upon to arbitrate many feuds which arose in consequence. The diplomats, who are exceedingly jealous of their rights, fear that so many Americans in the corps will militate against their prestige.

The state department, which has to bear the brunt of all unpleasantness, anticipates quite a stormy winter, when the rival factions begin to dispute their claims.

Some of the high officials expressed admiration of the German government, which will not allow a member of the diplomatic corps to be accredited to the country of which his wife is a native.

The status of the wives of ambassadors has never been clearly defined and their claims to precedence have been disputed by the wives of the chief justice, the speaker and the cabinet officers. This winter the ranking women in the diplomatic corps will be Madam Mayor des Planches, wife of the Italian ambassador, a lady who has been here but one season and who does not speak English fluently. The dean of the corps is the German ambassador, but he is a bachelor.

Best Trains From Chicago For an Eastern Trip

Leave Chicago Union station daily at 10:05 a. m., 12 noon, 12:05 p. m., 3 p. m., 5:30 p. m., 8:40 p. m. and 11:45 p. m. over Pennsylvania Short Lines. Passengers go through to Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York without change. For time tables and information about fares send to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

A KNOTTY QUESTION

That a Tennessee Circuit Court Judge Must Decide.

Must Say Who Is the Mother of Robin Cotton.

An Unmarried Woman Claims That He Is Her Son.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 10.—Judge J. P. Young, of the circuit court of this county, is the Solomon who must pass upon the question of the ownership of a small boy known as Robin Cotton.

Suit for the possession of the child was brought by Priscilla Catherine Howell, an unmarried woman, who claims that the child is hers, and that it was born in Memphis Aug. 12, 1897.

This claim is being contested by Mr. and Mrs. S. Albert Cotton, who assert that the child in question was born to Mrs. Cotton at West Plains, Mo., in September, 1896.

This fact they expect to be able to establish by the testimony of Dr. A. J. Stephens, of West Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. Cotton now reside on a plantation ten miles south of Memphis.

Miss Howell is a resident of Galveston, Texas, having moved to that place in the fall of 1896.

Her statement to the court, through her attorney, W. V. Sullivan, for nine years United States senator from Mississippi, sets forth her belief that her child, a boy, was taken by Dr. H. L. Williford, of Memphis, who, she says, was summoned at the time of its birth, and was given to his sister, Mrs. Cotton, when it was a few weeks old, to take the place of Mrs. Cotton's child, which had died.

Miss Howell asserts that Mrs. Cotton's child was born in August, 1896, about the same time as her own. Mrs. Cotton asserts that her child was born in September, 1897, and that it is still alive; that its name is Robin Cotton, and that it is the child whose parentage is now in question because of this suit.

Miss Howell says: "I was sheltered for a time by Mrs. Lillie Engstrom, and it was at her house that my child was born. Dr. Henry L. Williford had attended me the day before and promised to call again. He did so, but the baby was born a few minutes before he arrived. He came again the next morning and told me that he wanted it for his wife. I told him that I would not give it to anybody in the world.

"My sister, Mrs. Leslie, came to Memphis in September and insisted that I go to Galveston with her. This I decided to do, leaving the baby in the care of Mrs. Engstrom.

"I started to Galveston Sept. 11 and two days later I was informed the child was taken from Mrs. Engstrom by his father and placed in the Leath Orphan asylum. Later it was given to a Mrs. William Clark, according to the records of that institution.

"I returned from Galveston and went to see Dr. Williford. He gave me a letter to the superintendent of the orphan asylum to the effect that I was the mother of the child in question, but at the asylum they told me that the child had a good home and that I could not get it.

"This was in October, 1896.

"I told Dr. Williford what the asylum superintendent had said, and Dr. Williford then told me that the baby was in the possession of a Mrs. William Clark, of Little Rock, Ark. He gave me $10 for expenses, and I went to Little Rock to hunt the baby, but failed to find it.

"Before this time Dr. Williford had told me that one of his relatives in Arkansas had the baby, and I then commenced a search on that line. Later he said this relative was B. F. Williford, and that he lived in Arkansas. A year later, however, I found that B. F. Williford lived five miles from Bartlett, Tenn.

"I went there and had a talk with Mrs. Williford. She said she had no children, and that the child of Mrs. Cotton, Dr. Williford's sister, was a girl.

"I went to Chief Richards with facts I had which led me to believe that Mrs. Cotton had my child, and he put a man named Childs on the case. He told me that Mrs. Cotton did have it.

"Then I went to West Plains, Mo., where the Cottons lived, and swore out a writ of habeas corpus. Mrs. Cotton asked me: 'Did Dr. Williford send you?' My lawyer told her no. There was no testimony except Mr. Cotton's. The suit was dismissed, as I had no witnesses there.

"About eight months later I went to Imboden, Ark., where the Cottons were the living, accompanied by Mrs. Engstrom and Judge Du Bose, a celebrated Tennessee jurist. We were not able to do anything, and I came away at Judge Du Bose's suggestion.

"Dr. Williford told me that he had given my child away, and I hope to be able to prove it. I believe that it is my child which Mrs. Cotton now has."

But Miss Howell has not yet accounted for the connection of Mrs William Clark with the case That the child was given to a Mrs William Clark is established by the Leath Orphan asylum records and by the word of its well-known superintendent, Dr. D. T. Porter, now deceased.

Ex-Senator Sullivan and Miss Howell visited West Plains, Mo., recently and there took the depositions of the family physician of the Cottons and o fother persons who knew them when they resided there. The nature of this testimony has not been disclosed.

Mr. and Mrs. Cotton and the little boy, Robin Cotton, are now visiting Mrs. Owen, Mrs. Cotton's sister, at 159 Iowa avenue. They deny in toto the claim that Robin Cotton is the child of Miss Howell, and expect to be able to prove, once for all, before this trial is over, that the child is their rightful son.

Men's Suits and Overcoats



The Clothing we offer you is built in precisely the same manner in which the merchant tailor builds his garments. It is cut from the same models employed by merchant tailors and the highest grade fabrics, linings and finishings that money can buy are used in its make up.

See Our Elegant Display of

Men's Suits and Overcoats at

$10, $12.50, $15, $20, $25

You cannot buy better clothing at any price.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

Democratic Rally at Armory

SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 11

Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN, of St. Paul and others will speak.

FOILED PLOT.

Robert Alexander Claims He Saved Chicago From Rebels.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Old and out of employment, Robert Alexander, who claims to have been a principal in one of the most dramatic of civil war time events, is now asking for $1100 he spent to save the city from fire and devastation.

The threatening foe, he says, was the 20,000 Confederate prisoners confined in Camp Douglas, on the South Side. The plotters were the Sons of Liberty, who furnished the arms and made preparations for the outbreak. The informer who first laid bare the plot, after performing hazardous adventures to discover its details, and hearing his own death warrant read, now, according to his story, Alexander himself.

"It was the plan of the Sons of Liberty to furnish arms for the prisoners," said Mr. Alexander, "to set a certain night on which they were to overwhelm the guards in a rush for liberty, and then, after looting and burning Chicago, to set off for the South to join Mosby and Forrest.

"At the same time the prisoners on Kelley's island were to be notified, and the wires cut and a similar outbreak attempted there.

"From I. W. Ayer, who was a member of the same Masonic lodge as I, and who was also a member of the Sons of Liberty, I first learned of the plot. Ayer himself was afraid it meant great disaster to Chicago, and asked me to learn more of it and to secure information which would lead to its prevention. He feared that his life would pay the forfeit if he did so himself.

"This I undertook to do. It attended the meetings of the Sons of Liberty, and became to all appearance an enthusiastic supporter of the plan. Yet they were suspicious of me, for one night a decree was solemnly read that if it were revealed both I and Ayer, who introduced me into the society, would suffer death as a penalty.

"I found that a quantitiy of arms was stored in the house of Charles Walsh, on Cottage Grove avenue, just across from the camp. This was a few days before the outbreak was to take place.

"Upon discovering this I notified Col. Sweet and the arms were confiscated, a strong guard was stationed at the prison, and the ringleaders were taken down to Cincinnati to face the penalty of death for their treason.

"To accomplish this I spent $1100 on the promise that I was to receive a commission in the army, but it was not forthcoming.

"Now I want the city to pay it back to me, for I saved the city from being devastated and burned and heaven knows what other misfortunes.

"All I ask is a position by which I can earn sufficient to support myself and my daughter."

Alexander is 70 years old.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ELECTRICAL

Whip Is Used to Put Energy Into Lazy Horse.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 10.—A Georgia Edison has invented an electrical apparatus for urging horses and mules to a faster pace while drawing buggies and wagons or at the plow.

The apparatus is a very simple one. It consists of a magneto dynamo, a pair of copper plates for each horse, and sufficient connecting wire to connect the dynamo with the plates. The dynamo is fastened to the wagon or buggy. The copper plates are secured under the harness saddle, so that they touch the horse's hair. The connecting wires run along the tongue or shafts.

When the driver wishes his steed to take a more lively pace, instead of belaboring him with a whip, he has only to give the crank of the dynamo a few turns and the excitation which results gives the horse every desire to strike a very rapid gait.

This apparatus is the invention of James A. Giles, of Elberton, Ga. Mr. Giles is mail carrier on rural free delivery route No. 1 in that county, and six days in the week makes a circuit of over twenty-five miles behind his trusted steed "Black."

Mr. Giles was led to his invention through necessity. He found that when he closed himself in his wagon on rainy days he was unable to apply the lash to his horse without practically getting out of his house. When the wind was blowing he disliked to open his door for fear of letting his mail get wet.

"Black" soon took in the situation, and so it came about that on rainy days he paid not the slightest attention to verbal commands, knowing from experience that on such days his master would not open the door of his mail wagon to get his whip. Consequently Mr. Giles suffered constant delay on days when the weather was bad and he had most need to hurry.

He thought it might be possible for him to show "Black" that it would be advisable to move when the rain was falling as well as when the sky was filled with sunlight. Accordingly, he got the apparatus in order and the new invention carefully attached to the wagon and harness. At the first application of the electricity the horse manifested the most profound attention. The electric whip was a success from the start.

Since that time Mr. Giles has been using the electric whip regularly. It has now been in use for over three months, and he becomes more pleased with it very day. When Mr. Giles explained his invention to a number of his friends in Elberton they became enthusiastic over it and urged him to apply for a patent. He has done this, and will possibly place the electric whips on sale in the near future.

It has been found that instead of injuring the horse, as some thought it would, the occasional administration of the electrical treatment really benefits the horse and keeps him full of life.

Mr. Giles has the apparatus so arranged that it can be used on one horse or on a team of two, three or four horses.

BREAD UPON THE WATERS.

Kentuckian Proffered Home By Boy He Raised.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 10.—About forty years ago Thomas F. Brown, a highly respectable farmer and Mexican war veteran of the Green Briar neighborhood, took a boy to raise named Will Rummage. He was brought up on the farm and given a common school education.

In time the boy wanted to seek his fortune. He went to Colorado, located at Gunnison and prospered. He is a mine owner and a prominent business man.

Recently Mr. Brown received a letter from Rummage, telling him that his early kindness had not been forgotten, and asking him to come to Gunnison and live with him the rest of his life.

Mr. Brown, who is now 86 years old, made the trip to see his adopted son, but declined to give up his old Kentucky home. He has returned and says he will visit Rumnage again next spring.

GOES LIKE HOT CAKES.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes Druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from throat and lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.

WATCH LOST IN FIELD

For Two Years Started to Running Again.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 10.—B. H. Thompson, of the Curdsville vicinity, is a lucky man. Two years ago he lost a watch in his wheat field. He searched diligently for the timepiece at the time, but was unable to find it. Naturally he gave it up and had ceased to think about it. The other day one of Mr. Thompson's laborers was working in the field in which the watch had been lost and found it. As the finder picked it up he shook it and it immediately began running. This was accounted for by the fact that when it fell from the pocket of the owner when it was lost it stopped running. The finder shook it in order to get some water out of it. It has been keeping good time ever since.

A TOAST (in cream)

The good of all== ==the faults of none



Apitezo

the perfect food

Crisp, dainty biscuit of selected grain and vegetable elements. With cream or without. In each crumb and mouthful every element of human strength and health. Thoroughly digestible — a food of complete utility.

More than mere cereal. More than meat. More than *any* other food.

Complete Treatment

FOR EVERY

Humour

Price $1.00

CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET of these great skin curatives is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly, and pimply skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Millions of People

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and exoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. In screw-cap vials, containing 60 doses, price 25c.

Sold throughout the world. SOAP, 25c. OINTMENT, 50c. PILLS, 25c. British Depot: 27-32, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Scotland Woolen Mills Co.

THE BIG TAILORS.

SUIT OR OVERCOAT MADE TO ORDER

One Single Price. One Single Price.

NO MORE **$15** NO LESS

One Single Profit. One Single Profit.

FROM THE MILLS TO THE MAN DIRECT!

Forty-seven Stores in America; Fourteen Stores in Europe | Edward Helperin, Manager Duluth Store, 109 W. Sup. St.

All our fall and winter styles now ready--equal to any $35 suit or overcoat--perfect fit guaranteed

SUITINGS.

Blue and Black English Clay Worsted Suits made to order—	Black and Blue English Cheviot Suits made to order—	Inverness Highland Tweed Suits made to order—	Selkirk Hand-Woven Tweed Suits made to order—	Gallashe's Homespun Tweed Suits made to order—	Bannockburn Heather Mixture Suits made to order—	Dundee Worsted Serge Suits made to order— for only—	Glasgow Special Worsted Suits made to order—	Real Mackay frae Dunfries Suits made to order—	Huddersfield Worsted Suits made to order— for only—
$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00

OVERCOATINGS.

English Kersey, black or blue, Overcoats made to order	Elegant English Oxford Gray Overcoats made to order	English Melton, in black or blue Overcoats made to order	Stripes, Checks, Mixtures, Thibet Cloths and Chinchillas and all of the very latest style goods any style wanted—made to order for only
$15.00	$15.00	$15.00	$15.00

SCOTLAND WOOLEN MILLS CO

109 West Superior Street **THE BIG TAILORS** 109 West Superior Street

THE EVENING HERALD
An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING—
DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.43
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Oct. 10.—The Alberta "low" has moved to the Red River valley causing cloudiness and higher temperature in that region, and the Southwestern "low" has increased in energy with warmer weather. The Lake Superior high pressure has moved to New England states, producing quite a temperature drop in that section, while the high in the far Northwest has remained about stationary, but with cooler temperature appearing. Light rains have fallen over Eastern gulf states, Western Manitoba, Northwest North Dakota and Southwest Montana. The winds in the lake region are mostly fresh southerly.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	80	Medicine Hat	70
Battleford	62	Memphis	70
Bismarck	58	Miles City	64
Boston	68	Milwaukee	51
Buffalo	48	Minnedosa	56
Calgary	64	Modena	76
Charleston	78	Montgomery	78
Chicago	50	Moorhead	60
Cincinnati	70	New Orleans	76
Davenport	64	New York	72
Denver	70	North Platte	72
Detroit	50	Oklahoma	78
Dodge City	82	Omaha	76
Duluth	42	Pittsburg	70
Edmonton	62	Port Arthur	42
El Paso	86	Portland	70
Escanaba	50	Pr. Albert	42
Galveston	76	Qu Appelle	48
Green Bay	50	Rapid City	62
Habre	68	San Francisco	74
Helena	56	Santa Fe	72
Houghton	46	Shreveport	80
Huron	68	Spokane	53
Jacksonville	80	St. Louis	78
Kamloops	58	St. Paul	56
Kansas City	76	St. Ste. Marie	41
Knoxbille	76	Swift Current	64
La Crosse	58	Washington	78
Lander	60	Williston	62
Los Angeles	72	Winnemucca	88
Marquette	44	Winnipeg	58

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time) Saturday, Oct. 11.—Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday, with possibly showers. Slight change in temperature. Fresh to brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICAHRDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—State and lake forecasts for the 24 hours ending at 7 p. m. Saturday: For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday, with possibly showers in north portion.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight with cooler in northwest and showers in northeast portion. Saturday probably fair.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Saturday.

Upper Lakes: Brisk southerly winds, shifting to westerly on Western Superior tonight and Michigan and balance of Superior Saturday. Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday with possibly showers Saturday.

Secretary Shaw Startles Them.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw has done several things of late that have caused considerable surprise, but thus far he has been able to make his action good and no one has dared to officially question his actions. His letter this week to the collectors of the principal ports of entry in which he directs them "for the present to solve all reasonable doubts in favor of the coal importer" is construed as favorable to the importer and against the government. In so far as any cases arise in which the duty really belongs to the government, but because of the doubt they are settled in favor of the importer, this will constitute a modification of the Dingley tariff act, and while most people would like to see congress make this modification, they are a little startled to have it done by executive order. This action is believed to be unprecedented. The theory upon which revenues are collected is that the treasury should protect itself, and leave the settlement of doubts to the board of general appraisers and the courts for judicial determination. Unless the treasury does this it is left without recourse in cases where it decides against itself; whereas, by removing its rights in all cases of doubt, it leaves to the importer, through his right to pay duty under protest, the opportunity for an equitable settlement. This is so universally the practice that no case can be recalled where it has been omitted. No discretion really rests with the department in the assessment of a duty on coal containing less than 92 per cent of fixed carbon, and upon the extent to which the various collectors go in interpreting "reasonable doubt" will depend the amount of "tariff tinkering" which has actually begun. The coal question is one, if there ever was one, that should allow of the utmost elasticity of the laws. The only ones who might possibly be injured, but such an act are the coal barons, and no one—well, they are coal barons and that is sufficient.

The Troubles of Hayti.

The internal troubles in the island of Hayti do not interest the United States as much as they did a while ago. The time has passed when the Mole St. Nicholas means anything to the United States as the site for a naval or coaling station. With Porto Rico American territory, with St. Thomas soon to become such, and with perspective naval and coaling stations in Cuba, no one would think of incurring the large expenditures which would be necessary for wharf and other facilities at Mole St. Nicholas. Whatever may happen in Hayti, neither faction in the civil war, when it seeks the support of this country, would have anything to offer in the way of inducement. The influence of the United States is purely moral and its disinterestedness can not be called in doubt. Hayti manages to keep on friendly terms with her neighbors even though there is reason why such should not be the case. The boundary dispute with Santo Domingo apparently never will be settled, and at times other acute disputes arise, but somehow the two governments manage to settle them without getting into war. The Haytians themselves show little tendency to leave their mountains and their valleys. The goat path is more to them than the railway. The negroes from Jamaica and Santo Domingo are to be found in Cuba, Porto Rico and the other islands. There is a constant migratory and return movement. But with the Haytian negroes it is different. Not many of them are found off the mainland. Few of them even care to cross the imaginary boundary line from Santo Domingo, except for the smuggling which arises from the two governments having different tariffs. This going back and forth is not very large, for the illicit trade is not great. The seacoast towns of Hayti seem a little hotter than the other seaports in the West Indies. This may be because the mountains lie so close behind and by their cool contrast make the heat seem greater. Yet any one who has put into a Haytian seaport knows it is hot. While all the other West India islands groan under the depression of the sugar industry, little is heard of this cause in Hayti, even in times of peace. The reason is that sugar cane never has been fully developed. In spite of the mountainous nature of the country, there is a large cane area which could be utilized, but the failure to do this has left the island free from the economic crises so common to its neighbors. Coffee has received more encouragement, yet, as a whole, Hayti is almost an undeveloped country. The exploitation may come or may begin in the next few years. That will depend entirely on the kind of government it gets when the present revolution it at an end.

THE LAST GRAND REVIEW.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic is drawing to a close. On Wednesday the old veterans marched for the last time in grand review down Pennsylvania avenue at the nation's capital. From 25,000 to 30,000 old soldiers, nearing the end of their careers, celebrated for the last time the victories of their youth. More than a generation has passed since the heroes of the civil war swept proudly past the reviewing stand at the capital and turned their faces homeward after four years of unselfish labors to preserve the Union and construct a nation. It was a magnificent spectacle—the review of the victorious army that had crushed the rebellion and established the republic for all time from the great lakes to the gulf of Mexico. Since that time there have been annual reviews of the veterans, but the one held this week may be the last, because surviving soldiers are growing weaker, and they can hardly stand the strain of marching for hours as they formerly did. Their race is nearly run, and eternity awaits them with its mystery, which they face in peace today as they faced it forty years ago in war.

The thought that this is the last time that the Grand Army will pass in grand review along Pennsylvania avenue is pathetic. At the same time the old soldiers must be pleased to know that the old bitterness that existed between those who wore the blue and those who wore the gray has passed away, and that their sons are working shoulder to shoulder in a united nation that knows no North and no South.

The services of those who fought for the Union beneath the Stars and Stripes, from 1861 to 1865, will never be forgotten, and their memories will ever be held in grateful remembrance by their children and their children's children. The Grand Army will soon be a thing of the past, but few of the 2,500,000 men who enlisted during the four years of the civil war survive, but the story of their achievements upon the field of battle, and later in the paths of peace, will ever form the brightest pages of American history.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

While in New Zealand the plan of compulsory arbitration seems to work successfully, according to the London Spectator, English workmen are rapidly becoming opposed to the system. This is shown by the results of voting "by card"—that is to say, by the number of constituents respectively represented by the delegates voting—at the past three trade union congresses, on resolutions demanding the establishment of compulsory arbitration in labor disputes in that country:

	1900.	1901.	1902.
Against	939,000	676,000	961,000
For	246,000	366,000	303,000

To a very large extent, no doubt, the reaction is due to reflections as to the probabilities of an anti-trade union bias in any arbitration court which could conceivably, in existing circumstances, be set up by parliament. The leading individual fact which has given rise to these reflections is the judgment of the house of lords in the Taff Vale case, by which the funds of trade unions were declared to be liable for damages on account of illegal conduct on the part of their members in connection with labor disputes. The judgment was given, of course, before the trade union congress of 1901, and was, indeed, the main topic discussed at that gathering. But its full meaning, when regarded in connection with recent decisions, restricting the limits of legal picketing during strikes, appears to have gathered ever-increasingly ominous volume in the minds of trade unionists.

Putting everything together the majority of the members of the larger unions seem to feel that, supposing that at the present, or any early date, legislation could conceivably be secured creating arbitration courts to which labor disputes should compulsorily be submitted, the purpose of such legislation would not be favorable to the claims of organized labor, and that this unfavorable purpose would be understood and cheerfully carried out by the judicial functionaries appointed to administer the law. While the unionists may be wrong in their assumption of bias on the part of judges, still with the great strength they have in England it would undoubtedly be foolish for them to surrender their cases to a court which they would have any reason to consider as unfriendly.

The New York restaurant keeper who advertised a lump of coal free with every plate of oysters is matched by the Chicago street falkirs who have appeared with "genuine black diamond stick pins" at 15 cents apiece. The black diamonds, of course, are small bits of hard coal fastened to washed gold pins. The Chicago papers report good sales of these curiosities, which at least would serve as souvenirs of the coal famine of 1902. One Chicago paper is reminded by this development in the street trade that in one of Hoyt's old farces two stage characters, Reuben and Cynthia, dressed as Quakers, sang a topical song, of which the stanzas were entertaining because of their manifest absurdity. One of the exchanges between the singers was about the hard coal question:

Reuben, Reuben, I've been thinkin'
What an awful thing 'twould be
If they took to burning diamonds
And sold coal for jewelry.

Cynthia, Cynthia, I've been thinkin'—
And I know you'll take my word—
Not one-half the population
Ever'd know it had occurred.

And now Mr. Hoyt's nonsensical whimsicalities are matched by the stern realities of life.

"Corporations which produce the prime necessities of life, like coal," says Senator Lodge, "ought to be under government control," in the same way that railroads are. It may not be clear just how this is to be done, but as things are going now the American people are likely to do something first and then find out afterward just how they did it.

If Judge Pennypacker's stumping tour has shown his utter unfitness for the office of governor, as the Philadelphia Ledger asserts, then the coal strike plus Pennypackerism may indeed be preparing the way for Mr. Pattison's third term as chief magnistrate of Pennsylvania.

While Leon Skizleoinlasmolowsky was trying to escape from a deputy sheriff in Long Island City on Saturday, he tumbled over something, fell down and was caught by the pursuing officer. He probably tripped on the 'steenth syllable of his name.

The mine operators said that "if given protection they could get men to mine coal to 70 per cent of the striking miners' capacity." Well, why do they not do it now? They have all the protection necessary, and the people are paying the expense.

The first assistant postmaster general believes that by another year the postoffice department will be self-supporting. Why not readjust the railway mail contracts and have a surplus or 1-cent letter postage?

Sixty Pullman porters, it is said, have organized to abolish the tipping system. They want their employes to pay them full wages and their demand should be granted.

When the president spoke to such a man as Baer of "patriotism" and "public duty," he talked an unknown tongue to his listener. Baer is president of the hog combine.

The coal famine is likely to last all winter. Even if the strike were to be settled at once, hard coal prices would be too high for the average consumer.

Professor Patten, of Dartmouth college, believes that man is descended from the horseshoe crab. Some appear to be going back there.

It is announced that they are to have a "moral Midway" at the St. Louis exposition. That will certainly be a curiosity.

The weather may be getting colder, but the country is getting hotter, as the coal barons may soon discover.

Many high protectionist organs are still making futile efforts to explain away President McKinley's last speech.

If ice could be used as fuel there would be no anxiety throughout the North in regard to the coming winter.

If any one knows of any new kind of fuel, now is the time to speak.

LINES TO A SMILE.

Chicago Tribune: "I wonder how Venus de Milo came to lose her arms."

"Broke 'em off, probably, trying to button her shirtwaist up the back."

Buffalo News: Tom—I understand your friend, Miss Ryder, is a great horsewoman.

Edyth—Yes, indeed. Why the other day when she was taken suddeny ill she sent for a veterinary surgeon.

Town and Country: May—Oh, I hate these magazine serials!

Edith—Why?

May—You can never tell how a story ends until it is finished.

Philadelphia Press: "To decide a bet, began the visitor, "can you tell me how long a man can go without food?"

"Well," replied the snake editor, "I'm six feet three, and I've gone without it several times."

Chicago Post: "Truth is stranger than fiction."

"To most of us, yes; but still its not so bad when you come to get on speaking terms with it."

Record Herald: "So," said the author's friend, "you built this house with your own hands?"

"Yes."

"Well, well, well! It's simply wonderful! You ought to have been a carpenter."

Baltimore American: "I think the biggest contract I ever took," remarked the doctor, "was to treat a fat man in a dime museum for a snake bite. He weighed 500 pounds, but I literally snatched him from the jaws of death."

"Maybe you didn't do it at all," suggested the professor. "Maybe death found it had bitten off more than it could chew."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Easy lies the head that wears a new bonnet.

A woman's face is her fortune and her clothes her husband's misfortune.

Most men worry a sight more over their digestion than they do over their salvation.

The more times a man gets married the less sense he seems to have about not doing it again.

Some kinds of women's clothes don't seem to be made for any other reason except to make men wonder how they can find out about them.

Marvelous Development.

Philadelphia Press: The manufacture of electrical apparatus and supplies employed in the last census year a capital, exclusive of capital stock, of over $53,000,000. The value of the product was over $91,000,000. This is a good showing for a comparatively new business and it will show a wonderful increase by the time of the next census. It does not include data as to operating companies in electric lighting, telephone, street railway or other corporations of that kind.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The state does not need to sell its lands," said State Auditor Dunn at the St. Louis last evening. He is here on a land-selling expedition, accompanied by his land clerk, George A. Flinn. "As a matter of fact, it would be more profitable in a narrow sense for the state to hang on to its lands as a speculation, just as any investor would buy them up and hold them for a rise. They will all be more valuable soon, and if the state authorities wanted to look at it in such a narrow way they could make money for the state by holding on to them for a time.

"But that is the truth only in a narrow sense. The state can do better by itself and its people by selling the lands to settlers, who will cultivate them and increase the richness of the commonwealth in that way. It would not be fair to localities, either, to hold up the state lands. For instance, the state owns large amounts of land in Aitkin county. So long as the state holds it it is exempt from taxation, and the farmers who have land must pay the taxes and build the roads. When the state sells the land and it is settled, the land goes on the tax rolls, and there are so many more settlers to help pay the local expenses."

• • •

"I returned from Portland, Ore., a few days ago," said Land Clerk Flinn, of the state auditor's office, at the St. Louis last night, and out there I met a former Duluthian whom I knew as a member of the legislature ten years ago. James A. Boggs was the way he was enrolled in the legislature, but he was better known as 'Jim' Boggs. He is located at Prineville, in Southern Oregon, and he is working up a land business there. He said that while he had had his ups and downs like some others, he was doing well and the future looked good to him. He looked just about the same as he used to, and he was as sanguine and plausible as ever.

"Portland is a great and coming city. Its wealth and prosperity have more of the appearance of permanence and solidity than some of the other Western towns."

• • •

P. R. Vall, of Ely, returned this morning from a week's visit in Chicago and stopped at the St. Louis. He returned to Ely this afternoon.

• • •

L. M. Richardson and R. K. Richardson, of Saginaw, Mich., sons of the late senior member of the lumber firm of Richardson & Avery, are in the city, guests at the Spalding.

• • •

Dr. Alexander G. Stone, of St. Paul, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

• • •

George Ioset, of Wadena, who has been at the McKay for several days, has returned home. Mr. Ioset is to be the manager of the Giant Grip Horseshoe company, which is establishing a factory here.

• • •

At the St. Louis, L. A. Bauer, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Butler, Tower; H. H. Wood, Toronto; C. O. Severance, Boston; C. M. Weskine, Cloquet; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Mackenzie, Sparta; Joe M. Dalton, Ashland; C. P. Delaittre, Aitkin; W. M. Oakman, Boston; James Morrison, E. H. Breslin, Sarnia, Ont.

• • •

At the Spaldig: G. O. Clark, Hibbing; W. W. Broughton, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. Ross A. Gamble, Minneapolis; O. B. Warren, Negaunee; Charles M. Starch, Grand Rapids; Frank B. Poole, Cloquet; Capt. Wm. G. Waters, Santa Barbara, Cal.; James Bennett, Ashtabula; G. B. Goff, Saginaw; N. M. Thygeson, St. Paul.

• • •

At the McKay: A. Vold, Chicago; Mrs. J. C. Farmer, McKinley; C. M. Atkinson, Hibbing; D. E. Rice, Chicago; H. Burlingame, Franklin, Neb.; H. K. Relf, St. Paul; John McClure, St. Paul; John W. Woodrill, Two Harbors; J. B. Rayne, Minneapolis; W. E. Hyde, Allison, Ia.; W. L. Hill, Biwabik.

THE UPWARD FLIGHT.

One by one the dead leaves fall
And lie in drifts by the garden wall,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
But the price

The roses, too, have paled and fled,
Their petals flutter, dried and dead,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
But the price

Thermometers are dropping fast,
They sing with every chilling blast,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
But the price

The summer's gone, the dark skies frown,
The raindrops drearily drizzle down,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
But the price

Our spirits droop, we have the blues
As we daily read the coal strike news,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
And the price

And most things take a downward trend;
Yea, swift the bank accounts descend,
up,
going
keeps
coal
of
As the price

—Chicago Chronicle.

CORNER STONE

For Proposed Memorial Bridge Placed By Veterans.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The corner stone of the proposed memorial bridge across the Potomac to connect Washington with Arlington cemetery was dedicated at an open air meeting on the White House lot yesterday afternoon.

The stone weighs seven tons and was cut by the Stone Cutters' union of the District of Columbia. The inscription reads:

"Designed and presented by the Stone Cutters' union, of Washington, D. C., as the corner stone of the Memorial bridge, which, in connecting the national capital with Arlington, shall ever stand as a monument to American patriotism.

"Dedicated Oct. 9, 1902, during the thirty-sixth national encampment of the G. A. R."

Secretary of War Root presided and made an eloquent speech in support of the proposed bridge.

He also read a letter from President Roosevelt, expressing regret at his inability to be present and warmly endorsing the proposed memorial.

Owing to the inability of eight horses to get the stone to the platform, the exercises were held some distance from the site planned for them.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Garfield, Tex., fifteen miles from Austin. Groesbeck and Bluff Springs also report a slight shock. No serious damage was done.

Reports of the damage done by the recent storm in Labrador continue to be received. One schooner with fifty-five persons on board is still missing.

The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad company, one of the constituents of the Great Northern system, held its annual meeting at the Great Northern building in St. Paul Thursday. The old members of the board of directors were re-elected.

Surrogate Thomas Edy granted ancillary letters of administration on the estate of the late John W. Mackay, who died in London on June 20 to Mr. Mackay's son, Clarence. The petition states that the estate of Mr. Mackay in the state of New York amounts to $2,500,000 and there are no creditors, either in the state or elsewhere.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 & 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Fall and Winter
Overcoats



Big Business Last Fall.
Result of Providing Exceptionally Well.

HERE'S for it again—two thousand Overcoats—more than any Duluth store ever had before—

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $30, $35.

These prices cover all the styles, from very short to very long—and shows you, not a few of each, but a full variety.

The Making is Right. The Styles Are Right. Fit is Right.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHES.


Boys' 2-piece double-breasted Suits—
$1.95 to $10.00


New style Boys' Overcoats with Belts—
$4.95 to $15.00


NORFOLK SUITS,
$2.95 to $6.50.


SAILOR BLOUSE SUITS—
$2.95 to $7.50.


THREE PIECE SUITS—
$3.95 to $10.00


FALL SOFT HATS
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00.

Exclusive Agents for the
$3.50 BOSTONIAN SHOE.....



Exclusive Agents for the
$3.50 BOSTONIAN SHOE.....


FALL DERBYS—
$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00.

INDIFFERENT

Feeling of Cuba Toward United States Gives Concern.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The situation as to Cuba is such at present as to give great concern. It is feared that Cuba is drifting away, and evidence is multiplying day by day to mark the growth of a spirit of indifference toward the cultivation of friendly commercial relations with the United States that almost borders on hostility. The best efforts of the state department thus far have failed to secure the adhesion of the Cuban government to the treaty which, by the terms of the Platt amendment, must be entered into between the two governments. The delay is all on one side, namely, at Havana, for Secretary Hay and the Cuban minister, Senor Quesada, have performed their part in drafting a treaty which, it is believed, carries out the intent of congress. That treaty is now awaiting the approval of the Cuban government, which approval is withheld, not with any expressed intention of rejecting the convention, but through what is regarded here as the natural inertia of the Cubans in diplomatic matters. This treaty includes provisions for a considerable measure of reciprocity between the United States and Cuba, and while it is true that the Cubans believe that the United States has been rather niggardly in the arrangement of the reciprocity schedules, those objections are not regarded as sufficient to account for the great delay in concluding the treaty. It is believed that as Cuba is the principal sufferer from the lack of treaty relations with the United States, internal pressure soon will force action on the pending convention.

ALL ESCAPED.

Two Hundred Men Asleep In Burning House.

New York, Oct. 10.—Fire early this morning at Park row and Worth street swept through a lodging house in which 200 men were asleep. All the inmates escaped injury so far as known.

In the rear of the burning building was a large chemical factory. For a time Chief Croker feared an explosion, and ordered all persons out of the surrounding tenements. The flames were controlled, however, and the loss was limited to $25,000.

BOOK AGENTS' UNION.

Latest Addition to Ranks of Organized Labor.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Owners and agents of fashionable apartment buildings will have to remove the signs now adorning the vestibules reading, "No canvassers allowed," or incur the wrath of organized labor.

When a wily book agent succeeds in running the gauntlet of clerks and reaches the private office of the business man, no paperweights can be thrown at his head with impunity, for he will carry a union card and declare a boycott against the man using such playful tactics.

The business man may be occupied, but if he objects to listen to the special advantages of having the "greatest book ever written" in his library, his supply of coal may be shut off or his servant girls go on strike, for he will have shown himself to be "an enemy of organized labor."

The Canvassing Agents' and Solicitors' union is the name of the organization to be formed by an organizer of the American Federation of Labor.

ROYAL QUARREL.

Queen and King of Servia Come to Blows.

Vienna, Oct. 10.—The Neues Wener Tagblatt's Belgrade correspondent describes a renewal of the domestic amenities of the Servian royal pair. King Alexander, owing to financial difficulties, recently stopped Queen Dragma's pin money, amounting to $400 a month. The queen revenged herself by creating an indescribable scene before the courtiers, who were finally obliged to protect the king from her violence. A week later the king, driven by the utmost necessity, appealed to the queen to lend him money from her savings. She refused, and then there was another scene. The king overwhelmed her with the bitterest reproaches. He accused her of endangering the throne, and called her the curse of his life. Despite this, the queen persisted in her refusal to lend him money. Instead, she abused him coarsely and revived the old accusation that he was carrying on a liaison with her younger sister, Helene. Finally, the queen boxed her husband's ears, and he, in trying to parry the blow, struck her violently on the arm.

RIGHTS OF A STATE.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The question of the right of a state to require railroads to establish and maintain depots in rural and agricultural districts within a mile of each other is involved in the case of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, plaintiff in error, against the state of Minnesota and the railroad and warehouse commission, the transcript of record which was docketed in the United States supreme court today. The railroad contends that the Minnesota supreme court erred in upholding the validity of the statute making such requirement, in holding that the railroad must build a station at Emmons, Minn., and that a state may appropriate private property and practically control and manage the same without the consent of the company.

AMUSEMENTS.

STAR LECTURE COURSE.
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
12 Entertainments, $2.50
Reservation of seats for COURSE TICKETS, in Lecture Room of church, on Saturday, Oct. 11, at 1:30 p. m.—Thereafter at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
FRIDAY, OCT. 10.
"A LITTLE OUTCAST"
This season's enormous scenic sensation.
Prices—Dress Circle and Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
SATURDAY, OCT. 11.
AMELIA BINGHAM presents
MISS ROSELLE KNOTT
And a SPECIAL COMPANY
In Haddon Chambers' Remarkable Play:
"A Modern Magdalen."

LYCEUM C. A. Marshall Manager
Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 14-15
Wednesday Matinee.
"The Sultan of Sulu."
Same brilliant organization that is going to New York.
Dress circle $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle, $1.00; Par., $1.00 and 75c. F.C. & B., 50c

"We all Know that

"a, b, c, d, e, f is vowels; but what we want to know is why is they vowels?"

What you want to know is WHY the ... **LUDWIG PIANO**

Is the Piano to buy. Here is the "why" in a nutshell:

The cost is small—the value great—the tone is rich, strong and sympathetic. The scientific scale insures an absolutely even tone and great durability. The finish is workmanlike and the design artistic. The warranty is sensible and solid.

$297.50 Secures a beautiful style, with fine scarf and stool. Sent on "suspicion" if wanted. We pay both freights if it fails to please. Here is another attractive Piano—

$135 Kimball upright; large, ebonized, sweet tone; used somewhat, but in perfect order and tone; richly worth $200. Only $10 down and $10 monthly. See these pianos if you can. If not, write us for full description.

We should like to tell you about our great stock of **Steinway, Knabe, Ivers & Pond, Emerson, Kranich & Bach,** and other fine pianos. **Write us today**—we'll answer by return mail.

DULUTH MUSIC CO. Largest Piano House at Head of Lakes. Sole Agents Steinway and Knabe Pianos. COR. SUPERIOR ST. and LAKE AVE.

THE IOWA PLATFORM

And the Tariff Discussed By Governor Albert Cummins.

Spoke at the Banquet of Chicago Marquette Club.

Other Speakers Were Governor La Follette and Secretary Moody.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—The thirty-first anniversary of Chicago's big fire was observed last night by banquets, given under the auspices of the Marquette and Lake Side clubs. Speakers of national prominence were present at both banquets. At the Auditorium hotel 900 members of the Marquette club and their guests gathered in the banquet hall, which had been appropriately decorated. William L. Bush, president of the club, acted as toastmaster. After the convocation by Rev. Frank Gunsaulus, Governor La Follette of Wisconsin was introduced and spoke on the achievements of the Republican party since March 4, 1897. The next speaker was Secretary of the Navy William H. Moody, for whom the banqueters arose in a body and cheered enthusiastically. Secretary Moody responded to the toast, "The Navy."

"The Iowa Platform and the Tariff" was discussed by Governor Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa.

Governor Cummins spoke directly to the Iowa idea as embodied in the Republican platform of that state, declaring for a "no monopoly sheltering tariff." He said in part:

"In all its length and all its breadth we meant just what we said. We believe that to the doctrine of protection more than to any other principle of government is due the commanding position so brilliantly won and so firmly held by the United States in the affairs of the world; to the policy of protective duties is due, more than to any other policy of the government, the unequalled manhood and womanhood of the people, at once the safety and glory of the republic; that to this fundamental proposition of the Republican party is due, more than to any other economic truth, the marvelous development and unparalleled prosperity which now distinguish the American name and bless the American home.

"That changes would become necessary or advisable no Republican has ever doubted. The platform was adopted under circumstances that made it clear that the Republicans of Iowa are deeply convinced that the time has come through the progress of our industries, and their changing relations to the commerce of the world, when modifications of the tariff are imperatively demanded; and if I do misinterpret the signs of the times, this belief is shared by the Republicans of forty-four other states.

"There has never been, and cannot now be, a controversy with respect to the purpose and measures of protective duties. Their purpose is to give the American producer a fair chance to take the American market at a fair American price, so that the American laborer can work at American wages, and American capital can be rewarded with an American profit, and thus originate and develop those American industries and enterprises that nature has fitted us to carry on.

"Tested by these criterions, both as to purpose and measure, no intelligent observer can doubt that upon some of the most important products of the United States the duties are too high; and it is the mission of the Republican party to reduce them so that they will again be in harmony with the principle out of which they spring. In doing this, the party simply pursues the even tenor of its way, condemning with equal emphasis the proposal on the one hand to make tariff duties an instrument of unlawful profit, and upon the other to make them the instrument for the mere collection of revenue. Protection will stand as a shield for honest labor and a mine for lawful profits, but it shall not be used as a sword for industrial piracy or as a mint for illegal gain.

"We all know that no harm can come to any legitimate undertaking through readjustment of tariff schedules, made by a Republican congress and approved by a Republican president. The men of capital, the protected producers of the country, can have but one thing to fear, and they know it better than any of their fellow-men. It is the supremacy of the Democratic party, with its follies of free silver, free trade; with its narrow view and weak execution of the powers of government. Depend upon it, that capital will not imperil its rightful interest because it is asked to surrender its usury.

"It has been said by illustrious leaders of the Republican party that a modification of the tariff is not a remedy for the trusts. I take this opportunity to say for the Republicans of Iowa that they wholly agree with this view, and have not proposed to effectually repair the wrongs that are perpetrated by unlawful combinations by any readjustment or abatement of the tariff schedules.

"No thinking man can doubt that large corporations are absolutely necessary to carry on, with convenience and economy, the growing business of the world, and however great a corporation, becomes, if it develops in a natural way, through the recognized laws of commerce and through the energy and sagacity of its managers against the competition of others engaged in like business, it ought not to be the object of disfavor or condemnation; on the other hand, it should be the subject of just pride and mark the rising tide of a better civilization.

"The corporations or combinations to which the Iowa platform refers are those which have been brought together, not to outstrip competition in a fair race, but to destroy competition by the actual obliteration of independent establishments, and which accomplish their purpose either by purchase or piracy.

"They are invariably accompanied by the issuance of vast quantities of stock which has no basis save the audacity of promoters and which serve two ends equally objectionable—first, to enrich beyond comprehension the movers of the nefarious enterprises, and second, to cloak the enormous profits which may be extorted from their helpless victims.

"There are but two forces that can be trusted to fix prices—competition and the regulation of organized government. The latter is totally inadmissable, and we must preserve the former. It is therefore the high and imperative duty of the government to so adjust laws that there will be the least possible motive for the destruction of competition."

Senator Burton of Kansas, who was to have spoken on "Republicanism in the West," was unable to be present, and his place was taken by ex-Governor Trautman of the "Sunflower state." The last speaker of the evening was Col. D. D. Woodmansee, ex-president of the Republican league, who responded to the toast, "William McKinley."

The principal speaker at the Lake Side banquet was Bishop John Lancaster Spalding, of Pretoria, who took for his subject "Illinois."

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

A Pleasant, Simple, But Safe and Effectual Cure For It.

Catarrh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable. The usual symptoms are a full or bloating sensation after eating, accompanied sometimes with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the heart and lungs and difficult breathing, nervousness and a general played-out, languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue, and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate trouble is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily, thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach. To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do, and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harlanson the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Diastase, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nux Golden Seal and fruit acids. These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. H. S. Workman, Chicago, Ills., writes: "Catarrh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head, whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonous discharge therefrom passing backward into the throat reaches the stomach, this producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribed for me for three years for catarrh of stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my good feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, Catarrh of stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, heart burn and bloating after meals.

A SMOKE CONSUMER.

Poor Machinist May Become a Rich Man.

Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—William S. Hughes, a machinist of this city, has perfected a smoke consuming device. It is the one that was personally tested by Corneulus Vanderbilt on the Manhattan Elecated a few nights ago. From a poor machinist Hughes will possibly become a rich man. He is past middle age and has worked as a machinist since boyhood. His spare moments he has devoted to perfecting his smoke-consumer.

"It has been a long wait for success," said Hughes. "I had no money to put the machine on the market. If there are sales of the device, I, of course, will receive royalties. Mr. Vanderbilt has charge of the device for me."

Hughes says that the device saves fuel and makes a perfect combustion of black smoke. The double arch can be put into any locomotive firebox and boiler in three hours.

POTATOES

Are Dug By Ladies to Raise a Church Fund.

Beaver Dam, Wis., Oct. 10.—It has been generally conceded that every conceivable plan, scheme or method for raising money for churches has been tried again and again, but Beaver Dam women have discovered a new way and until something better is discovered they lay claim to having devised the most unique method of collecting funds for religious purposes.

There is a certain business man who has been a constant purchaser of tickets for church fairs, suppers, socials, theatricals, raffles and the like for almost a score of years. At last, becoming tired of constant giving for things he cared nothing about, he made a proposition to the ladies of the Presbyterian church in the hope that he would floor them and free himself once and for all time from what he called a nuisance.

This merchant offered to give $20 to the church if the women of the congregation would dig potatoes for two hours and allow spectators.

Much to his surprise and dismay the proposition was accepted by the ladies of the guild.

A farmer living near the city gave permission to have his fields used and so, Tuesday afternoon, thirty of the ladies marched to the scene of their martyrdom. The party was made up of "maids and matrons." There were girls of 12 and women of 70, all eager to dig potatoes and secure the money for the church. The procession moved through the city, the women marching two by two, each carrying her own implements.

A large number of tickets, worded as follows, had previously been sold, and a good sum was thus realized for the church in addition to the $20 contribution:

> The Holder of this Ticket
> Is entitled to a reserved seat
> on Mrs. Waldhier's fence to
> see the Ladies of the First
> Presbyterian Church
> DIG POTATOES,
> From 2 to 4 p. m., today, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1902. Proceeds of
> sale to go to the church.
> Price of ticket from 25 cents
> up, according to liberality of
> purchaser.

The gentlemen who paid for seats on the fence declare they will begin a lawsuit if money is not refunded, as the fence proved to be barb wire.

Three signs were nailed in very conspicuous places on the posts, and read, "Foreman Wanted," "Famous Amazon Diggers" and "Use Paris Green for Blisters." The ladies fulfilled their part of the contract in every degree, both in digging and carrying the potatoes to the barn.

After the field was cleared, the lunch, which the ladies had taken with them, was most welcome and full justice was done to it.

During the digging the merchant who made the offer of $20 brought the money, fastened it to a large American flag and stuck it in the center of the field.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Indianapolis Man Kills His Wife and Himself.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 10—The bodies of Pleasant Pruitt, aged 62, and wife, Winnie Pruitt, aged 47, were found side by side yesterday afternoon in the basement of their home. Mrs. Pruitt had been killed with a knife, two stabs penetrating the heart. The face was also terribly mutilated, one of the eyes being torn out. Pruitt had been killed by a pistol wound in the head. Both had been dead some hours. The police believe that Pruitt killed his wife and then himself. The two had quarreled frequently. Pruitt killed a former wife several years ago. The coroner pronounced the killing accidental.

Convinced by Printed Testimony of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 East Eighth street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES."

STACK & CO.

Our leadership in underselling is not even seriously questioned by our competitors. They know full well the prices we make, can't be matched. We'd like every lady in Duluth would give us an opportunity to prove to them what we do in the way of price cutting. The following items give merely a hint of Tomorrow's Happenings.

Ladies' Belts. Leather and Tucked Belts, sold regularly at 25c and 50c each. Choice for..... **10c**

Taffeta Ribbon. Black and Colored Taffeta Silk Ribbon, No. 16, good quality, the regular 15c quality..... **10c**

Sewing Silk. 50-yard spools best machine Sewing Silk, in all colors, the regular 5c quality, for..... **3½c**

Toilet Soap. Lana Oil Buttermilk Soap, worth regularly 25c per box, only..... **17c**

Shirt Waist Sets. Initial Shirt Waist Sets, 4-piece, splendid value for 75c. Choice per set..... **50c**

Skirt and Bag Holder. Coronation Skirt and Bag Holder, the regular 50c kind. Special for this sale..... **25c**

Kid Gloves. Ladies' black Kid Gloves, worth regularly 75c. Special for this sale..... **25c**

Chatelaine Bags. Beaded Chatelaine Bags, colored, full size, worth 98c each. Choice..... **65c**

Stocking Caps. Boys' and Misses' Stocking Caps, all colors, worth 39c each, for..... **25c**

Tam O'Shanters. Camels' hair Tam o' Shanters, all colors, regular 75c quality, for..... **48c**

Boys' Hose. Extra heavy ribbed fleeced Hose, absolutely fast black, worth 25c, for..... **19c**

Children's Hose. Children's fleece lined Hose, three-thread, double heel, regular 15c value, for..... **12½c**

Union Suits. Ladies' Union Suits, fall weight, perfect fitting, worth 75c, for..... **50c**

Boys' Sweaters. Sizes 20 to 24, all wool Boys' Sweaters, in plain and fancy, worth 75c for..... **50c**

Men's Shirts. Men's all wool Blue Shirts, double and single-breasted, extra heavy, $1.25 value, for.. **$1.00**

Men's Sweaters. All wool Men's Sweaters, all sizes, fine knit, all colors, worth $1.25, for..... **$1.00**

Boys' Pants. Boys' all wool Pants, sizes 4 to 14 years, extra well made, per pair..... **50c**

Dresser Scarfs. 54-inch white embroidered Dresser Scarfs, hemmed, 50c value, for..... **29c**

Apron Ginghams. Plain and fancy checked Apron Ginghams, good standard quality, per yard..... **5c**

Fancy Linings. Black, gray and fancy Percaline and sateen waist lining, worth 15c yards, for..... **10c**

Fancy Waistings. Fancy fleeced Waistings, in all the latest styles and colors, worth 19c yard, for..... **15c**

Cotton Batting. Large size rolls, good, pure Cotton Batting, worth 7c per roll, for..... **5c**

School Suiting. 27-inch wool School Suitings, handsome colorings, all styles, worth 25c yard, for **12½c**

Lace Curtains. Large size Nottingham Lace Curtain, plain center, worth $1.25 pair, for..... **75c**

Our Cloak and Skirt Department

is now complete with fall and winter garments. Our prices are quoted so low that we guarantee a saving of from TWENTY-FIVE TO FIFTY PER CENT on every Skirt, Jacket, Waist or Child's Coat purchased here.

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, made of heavy suiting—double breasted, velvet collar, trimmed with fancy wool braid, colors dark, red and light navy. Good value at $4.50..... **$2.98**

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, made of blue and red melton, double breasted, with deep sailor collar, trimmed with black velvet and braid. Especially good value for $7.00..... **$5.00**

LADIES' JACKETS, in tan and black, stitched seams, made with full storm collar, double breasted, lined with best materials. A good seller at $7.50—..... **$5.00**

LADIES' JACKETS, 27-inch, made of good quality Melton, double breasted, tight fitting back, front and back corded, stitched seams, lined throughout with satin, $15 value..... **$10.00**

MONTE CARLO JACKETS, in shades of black, tan and castor, satin trimmed, stitched, strap seams, elaborately tailor stitched, lined throughout with satin. Special at—

$12.50, $13.98, $15.00

NEW WALKING SKIRTS, in black and grey, made of splendid quality suiting, made with flare and stitched seams. Excellent value at $6.50—choice—..... **$5.00**

HANDSOME KILT SKIRTS, in black and white and blue and white novelty Cheviots, elegantly made, and perfect in fit—your choice of $7.50 Skirts at, only..... **$5.00**



LADIES' WOOL WAISTS, new fall styles, tucked yoke, trimmed with fancy buttons, in shades of rose, blue, red and black—$2.00 value—..... **$1.50**

FANCY FLANNEL WAISTS, in embroidery, braid and tucked, trimmed, light fancy stripes and plain colors. Special values during this sale at—

$2.98, $2.75, $2.48

FLEECED WRAPPERS—25 dozen Ladies' Wrappers, slightly damaged, regular $1.00 value, in desirable dark colors for—..... **48c**

SATEEN UNDERSKIRTS—Ladies' Mercerized Sateen Underskirts, made with accordeon plaited flounce and extra dust ruffle, extra wide—$1.50 value for..... **98c**

DRESSING SACQUES—We offer an exceptionally good Dressing Sacque, in all colors, made with tight-fitting back and beautifully finished—for, only..... **50c**

SILK UNDERSKIRT—Of good quality black Taffeta, made full, tucked ruffles; our regular $6.00 value—for this sale..... **$4.98**

WOOL MOREEN UNDERSKIRTS—Large selection of wool Moreen Underskirts, at remarkably low prices—choice bargains at—

$2.25, $2.98, $3.98

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL DRESSES—In fancy fleeced cloth, plain and fancy wools, made with fancy yokes and neatly trimmed specials—at—

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

Headquarters for Calico.

5c yd for best Indigo, large figured comfort calicos, and all the fancy prints, new fall styles and absolutely fast colors. Your pick of the largest assortment in the city. Others ask 7c yard.

Bed Spreads, Table Damask and Bed Pillows.

Bed Spreads, large double bed size—hemmed all round..... **75c**

Fancy Bed Spreads, red, pink and blue, large size, $1.50 value—choice..... **$1.00**

Bed Pillows—3½-lb feather Pillow, with fancy tick covering **75c**

Bed Sheets, 72x90, extra heavy bleached, sheet torn and hemmed—only..... **50c**

Red Table Damask, fancy checks and plain blacks, fast colors **25c**

Outing Flannels, extra quality cream Domet, 6½c quality... **5c**

Fancy Outings, one case fancy, plain, striped and check—9c value—only..... **7½c**

Table Damask, heavy half bleached, with fancy borders—per yard—only..... **29c**

Bleached Damask, full width, good value at 65c yard—special. **45c**

Huck Towels, large size, extra heavy—20c size—for..... **15c**

Buy Your Blankets and Comforts Here and Save Money.

48c for large size Cotton Blankets, medium weight, worth 65c.

95c for Cotton Blankets 11-4 size, fancy blue and pink borders, soft and fleecy—the $1.25 quality.

$1.25 for extra heavy Cotton Blankets, in white, grey and tan, full size—regular value $1.50.

$4.98 for Wool Blankets, 11/4 size—tan, red and natural color, silk taped—worth $6.00.

98c for Comforts, covered with Silkoline, full size, filled with good batting—worth $1.25.

$1.25 for Comforts, large size, silkoline lined, plain and fancy yarn, tied—regular value $1.50.

$1.48 for Comfort, extra large size, lined with silkoline on both sides, yarn tied, regular value $2.00.

Two Great Rug Specials.

Smyrna Rugs, size 30x60, manufacturers' line of handsome styles, in all the new colorings, wool fringe; $1.25 regular—for..... **$1.00**

All wool Smyrna Rugs, 30x60, in a large assortment of new designs and best make—$3.00 value for..... **$1.75**

Reliable Furs at Quick-selling Prices.



$1.98 for good imitation Mink Scarf trimmed with six large tails, worth $3.

$2.95 for good imitation Lynx Boa, full length, trimmed with large, bushy tail.

$3.98 for Oppossum Scarf, splendid quality, trimmed with tails, worth $5.

$5.00 for choice selection of brown Opposum scarfs and boas.

$7.98 for Russian Bear Boa, full length, regular value $10.00.

$2.48 for Astrachan and Coney Collarettes, trimmed—cheap at $3.50.

Basement Bargains In Small Things.

Best Parlor Matches—200 in box—for..... **1c**

Kettle Knobs—each, only..... **1c**

Tin Cups—four for..... **5c**

5c Chopping Knives, only..... **3c**

60 hardwood Clothespins for..... **5c**

1000 Toothpicks—hardwood—for..... **2½c**

1-lb package Washing Powder..... **3c**

7½c Brass Extension Rods—only..... **3c**

5c bronzed Stove-lip Lifters for..... **2½c**

10c Stove Pipe Dampers—sale price only..... **5c**

10c worth of Lace Shelf Paper—20 yds, all colors, sale price..... **5c**

15c Ax Handles—sale price..... **8½c**

10c nickel-plated Stove Pokers..... **5c**

5c package of Gas Wax Tapers..... **3c**

10c package of Rising Sun Stove Polish..... **5c**



25c Bread Knives—sale price **12½c**

25c Parlor Brooms, 3-tie, and well seasoned—each..... **14c**

Glass and China Specials.

5c for Cups and Saucers, worth 10c.

3½c for porcelain Plates, worth 8c.

5c for porcelain Dinner Plates—worth 10c.

6c for white granite Pitchers worth 12½c.

5c for large Soap Slabs—worth 10c.

8½c for 8-in Jardinieres, damaged in decorating, worth when perfect, 25c.



59c for Bowls and Pitchers—worth regularly 85c.

10c for your choice of an article on a large table of fancy China in odds and ends, worth up to 25c.

$5.29 for German China Tea Sets beautifully decorated, and worth $8.50.

$5.69 for 100-piece decorated dinner sets, sold regularly for $9.85.



2½c for Glass Sauce Dishes, imitation cut glass, worth 5c. **25c** per dozen for tin top Jelly Glasses.

2½c for good Table Tumblers—worth 5c.

Unusual Bargains in Tinware.

10c Sheet Iron Bread Pans—only..... **5c**

2-quart Coffee Pots—each only..... **10c**

19c Saratoga Slicers—sale price..... **10c**

Wash Basins—(like cut)—sale price—only..... **5c**



19c Nickel Cuspidors—sale price only..... **10c**

19c dome-top Oil Cans—only..... **10c**

25c Japanned Coal Hods—for..... **19c**

15c Colanders, large size—only..... **10c**



22c pieced Dish Pans—10-qt size, while they last..... **10c**

Stove Zincs—special only..... **39c**

Large size Stove Zincs—for..... **49c**

Galvanized Wash Tubs for..... **53c**

14-qt Bread Raisers—only..... **45c**

85c Wash Boilers—only..... **59c**



55c nickel-plated Tea Kettles sale price..... **39c**

75c nickel-plated Tea Kettles..... **53c**

Graniteware and Hardware.

12c Granite Cake Pans—10-inch..... **5c**

18c Granite Soap Dishes—sale price..... **10c**

20c granite Bread Pans—8x12—only..... **10c**



Pots—sale price—45c Granite Tea Pots—only..... **25c**

23c granite Stew Pans—for..... **15c**

69c granite Rice Cookers—only..... **50c**

3-qt granite Milk Pans—only..... **15c**

6-quart granite Pudding Pans—only..... **21c**

$1.20 Granite Tea Kettles— **69c**



15c 10-inch Pie Plates sale price—only **9c**

29c granite Preserving Kettles—only..... **25c**

6-inch Stove Pipe—sale price..... **11c**

75c D-handle Shovels, 14-inch edge..... **50c**

85c handled Chopping Axes—only..... **59c**



$1.69 Clothes Wringers—guaranteed for use—sale price— **$1.19**

H. G. GROSS

..Manufacturing Fur Merchant..

We Have Everything In Furs.

Here we have the highest standard of quality—style and fit at prices that are unparalleled hereabouts. **None Just As Good--mark this. No aliases--every Fur correctly named.**

Now is the time for **Alaska Seal** Sacques—Persian Lamb and Hudson Bay Otter Sacques.

Russian Crown Sables and Royal Ermines in all small furs.

H. G. GROSS, Exclusive Fur House,

106 West Superior Street, Duluth.

MRS. STEVENS DEAD.

Victim of Floodwood Accident Is No More.

Mrs. C. M. Stevens, late of Floodwood, died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday after an illness of over a year from an abscess caused by a fall on a defective sidewalk at Floodwood. She sued for $7000 damages and got $1000. There was a long fight to get the money, the village officers holding it up, but it was finally paid, and the family lately removed to West Duluth. The body will be shipped to St. Paul today for burial. A little daughter of C. M. Stevens died Sept. 12.

HIS LIFE IN PERIL.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Texas, "biliousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50 cents at Abbett's drug store.

A Piano Sale That Is A Piano Sale

One that is backed up by experience, integrity, capital and the goods that are advertised.

These goods are being sold at wonderful reductions for the purpose of moving them quickly to make room for incoming stock.

Many customers are taking advantage of this sale and making great savings on their pianos.

Don't delay if you want a piano, for this stock will not last long the way it is going.

A GREAT HIT.

Our $250 Upright Piano for $158.

A thoroughly reliable and fully guaranteed piano. Handsome walnut or mahogany finish cases and beautiful tone, ivory keys, full nickel-plated tuning pins, Boston fall board and full duet music desk. In fact, a medium-sized piano with all the latest improvements.

TERMS—

$15 cash and $7 a month

Terms, $15 cash and $7 a month.

The following pianos are being sold at large reductions, as indicated. They are discontinued styles and sample pianos. You may find among them just what you have been looking after for years.

All Sold on Easy Terms.

$325 Large Walnut Upright for $220.

The above is of old reliable make and a strictly high grade instrument.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $270—the highest grade piano.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$350 Mahogany Upright Piano for $275.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$400 Mahogany Upright Piano for $290.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $200.

$250 Mahogany Upright Piano for $158.

$250 Walnut Upright Piano for $158.

$125 Piano Cased Organ, Walnut, for $80.

$300 Self-Playing Aeolian Organ, $125, including 35 music rolls.

$75 Self-Playing Organ, Oak Case, for $25, including 20 music rolls.

Every piano sold here is fully guaranteed and we are here permanently to see that all customers are satisfied.

Should you intend buying a piano on monthly payments, it may interest you to know that this is the only piano store in Duluth that buys all instruments out and out for cash and that retains customer's note-contracts in its own possession until fully paid.

We earnestly invite you to investigate this great piano sale and save from $75 to $110 on a piano.

French & Bassett

Reliable Piano Dealers.

RECRUITS FOR NAVY

Permanent Office to Be Located In Duluth.

Capt. Henrich of Hydrographic Office In Charge.

Capt. Gheen Will Come From Chicago to Examine.

A permanent recruiting office for the United States navy in Duluth is the latest addition.

It will be run in connection with the local branch hydrographic office, under the direction of Capt. Frank Henrich, the nautical expert in charge of the office. Men and boys for the navy will be enlisted at the office, 1001 Torrey building, under the supervision of the recruiting officer of the Chicago rendezvous, Capt. E. H. Green, U. S. N.

At present there will not be a rendezvous here, but the hydrographic office will collect applicants, and whenever a sufficient number is on hand the recruiting officer from Chicago will come here and put them through their paces, accepting them if they come up to the requirements.

There are a good many openings in the navy, and the berths are generally not at all uncomfortable. The requirements are rather rigid, particularly in the matter of physique. For instance, there are certain standards of proportions that must be observed. A man of 5 feet 4 inches in height must weigh 128 pounds and have a chest circumference of 33 inches. A man of 6 feet 1 inch must weigh 176 pounds and have a chest measurement of 36¾ inches, etc. These are minimums. A marked disproportion of weight over height is not a cause for rejection unless the applicant is positively obese.

The age limit is narrow, running from 18 years to 35 years. Only ordinary seamen, landsmen, hospital apprentices and ships' cooks of the fourth class can be as young as 18 years, the rest must be 21 years old. Ordinary seamen, hospital stewards, mess attendants and ships' cooks of the fourth class cannot be older than 30 at enlistment. To be enlisted as a seaman a man must have served four years at sea, and an ordinary seaman must have served four years before the mast.

Upon enlistment each man gets a free outfit of clothing, amounting to $45. Applicants must be American citizens, native or naturalized, able to read and write English, and must furnish certificate of character from pastor or employer.

The list of employments open is large, and it includes seamen, landsmen, shipwrights, blacksmiths, plumbers, sailmakers' mates, machinists, electricians, boilermakers, coppersmiths, firemen, yeomen (or clerks), hospital stewards, musicians, buglers, bakers, etc.

The pay is not bad at all. Landsmen get $16, ordinary seamen $19, seamen $24, and are promoted to be petty officers; coal passers $22, firemen $33, shipwrights $25, machinists $40 to $55, chief machinists $70, warrant machinists $1200 to $1800, electricians $30, yeomen $30 to $60, hospital apprentices $20 to $30, hospital stewards $60, etc. Some of these men are in line for promotion to petty officerships, paying from $30 to $70.

Boys between 15 and 17 years, with the consent of their parents and proof of good character, may be enlisted to serve until they are 21. Health and good physique are required here also. They must be able to read and write, and when enlisted as apprentices they are educated to become seamen and petty officers. They cannot become commissioned officers. They get $9 per month, and are advanced later to $15, and finally to $21 per month.

WILL ASK SCOFIELD.

Superior Democrats Want Him to Preside There.

The Democratic committee of Douglas county will extend to ex-Governor Scofield, of Wisconsin, an invitation to preside at the meeting in West Superior, Oct. 22, when Mayor Rose, of Milwaukee, Democratic nominee for governor will speak in West Superior. The Douglas county Democrats have headed their ticket with several Republicans this year, among them being Archie McKay, nominee for district attorney and J. P. McDonald, nominee for assemblyman. The office of register of deeds has not yet a candidate on the Democratic ticket and there is some discussion as to whether the vacancy will be filled by a Republican or a Democrat.

HARD TO GET.

Ore Hauling Equipment Scarce on Great Northern.

Shippers of iron ore over the Great Northern road are experiencing some trouble in getting car service enough to put out the amount of ore they would like to.

The officers of the road say that this is because the Great Northern's ore business has grown so suddenly and so immensely that it has been utterly impossible to keep the road's ore equipment in pace with it.

Some of the miners, on the other hand, are slightly suspicious that the ore trade has been drawn upon for equipment to keep the grain crops moving, but this is denied by the railroad men.

As a matter of fact, the Great Northern's increase in ore business has been phenomenal this year. The road has tied up a whole lot of iron lands with traffic contracts requiring the ore to be shipped over the Great Northern, and the immense developments in the territory reached by the road have piled business upon it until it would be difficult indeed to keep up with it.

REOPENING.

Preparations For Working Commodore Mine In Progress.

Work on the resumption of operations on the Commodore mine has been begun, and as soon as it can be completed the mine will be a shipper again.

The Commodore mine was closed down a year ago last winter, and it has been idle for two years therefore.

About a month ago the Iron Trade Review announced that it was to be opened up again, and while the announcement was not accompanied by authoritative endorsement, it turns out to have been correct, as a stock of coal has been secured for the mine, and plans for putting it in readiness for production are under way.

It is the intention to take out all the old machinery, boilers, etc., and replace it with new and better machinery. Then it will be necessary to reclaim the mine from water, which is rather a serious operation.

The Commodore is operated by Corrigan, McKinney & Co., and it is located just east of Virginia. The mine shipped 35,000 tons of ore in the season of 1901, but it was from the stockpile, which was cleaned up after the mine had shut down.

Work at Shipyards.

The improvement work at the shipyards is being pushed along rapidly toward completion and the winter construction of boats will begin within the next few weeks. The framework is up for the new ships. A portion of the old ships has been removed to make way for the extension of the cantilever crane track and the slip is being extended to permit of the building and launching of larger vessels than formerly built at the yards. Besides the four new boats to be built at the head of the lakes this season, there will be the usual large amount of repair work.

No lady can do without powder, but buy the best; it's Satin-Skin; flesh, white or brunette. 25c. Best by test.

FOOD VS. RECREATION.

Good Food of the Greatest Importance.

There is really no need to go away for rest if one will take scientifically made food that rebuilds the nerve centers and makes work a comfort and pleasure.

One of our prominent novelists was sent to Colorado. "'Ride every day, sleep in a tent, eat when you are hungry,' my physician told me, but food did not satisfy me and rest would not end the fatigue that had me in its grip. I was a mere machine; eating, sleeping, walking, riding, but unequal to a day's work and with no zest for the day's pleasure.

"At the lowest ebb of strength and courage, my eye fell on a piece of newspaper with which my guide was making a camp fire, and I picked it up and read 'Grape-Nuts, a Food for Brain and Nerve Centers.' I read on; it seemed to be a description of my own case cured by a diet of Grape-Nuts. I sent for a supply of the Food by the next pack-train that left my camp. It came, forty-five miles from the nearest settlement, on a burro's back. That night I ate Grape-Nuts without cream, milk or sugar. It tasted good. I felt that for the first time in six months I had been fed.

"I went to my bed of pine boughs, slept like a tired child, and woke rested. Then I knew that I had found what I needed, better than a new sky, better than exercise, better than rest, because lacking the food that exhausted nature was crying for, these things could not help me.

"I am well now. If, in the future, I win any rewards by my pen, I shall count them gained by the food that made work possible for me, and that gave back to me my old joy in living." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Jean Watts, the World's best Shiner, is here with a Corps of Assistants, Special stands for Ladies and Gentlemen. The best shine you ever had for 5c.

$2.98 instead of $4 and $4.50

A SHOE SALE

$3.48 instead of $5 AND $6

Without a Parallel in Modern Shoe History.

These Shoes—Men's, Women's and Children's, are the productions of this country's most famous Shoe factories. They were made according to the specifications of Mr. Newmon for this season's business. At the "Newmon" prices they were big values. **At Our Closing Out Prices** they surpass the biggest shoe bargains ever offered in any previous shoe sale. **The Newmon & Co. Stock of Fine Shoes at 65c on the Dollar.**

$3.48 Three dollars and forty-eight cents for women's latest style shoes, made directly to the order of Newmon & Co., all style leathers—Newmon & Co. price was $5 and $6—you may buy them now for $3.48.

Infants' Moccasins. All colors, Newmon & Co.'s price 35c. Here now for— **12 Cents.**

Two dollars and ninety-eight cents for women's fall and winter shoes; the swellest styles of the season, in all sizes and every width; this was Mr. Newmon's ideal of a $4 and $4.50 shoe, closing price is $2.98. **$2.98**

ASK FOR MR. NEWMON—HE IS HERE, AND WILL EXPLAIN THE EXCELLENCY OF THIS FOOTWEAR.

600 Pairs Ladies' Shoes. Ladies' patent leather vici kid and box calf, heavy or light soles. Newmon's price $3.00. Our price— **$2.39**

400 Pairs Ladies' Shoes. Ladies' fine Shoes, all up-to-date styles, light or heavy soles. Newmon's price $2.75. Our price— **$1.98**

500 Pairs Ladies' Shoes. Ladies' fine calf dongola Shoes, all made for fall trade. Would be a good school shoe. Newmon's price $2.25. Our price— **$1.69**

Misses' Shoes. Misses' Fine Shoes—Newmon & Co.'s price—$2.50—our price— **$1.69**

300 Pairs Misses' Shoes. Misses' fall style Shoes, box calf and Vici. Newmon's price, $1.85. Our price— **$1.39**

250 Pairs Misses' Shoes. Misses' fine Vici Kid Shoes, heavy or light soles. Newmon's price, $1.50. Our price **$1.19**

Infant's Dongola Shoes Infants' Dongola Button, sizes 1 to 5. Newmon's price, 50c. Our price **39 cents**

Infants' Shoes. Infants' fine Dongola Button Shoes, red stitched. Newmon's price 65c. Our price **49 cents**

200 Pairs Misses' Shoes. Misses' fine Dongola lace Shoes, heavy or light soles. Newmon's price, $1.35. Our price **98 cents**

Infants' Shoes. Infants' Lace and Button Shoes—sizes 1 to 5. Newmon's price 75c, Our price **59 cents**

Shoes Quickly and Promptly Repaired by Expert Shoe Makers.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,

115 -- West Superior Street. -- 115

We Have the Best Shoe Repairing Department in the City.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY AT ARMORY

SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 11.

Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN of St. Paul, and others will speak.

Return From Nevada.

S. H. Rothermel and John G. Howard have returned from Nevada, where they have been for several months engaged in the development of oil properties. They will remain here during the winter and return to Nevada again next spring to resume work. The weather in the portion of Nevada in which they were operating has been very cool; in fact, at the present time it freezes every night.

Commander Winslow Here.

Commander Herbert Winslow, who is in charge of the Eleventh lighthouse district, was in the city yesterday, having come up on the lighthouse tender Marigold. This is his first visit to Duluth. Commander Winslow is the son of Admiral John A. Winslow, a distinguished naval officer of the civil war, who commanded the Kearsarge in the fight off Cherbourg, France, when the Confederate ship Alabama was sunk. Captain D. D. Gaillard, the engineer in charge of the Lake Superior district was not here to receive Commander Winslow, not having returned from Fort Riley, where the army maneuvers have been in progress.

TURTLE FARMING.

Texas Man Collects and Fattens Them For Market.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 10.—Texas has a turtle farm. It is on the river near Orange and is conducted by F. Pavell, who has amassed a snug little fortune.

In his waresouse he has 900 alligator hides, which he has purchased in the last thirty days. His average purchase of green skins is 1000 a month. He ships them to New York and other Eastern markets.

Pavell devotes most of his time to the turtle business, and many men and boys constantly drag the shallow waters of Lake Sabine for turtles. They often catch as many as 1000 pounds in a single drag.

These turtles are placed in pens and fed for a certain length of time, after which the largest ones are packed in barrels and shipped to New Orleans, where they command good prices.

Pavell's son, August, is a member of the Louisiana legislature.

THE GILMAN CASE.

New York, Oct. 10.—A notice of withdrawal has just been filed in the supreme court of the appeal from the appointment of the Bridgeport Trust company, as administrator of the estate of Millionaire Gilman, says a World dispatch from Bridgeport, Conn. This is believed to be a forerunner of a settlement of the estate. For over a year the case has been before the court on interlocutory motions.

MISS STONE TIMID.

Afraid to Walk In Chicago After Dark.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, though she spent six months in captivity in the wilds of Macedonia, is afraid to venture alone in Chicago after dark. She says se imagines brigands are awaiting her at every dark corner with daggers drawn or muskets clubbed and uplifted.

Miss Stone arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. She spent the evening in her apartments of the Auditorium hotel, chatting with hernephew, Frederick Stone, who is accompanying her on her western lecture tour.

"I am afraid to go out alone at night, not because Chicago is a very wicked city, but because I have not yet recovered form the nervous strain I was under for those 172 days," se said.

"Do you expect to resume your missionary work in Turkey?" Miss Stone was asked.

"I have not yet decided definitely, but I think I shall go back after I have had a long rest."

"It is true, as reported, that you intend to refund the $65,000 paid for your ransom?"

"In cases where the money is now needed by those who helped to effect my escape, yes. I cannot say now as to other cases."

HANGED HIMSELF.

Liberty Patient at St. Peter Insane Asylum.

St. Peter, Minn., Oct. 10.—The decomposed body of Erick Nelson, of Minneapolis, since 1897 a patient in the insane asylum here, was found hanging to a tree in the town of Oshawa by Frank Lundgren, who was hunting. The tree stood on the bank of a ravine and Nelson, by taking a noose of rope and securing one end of a limb, swung out over the depression in the ground and was strangled to death.

Identification was not established until an inquest was held. Nelson had been a liberty patient at the hospital for two years and was missed on the evening of Sept. 9. The fact was reported to the authorities and search made, but nothing came of it, as no trace could be found. The coroner declares it is a clear case of suicide. Nelson was about 50 years old.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.

LAND IN DEMAND

State Auditor Dunn Says State Lands Sell High.

People All Over State Seem to Be Land Crazy.

High Prices In Aitkin County---Settlers Are Buying.

State Auditor Robert C. Dunn and Land Clerk George A. Flinn, of the auditor's office, arrived in the city last evening to conduct a state land sale at the court house.

"The land business is fine," said Mr. Dunn last evening. "Wednesday we sold 30,000 acres in Aitkin county, and I guess we could have sold 10,000 more if we had wanted to. But most of it was school land, and the law limits our sales of school lands to 100,000 acres in any one year, and we did not want to make our sales all in one county. We had several other counties to cover, and we wanted to leave them a little.

"People are land crazy, and land can be sold anywhere and any time at higher prices than ever before. The Aitkin county land sold for an average of $6.50 an acre, which is the highest point in the history of the county. A couple of years ago $5.25 was the best we could do. The state has lots of land left in Aitkin county, as well as in all of the northern counties. The state still owns more than 2,500,000 acres of land which it will sell off little by little. It has all been sold off in the southern part of the state, and I do not believe there is a section of state land left south of an east and west line drawn across the state through the Twin Cities. Another interesting point is that the state lands in the southern part of the state, when they were sold years ago, brought a lesser average than the lands in many parts of the northern half of Minnesota.

"Practically all of the land we sold in Aitkin county Wednesday went to people that are going to live on it, and help build up Duluth. A little of it went to speculators, but they will turn it over soon to settlers, because prices are good and they will not want to keep it and pay taxes on it.

"These land sales mean a lot to Duluth. Every time a bit of land is sold to an actual settler in the Duluth district it means a waste spot turned into an oasis of production, tributary to Duluth. It means produce for the Duluth market and business for Duluth business men.

"We do not expect to sell much land here, and after our sale is over we will go back to St. Paul and start out again Monday. Next week we will cover Hubbard, Cass, Beltrami and Itasca counties in the order named, giving them a day each. We expect good sales in all of these counties, particularly Itasca. There is very little timber in this sale, the land being mostly farm lands. Much of it has to be cleared, as there is little true prairie land."

Croup yields readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. Max Wirth.

Dr. Phelan has removed his residence from the Spalding hotel to 405 East Third street.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Fibbridge, West Cornwall, Con.

The Dipp Sack



TAILORED to satisfy every requirement of the stylish dresser, reasonably priced and ready for you to wear. Ask your dealer about K. N. & F. clothing. You will find it the equal of expensive tailor-made. We will send a style-book upon request.

KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO. Chicago.

K. N. & F. Co.

You Are Flagged



This ad is a signal to you to stop and examine the Fall and Winter Shoes we are now selling. The largest and cleanest stock to select from, and just what you most desire at this season, at right prices.

Walk Easy $3.00 Shoes.
Just received another large shipment in fall styles. All who had them before want them again. This is the proof of many good qualities of this shoe, equal to most $3.50 shoes—always ------ **$3.00**

Men's Enamel
and Patent Colt. Guaranteed satisfaction at ---------- **$4.00**

Sole Agents—Stacey, Adams & Co.'s Fine Men's Shoes.

Dr. Reed's Cushion Sole Shoes for tender feet.

SOROSIS The Best Shoe for Women.
Entirely New Styles
in Enamel, Patent Calf and Box Calf; high top or regular, as well as the lighter dress shoes.
Sorosis has no superior, even at a higher price. Twenty different styles—always--------- **$3.50**

Just Received—
A fine stock of House and Party Slippers—kid, patent leather and patent kid. Newest styles—
$1 to $3.50.

Ladies' New Fall Styles.
Kid and Patent Kid heavy or light soles, our special at ----- **$3.00**

Quo Vadis $2.50 Shoe.
The best Shoe yet offered. New Fall styles equal to many a $3.00 shoe, at only ---------- **$2.50**

Special Bargains.
Ladies' $1.75 extension sole, new style high or low, flat heel special-------- **$1.39**

Boys Special.
Box Calf new style regular $1.75 grade, our leader at ------ **$1.50**

FREE—Large size tablet with every pair of School Shoes. Save your tablet covers.

Foot Wear—Hunters', Prospectors' and Lumbermens'.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

The Right Clothes Place

This store is the "right clothes place." Read that to mean either—right place for clothes, or place for right clothes. We mean it both ways, and we've got the goods to prove it both ways. No man who cares how he dresses can afford to miss seeing and trying on some of the fall and winter Suits and Overcoats we have selected from the stock of Hart, Schaffner & Marx, makers of the best clothes we ever saw. These goods are the perfection of hand-tailored, ready-to-wear clothes. The prices are low, but the best reason for buying your clothes here is what you get rather than what you save. You'll get perfect style, perfect tailoring, perfect fit and the long service which these things assure. We've got what you want here; and we doubt if you'll find it so just right anywhere else.



YOUR BOYS

May not seem different from other boys to the average observer, but you can make them appear different. Put them in Clothing from our stock of BOYS' SUITS, and they are no longer ordinary looking boys. These suits are cut by expert tailors and the finish equals that on the best Men's garments. As a fair example of the good things to be found here these items are presented.



Underwear season is here and we have the largest and most complete line at the head of the lakes. We are sole agents for the ANKER BRAND SHOE, the best $3.50 shoe in America. Always come to the big store, where you have the largest variety of new up-to-date goods to select from.



Union-Made Clothes

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,

309-311 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

BRIDGES ARE WEAK

County Is Investigating Miller Trunk Road Structures.

Belief That Contract May Have Been Disregarded.

Records Being Searched to Learn If Contractor Was Overpaid.

Were the bridges on the Miller trunk road constructed in the years 1896 and 1897 built according to contract?

That is a question which the legal department of the county is investigating at the present time. If it is found that the contract was not lived up to, County Attorney McClintock, acting under the instructions of the board of commissioners of St. Louis county, will begin action against L. H. Johnston, a bridge contractor of the Twin Cities, for fraud in fulfilling his contract.

The matter has been called to the attention of the county board by the bad condition of the supports under one of the bridges, although it has been built a comparatively short time. The indications are that all the rest of the bridges, if constructed in the same manner are faulty and not according to contract. When the bridges were built it is known that the county had an agreement with the contractor that if concrete were put around the piling enclosed in the tubular iron coverings that the county would pay the additional cost. Johnson completed his contracts and the money was paid over for the bridges.

Since deterioration in the foundation work has been discovered, an investigation of the conditions shows that none of the concrete work was put in, and the impression of the county board is that the contractor was paid for putting in the concrete. The records of the county are now being searched to see if Johnson was only paid for the work he actually did, or if he collected for the additional concrete work which he did not do.

It is said that the records do not show any instance where the contractor was directed to go ahead with the concrete work, although it was understood that the county would pay extra if it were done, and it is also contended that there will be nothing in the records to show that Johnson was paid for more work than he actually did in connection with the contsruction of the bridges.

Assistant County Attorney Crosby is investigating the case for the county.

The bridges along the Miller trunk road are all fine, as far as the superstructure is concerned, but the foundations under nearly every one are said to be worthless and rotting away.

OFFICIAL.

Kenneth Clark Writes Council on Water Plant Offer.

The official offer of the Duluth Light and Water company to include its gas franchise in the sale of the West Duluth water plant to the city was received from St. Paul this morning.

This official offer is substantially the same as that outlined in Kenneth Clark's interview in The Herald yesterday. The agreement is as follows:

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 9, 1902.—To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of Duluth: Gentlemen—It has been brought to my attention that question has been raised as to whether or not the proposition for sale of the water plant at West Duluth includes the franchise for laying gas mains and doing a lighting business in West Duluth. The franchise under which the West Duluth water plant was constructed was given to the West Duluth Light and Water company, and included as a part of it the right to lay gas mains and do a gas lighting business in West Duluth. There was but one franchise, which was a combined water and light franchise. My understanding of the provisional agreement that is to be voted upon by the people is that the purchase shall carry with it the combined franchise, including the gas lighting franchise as well as the water franchise granted to the West Duluth Light and Water company, and to avoid any possible misunderstanding of the effect of that agreement, I now agree with you and with the people of the city of Duluth, that in case the proposed agreement is ratified at the coming election, I will convey to the city, upon the terms mentioned in that agreement, all of the property therein described, including the franchise to lay gas mains and do a gas lighting business in West Duluth that was granted to the West Duluth Light and Water company.

This letter may be considered a part of the original agreement, and the conveyance will specifically mention the gas franchise. This will but carry out the original agreement as understood by me. Your truly,

KENNETH CLARK.

Women who are particular.

Women who want something "different" will find it here.

Our collection of new and elegant suits and wraps include many superb novelties which you must come here to see.

Take interstate cars direct to our doors.

Spicer-Fanning Co

The Northwest's Greatest Store,

1501-1507 Tower Avenue. West Superior, Wis.

SPLENDID

Assays From Golden Horn, Flint and Other Properties.

Rat Portage, Ont., Oct. 10.—The Golden Horn mine shaft has reached a depth of 166 feet, and drifts have been started both east and west at the second level. Capt. Z. J. S. Williams went to the mine a few days ago and sampled the ore at the bottom of the shaft and in the drifts of the first level. The workings are all in ore, and the samples were taken from the full width with the following assay results: Bottom east side, $51; west side, $26.50; east drift, $13.25; west drift, $19.50 of gold a ton. These results are considered remarkable, as the vein has widened to such an extent that the rich pay shute has left the shaft, and the work is now being done in the leaner part of the vein, which, as shown by cross-cut, had widened to fourteen feet at the 100-foot level.

Dr. Chance, a mining expert from Philadelphia, has completed an examination of the Flint lake mining property. Six open cuts were made on the surface out-croppings of the vein, covering a length of 300 feet, and Dr. Chance took his own samples and made sixteen different assays with an average result of over $20 of gold a ton. Twenty men are getting out ore, erecting buildings, etc.

A deal is being closed through Mr. Potter, of Buffalo, for the Nino mine, in the Deer lake district, on which a shaft is down 135 feet. The price to be paid is $10,000 net to the owners, Dr. Scovil, and Frank Moore and W. Pritchard, of Rat Portage. Dr. Scovil and Frank Moore have also sold the Violet and Keenora locations to R. H. Ahn.

The Minneganda location, in the Deer lake district, is a new proposition, on which a deal is pending. Capt. Trethaway and N. S. McMillan made assays from it which gave the following results: Decomposed matter, $435.45; stringers of quartz, $226.50, and a band five feet in width, $8.50 of gold a ton. The decomposed matter and stringers together showed a width of six feet, and the outcrop indicates about sixty feet of vein matter to width.

Luke Carlton and Martin Saunders are sinking a shaft on a new discovery southwest of the Eldorado, which shows very rich ore. When they have mined 100 tons of ore they will have it run through the Eldorado mill.

VERY HIGH.

Duluth Toward Top In Per Capita Indebtedness.

According to a recent report of the bureau of statistics of the federal government the municipal indebtedness per capita is greater in Duluth than any other city in the United States with two exceptions.

Galveston has a net debt per capita of $111.22. Tacoma's per capita net debt is $110.69 and Duluth's according to the government statisticians, is $105.30. Duluth's water plant indebtedness is what brings its amount so high.

The net debt for each inhabitant in several other leading cities is:

City—	Net Debt Per Capita.
New York	$ 86.82
Chicago	30.22
Boston	82.21
San Francisco	1.48
Minneapolis	31.83
St. Paul	50.77
Omaha	59.38
Grand Rapids	19.61
Des Moines	17.16
Seattle	69.48
Superior	49.66
Duluth	105.30

For current expenditures of municipal maintainence each inhabitant of Duluth is supposed to pay $17.97 a year.

This is not out of the ordinary. There are many cities in the United States that pay a great deal more and many that pay a little less.

It costs each inhabitant of New York city $28.72 for current municipal expenses. The tabulated statement in this respect is:

	Per Capita.
Duluth	$17.97
Superior	12.77
Sioux City	10.17
Spokane	13.68
Tacoma	17.46
Seattle	12.45
Omaha	13.13
St. Paul	13.94
Minneapolis	14.02
Washington	18.77
Milwaukee	12.55
Detroit	13.52
Pittsburg	16.21
San Francisco	16.82
Chicago	12.37

INDOOR
Base Ball

CO. I, SUPERIOR, vs. CO. A, DULUTH. Informal dancing. Tickets, 25c. Flaaten's Orchestra, ARMORY, Friday October 10.

Granted a Divorce.

Judge Cant, in district court, this morning, granted a decree of divorce to Rosa Menter against George H. Menter, with permission to the plaintiff to resume her maiden name of Rosa Curry. They were married in Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 5, 1893. The plaintiff alleges that the defendant used her cruelly and finally deserted her April 26, 1901. N. H. Wilson appeared for the plaintiff. There was no defense.

Almost Recovered.

Frank Brennan, recently shot down in cold blood by a burglar in Marcotte's saloon, on the Midway, is now able to walk around and will probably leave St. Mary's hospital early next week.

He has improved very rapidly since the burglar's bullet was taken from the base of his brain, and while his eyesight may be impaired permanently, he is otherwise in good condition.

AT WEST DULUTH

Registration for the special election on the amendments to the charter and the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water plant is making slow progress at West Duluth. About 150 had registered at a late hour this morning in the precincts here, and the officers expect to have 200 on their books by evening. Since the story that the gas franchise was not included in the purchase has been denied, the sentiment of the people seems to be in favor of buying.

"It is a good thing," was the verdict pronounced by several prominent business men of West Duluth who were asked their opinion of the deal. "The people of West Duluth have been paying more for their water and receiving poorer service than their fellow-citizens uptown, and the sooner we place ourselves upon an equal basis the better."

The Commercial club will discuss the matter at its meeting tonight.

IS STILL RUNNING.

In spite of all rumors of closing down, the blast furnace continues to run with a full crew of men. Coke has been coming in steadily and there is now a small amount on hand, sufficient to last until Saturday evening. No definite news could be gained concerning future plans.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Charles Salter and Robert Cochran left this morning for a short hunting trip on the Cloquet river.

Leon Hamlin and Rose Woods were married last evening. They will live in West Duluth.

The Zomona club is holding rehearsals every Tuesday and Saturday evening for the play which they intend to present this coming winter.

Tent No. 2 of the K. O. T. M. will hold their annual ball Oct. 31 in the Great Eastern hall.

The Commercial club of West Duluth will meet this evening in their rooms in the Phillips hotel.

Mrs. Ehlembach has received a telegram from her husband reporting the death of his brother, who was accidentally shot by a friend in Arkola, Ill.

Thomas M. Ericson, of Duluth and Helen D. Holman, of Jefferson county, Wis., were married last evening by Justice of the Peace Stone. They intend to make their home in West Duluth.

Ralph Brotherton, of North Dakota, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

Mrs. Dormedy has returned from a visit in Toronto.

R. L. Mackintosh, of Chicago, made a business visit to West Duluth yesterday.

Mrs. L. J. Lewis, of St. Paul, is in West Duluth.

George Pierce left for Buhl yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. James G. Walker, of Detroit, who has been visiting in West Duluth, has returned to her home.

School shoes at Lauerman's.

Rev. W. J. Lowrie is in Minneapolis, attending the synod.

The young ladies of the Presbyterian church are rehearsing for the "Carnival of Nations," which they intend to present in the near future.

The merry-go-round, which has been in West Duluth for the past two weeks, will be taken to Sandstone on Monday.

School shoes at Lauerman's.

Mrs. Remfry and daughter, Louise, are in Independence, visiting Miss Eliza Remfry, of that place.

William Turner returned yesterday from Sandstone.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.



Our line of Stoves consists of every kind made for heating and cooking—you cannot afford to buy without looking over our stock. We have—

Wood Stoves	$ 1.50 to $15.00
Soft Coal Stoves	$ 5.00 to $25.00
Hard Coal Stoves	$25.00 to $50.00
Wood Cook Stoves	$10.00 to $25.00
Steel Ranges	$25.00 to $55.00

We handle the Radiant Home Stoves—you know what they are.

Wieland & Wade

Big Auction Sale of
JEWELRY
Afternoon and Evening until the entire stock is closed out. An opportunity of a life time. Come early and secure the snaps.

Ole Olson, Jeweler,
226, North 55th Avenue West.

Great Bargains For Tomorrow!

MURRAY BROS & CO., 521 55th. Ave. W. Cor. Grand Ave.
Will sell Tomorrow Saturday, October 11th—
Fresh Country Eggs at 21c per dozen.
Dairy Butter from 17c up.
Fresh Creamery, 23c and 24c.

Telephone { Zenith, 537 / Duluth, 1005 — SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.

Johnson & Moe

DEPARTMENT STORE.

2102-4-6-8 West Superior St., Duluth.

There will be many money-saving possibilities for those who shop here tomorrow—Saturday. Coming here will be time profitably spent.

200 PAIRS WOMEN'S SHOES AT $1.95

These are new- up to date goods, most of them having heavy soles, and patent or kid tips. The upper leathers are of fine kid stock, or box calf, if you prefer, and made over stylish, good fitting lasts. Every pair is of our regular $2.50 kinds, and well worth the price. Saturday's price,

ONE NINETY-FIVE PER PAIR.



Ladies' "Monte Carlo" Coats---

We show a swell line of these beautiful garments, made in black, blue, tan, red and castor; fine wool Kersey, all lined with guaranteed satin and trimmed with silk ornaments. The prices range from—

$15, $16.50, $19, $22 and $25

The latest arrival in Monte Carlos is made of Black Velour, with Marten Fur collar, Satin lined, trimmed with stitched Taffeta and silk ornaments. The price **$30.00**

$4.98 buys a Ladies' 26-inch Box Coat, made in dark Oxford Wool Melton, trimmed with black satin bands, mercerized lining, half tight fitting back—a nobby coat, at **$4.98**

$6.98 buys a Ladies' 27-inch Box Coat, made in black, castor and dark red wool Melton, mercerized lining, storm collar and revere, tailored stitched, a nobby garment — at **$6.98**

Ladies' 24-inch Astrachan Jackets, guaranteed fur and satin lined; special value, each..... **$33.00**

A PERFUME SPECIAL.

Fontaine Freres' Quadruple Extracts—In assorted scents New Mown Hay, White Rose, Apple Blosom, Lily of the Valley, Heliotrope, Alpine, etc.

Regular price, per ounce, 48c.
For Saturday's and Monday's sale—
Per Ounce..... 29c

☞ At this price, please bring bottles. If you forget we'll furnish them.

"LUCIA de LORME" TOILET SOAP.

An exquisitely scented article, put up, three cakes in a box. Special price per box **25c**
(Per cake, 10c.)

MEADOW SWEET TOILET SOAP.

Regular value 5c per cake—special, two cakes for **5c**
Per box of one dozen cakes **25c**

MENNEN'S BORATED TALCUM POWDER.

The standard article, retailed all over at 25c. Saturday price, per box **15c**

500 YARDS LAWNS AND BATISTES

mostly in medium and light figures, sold earlier at 10c a yard—to close the lot, Saturday, per yard..... **3½c**

1000 YARDS FLEECED WRAPPER CLOTHS.

Dotted and figured, dark and medium colors—an easy seller at 12½c—Saturday's special **8½c**

2000 YARDS INDIGO BLUE PRINTS.

Columbia Mills make, always sold at 7c—for Saturday's special, per yard **5c**
(Limit 10 yards.)

CARPETS AT A PRICE.

Ten pieces Ingrain Carpet, wool filled, choice patterns, our leader at 50c; Saturday's price, yard **39c**

Ten pieces all wool Ingrain Carpet, choice designs, regular 70c kind. Saturday's price, a yard..... **59c**

OIL CLOTH AND STOVE RUG SPECIALS.

4x4 Oil Cloth, choice patterns, worth 30c—
Saturday **23c**
6x4 Stove Rugs, worth 75c—Saturday, only **68c**

WINDOW SHADES.

Made of good Opaque Cloth, mounted on spring rollers, complete with brackets and nails; regular price 25c. The price Saturday **19c**

BOYS' SUITS.

A splendid line of Boys' Suits, including vestee and two-piece Knee Suits, worth up to $3.00; sizes 3 to 7 years. Saturday's price, your choice **$1.69**

MEN'S FLEECED UNDERWEAR.

Doubled-breasted and back, new button-on-shoulder style, big value at 65c—price, a piece, Saturday..... **47c**

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Ladue's Sentence For Murder of McGlauchlin.

Bemidji, Minn., Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge McClenahan last night pronounced sentence upon George Ladue for the murder of Eugene McGlauchlin, giving him eighteen years at Stillwater. He is the only one convicted. This ends the case.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Acts promptly.

THE SALE NOT HEAVY

State Auditor Dunn Sells 3600 Acres of Land.

Average Not Much Above Five Dollars an Acre.

One Case Where Entire Section Went to One Man.

A sale of about 3600 acres of St. Louis county agricultural lands took place in district court room No. 3, this morning. They belonged to the state and were sold by State Auditor R. C. Dunn and George A. Flinn, of the state auditor's office.

The sale did not begin until after 10 o'clock and was finished before noon. Although there was quite a good attendance, the rooms being well filled, there was not much bidding, except in a few cases.

As a rule the land did not sell for much if any above the appraised value, and the prices would probably average about $5 per acre. This is not considered a remarkably good figure, in fact is hardly the average that the state has been getting for its lands in some of the other counties, where the sales have been held this year. The first lively bidding occurred on the northeast quarter of section 16, 50-16, which started at the appraised value of $5 per acre, and was finally sold for $8.50. The liveliest bidding was on the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the same section, where the price was put up to $10 an acre before a buyer was successful. It started at $6 bid. Some lands in 16, 51-16 brought $5.75 per acre and lands in 16, 52-13 brought all the way from $5 to $6.50 per acre.

There was only one sale made of an entire section to one man. He bought it by forties, at $5 per acre. This was section 16, 52-19. The northeast quarter of section 16, 52-15 was bid up to $8.25 per acre, as were lots 4, 5 and 6, in the same section. In the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the section acreage also brought $8.25.

Before beginning the sale of the lands, Auditor Dunn stated that the sale would be confined entirely to farm lands and preference being given to tracts in blocks of forty acres. Mr. Dunn announced that there would be a county sale held here a little later on of small tracts of timber lands and that later this fall there will be some large timber land sales held at the state capitol.

Mr. Dunn found that the demand for state lands was a great deal livelier at Aitkin a few days ago than in St. Louis county, there being about 20,000 acres of land sold at public auction there, and when he quit selling the buyers were clamoring for more. In some of the sales made this morning there was a little timber, which the buyer had to pay for at the rate of $5 per thousand when he took the land, a larger payment being required to be paid down on the sale by the state. This held true of one sale where there was some tie timber.

The terms of sale under which the lands are sold is 15 per cent down and interest to June 1 next, and 4 per cent interest on the remainder, with forty years to pay it.

IN MICHIGAN.

Forest Fires Are Burning Fiercely Near Iron Mountain.

Iron Mountain—Forest fires are burning generally throughout this section of Michigan and Wisconsin. The county bridge over the Menominee river, connecting Dickinson and Florence has been destroyed. Large crews are fighting the fires. Many old logs and much corn wood has been destroyed and standing timber burned. A careful estimate of the loss up to the present time is $65,000. Nine thousand cords of wood belonging to the Niagara Paper mill have burned. Other losses by forest fires are estimated at $5,000 at Kell, Mich., and $1,000 at Armstrong.

Menominee—David Chassee, a farmer, found large beds of clam shells in the river adjoining his property, such as are used in the manufacture of buttons. He sent several shells to Chicago and had tests made and has found they are valuable for buttons. Many of the shells have been found to contain pearls of a good quality.

A petition will be filed this week with the postmaster general for a free rural delivery of mail in Menominee county. It is signed by several hundred Menominee county farmers.

Houghton—Locked up in the barn of the Calumet & Hecla company are eight large masses of conglomerated rock, aggregating two tons in weight, secured from some point between the Calumet & Hecla mine and the shore of Lake Superior. They are awaiting the inspection of President Agassiz. The rock is very rich in copper, carrying probably 5 per cent or double the average of Calumet & Hecla. It is coated with green copper carbonate and is rich in native metal.

Crystal Falls—The men employed on the streets of Crystal Falls have been given a raise in wages, from $1.80 to $2. The increase was granted by the council. The Crystal Falls baseball team will be controlled next summer by a stock company capitalized at $2000. Grounds will be fixed up back of the court house.

Mastodon—The Hermansville Lumber company of Hermansville, Mich., engaged in logging operations near Mastodon, has about fourteen men employed at present but are on the lookout for forty more, with the intention of keeping a crew of about fifty employed during the winter. The company is putting in hardwood and is figuring on cutting over eleven forties. The logs will be shipped to Hermansville over the C. & N. W. road.

Grand Marais—A strike of the lumber pilers employed by the Marais Lumber company was the cause of the big mill at Grand Marais being shut down for a couple of days last week. The men demanded an increase of twenty-five cents per day, or $2.50. This the company would not grant. The next day a crew of men secured elsewhere put in an appearance, and their arrival resulted in a compromise, the strikers agreeing to accept an increase of twelve and a half cents. The new men were given other employment.

RAILROAD RUMBLES

Annual Report of the Great Northern Railroad.

Gross Earnings Aggregated Nearly Thirty-Nine Millions.

New Style of Report Adopted By Railroad Commission.

The earnings of the Great Northern system for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, amounted to the handsome sum of $38,858,513.

This appears in teh annual report of the road, which has just been issued. This is gross earnings, of course, and it is an increase of $8,294,126 over those of last year. The next earnings amounted to $19,256,942, an increase of $5,991,238. Other income brings the total net up to $20,015,946. Operating expenses show an increase of only $2,302,888, so the gain in earnings is considerably in advance of the gain in expenses.

The sum of $2,000,000 out of the net income for the year was charged to the fund for permanent improvements and renewals. The outstanding capital stock was increased during the year by about $25,000,000, this increase having been approved by the shareholders last year.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders, James J. Hill and Frederick Weyerhaeuser were re-elected as directors, and Louis W. Hill was elected to succeed Samuel Hill.

NEW STYLE OF REPORT.

Railroad Commission Provides One For Railroads.

The board of railroad and warehouse commissioners has decided to make several changes in the form of the yearly reports, blanks of which are furnished to the railroads. The changes will require the railroads to state, in addition to the facts required by the present report, the earnings from car demurrage, switching revenue, express company earnings, earnings from private car lines and from elevators. The proposed changes have been submitted and the auditors and comptrollers of the roads. This meeting has been arranged so that the railroad men may have an opportunity to present their objections to the new form if they have any. Copies will be printed and furnished to the officers for inspection.

Settlers Going In.

One section that is getting considerable numbers of new settlers is the part of South Dakota west of Aberdeen, reached by the Milwaukee road. Settlers are pouring into that region in large numbers. The Milwaukee train Tuesday night had to go out of the Twin Cities in two sections, because of the crowds of homeseekers. This is but one place, however, and the movement of homeseekers into the Northwest is general. Wednesday the Great Northern flyer out of the Twin Cities had to go in two sections also because of its load of settlers.

Railroad Notes.

Forty carloads of fat cattle passed through Minneapolis Wednesday from Winnipeg, on their way to England, by way of New York. The shipment amounted to 800 head, and it is the first consignment to come around that way.

Both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern are suffering considerably for lack of equipment, the immense press of business proving too much for the old equipment. The Northern Pacific has just placed an order for seventy-five new locomotives, but they will not be delivered for several months.

The Western Passenger association has granted a special rate for the annual convention of the Minnesota Christian Endeavor societies, which will be held in St. Paul Oct. 19. The rate granted is a fare and one-third for the round trip from all points in Minnesota.

DOG FEAST.

Ancient Tribal Ceremonies By the Sach and Fox Indians.

Vinita, I. T., Oct. 10.—The Sac and Fox Indians have concluded their dog feast for this year. This is an annual feast, and is held annually near Stroud, O. T., and D. R. James M. Duncan, of Miami, I. T., witnessed the "dog feast" which has just closed with all the forms and ceremonies of the Ancient Order of the Otterskin in which two big buck Indians were initiated and received the sacred degree of the breech clout.

He says that the candidates were first prepared for the initiation by being divested of all clothing except a breech clout. They were then put through a sweating process over a vessel steaming with herbs. While this is being done the members of the lodge, about an equal number of squaws and bucks, dance around them. The candidate is then given a pill that causes him to vomit freely. He is then taken behind the curtains and given the mysteries of the degrees, after which another dance takes place, and the Indians chant a kind of hoodoo meter that cannot be described.

Then came the dog soup, the Indians drinking dog soup and seeming to relish it the same as people at shows drink lemonade. They had over 100 dogs. About thirty of that number were cooked up in the lodge tent for lodge purposes. One Indian child about 8 years old took up a pup head by the nose and gnawed at it as if it was good. The dogs were killed and prepared in different ways and the meal was thoroughly cooked. Some of the dogs were felled with a stout club in the hands of a big Indian. They always try to avoid losing any blood, and for this reason the blow is delivered across the back of the neck. Others would take the dog by his hind legs and throw him on his side, when two big bucks would lay a strong pole across the dog's neck, when the one holding the dog's legs would bring the dog's body a quick jerk over the pole and break the neck. When the dog quits kicking they cut off the tail close to the body and the legs at the knees and hocks, then lay the body onto a blazing fire until the hair is burned off. It is then scraped until it looks quite clean, then cut up in pieces from one-half to two pounds each and put into a kettle of water for cooking three to four hours.

After the dog feast the lodge is called to work again and the big medicine man is master of ceremonies. He marches six times around the big tent, where each member is seated on the grounds, carrying in his right hand an instrument like a child's rattle box, only much larger. In his left hand are as many sticks as there are persons present. Each time, as he goes around, as he passes the bucks, he pokes his rattle box toward them, saying "Hoo-ee." They reply in the same manner. Then he delivers his tools, sticks, rattle box and otter skin to the big squaw, who goes six times around poking the rattle box at the squaws, exclaiming "Hoo-ee," with the emphasis on the "hoo." This ceremony is supposed to insure their good health until the next annual dog feast. After this followed the big dance, which continued for several days.

HEADSMAN

Of Porto Rico Gained His Liberty By Killing Men.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Oct. 10.—A free man is Vincente Rivera, murderer. Killing men had no terrors for him and when the state sought an executioner Vincente Rivera stepped to the front. "A year of freedom for each life," they told him. So every time he gave the garrote wheel a turn with his arms one year was taken off his term of fifteen years.

He was sentenced in 1898 for murder committed in 1888. He managed to keep in hiding for ten years before the authorities captured him. When in 1900 five men were sentenced to be garroted at Ponce the authorities found it almost impossible to secure an executioner. The people of Ponce loathe an executioner as they would a leper. It was finally decided to secure a long term prisoner and hire him at the rate of a year's remission of sentence for each life legally taken. Rivera had had two years of dungeon existence and jumped at the chance. He killed the five condemned men and all Ponce knew him for the executioner. Four other men were sentenced to death last June and again Rivera offered his services. This regained for him his liberty. Rivera returned to his home a free man. He has not lived a happy moment. Every door has been shut to him. None will hold communication with him. Even the occasional words of his former dungeon keeper come back to him now as cheerful sounds in contrast to the silence which is maintained by people who cannot avoid meeting him. The governor of Porto Rico has received a letter from Rivera declaring that it is impossible for him to lead an honest life, as none will hold intercourse with him or give him work. He begs that work be given to him.

The "Belmar" A Ladies' $3.50 Shoe at $2.98.

GRAY-TALLANT CO. The Reliable Store. (The New Store)

The "Belmar" A Ladies' $3.50 Shoe at $2.98.

Our Monte Carlos



Constant additions selected from the leading manufacturers enables us to offer our patrons the greatest latitude in the matter of selections. Every garment in our stock regardless of price, reflects all that is new and desirable from the leading fashion centers. Nothing is admitted to our suit room that has not the elements of wear, no matter how low the price.

Our Monte Carlo Coats at $10.00.

Of fine kersey, well lined—colors: black, castor and blue—inverted pleat in back—strap seams, neatly stitched — six large pearl buttons—cuffs the latest styles. Our price only $10.

Handsome Monte Carlo Coats at $15.00.

This recent addition to our stock has the new cape effect—storm collar — nicely trimmed with stitched satin bands in pleasing effects—silk serge lining—an elegan garment at $15.

Fashion's Latest Monte Carlos at $25.00.

Made of fine Kersey, velvet cuffs and collar, seams heavily strapped and stitched, lined throughout with heavy white satin, six large pearl buttons. This garment is the embodiment of elegant simplicity. Price $25.00.

Velvet Monte Carlos at from $35 to $75.

For a really "swell" garment nothing will equal the velvet or velour Monte Carlo. The variety of styles is almost indescribable. The predominant feature is the handsome, elegant appliqued trimmings, either of white or gray satin, or the wood silk braid. Some are made with the new cape effect, others trimmed with fur. A handsome assortment at from $35 to $75.

Peau de Soie Silk Monte Carlos from $25 to $50.

This garment is especially interesting to those who like a silk overgarment. One particular number is lined with pearl silk, makihg a most pleasing effect. A good assortment of styles at from $25 to $50.

Ladies' Shoe Excellence.

The qualities of our shoes are not to be judged by the prices. The best qualities at low prices are characteristic of this store. This combination accounts for our success.

"Belmar" ladies' $2.98 shoes --- new fall patterns and designs, of box calf, velour calf, patent and vici kid—heavy, medium or light weight soles, the very newest styles of heels and toes—a $3.50 shoe for only **$2.98**

Ladies' dress and walking shoes —of box calf and velour and vici kid—an exceptionally large assortment of styles. Other stores ask $3 00 for this quality—our low price.. **$2.48**

Our special ladies' shoe at $1.98 is made with light and heavy soles, patent leather and stock tips, a good fitting and good wearing shoe and an exceptional value at.. **$1.98**

Ladies' box calf, kangaroo calf and dongola kid shoes — absolutely solid counters and insoles, made on the latest lasts, all sizes, all widths, guaranteed to wear..... **$1.49**

Misses' school shoes — very best leathers — good roomy lasts — solid throughout, $1.50 kinds Saturday, per pair..... **$1.25**

Boys' box calf and satin calf shoes—all sizes, all styles, exceptional values at $1.50.. **$1.25**

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Exceptional saving opportunities in this department Saturday. Note these offerings carefully—

Men's plain white or black striped coats—
$1.00 values Saturday 69c
75c values Saturday..59c
60c values Saturday..49c

50 doz Men's Suspenders, selling regularly **17c** at 25c, Saturday

Men's Work Gloves—Prices to close out the line:
98c values Saturday..69c
75c values Saturday..49c

For Little Tots.

An assortment so complete that the bonnet and coat "that will look well on the child" is quickly found. A fat purse is not necessary to secure satisfaction here.

Children's poke bonnets, colors, red, brown and blue, trimmed with furs, very neat and durable. For Saturday, selling at the remarkable low price of **69c**

Babies corduroy bonnets, beautifully trimmed with furs, 75c quality. Saturday..... **50c**

Children's silk bonnets, all good colors, poke effect, swansdown and fur trimmed, nothing prettier for the child's head..... **$2.50**

Children's corded silk bonnets edged with furs. All colors **$1.25**

Babies' coats of eiderdown, trimmed with angora fur. Colors—red, blue and white **$1.75**

White corduroy coat with large collar, trimmed with angora fur. Box pleat in back..... **$6.50**

White angora fur coat, box pleat in back, large collar. A special value at **$10**

Wanted—Experienced Saleslady for Glove Departm't

ONLY 10 CENTS EACH!

You can read Castle Craney Crow, Ransom's Folly, The Virginian, The Conqueror, Hearts Courageous, The Spenders, or any of the popular books of the day. Join our book lovers' club.

LUNDBERG & STONE, Book Sellers and Stationers.
Both Phones.--221 W. Superior St.
FOOT BALLS and other Sporting Goods.--CUTLERY and NOVELTIES.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... **ELECTRIC LIGHT.....**

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295

MERIT MAKES IT FAMOUS.

Only Remedy In the World Except a Surgical Operation That Will Certainly Cure Any Form of Piles.

The study of physicians, the experiments of chemists, the loudly advertised pretensions of quacks, have been for years expended in one direction—to find a pile cure that would cure.

The results have been a number of harmless and in most cases useless ointments, suppositories and even internal remedies, which the public have weighed in the balance of experience and found wanting; nearly all of them gave some relief, but nothing approaching a radical cure resulted from these preparations.

The remedy required is one which will immediately stop the pain so severe in many cases of piles, and then by contracting the small blood vessels (capillaries) to their normal size, produces a radical cure by reducing and finally absorbing the tumors and healing the inflamed, raw mucous surfaces.

Until a few years ago no such remedy had been produced, but at that time a suppository was placed upon the market which has since proven itself to be the long-sought permanent cure for this common and distressing trouble; it has rapidly become famous throughout the United States and Canada, and is now sold by all druggists under the name of Pyramid Pile Cure.

It is now the best known, because its merit and safety have advertised it wherever used. It has been advertised by word of mouth, from one sufferer to another; people who have tried everything else, even submitting to painful and dangerous surgical operations without avail, have finally found that piles can be cured without pain and without expense practically, as the Pyramid Pile Cure is sold for the nominal price of 50 cents and $1 per package.

The Pyramid instantly stops all pain and at the same time contains no cocaine, morphine or narcotics; the acids and healing properties contained in the remedy speedily remove, cause a healthful, natural contraction and absorption of the tumors: it will cure any form of rectal trouble except cancer and advanced fistula, which, by the way, nearly always results from neglecting proper and timely treatment for piles.

A book on cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich.

The Only Soft Burner That Will Give Satisfaction.

20th Century Laurel Heaters

For Soft Coal or Wood.

Gives a continuous and uniform heat. Fire pot guaranteed for five years. Let us explain their many other good points to you.

O. B. JOHNSON & CO.

General Hardware,
1918 West Superior Street.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,
53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink . . . . .

ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

Ideal Beer Hall.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring

Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.

S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor.
15 Phoenix Block.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Props. CLEVELAND, O.
For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

CROSSING THE JORDAN

International Sunday School Lesson For October 12, 1902.

Joshua 3:9, 4:7—"And Joshua said unto the children of Israel, Come hither and hear the words of the Lord your God. And Joshua said, Hereby ye shall know that the living God is among you, and that he will without fail drive out from before you the Canaanite, and the Hittite, and the Hivelte, and the Perizzite, and the Girgashite, and the Amorite, and the Jebusite. Behold, the ark of the covenant of the Lord of all the earth passeth over before you into Jordan. Now, therefore, take you twelve men out of the tribes of Israel, for every tribe a man. And it shall come to pass, when the soles of the feet of the priests that bear the ark of the Lord, the Lord of all the earth, shall rest in the waters of Jordan, that the waters of Jordan shall be cut off, even the waters that come down from above; and they shall stand in one heap. And it came to pass, when the people removed from their tents to pass over Jordan, the priests that bear the ark of the covenant being before the people; and when they that bare the ark were dipped in the brink of the water (for Jordan overfloweth all its banks all the time of harvest), that the waters which came down from above stood, and rose up in one heap, a great way off, at Adam, the city that is beside Zarethan: and those that went down toward the sea of the Arabah, even the Salt sea, were wholly cut off: and the people passed over right against Jericho. And the priests that bare the ark of the covenant of the Lord stood firm on dry ground until all the nation were passed clean over Jordan.

"And it came to pass, when all the nation were clean passed over Jordan, that the Lord spake unto Joshua, saying, Take you twelve men out of the people, out of every tribe a man, and command ye them, saying, Take you hence out of the midst of Jordan, out of the place where the priests' feet stood firm, twelve stones, and carry them over with you, and lay them down in the lodging place where ye shall lodge this night. Then Joshua called the twelve men, whom he had prepared of the children of Israel, out of every tribe a man: and Joshua said unto them, Pass over before the ark of the Lord your God into the midst of Jordan, and take you up every man of you a stone upon his shoulder, according unto the number of the tribes of the children of Israel: that this may be a sign among you, that when your children ask in time to come, saying, What mean ye by these stones? then ye shall say unto them, Because the waters of Jordan were cut off before the ark of the covenant of the Lord; when it passed over Jordan the waters of Jordan were cut off: and these stones shall be for a memorial unto the children of Israel forever."

Golden text: "When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee, and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee." Isaiah 43:2.

THE JORDAN.

The history of the world cannot be separated from its rivers. The greatness of most, if not all, the important peoples of the world has been fashioned about some river. The Nile, the Euphrates, the Ganges, the Danube, the Rhine, the Tiber, as well as the Jordan, have become as famous as the nations that grew and flourished on their banks.

The Jordan is a small river, but no stream on the face of the earth displays greater eccentricities than it does. From Lake Huleh, where the headwaters of the Jordan are gathered together, to the sea of Galilee is a distance of ten miles. In flowing that short distance the river falls 689 feet, nearly 70 feet to the mile. It flows calmly out of the sea of Galilee with waters so clear and green that an Arab poet has called it a gigantic green serpent, but it soon gathers soil from its tributaries and the adjacent hills and becomes a muddy, chocolate color, darker and heavier than the waters of the Missouri river. A few miles from the sea of Galilee is begins its rapid descent of 610 feet to the Dead sea. The distance from Galilee to the Dead sea is 65 miles on a straight line, but the Jordan winds so circuitously that its course is fully 200 miles long in reaching the depressed level of the Dead sea, which is 1292 feet below the level of the Mediterranean sea. There are said to be twenty-seven falls and cascades between the sea of Galilee and the Dead sea, which fact may have suggested the name "Jordan," which literally means the "down-comer."

The bed of the Jordan and the Dead sea constitute the lowest part of a deep fissure in the earth's surface that runs from Lebanon to the Red sea, save for one transverse elevation just to the southward of the Dead sea, which keeps the Dead sea from being an arm of the Red sea. This fissure has two distinct parts that lie on either side of and above the Jordan; the lower is called the Zor, and is a narrow ravine from one-half mile to two miles wide and extending from a point a short distance south of the sea of Galilee to the Dead sea; the third part (the Jordan being the first and lowest), is called El Ghor and varies in width from two miles at the lower end of the Sea of Galilee to from twelve to sixteen miles where Israel encamped in it and crossed the Jordan. On either side of El Ghor, from Galilee to the Dead Sea, there are mountains rising from 3000 to 4000 feet above the Jordan.

The course of the Jordan is marked by rank vegetation, the high temperature making a sort of natural hothouse out of it. But this vegetation is limited to a very narrow strip, beyond which everything is barren except during the rainy season. The peculiarities of the river render irrigation from it impracticable. Its banks are mostly of clay, which makes good bricks, but is not much used for that purpose at present. In the days of Solomon he made bricks for the temple and other buildings from it. Where the stream is narrowest its banks become precipitous and rocky, but ordinarily it cuts its way through the clay, winding at will through an ever-shifting channel, much as does the Missouri river.

At a normal stage of water the Jordan is from six to twenty feet deep, but gets much deeper during the rainy season, and during the dry season becomes so shallow in places that a man can wade it in ordinary boots. The difficulty in fording it arises from the nature of the banks and bottom. Travelers have often wondered why the Hebrews never built bridges across it. This task they left to their successors.

The time when Israel crossed Jordan under Joshua's leadership was at harvest time, during the heavy floods, when the river was overflowing its banks. By some means, which seemed miraculous to Joshua and the people, the waters of the river were held back at a city called Adam (now identified with the modern Tell Damieh, near the bridge of the same name), until all the river bed below that point was so dry that the people passed across dry shod. A very good natural explanation has been given of this phenomenon. Just above the Jisr Damieh the mountains come down close to the river, and a landslide could easily block the river and dam up its waters. The history of Sultan Bibars relates that in 1257 A. D. a landslide at this point did actually stop the flow of the river Jordan long enough to permit the repair of the bridge, during which time all the waters below ran down to the sea. Such an event would have afforded opportunity for the people to pass over easily. They need not all have passed over in file at a given point, but, crossing at any point in several miles, they could have passed over in a very short time. It was as great an event in their history as the crossing of the Red Sea, and their success in accomplishing it filled the minds of the inhabitants of the land with a wholesome dread of a people who seemed so favored by the providence of nature.

Jordan was, from its characteristic features, a natural boundary line, and played a great part in the life of the Semitic people. At its northern end Abram overtook Chedorlaomer, there Jacob crossed the Jordan, and there Naaman, the Syrian, washed himself clean of his leprosy. Elijah and Elisha both made historic crossings of the lower end of the river, as did also the great King David in the course of his wars and intestine troubles. Then, in the days of the Roman supremacy, the Messiah of Israel was baptized in its waters at the opening of his public ministry as a prophetic teacher of the people. And now to millions of religious people the Jordan is the symbol of the dividing line between the present life and the untried realm beyond the grave.

JOSHUA'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Before giving the order to move across Jodran, Joshua saw to it that the people understood the order of procedure. To make sure that they were in marching order, he caused them to move their camp closer to the Jordan, where they remained three days to complete their preparations for the actual passage of the river. The ark of the covenant was to be for a banner to them in place of the cloud that they had followed in the early part of the wilderness march. They were to follow it at the respectful space of 3000 feet in order that they might understand from its movements just where they were expected to go. The day before the great day of crossing, toward which the older of them had been looking for so many years, they were commanded to "sanctify themselves," which probably meant for them to cleanse themselves and perform special religious rites, and thereby put themselves in a proper physical and spiritual condition for the duties of the morrow.

The Christian is called upon to spend all his earthly life in preparing himself to enter upon his Canaan inheritance. It is an inheritance of faith, and cannot be enjoyed unless it lives a life of genuine trust in and devotion to the heavenly Father. He is always under marching orders, and ought not to need a three-days' special preparation to fit him for the hour of crossing Jordan's wave. As Canaan was to Israel a permanent national home, so the Christian's figurative Canaan is his heavenly and eternal home, from which no power can sever him when he has once entered it by the grace of God.

In another very suggestive way Israel's crossing the Jordan may teach the student a valuable lesson. There are certain great events in life for which all previous experiences seem to have been but a preparation. At such times one must throw all his garnered wisdom and the fire of his vigor into his effort, as Farragut did at Mobile Bay, feeling that all his previous successes would count for nothing if he lost that one day. In every Christian's life there is a Jordan crossing which brings the person face to face with a conflict whose outcome decides the possession or loss to him of the blessings that have been promised by his faith. Moral and spiritual conflicts may be long and severe, but to turn back from them in cowardly fear is to forfeit character and to bury the best hopes and aspirations that inspire the human soul.

God promised Joshua to magnify him greatly in the eyes of all the people. This simply means that Joshua assumed the place of Moses with the primise of God that the people would accord him the honor he deserved as leader. God assured him of the divine favor in giving him power. It is a rule of life everywhere that men who are recognized as divinely appointed leaders in religion or anything else are accorded special honor and confidence, which they should use with becoming dignity.

One important piece of instruction which Joshua received and carried out was to build a memorial of the event, out of stones gathered from the bed of the river, to remind the nation in future generations of the goodness of God to them in delivering them from so many perils, and leading them safely into the promised land. "Men who can look back have an advantage over those who can look forward." Memory plays a great part in human achievement. It furnishes the fuel to feed the flames in the engines of progress. The life of Israel was ever stimulated by the memory of sacred events that were commemorated by places and things. Bethel reminded her of the possibility of meeting God in personal communion. Mizpeh recalled the fact that Jehovah was watching between them as individuals to be a witness and a sanction to all their oaths and contracts. Mountains, like Zion, Sinai and Pisgah were faithful monitors of God's dealings with them, and of their indebtedness to him. Their songs commemorated great events and called upon the people to emulate the devotion to high principles that had led their forefathers to their best deeds.

The literature of every great nation has done much the same thing. The legends of King Arthur have been woven into some of England's finest poetry, and are a part and parcel in the English ideal. History has its value in showing to the nation the best deeds of her past and tacitly reminding the people that as good and better deeds are possible for the future. Men are largely what their memories make them. Negligence of the past is a sure precursor of decay. For all vocations memory has some images that will prove useful. The monuments that keep these events and persons fresh are a great blessing, and no city or state ought to let much time go by without providing such means of education and inspiration for her youth. The church has received one great rite whose purpose is to remind the believer of Jesus Christ and his death until he comes again; and the repeated observance of this rite does very much to preserve the ideal devotion of the church to her divine Master.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers do not gripe. They move the bowels gently, and by reason of the tonic properties, give tonic and strength to the glands. Max Wirth.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

COMMOTION

Caused By Change In Arrangements of Boer Generals.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—It developed yesterday that the Boer generals declined, in a telegraphic message, to seek presentation to Emperor William through the British ambassador, and the fact has produced an extraordinary commotion among politicians and courtiers. No later than last Monday the foreign office received a message from the generals, announcing that they had not the slightest objection to applying for an interview, through British government channels, and it was even understood here that the government of Great Britain was willing to countenance the interview. Whether that is true or not the pan-German committee in charge of the Boer reception was confident the generals would come with proper credentials, and hence have an opportunity for an audience. Then on Wednesday came a dispatch saying the generals were determined not to apply to the British government, but would leave the emperor to summon them himself. This, of course, would have put his majesty in direct opposition to Great Britain, and the announcement immediately followed that the proposed interview would not take place. The press attacks the Boer generals in the style it has heretofore reserved for Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. Various explanations are given of the Boers' motives. The reception committee is advised that the generals intend to come here as though nothing had happened, and say anti-British demonstration now will certainly be stopped by the police, as official circles here are very much annoyed at the Boers' behavior.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and it therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any cases it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

EXPERT IN LEPROSY

Declares Much-Dreaded Disease Is Not Contagious.

Says a Healthy Person Will Not Contract the Disease.

Three of His Children Born Beside Lepers In India.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 10.—Dr. M. B. Carleton, of Sabattin, near Ambalia City, India, one of the most widely known experts in the treatment of leprosy in the Indian empire, is the guest of Frank W. Foote, accompanied by Mrs. Carleton and two children.

Dr. Carleton was born in India, two years before the Sepoy mutiny, his parents having gone to that country as missionaries from Barrio, Vt., in 1854. When a young man he was sent to the United States, where he studied medicine. He returned to India in 1881, and took up work among the lepers of India. He now has an asylum containing 100 lepers at Sabattin. In answer to questions Dr. Carleton said:

"The last census shows that there are about 400,000 lepers in India. In the district where I live there are about 40 to each 1000 inhabitants. In some other districts the proportion is much smaller.

"I now have about 100 patients, men and women, and a few children, in my compound. We have three Europeans now, one having died since I have been in America. He was a colleague of Mr. Foote while he was in India ten years ago. He was at the asylum about four years."

"What is the average life of lepers after they contract the disease?"

"It differs with the kind of leprosy, of which there are two varieties. In one variety the disease attacks the arms and legs. The hands and arms and also the feet and portions of the legs have absolutely no feeling. Sufferers from this kind often live from thirty to forty years. The other variety attacks the lungs. In these cases the lease of life is not usually over ten years."

"What is the cause of leprosy?"

"We do not know; we have been seeking the cause. We have found the germ, but as yet we have not been able to cultivate it. Neither have we found a germicide. The natives all go barefoot, and it is sometimes thought that the disease is contracted in the same manner as the bubonic plague, through the soles of the feet. Of this I have great doubt, as I have had charge of lepers for twenty years, have handled them and am operating all the time when I am at home, removing pieces of bone and performing other necessary operations. To be sure, of late years since I have had a family, I have used some precautions, such as washing my hands with disinfectants after operations, but I never have had the slightest symptoms. For this and other reasons I do not think the germ enters the system through the skin. It seems to attack only people who are inclined to tuberculosis, but we have been unable, during long years of investigation, to ascertain the cause."

"Is your family with you at this leper settlement?" was asked.

"Certainly. Three of my children were born in the compound, not 300 feet from the leper house, and none of my family has ever had the slightest symptom of the disease, nor do I expect that either they or myself will ever have."

"Then this idea of a leper nurse bidding goodby to the world is erroneous?"

"That is simple nonsense. Why, at Marblehead the other day a man told me that he had been requested to ask me whether it was quite safe for people to shake hands with me, in view of the fact that I have constant charge of an asylum of lepers. A healthy person, not inclined to tuberculosis, will not contract the disease, even if in contact with it as I am when at home. In fact, I am firmly convinced that if a healthy person should actually be inoculated with the germ of leprosy—which germ, as I say, we have found and have under observation—that person would not acquire the disease. During my long series of experiments, in the effort to find a germicide, I have frequently inoculated guinea pigs, rabbits and other animals. Not only do they not acquire the disease, or any of its symptoms, but when an examination of the blood is made a few days later it is found that the white corpuscles of the blood have destroyed the germs. I am handling the germs constantly in my experiments.

"I am 46 years old and I consider that I have thirty years of life left, according to the mortality tables of the actuaries. To be sure, we have the cholera and the bubonic plague there, and we have the cobra and the kerite in and around our compound, but, speaking with reference to danger from leprosy, I think my chances are for twenty years more of life, health and work."

Dr. Carleton is in the prime of life, and is the picture of health and robust manhood. He has the characteristic dark color of all white people who have lived long in India.

Pure Vegetable Oils

These alone are used in Jap Rose; and glycerin is one-sixth of all of it. So pure that it's clear; you can read through it.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] Soap

Can anyone claim to know more about soap than Kirk? Jap Rose represents the best that we know. 'Tis the result of a life-time's experience.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list. F

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.



A full set of the best artificial teeth.... $10

And no extra charge for extracting

Gold Crowns (22K).....$7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from.....$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.....75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.



CLOTHES LIKE THESE

Beat either the work-mark of the high-priced tailor or the Friend label in the inside right pocket. The only difference is in the price



FRIEND CLOTHING

has more than correctness of cut and perfection of detail. Permanence of shape and long life of wear are sewn into every seam

There isn't a stiff, ungainly line; there isn't the lack of a proper feature; there isn't a slighted stitch

THE FRIEND GUARANTEED CLOTHING IS FOR SALE BY

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY, DULUTH.

DISEASES OF MEN.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature. Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING, speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES FEMALE WEAKNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUS TROUBLES, UNHEALTHY DISCHARGES, PAINFUL OR IRREGULAR MONTHLY SICKNESS, safely and speedily relieved. If in trouble call or write. DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express in plain wrapper, free from exposure.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" this great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 80 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Presto

Light Biscuits;
Light Cakes;
Light Pastry;
and,—
Light Hearts,—
Quick-as-a-Wink!

And the demand is such that we doubt if you can buy it.

The H-O {Hornby's Oatmeal} Company P. 3

MARKET IS HIGHER

Wheat Started Out Steady And Made An Advance.

Cable News Bullish And the Cash Situation Strong.

Flax Was Fairly Steady And the Trading Active.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 10.—The wheat market started out steady and unchanged this morning and the December option made a slight advance on bullish cable news and the strength of the cash situation. On the other hand the Northwest receipts showed an increase over last year and the weather continued favorable for the movement of wheat. The market moved within a narrow range throughout the morning, but was marked by a firm feeling, with the Duluth the strongest market. Eastern millers continue to want Duluth wheat and today about 200,000 bus was sold for shipment. Foreign business was very light, cggers stating not more than a couple of loads. Stocks of wheat at Duluth are expected to show no change this week. The Liverpool market closed ½d lower and Berlin ⅛c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,390,000 bus, last year, 1,260,000 bus. Shipments, 776,000, last year, 522,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 459,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of wheat and flour for the week of 3,646,000 bus, against 6,300,000 bus the previous week and 4,719,000 bus last year. There were no Argentine shipments for the week.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅝d lower. December corn on the Chicago market closed 1⅝c lower and December oats ⅛c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 1,800,000 bus, last year, 2,200,000 bus. Shipments, 1,248,000 bus, last year, 2,208,000 bus. Clearances were 1936 bus. Bradstreet reported exports for the week of 1,800,000 bus, against 1,400,000 bus the previous week and 1,000,000 bus last year. Argentine shipments were 944,000 bus, against 2,040,000 bus last week and 416,000 bus last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth-Superior, 90 cars, and at Chicago, 91, a total of 991 cars, against 999 last week and 303 last year.

Trading in wheat was active and the market strong. It opened unchanged at 67c, sold at 67⅝c at 10; reacted to 67¼c at 10:15; and again sold at 67⅝c at 10:25; holding steady the rest of the time and then selling at 67⅝c at 12:26. It reacted again to 67¼c at 12:45 and closed there. This was an advance of ⅝c on Chicago advanced ⅞c and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash prices advanced ¾c. No. 1 northern in store and to arrive selling at 2¼c over December, No. 2 and ⅛c over and No. 3 at 1¾c under. Sales were 175,000 bus.

Flax was very active and the market firm. October advanced ¾c to $1.22¾ and its range was from $1.22 to $1.22¾. November closed without change. December ⅛c higher and May ⅝c up. Cash seed and seed on track closed without change and to arrive stuff ⅛c off. There was an advance of ⅛c in December oats and oats to arrive.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard 71¾; 1 northern 69⅝; 2 northern, 67⅝; 3 spring, 65⅝; to arrive 1 hard 71¾; 1 northern 69⅝; December, 68¾; May, 69¾; November, 68⅝. Minneapolis, No. 1, 64⅜; No. 2, 62⅝. Oats, December, 29½; to arrive, 31; on track, 31. Rye, October 48¾; on track, 48¾; to arrive, 48½. Barley, 38@53. Flax, cash, $1.22½; on track, $1.22½; to arrive, $1.22¼; October, $1.22¾; November, $1.22; December, $1.21½; May $1.20½.

Close, reported: Wheat, 69⅝; last year, 77; oats, 29; rye, 49; barley, 55; flax, 266.

Receipts—Wheat, 494,651; oats, 13,692; rye, 4,598; barley, 39,825; flax, 189,962.

Shipments—Wheat, 455,346; rye, 41,584; barley, 55,681; flax, 197,228.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars	$0.69¾
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	69⅝
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	69¾
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	69½
No. 1 northern, 7 cars	69½
No. 1 northern, 17,000 bus	69⅝
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	69¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars to mills	70
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus to arrive	69⅝
No. 2 northern, 10 cars	67⅝
No. 2 northern, 10,000 bus	67⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car to mills	68¼
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	67¼
No. 2 northern, 14 cars	67½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	66⅝
No. 3 spring, 3 cars	65¾
Reected, 1 car	66⅜
Rejected, 1 car	64⅝
Rejected, 1 car	66⅝
Rejected, 1 car	66½
Rejected, 1 car	62⅝
Rejected, ½ car	66½
No grade, 1 car	66½
No grade	67⅝
Oats, 2 cars, No 3 white	31
Barley, 4 cars	49
Barley, 1 car	45
Flax, 6 cars, cash	1.22
Flax, 5000 bus to arrive	1.22
Flax, 9000 bus to arrive	1.22¼
Flax, 1000 bus to arrive	1.22½
Flax, 900 bus to arrive	1.22¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.18½
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.19
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.20
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.20½

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Wheat Opened Steady While Corn Was Weak.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Wheat opened steady today, chiefly on foreign news, but the feeling early in the session was one of weakness. Receipts in the Northwest were larger than at the same time last year, and this fact, combined with the favorable weather, were bear features. Trading was light during the first part of the day. December opened a shade lower, to a shade higher at 69⅝c to 69¾c, but on commission house selling a slight decline followed, the price dropping to 69⅜c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 903 cars, which with local receipts of 91 cars, with one of contract grade, total receipts of 994 cars, against 909 cars last week and 1012 cars a year ago.

Later on good commission house buying the market rallied and the close was firm with December closing 1⅛@1¼c higher at 70c, after selling up to 70⅛c.

Lower cables and continued good weather West and Southwest caused a weak opening corn. The volume of trade was lighter than that experienced lately, with commission houses again on the selling side. The buying was scattered. December opened a shade to ½@⅝c lower at 48¾c to 48¼c, but there was not enough support to the market to maintain the price, which soon declined to 47¾c. Local receipts were 123 cars, 29 contract.

A continuation of selling pressure developed toward noon and the close was weak. After selling down to 47⅝c, December closed ½@⅝c lower at 47¼c.

Oats opened easier in sympathy with corn and on favorable weather. Outside felt a fair demand for May, which steadied prices, the market lacked any special features. December opened unchanged at 32¼c, but sold down to 31⅞c. Local receipts 162 cars.

Provisions were easier on still lower prices for hogs, and trading was light. Commission houses offered January pork quite freely, which weakened values. January pork opened 5c lower at $15.60; January lard was 2½c lower at $8.80, with ribs 5c lower at $8.17½.

Close: Wheat, Oct. 10.—October, 68⅝c; December, 70c; May, 71¼c. Corn, October, 57c; November, 55½c; December, 48¾c; May, 43¼c. Oats, October, 31⅝c; old, 27½c; December, 32c; old, 28c; May, 33c. Pork, October, $17.00; January, $15.55; May, $14.40. Lard, October, $10.15; November, $8.85; December, $8.60; January, $8.32½; May, $8.22½. Ribs, October, $10.17½; January, $8.20@8.22½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.24½; October, $1.24½; December, $1.23; May, $1.20. Rye, cash, 56c; December, 48½c. Timothy, October, $1.90@4.00. Clover, October, $10.60. Barley, cash, 25@58c. Cash wheat No. 2 red, 70@71c; No. 3 red, 66@69c; No. 2 hard winter, 69@70c; No. 3 hard winter, 64½@63c; No. 1 northern spring, 70@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 68@72c; No. 3 spring, 66@72c. Cash corn, No. 2, 51½@52c; No. 3, 50½@50c. Oats, No. 2, 30@1½c; No. 3, 29@1½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Open	67⅞	69¾-⅞	74⅝	
High	67½	70¼	75⅜	
Low	67	69⅝	74⅝	
Close	67⅜	70⅛	75⅛	
May—				
Open	69¼B	68⅝	70¾-⅞	75B
High	69¾	68¾-⅞	71⅜	75⅝
Low	69¼	68¼	70⅝-¾	74⅞
Close	69⅝	68¾	71¼	75⅜A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec	Pork. Jan
Open	32¼	48-⅜	15.45
High	32¾	48⅝	15.65
Low	31⅜	47⅞	15.45
Close	32	47¼A	15.55

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 10.—Close: Wheat—December, 75c; May, 75¾c. Corn—December, 54½c; May, 48c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—Close: Wheat—December, 67¾c; May, 68⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 70⅝c; No. 2 northern, 67¾c; No. 1 northern, 69⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago—Wheat: Broomhall is disposed to regard shipments from Argentina as a bullish factor. The cash situation in the Northwest is again strong. The market has again been narrow and featureless. While the trade is light, the market appears to be stubborn and resists any attempt to force down prices. The Northwest cash situation is very strong, and our market has helped as a result. Outside interest in the market, however, is badly needed and until such time as the public see fit to take a hand in the market, we cannot see anything ahead but a scalping affair and even then prices will be influenced largely by the action of corn. Estimated cars 90.

Corn—Broomhall reports poor demand for spot corn and adds that weather conditions are not at all satisfactory in Argentine. Reports from Kansas say that cash houses expect a material advance in cash corn soon. Trade today has been on a large scale and the same selling which was in evidence yesterday was in force throughout the session. There was some selling, due to reports that a change in inspection is to be attempted. Should anything of this kind develop conditions of course would be materially changed. In our opinion a market that will absorb as much corn as has been thrown on the market has not had much effect. Estimated cars 215 for tomorrow.

Oats—Cash market easier, prices reached ½ to ¾ lower. As in corn there was heavy selling in this market by leading commission houses and some scattering liquidation by outside longs. Estimated cars, 265.

• • •

W. H. Bartlett, Chicago—I believe May corn a purchase at present prices. I think the crop has been largely over-estimated and that with the exception of Kansas and Missouri the husking is going to prove a great disappointment and not give us a crop of over two billion bushels even on the increased acreage.

• • •

Modern Miller: Ideal weather for preparing the soil to receive fall seed has prevailed throughout the entire winter wheat belt, with the soil in exceptionally fine condition for this work. Rapid progress has been in made in seeding operations, and indications point to a full acreage.

• • •

St. Louis has received about 15,000,000 bus of wheat on this crop and has in store only about 460,000 bus of contract wheat. Minneapolis has only 430,000 bus of contract wheat and 1,200,000 bus of all grades, and grinds at least 1,500,000 bus per week. Flour is in good demand, and they will turn out about 420,000 barrels this week, the largest on record.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: On and after Oct. 10, 1902, No. 1 hard spring wheat only, to weigh not less than 60 lbs to the bushel, and No. 1 yellow corn, Milwaukee warehouse receipts and any regular Chicago warehouse receipts are deliverable on Milwaukee contracts unless otherwise specified. This is the new style trades. All orders received in grain or privileges on and After Oct. 10, 1902, will be considered for "new style" unless otherwise ordered. If you wish to close up any old contracts, don't forget to mark your order 'old style.'' Otherwise they will be considered "new style."

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: The October government last year gave the condition of corn 52.1, against a ten-year average of 81.8, and gave the yield of oats 35.1 against a ten-year average of 27.2. It gave no condition on wheat. The report expected today will give the spring wheat condition. Last month the condition of corn was 84.3, the condition of spring and winter wheat combined was 89 and oats 87.2.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, December wheat, 67⅛-¼c.
Calls, December wheat 67⅝-⅞ bid.
Curb, December wheat, 67⅛c.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

Dealer in..... **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (426 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.
Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—308 W. SUPERIOR ST.
WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. .....Both 'Phones.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO.,
Minneapolis. St. Paul. Duluth.
Grains, Stocks and Provisions
Bought and sold in all markets, for cash or on reasonable margins. Members of all principal exchanges. Private Wires. Write for our daily market letter and private telegraph cipher—mailed free. Ship your grain to us. Best facilities, liberal advances, prompt returns.
310 Board of Trade. Room A Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

HAS MUCH STRENGTH

Cash Wheat Situation Is Marked By Great Firmness.

Keen Demand For Offerings and Stocks Remain Low.

Foreigners Not Heavy Buyers---Flour Demand Good.

The cash wheat situation in the Duluth market is very firm. Receipts of wheat are moderately large, but shipments and consumption by mills are also large and as a result stocks are not increasing to any extent. Last week showed a decrease in stocks of nearly 20,000 bushels in spite of the fact that receipts for the week were 2,798,214 bushels. During the first three days of this week the total receipts were 1,414,629 bushels and stocks showed an increase of about 205,000 bushels. Shipments in the latter part of the week may wipe this out.

The November option at the close of business yesterday commanded a premium of 2 cents over December, advancing 1 cent from the day befort. There are some traders who think that if the demand for wheat continues as strong as it is now, those who have sold wheat for October delivery may have to scramble to get the stuff to deliver. There is not believed to be a very great amount of the October outstanding, however. At the close of last week there was but little more than 200,000 bushels of No. 1 northern, the contract grade, in store. This is all sold and all No. 1 northern offered finds a keen demand.

Foreigners are not heavy buyers of spring wheat just now, although they have been taking a little. They have looked for the spring wheat crop to be rushed on the market and to find a flood of wheat offered from which they could make their purchases at their own price. That was once the condition that prevailed practically every year, but the Northwest is in a different situation now. It does not have to rush its crop to market to get money quickly as it once did and the movement is slower. Crops are more diversified also and this causes the wheat movement to be lighter, although the total number of cars of grain moved may be as heavy as in former years.

The foreigners do not yet appreciate the change in conditions, and hence are reluctant to buy at present premiums. They will undoubtedly have to come to it, however, for the strength of wheat is be coming more marked rather than diminishing, and premiums are firmer than they have been. The foreigners also believed that when the September wheat deal at Chicago was out of the way, American markets would go to pieces, but this expectation has not been met at all.

Eastern millers are liberal buyers of wheat, and shippers are ready buyers of all stuff that is brought to market. Local mills are paying the usual half cent better than shippers' prices.

The local mills report the flour demand excellent, but largely from domestic consumers rather than for foreign shipment. This is the best season of the year for the mills, and they are going to prove a great disappointment and not give us a crop of over two billion bushels even on the increased acreage.

Feed is also holding well, and bran has stiffened somewhat in the past few days.

Receipts of grains other than wheat aer all showing fine increases over a year ago, except rye, which has fallen off somewhat. The receipts in bushels from Aug. 1 to Oct. 8 this year and last are as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Oats	614,104	246,196
Barley	2,268,282	1,515,512
Rye	390,156	492,580
Flax	2,775,497	1,418,344

Receipts are increasing, too, this month. In the first eight days of October flax receipts were 1,028,129 bushels against 889,318 bushels in the last eight days of September.

VISIT TO BATTLEFIELDS

To Be Made By Veterans From Minnesota.

Washington, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.—Former State Senator John Day Smith, of Minneapolis, accompanied by members of Rawlins post, left here this morning for Fredericksburg, whence they will travel in a mule wagon for several days, visiting battlefields where Grant's army fought in May and June of 1864. It is their intention to live off the country and study the fields of Chancellorsville, The Wilderness and Cold Harbor.

FARMER KILLS FARMER.

Morristown, Tenn., Oct. 10.—Rush Martin, a farmer, was shot and killed by A. F. Carter, also a farmer, this morning, at Carter's home, near Morristown. Carter claims he shot Martin in self-defense and has surrendered.

SELLING OF STOCKS

Owing to Failure of Efforts to Settle the Coal Strike.

Dealings Were Nervous and Feverish With Irregular Tendency.

Prices Rallied Near the Closing Which Was Heavy.

New York, Oct. 10.—There was active selling of stocks at the opening, owing to disappointment over the reported result of efforts to effect a settlement of the coal strike. The leading stocks in all the principal groups were equally affected with the coulers, declines running from 1 to 2 points in Delaware & Hudson, Reading, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio, New York Central, Canadian Pacific, St. Paul, Union Pacific, Atchison, Louisville, Sugar and Tennessee Coal.

The opening losses measured the decline for a time on the disappointment felt at the reported failure to reach a settlement of the coal strike. Subsequent dealings were nervous and feverish with an irregular tendency upwards. Prices, however, did not get much above the lowest except in Colorado Fuel, which advanced 1¼ above yesterday's close. Business came practically to a standstill at 11 o'clock and the market was at the lowest. Lackawanna dropped 7 points on one sale.

The resumption of conferences seeking means to settle the coal strike failed to reassure sentiment and the 14 per cent money rate helped the depression. The coulers, the Pennsylvania group and the trans-continental stocks showed relatively more weakness than other active stocks, but their losses were exceeded by some of the specialties. Prices at the lowest showed declines over night of 1¾ to 2¾ in St. Paul, Louisville, Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio, Delaware & Hudson preferred, New York Central, Lackawanna broke 9, and General Electric, Cotton Oil, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo and Pressed Steel lost 3@3¾. Sloss-Sheffield Steel preferred Bonds were easier at noon.

Prices were slightly higher, but the movement was insignificant, although the transactions were considerable. Lackawanna rallied 2 and Pressed Steel Car a point. Prices vibrated within a very narrow range with trading entirely nominal. Traders are reluctant to operate for more than scalpers' profits, in view of the interest manifested in the coal strike conference, high money, etc. Colorado Fuel fell nearly 2 points from the best and Lackawanna came back to 260. Lake Erie & Western preferred dropped 4.

The entire lethargy of the trading made the demand to cover shorts from professional room traders effective in rallying prices. The recovery ran to a point in Manhattan, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Louisville, Colorado Fuel and Pressed Steel Car and to 3⅜ in Soo. The market fell into stagnation at the recovery and closed heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	63	62½	63
American Sugar	121⅜	120¾	121¼
Anaconda	96⅝	95	96
Atch. T. & S. F.	88¼	87⅞	88
do pfd	100½	99¾	100⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	105½	104½	105
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67¾	67¼	67⅜
Canadian Pacific	134⅜	133⅝	134⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	50¼	50	50
Chicago & Alton	36¾	35¼	35⅝
Chicago Great Western	30¼	29¾	29⅞
C., M. & St. P.	186⅜	185½	185½
C. R. I. & P.	190¼	195½	195¼
C. F. & I.	85½	83¾	84⅜
Duluth, S. S. & A.	18½	18⅜	18⅜
do pfd.	29	28½	28½
Erie com.	38⅞	38¼	38¾
General Electric	192	190	190
Great Northern	185⅜	183½	183½
Illinois Central	147	146½	146⅞
Iowa Central	43	43	43
L. & N.	137⅜	136¾	137
Manhattan Elevated	124⅜	123¾	124¼
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	74	70¼	73
Mo. Pacific	110⅜	109⅝	110⅜
N. Y. Central	154	153¾	153⅞
Norfolk & Western	73⅜	72¾	73½
Pennsylvania	162¼	161⅛	161½
People's Gas	107⅞	102⅜	102¾
Reading	69⅜	68⅞	69⅛
Republic Iron & Steel	21⅞	21	21⅛
Southern Pacific	71⅝	70⅞	71¼
Southern Railway	37½	37	37⅜
Tenn. Coal & Iron	83¾	83	83⅜
Union Pacific	104½	103⅝	104
U. S. Leather	14⅜	14⅛	14¾
U. S. Steel	39⅞	39⅜	39⅝
do pfd	89⅞	88⅜	88⅝
Wabash	33¼	32⅞	33⅛
Western Union	91½	91½	91½
Wisconsin Central	27⅝	26⅝	27½
do pfd	50½	50	50½
Northern Securities	109¼	108½	109⅝

The total sales were 363,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The market was too strong yesterday morning, as there was no sound reason for a rapid advance and 15 per cent money in the afternoon was a fake. Unless some settlement is reached in the strike situation, stocks will get lower, but on moderate recessions they look like a purchase. The market has had a good physic and the trend is now destined to be upward. I think the safest way is to buy stocks on a scale down; take on some Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, Illinois Central, Erie, B. R. T. and Pennsylvania, also T. C. Strike developments are the important factor now. The bank statement should be very favorable tomorrow and easy money should be expected next week.

• • •

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: Disappointment over the outcome of the conference held yesterday between lading senators of New York and Pennsylvania withs Mr. Morgan was the contributary cause to the change of sentiment over night, and the market opened from one or two points below the closing level on yesterday. Support was given, however, which steadied the market, and after the first hour prices commenced to harden, and before the session closed had recovered on limited dealings almost all of the loss of the morning. Another meeting has been called for Tuesday next. Under these circumstances it was but natural that the market during the entire session should have ruled dull, and while the sentiment of traders has not changed, at the same time they show no disposition to enter to any further commitments on either side until something is known regarding the possibility of settlement. Money continues to rule firm and loans were made as high as 15 per cent. Considerable satisfaction was felt that control of Reading is now lodged with the Pennsylvania Railroad interests.

• • •

Waldorf to Edward, Wood & Co.: Speculative sentiment continues to reflect the growth of confidence, but the banks which control the monetary situation for the time being maintain their vigorous policy of bidding up rates whenever the stock gets active and strong. Nevertheless powerful interests is bullish owing to the magnificent business condition throughout the country and tell their friends that the outcome in Wall street will be marked appreciation in all good securities. Wash cash pouring into the banks from the treasury, Australia and Europe, how long can manipulation keep money at 10 per cent, is being discussed with growing interest. The present stringency through artificial means is the principal obstacle in the way of rising prices. The strike is believed to be as good as settled and the fine crops and prosperity of farmers make for confidence in a satisfactory congressional election. The money question, however, overshadows these considerations. Brokers who watch dealings in Manhattan, Erie common, United States Steel common, each day very closely, say there is a persistent absorption of these stocks by important interests who are buying for keeps. When mining is resumed in Pennsylvania the Erie stocks will get an important upward movement. Among soft coalers Baltimore & Ohio common is being accumulated by interests which were sellers a few weeks ago.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18	18½
Arcadian	4½	5
Allouez	2½	3
Atlantic	24	26
Anaconda	23½	24½
Amalgamated	62¾	63
Calumet and Hecla	510	..
Centennial	17¾	18½
Copper Range	55⅜	58
Franklin	9½	10
Isle Royale	13¾	14½
Bingham	27½	28½
Mass	14	14½
May Flower	1½	2
National	1	1½
Mohawk	45	46
Michigan	10	..
Old Colony	2	2½
Old Dominion	16	17
Osceola	55	57
Parrot	25	26
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2¼	2½
Santa Fe	1½	1⅞
Tamarack	161	165
Tecumseh	1⅜	1½
Tri-Mountain	94	100
Utah	21	21½
Victoria	5	5½
Winona	4	4⅜
Wolverine	57	59
Wyandot	1	1¼
Elm River	2½	3
Trinity	16	16½
Dominion Coal	128	130
Nova Scotia	48¼	50
Calumet and Pittsburg	..	70
L. S. and Pittsburg	..	80
U. S. M.	20¾	20⅞
Green Con	26	26½
U. S. Oil	14¼	14⅜
Calumet and Arizona	..	95

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 10.—The cotton market opened steady with prices 1 point up to 2 points lower, and following the call worked up ta the final basis of last night on room covering, some outside support and buying of the January option by Wall street interests. The weather report depicted favorable conditions for picking and marketing early cotton and for maturing late cotton. The private crop reports stated that with continuance of the fine weather for another three weeks the crop would be greatly increased. The late cables from Liverpool failed to indicate any responsive worthy of mention to the steadiness here. The local values slipped back a few points toward the close of the first hour. Room sentiment was bullish on the statistical situation and the speculative feeling was good, but the failure of the coal strike settlement overures to result favorably had a depressing influence over the cotton market.

Cotton, 7; closed dull, mid ups $8.85; mid gulf, $9.10; sales 1221 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet; October, $8.33; November, $8.77; December, $8.87; January, $8.75; February, $8.55; March, $8.55; April, $8.55; May $56.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 10.—Close—Money on call firm 2@15 per cent; closed offered at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in banker's bills at $4.85.875@4.86 for demand and $4.82.855 for 60 days; posted rates $4.84 and $4.87. Commercial bills $4.82¼@4¾; bar silver 50½; Mexican dollars 40½. Government bonds steady; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds easy.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $224,956,383; gold, $135,294,497; silver, $8,371,721; United States notes, $4,188,680; treasury notes of 1890, $96,597; national bank notes, $12,561,809; total receipts this day, $2,600,017,658; total receipts this month, $18,284,446; total receipts this year, 164,710,334; total expenditures this day, $2,600,745,000; total expenditures this month $15,000; total expenditures this year, $153,226,976; deposits in national banks, $143,115,624.

CROP REPORT.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The government's monthly crop report shows: Average condition of wheat 79.6; estimated average yield per acre spring wheat, 14.4; oats, 34.5.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 10.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 Western winter, dull, 5s 9¼d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 7d; No. 1 California, steady, 6s 4½d; futures, quiet; December, 5s 10d; March, 5s 10¼d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 8½d; futures, quiet; October, nominal; January, 4s 3¼d; March, 4s 3½d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 239,000 centals, including 219,000 American. There were no receipts of corn.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Cattle receipts, 3500, including 500 Westerns; market, steady; good to prime steers, $7.40@8.50; poor to medium, $3.75@7.35; stockers and feeders, $2.25@5.00; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, $2.25@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.50; bulls, $2.35@4.75; calves, $3.50@7.70; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.00; Western steers, $3.75@6.00. Hogs receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 10,000; left over, 13,273; market 10 to 50c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.70@7.20; good choice heavy, $6.90@7.30; rough heavy, $6.40@6.80; light, $6.40@6.95; bulk of sales, $6.75@7.00. Sheep receipts, 8000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $3.25@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.25; Western sheep, $2.50@3.75; ton price, $5.75; Western lambs, $3.75@6.15. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 8285; hogs, 21,841; sheep, 18,456. Shipments—Cattle, 5943; hogs, 3864; sheep, 9206.

LIGHTNING

Will Not Strike Water, According to Professor Trowbridge.

New York, Oct. 10.—Experiments conducted by Professor John Trowbridge, of Harvard university, have led to the definite statement, says a Times special from Boston, that lightning will not strike water. By means of a battery of 20,000 cells he obtained a voltage of 6,000,000, which force, he says, is at least comparable to lightning, and enabled him to deduce his conclusions. He said:

"With my battery I was able to obtain an electric spark, about seven feet long, and found that instead of striking the water, a spark of six or seven feet in length invariably jumped to some adjacent object in preference to striking the liquid surface. A spark of only a few inches in length, however, will strike the water, but such a spark is not comparable to lightning.

"Beyond a million volts the initial resistance of atmosphere to electrical discharges becomes less and less, and the discharge, therefore, is shunted through the air instead of upon the water, and strikes some object adjacent to the water."

SOFT COAL SCARCE.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Soft coal is now becoming scarce in Chicago. It is quoted at prices ranging from $4 a ton for Illinois lump to $7 for Pocahontas. Coke is held at $12 a ton, exactly 100 per cent higher than a year ago. The cost of soft coal is almost double that of last year.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Crew of Steamer Alberta Had a Thrilling Escape.

Was Burned to Waters Edge on Lake Ontario.

Queer Experience of Steamer Continental In a Gale.

Kingston, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The crew of the steamer Alberta had a thrilling escape from their boat, which burned to the water's edge on Lake Ontario, between Trenton and Belleville last night. The Alberta was going without cargo to Belleville at the time of the fire, whose origin is now known. The burned vessel is owned by Capt. Smith, of Belleville, and was valued at $9000.

LAKE FREIGHTS DRAG.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Special to The Herald.—The slow movement of grain to market causes lake freights to drag along in a lifeless way, with no change for the better in sight. Rates today were steady at 1½ cents on corn with small offerings.

AT MUNISING.

Munising, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cleared: Sheldon and consort, Jupiter and consort for ottage Entry, Richards, King and consorts, Business for Duluth; Roumania for Sault Ste. Marie.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 10.—(special to The Herald.)—Up: Heffelfinger, 8:40 a. m.; Siberia Maria, 10:40; Paris, Harlem, Wallace, Ashland, 11:40. Down: Stephenson, Embury, King, Johnson, 10:30 last night; Tampa, Helena, 11:20; Princeton and whaleback, 12:40 a. m.; Roumania, Crete, 2:30; Orion, 4; Germanic, Etruria, Goodyear, 4:40; North Star, Manola and whaleback, 5:30; Saxona, Sanders, 9; Kelton, Fairbairn, Corliss, Zenith City and whaleback, Bartlett, 10:30. The entire downbound fleet was detained by dense fog during the night. The fog began to lift at 8 a. m.

Up yesterday: Hill, 12:20 p. m.; George Peavey, Cornell, Panay, 1:30; Page, Warriner, Peavey, 2:20; Jones, Manaloa and whaleback, Cort, Malda, 3:20; Trevor, 4:20; Merida, Tyrone, 5; Falcon, Eddy, Craig, Cotton, 7; Van Wise, Cetlan and whaleback, 7:40; Rosedale, 9. Down: Buffalo, Choctaw, Williams, 11:20; Chisholm, 2:20; Scranton, 3; Frick, Case, 4; Perry, 5:20; Stephenson, 6:40; Russell, 7; Hart, Yukon, Joliet, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rees, Norton, 10:20 last night; Street, consorts, 11:40; Naples, 12:20 a. m., Starucca, 12:30; Nelson and whaleback, 1; Parks Foster, 1:40; Colby, Progress, Iron Cliff, 3; Langell and consorts, 3:20; D. M. Whitney, Pontiac, 3:30; Admiral, 3:40; Wilkinson, 4; Richardson, 5; Outwaite, Mitchell, Merrimac, 5:30; Fisk, 6:30; Rose and barges, 6:30; old Glenhist, 7:10; Hope, 8; Alfred Mitchell, Ralph and consorts, 8:15; Yakima, 8:30; Iron Chief, John Hutchinson, 9:40; Raleigh, Tokio, 10; Clyde, Amboy, 10:40; Linn, Malta, Pauly, Corey, 11. Down: Queen City, Holley, 9:10 last night; Wolvin and whaleback, 9:20; Lagonda, 10:20; William Palmer and whaleback, 10:30; Kaliyuga, 10:50; Seguin, 11:40; Charles Elphicke, 12:20 a. m.; Kennebec, 1:20; Eads and whaleback, John Duncan, 2; Siberia, (arrived), 3; Ford, 3:40; Coralia, 8:50; Sunshine (sailed), 9:10; North Wind, 9:50; Pope, 10; Curry, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Huron, cleared, 11:15; Schuylkill, 11:45; Colonel, 12:35 p. m.; Iron King and consort, 12:20; Elwood, 1; Rev. Kirby, 1:15; Sevona, Albright, 2:40; W. H. Ketcham, 3; D. Houghton, Smeaton, 4:20; Edwin Gould, 4:40; Hiawatha, Stewart and barges, Linden and consort, 6; McWilliams, 6:15; Mohawk, 6:30; Rosemount, 7. Down: Edenborn, 11:30; Colgate, Carrington, 12:20 p. m.; Gratwick, new, India, 12:40; Steinbrenner, 1; Maricopa, Murphy, 1:40; Devereux, 2; Penobscot, 3:20; Hansen, Madeira, Mauch Chunk, 4; Wright, Boston, 4:40; Schuch, 6; Mariposa and whaleback, Brittanic, Nye, 6:15; Flower, 6:30; Brlton and whaleback, 7.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette—Arrived: Yuma, Forest City. Cleared: Joliet, Continental, Holland, Cleveland.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Cadillac, Anraste

PRESENT PETITION

Another, Signed By Men, Against Children's Home Site.

Presented to the Home Board This Evening.

Action Deferred Until Advisory Board Is Consulted.

The meeting of the board of the Children's Home this morning was very tame as compared with the rather acrimonious session of last Friday. The matter of the location of the new children's home was brought before the board, but the white winged dove of peace seemed to have shed some of its influence.

A petition, asking for a reconsideration of the board's action in fixing the permanent location of the home on Jefferson street, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth avenues east, was presented, but this one was in different form. This one was signed by the men. Those whose names were attached were as follows:

W. J. Olcott, W. J. Suffel, W. G. Goffe, C. A. Congdon, William Dalrymple, W. G. Hegardt, J. C. Hunter, H. M. Peyton, B. E. Baker, M. S. Burrows, C. G. Traphagen, T. F. Cole, A. W. Dutton, S. E. Matter, C. B. Pillsbury, F. W. Eva, W. P. Platt, H. G. Gross, J. B. Norton, I. H. Haire, S. G. Hill, V. H. Dash, D. B. Smith, Jr., Pulford, Howe & Co., R. B. Eyster, A. M. Prime, A. M. Marshall, Henry Taylor, F. W. Partridge, T. H. Upham, G. D. Swift, A. G. Strong, T. J. Davis, W. H. Nesbitt, E. S. Palmer, J. Kidd, J. B. Erd, G. L. Tupper, H. R. Grochau, Josiah Sellwood, O. J. Swanson, D. A. Westcott, W. H. Patton, R. M. Sellwood and W. H. Hoyt.

The petition was presented to the board by a committee of three women, headed by Mrs. T. J. Davis.

The petition expresses the wish that for the benefit of the children who would be benefited by a larger play space, and for the sake of property owners in the locality, the home be built in a place where more extensive grounds are available and where property will not be jeopardized.

The subject was talked over and the argument was made that the children would receive in a suburban place or one far enough removed from the city, not only their physical needs, but the refining influences which nothing but contact with nature can give.

Among the members of the board, however, there was considerable reluctance manifest at the idea of giving up the site selected. Considerable surprise was expressed by some at the action of the property owners, and in one or two instances those discussing the question signaled out individual signers as having caused them particular surprise by their action.

It was finally decided to leave the matter for discussion by the board and the general advisory board of men.

WOLVES.

Farmers In Outlying Districts Complain of Them.

Wolves are said to be already putting in their appearance in parts of the county and doing damage on outlying farms. It is not readily understood why the animals should be very annoying at this time of the year.

Olaf Gulbranson, a well-known resident of Midway, came in yesterday with the pelt of a large gray female wolf and filed his certificate with the county auditor. When the state legislature makes an appropriation to pay the wolf bounty, he will get his pay. Mr. Gulbranson claimed that the wolves during the past week have killed several sheep on his farm and that he finally killed one of the animals by baiting it with a dead lamb that had been poisoned.

There were various wolf stories afloat last winter to the effect that the wolves in the northern part of the county had been driven desperate by starvation and that various people had narrow escapes from being overtaken and killed by them.

Mr. Gulbranson said the farmers at Midway were apprehensive of further trouble with the animals, that if they are daring enough at the present time to invade the farm yards and kill sheep, there will be no limit to their boldness the coming winter when food is scarce.

THREE ASPHYXIATED.

Omaha, Oct. 10.—Mrs. Henry Haubens and her two sons, aged 10 and 12, were found dead this morning in their home in the north part of the city. The windows were closed, the key holes plugged and the gas jets all turned. It was apparently a case of suicide on the part of the mother, and destruction through her act of the lives of the boys.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.

Fall Weddings

Means selections of appropriate Bridal Gifts. Our store is the mecca for those seeking wedding gifts. We have a variety of

Handsome Odd Pieces

In Table Silver, an exquisite assortment of toilet articles, cut glass, jewelry, etc.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,

334 West Superior Street, Providence Building.

The only perfectly equipped jewelry manufacturing plant at the Head of the Lakes.

The World's Best Polish

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

The result of years of experiment The best result with the least trouble

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D.

Parlor theater—New show tonight.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 125 Third avenue west.

Miss Anna Smith will speak at the Branch Bethel tonight. Miss Frances McGiffert will sing.

Fine spring chicken dinner Sunday. Fleischmann's Pike Lake hotel.

Imperial camp, M. W. A., will meet at Elks' hall, Friday, Oct. 10, the repairs and refurnishings having been completed. A full attendance is desired.

Leonard Keller, William Larson and Louis Hamilton were arrested this afternoon on the Bowery for fighting.

Emma Cassidy, of Minnesota Point, was arrested today on a warrant charging her with assaulting Fay Pangborn. The hearing was set for Oct. 17.

The paving of First avenue west with bituminous macadam began yesterday afternoon. This improvement will be from First street to Cascade Park, and will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Two personal injury cases were today added to the October calendar of the United States circuit court. The cases are entitled Henry Weeky versus the Cloquet and the Northern Lumber companies, and Granville A. Burns, against the same corporations. Both cases have been transferred from district court.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville hits.

PURELY PERSONAL

W. D. Hamilton, of Chicago, is in the city.

John McKay, of Grand Marais, is at the St. Louis today.

Mrs. W. J. Gilbert, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Culen, of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street, has gone to St. Paul. Mrs. Gilbert will again visit friends in Duluth before returning to her home in Michigan.

W. T. Ten Brook has gone to Deerwood for a two weeks' hunt.

Huntington W. Merchant, who has been in New York for several months, has decided to remove to that city and has returned to Duluth for the purpose of arranging for this step.

The Misses Verona and Lu Graf, who have been visiting their friends, Mrs. C. W. Swanstrom and E. W. Hall for the past summer, have returned to their home in Buffalo, N. Y.

Joseph Hamlin, formerly with the Duluth Imperial Mill company, is in the city, but now representing the Duluth-Superior Mill company at Buffalo, was in the city today. He will return home this evening.

W. W. Boughton, general agent for the Eastern division of the Great Northern road, is in the city today.

F. B. Moffatt, of Albany, N. Y., traveling passenger agent of the Delaware & Hudson railroad, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Stackhouse, Miss L. B. Stackhouse and K. R. Stackhouse, of Philadelphia, were at the Spalding today. They have been on the Mesaba range, and they will leave tonight over the South Shore road for the East.

Miss Harriett Burgess and Mrs. Peter Barkey, of Erie, Pa., are at the Spalding today.

Howard Herrick, of the Gertrude Coghlan company, is here arranging for the production of "Alice of Old Vincennes" at the Lyceum next Friday. W. W. Walker, of the South Shore, will go to Marquette tonight.

D. H. Lawrence, of Two Harbors, is at the St. Louis.

John F. Letz, of Milwaukee, is in the city.

Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Benson, of Taylors Falls, are at the St. Louis.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—An Eau Claire special to the Dispatch says:—John Dawson, widely known as a land inspector for timber speculators, died this morning at the hospital as the result of injuries received by falling over the banister on the second floor of the Hart hotel, striking on his head in the first floor hall. Deceased was 64 years old and leaves a widow and daughter.

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—Robert Wallace, who was brought back from New York, charged with forgery, died yesterday at the city hospital. St. Paul officers who had the man in charge thought he was shamming illness.

Hong Kong, Oct. 10.—Tao-Mu, viceroy of the provinces of Kwang-Tung and Kwang-Si is dead.

Advices brought to Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 29, by the steamer Victoria, were to the effect that Tao-Mu had been forced to resign and retire to private life by the bitter and determined attacks made upon him by the eunuchs of the palace at Pekin, whose hatred he had incurred.

FREAKS OF LIGHTNING.

Texas House Struck Twice With Singular Results.

Orange, Tex., Oct. 10.—In a recent thunderstorm here the house of George Curtis was struck in two places, once on the comb of the roof, which went down a support to the ceiling, charred the paper overhead on a streak a foot wide and twelve feet long, zigzagged its way down to the wainscoting, followed the top molding around three sides to a window, went down to the baseboard, ripped it loose and melted the nails that held it on until it reached the corner where it went out, tore off the corner facing and went to the ground. The other bolt came into the house over the telephone wire, burned off the connecting wires, which were insulated, four feet from the house, and then again at the porcelain knobs used to fasten it to the outside of the building the two pieces of wire were shorn. This current passed through the side of the house, splitting off weather boards, where it went through. At one place in the parlor was a portrait on easel, and on the edge of the frame around the painting quite a number of photographs had been struck. The lightning threw every one of them to the floor, some of them eight feet from the easel, yet neither gilt picture frame nor the easel were the least injured, but photographs were badly disfigured.

RIOT AT GLASSWORKS.

Vineland, N. J., Oct. 10.—Word has been received here of a riot at the glassworks in Minoiola, where a strike is in progress. According to the report, one man was stabbed and another shot and probably fatally wounded. The man shot is said to have been a striker. Davis C. Applegate, manager of the Jonas Glassworks, is under arrest, charged with the shooting.

"JOHN THE BAPTISTS" FATE

Receding of Waters Reveals a Mormon Tragedy.

Great stretches of glistening white salt where once were heavy billows, tell a story of the shrinkage of the world's greatest inland salt sea and of nature's apparent determination to fight the Salt Trust, writes the Salt Lake City correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Slowly the Great Salt Lake is shrinking, and some there are who think that in time a great desert of salt will take the place of this mysterious body of water. For 16 years the lake has been steadily receding, and a measurement taken last week shows that the lowest level within the memory of man has been reached. This measurement showed that the lake had gone down four inches since July 11 last, and over 12 feet since the summer of 1886.

Twelve feet would not be of such great importance if the shores were perpendicular and the depth uniform, but the southern and western shores are barely above the level of the water, and the bottom there has a slope so long and gentle that it is almost flat. The result is that when the water goes down a few inches many acres of land are left above the lake level.

Some years ago the Great Salt Lake reached to the suburbs of Salt Lake City. Now the nearest shore line is a dozen miles away. Two years ago the only access to Antelope Island was by boat. Now teams go to and from the copper mines and ranches on the island and the mainland without striking even a puddly. Their way for miles lies over immence beds of white salt that sparkles dazzlingly in the sunlight. This is where nature takes a slap at the salt trust. The trust has spent considerable money buying up plants around the lake and getting control of everything in sight. Visitors to the lake can see from the railroad the works of the trust where the water is pumped from the lake into immense shallow reservoirs. There it evaporates in the sun and huge piles of coarse salt are collected and shipped by the carload to the refineries.

Salt is not the only thing exposed by the recession of the waters. Skulls and mummies have come to light. The bones and bodies are mostly those of animals but human remains have been discovered. The portions of one skeleton found not long ago recalls a weird tragedy of the early history of the Mormons in Utah.

A hunter was roaming over the marshes along the shores of the lake seeking to stir up some of the myriads of ducks which inhabit this locality when he stumbled upon some bones. He examined them closely and found that they were a human leg bone and a skull. Attached to the leg was a ball and chain, while an iron helmet was fastened to the skull. Wonderingly, he gathered up the bones and took them to Salt Lake City, and then the tale of those bones, the ball and chain and the helmet, came out. They were identified as belonging to "John the Baptist," the man most despised of all those who ever entered Utah.

"John the Baptist" was not always the object of the most intense wrath of which the human heart is capable. When the little Frenchman, Jean Baptiste, drifted into the Mormon colony at Salt Lake during the fifties and announced himself a convert to the faith of Joseph Smith, he was received with open arms. He became known as a religious enthusiast among that settlement of enthusiasts. None was louder in bearing testimony; none preached the faith with greater vigor. As an elder in the church he officiated at the burials of the dead, and soon he was installed as sexton of the cemetery to perform the last offices for the deceased of Zion. He thus became bound by strong ties to scores of families in the new commonwealth, and the close association of these families made him known and revered by the entire community. His name was corrupted from Jean Baptiste to "John the Baptist."

Besides performing his duties as sexton, "John the Baptist" soon began to do trading in a small way with the emigrants passing to and from the Pacific Coast. He was at the height of his prosperity and influence when one day a woman, coming from a sorrowing visit to the grave of her baby, passed by his house and looked in the open window.

She was startled. She looked again and saw that her eyes had not deceived her the first time. There, hanging in the house, was the very dress in which her baby had been laid in his final resting place.

Frenzied, she ran to the authorities. A crowd rushed to the house and searched it. In the basement were found boxes filled with the garments of the dead. The ceilings of some of the rooms were examined closely and found to be covered with shrouds which had been coated with whitewash. Then they found that "John the Baptist," revered and devout, had been trafficking in the belongings of the dead.

The community was thrown into confusion and rage. "John the Baptist" was seized and put into the city prison. He denied everything.

He was strung up by his thumbs, flogged on the bare back, and tortured with needles. For a long time he shrieked agonized denials. Then he confessed. He told of visits by night to the graveyard after he had partially filled the new graves. He told of working by lantern light to strip the bodies of burial clothing, of battling with wolves for the carion, and of flights in the night time to escape from prowling mountain lions which had interrupted his work.

The wrath of the people became even greater. All cried for vengeance. Hanging and shooting were discarded as too easy means of death. Boiling in oil and burning at the stake found many advocates. A council of the authorities was held, and Brigham Young gave his sanction to the course which was finally adopted.

"John the Baptist," cowering in terror, was led out on a platform in sight of the mob howling for his blood. A charcoal brazier was brought out and the Frenchman saw two irons thrust into the glowing coals. They were taken out and tested from time to time until they had reached white heat. Then two men grasped the shrinking man on each side and another held his head from behind. A sixth man grasped an iron, spitting at the heated end, waved it for an instant in front of the terror-stricken victim's eyes, and then thrust the iron against the man's forehead.

Baptiste screamed and writhed, but he was held firmly by his captors. When the five men relaxed their hold the letters "G. R." were branded on the forehead of the ghoul. They stood for "grave robber."

Amid more shrieks the right arm was bared, and the same letters was burned into the flesh above the elbow. The crowd watched in awed silence, but their vengeance was still unsatisfied. They began to call for more tortures and for death.

But the program had been agreed upon by the authorities, and the people were assured that everything was arranged.

A committee of five men grasped the shivering, half-fainting captive, took him to a boat on the Great Salt Lake and rowed away. That was the last seen of him in public.

The committee rowed to Antelope Island. Dragging their victim along they stopped at a secluded spot amid the rocks near the waters of the lake. There they cut off the ghoul's ears, bound his wrists, rivited an iron helmet over his head so that he could neither eat nor drink, even if he should free his hands, fastened a ball and chain to his leg and left him.

The advancing waters of the lake covered the bones for years. Receding, they exposed the few remains.

The bodies of animals drowned in the lake have been found as mummies. The water, which is one-fifth salt, has thoroughly saturated the flesh and preserved it. When the bodies have been left on land the dry air of this region has caused evaporation without putrefaction.

Near the north shore of the lake, not far from Little Mountain, which is in the midst of a salt desert, a prospector recently found a number of human skulls. He brought one of them away with him and scientists are still puzzling their heads trying to solve the mystery. The skull apparently belonged to some prehistoric man, but nobody has yet been able to identify the race. There were traces in the vicinity which the prospector said looked like the ruins of an ancient village, and it is believed that there was once, ages ago, a settlement of some kind there. Whether the death of the villagess resulted from warfare or whether the great mysterious lake advanced suddenly upon them and swallowed them is unanswered.

It is believed not at all improbable that such a village might have been engulfed by the waters of the lake. Scientists say there has been an oscillation for thousands of centuries—that the lake has gone down and up by twelve-year cycles—and that there might have been at times an on rush of waters so sudden that there was no escape over the long level stretch that must have been traversed before the mountains could have been reached.

Long, even lines traced on the face of the Wasatch and Oquirrh mountains, hundreds of feet above the site of Salt Lake and Ogden, show the height to which the lake once rose. Geologists say that once Lake Bonneville, of which the Great Salt lake is a remnant, occupied the greater part of Utah and Southern Idaho, having an outlet to the sea by means of the Snake and Columbia rivers. This body of water was some 300 miles long, 180 miles wide and contained 19,750 square miles. The Great Salt lake of the present is 75 miles long, has an average width of 50 miles, and an approximate area of 2125 square miles.

TIRED OF LIFE.

New York, Oct. 10.—Having made and lost four fortunes and finding himself broken in health and almost penniless at the age of 70, Charles W. Lewis, a well-known promoter and member of a leading Fifth Avenue club, has ended his life with morphine. He was a native of England and had no relatives here.

WANTED AT ST. CLOUD.

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the dispatch says: William Hemmenway was arrested here last night in response to the message from St. Cloud, stating that he was wanted there for forgery. He will be taken there Saturday.

MADE A GOOD HAUL.

Deckerville, Mich., Oct. 10.—The safe in Henry Welch's store at Downington was blown open last night and $1000 belonging to Welch and $1400 in money and papers belonging to James Monk were taken. The burglars escaped.

SAVED BY PET MONKEY.

I had been in Ceylon some years when the incident I am about to relate took place. At the time I had a billet on a tea estate "up-country," but having a fortnight's leave due, I had decided to spend it with my friend Price, at Mahadenia estate, in the Kelani valley, or the "K. V.," as it is familiarly called, says a writer in the Wide World Magazine. I had never been in this part of the island before, though it had often been mentioned to me as being an extremely hot place. My trip involved a journey to Colombo by rail and a coach journey of about twenty-eight miles from Colombo to Avisawella; for the Kelani Valley railway, now in course of construction, had not even been thought of in those days. This was the first time I had left my district since coming out, and everything I saw seemed comparatively new and strange. The paddy-fields on either side of the road, the royal mail coach, a broken-down, second-rate concern, with horses to match—all seemed curious and remarkable.

After leaving Avisawella I had a walk of some eight miles before me. The Kelani Ganger had to be negotiated in a dug-out canoe; then came a trudge through leech-infested paddy-fields; and then, as darkness drew on, a climb of 800 feet. At last, however, I reached the bungalow, receiving a hearty welcome from my friend. Price was musical; he could play a variety of instruments—flute, mandolin, viola and guitar—and was fond of whistling to his own accompaniment. It was a pleasure to listen to him, and the evenings used to pass all too quickly.

At the end of a week we decided to visit some friends in Avisagella. It was a Saturday, and as it had been raining hard for two days, and we could see the paddy-fields were flooded, we went round the long way, which was more likely to be passable. In some places we were compelled to wade through the flood, at one time having to go in right up to our necks. At other places we got canoes and rafts, their native owners being glad to earn a few cents by taking us across deep stretches. The day was fine and very hot, and as we had on thin khaki clothes we soon got dry again after each ducking.

After spending a pleasant Sunday with our friends we started back for the estate on Monday morning. The waters had somewhat abated by this time, and Price said he would take me home by a short cut. But, as is often the case, the "short cut" proved the longest way round, for Price missed his way, and at 11 a. m. we found ourselves not much learer home, but, fortunately, very near Ruanwella Rest house, for which we decided to make. Here we met an officer of the public works department named Carey, who was in charge of some works in the neighborhood and made the rest house his headquarters. He was glad of some company, and we stopped to breakfast. While we were enjoying the meal it came on to rain, and poured in bucketfuls all the afternoon. Under the circumstances we could not cross the river, and so had to make up our minds to spend the night at the rest house.

Carey had a pet monkey, a pretty little white thing called Ranee, which took a great fancy to Price, who played with her and gave her plantains and biscuits. She seemed to appreciate Price's whistling powers, and would sit on his knee while he whistled, placing one paw on each side of his face and looking into his eyes with a most comical expression. I suppose it was partly this whistling that attracted her. At any rate, it led to a most fortunate result, as will be seen hereafter.

Bedtime arrived in due course, and Price and I shared a room. We left the window open and the light burning. It was one of those primitive contrivances consisting of a floating wick in cocoanut oil, and made an excellent night light, albeit rather smelly. This stood on a small table near Price's bed, which faced the window. My bed was in the opposite corner. These are trivial details, you may think, but they have an important bearing on my story.

We turned into bed and soon dropped off to sleep. After some time, however, I was aroused by the sound of whistling coming from Price's corner. "Surely he doesn't whistle in his sleep," I muttered, irritably, and, as I could not get off to sleep again while the whistling went on, I turned over to reach for a shoe to throw at him. Suddenly an object caught my eye which made me pause and hold my breath. There, near the bed, stood the light, burning dimly as we had left it. On Price's chest, its head raised and swaying from side to side and its hood inflated, lay a large cobra! It had evidently crawled into his bed for warmth and awakened him, and he, knowing that snakes are influenced by certain kinds of music, had, with extraordinary presence of mind, thought of this expedient to keep it from attacking him. There he lay, unable to stir, whistling a low, plaintive tune—a weird air in the minor key—while the snake kept time to it. A more remarkable spectacle it is impossible to conceive, and I lay there fascinated.

I tried to devise some means of helping my friend out of his terrible position, and presently I sat up in bed. Hearing me move, the snake got restless, and the whistling almost ceased for a moment, as Price realized that I saw his situation and could perhaps render assistance. He may, too, have wished to warn me against startling the reptile into striking. The cobra, annoyed at the cessation of the music, hissed and darted out his tongue, and Price, with admirable nerve, started again. The whistling resumed its even measure, and that deadly head began to sway again in time to the air.

I dared not move again. My friend's face I could not see. My own, I knew, was moist with great beads of perspiration. The agony of suspense was intense, so that I knew what many poor chum must be suffering. When would his nerve break down? When would the snake tire of the whistling and strike? These were but a few of the thoughts that crowded through my mind as I sat and watched this awful spectacle of life and death. How long I sat like this, not daring to move for fear of disturbing the reptile, I cannot say, but at last it came to an end.

A small figure hopped on to the window sill. Ranee, attracted, I suppose, by the whistling, had come to listen. She paused a moment, peering into the corner from which the sound came. She was behind the snake, so that the latter could not see her. The little creature seemed to take in the situation instinctively, and with two cat-like bounds and a guttural snarl she was on the bed, had grasped the cobra from behind close to the head, and buried her sharp teeth in its back. With a yell I sprang from my bed and seized a stick, as monkey and snake rolled over on to the floor in a confused and struggling heap. So mixed up were they that it was impossible for me to get in a blow without hurting the plucky little monkey. By this time the whistling had ceased, and aroused by my cries Carey came running in with a lamp.

The struggle did not last long. The cobra, weakened by the repeated bites of its determined little antagonist, and unable to get at her to bite, relaxed its coils and soon lay on the floor a bleeding mass, while the victor skipped on to the bed where Price lay and perched itself on his pillow, gibbering excitedly. She was, luckily, quite unhurt.

Having disposed of the snake, Carey and I devoted our attention to Price. The poor fellow was in a swoon, and on being restored to consciousness, went off again. He presently developed a high fever, and as the case was beyond our powers he was removed to the local hospital at Carawanella. When he finally became convalescent we took him down to Mount Lavinia, a pleasant seaside hotel near Colombo, where he stayed until he sailed for England, complete change and rest being declared necessary by the doctors after the fearful experiences of that night at the Ruanwella Rest house. Price told me, when at "The Mount," that he had been awakened by feeling something moving on his chest, and on opening his eyes had been terrified to see a large cobra. The snake raised its head to strike, whereupon a sudden inspiration prompted him to begin whistling. This action undoubtedly saved his life, for the music arrested the attention of the cobra and at the same time attracted the plucky little Ranee, who was the means of relieving him of his terrible bed-fellow.

You may be sure the pretty little monkey was not forgotten. Carey gave her to Price, and I kept her for him until he came back from his trip to England.

She lived for some years after that, and her greatest pleasure was to hear Price whistling. She always kept curled up on his pillow, evidently determined that never again should her master's slumbers be disturbed by unwelcome intruders.

VOLTAGE OF LIGHTNING.

Few people have any understanding of the disruptive power of a severe bolt of lightning. The figures quoted convey little even when one is told that at the present time the limit of carrying power of an electric plant is electricity at 40,000 volts, one-tenth of that of a heavy lightning bolt, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Perhaps a truer conception is to be gained from the story of an old Long Island resident who admits being very fond of squirrel hunting, and says: "In a piece of clear woods near where I lived several years ago was an enormous white oak tree four feet through at the stump, and spreading over half an acre of ground. Under certain conditions I could always count on finding a fox squirrel in that tree, and I knew every limb of it.

"One morning after a tremendous thunder storm, in which we all had noticed a mighty thunder bolt, I visited this tree. Only a pile of broken brushwood and thousands of little splinters scattered all over the ground for the distance of several hundred feet all around, marked where this giant of the forest had stood. Some explosive effect had torn the roots out until there was a hole in the ground eight feet deep and ten feet across.

"That one bolt of electricity had torn that tree to pieces in a way that ten woodmen working an entire week could not have accomplished."

Saturday's Market Basket

RATHBUN'S

20 East Superior St.

Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Specials for Saturday

Which are genuine snaps at the prices offered.

Michigan Yellow Freestone Peaches, one-fifth bushel baskets—per basket—

25 cents

Red Plums, juicy nice stock—per basket—

15 cents

Green Gage Plums—per basket—

20 cents

Duchess Pears, from Lockport, N. Y. —per peck—

30 cents

Sweet Juicy Oranges, good size—per dozen—

35 cents

GREEN VEGETABLES!

An assortment which should suit the most fastidious:

Duluth Grown Cauliflower.... .....10c, 15c and 20c
Duluth Grown Radish, 3 bunches 5c
Duluth Grown Table Onions, 3 bunches..... ..... 5c
Wax or Green Beans, per quart... 5c
Duluth Grown Spinach, per peck 15c
Duluth Grown Celery, 4 for..... 10c
Hubbard Squash, 10c, 3 for..... 25c
Ripe Fancy Tomatoes, per basket 20c
Solid Heads Cabbage, each.... 5c

Brussels Sprouts, Mushrooms, Egg Plant, Parsley, Mint, Watercress, Horseradish and Garlic.

In Fruits we offer Persimmons, Grape Fruit, Tokay and Malaga Grapes, Pineapples, Pears, Sickle Pears, Quinces, Nectarines and Peaches.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes—7 lbs—

25 cents

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee is a world beater—3-lb cans—

85 cents

Acorn brand Laundry Soap, extra good value—10 bars—

25 cents.

New Season's Canned Corn, Peas and Tomatoes—3 cans—

25 cents

Best Quality Creamery Butter—per lb—

25 cents

Jello or Jellicon, all flavors—3 packets—

25 cents.

New Laid Eggs, direct from farmers—per dozen—

22 cents

Transcendent Crab Apples—
—per peck— —per bushel—
40c **$1.45**

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

O'LEARY'S

CASH GROCERY,

17 East Superior Street.

199—Both Phones—199

Did you get a bushel of the pears that were selling at $1.25, if not buy them now. You can buy inferior pears at less, if you want them.

Peaches — California free stones per crate **50c**
Red Plums, per crate **50c**
Concord Grapes—per basket **20c**
Crab Apples — per bushel..... **$1.00**
Cranberries—3 Quarts **25c**
Quinces and Sweet Apples..... **20c**
10-lb Tubs Good Butter per pound **20c**
Creamery butter per lb **24c**
Rockyford Gem Melons—Water Melons
Hubbard Squash, each **5c**
Dry Onions, per peck **15c**

A choice assortment of fresh vegetables, consisting of Radishes, Onions, Lettuce, Celery, Cucumbers, Ripe Tomatoes, Wax Beans, Spinach, Cauliflower, Oyster Plant, etc

3-lbs Good Japan Tea **$1.00**
If you want a delicious cup of Coffee buy our 3-lb can, for... **85c**
Fresh Eggs, per dozen **22c**
10 bars Soap..... **25c**



VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

MALCOMSON'S FAMOUS TEAS AND COFFEES.

Once tried, always used. A trial will convince you of the difference between the delicious aroma and flavor of our goods and the inferior grades which go with so-called premiums.

Give our Salesman your Order. Call or Phone.

MALCOMSON TEA STORE,

8 1st Ave. W.

Zenith Phone 529. Old Phone 1078.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box..... **25c**
Assorted Nougates per pound..... **25c**
Assorted Buttercups, per pound..... **25c**
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb..... **25c**
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb **25c**

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz..... **25c**
Lady Locks—per doz..... **20c**
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons—per doz..... **15c**

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO.

ZENOTA FLOUR

DULUTH, MINN.

A Table **Delicacy**

Made of the purest cream at the cleanest creamery in the world is

PRIMUS BRAND BUTTER

A home product of which more is sold in Duluth than all other brands combined.

Ask Your Grocer For It. . . .

Manufactured by

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,

16 W. 1st St.,

Both Phones 352

A. G. Osman

Cash Grocery.

203-5 East Superior Street

Temple Building.

Old Phone, 660. Zenith, 414.

Specials for Saturday

Good Bananas, per dozen (while they last)..... **10c**
California Freestone Peaches, per crate..... **80c and 75c**
Cooking Apples, per peck..... **25c**
Fancy Grapes, per basket..... **20c**
Pickling Pears, per bu..... **$1.20**
Crab Apples, per peck..... **40c**
Choice Blue Plums, per basket..... **25c**
Pure Maple Syrup, quart bottle..... **25c**
Fancy Jap. Rice—4 lbs. for..... **25c**
Corn, Peas, Beans—3 cans for..... **25c**
Crystal Domino Sugar 5 lbs. for..... **25c**
Mackerrl, No. 1 shore, per lb..... **15c**
No. 1 Bloater, per lb..... **20c**
Halibut Chunks, per lb..... **14c**
Smoked Bloaters, 3 for..... **5c**
Amonia, qt. bottles..... **10c**
Laundry Soap, 10 bars for..... **25c**
Lace Shelf Papers, assorted colors, 30 ft. roll, 2 for..... **5c**

Prompt deliveries to all parts of the city.

Call or phone in your orders.

What You Want to Sell

Some one else wants.

Telephone No. 324.--Two Rings Both 'Phones.

The quickest and most economical way of finding the people who want what you want to sell is through the want columns of The Herald. Read them!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.
200 foot corner, East First street.
166-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,
Exchange Building.

THE DAKOTAS.

Retired Farmer of Madison Robbed of Four Hundred Dollars.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Madison—Neill McCullom, a retired farmer rooming in the rear of Flishinger's restaurant, was robbed of $400 early Thursday morning. The money was secreted in his trousers, and is supposed to have been taken while he left his room in the night. No arrests have been made.

Arlington—The teachers in the city schools have organized a strike. They held a meeting and decided that the wages are not sufficient, and appointed a committee of three to interview the school board and demand a rise of $5 a month. The board met but could arrive at no decision. The teachers have notified that unless their terms are agreed to there will be a walk-out.

Huron—While their parents were temporarily absent from the house, two sons, aged 6 and 8 years respectively, of Frank Baye and wife, residing on a farm in the southeast part of Beadle county, secured possession of a shotgun. The piece was loaded, and while in the hands of the older boys was discharged, the entire load penetrating the body of his younger brotner, causing death in a short time.

Salem—The Chicago & Northwestern had a slight wreck Thursday. An open switch caused the derailment and overturning of two cars, one having some twenty tons of coal in it. No one was injured.

The electric lights were turned on Wednesday night for the first time.

Wimbledon—Ed Crouch was arrested, charged with selling liquor without a license; Frank Arceneau on a charge of running a gambling house, and Bert Fetter, charged with running a roulette wheel. Crouch escaped from the village lock-up. Fetter was fined $100 and Arceneau was bound over and gave bonds.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Courtenay—Courtenay merchants recently decided that blind pigs, gambling houses and houses of ill fame must go. After warning proprietors to leave, the merchants offered a reward of $300 for the conviction of any one found running such places. Almost all the undesirable characters have left as a result of the movement.

Bismarck—William Walton, watchman at the crossing of the Northern Pacific and Soo roads, a mile east of Bismarck, was struck by a Northern Pacific train Wednesday night, and, after lying beside the track helpless for several hours, was found and brought to the city at daylight, dying before he reached Bismarck. It is believed he was struck by the east-bound limited passenger train, as his watch had stopped at about the time the limited was due. He leaves a wife and a son and daughter. Both the children and married and living here. Coroner White is making an official investigation of his death.

Jamestown—John Nichols, accused of running off horses belonging to a neighbor, Walter W. Ford, explained matters to the satisfaction of Judge Pearson and was discharged.

Kindred—A machinery building belonging to John Rustad was totally destroyed by fire Wednesday night. There was some machinery and coal in the building and the aggregate loss of over $2000, with $1500 insurance. The origin of the fire is not known.

John Rustad one of the oldest citizens of Norman township, has been nominated by the Cass county Democrats for county treasurer and M. H. Strehlow, the local pharmacist, was nominated by the Democrats for representative from the tenth legislative district.

TO IMPROVE LONDON.

Lord Mayor Calls Meeting For That Purpose.

London, Oct. 10.—There seems at last to be some real prospect of London's out-of-date port being taken in hand by practical men of business, with the view of remedying its glaring deficiencies.

The lord mayor has summoned a conference to take place at the Mansion house Oct. 27, with the object of laying before the government some practical measure for the improvement of the port. Among the proposals which are attracting attention is the abandonment of all the present dock and wharf system, on which the recent dock commission proposed to expend $140,000,000 and convert six or seven miles of the river into a vast tidal dock, furnishing ample room for all kinds of craft.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Seven-room house at West Duluth, in first-class condition..... **$850**
Another, corner Central, with water **$1050**
Nine-room house in West End; no better value offered in city.... **$900**
Seven-room house, four blocks from postoffice **$1200**
Six-room house, water and bath, on Third St., near incline. **$1500**
Six-room house, 526 Fifth avenue west **$1200**
An elegant house, central, on Third street at a price to tempt investors.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$1250 Will buy one of the nicest little homes in Duluth, with fireplace. Everything convenient; centrally located.

$1200 for an 8-room house on Park Point, in good condition.

$750 For another house; little money will put this in good condition.

$300 For Minnesota avenue lots, Lower Duluth.
Two good cottages for rent for the winter; plastered and comfortable.

W. F. LEGGETT,
506 Burrows Bldg.
Zenith 'Phone 140.

The Smoothest Way to Get a Home

We have about 20 houses to select from, ranging from $600 to $1800. Most of them at West Duluth. You do not have to pay down only from $100 to $200. The balance is arranged on easy monthly payments, which is not more than a fair rental. We have sold over 60 properties on the easy terms we offer, and we refer to any one who has bought of us as to the fairness of the plan they are buying on and they will all agree that it has been much better than paying rent.
Come in and look over the list.

CHAN. SMITH, Secretary.
100 Torrey Building.

FIRST STREET.

$2700 50x140—lower side First street near Fourth avenue East, the coming business street. This is the best speculative investment in the city today. Call, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,
201 Exchange Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A M		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10 15	3 40
4 25	8 15	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar. Virginia.. Lv	7 00	12 50
.....	10 29	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	.....	12 57
.....	10 56	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	.....	12 34
.....	11 20	Ar. Biwabik.. Lv	.....	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P. M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3: 15	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	10:00	6:35
11:23	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:35	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.	
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis.		† 1:55 p.m.	
† 11:10 p.m.			† 6:30 a.m.	
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.		* 6:43 p.m.	
† 2:20 p.m.			†12:40 p.m.	

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*6 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 9:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 11:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
a 4:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 426 West Superior Street.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

WHEN TIRED OF SO-CALLED PREMIUMS with cheap coffee try Malcomson's delicious blends. No. 8 First avenue West. Both 'Phones.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1300 Buys six-room house in Endion; city water. Only one block from car line.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1200 Buys seven-room house in fine condition, in the West End, on easy monthly payments.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor and is wired for electric lights.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights. $130 cash. Balance to suit.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

COPPER GLANCE STOCK.
Asked.
Copper Glance. A Few days only at.....35c
Kootenai Copper—"Sell it at".....15c
Crooked River—"Let it go at".....$1.50
Parry Sound, quick 10c

Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Building,
Call, write, 'phone, wire.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1003-2, new 1793.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.
Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and at reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 936.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man, position as collector. Can furnish good references. C 21, Herald.

PLACE WANTED BY YOUNG LADY to work half days and attend school. Address S. 80, Herald.

WASHING WANTED, TO TAKE HOME. 1407 West Third street.

YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN GIRL WANTS place to do general housework. Address 428 Seventh avenue east.

STATIONARY ENGINEER WANTS situation looking after furnace or janitor work. Address 109½ Second Alley East.

POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER IN LUMber camp. Address A 5, Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING AND dressmaking by the day. F 13, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by lady having small child. Address W. Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man as office assistant, or store clerk. Well acquainted in city; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address F 53, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, BY THE DAY Room 318 Lowell building.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED COMpetent woman, a position as nurse; confinement cases a specialty. Address 1126 West Fifth street.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REASonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL SETOVES—Duluth Stove Repair Works, C. F. Wigerts & Son, Props., 14 W. Sup. St.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

Bids For Sewer Contract.

The City of Eveleth hereby calls for bids for the placing of a sewer from Grant avenue to Adams avenue along Pearce street, being 300 lineal feet more or less, and a flush tank in connection therewith. Each bid to be sealed and addressed Louis Larson, City Clerk, marked "Bid for Sewer Contract" and filed with certified check of $500 with City Clerk not later than 8 p. m., Tuesday, the 21st day of October, 1902. Plans, specifications and all other necessary particulars may be obtained by intending bidders upon application to City Clerk.
Dated at Eveleth, Minn., this 8th day of October, 1902.

LOUIS LARSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 10, 11, 13, 1902.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—COOKING RANGE, ALSO oil stove. Address 1901, West First street.

ONE BEAR, WEIGHT 60 POUNDS, 5 months old, perfectly tame. Call up phone 3013, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—TWO COWS. P. QUINN, Forty-seventh avenue West and Rene street.

SAFE FOR SALE CHEAP, GOOD SIZE. Duluth Van & Storage company, 210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SOLID OAK MANTLE folding bed $12. Also sewing machine $5, 706 West Third street.

FOR SALE—LIGHT HORSE, HARNESS and buggy. F. Brown, Graff farm, Hermantown.

FOR SALE—CEDAR STUMPAGE (including some pine), on north shore Lake Superior, in Lake and Cook counties, at a reasonable figure. G. Scheln, 318 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—IF TAKEN AT once—stock of fruit and confectionery. Good location on Superior street. Address Andrew Dahl, 512 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay, weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

GREAT PIANO SALE!

Including Over Thirty Worthy Instruments, Each With a Discount of From $75 to $110 From the Regular Legitimate Selling Prices.

It is the opportunity of a life time to secure a good piano at a small price from a reliable store.
Every instrument fully guaranteed.
$250 Upright Pianos for $158 on easy terms—just think of it—$15 cash and $7 a month. A handsome stool and draped cover with each piano free.

$350 Large Mahogany Upright for $240.

$325 Large Walnut Upright for $220.
The above are the same old reliable make and are strictly high grade instruments.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $270—the highest grade piano.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $230.

$350 Mahogany Upright Piano for $275.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$400 Mahogany Upright Piano for $290.

$275 Mahogany Upright Piano for $200.

$250 Mahogany Upright Piano for $158.

$250 Walnut Upright Piano for $158.

$125 Piano Cased Organ, Walnut for $90

$300 Self Playing Aeolian Organ, $125, including 25 music rolls.

$75 Self-Playing Organ, Oak Case, for $25, including 20 music rolls.

Also the following second-hand organs.

$35 Walnut Ithaca Organ for $18.

$45 Walnut Estey Organ for $28.

$40 Walnut Kimball Organ for $25.

$60 Walnut Windsor Organ for $38.

$35 Walnut Allegan Organ for $20.

$70 Walnut Twogen Organ for $35.

$40 Walnut Dyer Bros.' Organ for $28.

Terms on these organs, $5 cash and $3 a month.

Don't delay if you are interested in buying a piano or organ, for this stock will not last long at such prices.

Easy terms can be arranged on any goods included in the sale.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Reliable Piano Dealers.

FOR SALE.

One 20-H. P. double friction drum-hoisting engine.
One 8-H. P. single friction drum-hoisting engine.
Two 60-inch by 16 feet tubular boilers.
One portable boiler and engine wood-sawing outfit.

DULUTH MACHINERY CO.,
Third Avenue East and railroad track.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS highest cash prices paid. Address L Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — LADY FOR OFFICE ASsistant; must write good hand; one with good knowledge of bookkeeping, preferred. Apply in own handwriting. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESladies for crockery and hardware departments. A. Feldmuth's.

WANTED—GIRL OR WOMAN FOR taking charge of a family. Good wages. Apply Room 8, Sloan Block Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL TO ATTEND baby from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., 1507 East Superior street. Apply after 6 p. m.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE MAID. 1623 East Third street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL TO CARE for child thirteen months old; applicants must have reference. Mrs. Douglass, 2327 East First street.

WANTED — DRESSMAKER'S APprentice girl for light housework. 205 Masonic Temple.

WANTED — LADY FOR OFFICE ASsistant; must write good hand; one with some knowledge of stenography, preferred. Apply in own handwriting. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, 318 West Third street.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED LADY TO assist in housekeeping. Enquire at 1107 Fifty-first avenue East.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 523 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SERVANT girl for general housework. 1632 East First street. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

GOOD GIRL; HIGH WAGES; EASY place. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 120 First avenue west.

A YOUNG GIRL ATTENDING HIGH or normal school, and wishing a place in East End, where she can work for her board can do well by addressing S 77, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office, 17 Second avenue east.

STENOGRAPHERS.

ASSISTED TO POSITIONS WITHOUT charge: call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen,
The Hawks Nursery Company,
Wauwatosa, Wis.

WANTED—TWO STRONG MEN TO handle heavy boxes and carry lumber. Apply at once to Superintendent. Panton & White Co.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DRIVER. Henry Folz.

SIX STONE CUTTERS 50c PER HOUR, also one stone cutter foreman. Also 25 men in slate quarry, $2.00 per day. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

DRIVERS — APPLY AT ONCE. O'Leary's Cash Grocery.

WANTED — TEN LABORERS, SHOVEL work; wages $2.25 per day; free transportation. The Barnett & Record company.

WANTED—MEN AND BOYS FOR ENlistment in the U. S. Navy. For particulars inquire branch hydrographic office, 1001 Torrey Bldg.

WANTED—FINLANDER CLERK FOR employment office. Address U 17, Herald.

WANTED — A RESIDENT ENGINEER for St. Luke's hospital. Duties, general. Apply to Theodore T. Hudson, Lonsdale building, or to J. H. Dight, at First National bank.

WANTED, AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS barber, $15 and half over $25. John Mulqueen, box 310, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slate quarries at Thomson, Minn., wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, MINNEapolis, Minn., wants men to learn barber trade. The advantages are: Abundance of practice, licensed teachers, tools given, board included and little expense. Special inducements to distant applicants. Always demad for barbers. Write toay for catalogue.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE medium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

PALACE OF PALMISTRY—FULL LIFE readings, 20c; no extra charges; accurate and reliable. McKay hotel, opposite postoffice, Duluth.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4230.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BLACK MULEY COW, PLEASE notify G. Nordal if found, 1110 East Ninth street and receive reward.

LOST—YELLOW SCOTCH COLLIE DOG Finder telephone 0070 and receive $5.00 reward.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter. 301 E. 5th St, Zenith phone 415-2.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE FIVE rooms, two houses 7 rooms each. City water, $7.50, $10.00 and $12.00 respectively. Apply Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Bldg.

WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE TO occupy furnished house in Lakeside. Address F. 24, Herald.

$22.50 per month, 122 E. 2nd St. 6 rooms.
$15.00 per month, 14 4th ave. E., 5 rooms.
$10.00 per month, 119 3rd ave. E., 3 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 803 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 805 E. 2nd St., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 208 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 210 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 212 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
$20.00 per month, 214 8th ave. E., 6 rooms.
All of these houses have city water and toilet, and have been newly papered and painted.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
112 Exchange Building.

FOR RENT—8-ROOMED HOUSE, modern. Electric light, 305 East Fifth street, $30 per month.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMED FURnished cottage, 5226 Colorado street, Lester Park.

FOR RENT—FOR WINTER, MODERN furnished house, pleasant location, on car line; man and wife preferred. 13 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences. Apply 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

MODERN HOUSE FOR RENT AT GLEN Avon, city water, gas and electric light; small family preferred. Inquire at 1223½ West First street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF FOUR ROOMS, bath, water and steam heat. A 16, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR small family; $7; water included. 217 Pittsburg avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT; modern conveniences, Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT—GOOD FIVE-ROOM FLAT, for location and price, inquire No. 503 West First street.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with cook stove for light house keeping, 313 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences. 20 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentleman. 503 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, APply X 11, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern, 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINETEEN FURNISHED rooms and hotel in connection. Apply Commercial hotel, 228 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, $5 per month. 224 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, board. 2402 West Huron.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS; also rooms for light housekeeping. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms; water and sewer included. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. S. Hera.d.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT — ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat, Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 15 West Superior street.

BARN FOR RENT.

BARN FOR RENT—2702 HURON ST.

WANTED—TO RENT.

ANYONE HAVING PARK POINT COTtage for rent for the winter please address W. 40, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished house or flat for winter by man and wife. Address X 28, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—FIVE OR SIX YOUNG MEN to board and room in private family. Strictly first-class. 831 West First street, three blocks from postoffice.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY furnished front room, with board, in private family of two; best location; telephone and all conveniences. S 45, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 90, Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board, lake view, 218 West Third street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—AT ONCE, BY MAN AND wife, room and board, private family, first class in every respect. References furnished. K 95, Herald.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

PERSONAL.

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST, 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1613 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 201-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 451; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT, MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 561-2.

DRESSMAKING.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 16th, 1902. Work Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 22nd, 1902. Work M. M. Degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 14th. Work Red Cross Degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2. —Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

20 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

SKILLFUL BRIGANDS

Hold Up Burlington Train and Rob Express Safe.

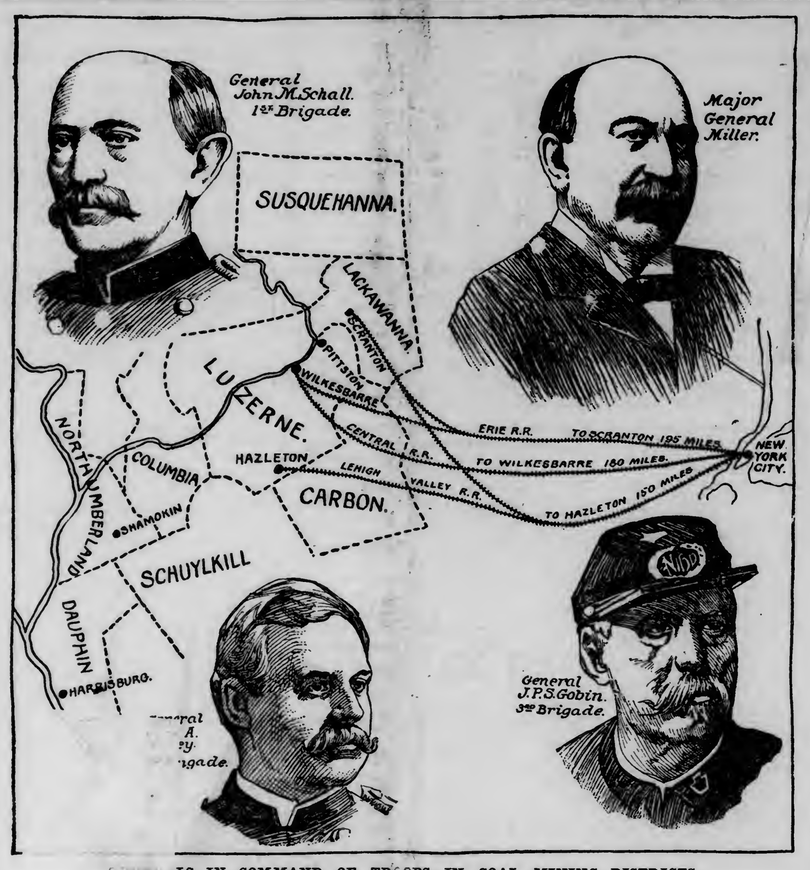
Secure Neat Sum and Make Good Their Escape.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 11.—Three masked men held up a Burlington Pacific coast express train four miles out of Lincoln, shortly before 2 o'clock this morning. They used explosives on the express car, shattering it badly and after wrecking the safe rifled it of its contents, securing an amount thought to be $1500.

The train reaches Lincoln at 12:55 a. m. and leaves for the northwest ten minutes later. It was a few minutes late this morning and was in charge of Conductor C. A. Lyman and Engineer A. L. Clayburg. On the crest of a hill midway between the city and the town of Woodlawn, the engineer saw a red light waved across the track and brought the train to a standstill. Two men sprang quickly into the cab, covering Clayburg and his fireman with revolvers. They lost no time in giving their orders and were just as promptly obeyed. The express car was cut from the rest of the train and ran ahead a short distance. They found the door locked and after commanding Messenger William Lupton to open it and getting no response fired two or three shots into the car. The blow was t n opened. A heavy charge of dynamite on the safe literally tore it to pieces. Fourteen packages said to contain a hundred dollars each were taken, together with other valuables. The two men who were in the car politely bade the trainmen good morning, jumped from the car and disappeared in the darkness. The passengers were not molested, nor were the trainmen askd for their belongings.

While the robbery in the express car was going on, a third robber walked alongside the track by the passenger coaches firing his revolver occasionally to keep inquisitive passengers quiet. Brakeman Moore who alighted from the rear coach to go ahead found a revolver pushed into his fact with a warning to go back where he belonged. He ran the four miles to the Lincoln and was the first to give the alarm. he robbers were cool, talkative and apparently experts. The whole job occupied scarcely an hour. The train was run back to Lincoln, the wrecked express car taken out and at 4 o'clock it resumed its journey, the original crew going out with it. Following it was an engine carrying Chief of Police Hoagland, Detective Malone and his two bloodhounds and three police officers. At the scene of the hold up the hounds took the scent and the pursuit of the robbers was actively begun.

Every town and village marshal and every sheriff in southeastern Nebraska has been informed of the robbery and told to be on the watch. The Adams Express company says its loss is not large.



LS IN COMMAND OF TROOPS IN COAL MINING DISTRICTS.

es Miller is in supreme command of all the troops ordered to the scene of the mining dis- Stone of Pennsylvania. The general commanding the First brigade is John W. Schall, the rge of General John A. Wiley, while the Third brigade is commanded by General J. P. S. er of troops in the field is about 9,000.

INCIDENT IS CLOSED

Operators So Refer to the Strike Conference.

Miners, However, Insist Progress Was Made.

New York, Oct. 11.—It was stated today at the office of E. B. Thomas, chairman of the board of directors of the Erie road, that the reports to the effect that there was likely to be on Tuesday of next week further conference with Senators Quay, Platt and Penrose, were incorrect. The statement issued by Mr. Thomas at the conclusion of the conference on Friday morning, definitely covered the situation. It was explained that in the early conference with the civic federation, certain propositions had been submitted by Mr. Thomas. These propositions were:

First—The anthracite companies do not undertake in the slightest manner to discriminate against members of the United Mine Workers of America; but they do insist that members of that organizaton shall not discriminate against nor decline to work with non-union members of such organizations.

Second—That there shall be no deterioration in the quality or quantity of the work, and that there shall be no effort to restrict the individual exertions of men, who, working by the ton or car, may for reasons satisfactory to themselves and their employers, produce such a quantity of work as they may desire.

Third—By reason of the different conditons, varying not only with districts but with miners themselves, thus rendering absolutely impossible anything approaching uniform conditions each mine must arrange, either individually or through the committees with the superintendents or managers, any queston affecting wages or grievances.

The Associated Press has received the following from an authoritative course on the other side of the dispute:

"The two days conference between the presidents of the coal carrying railroads and Governor Odell and Senators Platt, Quay and Penrose, was not the failure that it was reported to be. The operators practically agreed to advance wages and to certain propositions that would result in the resumption of coal mining. The authority here mentioned is of the opinion that the conference was not adjusted because an agreement apparently could not be reached, but because the operators were not wiling to have t appear that they were yielding under pressure. The conference according to the present plan will be resumed on Tuesday, but a final agreement may not be reached that day. At this time it looks as though a settlement will be efected before the series of meetings is ended, although something may be said or done while the present eforts are being made that would wipe out the work already accomplished.

When the above was shown to Mr. Thomas, he said:

"This statement is unqualifiedly wrong. No conclusions were or could be reached through that channel. The incident may be considered as absolutely closed, the operators positively declining to accept the suggestions made. Nothing will be done on Tuesday."

The presence here of Secretary Root, who came over last night from Washington, gave rise to reports that he would at least confer with the representatives of the coal interests on behalf of the president. Mr. Root said, however, that he had come to New York to register. But later in the day, when the secretary failed to appear at any of the places which it is his custom to visit when here, it was reported that he was in conference with J. P. Morgan.

As Mr. Morgan did not appear at his down town office today, it was taken to indicate that he and the secretary of war had gotten together at some secret place of meeting. One report had it that Mr. Root had gone off to Mr. Morgan's yacht Corsair, which is lying in the river. After breakfasting at the Union League club, the secretary of war disappeared and no trace of him could be obtained.

Close friends who saw Governor Odell before his departure for Newburgh today were inclined to believe that he has formulated a plan of action in the event that the strike is not settled at an early day. This plan, however, is not believed to have any direct bearing on the settlement of the dispute between the operators and the miners, but looks to a project by which coal may be supplied to the suffering poor of this state.

EUROPEAN SPECIALIST

Brought Over From Vienna to Perform a Difficult Operation On the Crippled Daughter of J. Ogden Armour.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Professor Adolph Lorenz, head of the department of orthopaedic surgery in the University of Vienna, has arrived in Chicago. His visit is for the purpose of performing an operation on Lolita, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, who is a cripple. Professor Lorenz is accompanied by Dr. Friedrich Mueller, who is his assistant.

During his visit in this city, which will last about two weeks, Professor Lorenz will be entertained by several medical societies.

Speaking of centers of medical training in Europe, Professor Lorenz and his assistant, Dr. Mueller, both said Vienna no longer occupied that position of unquestioned pre-eminence it formerly did.

"Vienna is still the foremost center for the medical science," one said, "but now it has a rival, Berlin. The two cities together represent the highest advancement in the science."

This is the first visit either of the physicians has made to America, and both declared themselves overwhelmed with the vastness of everything they had seen.

FOOTBALL CLAIMS A VICTIM

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Max Henry Fleischer is dead, as a result of an injury received in a football game six years parents did not know of the accident, ago. Until two months ago Fleischer's but as soon as his father learned of it he had an examination made, which showed that the young man's skull was depressed. The skull was trepanned, revealing a diseased condition of the brain. During the last six years Fleischer had suffered from severe headaches. Several times he was found unconscious. When the accident occurred Fleischer was 15 years old, and was anxious to get a place on the regular football team of his school. He was kicked on the head and was picked up in a dazed condition, but exacted a promise from his playmates not to talk of the accident for fear his mother would not allow him to play any more.

GEN. BOTHA DEFENDS KRUGER

Utrecht, Holland, Oct. 11.—At a meeting in honor of the Boer generals held here last night, Gen. Botha definitely denied the reports which have been circulated that Mr. Kruger had carried off state funds and declared, that on the contrary, the ex-president had contributed to the Boer cause money from his own pocket. Gen. DeWet referring to the controversy on the subject of an audience of the Boer generals with Emperior William said his majesty had not invited them and that, hence, the generals had not refused an audience. Gen. De Wet added: "If an emperor or a king should desire to see us it would be a great honor and we should certainly apply to the British minister to introduce us."

Six thousand eight hundred dollars was subscribed at the meeting.

DIES AT AGE OF 132 YEARS

Chicago, Oct. 11.—A woman who, according to her own report, was living at the time of the Boston tea party and the meeting of the first continental congress, is dead at the home for aged and infirm colored people. If the reports of her age should be correct, she was the oldest person in Illinois, and possibly in the United States. The woman was Ellen Stewart, a slave before the civil war, three times married and the mother of four children, the last of whom died several years ago of old age. According to her story, she was born in 1770, and consequently was 132 years old. The officials of the insitution in which she died, after an investigation as thorough as could be made, credited her statement.

Until within a few months of her death the woman was in complete control of her sesnses, and told many stories of men and women distinguished in the earlier days of Virginia and Kentucky. She was born in Virginia.

FRENCH STRIKERS KILLED

Paris, Oct. 11.—A dispatch from St. Etienne announces that a serious conflict occurred yesterday evening between gendarmes and strikers at the coal field of Terre Moire. Strikers over turned a number of coal wagons and their guardian wounded a striker with a revolver. Two gendarmes who arrived on the scene were attacked by the strikers, who threw stones at them. One of the gendarmes was felled to the ground unconscious. The wounded gendarme's comrade thereupon fired his revolver and the bullet pierced a striker, killed a second man behind him and wounded a third. The strikers then assailed the gendarmery depot and smashed the windows. Four other gendarmes were wounded before the strikers were repulsed. Advices from various coal fields show that the strike is extending.

IT CALL TO ARMS

Militia of New Orleans and the Nearby Parishes Ready to Move at Once.

New Orleans, Oct. 11.—The failure of all efforts to bring about a settlement of the differences between the strikers and the railway company has, it is feared, brought the situation here to an acute stage and preparations are being made today at military headquarters at the various armories in the city to carry into effect with a strong hand a proclamation issued by Governor Heard early this morning demanding a restoration of order and the suppression of violence. All the members of the local militia are ready to respond to the call to arms at a moment's notice and troops from the country parishes have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to respond to move to this city on short notice in the event that their services are needed to support the local sodiers.

A strong citizens committee has been organized and effots are being made to recruit independent companies to support the state troops.

No efforts were made to run cars this morning and it is the general impression that the first attempt under the new conditions will be postponed until Monday morning in order to prevent interference by the mobs that would certainly gather on Sunday on account of the complete suspension of work.

Senator Murphy J. Foster, who in 1892 was forced to put down a general strike here even more serious than the present one, came to the city this morning and immediately went into conference with Governor Heard.

New Orleans, Oct. 11. At an early hour this morning, all negotiations between the state and city officials, the railway company and the striking car employes came to an end—the car men refusing to accept the proposition made by the company and the railway company refusing the proposition of the car men to submit all differences to a board of seven arbitrators. When these conditions were made known to the governor he issued the following proclamation:

To the People of New Orleans: "During the past week your city has been in a condition of grave excitement and recurring causes for apprehension of tumult by mobs and bloodshed has ensued. This condition has depressed trade, arrested public intercourse and the peaceful pursuits of the population. The greatest forbearance has been vainly exercised by the authorities and every effort made to remove every cause or pretext for complaint. Th time has now arrived to bring this abnormal condition of affairs to a close, and by firm and vigorous means to repair the supremacy of the law.

"I, therefore request all peaceable citizens not to congregate in crowds on streets and thoroughfares, and I urge upon them to discontinue all undue excitement and acts of violence, and to make known to officers intrusted with the administration of the law any breaches of the peace.

"I here by declare that the people of this city must and shall be protected in the full enjoyment of all their constitutional rights and privileges.

"All the power vested in me by the constitution and laws of this city shall be devoted to the preservation of the peace, the maintenance of good order and the protection of the lives and the property of the city.

"W. W. HEARD,
"Governor of Louisiana."

BISHOP

Wins Third Victory In Actions Against Deposed Priests.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 11.—The supreme court has rendered an opinion in favor of Bishop Bonacum in his suit to oust Rev. Father Harrington from the parish property in the town of Alma. The bishop several months ago dismissed the priest from his charge, but the latter refused to retire from the parish house and retaining the keys, continued to hold services in the church. Bishop Bonacum sought to secure possession of the property and enjoin the priest from using it, but the lower court denied the writ. This judgment is reversed by the supreme court. It holds that when the governing authority of a church of a religious organization has deprived one of its clergymen of his authority to officiate as such he may be enjoined from using the property. This is the third victory for Bishop Bonacum in his actions against priests.

CONVICTED AGAIN.

King Shot Two Sisters at Foundling Asylum.

New York, Oct. 11.—Henry J. King, who on July 17 called at the New York foundling asylum and shot Sisters Angela and Cyrilla because they could not tell him the name of his parents, has been convicted a second time. He is liable to a sentence of fifteen years on the two counts.

For nine years King has contended he is the son of wealthy parents, who put him in the asylum and that the attendants were concealing his identity.

ASK OREGON FOR $500,000.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 11.—The directors of the Lewis & Clark exposition, which it is proposed to hold in this city in 1905, have asked the state of Oregon for an appropriation of $500,000.

KIDNAPER

Is Indirectly Responsible For the Death of Mrs. Thompson.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The death of Mrs. Ernest O. Thompson, wife of an employe of the flour mills, yesterday, is regarded as the sequel to the kidnaping of her 7-year-old daughter, Jessie, six weeks ago.

On Aug. 29, Jessie was taken from a buggy standing on Nicollet avenue by a strange man, who has not been apprehended, and when Mrs. Thompson returned to the spot where she had left the little girl, the younger children said Jessie had been taken away by a strange man.

The frantic mother hurried to police headquarters, and, after waiting for some hours, was forced to return to her home at 3722 Snelling avenue, without her little one.

A few hours later the child was found on Pennsylvania avenue north, over three miles from the place from which she had been taken, she was brought to police headquarters, her parents notified and the little one was taken home by her father.

Mrs. Thompson was prostrated by the excitement caused by the disappearance of her daughter and a knowledge of the treatment to which her little child had been subjected, and became ill.

While the shock was not the prime cause of death, it is believed to have aggravated her illness, and after some weeks of sickness, she passed away yesterday.

ROSE INDICTED.

New York, Oct. 11.—Henry J. Rose, the theatrical manager who shot and killed his wife two weeks ago, has been indicted by the grand jury for murder in the first degree. He will be taken into court on Monday to plead.

ROBBERS KILL KENTUCKIAN

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 11.—A. B. Chinn, of the firm of Chinn & Todd, dry goods merchants in this city, one of the most prominent business men and Confederate soldiers in Kentucky, was shot to death by two masked burglars at 3:30 o'clock this morning in his bedroom at his home in the South End o fthe city. His son, Asa, who heard the noise, rushed to his father's rescue and opened fire on the burglars through a closed door, with a rifle. The burglars returned the fire and Asa was, perhaps, mortally wounded. Citizens and police are searching for the murderers, but no clew has as yet been found.

OMAHA DISCOVERS BOODLERS

Omaha, Oct. 11.—Three members of the board of education of South Omaha, A. V. Miller, president, and members, J. L. Kubat and Theodore Schroeder, were arrested early today, charged with receiving bribes. The specific charges are those of receiving money from school teachers in consideration of the latter securing increases in salary and also a bribery in connection with the furnishing of typewriters for the board. The charges are supported by twelve affidavits placed in the hands of the county attorney and on which the warrants were issued. The investigation on which the complaints were issued has been in progress for some time, and it is said other arrests will follow.

MITCHELL IS RETICENT

President of the Miners' Union Steadfastly Refuses to Discuss In Any Way His Recent Visit to New York.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 11.—President Mitchell arrived at strike headquarters from New York shortly before 10 o'clock this morning. He was immediately taken in hand by interviewers, but he steadfastly declined to talk of his New York trip for publication. In answer to a question why he should maintain such extreme reticence regarding his visit, he said:

"I think the best interests of the operators, miners and the public will be subserved by my remaining silent."

Mr. Mitchell's attention was called to the letter of Vice President Wilcox, of the Delaware & Hudson company to President Roosevelt, in which he maintains that the Miners' union is an illegal organization. The strike leader hesitated for a moment, and then replied: "The Miners' union is organized along the same lines as all the labor unions in the country. If the miners' organization is illegal, so are all the others, and I say our union is not illegal."

This is the extent of Mr. Mitchell's talk to the press representatives this morning. All efforts to draw him out on any other question was a failure. Mr. Mitchell had an engagement in Boston tomorrow, but he was compelled today to cancel it owing to a pressure of business here. There was a rumor that President Mitchell would go to Washington, but he denied it.

The leaders of the strikers are now looking to the American Federation of Labor to help them in their fight. The federation has a membership of nearly 2,000,000 and its purpose is to assist organized labor generally. The miners' union is the strongest trade in that organization and they now feel that the federation should come out and take an open, active interest in the struggle. There is a report here that this will be done in the form of an appeal for assistance to all labor organizations in the country.

Mount Carmel, Oct. 11.—Early this morning persons on a hill close to the Sixteenth regiment encampment began hurling rocks and discharging revolvers at the officers' quarters. After a half dozen bullets fell into camp, Lieut. Col. Rickards and forty line and staff officers, who had been apprised that an attack was to be made on the camp, left their quarters and ran in the direction the firing came from. The officers shot several times ahead of them, but at daybreak no signs of the soldiers' assailants were found.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 11.—Twenty-five cars of anthracite coal, mined and broken this week at the colliery of the Lykens Valley Coal company, were shipped from Lykens yesterday. There was no demonstration as the cars were started for Harrisburg on their way to Philadelphia. The breakers at Lykens and Williamstown are being operated without interference.

THE COAL PROBLEM SOLVED

Washington, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A solution of the coal problem has been discovered and is in practical operation in houses in Washington. It is a simple process and those who have tried it here say it works well. A soft brick, one known as "salome" brick, from its color, porous in character, soaked in coal oil, will burn for from an hour to an hour and a half, as a cost of about 2 cents an hour. These oil-saturated bricks may be burned in any kind of a stove. The experiments conducted here with the brick soaked in oil have been complete, and prove that there is an easy way to avoid the annoyance of the fuel famine. A few porous brickbats soaked in a few gallons of coal oil will produce even greater heat than a scuttle of anthracite.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, Oct. 11.—(Special to the Herald.)—The folowing pensions have been granted: Increase, Henry Brandes, of Pine City, $12; Widows—Jennie H. Griffin, of Buffalo, $12.

TEN KILLED BY MILITIA.

Madrid, Oct. 11.—Several bands of strikers at the small towns on the Spanish line, facing the neutral ground about Gibraltar, who went to the cemetery today with the object of carrying off the bodies of the victims of the conflict Thursday, had to be dispersed by the militia. It is reported ten persons were killed, including a woman and a child.

TO ESTABLISH FAST LINE.

Boston, Oct. 11.—Sir Frederick Borden, Canadian minister of militia, who is a visitor in this city, in an interview today, made known the fact that the Canadian and British governments had decided jointly to establish a fast steamship service between Halifax, N. S., and Liverpool ports, with an annual subsidy of $1250 for ten years.

OLE HARRIS' STORE ROBBED.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—A Granite Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says the general store of Ole Harris was burglarized last night to the extent of several hundred dollars by unknown parties. The best of everything was taken. Entrance was made to the store by prying open the back door. Officers are investigating.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Kickapoo Oil

Many a mother has been spared a night of watching and worrying by the prompt use of Kickapoo Indian Oil, upon the first indication of pain in her children's stomachs or bowels. A piece of flannel wet with Kickapoo Indian Oil applied to a child's aching stomach or bowels will relieve in less than ten minutes. A bottle at hand is as good as a doctor, but less expensive.

A Godsend to Mothers

"I want to tell you what your Kickapoo Indian Oil did for my son. He woke up almost crazy with cramps in his stomach and bowels. He was relieved by the Oil as soon as I used it and in less than 15 minutes later he went to sleep. Thanks to this remedy which is really a doctor in the house."—Mrs. F. Williamson, West Point, N. Y.

25 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists



A Plea

TO THE OLD MAN!

"Oh, say, Mister Moon!
As you roll on your way
Shedding light upon nightly events—
Won't you 'luminate your face
With the GAS of our town,
AND HELP MAKE ITS PRICE
90 CENTS

CAN PEAT BE USED?

Experiments Being Made By Fugal Mine Chemists.

Miles of Peat Bogs On Line of Range Roads.

Resembles Combustion of Anthracite But Burns Faster.

Peat taken from bogs of this county may make as good fuel as anthracite coal.

Chemists in the well equipped laboratory of the Fayal mine are conducting experiments with this end in view.

Scientists say that nature would convert this peat into coal in the course of a few centuries, but a little brain work on the part of man can beat out time a few hundred years in converting decayed vegetable matter into fuel.

Along the Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern roads are peat bogs several miles in extent. From one of the bogs at Fayal laboratory chemists secured a quantity of peat with which they have been conducting their experiments.

While the peat is still in a moist condition, it is pressed into bricks and then dried. In burning, it is said to resemble the combustion of anthracite coal, although so far the treatment has not been able to prevent its burning rapidly.

A timber estimator, who has been for years in the woods of St. Louis, Lake, Cook and Itasca counties, says that the peat deposits are so extensive that they would supply the entire West with fuel, should the coal supply be cut off.

He says that very frequently, when out estimating during the winter months, he has used peat for fuel with good success.

NEEDLEWORK GUILD.

Annual Round-Up To Take Place October 28.

Is the Needlework guild still in existence? is the question that has been heard frequently of late. Indeed, it is, and very much so, as we hope to show the public and all interested at our round up commencing Tuesday, Oct. 28. This is our sixth year and last year we had 1700 new garments to give to the different charitable institutions in the city, which, by the way, was as many as the same organization in St. Paul had. The section presidents, directors and contributors have been working for some time and if any have not been notified it is somebody's fault. However low our enthusiasm has been during the long months since our last collection, these autumn days, with the chill in the air, remind us of the colder ones coming and of how we can help some one to be more comfortable.

Mrs. John Stewart Wood, the founder of the guild in this country, says in "A Word to Directors," in the last Altruist: "Some directors say they would rather give all the garments than ask any one." Yes, I think we all would, especially rather than ask one whom we know will give reluctantly. But let me tell you something which, perhaps, you do not realize: The gift of giving is largely a matter of cultivation, whether it be the giving of money or garments or the giving of ourselves for the blessing and brightening of the sad and suffering. The saying of Mr. Moody that 'It is better to set ten persons to work than to do the work of ten persons,' is essentially true of the guild. To solicit from ten persons is, sometimes think, doing ten times as much good as to give 100 garments. You are stimulating others to give regularly. You are putting them in touch with the poor. In some societies the president and secretary are looked to for all the development of the work. That is contrary to the spirit o fthe guild, which stands for a minute division of labor, the burden resting almost equally on all shoulders. It pertains as much to the office of the president." There are many ways of getting members and right here let me say: Don't be afraid to ask anyone, even those we call poor people. The wife of more than one day laborer has said to me: 'It seems so good to belong to something.' It doesn't cost much to buy the little material to make two garments and while I am making for my own children I can just as well make two more for those who are in trouble."

Remember the guild is non-sectarian and all it takes to become a member is to give two new garments or some money. Any who wish to help in this good work and have been overlooked in the asking, can leave their contribution with Mrs. Albertson, 330 West Superior street, or with Miss Ensign, 504 East Second street.

JULIA M. ENSIGN,
Secretary.

FAVORS IT.

West End Business Men Endorse West Duluth Plant Purchase.

The Business Men's association of the West End met last evening in their rooms at Twenty-first avenue west. The president, C. O. Nelson, was in the chair. The chief subjects of discussion were the purchase of the West Duluth water plant and the charter amendments. The former was discussed at length and many arguments both for and against were advanced, but it was finally decided to endorse it, and the motion to do so carried unanimously.

The charter amendments were also discussed but more briefly, for it was late in the evening before the discussion of the purchase of the water plant was brought to a close. The association took action on only one—the amendment concerning the trunk sewers, which it endorsed.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

INTEREST IS LIGHT

Registration Is Very Small For the Special Election.

Total Less Than One-Fourth of Primary Election Day.

West Duluth Makes Better Showing Than Other Sections.

Registration for the special election is disappointing.

For two days the registration is less than one-fourth of what it was on primary election day.

One precinct in the Second ward that has 259 voters registered for the general election succeeded in registering but 12 votes for the special.

Next Thursday is the last day for registering for the special election, and the city officers have hopes that the registration will be materially increased on that date.

The primary election was the first day of registration for the general election. On that day 6348 men and 410 women registered.

But during the two days of the special election registration only 1435 qualified to vote on the West Duluth water plant purchase and charter amendments on Oct. 23.

West Duluth had the heaviest of the light registration, indicating that the citizens out there are very much interested in the charter amendments and water plant purchase.

The two days' special election registration by precincts and wards is as follows:

	First day.	Second day	Total.
FIRST WARD.			
First precinct ..	10	14	24
Second precinct..	12	11	23
Third precinct...	20	19	39
Fourth precinct..	20	30	50
Total..	89	91	180
SECOND WARD.			
First precinct...	9	14	23
Second precinct..	19	15	34
Third precinct...	24	30	54
Fourth precinct..	12	22	34
Total.... 64		81	145
THIRD WARD.			
First precinct..	17	5	12
Second precinct..	22	20	42
Third precinct...	21	17	38
Fourth precinct..	14	25	39
Total..	74	67	141
FOURTH WARD.			
First precinct...	12	4	16
Second precinct..	9	16	25
Third precinct...	16	15	31
Fourth precinct..	14	11	25
Fifth precinct....	1	14	33
Total..	70	60	130
FIFTH WARD.			
First precinct	20	18	38
Second precinct ..	23	13	36
Third precinct ...	11	7	18
Fourth precinct ..	13	16	29
Fifth precinct ...	35	7	42
Total	102	61	163
SIXTH WARD.			
First precinct	11	5	16
Second precinct ..	17	21	38
Third precinct ...	5	13	18
Fourth precinct..	35	16	18
Fifth precinct	12	15	27
Sixth precinct ...	13	8	21
Total	93	78	171
SEVENTH WARD.			
First precinct	21	17	38
Second precinct ..	17	15	32
Third precinct ..	30	12	42
Fourth precinct ..	17	17	30
Fifth precinct....	54	19	73
Total	139	80	219
EIGHTH WARD.			
First precinct ...	66	23	89
Second precinct ..	17	17	34
Third precinct ...	22	20	42
Fourth precinct ..	24	14	38
Fifth precinct	16	8	24
Sixth precinct ...	4	9	13
Seventh precinct..	10	13	23
Eighth precinct ..	18	5	23
Total	177	109	286

Night School.

You can procure a knowledge of commercial, stenographic and English branches at the Duluth Business University Night School that will qualify you for profitable employment in the business world. Private instruction given by competent experienced teachers. Scores of young people who have attended this evening school are now holding excellent positions and have a good start on the road to success. What others have done you can do. Enter at any time.

Y. M. C. A. NIGHT SCHOOL
Reopens Monday, Oct. 6, 1902.
Classes in Arithmetic, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Stenography, Commercial Law, Language for foreigners, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing, Electricity, Geology, with reference to mining, etc. Fees, $3.00 to $5.00 for six months.
REGISTER NOW.
18 East Superior Street.

FIVE YEAR'S GROWTH

Dr. Mitchell's Practice Becomes Immense.

Dr. Mitchell, of No. 17 East Superior street, is the most successful drugless healer in the world. He is doing good work, so his patients say. It is no wonder that patients whom he has given back health and strength think he has no equal among the healing fraternity and that his magnetic healing is the most wonderful form of cure in the world today. This magnetic healing has been abused by a great many fakirs that have posed as magnetic healers. But these fly-by-nights should not be confused with legitimate healers such as Dr. Mitchell, who is located here permanently, and is here to stay. He does what he says he will, he has all of the work that physical strength will permit him to attend to and his practice is continually growing. Patients that he has cured bring their friends to him, which is the most sincere testimonial that a patient can give a physician. The dumb are made to speak, the deaf to hear, the blind to see and the lame and deformed straightened up and made to walk. Many of his cures border on the miracle. If you are sick go and see him. He treats every known disease. Consultation free. 'Phone Zenith, 579.

"A good name is better than riches" —Don Quixote
The good name of
Gorham Silver
is better to its makers than much riches. For three generations Gorham silver has held pride of place above all competitors. This place it still holds.
STERLING
All responsible jewelers keep it

OF SAME MIND

Mayor Hugo Still Opposed to Closing Offices Saturday.

Mayor Hugo still says that the closing of the city hall offices Saturday afternoons would seriously interfere with public business and will ask the council to reconsider its action of last Monday night, notwithstanding the resolutions passed by the Federated Trades' assembly last evening.

The mayor is not doing this in opposition to the union labor people. He has given the trades' assembly resolutions careful consideration, but says that it is impossible to close the offices without inconveniencing the public.

It is probable that the mayor will suggest to the council that the heads of the various departments could arrange to let their clerks off alternately on Saturday afternoons, providing a sufficient force could be kept on duty to take care of whatever business might come up.

Recently a prominent attorney threatened to bring suit for $5,000 damages against the city because the offices were closed on Saturday afternoons.

He said that if he could not file certain papers it would mean a loss of money and great inconvenience to a client, and, without looking up the law on the matter, he ventured the opinion that the city could be held for damages.

The position of the trades' assembly is that the closing of municipal offices for a half holiday each week is but a forerunner of what may be expected in all business where labor is employed in the near future, and such action on the part of the city would set a good example to individual employers.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c.

Hotel Metropole
105 Lake Avenue South
NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS
Splendid accommodations.
Every convenience of a modern hotel.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Rooms 50c, 75c, $1 per day
Cargill and Kenney.

THE TYLER RECITAL.

Fine Program to Be Given Next Wednesday.

The recital by the Tyler vocal school will be given at the high school assembly hall Wednesday evening, Oct. 15, at 8 o'clock. The programs that have been sent are to be considered by the recipients as invitations, although the fact was by omission not stated on them. The recital will open with the singing of "In a Persian Garden," the song cycle by Liza Lehmann, by Miss Rena Smith, soprano; Miss Clara Hector, contralto; Cyril Tyler, tenor, and Charles Applehagen, baritone, with Miss Simonds at the piano. This will begin at 8:15 sharp, and the doors will be closed until it is finished. The second part will be as follows:

Aria—"Una Voce Poco Fa"—"Il Barbiere" (In Italian) .....Rossini
Mrs. James McAuliffe, dramatic soprano.
Song—"Deine Blauen Augen" (In German) .....Carl Bohm
Miss Kate Bruder, Contralto.
Aria—"My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice"—"Samson and Delilah" .....Saint Saens
Mrs. W. C. Winton, mezzo soprano.
Song—"Rosalie" ..... DeKoven
Miss Millie Baker, mezzo sopjrano.
Aria—"Berceuse"—"Jocelyn" .....
..... Goddard
Miss Bessie Hunter, soprano.
Songs—(a.) "If I Could Steal Your Wings"
(b.) "Were I a Bird" .....
..... Mildred Hill
Miss Allie Piper, soprano.
Aria—"Salve Regina" .....Mercadante
Miss Anna Carroll, mezzo soprano.
Song—"Spring" ..... Heuschell
Miss Alice Cooley, soprano.
Aria—"Oh, Mio Fernando" (in Italian)—"La Favorita" .....Donizzetti
Miss Antoinette West, mezzo soprano-contralto.
Scene—"Il Miserere" (in Italian)—"Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Mrs. James McAuliffe, Lenora; George Tyler, Manrico. Assisted by pupils.
Accompanists—Mrs. J. N. McKindley, Miss Carolotto Simonds. Mrs. George Tyler.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.
Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the ace, and all skin diseases. 50c.

GETS NEW LOCATION

The Government to Have Yards Across the Canal.

Lease of Present Yards at Seventh Avenue Expires Soon.

Improvements Costing a Considerable Sum Will Be Made.

The United States government is contemplating the location of permanent yards in the Duluth harbor to be in charge of the engineering department of the Lake Superior district, on the bay side of Minnesota Point. A deal is now gone through by which the government acquires a tract of land about two or three blocks below the canal, with a frontage of 100 feet extending from Minnesota avenue out to the established dock line, a distance of about 750 feet. The abstracts have been prepared and are ready to turn over to the United States district attorney and some of the deeds are being executed. Th deal for the Park Point property was handled for local and outside owners by Whitney Wall, and has been pending for the past several weeks.

The government has been occupying leased property at the foot of Seventh avenue west. The Northern Pacific company has recently acquired the property and no assurance has been given that the lease, which will expire next spring, will be renewed. It is presumed that the Northern Pacific company intends to improve and use the dock property as soon as the lease expires and the desirability of having permanent yards for its boats, launches and equipment in charge of the engineering department has been the reason for the negotiations for the Park Point property.

The location is a very desirable one for the government, in view of its close proximity to the canal and other government improvements. When possession is acquired all the buildings now owned by the government on leased docks will be removed to Park Point and the necessary improvements made, which will make the yards available. No date has been set when this removal will take

The price that will be paid the government for the new locations is not given out, but it will probably be in the neighborhood of $5000 or $6000.

The improvements that will be made by the government in establishing its dockage, boat and tool houses and dredges that will be necessary, will probable cost several thousand dollars.

GOLFERS.

Seventy-Seven Players Still In Open Championship Contest.

Garden City, N. Y., Oct. 11.—The second day in the open championshrip golf competition on the links of the Garden City Golf club found seventy-seven players of the original ninety-seven entries still in the fight. Laurence Auchterlonie, of Chicago, headed the list with two rounds of seventy-eight each to his credit, but there are fourteen players within eight strokes of Auchterlonie's total of 156, and any one of them may strike a winning gait today. The only amateur among the first fifteen is former amateur champion, Walter J. Travis. Willie Anderson, of Mont Clair, winner of last year's open event, made the two rounds yesterday in 161 and Willie Smith, of Chicago, a former open champion, made the same figure. Neither is by any means out of the race today.

Very different weather prevails today, from that in which the first two rounds were played. There is no rain, but the sky is cloudy and the air far from clear.

Gilbert Nichols, of Boston, turned in a card of seventy-three for the morning round, the best thus far of the competition. Auchterlonie made the eighteen holes in seventy-four. Stewart Gardner made a seventy-seven.

A BIG DITCH.

P. R. McDonnell To Construct One in North Dakota.

Contractor P. McDonnell and family returned this morning from Grand Forks, where Mr. McDonnell yesterday secured from Grand Forks county the contract for constructing a big ditch 18 miles long and twenty feet wide, through the county and emptying into Turtle river.

The ditch will affect 42,000 acres of land, some of which in the past has been worthless for farming purposes, but which, it is claimed, will be tillable after the ditch is completed. The entire work will cost about $28,000. Some of the sub-contracts have already been let and three graders are now at work.

Mr. McDonnell says it is estimated that the land will be benefited $5 per acre and that the total benefits will be about $200,000 at a cost of less than $30,000 to the county. The ditch is the first county ditch in North Dakota to be constructed under the amended law. The time limit for its completion is one year, but several miles of it will be constructed this fall.

Mr. McDonnell has also secured contracts for two new sewers in Grand Forks. The large trunk sewer on which he has been working will be completed inside the next two weeks. He will leave this evening for Leeds, S. D., to bid on a paving contract. Last year he finished a sewer contract at Leeds.

Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the *natural* performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's.

"I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." Mrs. William G. Barrett, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

One Week More

....OF THE....

GREAT Piano Sale.

Many pianos and organs have been sold during this sale, but there are still many fine instruments here awaiting your selection at great reductions in price. If you think of buying a piano within the next year it will pay you to investigate this sale.

$250 Upright Pianos

$158

Terms—$15 Cash and $7 a Month.

Absolutely new and from a thoroughly reliable manufacturer. Mahogany or walnut finish cases. Full nickel plated tuning pins—ivory keys—full swinging duet music desk and Boston fall board. In fact a thoroughly up-to-date piano with all new improvements. Guaranteed for five years. Handsome stool and draped cover furnished free with each piano. We closed out the manufacturer's entire stock on the above style of piano at a most favorable price for spot cash and are thus enabled to offer them at this exceedingly low price.

SAMPLE PIANOS at from $75 to $110 discount from the regular legitimate selling price. **All on easy payments if desired.**

NOTICE!

Don't delay if you want one of these bargains, for they are being taken rapidly. We are receiving inquiries and orders from the surrounding country as well as Duluth and Superior.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.
Reliable Piano Dealers.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

Prosperous Days

Now, while wages are good and work is plenty start a

Savings Account

If you haven't done so, do so at once and don't neglect every pay day to put aside a little.

Open every business day, regular banking hours and

Saturday Evening 6 to 8.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

BOUND OVER.

Capt. Anderson Must Answer To the Grand Jury.

For the first time in more than a week the municipal court docket is cleared of tug strike cases.

The last was that against the non-union master of the Excelsior—Capt. A. L. Anderson, who shot Joseph Richardson in front of the Board of Trade building one week ago.

Capt. Anderson was given his preliminary examination charged with assault in the first degree. A number of union tug men and citizens testified that they saw him shoot at Richardson, and the man shot was in court to show the bullet holes through his clothing.

Capt. Anderson did not put in any evidence in defense and was bound over to the next term of the grand jury.

BEAR STORIES TRAVEL.

Liverpool Hears of Bruin's Advent In Duluth.

Chief Clerk Anderson of the Northern Pacific offices in this city is in receipt of a copy of the Liverpool Post, which contains the following:

"No fewer than fifteen black bears have been shot within the last month in the city limits of Duluth, Minnesota. One of the animals broke up a picnic party and ate the lunch."

The fame of Duluth seems to have spread even to foreign countries.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink .....
ANHEUSER-BUSCH and FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
Ideal Beer Hall.

High Class Ladies' Tailoring
Latest and most up-to-date styles, finest workmanship. New parlors just opened.
S. GOLDBERG, London, Paris Ladies' Tailor.
15 Phoenix Block.

Telephone 479
Or drop a postal.

Our Laundry Should Be Your Laundry

One trial will convince you why our laundry should be your laundry. We'll make your linen white—not blue, nor grey, nor streaked.

FAMILY WASHING 3½c per lb.

The Yale Laundry

First Avenue East and First Street.

BUCKET

Shops Must Quit If Master's Decision Is Sustained.

Indianapolis, Oct. 11.—The finding of Edward Daniels, master of chancery in the case of the Chicago board of trade against L. A. Kinsey & Co., of Indianapolis and other stockbrokers in Indiana, was filed today in the offices of the clerk of the United States court. It is adverse to the defendants and if sustained at the final hearing it will mean that the bucket shops of the state have to quit business. The Chicago board of trade, filed a compaint several months ago asking that certain brokers be permanently enjoined from using its quotations. Judge Baker of the United States court referred it to the master in chancery.

The finding on the law is in substance that the board has common rights of property in the continuous quotations, unless it can be shown that continuous quotations have become so affected with the public's interest that the complainant's right has been absorbed in the larger right of public use and control. In the opinion of the master this contention, which is the most important considered, cannot be shown. None of the defendants in the case received the quotations from the board, but have leased wires. Mr. Daniels says the evidence does not show from what source the defendants receive quotations.

Business University Happenings.

Among those who enrolled at the college during the past week are: Miss Ida Sahner, Calumette, Mich.; Miss B. Bilyeu, Lead, S. D.; Miss Bell Carpenter, Cloquet, Minn., and Grant Carrick, London, Ont.

The following young people left the college during the past week to accept the following positions: Miss Hilda Ringsred, stenographer and bookkeeper for the Northwestern Steam Boiler works; Miss Bedie Grisell, stenographer for the Burgess Electric Co.; Miss Edna Calhoun, stenographer for Attorney J. W. Reynolds; Earl Lowe, stenographer for the Northern Pacific; Henry Gordon, stenographer for the Hobart Mining Co., McKinley, Minn.; Albert Sanderson, assistant bookkeeper for the Minnesota Mining Co., Eveleth, Minn.

The demand for young men and women who have completed the commercial and stenographic courses at this institution far exceeds the supply. No less than 23 such applications were received at the college office during the past ten days.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

FARIBAULT WOMAN SUICIDES.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—A Faribault, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The body of Mrs. D. Sutsse, who lives east of town, was found in the river north of here this morning. She had been absent from home two days and is supposed to have suicided. She was 60 years old and leaves a family.

TRAIN DERAILED.

Des Moines, Oct. 11.—A train on the Keokuk & Western road was derailed by an open switch, 50 miles south of here this morning badly wrecked. The engineer and fireman were badly injured.

"77"

Scarcity of coal and the high prices of fuel mean cold homes and much sickness.

"While I don't mean to recommend the use of '77' instead of firewood, I do know that its use prevents and breaks up Colds, prevalent even now, and promise to be more so as the season advances."

Your office or shop may be cold, your home poorly heated, but if you take "77" you will be freer from sickness, and recover sooner than your neighbor.

The use of Dr. Humphreys' "77" restores the checked circulation, starts the blood coursing through the veins, and breaks up a Cold.

At all Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed, on receipt of price. Doctor's Book Mailed Free.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., corner William and John Sts., New York.

COLDS

FINALLY NABBED

Officers Land John Lasiszki, an Illegal Liquor Seller.

Have Been Looking For Him For Several Weeks.

W. L. Snyder Arrested at St. Paul For Thefts at Hibbing.

John Lasiszki, an alleged "blind pigger", for whom the county authorities have been looking for some weeks past was brought down from Kelly Lake this morning by Deputy Sheriff Rossan, of Virginia, and lodged in the county jail. Lasiszki is charged with selling S. A. Riches a half-pint of whiskey Sept. 3, having at that time no liquor license.

He will be arraigned in municipal court this afternoon and will be bound over to await the action of the grand jury, as the case is one that will not be under the jurisdiction of the municipal court.

County Attorney McClintock says there will be no lack of evidence against Lasiszki, that the only thing which has prevented his arrest some weeks ago was that he got wind of the move to be made against him and skipped out of the country. Recently he had been returning to Kelly Lake, on the Swan River branch of the Great Northern road for visits and to indulge in selling booze and the authorities caught him. Kelly Lake is the station from which the road leads to the Stevenson mine and as the railroad company has good-sized yards there and employs a large number of men, Lasiszki is said to have had a good field to operate in.

He was arrested about a year ago on the charge of keeping a saloon open at Kelly Lake on Sunday, the attention of the authorities being called to it by a serious fight that took place there one Sunday.

This morning when Lasiszki was brought to the jail, he met and recognized Deputy Sheriff Randall and on being asked what he had been doing replied: "Only farming."

SNYDER IS CAUGHT.

Is Wanted For Stealing Eggs at Hibbing.

Deputy Sheriff Magie will arrive this afternoon from St. Paul with W. A. Snyder, for whom there is a warrant out in this county charging him with grand larceny in the first degree. A telegram from St. Paul yesterday said that the police department had Snyder in custody and would hold him for the St. Louis county authorities. The warrant charges Snyder with stealing several cases of eggs from a storehouse at Hibbing and selling them at the new town of Chisholm. Snyder was formerly employed by the telephone company at Hibbing and the office was located in the same building where the eggs were stored. Fred McDonald, was arrested some time ago charged with the same crime, as he was in the company of Snyder, but the grand jury returned no bill against him and he was discharged.

Snyder's family lives in St. Paul and the local authorities expected that he would be found in that city, after disappearing from Hibbing.

Some weeks ago a telegram was received by the sheriff's office stating that he had been caught in St. Paul, but it turned out to be a mistake.

Snyder will also be arraigned this afternoon in municipal court and will be bound over to the grand jury.

FAY MEETING.

Robert Saunders of Pine City To Preside At Armory.

Robert C. Saunders, of Pine City, is to preside at the meeting at the Armory tonight, when the Democratic congressional campaign in the Eighth district is to be formally launched.

Mr. Saunders is to be the Democratic committeeman for Pine county, and is one of the most prominent Democrats in the district. Capt. M. L. Fay will speak, and C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, will also make an address. A large attendance is expected. Flaaten's band will furnish the music.

• • •

J. Adam Bede is speaking in Pine county just now. He was at Willow River last night, and will speak at Finlayson tonight, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday he spent in Carlton county, and next week he will make a tour of the district with Attorney General Douglas.

FOOTBALL.

First Big Game Between Pardue and Chicago Universities.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—The first big game of football of the season was played on Marshall field today, when eleven sturdy players, representing Purdue university, met the Chicago university aggregation. The weather was too warm for the comfort of the players, but otherwise all the conditions were perfect.

A special excursion was run from Lafayette, and a large crowd of rooters attended the game and cheered on their favorites. Before the game Purdue was quite confident of winning, as the team this wear is the strongest one in many years. Coach Stagg was reticent as to the chances of his team for victory.

The line up was as follows:

Chicago—	Position—	Purdue—
Speik	left end	Minch, Krul
Koehler	left tackle	Davidson
Ahlswede	left guard	Riebel
Ellsworth	centre	Emels
R. Maxwell	right guard	Hoyer
Farr	right tackle	McManus
Catlin	right end	Hohn
L. Maxwell	quarter back	Leslie
Sheldon	left half back	Allen
Schnur	right half back	J. Miller
Perkins	full back	Kaylor

NOT YET INVITED

Duluth Wholesale Grocers Not Asked to Join Trust.

Do Not Believe Scheme Is a Practicable One.

Report From St. Louis That Combine Is Planned.

An Associated Press dispatch from St. Louis tells of the proposed formation of a wholesale grocers' trust, embracing all of the wholesale grocery houses of the country.

Duluth grocery jobbers say they have not been invited, and would not go in if they were.

They say such a scheme is impracticable and impossible of accomplishment. Of course any business has its price, and if they were bought out at a sufficiently high figure, most of them would accept. They say they will go into no trust, however.

The St. Louis dispatch says that the Interstate Grocer, a trade paper of that city, would say in its issue today that a combine to include every wholesaler of groceries in the United States is in course of formation. The trade paper says:

"The details of the great plan are not yet made public property. They will not be until after Nov. 5 next, when the initial step toward forming the combination will be taken in Detroit.

"George D. Hanford, of New York, is engineering the deal. In a few days the entire wholesale grocery trade of the United Stte̊s will receive invitations to this meeting.

"Already a large number of the leading wholesale grocers in the Ea: have been personally seen by Mr. Hanford or his re... atives, and nearly all of them ha... pressed a willingness to be present."

Representatives of all three of the local jobbing grocery houses were seen this morning, and they all said it was news to them; that they had not been asked to go in, and so far as they knew nobody in Duluth had been approached.

"No local houses would join such a scheme," said Secretary C. R. Rust, of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, when shown the dispatch this morning. "The scheme has been talked for a year, but it is impracticable and can never be accomplished."

A. L. Ordean, vice president of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, said practically the same thing, and stated that so far as he knew none of the local houses had been approached on the subject.

"This is the first time we have heard of it," said C. A. Wright, of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company. "So far as we know nobody in Duluth has been approached on the subject, though from the way things are going in the business world we have been expecting to see somebody spring some such a plan as this."

"We have not been invited," said W. R. Peyton, of the Gowan-Peyton-Twohy company, "and so far as we have heard neither has anybody else in Duluth. This is the first I have heard of the proposition."

BRIEF CITY NEWS

Dak. Land, J. J. Oeder, Linton, N. D. Parlor theater—New show tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Beers, of 618 Twenty-fourth avenue west, were agreeably surprised last evening by a party of friends, led by Herbert Haney. The evening was spent with cards, games and dancing. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. James Lockhart, Mr. and Mrs. P. Gallagher, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. C. J Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. James Ralph, Mrs. Scanlon, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Nichols, Misses Agnes Gallagher, Maud Ralph, May Crowley, Myrtle McKinzie, Ina McKenzie, Eva Beers, May Clarey, Mabel Hallen; Messrs. Haney, Fortune, Baker, LaBrosse, Miller, Beers, Gallagher and Nichols.

Cash discounts will be allowed by the gas and water department on Monday, Oct. 13, as the 12th comes on Sunday.

The lodge of Odd Fellows at Two Harbors will be visited next Tuesday evening by a large crowd of members of the order from Duluth, Superior, Carlton and Cloquet, and the party will leave here Tuesday evening at 7:45 o'clock on a special train over the Duluth & Iron Range. The object is simply a little neighborly call, involving a general good time and social session.

Save your coal and place your orders for storm windows before the rush with Anderson & Gow, 123 Third avenue west.

Parlor theater—Vaudeville hits.

Special monthly rates at the Spalding in effect Oct. 1. Several desirable suites of rooms now available. New cafe to be opened Nov. 1. Rooms with or without board.

William Brown, a conductor on the Missabe road, residing at Proctorknott, has filed an affidavit as independent candidate for the office of representative in the Forty-ninth district. His petition had 601 signatures.

Dr. Robert Forbes will be the speaker at the meeting at the Young Men's Christian association rooms tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Miss Anna Smith and Mrs. Asher will speak and sing at the Branch Bethel tonight.

Deeds were filed yesterday for timber on parts of sections 11, 12 and 13-61-15, running from Daniel McLeod to William O'Brien. The consideration was $12,500.

PURELY PERSONAL

C. C. Hirschy, president of the First National bank of Wabasha, Minn., is in the city on his return from Iron River, Wis., where he has been looking after some land investments. He is a guest of H. J. Achenbach, of the Duluth Printing & Lithographing company.

Dr. and Mrs. Colin MacKenzie, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Clark, of Woodland. Mrs. MacKenzie is a niece of Admiral Dewey.

Glenn C. Brown arrived in Duluth today from Birmingham, Ala., called here by the death of his wife. Within the past two weeks while his wife was very low Mr. Brown was here constantly, but about a week ago, when she seemed to have a rally in health, he left for his home in Alabama to attend to urgent business. Mr. and Mrs. Don H. Bacon will arrive in Duluth tomorrow morning to attend the funeral of Mrs. Brown.

J. L. Greatsinger, who has been spending a rest of several weeks here, will return to his work as president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company tomorrow.

Mrs. Percy Christopher, of St. Paul, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Caroline Dryer, at 726 East Fifth street.

James Robertson came up from Marquette this morning.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, is at the St. Louis today.

H. V. Peterson, of Minneapolis, traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, is in the city.

O. C. Hartman left this afternoon over the Eastern for St. Paul.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry Roberts will leave tomorrow for Seattle.

C. E. Hendricks, of Ishpeming, is at the Spalding.

C. E. Judd left this afternoon for Detroit over the Omaha.

David Graham, of Hibbing, is at the St. Louis.

Fred D. Vibert, of Cloquet, publisher of the Cloquet Pine Knot, is in the city.

W. W. Turner left this afternoon over the Omaha for Philadelphia to attend the carriage makers' convention.

F. A. Hawley, commercial agent of the Northern Pacific, at Minneapolis, is here today.

John Costin, Jr., of Virginia, is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. P. C. Ouellette has returned home from the East after an absence of two months.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Taylor, of Chamberlain & Taylor, have gone East. They will visit Washington, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

Mrs. H. Hutchinson and nephew, Edward Dewlit, have just returned from a visit to the coast, stopping at San Francisco, Denver, and Salt Lake City.

TEXAS CONGRESSMAN DEAD.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Congressman J. L. Shepherd, of Texarkana, Tex., died today at Eureka Springs, Ark., after a long illness. The funeral will occur Tuesday, Oct. 14. The speaker of the house has been notified, but as yet has not appointed a committee.

Don't Give Up

the old for the new, is an old adage, but is not applicable in all cases. We would not be very progressive if we never changed our minds, or our Tailor. Try

Ballantine, No. 8 Phœnix Block.

A Fireman's Peril

HIS CAPTAIN FOUND HIM IN A STATE OF NERVOUS COLLAPSE.

Public Interest Aroused by the Statement of Pipeman Oscar Stehlin of the Indianapolis Fire Force.

The fire department of Indianapolis is widely known for its efficiency and for the high physical standard of its members. This accounts in a measure for the interest that has attached to the rescue from almost certain death of a pipeman of Chemical Engine Company No. 1. It was known that the man was found by his captain to be in a state of nervous collapse, but the full facts are now published for the first time.

The fireman, Oscar Stenlin, lives at No. 1610 East Tenth street, Indianapolis, where he was found by a reporter. In reply to questions, he said: "When I entered the fire department I was a hearty, vigorous man. It was the cold, exposure and lack of rest, I suppose, that made my health break down. My nerves were in horrible shape. Night after night I would walk the floor, unable to get a wink of sleep. I had nervous chills and these were followed with hot flashes and terrible shooting pains. Then, right afterwards, I would feel as if I were freezing to death and would have to get close to a stove to get warm.



"For a year I dragged along in this way, growing worse every day. My appetite was gone, my color sickly yellow and my strength just about wasted away with my flesh.

"I spent a great deal of money for treatment, but could see no improvement. The doctors did not seem to be able to get at the root of my trouble. I was really in a state of nervous collapse when my captain spoke to me about my condition and said I had better try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Well, I did try them and had not been taking them for a week before a change came for the better. My nerves seemed quieter. I could sleep and feel rested in the morning and food began to appeal to me again. The medicine was helping me and I continued taking the pills until I had used about eight boxes. They brought about a complete cure. I cannot say half enough in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for they saved my life. I should be in my grave now but for these pills."

Mr. Stehlin's friends all know what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People accomplished for him, and his story is important to all who are suffering from nervous troubles.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are unlike other medicines because they act directly on the blood and nerves. This makes them invaluable in such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Oct. 11.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $219,709,079; gold, $136,586,416; silver, $9,968,220; U. S. notes, $3,932,204; treasury notes of 1890, $106,440; national bank notes, $12,860,141; total receipts this day, $1,586,385; total receipts this month, $19,814,834; total receipts this year, $166,306,719; total expenditures this day, $1,475,000; total expenditures this month, $17,220,000; total expenditures this year, $154,700,976. Deposits in national banks, $140,642,675.



6-in. Stove Pipe, heavy iron, only Russia Iron Pipe—the best 6-inch. Only—

38c

Stewart Stoves....

You may be prejudiced against buying stoves so early—half a glance at the Stewart will cure you in a jiffy. Perfect stoves—perfect—that's the point. We wonder if every dealer is as sure of this as we are. In this famous stove you have a perfection of workmanship and material that appeals to all purchasers. A Stewart and a small supply of fuel will keep you comfortable all winter.

Stewart Steel Ranges Are the Best and Cheapest.

Radiant Stewart. For Hard Coal.

Those lucky enough to procure hard coal will want an economical heater—to such we offer the above stove as the best of its kind.

From $36.50 up.

Stewart Oaks. For Soft Coal.

They'll also burn hard coal or wood. Have heavy cast iron top and base, nickel trimmed, body is of heavy rolled steel, have hot air flue. They're as handsome as a base burner and cost one-third as much.

From $13.50 up.

Stewart Hot Blasts. For Wood.

Are absolutely air tight, hence they burn less fuel than other makes. Are very handsome. Have jointless bottoms and will burn any kind of wood.

From $15.00 up.

Coal Hods, open top, 27c. Stove Boards —28x28—59c. Stove Boards —30x30—69c. Stove Boards —33x33—79c. Stove Boards —36x36—89c. Coal Hods, funnel top, 32c

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS.

You'll profit by investigating our easy payments.

The G. C. STEELE CO.

226-228 West Superior Street.

Very low prices and prices upheld by quality.

PLANNING BIG EVENT

Sault Ste. Marie to Arrange a Big Celebration.

Fiftieth Anniversary of Building of the Canal.

Congress to Be Asked to Give Government Aid.

'Sault Ste. Marie is planning a celebration of the semi-centennial anniversary of the building of the first St. Mary's falls canal," said M. A. Hayes, secretary of the Sault chamber of commerce, today. "It is a matter in which Duluth is deeply interested, and we shall look to this end of the lake for aid.

"The St. Mary's falls canal is perhaps of more direct benefit to Duluth than it is to the Sault. Before the canal was built there was no continuous navigation between Lake Superior and the other lakes of the chain. In 1852, congress made a grant of 750,000 acres of public land to the state of Michigan, the proceeds of the sale of which were to be devoted to the construction of a canal. Work was started June 4, 1853, and it is proposed to hold the celebration June 3, 1903. Before the canal was built commerce had to be transferred around the falls, and it did not take twenty horses to handle the business. The canal was completed in 1855. The development that has taken place since then is surely worthy of commemoration by an exposition.

"A committee of citizens of Sault Ste. Marie has drafted plans for a celebration. It is proposed to erect a plain memorial monument, of granite, ten feet in height, with suitable tablets on its four sides, at some point overlooking St. Mary's canal and locks. It is desired that the eight states bordering on the great lakes, the Lake Carriers' association and the city of Sault Ste. Marie participate, forming a general commission including such members of senators and representatives as the congress may name, five commissioners from each of the eight states, commissioners from the Lake Carriers' association and five citizens' association of Sault Ste. Marie. Congress is to be asked to appropriate $50,000 toward the celebration and to name a commission of senators and representatives to take charge of its expenditure. The governors of the eight states bordering on the lakes, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota, will be asked to name commissions of five members each.

"A point resolution carrying out this proposition has been introduced in congress, and is in the hands of a sub-committee consisting of Loren Fletcher, of Minnesota, and William H. Ryan, of New York. We hope to receive assistance in getting this resolution through. The Ohio legislature has a bill appropriating $15,000 for the purpose of getting that state suitably represented at the celebration."

SPECIAL TRAIN —TO— TWO HARBORS!

The Duluth, Superior, Cariton and Cloquet Lodges of I. O. O. F. will leave by special train, **Tuesday evening, Oct. 14, at 7:45,** for a visit to the Two Harbors lodges.

HANNA ILL.

Senator Has Sudden Attack at Ironton, O.

Ironton, Ohio, Oct. 11.—Senator Hanna, who is making a campaign tour of the state, was taken quite ill here this morning. Dr. C. S. Gray, of this place, who was called to attend the senator, said it was a case of stomach trouble. He prescribed for the senator and said the latter would be able to speak this afternoon. The parade scheduled for this morning was abandoned on account of rain.

HIS BODY FOUND.

John Faulds of Grantsburg Died In Woods.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—A Grantsburg, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: John G. Faulds, foreman of the Journal office, who went to the woods some time ago and became delirious, was found dead near the mouth of Clam river by an Indian last night. The sheriff and party had gone after him. Faulds has been a man of considerable political prominence in Wisconsin, being at one time clerk of the assembly. Faulds is a widower and has three children, his children are at Alma with relatives. He has been drinking excessively since July.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all bear this Trade-Mark. Beware of Imitations.

Soft Coal or Wood!

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES The World's Best

Soft Coal or Wood!

Garland Oaks, Burr Oaks

Sold By

Northern Hardware Co.,

WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

SEEKING METHODS

The President's Advisors Searching For Law to End Strike.

Thus Far Nothing Has Been Found By Them.

A Middle Ground of Arbitration Is Latest Plan.

Washington, Oct. 11.—President Roosevelt is seeking every method by which there may be federal action in settling the coal strike. His cabinet advisors have been requested to look carefully into the laws which may have a bearing on the subject and see if there is any statute under which he can proceed. So far nothing has been found.

There is only one ray of hope, but it is rather faint in view of the attitude of the coal operators. This is that some mutual ground of arbitration may be found. The miners are willing to consent to arbitration of all questions. The operators admitted the principle of arbitration to a limited extent in offering to submit individual cases of disputes between employers and employes to the courts of common pleas in the districts where the disputes occur. What the president and his advisors are trying to ascertain is whether a middle ground of arbitration may not be agreed upon, this plan, even though it does not give much hope of success, is the only one in sight at present. Those who have discussed the matter with the president think that as the situation grows more acute both parties in the interest of public welfare may be induced to accept it or something of a similar nature. That the president is very much in earnest, is shown from the conferences on the subject that continue at the White House. Secretary Wilson, of the agricultural department, Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, and Frank D. Sargent, commissioner of immigration, were among those who saw the president today, and it is understood all of them discussed the coal strike situation with him. No official statement could be obtained at the White House as to the progress of the administration's work, although it was admitted that there was a "great deal" going on, which it would be inexpedient to make public at this time. No intimation was given as to whether the remark referred to the conferences at the White House or other negotiations.

RICH HAUL.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 11.—The loss of the train robbery given out by officials of the Burlington is placed at $50,000. They have offered a reward of $1000 for the capture of the gang.

The booty of the robbers consisted principally of gold coin. This made the burden of the robbers exceedingly heavy and accounts for the broad trail discovered by Chief Hoaglund. The robbery was originally planned to take place at St. Joseph, and the railroad men were on the lookout. One of the men in the plot "tipped" the deal off to the company and this probably accounts for the shifting of the crime to Lincoln.

DEATHS.

BROWN—The funeral of the late Minnie Maclean Brown, wife of Glenn C. Brown, will be held at the Maclean residence, No. 2 East Fourth street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Undertaking and Embalming

Largest Stock o Undertaking Goods in the Northwest. **C. O. NELSON,** Open day and night. 1st Ave W and U S Blk 19th Ave W. Both Phones

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Kylmala and Mari Usitalo.
Charles F. Blake and Louis Sunckel.
Wesley Pearl McDonald and Annie Brenan, of West Superior.
Henry LePage and May Adams, of West Superior.
Thomas Garvin and Pearl Shephard, of West Superior.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING room waitress. Apply St. Louis hotel.

HANAN'S SHOES FOR MEN AND women; worn by all who want the best—$5, $6 and $7. Sold in Duluth only by M. S. Burrows.

NOT COSMETIC, FACE WASH OR paint. Satin-Skin Cream beautifies because it absorbs and heals blemishes.

Dr. Emma Breinholm,

Doctor in Midwifery and Magnetic Healing, has opened an office, 111 West Superior street, for her up town patients. The doctor has practiced in Duluth for 14 years. Office hours—9 a. m. to 2 p. m. Main office and residence, 1615 Piedmont avenue west. Zenith 'phone 1471.

Copyrights. Caveats. Trade Marks.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson,
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINN.

SCHOOL for Dancing Open

Assembly Hall, Masonic Temple. Miss Regina Smith, member of American Association of Dancing Teachers. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday even 8 p. m. Drawing-room, stage and fancy dancing. Private lessons by appointment.

REGINA SMITH,

53-54 Board of Trade, West Superior.

STEEL RANGES

Radiant Home...



IOWA

$5 Cash....

$1.25 per week

We warrant every Iowa and Radiant Home Range to give perfect satisfaction in *every* way or money returned.

These ranges burn hard or soft coal or wood, have duplex grates, body made of Wood's hammered polished steel. The are *fuel savers*, so parties say who are now using them, and we guarantee them in every way.

KELLEY HDW. CO.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The Sault is coming along beautifully," said M. A. Hayes, formerly a Duluth newspaper man, at the St. Louis this morning. Mr. Hayes is now secretary of the chamber of commerce at Sault Ste. Marie. "It is going to be a good town; it can't help it. The big power scheme of the Clergue interests there must make a city. Duluth is looking well, too. There is a substantial appearance about it that I like.

"The Sault is going to have a big celebration about Oct. 25. The opening of the new power canal is the occasion, and we expect to give up a couple of days to it, with a barbeque and everything in keeping. The stockholders in the Clergue syndicate are expected out to take part in the exercises and see what is going on, and we expect a big time."

"The Stevenson mine has produced 1,100,000 tons of iron ore this season," said Amos Shepard, superintendent of the Corrigan-McKinney company, at the St. Louis yesterday. "That is a big figure, but few people relize how big it is without analyzing it. For instance, we use old wooden cars that hold twenty-five tons and are twenty-five feet long. That makes it about a ton to the foot. It takes 44,000 cars to handle this big output, and if it was all in one train it would make a train 208 miles long. It is only 150 miles to the Twin Cities, so that train, if it was on a straight track, would lap over fifty-eight miles into the southern par of the state. Allowing fifty cars to the train it would make 859 trains. A lake freight of 90 cents a ton would mean that it cost $360,000 to carry that ore to the Lake Erie ports to which it is destined."

• • •

W. P. Powers, of the Powers-Simpson Logging company, came down from Hibbing today and is at the St. Louis.

• • •

The St. Paul high school football party, sixteen in number, is stopping at the Spalding.

• • •

D. E. Cuppernull, of Virginia, publisher of the Virginian, was at the St. Louis this morning, returning home today.

• • •

L. D. Rose, the Two Harbors merchant, is a St. Louis guest today.

• • •

P. E. Dowling and M. C. Palmer, the two range candidates on the Republican ticket, were down last night to attend the meeting of the Garfield Republican club. Mr. Dowling, who publishes the Eveleth Star, is a legislative candidate, and Mr Palmer is the candidate for register of deeds.

• • •

F. E. Weyerhaeuser and H. C. Hornby, of Cloquet, who are connected with the Weyerhaeuser lumber interests there, are at the Spalding today.

• • •

At the St. Louis: Magnus Webber, Red Wing; W. R. Humphrey, Ely; A. B. Coates, Virginia; D. G. Seeley, Biwabik; H. G. Seeley, Biwabik; H. Clark, Two Harbors; Mrs. E. D. Parmalee, Virginia; M. Schussler, Floodwood; A. D. Mills, St. Paul; Leslie Durham, St. Paul.

• • •

At the Spalding: C. E. Hendricks, Jahpeming; E. Easton, Owatonna, Minn.; Mrs. C. W. Niles, Calumet, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Wentworth, St. Paul; F. W. Wentworth, St. Paul; F. W. Richards, Iron Mountain, Mich.; Thomas J. Pasco, Norway, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Ensign and son, Minneapolis; A. Appleton, New York.

• • •

At the McKay: S. J. Riley, Two Harbors; H. F. Simpson, Arwell, Ont.; K. H. Attridge, Plamboro Center, Ont.; William N. Rear, New Sarum, Ont.; Sal Nelson, Mankato; Mrs. Susie Metke, Adolph; Mrs. R. M. Schmerton, Minneapolis; M. T. Ahern, St. Paul; F. C. Laird, Skibo; S. L. McCaffrey, Hibbing; Charles Butler, Virginia; H. Jarchow, Biwabik.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

DONATION DAY.

Next Saturday Is St. Luke's Hospital Day.

Saturday, Oct. 18, will be donation day at St. Luke's hospital. It has been the annual custom of the hospital to observe this as donation day ever since its establishment some twenty years ago.

Donations of groceries, clothing, wines, liquors, household furnishings and money are solicited. Any articles for household use will be acceptable, as the hospital has just moved into its handsome new quarters, which are not yet fully furnished.

Donations may be sent to the hospital, corner First street and Ninth avenue East, or left with R. H. Rathbun, M. M. Gasser company, or Henry Folz, for delivery. Donations of money may be handed to J. H. Dight, treasurer at the First National bank.

The Tyler Recital

All former pupils and recipients of programs are invited. The PERSIAN GARDEN begins at 8:15 sharp.

High School Assembly Hall, Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1902.

WAGES RAISED

In Two Raisin Houses Where Employes Struck.

Fresno, Cal., Oct. 11.—One hundred and fifty men dissatisfied with the rate of wages they were receiving have walked out of the Pacific Coast Raisin plant No. 9. At Markarian's packing house about forty men went out, but in less than an hour the increase of wages demanded was granted and they returned to work. At Guggenheim's house the raise asked for was granted within ten minutes after the men struck. The 400 employes of raisin packing houses in this city have taken steps to form a union with the object of securing higher wages.

2nd Annual Masquerade

by Welcome Hive No. 37, L. O. T. M. at Odd Fellows Hall, October 31, '02.

Those wishing invitations leave name and address at Eischen Bros.

Decree Filed.

At the special term of district court this morning, in the matter of the Western Land association against E. R. Jefferson, a decree was filed setting forth that the plaintiff is absolute owner in fee simple of lots 147 and 149, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth.

In the matter of Ida Nilson and Hattie S. Nelson against the Zenith City Manufacturing company, the defendants not appearing, the court found the plaintiffs entitled to a judgment for $2514.60 and an order was filed ordering a sheriff's sale of Oneota real estate between Eastern avenue and Oneota street.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

Duluth Business University Graduates In Great Demand.

During the past ten days no less than 23 applications were received at this office for young men and young women who had completed the commercial and stenographic courses at this institution. In every case the salary offered was good. Young people of the right calibre who complete both courses at this school are absolutely sure of remunerative employment, as the demand at all times far exceeds the supply. Students may enroll with equal advantage at any time.

The great piano sale at French & Bassett's is saving customers a lot of money. Why don't you investigate?

THE NORMAL.

First of a Series of Interesting Rhetoricals Is Given.

Monday morning during the chapel hour the first of a series of rhetoricals under the direction of Miss Prendergast, head of the English department, was given by seven of the young women attending the Normal school. The rhetoricals are to be a series of pictures of American life as shown by American authors. The work taken Morning morning was life in old New York as shown by Washington Irving in the "Legend of Sleepy Hollow" and was very amusing. The different pictures of Ichabod Crane that the author so vividly portrays were given became very real; from his peculiar appearance on horseback to his appearance on the floor when dancing that one would imagine that St. Vitas were before him. The next of the rhetoricals will take place the first Monday in November and will deal with life in New England as shown by James Russell Lowel.

• • •

Miss Prendergast has begun a series of talks on "Life in South America." Miss Prendergast spent the entire summer of 1901 in the country and speaks as one who knows of the life among the people there. Miss Prendergast is a very interesting speaker.

• • •

Mr. Seymour spoke to the students at Normal Wednesday morning on "Marie Antonette." The students there were charmed with Mr. Seymour, as every one has been who has heard him.

For Brainerd People.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen entertained at six-hand euchre Friday evening for their cousin, Mrs. Irma Camp-Hartley, of Brainerd. The guests with few expections, were all former residents of Brainerd and included Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Vanderslice and their guests, Mrs. Walter Courtney, Mrs. Fannie B. Smith and Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll. Others present were Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Potter, Mrs. A. P. Farrar, Miss Brown, Mrs. J. R. Howes, Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Lum, Mrs. George C. Howe, and guest, Mrs. E. C. Blanchard of Minneapolis; L. E. Lum and S. F. Snively.

COTTON TRUST ABANDONED.

New York, Oct. 11.—After repeated attempts to form a $60,000,000 combination of Southern cotton mills by promoters of this city, letters have been sent out announcing the abandonment of the scheme. It was stated that less than 25 per cent of the mill owners expressed a desire to enter the combine.

MORRIS IS SUPERINTENDENT.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 11.—H. H. Morris, of this city, acting auditor of the Rock Island system has been appointed superintendent of transportation of the World's fair by President D. R. Francis of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company.

MURDERED AND ROBBED.

Berlin, Oct. 11.—A special dispatch received here from Caracas, Venezuela, says Adam Russell, a German subject and manager of the Venezuela Plantation company, has been found murdered and robbed on the road. The government is making an investigation. The authorities charge the crime to the revolutionists.

Photographs!

WE ARE MAKING A SPECIAL AT. . . .

$1.50 per doz

THAT'S A WINNER—Bring in the Baby.

ELY Photographer 7 E. Sup. St., Near Lake Ave.

PRESSLEY IS CHOSEN

Moderator of the Presbyterian Synod of Minnesota.

Rev. T. H. Cleland of Duluth Withdrew In His Favor.

The Question of Finances Is An Important One.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—The Presbyterian synod of Minnesota unanimously elected Rev. H. M. Pressley, of this city, moderator. Rev. Mr. Pressley is pastor of Oliver church, Bloomington avenue northeast and Twenty-seventh street. Two nominations were made for the office of moderator, but Rev. Thomas H. Cleland, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Duluth, withdrew in favor of Mr. Pressley. This is the first time in eight years that a moderator has been elected from this city. Rev. A. H. Carver, retiring moderator, introduced the moderator-elect and withdrew in his favor. Rev. C. H. Johnson, of Willmar, was elected temporary clerk. His election was unanimous.

Rev. Albert B. Marshall, pastor of the Central church of Des Moines, Iowa, delivered the opening sermon. His text was, "How Shall the Servant of the Lord Teach?" He touched on the topic of revival meetings to some extent, and said though many have denounced them as no longer practical, he was in favor of them. He cited as an instance the religious revolution which took place during the fifties when the country was in a turmoil.

The following standing committees were appointed by the moderator, Rev. H. M. Pressley:

Bills and overtures—Rev. Allen Bell, Rev. T. M. Findley and C. T. Thompson.

Judicial business—Rev. T. H. Cleland, Rev. W. E. Bates, John Morton.

Narrative—W. F. Finch, Rev. J. J. Dann, C. N. Pinney.

Minutes of general assembly—Rev. J. C. Pierson, Rev. H. A. Noyes, Thomas Scotten.

Correspondence—Rev. George C. Polkelo, H. F. Gill, J. A. Robertson.

Devotional service—Rev. W. S. Ward, Rev. Frank L. Fraser, H. A. Campbell.

Finance—C. J. F. Smith, E. C. Brenn.

Leave of absence—Rev. A. C. Mansen and Rev. S. J. S. Moore.

The committees on presbyterial records were also appointed, as follows:

Duluth—Rev. R. L. Adams, Rev. O. P. Rider, John Millam.

Mankato—Rev. W. J. Palm, Rev. M. McCloud, H. A. Campbell.

Minneapolis—Rev. J. Russell Jones, Rev. L. F. Badger, J. A. Marlen.

Red River—Rev. E. P. Lewis, J. S. Boyd and C. H. Bigelow.

St. Cloud—Rev. A. W. Benson, Rev. H. B. Sutherland, J. W. Reid.

St. Paul—Rev. William Latimere, James Godward, J. H. McCollum.

Winona—Rev. W. M. Campbell, A. Durrie, J. W. Anderson.

The appointment of a committee to draft a resolution expressing sympathy and encouragement for President Roosevelt in his efforts to end the coal strike troubles was unanimously ordered.

The appeal of Rev. Louis Richter from the decision of the Minneapolis presbytery expelling him from the ministry was referred to the committee on judicial business.

The tenor of the reports and discussion was the need of a better system for raising funds and supporting the churches. Rev. T. H. Cleland, for the committee on finance and benevolence, said that the church should be the last to be embarrassed for funds, as its members possessed wealth and are intelligent and disciplined; the church has complete machinery that has systematized its work so admirably that sister denominations think it no robbery to imitate its plans. The liberality of members in giving depends upon their training. The recommendations, which were adopted, urge that each minister strive to secure some offering from every member for church work and that the churches be encouraged to choose some definite work to support, either a home or foreign missionary or a ministerial candidate.

Reports from each presbytery on the state of religion were given by Rev. S. A. Jamison, Duluth; Rev. L. F. Badger, Mankato; Rev. Charles Thayer, Minneapolis; Rev. T. M. Finley, St. Cloud; Rev. H. McHenry, Red River; Rev. M. D. Edwards, St. Paul and J. A. Ainslie, Winona. These were followed by an earnest discussion of methods for dealing with decadent churches no longer able to support a minister. In many instances the retrogression was caused by emigration and that the weak or practically dead churches are retained as nuclei for future work among the incoming foreigners.

The report of the permanent committee on home missions was given by Rev. S. J. Kennedy. The large deficit in home mission contributions was a matter of much concern. The gifts were $2705.55, or $1140.16 less than on the previous year. There was expended by the home mission board $21,573.49; of the 279 churches, 103 sent no contributions. A good many churches raising money for home missions turned it over to the women's society, where it was expended in supporting schools, few of which are in this synod's territory. It is the opinion of both the women's society and the home mission board that the women should support their own society and the contributions of the churches should go to the board. In the year six home mission churches have become self-supporting, Cloquet, Cottonwood, Swan Lake, Grace, of Minneapolis, Austin Central and Oakland.

The recommendations of the home mission committee providing that an effort be made to secure gifts of a cent a week from all members, and that more time be spent in educating people as to the claims of the home mission board, were adopted. The reappointment of Dr. R. N. Adams was recommended and his faithfulness and efficiency were commended.

Dr. C. L. Thompson, of New York, secretary of the home mission board, commenting upon the showing made in the report, showed that the Minnesota church gave last year an average of only 12 cents a member for home mission. He called attention to the miserably insufficient salaries paid to many home missionary pastors, and urged a better support.

An overture was presented from the presbytery of Duluth, for the setting off from the Duluth and Red River presbyteries of portions of their territory for a new presbytery, to be known as the Brainerd presbytery.

The program yesterday afternoon was as follows:

"Christian Nurture of the Young," Rev. A. B. Marshall, D.D., will preside.

"Home Training," Rev. John E. Bushnell, D.D., leader.

"The Youth in the Sabbath School," Rev. G. W. Davis, Ph.D., leader.

"The Endeavor Society as a Training School," Rev. M. D. Hardin, leader.

"Early Religious Impressions," Rev. John Sinclair, leader.

"Christian Collegiate Instruction, at Albert Lea and Macalester Colleges."

The evening services commenced at 7:30, Rev. H. M. Pressley presiding.

"Home Missions in Minnesota" were discussed by Rev. R. N. Adams, D.D., and "Home Missions and the Kingdom," by Rev. C. L. Thompson, D.D.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

HON. KNUTE NELSON, U. S. Senator,

Will Speak at

THE ARMORY

WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 15. Hear Him.

CONG[illegible]

Of Society [illegible]ists Wil[illegible] Oc[illegible]

New York, Oct. [illegible]bat, founder of the S[illegible]ists, is expected here [illegible]tend the thirteenth na[illegible] that society, which w[illegible]0, in the halls of the [illegible]n of Natural History [illegible]ll be continued until [illegible]ct of the congress is [illegible]stu-dents of the a[illegible]ology and early histor[illegible], and by reading of [illegible]scus-sions of advan[illegible] these subjects.

The subjects [illegible]r the congress relative [illegible]es of America, their [illegible], his-tory, physical [illegible]lan-guages, inventi[illegible]eligi-ons, and the hist[illegible]ntact between America and the [illegible]d.

Invitations to the congress issued in November, 1901, were forwarded by the state department to all foreign governments, which sent them to their respective countries. Several of these special representatives of foreign governments and foreign institutions already have arrived from Europe and South America. The latest arrival is Juan B. Ambrosetti, delegate to the Museum National of Buenos Ayres, the university of the same place, and of that of La Plata and one of the best authorities in South America on anthropology and Americanist questions.

This will be the first time the society has held its congress in the United States. Sessions were held since 1875 at Luxembourg, Brussels, Paris, Madrid, Copenhagen, Berlin, Turin, Huelva, Stockholm, Mexico City and the last time at Paris in 1900, when it was voted that the thirteenth congress should be held at New York in 1902 under the presidency of Morris Jessup and the Duke de Loubat as vice president.

ABSORBED.

American Asiatic Steamship Company Gets Another Line.

New York, Oct. 11.—From an official source, says the Journal of Commerce, it has been learned that the American-Asiatic Steamship company, which was recently formed by capitalists interested in the Chinese Development company, has absorbed the Philippine Steamship line, which is operated by the Philippine Transportation and Construction company. The business of the latter company will be entirely absorbed, but the Philippine end of the business will be continued by the old company.

The Philippine Transportation and Construction company has been operating a monthly service to the Philippines. In addition to this service the company owns and operates nineteen steel steamers and barges of 400 tons each. These were formerly operated on the lakes and the Erie canal and were taken apart and transported to the Philippines for use between the islands of the Philippines archipelago. The first steamer, the Gibraltar, of the new company, is scheduled to sail from New York on Oct. 25.

WAGES ADJUSTED.

Mexico City, Oct. 11.—The question regarding wages between employes of the National Railroad of Mexico and that corporation has been satisfactorily adjusted. The wages of engineers and conductors have been raised an average of 15 per cent.

Will You Write a Postal

So a Sick One May Get Well?

Send no money—simply a postal card, giving the name of some one who needs help. Tell me the book to send.

Then I will do this:—I will send the sick one an order—good at any drug store—for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. He may take it a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, *I will pay the druggist myself.* And the sick one's mere word shall decide it.

That month's test will show you what the remedy can do. It is the easiest way to convince you. It is the only way to induce all who need help to accept it.

I make the offer to multiply my cures, and I am willing to trust the cured ones to be fair with me.

In the past twelve years I have furnished my Restorative to hundreds of thousands of sick ones on just those terms, and 39 out of 40 have paid gladly, because they got well. I pay just as willingly when one says I have failed.

The remedy is my discovery, the result of a lifetime's work. I have perfected it by watching results in thousands of the most difficult cases that physicians ever meet. I know what it will do.

My success comes from strengthening weak inside nerves and my Restorative is the only remedy that does that. When an organ is weak I bring back the nerve power which alone operates every vital organ. It is like giving an engine more steam. I give the weak organ power to do its duty, and there is no other way to make weak organs well.

Can you conceive of a sick one who will neglect such a treatment, when I take the entire risk?

Simply state which book you want and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed).
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is sold at all druggists.

CROOKED RIVER MINING AND MILLING CO.

We have a good bargain in the above if taken at once. We also advise purchasing **Moorcroft Oil Stock** now. The work at the well is progressing rapidly.

Derrig & Gunnis, - 409-410 Torrey Building.

TERMINAL

For the Southern Pacific Building at Point Richmond.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—The Southern Pacific is to have a big freight terminal at Point Richmond adjacent to the end of the Santa Fe railroad and to the extensive plant which the Standard Oil people are rapidly completing. Word has been received from New York says the Examiner, that after conferring with General Manager Krutschnitt on the project, President Harriman has given it his approval. The terminal will be connected with the Southern Pacific main line by the construction of a branch line from San Pablo. The new terminal is ten miles by rail from the company's West Oakland freight yards which have become too small for the traffic. A branch system of shops will be erected at the new terminal.

As near as can be ascertained ships to and from the Orient, will load Eastern freight at the terminal and all through freight from the East, the Northern states and he Sacramento valley will be handled here.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

LOCAL DONATIONS

Of Butte Labor Bodies to the Striking Miners.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 11.—The various labor bodies of Butte have raised over $3000 for the benefit of the striking coal miners of the Pennsylvania anthracite coal fields.

Under the auspices of the Miners and Smelters' unions, it is proposed to give a ball at which it is expected every union man in Butte and vicinity will attend or buy a ticket. There are about 6000 miners and smelter men in Butte, and it is expected to raise about $10,000 for the Pennsylvania miners.

Found best by test Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, 25c.

SCHAU COLD SET TIRE SETTER.



THE BEST WAY.

Four tires can be set in one-half hour with absolutely no injury to wheels. Does the work far better than by taking the tires off. NOW IS THE TIME to have them put in order. Bring them in.

JAS. McMARTIN,

Practical Blacksmith and Repairer,

Cor. First Ave. East and First Street.

MINER'S HOUSE DYNAMITED.

Albert Dry, a Philadelphia & Reading coal and iron company employe, was dynamited about midnight and his daughter was injured. A neighbor named Ditzell and two others are held under suspicion.

CANADA WANTS PREFERENCE.

London, Oct. 11.—The mayor of Toronto has cabled an appeal to the mayor of Cardiff to induce the coal mine operators to give Canada the preference in meeting the emergency arising from the American coal strike.

Only one more week of the great piano sale at French & Bassett's. Great savings in price await you there.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Malarial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

Actinic or Violet Rays

The most effective and painless treatment known for

Cancer, Consumption and Skin Diseases.

This is the same light as that used by the celebrated Dr. Finsen, of Copenhagen, and eminent New York specialists.

For particulars address THE HERBAQUEEN CO., 319 First Ave. East, Duluth.

WHEREAS, A CERTAIN MORTGAGE was made, executed and delivered by J. Arthur Robert and Laura Robert, his wife, mortgagors, to Charles B. Benson, mortgagee, dated July 1st, 1901, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 11th, 1901, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 129, of Mortgages, on page 81, which mortgage contains a provision that if default be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then the whole sum secured by said mortgage should immediately become and at any time thereafter during the continuance of such default be due and payable at the election of the mortgagee without notice; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest due July 1, 1902, and in the payment of taxes on the mortgaged premises, which default still continues, by reason whereof said mortgagee has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due at the date hereof upon said mortgage debt the sum of two thousand eight hundred twenty-four and 10-100 dollars ($2824.10), and no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered six (6), in Scovell's rearrangement of block numbered twenty-five (25), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record on the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county; which sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and interest, taxes on said premises (if any) paid after the date hereof and prior to sale hereunder, $75 attorney's fee in said mortgage stipulated in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of St. Louis county, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county, on November 17, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day.

Dated October 4, 1902.

CHARLES B. BENSON, Mortgagee.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER, Attorneys for Mortgagee, First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 4-11-18-25, Nov. 1-8, 1902.



THE DOINGS OF SOCIETY

Wednesday evening a beautiful fall wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, 1802 East Superior street, when their daughter, Miss Ophelia Kalida Sellwood, and Leslie Walword Leithhead were married. The ceremony took place at 7 o'clock in the reception hall, which was a perfect bower of beauty in greens. Flaaten's orchestra was stationed on the stair landing, and as the bridal party entered played softly the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin." Miss Sellwood's gown was a beautiful Parisian creation, of white satin, with a chiffon and lace overdress, with a silver thread gleaming through it. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only attendant, Miss Larue Sellwood, was gowned in green crepe, which carried out the color scheme, and carried pink roses. Alfred Leithhead, of Montreal, brother of the groom, was best man. The service was read by Dr. A. W. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal church.

After the wedding a large reception was held from 8 till 11, and the house presented a most beautiful appearance. The parlors were elaborately decorated with greens and American Beauties, and in the library and dining rooms yellow chrysanthemums and greens made a charming decoration. On the dining room table the centerpiece was a huge basket of yellow chrysanthemums, above which white illusion was prettily festooned and draped to the corners of the table. On one corner of the table was the bride's cake and on the other the groom's.

The receiving party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Sellwood, the bride and groom, and Mrs. Job P. Morrow, Miss Sellwood and Alfred Leithhead. Assisting in the parlors were Mrs. Renwick B. Knox, Mrs. Adelbert W. Dutton, Mrs. Joseph B. Cotton, Mrs. Cora Macdougall and Mrs. Wayland W. Walker. A very large number of friends called during the evening to offer congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Leithhead left in the evening for a trip through the East as far as Montreal, and after their return will be at home at their new home on Eighteenth avenue east.

• • •

Mrs. Wayland Ward Walker, of 1621 East First street, entertained Monday afternoon for Miss Sellwood, who was married on Wednesday. The affair took the form of a card party and tin shower, and was a most delightful one. Six-handed eucher was played, and Mrs. C. D. Thompson received the prize for games, Mrs. W. J. Olcott the declare prize, and Miss Rossers, of Superior, the consolation. The guests were:

Mesdames—

W. Dalyrmple,	Percy M. Shaw,
L. W. Powell,	G. A. Tomlinson,
R. M. Sellwood,	J. P. Morrow,
T. W. Hoopes,	Homer Collins,
C. D. Thompson,	G. H. Stance,
J. Panton,	W. White,
E. P. Towne,	W. Wall,
L. J. Hopkins,	G. G. Hartley,
W. B. Silvey,	W. J. Olcott,
G. L. Chesebrough,	Cora McDougall,
Ed Mendenhall,	G. C. Howe,
C. A. Luster,	W. Pressentin,
R. F. Dowse,	G. H. Jones,
J. B. Cotton,	A. B. Wolvin,
T. F. Cole,	J. E. Granger,
H. F. Williamson, Jr.,	B. F. Myers,
R. B. Knox,	R. C. Ray,
F. R. Leslie,	F. P. Nester.

Misses—

Simonds,	McClure,
Sellwood,	Rossel, of Superior,
Larue Sellwood,	Robinson,
Peyton,	White,
Martha Peyton,	Hartman,
Alice Peyton,	Scott.

• • •

Wednesday evening of last week a very pretty wedding took place at 201 Pittsburg avenue, when Miss Ada Barnham and Frank Cole were married, Rev. C. R. Sine, of the First Christian church, performed the ceremony. The bridesmaid was Miss Lena Bonlore, and Henry Teslan was best man. A large number of friends witnessed the ceremony.

• • •

Last Monday evening a surprise party was given Joseph Oreckovosky at his home, 516 Lake avenue north. The evening was very pleasantly spent with music and games. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames:

Oreckovsky, of Superior,	T. Polinsky,
A. Oreckovsky,	Joseph Oreckovsky,
L. Oreckovsky,	M. Oreckovsky,
	Phillips.

Mesdames:

J. Orenstein, of St. Paul,	

Misses:

Esther Shapera, of St. Paul,	Oreckovsky, of Superior,
Jennie Fox,	Anna Shapera.

Messrs:

Bright,	Botensy,
Oreckovsky,	Mittendorf.

• • •

Wednesday evening a very pretty wedding took place at nine o'clock at the home of Mrs. H. P. Nelson, of 731 East First street. The bride was Miss Melinda Longtin and the groom, Richard Harris, of the Famous Shoe store. The bridesmaid was Miss Etta A. Roberts and the best man was J. W. Smithdiel. The ceremony which was read by Rev. A. W. Ryan, was witnessed by a small number of their intimate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Harris are at home to their friends at 731 East First street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Gallagher have invitations out for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Emily Blanche Gallagher, to Albert Eugene Kirby. The wedding is to be a church wedding and promises to be one of great beauty. It is to take place at St. Paul's church. The maid of honor is to be Miss Laura Sheuard, of St. Paul, and the bridesmaids are Miss Jane Lewis, of Minneapolis, and Miss Marian Day, of Duluth. L. O. Kirby, of Little Falls, brother of the groom, is to be best man and the ushers are to be W. S. McCormick, C. P. McCormick, William R. Gallagher and W. J. Reynolds.

A reception will be held at the bride's home, 414 East Third street, from 9 to 11 o'clock.

• • •

Cards have been received in Duluth for the wedding of Miss May Lennox, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Lennox, of Minneapolis, to Fred Boyce, son of Dr. S. F. Boyce, of this city. The wedding is to take place Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, at the home, 2120 Girard avenue. On their wedding trip they will come to Duluth, and from here will go on an extended tour through the East.

• • •

Thursday noon, Mrs. George D. Swift, of 2520 East First street, entertained at luncheon for Miss Robinson, of Detroit. The table was very daintily trimmed with the white fall asters, and the affair was a most delightful one. The guests were:

Mrs. K. L. Chesebrough.

Misses—

Comstock,	Culver,
Peyton,	Bessie Hunter,
Alice Peyton,	Crowley, V

• • •

Mrs. E. P. Towne, of 123 South Twenty-first avenue east, entertained at luncheon Tuesday afternoon for Mrs. E. J. Fellows, of New York.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers, of 1127 London road, will leave for a European trip the first of next month, to be gone about a year. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Morrow will occupy their residence during their absence.

• • •

Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Maurice Bywater entertained at cards for Mrs. Maurice Bywater, Jr. Six-handed eucher was played, and Mrs. Edward Totman received the prize for games, and Miss Julia Davis the declare prize.

• • •

Mrs. Orlando Grover Brice, of 1720 East Superior street, entertained at cards yesterday afternoon at her home, 1720 East Superior street. Six-handed eucher was played, and Mrs. Whitney Wall won the head prize, Miss Pauline Smith the declare prize, and Mrs. Frank Lynam received the consolation.

• • •

Last evening the Epworth league of the First Methodist church held a most delightful reception in the church parlors of the church for the teachers of teh city. This reception is an annual fall affair, and the one last evening was very pleasing. The parlors were decorated very prettily with sweet peas, and the brilliant mountain ash berries. During the evening Robertson's orchestra played.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Jones, of 209 Third avenue West, entertained at luncheon Thursday for Sister Ellen, deaconess of St. Paul's church. Covers were laid for eight.

• • •

Mrs. E. O. Gates and Miss Kate Boyce went to Minneapolis Thursday evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Orlando Grover Brice have invitations out for a card party next Friday evening.

• • •

A delightful social event will be the Simchas-Torah dance, which will be given by the young men of the Progress club at the Spalding, Oct. 22, for the benefit of the Temple Emanuel congregation. Last season this club gave a number of delightful dances through the winter, but this is the first affair of any size that they have attempted and it gives promise of being a tremendous success.

The name "Simchas Torah" is that of one of the Jewish festivals and signifies—day of great rejoicing—and every one of the congregation and their friends will join in thus fittingly celebrating it—It will be a strictly invitation affair and the music will be furnished by La Brosse's full orchestra. The following geneltemen are on the committee in charge: David Loewus, Louis Levy, Nathan Ducas, Morris Freimuth. Names of the ladies who will act as patronesses will be given latera.

• • •

Mrs. W. J. Gilbert, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Cullen of the West end, has gone to St. Paul.

• • •

The Misses Verona and Lu Graf, who have been visiting friends in Duluth have returned to their home in Buffalo, New York.

• • •

A large chorus, consisting of members from the diferent choirs of the Swedish churches in this city and other singers, is being organized under the auspices of the Orpheus Singing society. There are now about fifty members, and it is the intention to have at least one hundred if possible. Rehearsals have begun on Dr. Lagerstrom's Cantata, and the Halleujah chorus from "Mount of Olives" by Beethoven will probably be taken up at the next meeting, which will be held at the First Swedish Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Second avenue West and Second street, next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Prof. A. F. Lundholm is the leader.

• • •

Mrs. A. F. M. Custance has resigned her position as solo soprano in St. Paul's church choir, owing to ill health Her resignation will take efect at the end of the month.

• • •

Mrs. A. G. Kelly, of 308 Eighth avenue East has returned from an extended visit with relatives at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

• • •

Miss Augustus Markus, of Shakopee, is visiting her brother, W. F. Markus, of this city.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Swain have gone on a Western trip.

• • •

Mrs. Boyington and Mrs. Premo, of Minneapolis, are visiting Mrs. Nygren, of West Duluth.

• • •

Mrs. Frederick Ernest and son, of Chicago, are visiting in West Duluth.

• • •

Mrs. M. M. Clark left Tuesday afternoon for a visit in Lexington, Neb.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Howard and family have moved to Owatonna, Minn., where they will make their future home.

• • •

Mrs. Charles Rufus, of Iron River, is visiting friends in West Duluth.

• • •

Mrs. D. D. Dansworth, of St. Paul, is visiting her sister in West Duluth for a few days.

• • •

Mrs. H. B. McKenny, of 215 West Third street, left Wednesday for a visit with friends in Iowa.

• • •

Mrs. B. Woods of Duluth Heights entertained her neighbors and friends Wednesday evening as a "farm all" for Mr. and Mrs. Rockwell and family, who are about to move to West Duluth. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

Stewart,	Butler,
Ried,	Johnston,
Merritt,	Wilson,
Alex McEwen,	Hendry,
Boutin,	Wood,
Rockwell,	

Misses—

Hendry,	Wood,
Rockwell,	

Messrs—

Toucey,	Wood.
Rockwell,	

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. James K. Stack are stopping at the St. Louis.

• • •

Miss Marie King will leave next week for Oberlin, O., to attend conservatory of music there. Mrs. L. E. King will accompany her and go to Cleveland for the winter.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Somers gave a course dinner to ten prominent members of Haverly's minstrels in honor of their son Perrin Somers, Monday last at their residence, 17 Second avenue East, and after the show at night they gave an informal luncheon to the entire company and a few personal friends.

• • •

Miss Emma Jacobi, of West Duluth, has returned from a vacation trip.

• • •

Miss Lizzie Jacobi, of West Duluth, has gone to Wabasha for a visit.

• • •

There has been added to the pictures in the children's room at the public library three very original panel pictures with a poster effect. The pictures are labelled "Morning," "Noon" and "Night" and represent a child in characteristic attitudes. In "Morning" he is sitting up in bed with his wide open eyes looking out on the world: at "Noon" he is eating his luncheon and "Night" depicts him saying his little prayer. The pictures are hung advantageously and make a charming addition to the room.

• • •

Thursday evening about twenty-five friends gave a delightful surprise party for Mrs. Edward Gregory at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lee, of Lester Park. The evening was spent in cards and music.

• • •

Next Wednesday the Bethel Rescue Home for women at 430 and 432 Sixth avenue East will be glad to have all who are interested in the work call and see the preparation which has been made for it.

• • •

Mrs. James G. Walker, of Detroit, who has been visiting friends in West Duluth for the past few weeks, has returned home.

• • •

Mrs. Dormedy, of West Duluth, has returned from a visit with friends in Toronto?

• • •

Mrs. L. J. Lewis, of St. Paul, is visiting in West Duluth.

A NEW TEXT.

Southern Preacher Gives Food For Thought.

Coffee works in many different and unsuspected ways. Mr. E. L. Wesson, pastor of Baptist church of Sardis, Miss., writes:

"I loved coffee from my infancy, and never knew of it hurting me until I was 33 years old. I suffered with headaches if forced to do without it, and sometimes used it three times a day, but headache had been one of the ills of our family, and therefore I thought it was an inherited evil for which coffee was a special remedy, but about nine eyars ago I began to suffer from sleeplessness, which continued until it seemed as if my nerves would wreck for want of sleep, and yet I could not sleep.

A friend suggested that I quit coffee excent for breakfast, which I did, and so found that I could sleep a little better, but my headaches continued, and my nervous system would sometimes seem as if the very fibres of my flesh were moving within me. It went on until three years ago I began to suffer at night with an itching sensation en my limbs below my knees and on my arms below the elbows, and sometimes all over my body, but there was no eruption on the skin; the flesh was smooth and white. I consulted several good physicians, but with no avail.

I had no idea that the coffee I drank in the morning caused it, but finally decided to stop coffee for a while, and try Postum Food Coffee. Wife made it according to directions, so that I liked it equally as well as coffee. I had no idea that it would relieve the awful itching deep down in my flesh, but thought I would try it to see if there was any virtue in it. I had used it only a few days, when I discovered that the itching was not so severe. When I had used it ten days, my wife said, 'What is the matter with you? You do not seem to be troubled with that itching sensation. I told her that I did not know what was the cause, but I knew that I was not troubled with the itching any more and was thankful for it.

I then went over to preach in another town, and while there drank some strong coffee, and the itching returned. When I came back home I commenced using Postum again, and the itching ceased. Then I decided that coffee in some way produced the itching. I drink Postum three times a day, and rest as well as I ever rested, and never have headaches any more. I believe that hundreds of preachers who suffer from indigestion, nervousness and worry, would find rest and health if they would quit coffee and use Postum."

CLUB NOTES.

At this time of the opening of club work for the winter, it is interesting to note the fair which the Professional Women's league of New York is giving this month in Madison Square Garden. It is said that this will be the most comprehensive and costly affair of the kind that has ever been given. In the prospective it is declared that "this exhibit is to be an interesting and instructive show of all the sex has done or is in a fair way of doing, artistically and domestically."

The affair is to cost $250,000 and is to employ 3000 women, from Oct. 7 to Oct. 18.

The exposition building has been transformed by the work of women of every country and every century. The most picturesque idea displayed, perhaps, is the street in Venice, which is to cost $30,000. Other exhibitions will be imitations of women of China, Holland, France, Ireland, East India and so on working at some characteristic employment.

Another section will show articles used by women, from a patent stove lid to a dream of a hat. Another department will demonstrate actual activities of women from the kitchen to a medical clinic.

Another feature that is interesting is that all of the 3000 employes are to be women. Even the carriage attendants and the police officers will be women in natty uniforms.

The idea had its inspiration in an affair of much the same kind which was given two years ago by English women at Earl's Court, London. It was most successful and with the superior advantages offered in this country, the fair in New York will be of surpassing interest.

• • •

Monday the first meeting of the Matinee Musicale was held and if the first meeting may be taken as a forerunner of what is coming, the club has certainly a year of pleasure and profit before it. National music is the work that the club has laid and it began with a program of Scottish and Irish music. The first number was a bagpipe solo by Professor John Smith, which was beautifully illustrative of the stirring music of the Scots. Miss Elizabeth Bailey sang her selections with feeling and Milton B. Griffith was heartily encored after his rendering of two of Laurence Kellie's songs. Mrs. MacLean played her two numbers beautifully and Miss Rebecca Mackenzie received her usual enthusiastic reception when she sang her group of Scotch songs.

• • •

During the last week the women's clubs of this city have been electing their delegates to the state federation of clubs meeting, which is to be held at Albert Lea next week. The Twentieth Century club have as delegates Mrs. J. H. Crowley with Mrs. J. D. Morrison as alternate and Mrs. H. C. Marshall with Mrs. R. N. Marble as alternate. The Magazine club, at a special meeting held this week, decided not to send a delegate. The Saturday club will send Mrs. H. F. Paddock as their representative and the Ladies' Literature class is holding a meeting this afternoon to choose a delegate. Miss Jean Poirier will go from the Bishop's club of this city with a paper on "Mechanical Helps in the Household."

• • •

Twentieth Century club notes:

Monday, 10 a. m., executive board meeting.

Wednesday, 2 p. m., literature class. This will be the first meeting of the year of the literature class. It is advisable that all intending to join the class be present at this meeting.

All day sessions of the club will be held at the library building.

The opening sessions of the parliamentary law class the Tuesday travel class and the Thursday Shakespeare class were held the past week, and were well attended and a great deal of interest shown. In addition to the regular work in the parliamnetary law class, every other session up to January will be devoted to a drill under the leadership of Frank Crasweller.

The Tuesday afternoon travel class will tour and study Italy and Egypt. The days for this class will be the second and fourth Tuesdays instead of Wednesdays, as stated in the year book.

"The Tempest" was the drama taken up by the Thursday morning Shakespeare class. Miss Roe, the leader for the day, gave a very fine analysis of the play and the different characters.

The evening Shakespeare class will resume on Oct. 20 with Mrs. Charles d'Autremont as leader and "Much Ado About Nothing" will be the drama.

The following is the program of the literature class for the entire year, Mrs. M. R. Baldwin being leader:

Wednesday, Oct. 15, 2:30.—"Current Events," Mrs. H. C. Marshall; 3:00, "Tale of a Tub," Dean Swift, Mrs. M. R. Baldwin, Mrs. James McCahill.

Oct. 29.—"Current Events," Mrs. Baldwin, "She Stoops to Conquer," Oliver Goldsmith, Mrs. Agatin, Mrs. Charles Parsons.

Nov. 12.—"Current Events," Mrs. George Elder. "Deserted Village," Oliver Goldsmith, Mrs. George Prudden, Mrs. Westcott.

Nov. 26.—"Current Events," Mrs. George Prudden. "Rasselas," Dr. Johnson, Mrs. George Elder, Mrs. John Carson.

Dec. 16.—"Current Events," Mrs. Thomas, Hicks. "Speech on Conciliation of America," Burke, Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. Lindmark.

Jan. 14.—"Current Events," Mrs. Laybourn. "Ode to Immortality," Wordsworth, Mrs. Wachtel, Mrs. Stanford.

Jan. 28.—"Current Events." "Lady of the Lake," Scott, Mrs. Laybourn, Mrs. George St. Clair.

Fe. 11.—"Current Events," Mrs. A. L. Agatin. "Lady of the Lake," Mrs. M. R. Baldwin.

Feb. 25.—"Current Events," Miss Brown. "Edinburgh Reviews," Mrs. Thomas Hicks; "English Bards and Scotch Reviewes," Lord Byron.

March 11.—"Current Events," Mrs. George Elder. "Flight of a Ttartar Tribe," De Quincy, Mrs. F. Day, Miss Brown.

March 25.—Business meeting.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet with Mrs. Allen next Tuesday at 2:30 p. m. Leader, Mrs. Williams.

Bethel Rescue Home.

The Bethel Rescue Home for women, 430-432 Sixth avenue East, will be open to the public next Wednesday, throughout the day and evening. The board of directors will be pleased to have all who are interested call and see the preparation which has been made for this work. A dedicatory prayer service will be held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The ministers of the city are cordially invited to be present.

"A Little Outcast."

E. J. Carpenter's melodrama, "A Little Outcast," was well staged at the Lyceum last evening and fairly well acted, the majority of the company doing good work. The play is typical of its class and furnishes enough thrilling situations and hair breadth escapes to last the ordinary person a long time. It was evident that those who attended wanted to see something exciting, and they got their money's worth and were not backward in expressing their appreciation.

METHODIST

Local Preachers Association Meets at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 11.—The forty-fifth annual convention of National Association of Local Preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church, opened in this city today. More than 100 delegates from different parts of the United States and two representatives from England, are in attendance.

Local Preachers' associations all over the country are represented at today's gathering, and many topics will come up for consideration. The condition of the local preachers' mutual aid society and the status of the Taylor university at Upland, Ind., where young men are educated for the ministry, will attract the most interest at the business sessions.

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses, 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. S. F. Boyce.

A married woman's letters to her brother.(*

DULUTH, SEPTEMBER 1, 1902.

MY DARLING JACK:

Oh, what would I do, poor me, could I not pour out my soul to you—comforting, consoling, advising Jackanapes—in the fond assurance even your deep diplomatic duties do not engulf your sympathies.

The life of matron is all that it's pictured, Jacky, dear, only much more so. And now, do you know, I'm having just loads of fun in hitherto unsuspected fields. You know how my tastes run, and how I'm "run" for the wherewithal to gratify them, now that papa has put a lock on his strong box, a bar on his cheque book and hubby's surplus is painted "Vermilion" on the range with its great expectations of an iron "strike" and delayed realizations.

It's wonderful, really wonderful, Jack, what one learns when hard put to it, and how much the learning makes one see the foolishness of so much of our ordinary expenditure. Well! I was invited over to Nesmith's at Ashland for a week, and simply HAD to go; because I wanted to—and isn't that sufficient reason? But here I was with absolutely nothing to wear. Of course, there was the blue foulard, the white duck, the little lace affair you admired so much the time we went to that evening tra-la-la-la at Lester Park—and almost froze. And there was that chapeau of pink roses and the other one with the white feathers and dozens of other "yatching" caps and what not. But these are not clothes, as you'd know if you were a dear little woman like me, and only 300 little bits of dollars—how little they are—to do me for a month and maybe more, until hubby taps the line of communication.

No time to go to Chicago or the East, and only a few — what was it Dickey called them?—"cold plunks"—with which to make out, and my entire past to maintain, what was I to do? Madame Meyer wouldn't look at a dress for me less than $75, nor a coat for less than $50, and Madame Marie de O'Farrell I know would be in possession of a hundred before the necessary hats would be ready—and I hadn't even time to wait if I'd been otherwise than on short rations of dollars.

And so I went in for fun. Petticoats, you know, or you would know if you were me, aren't as changeable as the seasons—not always—nor as their wearers, sometimes; and a trunkful of last year's wouldn't necessarily be recognized for senility. So I cast aside the consideration of everything but externals and—"the curtain rose on *votre petite marriee* on a shopping tour."

Had I been possessed of other than your own sunny humor, I'd have been miserable—and I just wished many a time and oft that you were with me. There were so many droll situations and so many peeps behind the curtains into what passes for brains; such expositions of cupidity and revels in smirks with a final landing on sound and rugged footing after struggling thro' the "slough of despond," which it'd take a George Ade to to adequately describe. Forgive that awful pun. It was truly inadvertent and I'll just give you a little kiss, right—there—on—the—forehead to chase away the frown. There, that's better.

Well, you know I'd not have to travel many weary miles to cover Duluth's shopping district, and more because it was nearest D'Argent's 'got me" first. Passing over much that amused me and some that pleased, I found myself in juxtaposition with the force of garment workers. This is getting down to earth with a vengeance, I know, but you'd hardly realize how the experience has matured me. Verily, Jack, I believe I could do something myself at barter and sale, after adding to my repertoire the education afforded by a peddler whom it was my ludicrous fortune and whimsical will to entertain—but I'll tell you of that some other time, as it's a story by itself.

I confess to considerable surprise at the development of garments on the ready-made plan, for there were many really good "things," and everytime my taste was in evidence there was quick enough response with a price quotation. It's new to me, you know, to feel that anything is beyond my means, or is extravagant; but I had just made up my mind on positively keeping within a single hundred. So when a very neat brown broadcloth took my fancy and I demurred that $50 was more than I'd expend, the clerk very politely asked someone else if the price could be reduced and quickly returned with an offer to favor me with a special concession and let it go at $45. But, aside from my astonishment and amusement I assumed an hauteur I was far from feeling and continued investigations. Several other frocks the attendant was so good as to denominate "swell," and "chick" and "swagger" went through the same process and while I was almost consumed with suppressed laughter, indignation gradually succeeded; for it was suddenly borne in on me that, had I not been "temporarily embarrassed" by papa's sudden stand and hubby's prospecting involvement, I'd have unhestitatingly paid all I was asked. But the climax came when I again fondled the brown broadcloth and my evident fancy for it brought a second offer to let it go, as a special consideration, for $40. Jack, honestly, you know me; but I was on the verge of hysteria and involuntarily my fingers clutched tightly about my purse, in which I had been careful to leave no more than the hundred, so as to be out of temptation's way; and I almost bolted from the shop with the sort of feeling I imagine a man might have as he faced the gun of a hold-up.

The soft patting against my cheek of the mountain breeze that whistled down over the hill and as audaciously bussed me as you, yourself, have been known to do on occasion, changed my anger to mirth and the staring of a couple of men suddenly caused me to realize that I was laughing aloud and was careering down the street as though the bogie man were after me or like a brigantine under full sail with a lost rudder.

My senses returned with a jolt when George Trenton's cheery voice asked me to take a ride behind a couple of high steppers, who were trying to paw up the brick pavement, and I almost fell into his arms, I was so glad to get myself straightened out. Why in the world he turned over the Superior road, I can't imagine, for I thought he loved his horses too well to subject them to such dangers; although I certainly grew radiant as I felt the now wide-sweeping wind put pink into my cheeks during the half hour we discussed marriages, divorces, dinners and other feminine enjoyments of the coming season, while waiting for the bridge to "come back to earth." We'd not much more than crossed before one of the horses annexed a splinter or a spike from the dilapidated roads and there was a somewhat frantic time while I held the lines and George soothed the wounded equine. I really believe it's all one's life or one's horse's life is worth to travel that road, while the dilapidated condition of the suburb is disheartening, if nothing more.

Being over there, and just to repay George for his kindness, I teased him to accompany me into the only shop making any pretenses—pretenses I found them to be—and I had a splendid half hour's fun furtively watching him smother his disgust as I looked at frocks and coats and hats of various vintages which he knew as well as I would make a fright of me, if anything could do so. The idea of a Duluthian going to Superior to make a purchase is about as ridiculous as a New Yorker going to Hoboken, a Bostonian to Framingham or a Parisian to Versailles.

On the return trip the other horse got into trouble and we were nearly spilled as a huge plank canted up from the road between the wheels; but the experiences were exhilarating, though I fear poor George couldn't see any humor in it, as he turned his horses over to a surgeon when we reached town again.

The ride had put me in splendid spirits, anyway, and I returned to the business in hand with a lighter heart, feeling that I ought to finish it at once—simply had to if I was to visit Susie.

The only place left for me to visit was the Glass Block, and I went in bravely through a mass of scaffolding—as the building is undergoing all sorts of changes. Was almost tempted to turn back at the sight of the internal disorder, but the fates were kind and almost mechanically I found myself among the garments once more. I would tire anyone but you, Jack, with this recital, because I know how deeply you enter into all my little affairs just as you did before I married.

The upshot of the matter was, that I learned to respect at least one Duluth institution. It's only a store, of course, but there are degrees even in stores. You know we can respect ourselves in a "Field's," if not in a "Rosenbloom's," and I have amassed a wholesome respect for the Glass Block, for there I certainly exceeded my expectations and my little hundred almost seemed big, for I had some of it left. Here's the bill: "One brown broadcloth suit, one brown Monte Carlo coat, one black silk waist, one squirrel trimmed velvet blouse, one velvet and chiffon picture hat, two felt runabout hats and two pairs of gloves." And what do you think, Jacky, hurrah for us! I actually had the price of two theater tickets remaining in my purse when it was all over, and I'll tell you what Susie had to say when I write you next—I have your Berlin address—Shan't tell her anything about it, and if she undertakes to criticise Madame Meyer's dressmaking, or the O'Farrell's millinery, as she usually does, I'll have some amusing experiences to relate.

I'm expecting one of your own dear letters soon, Jacky, with as much as you can tell me of your affairs. Will try to be more interesting next time, but I know you'd rather have my letters feminine, so will try to keep you informed of that side of the doings. Several "affairs" will come off shortly—at Chapman's, at Doolittle's, at Trevelyan's, and if there's any gossip I'll divide it with you, surely.

FONDLY YOURS,

LULA.

TO MR. JOHN DRACONA MENZIES,
NR. 7 RUE LE PETIT CHAT,
PARIS,
REP. FRANCAISE.

*) Copyrighted 1902: All rights reserved.

Brilliancy unsurpassed.

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

Lustre that will last.

Never scratching, never wearing.—At Grocers.

FRENCH HAIR SWITCHES.

For one week only, my complete line of wavy and plain switches will be on sale at—

ONE-FOURTH OFF

their regular prices. The finest and latest goods on the market.

Boston Hairdressing Parlors,

MISS M. KELLY,

131 West Superior St., over Suffel's.

SCALP TREATMENT, FACIAL MASSAGE, MANICURING.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls { Counting Room: 324, two rings / Editorial Rooms, 324, one ring

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING—
DELIVERED BY CARRIER

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One Month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One Year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours, ending at 7 a. m. (central time), Oct. 11.—The barometer is high off the New England coast and north of the Dakotas, and low over Lake Huron and in the Southwest and Southeast. It is warmer in the lake region and Eastern states and generally cooler throughout the Northwest. Rains fell over Alberta, Manitoba, Wyoming, Colorado, Western Nebraska, Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic states, heavy at Montgomery, Ala., and Charleston, S. C. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh and variable.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Marquette	70
Battleford	50	Memphis	72
Bismarck	54	Miles City	62
Boston	58	Milwaukee	68
Buffalo	60	Minnedosa	48
Calgary	52	Modena	68
Charleston	76	Montgomery	90
Chicago	66	Moorhead	62
Cincinnati	72	New Orleans	70
Davenport	74	New York	58
Denver	60	North Platte	70
Detroit	62	Oklahoma	76
Dodge City	58	Omaha	76
Duluth	54	Pittsburg	68
Edmonton	50	Port Arthur	46
El Paso	84	Portland	74
Escanaba	54	Prince Albert	42
Galveston	80	Qu'Appelle	54
Green Bay	68	Rapid City	64
Havre	62	San Francisco	60
Helena	58	Santa Fe	68
Houghton	58	Shreveport	78
Huron	64	Spokane	68
Jacksonville	80	St. Louis	76
Kamloops	62	St. Paul	70
Kansas City	74	Sault Ste. Marie	56
Knoxville	74	Swift Current	54
LaCrosse	74	Washington	82
Lander	56	Winnemucca	64
Los Angeles	64	Winnipeg	60

Local forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday, Oct. 12: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity—Probably cloudy tonight and Sunday with possibly showers. Fresh winds, mostly northerly. Slightly cooler tonight.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Sunday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday. Cooler in northwest portion tonight.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight and Sunday.

Lakes Michigan and Huron—Winds shifting to brisk northerly. Probably threatening tonight and Sunday with showers on Huron.

Lake Superior—Variable winds. Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday.

CREDIT TO THE HERALD.

Minneapolis Journal: The government of Minnesota consists of four coordinate departments—the legislative, the executive, the judiciary and The Duluth Herald. We make this plain statement in order to make up for our past neglect of The Herald. In commenting on the increase of the United States Steel corporation's assessment in St. Louis county from $12,000,000 to $30,000,000, we neglected to give The Herald any credit, whereas it deserves all the credit. If you don't believe it, go and read The Herald.

Child Labor In North Carolina.

The continuous agitation, both in the North and the South, against the employment of child labor in the cotton mills seems destined to bear fruit in the near future. It is now known that the North Carolina legislature will give the matter immediate attention on assembling in January next. For a time after the last legislature, when a bill which proposed to abolish child labor was held up upon the voluntary agreement of the cotton manufacturers to put a stop to the practice, there was a cessation of the agitation along this line, but it was renewed when it became known that many of the mills were violating the agreement. At first it was only whispered that the agreement was not being observed faithfully; then it was said openly that a few mills had never ceased to employ children. Later this was followed by an emphatic statement by H. B. Varner, state labor commissioner, to the effect that many mills had not paid the slightest attention to the agreement they had signed. This has caused the public to realize the worthlessness of such an arrangement, and it now appears certain that the next legislature will take the matter up and enact a new law that will cover he case. A state officer says that a bill to prohibit the employment of children has already been drawn and will be introduced early in the session by a leading cotton manufacturer who is strongly opposed to the employment of children. The age limit will be fixed at either 12 or 14 years. This is certainly gratifying, and when put into effect will insure the children of that state much greater opportunities for education than ever before.

Hard Coal Production.

Just at the present time anything in relation to coal is of particular interest. Coal statistics are instructive, although not perhaps interesting, for the reason that they do not supply the fuel, although they tell that it is ready and the only reason it is not in coal bins is the stubbornness of the coal barons, who control the situation. According to returns to the United States geological survey from producers representing fully ninety-seven per cent of the entire coal output of the United States, the production in 1901 amount to 282,240,738 short tons, valued at $348,813,831. As compared with 1900, when the output amounted to 269,831,827 short tons, worth $306,391,364, this represents an increase of eight per cent in quantity and 13.6 per cent in value. The production of Pennsylvania anthracite showed a phenomenal increase from 51,221,353 long tons in 1900 to 60,242,560 tons in 1901. This represented a gain of 17½ per cent, the largest percentage made by the anthracite trade in twenty years. Part of this increase was due to a decreased output of anthracite in 1900, owing to the strike, which reduced the output that year by over 2,500,000 long tons. The increase in the value of the anthracite product is still more striking, the amount received at the mines last year showing a gain of more than thirty-one per cent over that of 1900. A period of prosperity enabled consumers generally to pay higher prices for their fuel, and a railroad monopoly made them do so. The production of bituminous coal, lignite, cannel coal, etc., increased from 212,518,912 short tons in 1900 to 224,769,081 short tons in 1901, indicating a gain of about six per cent. The value of this product amounted to $236,269,811, as compared with $221,133,513 in 1900, an increase of $15,176,298, or a little less than seven per cent. The price of the bituminous product did not show any material advance in 1901.

STOP THE SLAUGHTER!

The first hunting "accident" of the season has been reported, a boy being badly wounded by some careless hunter while passing along the Hermantown road.

This is a good time for the county authorities to take vigorous action that will put a stop to the annual slaughter of human life during the hunting season.

Every possible effort should be made to run down the person who shot the boy, and then prosecute him to the fullest extent of the law. There should be no dilly-dallying about this matter. Let the county attorney call upon the sheriff to put in motion at once the whole machinery of the sheriff's office for the detection of the person who was guilty of criminal negligence in shooting this boy. Put him under arrest and charge him with manslaughter if the boy should, unhappily, die from the serious wounds he has received.

And let notice be given to all concerned that equally vigorous and severe action will be taken in the case of every subsequent "accident" of this kind.

CANADA'S PROGRESS.

Reference has been made in these columns to the fact that some Canadian statesmen consider the rapid emigration of American settlers into Canada as a menace to British interests. That is, they believe that Americans carry their old preferences with them to their new homes, and will become the nucleus of an annexation party which in time may become formidable. At present there is not much annexation sentiment but there is no way of foretelling when it may come to the front and with a strength that cannot be resisted. It is possible that the recent remarks of Sir Wilfred Laurier, Canada's premier, at the opening of the new produce exchange in Liverpool may have been caused by some such feeling. He made at least two significant remarks. One was that Canada could raise enough food for 100,000,000 people. The other was that that country would give immigrants 160 acres of land free of cost. The presumption is that immigrants from the British islands was meant. The 160 acres of land is the equivalent of the quarter section given free by the United States government under the homestead law of 1862.

There is no doubt that Canada would have made a long stride toward getting the 100,000,000 people if she had accepted the invitation given her by the thirteen British colonies in 1775, and had risen in rebellion against George III. Had Canada joined the other colonies of England on this side of the Atlantic at that time she would have been part of the nation established soon afterward, and would have shared in its expansion, progress and glory. In that case, Canada at the present time would have had more than 25,000,000 people, instead of the 5,000,000 found there in 1901 by the census takers. She would be growing at least twice as fast as she is now. Her outlook in the world would have been vastly larger and brighter than it ever can be as a British dependency or an independent nation. There are broad-minded Canadians who see this, but as yet the majority are wrapped in their present surroundings and it is likely to take years to change their opinions.

MEXICO REACHING OUT.

While Mexico has never been considered as a very aggressive country in the way of trade, it becomes evident that our Southern neighbor has cast an eye out for business with the Central and South American states. President Diaz seems determined that his country shall build up an export trade. With this end in view protective tariff laws have been enacted which encourage many branches of industry in the republic, especially the manufacture of cotton goods. These protected industries have been developed until they supply much of the home demand, and now the foreign field is to be invaded.

The Central and South American states have been selected as the field in which the greatest efforts to build up a Mexican export trade will be carried on, and a commercial commission composed of practical men has been appointed to visit these countries with samples of Mexican manufactures. The commission is already on its way to South America by way of New York and Europe. They will visit consecutively Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina, Chile, Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Venezuela, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Honduras, Salvador and Guatemala. The diversity of the manufactures which has been built up in Mexico can be seen by a summary of the list of samples which the commission will carry. This list includes twine, cordage, matting, etc., made from henequin fiber, silk, cotton and linen rebozos; hosiery and underwear of cotton flannel, sewing thread and colored cotton braid. The cotton goods include mantas, bleached and unbleached; percales and prints of every style, some of the patterns being very tasteful; dress goods with silk finish; dress goods with velvet finish; men's suitings, almost indistinguishable from woolen goods; muslins, twills, bombazines, organdies, vichy cloth, cotton flannels, cotton handkerchiefs, towels and yarns. Other samples include crackers and Italian pastes, cigars and cigarettes, woolen suitings and other woolen goods, shoes, charro hats, steel rails, whisky, spirits and beer, and many varieties of soap and perfumes.

Not only does the government propose to establish agencies for Mexican goods in these countries, but it desires to establish subsidized steamship communication between Mexican and the Southern ports. Our neighbor is to be commended on her enterprise, and it is to be hoped she will succeed. The United States has long neglected the markets of Central and South America with the result that practically all their trading is done in Europe. If Mexico can work in there, well and good; it is a pleasure to know that any country in the Western hemisphere is making advancement.

VAN SANT AND ROSING.

As a member of the state board of equalization, Governor Van Sant, on Oct. 4, 1902, cast his vote and gave his personal influence to defeat a resolution introduced by State Auditor Dunn to fix the assessed valuation of the Twin City Rapid Transit company at $7,000,000, or 30 per cent of the true value of its stock. He voted with other members of the board—his appointees—to fix this street railway valuation at only $5,572,951. Why did he do it, when the state auditor, the financial adviser of the board, clearly and forcibly pointed out that, in justice to every other class of property, the street railway company of St. Paul and Minneapolis should be assessed at $7,000,000 at least? Why did he disregard the advice of State Auditor Dunn and vote in accord with the request of M. D. Munn, attorney of the street railway?

Governor Van Sant voted to add $200,000,000 to the assessed valuation of the farms and homes and industrial and commercial developments of the state.

Governor Van Sant would not vote to assess the Twin City Rapid Transit company, the franchise corporation "merger," as high as $7,000,000 on $23,262,000, the market value of its capital stock.

On the same day, Leonard A. Rosing, Democratic nominee for governor, in his St. Paul mass meeting speech said:

"I hold that your street car system, your gas and electric lighting companies are inadequately taxed. They do not bear their fair proportion of taxation."

Referring to the value of the franchise upon which the $31,000,000 of street railway stocks and bonds are based, Mr. Rosing continued:

"It is the right and privilege which you have granted to this corporation to run through your streets and to charge passengers upon its cars 5-cent fares. This privilege which you have given away for a certain term of years is so valuable that although the corporation has issued $8 worth of stock at least for each dollar of investment, the stock is nevertheless valued above par in the market. We hold that this franchise should be adequately taxed for the benefit of the city and state that granted this valuable privilege. And the same principle applies to the gas and electric companies."

Which of these men represents the views and interests of the people of Minnesota? Which should be placed on guard in the governor's office to protect the state's interests?

AN ARBITRATION LAW.

At the present time when there is so much discussion concerning compulsory arbitration, to settle strikes and other disputes between employer and employe, the workings of the New Zealand arbitration act has a peculiar interest. The advocates and the opponents of the New Zealand plan in this country have made rival claims; the former have represented that the law has put an end to strikes and ushered in an industrial millennium, while the latter have maintained that it has dissatisfied both employers and laborers, has increased the number of controversies, and proved, in short, a total failure. The evidence of men who have actually visited New Zealand and studied the operation of the act seems to show that there has been misrepresentation and exaggeration on both sides. In the September Nineteenth Century Tom Mann, the English labor leader, who has been studying industrial conditions in New Zealand for the last seven months, gives his views regarding the arbitration act. His conclusions deserve attention as those of one of the shrewdest representatives of organized labor in the world.

Mr. Mann finds that in a few cases there has been considerable complaint about the decisions of the arbitration court, but he believes that in the main it has worked well. "As far as I am able to ascertain," he writes, "I do not think any serious dissatisfaction exists either on the side of employers or workers in more than half a dozen cases in the whole colony, and, seeing that up to June of last year 310 cases had been dealt with under the act, this portion is very small." It is natural that the rulings of the court should occasionally call forth unfavorable criticism from laborers and employers. A judge cannot always settle a dispute to the complete satisfaction of both parties, and the disappointed litigant is sure to grumble. "No thief e'er felt the halter draw," etc. This fact, however, furnishes no argument for the abolition of courts; nor does the dissatisfaction of some New Zealand employers and laborers indicate the desirability of abandoning arbitration.

The present opposition to the arbitration act, it appears from Mr. Mann's article, comes from the laborers rather than the employers. Mr. Mann himself, however, strongly approves the law. He states: "Until the last few weeks I was of opinion that the bulk of the employers would be glad to see the act abolished; I now find that there is a growing feeling that if the men should take action for its repeal the employers would be found defending it. Still, allowing for the uneasiness and dissatisfaction that exists, and realizing the far-reaching effects of the law, I am distinctly in favor of compulsory arbitration (though I would very much prefer to see matters settled by conciliation), as against the alternative of strikes and lockouts, and so would the vast majority of the workers in New Zealand who have had experience of the working of the act." This emphatic endorsement of compulsory arbitration by one who has carefully observed its workings from the point of view of trade unions is most significant.

It is gratifying to learn that the fire loss for the first three quarters this year is less than during similar periods in the last two years. The total for 1902 is $114,600,000, against $120,615,350 for 1901 and $136,316,550 for 1900. In September this year the loss was $9,945,000, the highest for any month of the year except August. It is reported by the New York Journal of Commerce that a considerable portion of last month's fire loss was chargeable to forest fires and property altogether or in large part uninsured, so that the underwriters have probably fared even better than in September, 1901, when the recorded fire loss was only $7,645,200. But why should losses by forest fires be included in these lists?

In another column will be found an article opposing government ownership of coal mines. It is printed in order to show the strongest reasons that are advanced against this plan. The chief objection advanced is that it would mean additional taxation of the people. But it should not be forgotten that the government always pays living wages, its employes are well clothed and well fed, and there are no strikes, tie-ups or other interference with any service of the public which happens to be under government management. Are not these things worth paying extra for?

The Auditfret prize of $30,000 has been awarded to Mrs. Meyrier, wife of the French consul at Diarbekir, Turkey, for her heroic protection of more than 700 Armenians, whom she housed and cared for in the consulate building during the massacres of 1895, while Meyrier and his staff repulsed the assaults of the Kurds and the Turkish soldiery for twelve days. Later Mrs. Meyrier led a caravan of 600 Christians to the coast, a fortnight's journey, riding a horse, with her four little children following in a litter.

Eugene Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, has cabled his daughter, the duchess of Manchester, at her home in Ireland, that he has settled a quarter of a million dollars upon her infant son, the income to go to the mother during the child's minority. This will not only give the child a nice start in his struggle with the world, but will be a great help to his dukelets, who is said to be in rather urgent need of money at all times.

Another exhibition of the gall possessed by the coal barons is the letter of their attorney to President Roosevelt asking that the government start suit against the United Mine Workers on the ground that it is a conspiracy to prevent interstate commerce. But what of the laws that they are daily violating and treating with contempt?

Governor Stone ordered out all the state militia to protect the miners, but he does not think this will result in the mines being operated. "It is my opinion," he is quoted as saying, "that the striking miners would not go back to work if each miner had a soldier strapped to him to protect him."

It is stated that President Roosevelt was not disappointed by the miners' refusal to go to work pending investigation and possible congressional action. He hardly expected they would accept this suggestion, because it would be virtually a complete surrender on their part.

The Republican organs in New York state are now calling David B. Hill a socialist because he put a government ownership plank in the Democratic platform. If this title be rightly applied there are millions of socialists in the United States.

The ability of the union miners to hold out it being largely increased by the liberal contributions from sympathizers throughout the country. But if the strike be prolonged into the winter months, even more generous donations will be required.

Flogging still survives in the British navy, and a recent case of brutal flogging has caused some severe comment. Flogging was abolished many years ago in the United States, and milder measures have proved as efficacious.

As to Molineaux, the New York Tribune thinks it really ought to be possible to try a man on a capital charge and finally to dispose of his case before she dies of old age—providing the start is made when he is quite young.

While picking a pocket horse chestnut to ward off rheumatism, Frederick Blabaum, a Pennsylvania farmer, fell from a tree, fracturing his right leg and left arm. And, of course, he has not felt the rheumatism since.

Some surprise is being expressed because there is only one bathroom in Oxford university. But the students probably have hundreds of "tubs," which are more English, you know.

Professor Ledochowski, the Austrian meteorologist, says the coming winter in Europe will be the coldest in fifty years. But, fortunately, this is not Europe.

The troops guard all the anthracite mines in Pennsylvania, but the operators cannot get men to operate the mines. Another proof of the falsity of the coal operators' claim.

An American firm has received an order from South Africa for 18,000 plows. That sounds well and it shows how the country is being developed again after the devastating war.

Delaware's only way of escape from Addicks, the "gas man," is by electing a Democratic legislature. And that is likely to be the outcome of the fight.

While Americans are growling about the high price of meat, they may be interested in the statement that beefsteak is 44 cents a pound in Berlin.

They had a political joint debate in Kansas a few days ago, and as both sides claim to have won, everybody appears to be happy.

The government ownership of coal mines plank in the platform of the New York Democrats has many supporters everywhere.

"Big Bill" Devery has not been so conspicuous since David B. Hill threw him out of the Saratoga convention.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Smart Set: "How sweet it would be to live alone with you in yonder lighthouse!" he whispered, tenderly.

"Yes," she murmured, abstractedly, "and do light housekeeping."

Brooklyn Life: In a cemetery at Middlebury, Vt., is a stone, erected by a widow to her loving husband, bearing this inscription:

"Rest in peace—until we meet again."

Chicago Tribune: Young Wife (at conclusion of their first quarrel)—I think you're horrid! I'm going back to mamma!

Young Husband—Don't do that, dearest. Bring her here.

Philadelphia Press: "I believe," said Miss Doldun, sharply, "that there should be a law against bachelors."

"Nonse!" exclaimed Peppery; "why, the only hope of some women are the bachelors, for the widows are too particular."

New York Times: Mrs. Benham—Mother is—

Benham—No, she isn't.

Mrs. Benham—What do you mean?

Benham—Whatever is is right.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "That young Bimler, who married the Mixer girl, says he's going right to housekeeping."

"Indeed! Is he well fixed?"

"I guess he is. One of friends told me that he had enough at his through the winter."

Brooklyn Life: "I w
stand, sir, that my p
accept anything from
your daughter."
"How are you goir
"Well, I thought y
kind of settlement"

Chicago Tribune
husband and fath
Bertha of her l
Kadger?"
"By suggestio
mother.
"Suggestion?"
"Yes; I sugg
in Bradstreet"

Washington
meant anythi
woman, "but it wa
cidence."
"What do you mean?"
"Just before Harold and I got married his friends persuaded him to join a 'don't worry' club."

THE FALL-TIME WINDS.

I like the chilly weather—it's the kind
That's hard to beat;
When the fall time winds are blowin'
There's a fidget in my feet;
Fer the wind is like a fiddle, as it comes
acrost the pines,
An' I feel, although I'm again', jest like
cuttin' up my shines!

An' it's out,
With a shout,
In the meddors round about!
When I hear
The fiddle's music
I'll be ready—never doubt!

We had good times in April; an' though
summer days were long,
They went their way rejoicin' in a hallelujah song;
But—these chilly winds a-blowin' makes
me think o' times gone by,
When we kissed our sweethearts to the
tune of "Comin Through the Rye!"

Then, get out,
With a shout,
In the meddors round about!
When I hear
The fiddle's music
I'll be ready—never doubt!

Blow on, O winds of Autumn, 'crost meddor sweet an' town,
An' send the gray clouds flyin', an' shake
the red leaves down!
Fer the golden rod's in feather, an' sweet
the mignonettes,
An' I feel, although I'm again', jest like
cuttin' up my shines!

Then, get out,
With a shout,
In the meddors round about!
When I hear
The fiddle's music
I'll be ready—never doubt!
Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

THOUGHTS BY PEASE.

Anoka Union (Rep.): The primary election stirs up some hate, but so does a convention.

It is better to elect a decent Democrat to office than a dishonest, disreputable Republican.

So far, it is a mighty job to get up the least political enthusiasm. The people are too busy.

How bitter was the dose administered to many a candidate when the people got a chance at them.

The Union fears that some candidates got more votes at the primaries than they will get at the election.

Guess we had better let the primary election law stand after a few changes. The people seemed pleased with it.

No man understands the interests of the farmers better than James J. Hill and no man will do more to protect that interest and protecting it will reap a greater benefit.

If the primary election law remains in force two years from now there will be candidates galore. The lesson has been learned that the people take kindly to the man who has not posed as a politician, and delight to do him honor. There will be some hot contests.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Penny foolish, pound imbecile.

It is a cold sheet that only one person sleeps under.

Women never are taught what they know; they are born with it.

When a woman has company it is a reception if all the gas jets are lighted.

An Overdone Business.

Chicago Tribune: Overcrowding is the motto of the day. The factories are overcrowded. The theaters are overcrowded. The tenements are overcrowded. The only reason why one does not say that the street cars are overcrowded is that they are something worse. All such overcrowdings, however, are sparseness and loneliness compared with the overcrowding of the bar. In 1891 there were fifty-eight law schools with 6073 students. Now, according to an estimate made by Professor Huffcut, of Cornell, there are 120 schools with 14,000 students. Meanwhile the number of full-fledged lawyers in the United States is said by the last census to be about 114,000. No other profession, with the exception of teaching and of medicine, is so populous.

Courage of a Woman.

Buffalo Express: An army nurse in the Philippines relinquished her leave of absence in order to tend two smallpox patients. Her devotion to what she considered her duty was exhibited the more clearly by the fact that she had never had smallpox herself. Had this nurse been a soldier and shown as distinguished courage in the face of the enemy, she might have received a medal of honor. As it is, Gen. Chaffee has done all that can be done for her in the way of recognizing her service, by reporting it to the war department with a commendation of her courage.

Pinched Coming and Going.

Boston Transcript: The public is between two fires in the matter of the coal strike, even if it is likely to be denied a fire for itself. It is asked to send money to Pennsylvania to continue the strike of the coal miners and to prepare to contribute heavily here to alleviate the suffering resulting from the strike it is helping to maintain in the coal regions. Meanwhile the coal dealers levy contributions upon it to support themselves during the depression in their business.

Home Baking with ROYAL Baking Powder

The United States Agricultural Department has issued (and circulates free) a valuable report prepared by Mrs. Prof. W. O. Atwater, giving the results of elaborate experiments which show the great saving from baking at home, as compared with cost of buying at the bakers. All bread, cake, biscuit, crullers, etc., are very much fresher, cleaner, cheaper and more wholesome when made at home with Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

America's Religious Peace

By Archbishop Ireland.

Nothing is to be more dreaded in America than hatred and warring among citizens in the name of religion, and it behooves all classes of the population to do their utmost to nurture and maintain peace and harmony.

Public agitation is not necessary in America to redress grievances, if grievances do exist, whether such grievances have their origin, as is more often the case, from mere inadvertence or from malice aforethought on the part of individual officials of the government. I say it advisedly—and I am prepared to stand by what I here say—that there is always redress from grievances, so far as circumstances may allow, if it is sought through quiet and reasonable methods from the high representatives of the government.

Let justice be done to America. In no other country is there a government so fair minded, so impartial, so willing to treat all classes of citizens with absolute justice, as that with which we are blessed in America.

The government of the nation, as few other things, calls for fair treatment and respect on the part of its citizens. Public attacks upon it, oversuspiciousness of its acts and motives, beget disloyalty and lower among the people civic virtue, the lifeblood of national life and security.

Of the equitable treatment which Catholics claim for themselves and their religious faith from their fellow citizens and for the country, let them in their turn be high exemplars in their own dealings with their fellow citizens and with the country.

The Birthright of the Actor

By Ezra Kendall, Famous Comedian.

So long as life continues to be a business people will be morose, and amusement will continue to be a necessity as a remedy. With no relief from the killing strain of business the cities of the world would soon be madhouses. A jester is a king's remedy for melancholy. A jester is the world's remedy for the same disease. In the drama the down-trodden always triumph in the end, and the poor man goes home and feeds his patience upon new hope. The discontented have hissed the mock oppressor, and their hatred is relieved. The country plays have natural vines and leaves and mosses clinging to the painted trees and rocks—all so natural that those who left them in their flush of youth, greeted them as old friends and live again in their atmosphere of purity, if only for an afternoon or an evening, and are rested.

The idea of all this is innate with the actor. It is his birthright, and when his birthright became a business he built theaters for the convenience of the public, wrote plays to their liking, and played them. Those were the old days. Those were the old ways, and we will live to see them again.

Actors want profits not for the hoarding of them, nor for squandering of them, but for their proper distribution by investments in our business, which is a necessity to others. You will hear some managers boast of having improved our condition. We were not born to live for ourselves alone. We were born to serve the world as a remedy in times like these, when the members of trusts and syndicates are turning the misery of others into money for themselves.

Self Reliance For Our Girls

By Mrs. John A. Logan.

We believe that most American parents have always been and are too indulgent to their children, and to their daughters especially. There is an innate spirit of chivalry in almost every man born on American soil that makes him wish to shield every female life from any of the hardships of life, and we should be sorry if it were not so.

But at the same time life is so full of change and misfortune that all too often dependent women are left tosupport themselves and their families without the least experience as to how to assume the responsibility.

Therefore every girl should be taught something practical until circumstances demand its assumption.

State Schools of Crime

By Gen. Roeliff Brinkerhoff, Prison Expert.

The average American jail is a schoolo of crime, and the state furnishes the school, the instructors and the education.

Old crooks are allowed to mingle with the young, and to throw a glamour and an allurement over their trade which undoubtedly bring about grievous results.

HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER

The Pioneer Pure Phosphate Powder

Unexcelled as to Wholesomeness, Purity and Strength.

25¢ a full lb. (16oz.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE



J. B. MIDDLECOFF,

Republican Candidate For Judge of Probate.

Demonstrated during his previous term his ability to fill the office to the satisfaction of the public. His administration of the office was filled with reforms and improvements. He therefore desires your vote on November 4.

MINING MATTERS

Donora Mining Company Buy Fee of Penobscott Mine.

Also Drops Option On Holman Western Range Property.

Grade of Ore Deposit Too Low to Work.

A large mining deal was completed in Duluth Thursday, whereby the Donora Mining company purchased the fee of the Penobscot mine, at Hibbing, and the steamers Howard L. Shaw and Simon J. Murphy, from Eddy Bros., of Bay City.

The consideration is not given out, but the mine and boats are said to be worth no less than $2,000,000.

The Penobscot mine has been operated by the Penobscot Mining company, owned by Edy Bros. & Co. It is an independent mine and is located near the Mahoning. It is reported that there will be a new superintendent from the East, O. B. Warner.

The property includes forty acres, and the annual output of the mine is about 250,000 tons. This output is under contract to the United States Steel corporation for a term of years, and it is said that the new owners will probably make a considerable increase in the annual production.

The Donora Mining company is the mining corporation of the Union Steel company, and it controls two other good properties on the Mesaba, one in sections 27 and 28-59-15, and the other in sections 3 and 4-57-21.

The vessels are among the largest and most modern boats on the lakes. Both of them were built in 1900. The Murphy has a gross tonnage of 4800, and a length of 416 feet, and the Shaw has a gross tonnage of 4901 and a length of 416 feet.

The Donora Mining company which took an option on the Holman property in section 21-56-24, has abandoned it after exploring for several months. This property was originally held by Holman, of Grand Rapids, but some months ago he sold to range parties for $30,000, and in turn the property was sold to A. M. Miller, Jr., for $100,000. After that it was optioned to the Donora company for $500,000.

The drillings of the owners of the property had shown the ore to be sandy like the other ores of the western range, but to run high in iron.

The Donora put a shaft down about 150 feet and is said to have made a thorough exploration. The result did not confirm the estimate of the property made by the results of the previous drilling.

It demonstrated the fact that drilling does not give a fair idea of the value of the sandy ores of the western range. The ore taken from the shaft ran very much lower in grade than the washings from the drilling. The Donora company had the same experience as the owners of the property in their explorations. The drill washings were satisfactory, but the ore taken from the shaft and drifts showed a very poor percentage.

The building of a large washing plant would have been necessary and the company is said to have concluded that the cost of washing, with the loss from the amount mined through the washing, etc., would be too heavy to make the property a paying proposition.

The Holman is said to have been one of the most favorably located of the Western properties of the Western range.

The Cypress Mining company, which has just taken a property near Hibbing belonging to the Burrows-Rust-Goff people of Michigan, is preparing to strip it at once and mine. There are about 2,000,000 tons of ore on the property. The royalty to be paid is 35 cents a ton, a high figure, but the cost of mining will be low. The Great Northern railroad is to haul the ore.

The Latonia mine west of Hibbing is being stripped and made ready for shipping at once. Butler Bros. a new firm in mining, will strip and mine the ore. Beginning with next year it is expected to mine and ship about 200,000 tons annually. The Great Northern road will haul the ore.

A three sixteenths interest in the Centipede mine has been sold for $6500. This indicates a value of about $35,000. The property is located near Mesaba station and Eaton Bros., and Charles Purdon are largely interested in it.

Ore shipments from Ashland which is the outlet of the Gogebic range are larger now than during the whole of last year. The Gogebic is expected to ship 3,500,000 tons during the season which will be the largest in its history.

The Canadian government and private individuals and companies will explore in the Ekaban region, north of the United States line, this winter and are taking in drills and material. Much ore exists there, as is well known, but deleterious elements have heretofore been associated with ore discovered so that development has never taken place in the district, which is a large one and shows the ore bearing and associated rocks in great strength and continuity.

President C. R. Van Hise, Professor C. K. Leith, W. S. Bayley and others have just returned to the United States from a trip through the ore region north of the line. They are associated in the work of the United States geological survey in what is known as the pre-Cambrian explorations, with President Van Hise as leader. They are making final explorations of the Lake Superior region and will soon publish, as government documents, their complete researches. Several separate volumes have already come out, and the last which included maps of the Mesaba, has been in such demand this year that the government has been unable to supply the demand and several edition have been authorized.

Explorations will be carried on this winter on Hunter's island lying on the international boundary and including a large formation extending the Vermilion range easterly. The indications of ore in this large island are very plenty.

John W. Gates, of New York, and Josch Sellwood, of Duluth, are developing a large ore find in Canada, north of Georgian bay, that promises to be important. They have shown several million tons more. The ore lies not far from deep water navigation, but in a region that has never been explored or surveyed until the past summer, when a party of explorers passing through found the indications of ore now the property of Gates and Sellwood. There are yet no government surveys within a number of miles.

VICTORY

For the Socialist-Labor Party In Ballot Contention.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—The supreme court yesterday afternoon issued an order directing Secretary of State Hanson to place on the official ballot the name of Thomas Van Lear as the Socialist-Labor party candidate for governor, and to strike out the party name "Socialist" after the name of J. E. Nash. This has the effect of leaving Nash on the ticket without a party designation.

The point made by the Socialist-Labor party was that it had been a recognized party since 1896, and had candidates on the state, congressional and municipal tickets at each election; that the Social Democrats, in 1900, appropriated a part of their name, and this summed har, at a convention, sought to keep them off the ticket by adopting the name Socialist party.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. S. F. Boyce.



Not only good beer, but THE BEST—

FITGER'S

PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT **BEER**

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO., BREWERS.

DULUTH, MINN., 'PHONE 198.

The Whirl Of Politics

SAME OLD GOODS.

Same old battle, same old swords,
Same old heelers in the wards,
Same old brand of campaign lie,
Same old scramble for the pie,
Same old torches' flick'ring glare,
Same old blasts of heated air,
Same old promises of what
They will do and they will not,
Same old music by the band,
Same old spouters on the stand,
In the lurid campaign sky.
Same old pledges gravely spoken—
Pledges made but to be broken,
Same old marches through the streets,
Same old slush in party sheets,
Same old "licker" swinging votes,
Same old rounders turning coats,
Same old projects, same old tricks,
Same old rotten politics.
Same old discontented flops,
Same intimidating cops,
Same old bruisers on the rolls,
Booked for duty at the polls,
Same old "anything to win,"
Same repeaters flocking in,
Same old keen official rods,
Same old registration frauds,
Same old bitter jealousies,
Same old "hints" to employes,
Same old pointers, same old tips,
Same old crack of bosses' whips,
Same old Judas smiles so bland,
Same deceitful outstretched hand,
Same old "Howdy? Howdy do?
Say, I want to speak to you!"
Just the same old bunco game,
We're so used to—just the same.
—James Barton Adams, in Denver Post

• • •

One of the best newspaper paragraphers in the United States, in the above quotation, puts the political game in cleverly done terms, only perhaps in this section politics has hardly warmed up to the pitch represented by the jingle.

As a matter of fact, politics is the despair of the campaign manager. Some way people do not seem to hanker after any more politics this year. They had a stomach-full in the primary campaign. The managers hoped they would digest that dose soon, and be ready for another, but it seems that the process of political digestion is retarded, for the people have not yet imitated Oliver Twist by asking for "more."

There is time yet, however. Election is three weeks away, and a good deal may be done in that time, only it has to be done quickly. Desperate measures may be necessary, though perhaps the speaking campaign, on which the managers are building a good deal just now, will do the work.

• • •

And yet if the people do not want to get interested it will be pretty hard to make them interested. If they do not care who fills offices, they do not have to care. They will find plenty of men willing to attend to it for them.

• • •

The work of organization is still in progress, though generally all of the local organizations are fairly well along, even if they are not completed. Local managers on both sides promise pretty strong organizations, and in no better way can they overcome the difficulty of apathy that prevails.

• • •

There is not the faintest sign of apathy among the various candidates himself before the voters of the Eighth district in the manner and on the platform that he wants them to receive him. Mr. O'Brien, who is to assist him, is a prominent St. Paul attorney and Democratic politician and an orator.

• • •

The next big political meeting in Duluth will be Senator Nelson's speech at the Armory next Wednesday night. Oct. 23 Leonard A. Rosing, the Democratic candidate for governor, will speak here, and Governor Cummings of Iowa is to speak here for the Republicans Oct. 21. Senator Clapp for the Republicans and John Lind for the Democrats are to come later.

• • •

The campaign for Rosing is being prosecuted in a vigorous and resultful manner. Mr. Rosing's swing around the circle in St. Louis county is said to have drawn votes to him, the impression he left in all of the towns he visited being distinctly favorable.

• • •

The country press reflects the lack of interest in the campaign pretty generally. Some of the paperes have editorials of a political nature, but many of them never mention it, but content themselves with refernecs to subjects entirely foreign. Some of them do not even have any editorials at all, but f'l in the space usually devoted to that purpose with the proceedings of the village council and the board of county commissioners at so much per.

• • •

Considerable interest is being taken here in the contest in the Sixth district, which is likely to be one of the liveliest congressional fights in the state. The reasons for the display of interest here are that a number of the Sixth district counties used to be in the Duluth congressional district, and that by Senator C. B. Buckman, the Republican candidate, and Dr. DuBois, the Democratic candidate, are known in Duluth. Senator Buckman goes into the fight with the handicap of having won out over an unknown though estimable man by a margin of only thirty votes, which indicates the existence of a considerable anti-Buckman sentiment.

• • •

The Sixth district is one of the closest in the state, and it is by no means Republican of necessity. The Democrats are not only figuring on a big party vote for their own man, but they figure on a good deal of disaffection in the ranks of the Republican party on this fight. Four years ago John Lind carried this district by 4600 votes, though Lieutenant Governor Smith carried it by 661, which may be taken as the party vote. This is not a comfortable margin by any means, and there is the promise of an interesting fight in the situation.

• • •

Another close district is the Ninth, where Halvor Steenerson is the Republican candidate against Alex McKinnon. The entrance of a Populist candidate, N. T. Moen, in this district, complicates the situation, however, and lessens the chances of Democratic success there. There are more Populists in the district than in any other part of the state, and they still control affairs in one or two counties of the district.

• • •

The Hinckley Enterprise reports that "the Democrats of Pine county were never more solidly lined up for their ticket than now. The Rosing-Fay club is growing, and will be a factor in the county vote this fall."

• • •

This, from the Two Harbors Iron News, would indicate that all is not well within the Republican ranks in Lake county:

"It is amusing to listen to some of the explanations given by a few so-called Republicans about here why they support some of the Democratic nominees. There is nothing wrong about the Republican nominees, in fact, they admit their points of superiority, but then they consider it their duty to support the other fellow. One benefit of this campaign will be to line up the Republicans who vote that ticket from principle, and the rump faction should be filed for future reference."

• • •

The Republican Elk River Star-News has this to say of Senator Buckman's nomination:

"The result of the fight moves the Star-News to say that it 'considers itself erdorsed.' Early in the year it submitted its conviction that Senator Buckman was a weak candidate, and that it would be easy for any well known Republican to beat him for the nomination, and now for a rank outsider, with no political acquaintances in the district, to move and get within a few votes of as many as the strong man, more than endorses the position taken at the outset. In this connection it also might say without vainglory that it was the only Republican paper in the district, outside of Meeker county, that had the nerve to support Col. Foster from beginning to finish. Six months ago Col. Foster was absolutely unknown to more than a hundred people in the sixth district outside of his home county, and his vote of within a few dozen of Buckman's clearly demonstrates the prediction that almost any well known man could have skinned Buckman to a finish."

• • •

The Mesaba Ore seems to intimate something like a prediction on the result of the election in this paragraph:

"Mr. Sargent concluded not to contest Mr. Butchart's nomination of sheriff on he Republican ticket. Perhaps he can see further into the future than most people think he can."

• • •

The Virginian says that "Not a cloud bedims the political horizon just at present, but there's a storm a brewing."

It had better come quick, or some of the party managers will be scared to death. They are getting into such a state that they would welcome anything in the way of diversion, even if it should be a storm.

• • •

Says the Mesaba Ore: "There would be a snapping of tusks in Duluth if the iron ranges failed to show up next month with the customary Republican majority."

• • •

The gentleman who opened this paragraph in the Fergus Falls Journal seems to be a bit mixed on his political geography of Minnesota:

The counties which now constitute the Eighth congressional district gave the Republican candidates 3000 majority and Senator Buckman's friends are confident that he will win. There are one or two things, however, to remember—this is not a presidential year and Congressmen Eddy and Morris, who ran in these counties, were vote getters."

• • •

The leading Democratic and Republican clubs of the city held meetings under the same roof last night, but there was no trouble. Both the Bryan and Towne club and the Garfield Republican club met in the Kalamazoo block, and both of them had good meetings.

In the hall alloted to the Democratic organization every seat was filled when the meeting was called to order. Plans for the campaign were discussed, and a list of speakers was announced. Capt. M. L. Fay, the Democratic candidate for congress, was present and made an address. So was Charles d'Autremont, Capt. Fay's unsuccessful opponent at the primaries, and he, too, made an address. Several of the candidates for county offices were there and spoke briefly. The recent trip over the range with Rosing was reported upon, the candidates speaking of the hearty and enthusiastic reception given the Democratic candidate for governor. There was much interest displayed at the meeting, and all of the party workers present were cheerful and confident.

The coming special election, with the charter amendments and the purchase of the West Duluth water plant, were discussed, but no action was taken one way or another.

• • •

The Garfield Republican club had a good meeting, also, in another part of the building. No business was transacted, the meeting being simply to work up enthusiasm. Among the speakers were George R. Laybourn, P. E. Dowling, J. P. Johnson, L. H. Whipple, A. T. Park, W. E. Culkin and Rev. Harry Knowles. President W. B. Henderson presided.

Democratic Rally at Armory TONIGHT! TONIGHT!!

Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN, of St. Paul and others will speak.

ORGANIZES.

Duluth Savings Bank Elects Officers and Trustees.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders of the Duluth Savings bank, which is just starting business at 216 West Superior street, was held yesterday, and officers and trustees were elected.

The officers are as follows: President, John R. Mitchell, of Winona; vice president, John G. Williams, of Duluth; cashier, J. W. Lyder, Jr., formerly of Akron, O.; secretary, B. Murray Peyton, of Duluth. The trustees are J. A. Tomlinson, John G. Williams, Ward Ames, Sr., Francis W. Sullivan, Dr. J. J. Eklund, of Duluth; and John R. Mitchell, of Winona.

President Mitchell is vice president of the Winona Deposit bank, and a former president of the Minnesota Bankers' association. John G. Williams is a well-known Duluth attorney. Mr. Lyder was formerly secretary of the Akron Trust company, of Akron, O., and B. Murray Peyton is the owner of the Superior bank, of Superior.

The list of stockholders includes many prominent people from Duluth and elsewhere. Among the Duluth stockholders are: Ward Ames, Sr., G. A. Tomlinson, G. G. Barnum, A. S. Chase, John G. Williams, John Panton, William White, J. H. Pearce, Dr. J. J. Eklund, Francis W. Sullivan, A. M. Chisholm, H. M. Peyton, F. E. Williamson, James C. Hunter, J. D. Howard and B. M. Peyton. Among the non-resident stockholders are: Kenneth Clark, president of the Merchants' National bank, of St. Paul; G. H. Prince, cashier of the same institution; George A. DuToit, Chaska; M. L. Fay, Virginia; J. W. Wheeler, president of the Minnesota Bankers' association and cashier of the First National bank of Crookston; C. L. Dixon, cashier of the First National bank of Clonquet; F. H. Welcome, of Minneapolis; P. E. Baumgartner, cashier of the Winona Deposit bank; S. L. Prentiss, vice president Second National bank, Winona; J. E. Otis, Jr., vice president of the Chicago Savings bank, and others.

FEDERAL JURORS.

Members Summoned For Duluth Term of Court.

The grand and petit jurors for the October term of the United States district court at Duluth in the Fifth division of the district have been selected. The court will convene Oct. 14. The grand jurors are:

Robert V. Hesselgrave, Winnebago City; Owen Beard, Blue Earth City; John K. Robinson, St. Paul; George M. Johnson, St. James; J. H. Thompson, Vernon Center; C. F. Norwood, Balaton; H. B. Constans, Highwood Park; J. O. Chandler, Janesville; J. B. Dahlgren, Anoka; William Delaney, Faribault; Fuller Mann, Moscow; George M. Phillips, Mankato; H. G. Pritchard, Lake Crystal; Fred W. Johnson, Minneapolis; J. W. Groetsch, Henderson; R. E. Anderson, Marshall; James A. Howieson, Mapleton; Frederick Chandler, St. Paul; Kenneth McRae, Minneapolis; George C. Knoche, St. Paul; J. W. Cooper, Mantorville; W. T. Wilson, West Concord and P. H. Hansen, St. Paul.

The following are summoned to act as petit jurors:

G. W. Petrie, Fairmont; James Lee, Stillwater; George H. Brundage, Alexandria; Ernest P. Lee, Montevideo; A. C. Wilkes, Milaca; W. R. Acomb, Minneapolis; John Walker, Roseau; C. J. Cook, South St. Paul; J. B. Thompson, Faribault; D. C. Sanborn, Racine; J. H. Coates, Sauk Rapids; Francis N. Stacy, Minneapolis; William R. Haskins, Wells; John Thon, Owotonna; E. W. Mayman, Sauk Rapids; Charles J. Cole, Predmore; David David Dackins, Minnesota; Charles S. Young, Aitkin; John W. Wick, Colrax; M. L. Knowlton, Minneapolis; Fred Fischer, Lyle; J. H. Murphy, Eden Valley; Otto Constans, St. Paul; Frank J. Munn, St. Paul; J. F. Olvia, Red Wing; George Ross, Fergus Falls; George Cloakey, Toran; Herman Schmidt, Owatonna; William J. Blackburn, Minneapolis; Evan E. Davis, Mankato; Isaac P. Staples, Morris; Thomas Dwyer, Fergus Falls; John Ames, St. Paul; E. H. Drake, Madelia; E. Perry Rutan, Mankato; E. C. Johnson, Hastings; Henry Knipple, Gibbon; G. W. Keller, Albert Lea; William J. Brier, Anoka; W. A. Woodruff, Blue Earth; George B. Chesley, Beardsley; Ed. Fanning, Stewartville; John Dresser, New Auburn; Charles Haukes, Hastings; D. A. Mosher, Harmony; George C. Mott, St. Paul; William Winslow, Westport, and William Salisbury, Henderson.

Syracuse, N. Y., labor union, representing about 6000 men, intend placing a candidate in the field for mayor.

Leominster, Mass., piano factory owners will voluntarily establish the nine-hour day beginning Jan. 1, 1903.

Men's Diseases

Scientifically and Successfully Treated.



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

After an experience of fifteen years devoted to the treatment of men's diseases exclusively, I feel fully justified in making the assertion that no other specialist has attained an equal degree of success in overcoming these most perplexing of all human ailments. I early recognized as inaccurate and unscientific the methods commonly employed in treating men's diseases, and through careful research and broad experience I have acquired the knowledge and ability that has placed me foremost among specialists in this branch of medical practice. I have laid aside those ancient and unscientific theories and processes to which others still cling, and have founded all my methods of treatment upon absolute knowledge concerning these diseases. I accept no case for treatment unless I have full confidence in my ability to effect a complete and permanent cure, and in years I have not treated unsuccessfully in a single instance. I invite free consultation.

"WEAKNESS"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness," has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and that have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous forces or strength that is not and never has been lacking, with a result that the functions are temporarily excited to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland, and is curable by local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. I have permanently cured thousands of cases of prematureness, loss of power, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of my understanding and treatment of the disorder. In years I have not met with a single failure, and I have entire confidence in my ability to cure all cases that come to me for treatment other than that which I have perfected can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To but partially cure a contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. Still greater is the danger of the prostate gland becoming chronically inflammed, which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness" are a direct result of some improperly treated disease. During the past five years I have treated over 6500 cases of contracted disorders and have effected an absolutely thorough and safe cure in each instance. There have been no relapses or undesirable developments whatever and my patients have been cured in less time than other and less thorough forms of treatment require in producing even doubtful results.

VARICOCELE

Many men afflicted with varicocele are endangering their general health, their manly power and even life itself by allowing the disorder to remain uncured. Varicocele results from partial paralysis of the delicate nerve fibres that have a part in controlling local circulation of the blood. The muscular coating of the veins being deprived of nervous communication and control, become inactive, weaken and relax. The blood vessels expand from the pressure within, the circulation in the parts become sluggish, and frequently stagnant pools form in little nooks and pockets that constantly enlarge as the relaxation continues. The possibility exists that clots may form in these stagnant pools and then pass out into the general circulation. Should one find lodgment in the valve of the heart the result might be instant death, or should it be carried to the brain, general paralysis will follow.

I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week by a method that involves no cutting or ligature, or caustic. No other physician employs a like method, and so thorough is my work that there need not be the slightest fear of a relapse into the old condition. Those who have been long afflicted with varicocele will never realize the injury it has caused until they feel the vim, energy and buoyancy of spirits that a complete cure will bring.

STRICTURE

My treatment for stricture removes the necessity for surgical operations, even in severe cases of long standing. I do no cutting or dilating. No other physician employs my methous of overcoming this disorder, so the service I offer you is original and distinctive. Do not give up hope because others have failed. I will cure you and the cure will be a prompt and painless one. My treatment dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, subdues all inflammation, relieves all irritation or congestion that may exist in the kidneys or bladder, reduces enlargement of the prostate gland and restores to health and tone all organs affected by the disease.

SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON

I permanently cure this most hideous of all blood diseases. I employ harmless, blood cleansing remedies that positively drive the very last taint of virus from the system, and every symptom vanishes to appear no more.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES — **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City Consultation Free and Confidential.**

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Wardwell Ames, applicant, to have registered the land described as follows: Lot one hundred and nineteen (119) on Lake avenue, Lower Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Caswell Ames, N. Frederic Hugo, F. L. Buell, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1902.

(Seal of Court.) J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 4-11-18, 1902.

FREE TO WOMEN

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieves within 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price $2. Free trial of "Tansy" and "Woman's Safe Guard" for 10c. Address

WILCOX MEDICAL COMPANY

329 NO. 15TH ST. PHILADELPHIA, PA.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. LOUIS.—ss.

District court, Eleventh judicial district.

In the matter of the assignment of National Investment Company, Insolvent:

Notice is hereby given, that at a special term of the above named court to be held at the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on Saturday, the first day of November, 1902, at the opening of court on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, Louis D. Sharp, assignee of the National Investment Company, insolvent, will apply to said court for an order discharging him from all his duties, liabilities and responsibilities as such assignee.

Dated October 4th, 1902.

LOUIS D. SHARP,
By J. L. WASHBURN,
His attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald—Oct. 4-11-18, 1902.

RHEUMATISM CURED FREE.

I have discovered a harmless remedy that will cure Rheumatism, and to prove its merits will give away 25,000 50c boxes free. C. H. ROWAN, Box 8, 170, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WOMEN FEMALE DIAMONDS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 535 West Superior st., Duluth.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,

Famous Train of the world.

Best Dining Car Service Lowest Rates to all Points.

W. B. DIXON,

Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

Washing dishes in the old way—3 times a day, 1095 times a year, year in and year out—means drudgery.

GOLD DUST

will do more than half the work for you. It softens hard water; cuts grease and grime; makes dishes shine like a new dollar.

The quickest, best and most economical way of washing dishes, glassware, silver, pots and pans.

There's no substitute worthy the name. Insist upon GOLD DUST.



Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis——Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

AN ANGRY GOVERNOR

Odell Talks to Operator Baer In Plain Language.

Operators' Position From Public View Absolutely Untenable.

Heated Interview Ends Without Anything Being Accomplished.

New York, Oct. 11.—"What do you mean by politicians? I want you and all others to understand that I am the governor of New York, the chosen representative of seven million people and that I am here in this matter solely in that capacity and to relieve, if possible, an intolerable situation. And what is more, I intend to use every power at my command to do it."

Governor Odell made this statement yesterday to President Baer, of the Reading road, in the presence of United States Senators Platt, of New York, and Quay of Pennsylvania. It was the culmination of a rather heated interview in the office of Senator Platt, and the result of the first meeting between Governor Odell and President Baer.

Mr. Baer was not in the best of humor when, accompanied by E. B. Thomas, chairman of the board of directors of the Erie, he entered Senator Platt's office. The conference was begun by a statement made by Senator Penrose that the situation was becoming so serious that some solution must be found at once. He suggested that the operators should incline to some concessions toward a settlement.

"If you mean by that," said President Baer, "that we are to recognize the existence of a labor union, I tell you right now that the operators will consider no such proposition."

Governor Odell was on his feet in an instant. Holding a half burned cigar in his hand and white with excitement, he said:

"Are we to understand that no kind of conciliatory proposition will receive consideration at the hands of the operators?"

"I did not say that," answered Mr. Baer, "but I do say, and I reiterate it, that we will not accept political advice or allow the interference of politicians in this, our affair."

Then it was that Governor Odell made the statement attributed to him at the beginning of this article.

President Baer evidently appreciating that he had gone too far, bowed to Governor Odell and said:

"Governor, I beg your pardon. No personal affront was intended, and we will listen to any suggestion you may have to make; but again I repeat that we must refuse to recognize the union as represented by Mr. Mitchell."

"I believe," said the governor, "that your position from a public view is absolutely untenable. If coal operators, railroad men and other business men can combine for mutual profit and protection, there is no reason why laboring men should not."

"What is the proposition?" said Mr. Baer, coldly.

"Just this," said Governor Odell, "I am sure that the labor organization of which Mr. Mitchell is president, desires him to be fair with the general public. If the operators will consent to give the men 5 cents a ton increase I will personally present it to the miners and I believe they will accept it. It is a fair proposition."

"Does this mean, governor, that we are to recognize the miners' union?" Mr. Baer asked.

"It certainly does," answered Governor Odell quickly, "and there is no reason why you should not."

Mr. Baer and Mr. Thomas rose to go, Mr. Thomas remarking that the matter would be presented to the other operators and that an early answer would be forthcoming. Mr. Baer said: "We are to meet a committee of the manufacturers' association on Tuesday and we may have an answer then."

The conference broke up, Mr. Baer and Mr. Thomas withdrawing. Senators Platt, Penrose and Quay talked over the matter for a short time, and then they, too, separated, the two Pennsylvanians announcing that they would go back to Harrisburg and discuss the situation with Governor Stone.

Governor Odell was not in a talking mood when he left the conference. He went to the Fifth avenue hotel and during most of the afternoon received callers. Mayor Low, Hanson C. McCook, Edward Lauterbach, Congressmen Lessler and Littleuer and Senator Platt were among his callers. To one of these the governor said:

"The coal operators may postpone this meeing until Tuesday, but I don't propose to postpone it. They are not acting fairly towards the people. I believe I shall find some remedy."

About 5 o'clock John Mitchell, accompanied by L. N. Hammond, of Wilkesbarre, called and had a long conference. While this was going on a dispatch announcing that the operators refused to consider the terms offered by the governor was received.

When the conference was over Gov. Odell refused to say what had occurred, and Mr. Mitchell was equally reticent. It is believed, however, that Governor Odell presented his proposition for settlement to the leader of the miners' union, and that Mr. Mitchell said he would present it to the district presidents in the hope it would be accepted. Governor Odell said: "Mr. Mitchell was eminently fair and showed every disposition to adjust the serious situation."

Cheap Rates to COPPER COUNTRY

On Steamer Argo.

Leaving Duluth every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 p. m., arriving at Houghton 7 a. m. following days—14-hour service. No stops. First class fare, including meals and berth, $3.00 one way; $5.00 round trip. Second class, $2.00.

NEW MUSIC—NEW SONGS

At Flanner's Music House, 215 Grand Ave., Milwaukee., 50 Pieces at 15c.

It is a well-known fact that you can buy sheet music at Flanner's music house, Milwaukee, at less price than at any place in the country. Both classic and popular music sold at cut prices. "Be My Own," a pretty little classical ballad and "Hearts Courageous" waltzes just issued will be sent postpaid at 17 cents a copy. Catalogues and price lists mailed free. Address Joseph Flanner, Milwaukee, Wis.

HIT TOO FREELY

Weakness of Superior's Pitcher Gives Duluth Indoor Game.

Duluth Poorer In the Field Bot Stronger In Box.

Places For Indoor League Completed and Schedule Arranged.

Before one of the largest crowds ever seen at an indoor baseball game in Duluth, the Interstate Indoor Baseball league last night opened its season at the Armory, with a game between Company A, of Duluth, and Company I, of Superior. Company A won.

Though not a marvel of well-played baseball the game was interesting, exciting at times. The large score run up on the Superior team was due almost entirely to the poor work of Duff in the box, who allowed twenty-five hits to be made off him. The work of the Superior out and infield was of the best.

The Duluth fielders were not so good, but Shipper kept the visitors down to seven hits. Much enthusiasm was evinced by the crowd. The opening night gives promise for a very successful season for the league. Score by innings:

Company A .....1 1 0 1 4 1 3 3 4—18
Comp ny I .....3 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0—7

Final arrangements for the league have been completed. It consists of four teams —three in Duluth and one in Superior. The managers of the teams are George Dion, Big Duluth; J. Duff, Company I; E. S. Sattler, Freimuth; Henry Shipper, Company A.

Two series of games will compose the schedule. In the first of these extending until January 1 only thet four teams mentioned are listed. In the second series the high school will be given a place.

The schedule of the first series:

Freimuth vs. Big Duluth, Oct. 28 and Nov. 28; Big Duluth vs. Company A, Oct. 23 and Dec. 5; Freimuth vs. Company I, Oct. 21 and Dec. 12; Company A vs. Freimuth, Nov. 7 and Dec. 19; Company I vs. Big Duluth, Nov. 14 and Dec. 26. This provides for one game each week until the first of the year.

Scoring will be done on the same plan as in the big baseball leagues. Percentages of the teams will be kept and the one with the highest percentage will get a silver cup trophy at the end of the season.

The high school will come into the league with a percentage of 1000, so that it will loose nothing by being unable to play in the first series of games.

Simple Silver Salt makes water do the work. The easiest, safest, silver cleaner.

MEANS MUCH TO FOOTBALL TEAM

Today's Game With St. Paul Mechanic' Arts School One of Most Important of Season---Junior Class Election.

Today's game, now in progress out at Oneota Park is one of the most important of the season to the local team. Mechanic Arts high school of St. Paul has hopes for and is receiving considerable attention as a possible winner of the Northwestern championship for 1902.

Duluth holds about a like place in the minds of the neutral enthusiast. Little is known of the comparative strength of the two teams. Each won its first game by a good margin.

The contest has all along given promise of being a close and exciting one, but no judgment of the result has been possible, not fill it be until the play is well started this afternoon. Both sides are confident and both sides have sufficient reason to be so.

Mechanic Arts has a fast heavy team and though Coach Brennan knows nothing of the tactics of the local boys he hopes that by straight fast football his men will be able to rush the local men off their feet and secure a good victory in his first important game of the season.

Speed has been instilled into the play of the Duluth boys and some entirely new plays which are expected to bewilder the St. Paul men have been added to the list. The general improvement of the team during the past week has been great.

Though the St. Paul men are supposed to be acquainted with play of the local men as it was last week through information grained from the St. Cloud players, they will have an entirely different game to meet.

Shortly after three o'clock the teams line up as follows:

Mechanic Arts.		Duluth.
Sudheimer	left end	Whipple.
Mannheimer	left tackle	Berg
Prendergast	left guard	Howord
Smith	center	Safford
Pennington	right guard	Richards
Cox	right tackle	Potter
Geraghty	right end	Olson
Fitzsimmons	quarter	Peterson
Tostevin or Judgens	left half	Harrison
Taylor	right half	Cummings
Cant Larkin	full back	Bradley

Manager Jones of the Minneapolis central has ignored the telegrams and letters of the local manager asking that the date on which the two teams meet be finally settled. This gives the impression to the local men that central is holding off, until it learns the outcome of today's contest between Duluth and Mechanic Arts high schools.

Central meets the Mechanic Arts school later in the season and if Duluth is defeated by the manual training boys the Minneapolis school will consider a game with the Duluth team unnecessary, as with that defeat on the list the local team will not be a factor in the run for the championship.

This makes the Duluth team the more anxious to win the game today. It is improbable that South Side will cancel on account of a defeat from the Mechanic Arts this afternoon, as they are desirous of wiping out last year's defeat, when Duluth played pom-pom-pull-away with them at the rate of 40 to 0, and as they have one of the strongest teams that they have ever had they will not miss an opportunity offered by the local men.

• • •

Ironwood is the victim on the list for a week from today. The game will be played in Duluth. The Ironwood men are said to be much lighter than they ever were before when they played Duluth.

Charlie Bennett, who has spent the last year or two in Duluth is coaching them. He is a graduate of the Ironwood high school, playing on the team which Duluth defeated twice two years ago by a score of 22 to 0 in both games. He also played the year previous on the Ironwood team which defeated Duluth by good margins in two games.

Though the Ironwood coach has never had the advantage of a university training he is thoroughly conversant with the playing of all of the Duluth men, and wih the style of play taught them by Coach Park. His little team will come up here ready to play a fast game and well acquainted with all of the tactics that will be sent against them by the local team.

Though the game may not be as interesting as the one of this week or some of those to follow. it will be sufficiently hard to give the local men good hard practice and get them in good condition to meet the Minneapolis south side high school, which will probably play here on October 25. The price of admission to the Ironwood game will be only half what it is to the contests with Twin City teams.

• • •

Down in the Twin Cities, South Side is playing East Side this week, and Northside St. Thomas college. Minneapolis central was to have met the team of the Hamline medics, but the doctors cancelled the game to go out to Fargo to play the college in that place.

Central is said to be in bad shape this week owing to the injury to Thayer, the crackerjack half, and to several other men who would not be able toplay the game, so Central considers herself lucky in losing her scheduled opponent for this week. Next Friday she meets the Mechanic Arts high school.

North high is to meet Carlton college, Winona high school, Mechanic Arts, East side, South high, and Oct. 21 she will meet Minneapolis central in what is expected to be her greatest game.

Charlie Myrick, the fast colored boy who played half back on South town when they met Duluth last year, has all of the Twin City teams terrorized. He is a 10 second man on the hundred yard dash and has a bad habit of breaking through the line and around the ends. With a clear field ahead of him there is not a player in Minnesota, they say, who can catch him. In last year's game with south side at Duluth he came within an ace of getting away from the bunch for a score, but was downed in the nick of time by Al Cummings.

• • •

The score in Central's game with Eau Claire high school last Saturday came in the last minute of play. The ball had see-sawed back and forth across the field all the afternoon with no score and it looked like a case of double goose egg.

Central had the ball on the twenty-yard line. A fake with a double pass mixed up in it was called for by Yerxa, and Buffington, who plays fullback this year, went over the line for the score, just saving Central from a tie game.

Eau Claire has a fast team—they were champions of Wisconsin last year—and they played fully as good a game as the Minneapolis team. The team which now wins from Central gets with its victory the championship of Wiscinsin, but so far North high still clings to the Minnesota championship.

Most all of the men which Central claimed were gone out of the line-up are back. "Chumps" Bidlake is in at one tackle; big Clarence Browne, supposedly one of the best tackles in the state, holds the other place, though he is out of condition through injuries just at present. Reports of Central's condition are contradictory. All the men are individual stars, they say, but the team work is very bad—very bad, and then they go on to tell that never did Central show such good form at this stage of the season. It is almost impossible to get a line on them from this distance.

The rule that no player shall participate in a game unless he is up to the required standing in all of his studies, is just beginning to be enforced in the Twin City schools. Duluth has struggled along under it for several years and has been at a disadvantage thereby, when meeting teams from the southern part of the state.

But that is no more. The Twin City school boards are to insist that all of the football men are good students. And a wail goes up. East High will be severely crippled by the loss of good men who do not know enough to keep up their standings, Central will be put in bad shape by the new rule, South town will lose some of its best players and likewise North side is up against it.

The new ruling is regarded as a good one, and local men are glad that it has been enforced among their Minneapolitan opponents. Principal Smith, of the local school, has always been particular about the personnel of the teams which represented the local school, and for the last three years no man has played on a team who could not show a clean record in scholarship.

Athletes often squirmed under the rigid enforcement of this edict and, perhaps, some defeats have been due to it. But the feeling has generally been that Principal Smith took the right stand in the matter. Now that the rule is to be enforced among the other principal schools of the state no more complaint can be heard against it.

• • •

"Bill" Brennan and his merry men came up from St. Paul last night and put the hearts of the local rooters atremble by their size and apparent confidence.

Taken all around the Mechanic Arts team is the best looking bunch of football men that has blown in here for some time. They say that they average about 170 pounds—a big weight for a high school eleven—and their appearance justifies them at fully that weight. The local men weigh in the neighborhood of 150.

Consequetly prayers were heard for a good dry field on the part of the local men. A wet field would give the St. Paul men an immense advantage with their greater weight.

A few of the players who saw the men alight from the train last evening suffered no loss in confidence. From the reports collected they had expected an even more formidable gang against them.

After sizing the St. Paul men up, Coach Park of the local men said that he had never felt better before a game in his life:

"My boys have got to win," was his only comment.

Besides Coach Brennan the party contained:

Ralph Oland, William Fitzsimmons, John Taylor, Thomas Sudhiemer, Thomas Prendergast, Ed Pennington, H. Cox, Roy Mority, Charles Kenney, Robert Manheimmer, manager, D. L. Condid, A. Jurgen, H. Geraghty and Capt. Larkin. The party is chaperoned by Professor Condid of the Mechanic Arts school.

The officials in the game this afternoon will be the same as in the St. Cloud game last Saturday. Clinton P. McCormick for Duluth, and Maloy, the St. Thomas college man, for St. Paul.

The St. Paul boys said last night that they expected about forty rooters up from the Twin Cities this morning to help them win their game.

JUNIOR CLASS ELECTION.

High School Class Holds First Meeting.

The high school junior class held its first meeting of the year on Wednesday afternoon. The election of officers for the following year resulted as follows:

Frank Scoble, president; Violet Robinson, vice president; Winefred Smith, secretary; Shirley Alexander, treasurer. Frank Scobie was unanimously chosen editor-in-chief of the class Zenith board.

It was decided that the class would pay the expenses incurred by the girls' basketball team of the class last winter. No definite arrangements were made for the social affairs which the class hopes to give in the near future.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. **THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.** This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and **they will be acknowledged to be WITHOUT A RIVAL.**

BEECHAM'S PILLS taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the **Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy** of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that **BEECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicines in the World.**

Beecham's Pills have been before the public for half a century, and are the most popular family medicine. No testimonials are published, as Beecham's Pills

RECOMMEND THEMSELVES.

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal St., New York.

Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c. and 25c.

How do you Spend Your Evenings?

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE fail to realize, until too late, that by attending school during the winter evenings, they can, in a very short time, prepare themselves for a specialty in business that will not only increase their earning capacity, but place them in far more congenial positions.

OTHERS, with an abundance of natural ability, are occupying subordinate positions in business houses where they have splendid chances for promotion, if they only possessed the special training necessary to fit them for higher positions.

BUSINESS HOUSES are constantly on the lookout for well-trained stenographers. Several large Duluth firms have standing orders with us to furnish them with assistants who are adapted to their line of business, and who have received the special training that will enable them to perform their work satisfactorily.

YOU can place yourself in a position for advancement by devoting your evenings this winter to the study of shorthand and typewriting. On account of the simplicity of Gregg shorthand it is possible for you, by attendance at our evening school, to become a competent stenographer in one season. We have graduated students to good positions after three and one-half months' attendance in this way. The instruction is entirely individual, and progress is thus rendered rapid and thorough.

WE will take pleasure in explaining our methods and furnishing information regarding this course. Call or write for descriptive booklet to

THE DRENNING SCHOOL,
Torrey Building.



For Medicinal Purposes

a bottle of good old brandy or whisky should always be kept in the house. For such uses the best and purest should only be procured. Here you can get any kind of wines or liquors, and know that you are getting the very best. In fact you can't get better, even if you pay fancy prices.

Manhattan Wine House
15 West Superior Street.
Phones: Zenith 661, long distance 1000.
Our Imported Swedish Porter for Strength

Day and Evening Classes

Are now in session at the Duluth Business university. Commercial, stenographic, English and penmanship courses. Student may enroll with equal advantage at any time. Location, 106-7 West Superior street.

THE DAKOTAS.

Nelson County Young Woman Drowned In a Barrel.

Grand Forks.--Rose Messiem, 20 years old was drowned Friday at her brother's farm in Nelson county, in ten inches of water at the bottom of a rain barrel. The barrel was sunk in the ground and the water was used to cool cream. The girl went to get the cream and fell head foremost into the barrel. Her position was such that she could not use her arms and she remained in the barrel until found dead some time later.

Bismarck.—The supreme court Friday morning decided the McHenry-Pierce county legislative contest, holding that the ticket head by R. A. Fox should be certified as the regular Republican nominees.

Milton.—The controller of the currency has approved the application for authority to ogarnize the First National bank, of Milton, N. D., with a capital of $25,000.

Sioux Falls.—While running to a fire at noon Friday one of the hose wagons on turning a corner, in an attempt to keep clear of a two-seated surrey containing visitors to the Modern Brotherhood of America, was upset. Four firemen, including Assistant Chief Charles Sloan, were in the wagon and all were more or less injured. Sloan had one leg badly torn and lacerated, besides receiving injuries to his side. The other three firemen escaped with cuts and bruises, which will not keep them off duty. The hose wagon was badly smashed.

Arlington.—The Chicago & Northwestern Railway company is making preparations to raise and repair its station and put in a new platform.

Cement walks, ten feet wide, are being laid on the main street.

Threshing in this vicinity is almost finished. The yield of grain is: Wheat, 15 to 25 bushels an acre; oats, from 40 to 75 bushels; barley, from 30 to 45 bushels. Fall ploying is well under way.

Hot Springs.—The Shakspeare club elected Mrs. W. W. Stewart and Miss Ada Osmotherly delegates to attend the Federation of Women's clubs in Spearfish on Oct. 18 and 19.

Scotland.—George Stamp, agent for the J. H. Queal Lumber company at Menno, died at that place Thursday night of typhoid fever.

IN MICHIGAN.

Stranger Cut Into Pieces By Train at Menominee.

Menominee—The body of an unknown man was discovered Friday morning strewn along the North-Western railroad track in this city. Hair, teeth and bones were scattered over a half mile. One hand and one foot were found 200 yards from the trunk. Identification was impossible. The man had been dressed in overalls, dark coat and hat and had red hair. He is thought to be a stranger who was hanging around the station last night and to have been intoxicated.

The drive of the Menominee river will run larger than expected. The estimate was for 175,000,000 feet, but Monday this amount had been sorted and there are about 15,000,000 feet left.

One million feet of lumber in saw logs will be pulled through Portage to Baraga. The logs were cut near Ontonagon and floated from that point to the mouth of the canal, where they are being put in rafts 600 feet long and 50 feet wide. The consignment is for the Lester Bros. Lumber company.

Sault Ste. Marie—Kinney McCoy, a deck hand on the steamer Empire City, had his arm taken off while the boat was locking down at the Sault the other night. The boat was loaded too deep and struck on the mitre sill. A line was put ashore and ran throug a fair leader on the deck. McCoy was looking through a porthole and had his arm thrown along the rail when the fair leader broke and struck him, taking off his arm just above the elbow. The injured man was taken at once to the Soo general hospital.

Iron Mountain—Bradden B. Hopper of Iron Mountain employed at the Chapin mine shops, has left for New York city to meet his bride-to-be. The young woman left her home in the suburbs of London last Friday. Saturday she is expected to reach New York, where the marriage will soon occur.

IN HIS GLORY.

Corbin Shines While Hobnobbing With Royalty In England.

London, Oct. 11.—The American generals now visiting England are undergoing somewhat similar experiences of English hospitality to that of the colonial premiers during coronation time. From now until Oct. 18, when they will sail for home, Generals Corbin and Young will not have a moment they can call their own. Beginning with the king, whose action in inviting them to luncheon at Buckingham next Monday, the first week day he will be in London, has cused much favorable comment, they have received invitations from numerous societies and individuals. Lieut. [illegible]ey, who, as aide-de-camp has most of the arranging of dates to supervise, said to a reporter of the Associated Press that he believed even Mr. Cortelyou, President Roosevelt's secretary, had scarcely a more difficult task.

Both Gen. Corbin and Gen. Young expressed to the reporter of the Associated Press their keen appreciation of the many attentions shown them. Earl Roberts has been untiring in affording them attention and the American generals are looking forward to their visit with him, to Woolwich, and to Gen. French, at Aldershot, next week, with great pleasure.

Only one note of disappointment is heard, and that comes from the staff, who are not included in the invitation to Buckingham Palace. While the American officers were in Germany Emperor William always asked the staff to attend functions with the generals. Gen. Wood will arrive here Sunday, in time to meet the king. Ambassador Choate is expected to accompany the Americans to Buckingham palace. Mrs. Corbin has been confined to the house with a cold.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter.

There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effectivo of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute, at 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.



Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

ANNUAL SALE 10,000,000 BOXES Greatest in the World

A MILLION AMERICAN BEAUTIES keep their blood pure, their complexion soft and clear, their breath sweet and their whole bodies active and healthy with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. The quick effects of CASCARETS as system cleaners and blood purifiers; their promptness in curing pimples, boils, blotches, liver-spots, blackheads, and in sweetening a tainted breath, have become known through the kind words of ladies who have tried them. Hence the sale of nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. The quickest, surest, way to beauty is to cleanse the blood, for Beauty's Blood Deep. The first rule for purifying the blood is to keep the bowels free, gently but positively. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic are the only medicine to do it. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 561



Long Distance Talking is All Right

when no other method is available, but we want to get you into our store where the goods can hold a little conversation with you; then we are sure of holding your attention and winning your approval. Here are some of the things you will see—

In Our Carpet, Rug and Lace Curtain Department.

9x12 Wilton Velvet Rugs, worth $35.00—for only..... $25.00
9x12 Tapestry Brussels Rugs, worth $25—for only... $18.00
9x12 Wool Art Squares, worth $12—for only $9.50
And a first-class Wilton Velvet Carpet at—per yard... $1.00

In Our Furniture and Bedding Department.

A good all hardwood Chamber Suite, worth $20, for ... $15.00
A splendid all hardwood Dining Room Chair, for only..... 85c
A splendid all hardwood Dining Room Table for..... $4.50
A beautiful five-drawer solid oak Chiffonier, for..... $6.00

In our Stove Department, which is the best line shown in this city, the largest variety, and at prices far below any others shown in Duluth or elsewhere, and remember that we are the people to extend to you the most liberal line of *credit* and make terms to suit you. Our terms $10 down on $100 worth of goods. Come along—don't be afraid, your credit is good. Our terms are easy. Come, buy yourself the best heating stove made; also the best range made in America at only $5 down and $5 per month. Remember your credit is good at—

BAYHA & CO.'S

Lowest Price Housefurnishers in City of Duluth.

Look for Big Wire Sign on Roof.

News-Tribune Bldg., 24-26 E. Superior St.

Wolves In Canada

Packs In the Farm Fields Are Leading Dogs Astray—Latter Fiercer and More Cunning Than the Wolves.

Hull, Canada, Oct. 11.—All reports agree that game of every kind is more plentiful this year than ever before. It is also fairly evident that nature's plan of preserving a balance is in full operation, and that thereby is prevented an overwhelming increase of any one genus. For instance, deer have become plentiful again in this province. As a consequence of nature's providing, appear from somewhere or another wolves, whose insatiable greed keeps down the number of the deer and so hinders them from becoming troublesome.

Probably the hunter will put forward the proposition in another way and say that the increase in the supply of deer is a blessing, and that a corresponding curse, as is the multiplication of wolves, was certain to come in a world where trouble or sorrow is the black shadow which follows almost every pleasure.

Several times this summer deer have appeared in the immediate vicinity of, and once or twice in the very streets of, Ottawa. It became a not uncommon thing to hear of their feeding with cattle in the pastures. And now in every direction, and especially at Buckingham, a few miles from Ottawa, wolves have appeared in increased numbers. Jean Loiselle, a farmer living near that village, heard a pack in full cry this week, and sitting on his verandah saw a fine buck dash from the bush into his fields, followed by half a dozen of these sharks of the woods.

The noble fellow had evidently been chased a long distance, but he was gallantly spurting to reach the river which skirts Loiselle's land, when he struck an unnoticed barbed wire fence with terrific force, and fell, badly injured. The howling pack of pursuers was upon the poor creature in another moment, and with great unanimity tore him to pieces. Within twenty minutes by the clock they had devoured all but the antlered head and a few bones, though the farm house was not more than 150 yards away. As it happened, Loiselle's brother had gone to the back country with the household gun to look for deer that day.

For some weeks the sheep in that locality have been herded together and guarded night and day against the depredations of the wolves. In the early part of the season, when sheep worried to death were found, it was thought that some of the huge dogs, half mastiff and half collie, common about there, were to blame, and trouble arose between neighbors because of the mutual recriminations that followed. Then, as the wolves became bolder, their howling was heard, and at last they were watched for, detected in the act of sheep killing, and the farmers' cattle dogs were exonerated from blame.

It comes out now, however, that part of the blame belongs to the dogs after all. A pack of five ravenous brutes have been seen several times. Once they were chasing a bevy of calves in an open pasture, and they were only driven off by the noisy discharge of rifles and duck guns. On another occasion they were seen by moonlight trying to jump to the boughs of the trees, where the barnyard fowls were roosting.

Once again they allowed themselves to be closely approached while devouring a sick cow they had pulled down in a well-fenced meadow. On all these occasions those who saw them declared that among the gaunt gray creatures was one big black and tan dog, who appeared to be on terms of perfect equality with the four wolves he accompanied.

Upon comparing notes it appears that a pack of two dogs and three wolves have been worrying the cattle higher up the river, above the High Rock falls and that these dogs are also very large specimens, of a black and brown color. These facts recall a sad affair which happened about two years ago. A serious bush fire was raging, and while it was being fought in one direction, spread in another to a settler's house, which was destroyed, two children being burned to death. A pair of powerful dogs had been shut up with the little ones, to whom they were greatly attached, and were badly singed before they could leave their charges and make their escape.

As the suffering animals appeared to be maddened by pain and fright, the neighbors were rather relieved when the pair disappeared in the bush. Probably the progeny of these dogs have picked up evil associates and learned from them their thievish ways. How useful they prove to be to their grim allies this well-authenticated incident shows.

A farmer on guard over his flock one evening, being greatly disturbed by the howling of wolves, had determined upon driving home his restless sheep and stabling them for the night, when he was surprised to notice, as he thought, his well-trained intelligent dog had apparently divined his intention. He was gathering the animals together by quietly running around them, and started them quickly, but with no unusual haste, in the direction of the barns.

As the little flock huddled together near a corner of the field where the log fence cut across a small section of the bush which furnished shade to cattle, there arose a fierce snarling and a great confusion, and the animals, bleating vigorously, raced away in mortal terror, leaving three of their number behind. Then the man noticed that the dog was at his heels, trembling and whining with excitement, and realizes that the brute whose work he had been admiring was in league with the wolves, and taking advantage of his likeness to an honest sheep dog, had deliberately brought the sheep within reach of their fangs.

The worst of it is that the house dogs, the farmers' faithful friends, are in communication with their vagabond relatives. So seriously have these evil communications corrupted the good morals of the farm dogs, that one or two collies are known to have deserted to the enemy, and every dog which is not shut in every night is suspected of tasting the delights of moonlight hunting with the ravagers. If game protection was rigorously prosecuted, probably every adult dog of a large breed along the Lievre river would be doomed to death as an righteously illicit destroyer of venison.

So far, no loss of human life has been reported this year, but one little girl of 5 years had a Red Riding Hood kind of experience, which has given her mother a shock which she will not get over for many a day. The child had trotted away after dinner by herself to pay a visit to a bed-ridden aunt, who lived just beyond a cedar swamp, a quarter of a mile away. Toward evening the mother, imagining that the little one was in the field with her father, was amazed to see her standing on the road at the edge of the wood surrounded by four wolves, which appeared to be sniffing at her face and neck. The terrified mother set up a piercing shriek as she saw the dreadful danger of her little one and rushed toward her. The brutes then turned tail so hurriedly as to throw the child to the ground, and dashed into the swamp. Her husband believes that the leader of this incursive band was one of the runaway wild dogs, which had not quite lost its respect for human beings.

Attempts have been made to trap the wolves, but with small success, as they are always suspicious and cunning. Once a big dog's paw was found in a carefully placed fox trap. All around were the signs of the banquet his cannibalistic friends had made upon the body of the captive. But as a rule the steel traps are found sprung and the bait devoured when visited. Pitfalls have been tried also, but no one hereabouts has yet learned how to replace the sods over the pits so as to deceive the wolf into trying his weight upon them.

One or two of the creatures have been shot, but the farmers do not take to the continuous hunting and close study of the habits of the several packs which is necessary to deal effectively with them. Some of the more influential settlers are demanding that the government again offer the bounty of $5 for each wolf head which used to be paid in earlier days. This, it is expected, would induce practised hunters to come in and rid the district of the howling, greedy brutes which are at present the plague and terror of the farming community.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY AT ARMORY

TONIGHT! TONIGHT!!

Capt. M. L. FAY, Democratic Candidate for Congress, C. D. O'BRIEN of St. Paul, and others will speak.

HOTELS.

AFTER TWO YEARS IN THE COURTS OUR CONTENTION IS SUSTAINED.
THE COURT OF APPEALS DECISION REMOVES NUISANCE (THE SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION PLANT) FROM OUR FRONT.

EVERETT HOUSE, Union Square, New York.

Thoroughly equipped and in complete order, location most central and convenient.
European Plan—Popular Prices
Your patronage is solicited.
B. L. M. BATES, Proprietor.

Below is a list of the representative hotels of Duluth, which will be found strictly first class in every particular:

St. Louis Hotel
J. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
Strictly first class in all appointments.
165 rooms and baths. DULUTH, MINN

New Building New Equipment.
RATES, $2.00 AND $2.50
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

Y. W. C. A. GYMNASIUM
Classes for Women and Girls.
Morning, afternoon and evening.
Rates—Women, $5.00 a year (two lessons weekly); girls, $3.00.

REAR END

Collision On Big Four Caused Death and Injury.

Mattoon, Ill., Oct. 11.—A rear end collision between two Big Four freight trains on the Wabash bridge at Terre Haute last night, resulted in the death of Conductor John Hennessy and the serious injury to several other people. Brakeman John Pardee had two legs broken and was injured internally; Engineer Sam Cox was badly scalded and cut about the face and head and Brakeman Fred Fuque and L. D. Haven, a poultry dealer, of Hillsboro, Ill., are missing. It is supposed they are either in the wreckage or were thrown into the river and drowned.

COLLAPSE OF HOTEL

New Structure at Jackson, Mich., Falls to Ground.

One Man Was Killed and Four Severely Injured.

Recent Inspection By Architect Showed Building Satisfactory.

Jackson, Mich., Oct. 11.—One man was killed and four severely injured by the collapse today of the northwestern section of the new Otsego hotel, construction of which had reached the fourth story. The dead:

HENRY GILTNER, of Leon.

The injured: Patrick W. Coughlin, Grand Rapids, probably fatally; W. Thomas, George Van Allen and William McVey.

There were thirteen men on the fourth floor when the collapse occurred. The west wall went down first, giving them a chance for their lives. Eight of them ran to places of safety, but the other five were not so fortunate and were carried down with a perfect avalanche of brick, mortar, flooring and debris. Rescuers began digging them out immediately. Coughlin, Van Allen and McVey were rescued within a short time and taken to the hospital. It was almost 1 o'clock when Giltner's body was recovered. The cause of the collapse is not known. The building was inspected last night by the artchitect and reported to be thoroughly satisfactory. The contractor, Mayor Samuel Pickles, was in the building when the collapse came and had a narrow escape.

EXHAUSTIVE

Opinion Rendered By the Judge In the Berger Case.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 11.—Justice Van Sickle this afternoon filed in the court of errors his written opinion in the case of Myrian Berger against the United States Steel corporation, that was decided a short time ago in favor of the corporation. The opinion is an elaborate one, covering thirty-six pages, and gives exhaustively the reasons for his decision. In the opinion Justice Van Sickle says the general action concerning corporations, authorized corporations to retire shares of preferred stock purchased with bonds or the proceeds of bonds; that the directors may declare how many shares are to be retired, and that the failure to retire that number will defeat the plan.

The act of 1902, which was passed especially for the benefit of the United States Steel corporation, Justice Van Sickle says, does not enlarge the company's powers, as they were under the general corporation act, but rather restricts them. The company has power to sell bonds on the market, or to sell them to stockholders at the same value.

Talking up the point raised by Mrs. Berger that J. P. Morgan & Co., who received $10,000,000 commission were being overpaid, the opinion says:

"Individual stockholders cannot question in judicial proceedings corporate acts of directors if the same are within the power of the corporation, are not unlawful or against good morals, and are done in good faith in the exercise of an honest judgment. The manner which a duly authorized plan is carried through is part of the business of the corporation and in the absence of fraud or bad faith, is not the subject of judicial control to any greater extent than other business of the corporation. The court cannot substitute its judgment for that of the directors and a majority of the stockholders and say that a less expensive plan could have been accepted."

WILL LIVE.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—A special to the Dispatch from Altoona, Manitoba, says: One topic of conversation in this district today is the tragedy of Thursday last and its shocking results. People from all parts of Mennonite reserve have been here and much sympathy is expressed for the parents of Annie Kehler, aged 8 years, who died after great suffering from her wounds. No hope is held out for the recovery of John Hiebert, aged 45, or Helena Kehler, second daughter of Trustee Peter Kehler. Both are now in a critical condition and their cases are considered by physicians as hopeless. Abraham Rempel, aged 56, and Anna Rempel, his 15-year-old daughter, is progressing favorably.

Peter Kehler, who was wounded in the hand, is able to be around. Dr. McKenty, the coroner, held an inquest on the death of Annie Kehler and returned a verdict "That Annie Kehler came to her death from a bullet wound caused by a revolver in the hands of Henry J. Toews." The evidence substantiated in every detail the story already published. Before leaving Winnipeg, Toews, who will be charged with murder if he recovers, was lying in the village of rug store, his head swathed in bandages and in evident unconsciousness of his awful crime. He was attended by his aged mother and guarded by Walter Miller, of Gretna, the provincial constable. He will recover.

BURDICK SERIOUSLY ILL.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. C. Burdick, one of the old settlers of this city and state, is lying seriously ill at his home, 581 Westminster street, and his life is despaired of. He is 69 years old. Mr. Burdick's chief activity has been as associated with the grain department. He was the first chief grain inspector, holding that position since the department was first organized. Afterwards he was continuously associated with the department in one capacity or another until a year ago.

Ran a Ten Penny Nail Through His Hand.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten penny nail through the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale at Boyce's drug store.

THE DROP OF A HAT

By Octave Thanet.

(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was during the most trying year of the civil war, during 1863, when the hearts of the North waxed faint. The house was of brick. It had green blinds and a narrow, scroll-bedecked piazza with rectangular pillars, the ugly awkwardness of which was screened by rose climbers and clematis. The air was close and warm, so warm that Oscar paused a moment on the shaded, dim piazza to wipe his brow. He looked at the old place with an unwonted moving of his heart; he had never forgotten the home of his childhood in his five years in Europe. He had chosen a course which his own conscience justified, even commanded, but which he understood too well, many of his own political faith might despise; now, at the door of the old house he paused, chilled in the sunshine by the wonder whether he should ever look on the street or the sun again.

After he heard the life and drum, too far for the tramp of feet to be audible. A boy's bare feet patterered on the brick sidewalk as he ran by singing cheerfully.

"We shall meet, but we shall miss him;
There will be one vacant chair."

"Good old Peter," muttered Oscar under his breath; "there's the same little gamin, never fails; and Peter is marching his company by."

Curious that he had thought so little of Peter's solicitude before. Peter and his home guards of elderly men, too old for the draft and boys too young, Peter himself, with his empty sleeve, drilling them so indefatigably, were the commonest sights to be seen any fair day. Peter ought to have been promoted, not sent back to civil life as a sergeant. Though he called the home guards captain, Peter, he really had no more than a speaking acquaintance with him; but he had obtained him his commission in the guards out of sheer admiration for his bravery. Oscar's influence with the governor was not a thing for the open air; and he was not seeking gratitude; indeed, it frightened him a bit to have Peter meet him the afternoon before and say—to be sure, they were alone—"I know what you've done to me. Give me a chance if things get hot. The boys always reports your days and I'm always 'round with the boys. Ain't you seen my line of march?"

"Yes," said Oscar. He hadn't noticed before, but he remembered. Soldiers marching through that soldier-crowded town could surprise none; but it was a fact. These same soldiers marched whenever the meetings of the Knights of the Golden Circle were held. "Day or night," said Peter, "I'm always 'round. Keep your eye peeled, though; those sapperheads bite when you ain't expecting. The governor can't protect you, but I can, if you think likely you'll be in a tight place any day, drop you hat on the steps before you go in."

"By Jove, I will," says Oscar, "and if I'm not out in half an hour send along some men and arrest me."

"I savey," says Capt. Peter, with a grin.

Oscar was going over this interview in half a dozen minds about it. That they should suspect him always had been possible. Yet so carefully had he covered his trail, so guarded and disguised had been his interviews with his own confident, the governor, that for the most part he had not feared discovery. It was only a look here or there, a chance word, the unexpected caution, the refusal with a plausible excuse to send him an important and fatal list—only these straws that had frightened him.

"Don't go again," the governor had begged him. "I can't protect you; my hands are not free. I can manage with the evidence you have secured already."

"It isn't enough to justify putting the state under martial law," Oscar had urged; "you need the list, you need the letter, and I'm going to get it for you."

"Boy," said the governor, "do you remember the day you walked in here, just back from Europe?"

Oscar sobbed sadly. He remembered how he had found his mother's place filled by a woman whom he could not respect, his sister's affection lost, his young brother unhappy; all left to him out of the wreck of the fortune which the woman's influence could not persuade his father to deny him.

"I remember. I was a man alone, who had a right to risk his life and his name; for it was already blackened by lies beyond redemption. I had accidentally come into possession of a clue to a monstrous plot, so subtle and so extensive that it was dangerous. I told you I wanted to serve my country and the cause willing to serve her as a spy on those men. I could never be of so much use as that way."

"I doubted you, at first; that was a good while ago," said the governor musing. "I have come to trust you absolutely. I believe you are as good a patriot as Nathan Hale. And by——, I don't know what I could have done without you. Oscar, don't go tomorrow afternoon."

"I have to," said Oscar; "you know I have to, but I shall go with a light heart because of those words. Thank you."

"Then, I'll do my best for you; and if I can't protect you I can avenge you."

But he went out of the capitol with a sting under his jauntiness.

It pricked him as he stood. None the less, his hand went out to the bell to give the peculiar ring which should herald his approach as one of the band. Just at this moment the Prisoner's garden overalls slouched round the hollyhocks. The Prisoner was a Virginian, hardly in his twenties, who had escaped from the military prison and had been in hiding ever since. He was not a member of the band, but he was admitted to many of their meetings because to him was entrusted the part of freeing the prisoners. He was a merry, patient, resourceful young fellow who plotted like a school boy, making jest of danger; and because he was so young and of such a sunny and innocent honor, hardly all the darker features of the venture had been concealed from him. In spite of his determination to keep his interest off these men whom he must betray, Oscar had warmed to the Prisoner. It helped him every time he met the lad's dimpled smile.

Now he looked up at him almost wistfully.

There was no smile; nor did the Prisoner's ready hand go up to the old army hat pushed over his black curls. With his eyes on the ground he stood still, erect, while slowly a dark red flush stained his cheek and his brow. "Haven't you forgot something? You better go back he muttered. Almost Oscar was minded to take what he felt was a hint; at the same time he felt a stab in the boy's averted, darkened eyes and his painful flush. This youngster had been nearer a friend than a shy and disappointed nature had attracted in years. Into his troubled thoughts came the scrape of the door turning, and there was Hollins, the chief, smiling his soft, cold smile. Oscar was too dogged to retreat now; but, as if by awkwardness, he dropped his hat on the door sill. To pick it up he must take a few steps on the piazza; and as he stooped he heard the light thud of naked feet on the bricks. Capt. Peter's boy was speeding past.

Oscar would not look at the Prisoner; he followed Hollins down the hall to the robing room, where he grimly endued himself with a black domino and a black mask. Hollins had a passion for ceremonies and clothes.

The meetings were held in a cellar room, formerly used as the storeroom, and adjoining what had been for the times and the town a famous wine cellar. The conspirators in their black dominoes and their black masks, with their hoods peaked above their shapeless black forms, squatting on rickety boxes, bore a grotesque likeness to a circle of crows. Hollins had invented a ritual of mystery, part of which it was for him to be the only man known to the band. He admitted and he dismissed every man; and every man came at an appointed time to an appointed door. The only chance of discovery was at the door, and the fact that Hollins had rented the house and that he had a law office within it, where he had watched a slowly dwindling chancery practice for years, always offered a chance of the other man, should one encounter him, being an innocent client.

On every man's breast was his number. He was only a number to his comrades, no more. The Prisoner alone, as he did not belong to the order, was known to them all in his rightful person. But at these meetings the Prisoner donned a domino and a mask with a schoolboy zest for the disguise.

The Prisoner's number was No. 12. Long ago Oscar had made out this fact; for that matter, he had trailed every man's identity of the band until he ran it down, and his eye darted in a single glance over the numbers present, noting them.

He gave the regulation sign and the usual formal greeting; but even as he bowed himself before the chief two men behind gripped him, while two others dextrously bound his legs and slipped his hands into handcuffs. Resistance would have been futile, outcry no less, deep down in that dark house of crime, the street half an arc away. Oscar neither stirred nor cried out. With the first clutch at his arms he had realized a peril against which he had no weapon save his wits. When the mask was pulled from his face he showed an absolutely impassive front. "Take away your gag, Jimmy," he said in his usual voice. I'm not going to kick up a row; I don't need to. What's the matter? You folks will be sorry if you don't let me do a little talking; your lives depend on it. Now, what the devil is the cause of this?"

"The cause," said Hollins—he spoke in low and sternest tones; but to Oscar there was something theatrical and unreal about them, so that he wondered with a thrill of resentment if Hollins were not trying, with a life at stake, to impress the latest recruit of the order, a rich young fellow from New York who had been disappointed of a regiment and treated, as he thought, with arrogant insult by the secretary of war—"the cause is that you are a traitor to your vows, to your cause and to your comrades; you know our oath, you took it—"

"Beg pardon"—Oscar's voice cut into his—"beg pardon; I did not take it. I draw the line at oaths and giving my word I brought you a letter saying I had taken it."

"You mean to say that letter—"

"That letter was forged," returned Oscar, coolly.

"By God, he admits it all," someone groaned. Oscar knew the prisoner's soft tenor. He flushed; it was queer how it could hurt to have one foolish young fellow despise one, hurt so that it pierced one's soul even in the presence of death.

"I have not lied to you," said Oscar; "I shall not now. You who are talking so grandly, you are traitors to your own section if you are not willing to call it your country. The Southerners at least are loyal to their states; you are not. Your state is for the Union. You are plotting to assassinate your own neighbors, who have shown you kindnesses and good offices; not the worst men in the city, but the best; not—"

"We're not arguing with you"—Hollins' voice overrode Oscar's even, quiet tones—"what have you to say that the penalty to traitors should not be inflicted in your case?"

They all saw Oscar's ironic smile. "Only this," said he; "you will every one give your life for mine if you kill me. Every single one of you."

"Talk is easy," sneered Hollins, shrugging his shoulders, "easier than scaring us. Have you nothing better to offer?" But Oscar saw through his half-closed, indifferent brown eyes every motion in the black figures around him, was aware of the slightest turning of the head, the merest inclination of the shoulders, causing a little black ripple to sway the shapeless masses of black calico. It was as if every man wanted to ask his neighbor a question, but did not venture the sign of attention.

"I see you suppose," Oscar drawled, "that I put my head in the trap without a string tied to the trap jaws? Have none of you noticed the company of soldiers that marches around this house when we have meetings—which I attend?"

The black hoods turned again, but instantly became immovable.

"There are three companies of soldiers in town; but it has never struck any of you shrewd fellows, who are playing with the rope around your necks, that it is the same company of soldiers—"

"Whose soldiers?" snapped Hollins.

"Company A, Second regiment, Home Guards. Do you think the Home Guards will have many scruples about cracking a copperhead? Particularly with all their officers' names on your list?"

"You haven't got the list."

"But I have found the names and I shall have the list this day. Meanwhile, both the governor and captain of the company have my copy, which they will open when they know I am not back, out of here, by 3 o'clock. That is in half an hour. In half an hour, if I have not come out of the house, the soldiers will come, in front and—at the exit. Do you suppose that I had not found that out. The secret passage from the wine cellar to the street is no secret to me."

Hollins' pistol flashed out of his black sleeve; his eyes encountered the level, unflinching eyes of the spy. The latter held only a kind of weary impatience.

"You can shoot me, Hollins," said Oscar, "but you will kill every one of your friends here and in the state. The governor has all the evidence needed and will open it at 3:30 this afternoon."

Hollins' arm fell. "You infernal villain!" shrieked one of the plotters. He forgot rules and fell to whispering furiously with his next neighbor; in an instant an agitated buzz of talk spirted into the silence and the black sleeves and heads were waving. Hollins brought his bare fist down on the box before him, demanding order.

"What does he offer for his life?" cried No. 20—Oscar knew the New York burr; it was the latest recruit, who had no mind for useless sacrifice.

"I offer you the chance to escape," Oscar answered in his leisurely voice. "Macy, push that box to me so I can sit down, will you?"

Macy was No. 10, who had tired of the slow money-making of a big grocery and had invested some of the gold into which he always converted his greenbacks in blockade running, and was a conspirator to protect his ventures. Of late he had grown timorous; nor had he altogether relished having his own family doctor on the "retired list," as Hollins dubbed it facetiously. Macy involuntarily responded, pushing the box toward Oscar.

"We needn't be in a great hurry," said Oscar, seating himself. "Half an hour is not long."

"It shall be your last half hour, make the best of it," said Hollins, grinding his teeth. "Let your hell hounds come if they will; they can't do anything when there is no trace of you."

"They can kill you and they will, just the same, For'—he sent his steady eyes around the circle—"they may not find me, but they know where to hunt for poor Wilton, whom you killed and trusted to the guillotine to finish your work, but it hasn't. They'll find him if they don't find me." There was no mistaking that this thrust had gone home. The New York recruit wriggled on his chair; Macy vainly tried to turn an irrepressible moan into a cough; every man was openly talking to his neighbor, but the prisoner called out sharply: "Look-a-here! What has this gang of your's been doing? I am no member; I don't know, I'm only responsible for freeing the boys at camp. I'm not in any assassination business! Was Wilton a traitor, too? And what did you do to him? Damn it, was he any kin to Capt. Tom Wilton, out at the prison?"

"He was no traitor and he was Tom Wilton's brother. Accidentally he stumbled on some of our secrets and he vanished from the earth; he would not join the order and his mouth had to be shut." Oscar shrugged his shoulders.

"Order!" shouted Hollins. "Keep cool! There is only one man who knows anything that will endanger you, and hell can't make him speak."

Oscar looked out of the cellar window above his head at the orchard at a certain gnarled apple tree, whose distorted limbs waved over a pile or whitewash. In truth he was only guessing, but the strength was back in his limbs and his wits now that he saw a chance for his flight. Suddenly he flung his gaze back, not on Hollins' hooded and masked head, which could give him no answer, but on his bare clenched hand, where the veins were swelling.

"There are several of our valued old knights who know how Wilton died," he said smoothly; "there is only one man besides you, Hollins, who knows where they buried him, but you mistake—that man has told. His full deposition is with the governor now. Don't be deceived; your only chance of life is with me." He noted that the veins of the hand knotted. Hollins was clenching back his temper. As for the others, they whispered grimly apart; the prisoner alone did not stir in his seat. His hood sank on his breast.

Oscar shifted his gaze straight to him. "If you here come to my terms you have all night, you have until noon next day, to make your escape. And I do not serve my country for reward. I don't think it necessary to say that, but I have asked one reward. If I succeed I am promised one person. One of you will go scott free—"

"How kind!" sneered Hollins. "Which one?"

"That is my affair. Another thing, you will give me list A."

Hollins' laugh was nearer a snarl. His eyes glared out of his hood like a trapped wolf's. He took out his watch. "It is ten minutes past 3," said he. "I shall call your bluff. If at 3:30 the soldiers do not come you can say your prayers, for in five minutes you will be dead."

"But if they come?" said Oscar, with a curling lip.

"You'll hear what then," responded Hollins, drily.

"Allow me to call your attention to one fact," said Oscar. "You are losing time. You have to get out of this town; you have to make some preparations, I imagine, before you go. You only have until tomorrow noon. You are playing with your lives. No use getting angry. You can only kill me if you kill yourselves. You can't possibly kill me and dispose of me before the soldiers come; you've only got seventeen minutes now. It can't be done. Have a little sense. Can't you see that it isn't my life that is at stake only? It is very much more yours. Do you suppose you are going to have a trial by jury and a long wait? Martial law and a firing squad is your prospect. I tell you I am the only person who can give you a chance for your lives—"

"Silence!" sternly commanded Hollins. "I'll gag you if you open your mouth again."

Oscar smiled and shrugged his shoulders. He stood erect, rising on his pinioned legs by an effort. The prisoner lent him a hand, and he thanked the assistance with a nod. Then he glued his eyes to the watch dial. His face was as motionless in every muscle as if cut out of the stone walls of the cellar. Only once his eyes went upward to the narrow window framing a segment filled with waving green leafage against a deep blue sky. He did not try to speak. He was counting up his chances. Hollins was a hot-tempered, cold-hearted intriguer, eaten up with vanity, but he hadn't quite lost his senses. He still wanted to live. The man called Jimmy had lost his nerve ever since poor Wilton's cruel passing, for which he would have to answer as well as Hollins. Macy was deadly scared; in fact, only terror had cowed his opposition to the plotters' bloody methods. And now a counter-panic had assailed him, so that he had but one impulse—to fly. The prisoner was an honorable soldier disgusted at the civilians' underhanded brutality. These three, at least, he might count to give him a chance of escape. They, at least, wanted no more murders. He thought he might count on the New Yorker as well. He had too much money to throw away his life and he had turned nervous. But for the rest he could not tell how far Hollins' influence might push them. And one move of Hollins' hand would decide it. Bound as he was, he could do nothing. No, it was soul against soul now. Though his eyes never left the face of the watch, he knew when the prisoner cautiously drew his big garden knife out of his pocket (a knife Oscar had given him), he knew when with one hand he pried the blade open. Ten minutes, now. Faintly a thin, fine sound beat its way down the streets, an air every one knew played by the fifes while the drum roll followed—a company of soldiers marching down the street. "Listen!" whispered the prisoner in a tense voice. But the black figures were huddled closer together, listening in every pore. Macy stood on the other side of Oscar and his breath came in rough gasps. He wiped his wet face under his mask. The prisoner tore the mask off his face and flung the domino off. "These are no clothes to run in," he muttered. Hollins did not reprove him. His eyes were fixed on Oscar's. Oscar's mind went again to the waving green and the blue sky and on to the orchard hill, where the whitewash was trampled into the grass. Had the boy seen it that fall? Would Capt. Peter keep faith? His whole being was concentrated on the swelling quaver of the life. Would they divide and go down Moss street? It was like the drowning man's suffocating moment before the merciful anesthetic of his manner of death muffles his nerves. His entire life drifted in pictures before him; his mother's smile was tingling again through his heart that day at school when he won the prize; his father was bidding him good-by with a last wave of the hat as the steamer slipped her moorings; he saw his sweetheart's face in her coffin under the flowers; the governor was clasping his hands and all the while he stood with a faint, half-impatient smile, nor did his eye-lash so much as quiver. He saw one of the black figures pull something out from his robe; his eyelids narrowed the least in the world; he felt a vague disgust because the noose was muddy and there was but two minutes left. Hollins had drawn the others apart. They were whispering together in a buzz of agitation. Why couldn't they let him listen? Fools! What a mistake they made! He could hardly hear the fife. Surely, though, the sounds came nearer, nearer. One minute! The hand seemed a horrible, sentient thing, grasping for his life. If he only had a chance for his life!

"Time's up!" said Hollins.

The prisoner stepped in front of Oscar. "You don't need to," said Oscar, quietly, "the soldiers are coming up the walk. Listen."

"Tramp, tramp, tramp! the boys are marching!
Cheer up, comrades, they will come!"

Oscar turned, frowning, to Hollins. Their eyes flashed like the whirl of steel. "Well," said he, "there they come. Are you going to take the chance for your lives or die right here and now?"

Still Hollins' hold on the plotters was strong enough to keep them mute while he spoke. "Wait for the ring. If they ring swear that you will destroy the evidence you hold and keep our secret and you may go. Refuse, and you die and we drag your body to the cistern and take our chances."

"And if the soldiers don't ring I die anyhow? What an unmitigated ass you are, Hollins! Well, I refuse; and I don't die. I'm dictating terms, not you. Is the list in that tin box under the table? I know it is. Undo these handcuffs, and be quick about it, and give me the box."

And all the time his ears were canonizing for the tramp up the steps, for the word of command in Capt. Peters' choppy, grunt tones. Suddenly he saw the prisoner's clouded face clear. He saw him grasp Hollins' arm. "Hear that!" he cried furiously, "they are grounding arms! That is the bell! Drop your gun and run! Get off this mummery and run, you all! Skedaddle! Double quick! You can trust his word. Save yourselves."

Oscar drew a long sigh in tiny fragments between his grimly smiling lips as Macy pounded out of the room, followed by the New Yorker and Jimmy, followed and jostled then by the man with the noose. In less than a minute the bell was ringing vigorously. Hollins, the prisoner and Oscar were by themselves in the cellar. Hollins had unlocked the manacles. He looked at the heaps of black dominos crumpled on the cellar floor and at the doorway with bitter scorn. The prisoner had cut Oscar's bonds and he was stamping his feet. "Go," said Oscar, "you have until tomorrow noon."

"If you are a traitor, at least you are not a cursed coward like those curs," said Hollins. "The cause is lost; you needn't be afraid of a shot in the back. Come, Johnny Reb."

"Best not," said Oscar, "he's done me a good turn today, and I can help him better than you. Come, Johnny Reb.—If you can trust me, your's is the life I begged."

"I reckon I can," said the prisoner. "You're a spy for sho', but you're a man!"

They climbed up the narrow stairs together, and at the top Oscar saw his hat on the floor. He picked it up and brushed it carefully. "It has been a very useful hat to me today," said he.

NOMINATION VOID.

Decision Rendered In Case at Buffalo, N. Y.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 11.—Secretary of State McDonough today rendered a decision declaring null and void the nomination of John Cunne, of Buffalo, as Prohibition candidate for attorney general on the ground that the election law prohibited the naming of a candidate by a nominating committee who was already the candidate of another party. Mr. Cunnen was nominated by a special nominating committee of the Prohibition party after he had been nominated by the Democratic state convention for attorney general.

ONE CENT ADVANCE

Wheat Started Lower But Bulged On Cash Demand.

Weakness In Corn and Fine Weather Bearish Factors.

Flax Trading Very Active And the Market Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, Oct. 11.—The wheat market started out easy this morning, the weakness in corn, the liberal receipts and the continued fine weather for the movement of wheat having a bearish effect, but the market soon became firm and prices advanced on the

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 81 cars, and at Chicago, 111, a total of 385 cars, against 251 last week, and 551 last year.

The Eastern demand was stronger today, shippers working 300,000 bus, heavy business for Saturday.

The foreign demand was very slow. The Liverpool market closed unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 2,268,000 bus, against 1,425,000 bus. Shipments, 856,000 bus, last year, 445,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 756,000 bus.

In the Liverpool wheat market corn declined 1d. November corn in Chicago closed a shade stronger. December oats declined 1c-2c. Primary receipts of corn were 882,000 bus, last year, 400,000 bus. Shipments, 854,000 bus; last year, 793,000 bus. Clearances, 1304 bus.

The Duluth wheat market was active and strong, and opened 1c over, sold off at 67¼c and sold steadily upward touching 68c at 11:05 and 68⅝c at 11:50. The close was at 68⅝-⅝c an advance for the day of 2c. December in Chicago advanced ⅞c and in Minneapolis 5c.

Cash sales were 200,000 bus and for No. 1 northern to arrive and in store, 2½c over December was paid, an advance of ¼c; No. 2 sold at 2c under No. 1 and No. 3 at 4c under.

Flax was very active and the market lower. October closed 1c off at $1.22 and its range was from $1.21⅞ to $1.23½. November closed 3c off at its low point, $1.21¾, the high point being $1.24½. December lost 1c closing at $1.20½, its low point. Its high point was $1.21½. May declined 1½c. Cash and on track seed were 1c off and seed to arrive ¼c.

Oats to arrive and on track declined ½c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat: Cash—No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 northern, 70⅝c; No. 2 northern, 68⅝c; No. 3 spring, 66⅝c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 northern, 70⅝c; December, 68¾-¼c; May, 70¼c; November, 70⅛c. Macaroni—No. 1, 65¾c; No. 2, 63¼c. Oats—December, 29⅝c; to arrive, 30½c; on track, 30½c. Rye —October, 48¼c; on track, 48½c; to arrive, 48½c. Barley—40@53c. Flax—Cash, $1.22; on track, $1.22; to arrive, $1.22; October, $1.22; November, $1.21¾; December, $1.20½; May, $1.20.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 354; last year, 164; oats, 14; rye, 9; barley, 66; flax, 273.

Received: Wheat, 360,651 bus; oats, 9052; rye, 1442; barley, 30,521; flax, 158,800. Shipments—Wheat, 266,179; rye, 31,679; barley, 176,642; flax, 176,002.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.,

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.72
No. 1 hard, 2 cars	71¾
No. 1 northern, 26,000 bus	69½
No. 1 northern, 18 cars	69½
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	69¾
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	69¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars to mills	70¾
No. 1 northern, 10 cars	70
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	70⅝
No. 2 northern, 20,000 bus	67½
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	67½
No. 2 northern, 2000 bus	68
No. 2 northern, 10 cars	68
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	68½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	68⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	67½
Rejected, 1 car	65⅝
Rejected, 2 cars	67½
No grade, 1 car	66½
No grade, 1 car	64
Barley, 2 cars	51
Barley, 3 cars	53
Barley, 2 cars	54
Flax, 6 cars, cash	1.22
Flax, 21 cars, cash	1.22¼
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.23¼
Flax, 7000 bus to arrive	1.23¼
Flax, 5000 bus to arrive	1.22
Flax, 3000 bus to arrive	1.22½
Flax, 2 cars rejected	1.19¼
Flax, 3 cars rejected	1.19

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Easy and With Light Trading.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Wheat opened easy with light trading. Weakness in corn and favorable weather in the wheat section of the country were bearish influences. Light receipts with extremely poor grading helped to support prices. December opened ⅛c to ¼c lower at 69¾c to 69⅞c. Later there was fair buying on predictions of rain, which caused a slight rally, sales being made at 70⅛c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 847 cars, which with local receipts of 111 cars —only one of contract grade—made total receipts for the three points of 958 cars, against 931 cars last week and 864 a year ago.

Good commission house buying continued throughout the session and a strong feeling developed, December closing ¾c higher at 70⅝c.

A large crop yield as shown by the government report, together with prospects of a heavy movement, caused a weak opening in corn. Offerings were quite liberal early in the session, but there was little demand. December opened ⅛c to ¾c lower, at 47⅛c to 47¾c, and the first half hour of trading was around the lower figure. With prospects of quite general rains within the next forty-eight hours, a lively demand developed, and there was a rally to 47⅞c. Local receipts were 213 cars, with 21 of contract grade.

The market held steady during the latter part of the day. December sold up to 47⅞@48c and the close was a shade lower at 47¾@7⅞c.

Oats opened weak, due to the government report, which showed the present crop would be the largest on record. At the decline shorts bought May, and elevator interests also replenished their stocks, causing a rally. December opened ⅛c to ¾c lower at 31¼c to 31⅞c. At 31¼c, shorts began to cover and there was a gradual advance to 31⅞c. Local receipts were 190 cars.

Provisions opened steady on higher prices for hogs with small receipts. Trading was dull. January pork opened 2½c lower at $15.52½, January lard, 2½c higher at $8.85, and ribs were a shade lower at $8.20.

Close: Wheat, December, 70¾c; May, 71⅞@72c. Corn, October, 57c; December, 47¾@48c; May, 42⅞c. Oats, October, 31⅜c; December, 29⅝c; May, 32⅞c. Oats, old, 27⅝c; May, 32⅜c. Pork, October, $16.90; January, $15.70; May, $14.87½. Lard, October, $10.25; December, $9.20; January, $8.97½; May, $8.80. Ribs, October, $11.50; January, $8.30; May, $8.37½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.26; Southwestern, $1.24; October, $1.24¾; May, $1.23½c. Rye, December, 48c. Barley, cash, 35@56c. Timothy, October, $4.00. Clover, $10.75. Cash wheat No. 2 red, 72c; No. 3 red, 68@69½c; No. 2 hard winter, 70c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@67c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2 northern spring, 72c; No. 3 spring, 68@70c. Corn, No. 2, 55½c; No. 3, 58c. Oats, No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 28c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning showed very little precipitation, but the West and Northwest are generally cloudy, and there are light showers in Manitoba and a shower or two in Nebraska, Kansas and Ohio valley. The temperatures continue seasonable.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co., Chicago: The most astonishing feature of the government report is the estimate on the yield of oats, 34.13 bus per acre, indicating a crop of 988,000,000 bus. The figures on corn are fully as high as expected. A condition of 79.6 means approximately 2,225,000,000. The crop of coarse grains is by far the largest ever raised in this country. The enormous crop of winter and spring, has been raised nearly 50,000,000 bus since a month ago. The crop of spring wheat is now estimated at 246,000,000 bus against 240,000,000. There is nothing in either of the grains to induce fresh speculative purchases.

• • •

C. M. Boynton, Creston, Iowa: Corn in Southwestern Iowa has matured very rapidly since Sunday. The weather has been absolutely perfect, high wind and warm sun, and this week has done more for the corn than and previous two weeks on the crop. The writer has been out in various directions three different days this week, has attended stock sales and talked with farmers from all over this section, and it is a rare thing when you find a farmer who thinks his crop is not all right.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bank statement was the cause for the decline and the market had another decline in the last half hour today. As on other occasions in the immediate past, coppers did not go down with the rest of the market. Amalgamated Copper closing the same as yesterday. All of the newspapers here have been filled with bear talk for the past week. Prices have not declined, however, and the short interest in these stocks must be getting quite large.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—Wheat: Broomhall cables world's shipments will be about 12,000,000. He also cables rains in Argentine, which have been much needed. Market here firm. There is no material change that we can see in general conditions. The action of the market is, however, hopeful. Domestic demand is fair. There has been very little accumulation of stocks. The cash demand continues good in all the markets. While the speculative operations are small, yet the action of the market indicates that the property is well held. Bearish statistics and indifferent cables produce little or no selling pressure, though a period of greater activity should come. On the whole while there is nothing very urgent or new, we are inclined to think we would take the long side of wheat for the present. Estimated cars, 100.

Corn: The government report was bullish. The market was fairly steady. It has evidently lost the support of the leading bull in the recent advance, but the selling has been fairly well taken and absorbed by large speculative trade. There is a fair cash business, receiving houses report an increasing tendency to country offerings of old corn. Although the market has had a sharp advance, yet the prices and think the market can be bought on reasonable declines Estimated cars, 205.

Oats: The market estimated a yield of 3,000,000 acres of 988,000,000 bushels was the feature of the market. It causes quite a general selling and lower prices. There was good buying on the breaks Estimated cars, 155.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Oct. 11.—Close: Wheat, December, 68½c; May, 69¼c. On track, No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c; No. 2 northern, 68¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, December wheat, 68-⅛c bid.
Calls, December wheat, 69¼-⅜c.
Curb, December wheat, 68⅝-⅜c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 11.—Close: Wheat, December, 75⅝c; May, 75⅝c. Corn, December, 54⅜c; May, 47¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Oct. 11.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western, dull; 5s 9½d; No. 1 northern spring, steady, 6c 7d; No. 1 California, steady; 6s 4½d; futures, quiet; December 5s 10d; March, 5s 10¼d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 8¼d; futures, quiet; October, nominal; January, 4s 3¼d; March, 4s 5d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
December—				
Opening	67¾B	67¾	69¾-⅞	74⅞
High	68¼-½B	68½	70⅝	75⅝-¾
Low	67¼	67⅜	69¾	74⅞
Close	68¼-½B	68½	70⅝A	75⅝
May—				
Opening	69⅝A	68⅝	70⅝-71⅛	75B
High	70½	69½-⅝	72	76½
Low	69⅛	68⅝	70⅝-⅞	75⅝
Close	70¼B	69½-⅝	71⅞-72A	75⅝B

*11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec	Pork. Jan
Opening	31⅞-31¾	47⅛-47⅛	$15.32
High	31⅞	47⅞	15.70
Low	31⅜	47⅛	15.52
Close	31⅜-½	47¾-⅞	15.79

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 500; market steady; good to prime steers, $7.40@8.50; poor to medium, $3.75@7.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.90; cows, $1.40@4.75; heifers, $2.25@6.50; canners, $1.40@2.70; bulls, $2.25@4.15; calves, $3.75@7.50; Texas-fed steers, $3.00@4.00; Western steers, $3.75@6.00. Hogs—Receipts today, 5500; Monday, 20,000; left over, 6087; market steady to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.75@7.30; good to choice heavy, $6.90@7.35; rough heavy, $6.40@6.85; light, 6.40@6.35; bulk of sales, $6.75@6.90. Sheep—Receipts, 3000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $3.50@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.40; Western sheep, $2.50@3.75; native lambs, $3.50@5.75; Western lambs, $3.75@5.15. Official yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 4853; hogs, 14,018; sheep, 8061. Shipments—Cattle, 3819; hogs, 2552; sheep, 8492.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—The wheat market, after a temporary spell of weakness, at the opening, later in the day became very strong and advanced on general covering by shorts as well as by buying for the long account, and the close was within a fraction of the highest point of the day. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool reported their market as unchanged from yesterday. Continental markets were quiet, Broomhall estimated world's shipments Monday will be about 12,000,000 bus, of which quantity Europe will take about 11,250,000 bus. He expects some increase in the primary movement. Visible supply in this country is likely to show a moderate increase. Cash demand both here and at the seaboard was very quiet, but country continues to report brisk demand there and their markets were very firm all day, in fact, led the advance. Trade was large all day and the undertone to the market was very firm. Sentiment generally is bearish, and higher prices are looked for, but after sharp advances reactions will be only natural on profit taking. The government report suggests a crop of 630,000,000 bus, compared with 750,000,000 bus last year. Cars for Monday, 100.

The corn trade evidently took the government report on corn as bearish because there was free selling at the opening, which caused a weak market but later prices rallied on good buying in sympathy with the strength in wheat and the market closed firm, with very little change from yesterday's close. The government report when carefully studied is not bearish, it is bullish. All the principal corn states show big losses from a month ago. While the figures suggest a total crop of a little under 2,200,000,000 bus, still, this, in our opinion, is only about enough to go go around. We are going into the present crop bare of stocks, and there are a great many holes to be filled up from the new crop, so that we do not look for an excessive movement in spite of very great weight on the market. The home consumption will prove very large, as there never were so many cattle in the history of the country as there are today to feed in all states. We regard the May future as cheap around present prices. Cars Monday, 425.

Oats ruled weak all day with a large trade. There was general liquidation not only by small but by big holders. The government report was decided surprise and so sensationally bearish that it is hard to believe that the figures are correct. However, they had their effect and the market closed with a fair loss from yesterday. Country movement was light, but with good weather may increase. Cash demand was rather quiet. Cars Monday, 155.

Provisions opened firm on rally in hogs at the yards, and for a time ruled dull. Later, considerable strength was developed on buying by local pit traders, and a good rally resulted on covering of shorts in nearby options. The hog situation is the key to the market. There were rumors today that next week's receipts would be much less owing to the big decrease accomplished by packers this week. If receipts are checked and have corresponding advance at the yards, think January product will do to buy for a turn, but would not be led into buying unless hogs advance first. Local crowd are long again and any disappointment would cause another scramble to sell. Hogs Monday, 27,000, and for next week, 125,000.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Harrett & Zimmerman report an unusual activity in heavy logging horses. Lumbermen and logging contractors bought whenever a big horse was found. Prices held somewhat strong, but fear a steady rise for some time. Values:

Drafters, extra	$175@$235
Drafters, choice	145@ 175
Drafters, common to good	125@ 145
Farm mares, extra	130@ 145
Farm mares, choice	100@ 125
Farm mares, common to good	60@ 100

EVIDENCE

Is Being Collected Against Those Who Set Fires.

St. Paul, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gen. Andrews, chief fire warden, has spent most of the week in Clay and Wilkin counties, collecting evidence for the prosecution of offenders. He states: "The weather has been dry in the Red River valley for several weeks, and is still dry; while no serious prairie fires have occurred, a few thousand dollars' damage has been done by the careless burning of straw piles and stubble and by sparks from railroad engines. Railroad companies are liable to a fine if they neglect to keep their right-of-ways clear of combustible material. Mayors of cities, presidents of village councils and town supervisors are by virtue of office fire wardens in their respective localities and are clothed with authority to enforce the law against careless causing of forest and prairie fires."

BURLINGTON.

Forty-Eighth Annual Report Makes An Excellent Showing.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—The forty-eighth annual report of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company was made public here today. Its showing for the year ending June 30 last:

Gross earnings, $53,756,245; operating expenses and taxes, $35,682,785. Income from operation, $18,112,369. Total income, adding miscellaneous income $18,453,174. Balance after deducting charges, $10,083,110. The increase in net earnings over the previous year is given at $2,129,288.

Democratic Rally.

Don't fail to attend the Democratic rally at the Armory tonight. Speeches by Capt. Fay, C. D. O'Brien and others.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.

A. J. CUMMINGS, Dealer in Grain, Stocks and Provisions.

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. (428 West Superior St. Spalding Hotel.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER CO. Bankers and Brokers. 27 State St., Boston.

Members Boston and New York Exchanges, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stocks a Specialty. Duluth Office—308 W. SUPERIOR ST.

WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager. ....Both 'Phones.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO., Minneapolis. St. Paul. Duluth.

Grains, Stocks and Provisions

Bought and sold in all markets, for cash or on reasonable margins. Members of all principal exchanges. Private Wires. Write for our daily market letter and private telegraph cipher—mailed free. Ship your grain to us. Best facilities, liberal advances, prompt returns.

Board of Trade. Room A Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

One Cent Postal Card will bring you our booklet "The One Way"

Giving full particulars how to make your money earn a regular income without risk of loss. Write at once to

AMERICAN FINANCE & MORTGAGE CO. 112 Wall Street, New York.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Dealings In Light Volume and Declines at Opening.

Market Hardened a Little But the Closing Was Weak.

Disappointing Bank Statement Produced a Disorderly Slump.

New York, Oct. 11.—Dealings were in light volume at the opening and changes were small and mostly declines. Large blocks of Union Pacific and Atchison were offered but the losses were restricted to fractions.

Some large sellers were executed in various stocks, especially Reading, Atchison and Missouri Pacific. Declines in prominent stocks ran from 1 to 2 points. The weakness was very general and there was no indication of support until the shorts commenced to cover. On the rally Louisville sold about a point above yesterday's close, but their recoveries otherwise were trivial. Lac. Iwanna and New Jersey Central advanced 2 points each.

There was a dull hardening movement until the appearance of the disappointing bank statement produced a disorderly slump. Prices gave way by large fractions between transactions in some of the principal sufferers, notably Missouri Pacific, which lost 3¾, St. Paul 3¾ and Atchison 2¾. Declines reached 2 or over in Reading, Pennsylvania, Union Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Southern Pacific, Canadian Pacific and Sugar. There were a few feverish rallies on professional short covering, but the closing was active and weak.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 428 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid trices:

	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	63	62¼	62⅝
American Sugar	121	119¾	120
Anaconda	96	96	96
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	87½	85⅞	85⅝
do pfd	99⅞	99	99
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅝	103¼	103¼
Brook. Rap. Tran.	62¾	61¼	61⅝
Canadian Pacific	134¼	132	132⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	50	48¼	48½
Chicago & Alton	35⅛	34½	34½
Chicago Great Western	20⅝	20	20
Chicago, M. & St. P.	185½	182¾	183½
Chgo., Rock Island & P.	195	195	195
Col. Fuel & Iron	84½	83½	83⅞
Duluth, S. S. & A	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝
Erie	37¾	37⅜	37⅜
General Electric	179	177¼	177¼
Illinois Central	146⅞	145	145¾
Louisville & Nashville	138	135½	136⅜
Manhattan Elevated	134½	132⅞	132⅞
Mexican Central	25⅝	24⅞	25
Min., St. P. & S. S. M.	74¾	72	72
do pfd	123	123	123
Missouri Pacific	110¼	106½	107½
New York Central	153⅜	152⅛	152⅝
Norfolk & Western	72¾	72	72⅛
Pennsylvania	161¼	159¼	159⅜
People's Gas, Chgo.	102⅝	100⅞	101
Republic Steel & Iron	21	20½	20½
Southern Pacific	71⅛	69⅝	69⅞
Southern Railway	37	36⅛	36⅛
Tenn. Coal & Iron	63	62¼	62¼
Union Pacific	103⅞	102	102⅝
U. S. Leather	14⅛	13⅜	13⅜
U. S. Steel	39	38	39
do pfd	88¾	87⅜	88
Wabash	33	32⅛	32⅛
Western Union	...	90½	90½
Wisconsin Central	27¼	26½	26½
do pfd	50⅝	50⅜	50⅜
Northern Securities	109⅝	107¼	107¼

The total sales were 315,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: The strength of the market in the face of tight money and the labor problem, is considered phenomenal. It is the best evidence obtainable that stocks are now lodged in strong hands. With money at 10 per cent and much disappointment felt over the coal strike, weakness would be the rule if the public had the stocks. As it is, banking interests are in control, both of money and the security markets and the latter owing to a limited price movement, are profitable neither to bull nor to bear. Good judges, however, continue to take hopeful views. They say that, while the market continues narrow and professional stocks should be bought on soft spots.

Although there is great disappointment because the strike drags along well upon the operators say that despite ugly appearances the end will come almost immediately. Their argument is that the crisis has reached such an acute stage that it must soon be passed. It is important to know that great financial interests having far more power than the Baers, Oliphants, Truesdales want the thing settled. Another consideration making for peace is the change in the attitude of capitalists who are heavily interested in the coal securities. Many of these men are no longer in accord with the policy of their managers to whose stupidity and arrogance they attribute the millions of dollars in losses which the companies have suffered. They declare that the president could have averted the strike last spring by voluntarily advancing wages before the miners' union began to agitate the question. Hence the current rumors of important changes in the management of the principal hard coal roads are credited. Reading may lead the way, as a result of practical acquisition of that property by Pennsylvania.

• • •

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market opened with slight decline. While transactions were not large at the opening a nervous feeling prevailed and the stocks were offered in considerable blocks at any fractional improvement. The issuance of the bank statement was awaited, and the market ruled dull until the same appeared. Stocks were offered in large quantities and the market sold off rapidly soon after the bank statement, closing at practically the lowest. The market in the future depends on the conditions of the coal strike and the money market. Any opinion as to what the strike outcome will be is simply guess work. The money market does not show any signs of easing and will probably remain tight for some time. There is getting to be a good sized short interest in stocks and the market should recover on any good news, but we do not expect to see any marked improvements till conditions warrant some change.

• • •

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: On general principles the market was a purchase yesterday, simply on the theory that seven times out of ten a reaction Thursday and Friday is followed by higher prices Saturday and Monday. Strike news, however, is very discouraging. According to the news ticker all negotiations are broken off until next Tuesday and nothing was accomplished at yesterday's conference, but the news agencies do not always report correctly, and many people believe the strike is rapidly approaching an end. There is no excuse for money to rule above 8 per cent. With the strike out of the way money would soon ease off. I saw a certain shrewd party yesterday quietly picking up stocks. It is no use to expect much until this strike is out of the way.

• • •

Dick to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was verw dull and heavy today and was an unimportant affair until the bank statement proved to be very disappointing, showing unexpected loss in cash and increase in loans and decrease in surplus. The selling became heavy and urgent and some very sharp declines were scored. The market was demoralized in the last half hour and closed with a slight rally.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	18	19
Arcadian	4½	4¾
Allouez	2⅝	3
Atlantic	24⅝	.....
Anaconda	23	24
Amalgamated	62¾	63
Calumet & Hecla	510	520
Centennial	17¼	18
Copper Range Con.	57	57½
Franklin	9½	10
Isle Royale	13¾	.....
Bingham	27	28
Mass	13¾	14½
Mayflower	1½	2
National	.....	1½
Mohawk	46	47
Michigan	10	.....
Old Colony	2	2⅛
Old Dominion	16	16⅜
Osceola	56	57
Parrot	25	26
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	125	126
Rhode Island	2¼	2½
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Tamarack	163	165
Tecumseh	1⅜	1½
Tri-Mountain	94	100
Utah	21	21½
Victoria	4¾	5
Wolverine	57	58
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	2½	3
Trinity	10	10½
Dominion Coal	127	.....
Daly-West	48½	50
L. S. & Pittsburg	.....	80
Calumet & Pittsburg	.....	70
U. S. Mining	20¾	21
Green Con	27	27¼
U. S. Oil	14	14½
Calumet & Arizona	.....	93

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 11.—The cotton market opened firm with prices unchanged to 5 points higher and following the call stiffened up on 8.50 for January and 8.63 for May on a small scare of spots and moderate buying by room friends of the staple. The chief cause for the better feeling was rise of 6 points in the Liverpool market at the close. After the first wave buying in the local ring subsided and the market sold off several points under liquidation and a profit taking order by longs and commission houses. Then predictions of bad weather over the southwestern states caused the short interest to cover and the whole market again hardened. For the balance of the session the bears were on the defensive rather than following aggressive tactics. Business was quiet as expected but the estimates for Monday's arrival fell short of general ideas. Private telegrams from Southern spot markets reported heavy demand from exporters and domestic spinners, with offerings steady and chiefly at higher prices only.

Cotton futures closed barely steady. October, 8.46; November, 8.49; December, 8.59; January, 8.67; February, 8.47; March, 8.48; April, 8.46; May, 849. Spot closed dull; mid ups 8.85; mid gulf, 9.10. Sales none.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Oct. 11.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans $574,647,900, increase $2,344,300; deposits $572,340,600, increase $164,600; circulation $37,072,500, increase $411,400; legal tenders $64,274,300, decrease $1,819,000; specie $152,338,200, increase $1,068,300; reserve $216,612,800, decrease $250,700; reserve required $218,085,150, increase $41,150; surplus $1,527,350, decrease $525,825. On U. S. deposit $11,719,675, decrease $291,890.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 11.—Close: Money on call, steady with 1 loans at 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent; sterling exchange, nominal, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.83 for demand, and at $4.82⅝75 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84@4.87; commercial bills, $4.82@4½; bar silver, 50½c; Mexican dollars, 40¼c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds easy.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	24		
Creamery, tubs	22½		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	13		
EGGS.			
Fresh	22		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	12	@	13
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	14
Full cream, Young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14		
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cream, choice	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@	2 50
Medium hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	2 75	@	3 50
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
California pears	2 25		
California peaches	75	@	85
California plums	75	@	90
Bananas	2 00	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	4 00		
Delaware grapes, per bskt.	18		
Concord grapes, per basket	19		
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 50		
Mexican oranges	4 50		
Alberta peaches, 6 baskets	1 50		
Watermelons	20	@	25
Michigan peaches, 1-5 basket	25		
Michigan peaches, bus	1 50		
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 10		
Beets, bushel	50		
Carrots, bushel	65		
Cabbage, per crate	1 00		
Turnips, bushel	50		
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce	75		
Green onions, per dozen	15	@	18
Cucumbers, hothouse, per doz	1 25		
Citron	75		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 25		
Mint, per bunch	30		
Radishes, per doz bunches	15		
Minnesota tomatoes, bus	1 75		
Parsley, per dozen	20		
Potatoes	35		
Jersey sweet potatoes, bbl	4 00		
Green peppers, bushel	90	@	1 00
Pickling onions, per bushel	2 50		
Red cabbage	75		
Pumpkins	75		
Squash	50		
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 25		
Fruit juices	4 00		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3¾		
Rice corn, shelled	3½		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	11	@	12
Geese	10		
Turkeys	12	@	13
Dressed beef	10	@	11
Ducks	11	@	12
Spring chickens	.....		
MEATS.			
Mutton	6		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8		
Dressed beef	5½	@	8½
Hogs	9½		
Pork loins	12½		
Lard, compound	7¾		
Lard, pure	11		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 11.—Butter receipts, 7,235 packages, firm. State dairy, 17@22c; creamery, 23½c. Cheese receipts, 2,736 packages, steady. Ne wstate full cream fancy and white, 12½@13c; small colored fancy and white, 12½@13c; do large, 11¾c. Eggs receipts, 4,314 packages. State and Pennsylvania, 22@24c; western candled, 21½@22c; refrigerated, 19@20½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 11.—Butter, firm; creamery, 18½@22½c; dairies, 15@20c. Eggs steady; loss off, cases returned, 2½@4c. Cheese, steady; twins, 10½@11c; daisies, 11½c; Young Americas, 11¼@11¾c.

MARINE NEWS

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Pathfinder, 9:30 last night; Gilchrist, Moonlight, 10:20; Colgate Hoyt, 10:50; Gayley, Spokane, 11:20; Langham, Marina, Thomas, Harvard, 11:50; Sitka, Crescent City, midnight; Bransford, 12:22 a. m.; Nimick, 8:30; Hutton, 8:50; Maricopa, 9; Rockefeller and whaleback, 9:40; Christopher, 9:50; Ford, 10; Nicol, 10:30; Ericsson, 10:40. Down: Vulcan, 9:40 last night; Victory, Constitution, 10; Owego, 10:20; Business, 11:15; Frick, 11:50; Bielman, MacLachlan, midnight; Colonial, 12:40; Chisholm, 2; Farewell, 5; Coralia, Polynesia, Gordon, Campbell, 8:30; Watt, Manda, 9. Up yesterday: Presque Isle, Seneca 12:40 p. m.; Conestoga, 1:30; Syracuse, 1:40; Centurion, 2:30; Lansing, John Ketcham, 4; Canisteo and barges, 4:15; Clarion, 4:30; Bulgaria, Tasmania, 5; Vega, 5:15; Rappahannock, Tioga, 6:30; New Orleans, 7; Milwaukee, Northern Light, 8. Down: Buffalo Roman, 11:15; Wolf, 11:30; Angeline, Argo and consorts, 11:40; Castle Rhodes, noon; Alaska, (wood), Harvey Brown, 12:15 p. m.; Watson, 12:30; Sultana, Whitaker, 1

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

WHY PAY RENT OR INTEREST?



This property is owned by John J. Murphy, one of Chicago's policemen, 864 N. Lawndale avenue. We are paying off his $2200 mortgage, which was bearing 6 per cent, but we are charging him no interest.

We are maturing contracts every day for our members and buying them homes. We will mature two contracts and two homes in Duluth in October. We absolutely guarantee you a home within seven months, eight months or twelve months. It is a stipulated guarantee right in your contract. For full information call or address our agent,

C. H. GLOVER,

121 Twenty-eighth avenue west, Duluth, Minn.

Guarantee Home Purchasing Co., of Chicago.

Residence Lots

In all parts of Lakeside and Lester Park **cheap on your own terms.** When the lot is paid for we will loan you the money to build and you can repay us **in very EASY payments.**

Lakeside Land Co.

303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE!

A desirable building lot, 25x140, within one block of Cascade Park. Price **$300**

Pulford, How & Co

100 Trust Company Building.

$650 for two good lots on macadamized street, Lakeside; two blocks from street car line—100x140.

$1200 for lot 25x140, Michigan and Superior street frontage, between 11th and 12th Aves. W.

$3750 for good ten-room house, East End; modern; lot 40x100.

$1600 for 238 W. Michigan St., 50-ft. lot, worth the whole cost. Seven-room house thrown in.

Some bargains in acres. Money to loan.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

BARGAINS!

$200 Will buy a lot, 50x132 feet, in Oneota.

$250 Will buy forty acres of good farming land near Rice Lake, ten miles from Duluth.

$300 Will buy a lot, 50x140 feet, on the upper side of Eighth street, near Third avenue east.

$350 Will buy two lots at Lakeside, between London road and the street railway.

$300 Will buy two lots, 100x140, on upper side of Twelfth street, near Second avenue west.

$1200 Will buy 160 acres of good farming land in Carlton county, five miles from Proctorknott.

$1600 Will buy a lot, 25x125, on Grand avenue, one block from Phillips hotel, with two-story frame gravel roof building that cost at least $3000.

$4500 Will buy a double house, six rooms each, stone foundation, full basement, with concrete floor; city water, sewer, etc. Lot 50x164 feet, fronting on two streets.

$4500 Will buy No. 1627 East Superior street. Eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house; $1800 cash, balance $2700, due on or before June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

$6000 Will buy two lots in Bay Front division. These lots have 100 feet frontage on slip No. 6, and are 140 feet deep with railroad facilities in rear.

These are all bargains.

Five per cent money to loan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

216 West Superior Street.

MONEY ON HAND

To loan on city property at very lowest rates. On or before privilege—no delay.

E. D. FIELD CO.,

304 EXCHANGE BLDG.

Fuel Question Settled.

We have one large bin of anthracite coal for sale. Price **$5000**

And with the above we will give a beautiful eight-room house, in fine location, and in excellent condition. Immediate possession given of both house and coal. See us at once.

LITTLE & NOLTE

Money to loan at lowest rates.

Fire Insurance — Best in the World.

$1250 Will buy one of the nicest little homes in Duluth, with fireplace. Everything convenient; centrally located.

$1200 for an 8-room house on Park Point, in good condition.

$750 For another house; little money will put this in good condition.

$300 For Minnesota avenue lots, Lower Duluth. Two good cottages for rent for the winter; plastered and comfortable.

W. F. LEGGETT,

506 Burrows Bldg.

Zenith 'Phone 140.

BUY A HOME.

A well-built, conveniently arranged 7-room house at No. 1908 East Fifth street. Lot 50x140. House has four rooms and hall on the first and three rooms on the second floor, and city water is supplied in the kitchen, together with sewer connection. House is in first-class condition throughout, having been newly painted inside and out and papered. Property is located one block from car line, the neighborhood is pleasant, the locality is being rapidly built up, and this property will increase in value.

Price, $1800. Easy Terms

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg.

Three Fine

Building Lots

lower side First Street between 21st and 22nd Avenues East. 150 x 150 feet.

$3200.

R.B. Knox & Co

1 Exchange Bldg.

$8000

On hand to loan at 5 per cent.

G.G. Dickerman & Co

Trust Co. Building.

DULUTH REALTY CONTINUES QUIET

More Conservative Tone Among Dealers As to Prospects For Coming Winter---Improving Property Near to the Limit.

The local realty situation remains practically unchanged from that of the preceding two weeks. The market is conceded by all the dealers to be very quiet and there is a more conservative note in the talk of the real estate men as to probable conditions the coming winter. Some of the brokers claim that the prospects have been overestimated, that while there will probably be a steady business it will not be unusually large or marked by any more advance in prices.

Predictions along this line are based on the claim that improved property, which has been steadily advancing in price the past year, has about reached the mark it is considered to be worth, and that under those conditions prospective buyers would rather buy vacant lots and improve them.

In the past two years, the real estate men say, the price of labor and building material has been advancing and people looking for homes preferred to buy already improved property when it could be had at a snap. But the days for the snaps are over, at least the local brokers who are on the lookout for such things claim they are not to be had, and they are in as close touch with local conditions as anybody could be. Prospective homeseekers, when they have to pay as much for an improved property as it costs to build a new house, will do the latter, as a rule, unless special inducements are offered.

* * *

This is not the time of year when there is any marked activity in new work. The local architects are busy in many instances on plans for new properties, but these improvements are being planned quite a ways ahead and are not ready for publicity. It tends to show, however, that the coming building season will start lively and that large building operations may be expected another year. The present month will witness the occupancy of several of the new flat buildings that have been built this past season and for which tenants have been anxiously waiting for during the last six months. There are other flats that will not be ready for occupancy before Nov. 1.

The demand for houses and flats to rent continues as large as ever. Some of the rental agents report vacant houses, for which the call has, perhaps, been a little slack the past week.

This is accounted for by the anthracite coal shortage. People looking for homes at the present time are anxious for houses already provided with fuel or for heated flats and the proposition of heating the house themselves is likely to keep a few of the larger houses empty until there is a possibility of a let up in the coal shortage.

* * *

C. P. Craig, of C. P. Craig & Co., says: The market has been rather quiet this week, with about the same amount of inquiry that might be expected at this time of the year. As to the outlook for the winter, it does not seem to me that present conditions would indicate a lively market, especially in residence property. The movement for residence property has pretty well settled down. The demand for homes has caused improved property to go up in price, until the owners now ask about the price the property is really worth. The buyer, under these conditions, is more inclined to wait until after the winter season, and then buy vacant property on which to build. For this reason I should look for a good movement for vacant property next spring. There will be sales made during all the winter season, for the Duluth realty market is in much better condition than it was a year or more ago, but I can hardly see where the movement will be so large as some have anticipated.

Of course there is another element that might come in and change conditions in the local market this winter. The Eastern investor may figure in future transactions. Just at the present time, however, money is higher in the East than in the West, and so long as it brings a better rate at home, and is ready on call. Eastern money will not come this way in any appreciable quantities. Something may come up that will change the situation entirely within the next thirty days. After the heavy crop movement Western money will be released. The dividends to be paid in the Northwest this year will be higher than ever heard of before, the coal strike may be settled and other things may transpire to change existing conditions.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck report a quiet market, with some inquiry and a firm tone. The firm has sold during the week just closed a house and lot at 1320 East Second street, for Eastern parties, to Steve Stephenson, for $3000; a house and lot on Eighth street, for $800, and another unimproved lot on Seventh street.

* * *

J. J. Wagenstein reports the awarding of the contract for the new stock house for the Duluth Brewing and Malting company to C. E. Evans. The addition will be about 40 by 60 feet, four stories high, and is to be completed by Feb. 12. The foundations for the new stock house are already completed.

* * *

T. C. Vaughn reports the sale of two West End properties this week, also one small sale on the hill. He says there has been a good inquiry, better in fact than for the preceding two weeks.

* * *

The Duluth-Superior Traction company has taken out its building permit for the additional barn room and workshop that will be built at Twenty-sixth avenue West on the prop[illegible] by the company during the past summer. The plans for the addition have been drawn up by the engineering department and it is understood that preliminary work will begin very shortly. The improvement will cost about $10,000.

* * *

The deeds in the sale of the 20-acre Sargent tract on Minnesota point, mentioned some time ago in the Herald, went on record yesterday. The land is described as parcels 2 and 3, referee's plat of Minnesota Point, and run from Robert P. Dowse to Charles F. Hartman. The consideration was $20,000.

* * *

The building permit has been issued and work has begun on the foundation for C. H. Munger's new house on East First street. It will be a frame dwelling and will cost about $9,000.

* * *

I. V. Hill is preparing plans for a new dwelling for A. A. Kerr to be erected on Twelfth avenue East and Second street.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

James Fitzgerald to John A. Eklund, lots 4 and 6, block 164, West Duluth, Fifth division	$75
Jalona Hill et mar to William Wachersock, ne¼ se¼ section 20-52-14	325
Penobscot Mining company to Donora Mining company, ne¼ sw ¼ section 1-57-21, lots 11, 12, 13, 15, Pillsbury addition to Ilibbing	1
A. J. Anderson et al to James P. Murray, lot 2, block 1, H. Grassy Point addition	500
William L. Jackson et ux to M. A. Robinson, lots 202, 206, 214, 216, 218, 220, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth	480
Nathan Cushing to James W. Sheridan, n 100 feet of lots 16 and 17, block 4, Portland	7,500
William Frey to W. H. Cook, timber on w½ se¼ section 10; w ½ ne¼ section 15-61-18	150
Daniel McLeod et ux to William O'Brien, timber on ne¼ ne¼, s½ ne¼, nw¼ nw¼ section 12; n½ ne ¼, se¼ ne¼, n½ se¼, sw¼ se¼, e½ sw¼, sw¼ sw¼, section 11; w½ ne¼, e½ nw¼ section 13-61-18	12,500
Robert P. Dowse et ux to Charles F. Hartman; parcels 2, 3, referee's plat of Minnesota Point	20,000
John D. Bryant et al, trustees, to Robert P. Dowse, same	20,000
William H. Lightner, receiver, to William L. Jackson, lots 202, 206, 214, 216, 218, 220, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth	190
Isabel Neff et mar to W. H. Cook, se¼ sw¼ section 12-61-18	$ 300
F. L. Buell to J. H. Rossman, und ½ s½ section 1; se¼ se¼ section 2; n½ nw¼, sw¼ nw¼, ne¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼ section 11; n½ nw¼, se¼ nw¼ nw¼ ne¼, s½ ne¼ section 12-60-18; s½ nw¼, nw¼ section 5; ne¼ nw¼, n½ ne¼, ne se¼, ne¼, s½ se¼ and lot 2, section 1-60-18	1,946
M. J. Hayes to E. A. Gill, lots 10 and 11, block 16, Hibbing	300
Southern Townsite Co. to same, lot 1, block 25, same	130
Joseph J. Mix et ux to Mary Murray, lot 14, block 128, Portland	1
Southern Townsite Co. to J. W. Sanderson, lot 10, block 22, Hibbing	90
Same to L. C. Sullivan, lot 18, block 7, same	100
Alice S. McKinley et al to Robert Whiteside, timber on nw¼ sw¼ section 34-59-18	325
C. E. Peaslee, receiver, to J. C. Campbell, und ½ w½ ne¼ section 22-58-14	60
Duluth Savings Bank to David, north 30 feet lot 13, West First street, Duluth Proper	1
F. W. Helmick to W. H. Cook et al, lands in sections 1, 3, 11, 13-60-18; sections 5, 7-60-17	5,200
C. W. Garfield et ux to R. H. Palmer, und 1-32 lots 3, 4, section 19-58-19	313
Clarion Land Co. to Shogomoc Co., lot 4, block 3, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	500
John Cline to Geo. H. Crosby, lot 14, block 5, Endion	500
C. D. Rutherford et ux to Mattie Harju, lot 8, block 23, Floodwood	50
H. J. Grannis et ux to William Sauntry, und ¾ sw¼ se¼ section 5-61-15	500
Christian Wieland to George V. Fifer, lot 7, block 95, Portland	2,000
Frank F. Starkey to City Trust Safe Deposit and Security Co., lot 12, block 75, Endion; lot 12, block 8, Highland Park addition	1,000
J. H. Gruber et ux to C. D. Rutherford, lot 8, block 23, Floodwood	12
Jessie L. Woods to Frank Stahl, lot 8, block 9, Hibbing	100
Eli Van Valkenburgh to Agnes E. Van Valkenburg, lots 1 and 2, block 5, Harrison's division; lots 1 and 2, block 29, Endion, and unplatted strip between	500
C. P. Maginnis to R. B. Whiteside, timber on sw¼ section 28-58-13	800
William Danahy to Winnifred Danahy, lot 17, block 1, Hibbing	1
Minnesota Loan & Trust Co., trustees to W. M. Prindle, lot 200, block 28, Duluth Proper, Second division; lot 15, block 94, Endion	1
Peter T. Olson et ux to D. F. Grant, w½ of lot 7, East Fifth St., Duluth Proper, First division	1,250
George V. L. Lawrence to J. W. Nelson, und 1-6 sw¼ sw¼ section 10-62-14	250
Amelia Chairier to Charles P. Maginnis, sw¼ section 28-58-13	600
John C. Welch to Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., lot 18, block 28, Virginia	525
Same to same, lot 200 block 49, Rice's Point addition	1,500
Mary Johnson to Alexsonter Harker, w½ ne¼ ne¼ section 30-49-15	300
Ellen Larson et mar to C. O. Johnson, undivided 1-3 north 50 feet lot 1, block 35, Endion	100
Thos. P. Menzies et ux to Ole Peterson, lot 1, Myers' re-arrangement of block 127, Duluth Proper, Second division	1,350
Richard Whiteside et ux to Village of Fall Lake, lot 20, block 5, Fall Lake	1
John Brown et ux to Edward W. Howard, undivided ½ lot 5, block 56, Endion	1
Andrus Kariola et ux to Mary Johnson, w½ ne¼ ne¼ section 30-49-15	1
Ellen Larson, administrix to C. O. Johnson, north 50 feet lot 1, block 35, Endion	1
Margaret Newman et al to Ole Peterson, lot 1, Myers' re-arrangement of block 127, Duluth Proper, Second division	1
Heber L. Hartley to Shogomoc Co., lots 71, 73, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth; lots 6, 16, 18, 20, Third street, Fond du Lac, undivided ½ lot 2, section 25-49-15	65
Southern Townsite Co. to Marion H. Pearce, lots 16, 17, block 15, Hibbing	110
John C. McGilvery to Chrisopher Baldoni, lot 17, block 35, Eveleth	1,200
Otto Nisula to Matt Kokkonen, lot 6, block 16, Hibbing	130
B. L. Wood et mar to F. A. Cokefair, lots 5, 6, block 18, Harrison's division	4,000
Otto Nisula to John Berry, lot 7, block 16, Hibbing	130
Bessie Rudolph et mar to M. S. Aitkin, lot 1, block 21, Highland Park addition	300
Sharon Ore company to Antonia Palma, lot 16, block 4, Buhl	100
John Linteola et ux to Mike Maxwell, lot 20, block 27, Eveleth	300
Scuthern Townsite company to Thomas Hall, lots 28 to 30, block 9, Hibbing	180
William Allen et ux to St. Croix Lumber company, lots 5, 6, and s½ sw¼ section 12-61-13	750
Same to same, s½ sw¼ section 3; se¼ sw¼ section 14-61-13	750
Fred C. Spryer et ux to George Emerson, lot 157, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth	350
C. L. Wills to A. E. Osborn, lot 221, St. Louis avenue, and lots 228 and 230, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	600
Joseph C. Kilham, exr., to O. F. Swasey, lot 1, block 5, New Endion	1
F. L. Gilbert et ux to Lake Superior Contracting and Dredging company, lots 4 to 34, New York pier, Oneota	4,000
Delia Massy to A. H. Todd, central 4½ and 2-3 feet of lots 1, 2, 3, block 6, Hibbing	1
V. A. Watkins et ux to Day Bros., Lumber company, lands in 28-10-8, sections 20, 34, 27, 35, 33, 32, 22, 23, township 60-9; section 28-60-10; section 2-59-11; section 35-60-11, sections 21, 13, 23, 25, 26, township 61-12; sections 10, 17, 18, township 61-12; sections 10, 17, 18, township 61-13; section 36-63-14; sections 12 and 13, township 63-13	1
Charles E. Dickerman et ux to Dickerman Investment company, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 27, Highland Park addition	1
S. G. Swanson et ux to H. F. Warner, lot 9, block 88, West Duluth, Second division	1
T. T. Hudson et ux to F. R. Webber, s½ sw¼ and n½ se¼ section 28-61-16	816
C. H. Maginnis et ux to John C. Greenway, lot 1 section 5-66-12	341
W. P. Schilling et ux to J. J. Oeder, se¼ nw¼ 28-51-14	2,000
P. C. Ouellette et ux to R. L. Vangeryacht, e½ of lot 67, East Sixth street	1
N. M. Carpenter et mar to W. B. Getchell, lots 4 and 5, block 88, West Duluth, Sixth division	35
M. J. Forbes et ux to John Bendixon, lot 36, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth	200
J. E. Bowers et ux to Joseph Mushynski, lot 3, Wallbank's addition	225
C. R. Rust et ux to Henry Gujer, lot 8, block 18, Endion	4,500
Joshua Lovett et al, trustees, to S. O. Arthur, lot 447, block 84, Duluth Proper, Second division	2,000
August Lundberg et ux to S. G. Swanson, lot 9, block 88, West Duluth, Second division	15
O. F. Swasy et ux to R. M. Sellwood, lot 1, block 5, New Endion	6,000
Joshua Lovett et al, trustees, to B. S. Collins, lot 15 and 16, block 94, Portland	1
Ato Jussila et ux to M. M. Bruce, sw¼ nw¼ section 34-51-21	1,550

DULUTH PROPERTY.

Words of Advice to Realty Owners and Brokers.

Let us get together and see if we cannot improve present conditions. You have been holding property ten years or longer and are now offering to sell it at prices less than ten years ago, when your population was half the present number.

Yours is a unique situation, in that no good residence can be built except in a district supplied with transit, water, gas and sewers. There is every reason why property should bring good prices, except your folly in present management. Good residence property in interior cities of from 10,000 to 15,000 inhabitants brings from $2000 to $3000 per lot, compared to from $1000 to $1500 of relative importance here. With 65,000 population, East End lots should bring from $2000 to $5000. I would suggest for improvement:

Have but one broker.

Pay him full commission to represent you.

Have but on sign "for sale" on a lot.

The brokers now represent the buyers and a lot in some hole or belonging to some bankrupt estate is quoted by them to force you to sell.

It is worse than folly to lose the benefit of present prosperity by such methods. AN OWNER.

A saving of from $75 to $110 on reliable pianos at French & Bassett's great piano sale. Only one week more.

Stryker, Manley & Buck's Bargains.

$1500 For a house of 8 rooms and bath room; city water and sewer, furnace; one block from car line near Nineteenth avenue East.

$2950 For 6-room house with stone foundation; full basement, cement floor, bath, furnace, electric light; on Fifth street, near Fourth avenue East.

$2100 For 10-room house, five blocks from Board of Trade building; part stone foundation, two good cellars with cement floors, city water; will rent for $26.00 per month.

$4200 For two full 50-foot lots on corner, with 7-room house; stone foundation, cement cellar, hot water heat; also a good barn, nice yard, garden and shrubbery.

$4500 For fine residence site at East End; double corner, on upper side First street; very choice and desirable.

$550 For some nice 50-foot lots on Grand avenue, in Oneota.

For Rent.

608 West Second street—8 rooms, bath, furnace, gas	$40
921 East First street—Brick, nine rooms and bath, gas, steam	$35
1905 Dingwall street—8 rooms, furnace, bath	$22.50
220 Nineteenth avenue East, South—8 rooms, bath, hot water	$30

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

A Beautiful Place in Which to Build Your Home.

If you want to live where you have a commanding view of the lake and city, an assured neighborhood, refined surroundings and city water, gas, sewer, macadam pavement, cement curb and gutter and cement sidewalks, go to Fifth street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues east.

Three good modern houses are being built in the block. Two of them are nearing completion. One of the houses is offered for sale for a limited time. Inspection of the houses by persons who are interested in buying is invited.

After you have looked the property over, if you are interested in either a house or building plot, write to us or call. We do not advertise great bargains, but we will give you better value for your money than you can get in any other part of the city. Don't be deceived. Investigate this property yourself.

The Mar-Dor Co.,

2029 East Third Street.

Agents who wish to offer this property to their clients are invited to ask for terms.

Copper Glance Reception.

Everybody who wants to make money is cordially invited to attend a reception given by the undersigned, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, of next week, between 8 and 10 o'clock p. m. to receive orders for Glance Copper Stock.

Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Building.

FARM LANDS!

Near

PIKE LAKE, RICE LAKE, LAKEWOOD,

and some just outside city limits.

AT $5 TO $15 PER ACRE.

Splendid Investment.

W. G. Joerns & Co.

501 Palladio Bldg.

LOTS AND ACRES

At Woodland on easy terms for improvement.

200 foot corner, First First street.

100-foot corner, Superior street and Seventh avenue west. Improved.

J. C. & R. M. HUNTER,

Exchange Building.

FIRST STREET.

$2700 50x140—lower side First street near Fourth avenue East, the coming business street. This is the best speculative investment in the city today. Call, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO.,

201 Exchange Building.

For Sale.

$650 Fifty-foot lot First street, near Fifteenth avenue west A BARGAIN.

$1100 Seven-room house, barn, etc. 50-foot lot, West End. A SNAP.

Other houses and lots in EAST END and WEST END, at attractive prices.

J. T. Lawrence,

105 Providence Building.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All Privileges—No Delay.

W.M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

Western Mining and Oil Interests. Timber and Irrigated Lands.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

409-410 Torrey Bldg.

New 'Phone 1013

FOR SALE

$3750 Seventy-five feet of Superior street, near Sixteenth avenue east.

Building lots on First, second and Third streets, in the East End.

Unimproved corner on Superior and Michigan streets. West End. Very desirable for business block.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 Burrows Bldg.

Real Estate, Mortgages, Insurance.

$1500	Six-room house; city water. West End.
$1250	Nine-room house, city water. West End.
$1850	Seven-room house; city water. West End.
$2100	Seven-room house; water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation. West End.
$3500	Modern, up-to-date house; lot 50x140 feet. West End.

I have a snap on Superior St., West End.

T. G. VAUGHAN,

Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

FIRE INSURANCE SURETY BONDS

General Agents Travelers Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

Life, Accident, Health and Liability Insurance

O. C. Hartman & Co.,

209—210 Exchange Building.

4½ PER and 5 CENT Money to Loan "On or Before"

R. M. Newport,

302 Lonsdale Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3 55	7 40	Lv... Duluth ...Ar	12:00	6:35
4 25	8 15	Ar... Proctor...Lv	9 45	3 10
6 22	10 12	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	7 51	1 13
6 40	10 40	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	7 30	12 30
7 10	10 35	Ar. Virginia..Lv	7 00	12 50
.....	10 20	Ar... Eveleth...Lv	.....	12 57
.....	10 56	Ar... Sparta...Lv	.....	12 34
.....	11 20	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	.....	12 12
7 03	10 05	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	7 00	12 27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	6:35
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	2:40
12:05	7:35	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive.
† 12:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†	1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.		†	6:30 a.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Virginia and the Iron Range.	*	6:45 p.m.
† 2:20 p.m.		†	12:40 p.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.

Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hote

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk 'Phone 44

All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv.—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:55 a. m. Lv.—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*8 50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**3 05 pm
*4 00 pm	Twilight Limited	*8 45 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:45 a m
b 9:00 a m	" "	b 8:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:35 a m
a 9:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:35 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 11:10 p m		b 8:10 p m
		a 7:20 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

What You Want to Sell

Some one else wants.

Telephone No. 324.--Two Rings Both 'Phones.

The quickest and most economical way of finding the people who want what you want to sell is through the want columns of The Herald. Read them!

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Homes For Everybody!

Call or send to my office for particulars.

$750 Good large house and lot near Twelfth avenue west, on Superior street. Terms to suit purchaser. You can buy this house with the rent you are now paying.

$800 House and lot in West Duluth. House in good repair. A snap!

$1250 House and lot on West Superior street, near Fortieth avenue west. Easy terms.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

$1800 Takes 50-foot lot upper side of East First street. A bargain.

$5500 Takes fine 8-room modern house, corner lot in East End.

A. C. Volk & Co. 202-203 Palladio Building.

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number of Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FORTY ACRES

Of good Farm Land will make a better living for any man than the best $5 a day job in the city; no matter if it is a steady job the year round. We have the land and can prove it to you. Easy terms.

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth Minn

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms, single or en suite, with board if desired. S 44, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, board. 2702 West Huron.

WANTED—FIVE OR SIX YOUNG MEN to board and room in private family. Strictly first-class. 831 West First street, three blocks from postoffice.

FOR RENT—A LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY furnished front room, with board, in private family of two; best location; telephone and all conveniences. S 43, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD. 211 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, in Chester terrace. Address F 50, Herald.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! $500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression, any cause, in pathology, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; safe, harmless. Mail, How long suppressed. Dr. Jackson R. Co., 169 Dearborn street, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADLE to grave. What I tell you comes true. Send dime and birthdate. Professor J. Myers, Drawer 701, Chicago.

WEALTHY, REFINED, KIND-HEARTED gentleman, with beautiful home, being lonely, seeks wife to love and cherish. Address "Banker," 62 Koken building, St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES! USE OUR HARMLESS REMedy for delayed or suppressed period; it cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRIAGE PAPER CONTAINING hundreds of "Personal" advertisements of marriageable people, many rich, mailed free. A. G. Gunnels, Toledo, O.

C. J. TUFTE, DRUGGIST, 2015 W. Sup. St.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Rem. Co., box 267, Duluth, Minn.

Ladies! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills **Are the Best.** Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars." Relief for Ladies." Letter by **Return Mail.** Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada. Pa.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Jouven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package on y on receipt of this adv. and $1. If Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON SUPERIOR STREET, BEtween Thirteenth and Twenty-first avenues east, child's spectacles. Finder return to 2101 East Superior street.

LOST! $10 REWARD FOR LADY'S open-faced gold watch, lost between Second avenue east, First street and American Exchange bank. Call 701 Exchange building and receive reward.

$25 REWARD FOR ANY INFORMATION leading to the arrest and conviction of the parties who stole or killed by black and white fox hound. Disappeared Oct. 6th. H. Fegraeus, Lakeside.

FOUND—GRAY HORSE, WITHOUT shoes. Inquire 25 East Ninth street.

LOST—BLACK MULEY COW. PLEASE notify G. Nordal if found. 1110 East Ninth street and receive reward.

LOST—YELLOW SCOTCH COLLIE DOG Finder telephone 0970 and receive $5.00 reward.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MEETING SUNDAY NIGHTS AT 7:45. Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Lecture and spirit messages. Mrs. Holmes, medium, 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLMES, THE medium, is at 1404 Tower avenue, West Superior.

PALACE OF PALMISTRY—FULL LIFE readings, 20c; no extra charges; accurate and reliable. McKay hotel, opposite postoffice, Duluth.

MRS BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT. 237 Main street, West Superior. Phone 4250.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

301 W. 3rd St.

100-foot corner, with elegant 12-room modern residence.

Room for a large flat on lots unoccupied at present, must be valuable property in the near future. Easy terms.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — TWO COTTAGES, FOR the winter, on Park Point. Warm and comfortable. W. F. Leggett, 506 Burrows' building.

FOR RENT — BOARDING HOUSE, suitable for store and boarding house. City water. Apply Stevenson & Eckman, Palladio building.

FOR RENT — 8-ROOM HOUSE, ON Lake avenue and Boulevard, Nov. 1, $8 per month. Inquire on premises.

FOR RENT — A 7-ROOM LATHED and plastered house at Twentieth street on Park Point. Fitted for winter. 514 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, East End, cheap for winter. F 26, Herald.

FOR RENT OR SALE — CAMP GRACE on Park Point. Inquire at camp or 712 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE FIVE rooms, two houses 7 rooms each. City water, $7.50, $10.00 and $12.00 respectively. Apply Wm. Kaiser, 106 Palladio Bldg.

WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE TO occupy furnished house in Lakeside. Address F. 24, Herald.

FOR RENT—8-ROOMED HOUSE, MODern. Electric light, 305 East Fifth street, $20 per month.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMED FURnished cottage, 3226 Colorado street, Lester Park.

FOR RENT—FOR WINTER, MODERN furnished house, pleasant location, on car line; man and wife preferred. 13 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE—hot water heat, modern. Twentieth avenue west. Apply 409 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE; modern conveniences. Apply 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

MODERN HOUSE FOR RENT AT GLEN Avon, city water, gas and electric light; small family preferred. Inquire at 128½ West First street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ELEGANT NEW SIX-room brick flat; gas, electrics. Three minutes walk from car line. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF FOUR ROOMS, bath, water and steam heat. A 16, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR small family; $7; water included. 217 Pittsburg avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE 5-ROOM FLAT; modern conveniences, Twenty-third avenue west and Superior street. Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

FOR RENT — SECOND FLOOR FLAT, 804 East Third street. Six warm, pleasant rooms; city water.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

LARGE FRONT ROOM; ALSO SIDE room; nicely furnished; steam heat; very central. 220 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 211 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, will allow light housekeeping. 210 East Second street.

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED room, very central, private family, gas, bath, furnace heat. Apply immediately, 109 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS ON LAKE front; Railroad street. Inquire on premises.

FOR RENT FURNISHED STEAM-heated room; bath; no other roomers. 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT — TWO PARTLY FURnished rooms for light housekeeping, $5 per month. 17 Fifteenth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE PARTLY FURnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with cook stove for light house keeping. 313 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, all conveniences. 20 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, Apply X 11, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS modern. 521 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINETEEN FURNISHED rooms and hotel in connection. Apply Commercial hotel, 228 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; also rooms for light housekeeping. 117 West First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE UNFURNISHED rooms; water and sewer included. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite, man and wife preferred. One block from High School, on car line, and pleasant location. U. S. Herald.

FOR RENT — ROOMS. 524 LAKE AVEnue north.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, steam heat. Flat A, Lowell block, first floor, 31 East Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ALL goods of value. All business strictly confidential. The National Loan office, 112 W. Sup. St and 111 West Mich. St.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.

$1600 Buys 50-foot lot on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub, stationary wash bowl. Very centrally located.

$1900 Buys a nine-room house, in splendid condition, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1050 For seven-room house; fine condition; on East Seventh street.

$900 Buys lot on Grand avenue, West Duluth, with two-story frame, gravel roof building, that cost at least $1800.

$650 for seven-room house in West Duluth. Easy terms. A snap.

$100 Cash and $12 a month, without interest, will buy a six-room house on Duluth Heights. Has grate and mantel in parlor.

$525 Buys five-room house on Duluth Heights.

FIRE INSURANCE
Carefully written in best companies at lowest rates.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

PALACE OF PALMISTRY.



Readings Given in Palmistry, Phrenology and Clairvoyance.

Palmistry taught. Clairvoyance and Personal Magnetism quickly developed. Instructions also in Magnetic Healing.

Excellent opportunity to qualify for fascinating and profitable business. Inestimable for self-culture. Big demand socially and professionally for successful students. Charges moderate. Success guaranteed.

Complete Life Readings in Scientific Palmistry, 20 cents. No extra charges. Accurate and reliable.

Office and reception rooms, McKay hotel, ground floor, opposite postoffice, Duluth. Hours 9:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. daily, Sunday, 10 to 6. Letters with stamps answered.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 West Superior St. Phones—Old 1063-2, new 1963.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER O. H. Stenberg, 16 East Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone 318; old 705-5.

FINANCIAL.

PRIVATE BANKING.
Where salaried people can obtain money on demand, without security; in a business way. Loans also made on pianos, furniture, horses and at reasonable rates. Confidential treatment. Zenith phone 926.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000; the only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 26 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms on their plain note without mortgage, indorser or publicity.
Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
206 Palladio Bldg. New Phone, 883.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MILLINERY.

NEW FALL STYLES. PRICES REAsonable. Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

STOVE REPAIR WORKS.

REPAIRS FOR ALL SETOVES—Duluth Stove Repair Works, C. F. Wigserts & Son, Props., 14 W. Sup. St.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

WHEN TIRED OF SO-CALLED PREMiums with cheap coffee try Malcomson's delicious blends, 8 1st Ave. W. 2 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

R. KRIBSBACK, PAPERHANGER AND painter, 301 E. 5th St, Zenith phone 913-2.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — ROOM WITH OR WITHout board by single gentleman. References exchanged. Address F 27, Herald.

WANTED—ABOUT OCT. 25, THREE OR four unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; no children. Address A. E., Herald.

ANYONE HAVING PARK POINT COTtage for rent for the winter please address W. 40, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished house or flat for winter by man and wife. Address X 28, Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—TEN-ROOM HOUSE, WELL furnished, $1000; $400 cash, balance easy terms. Call 312 Nineteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, IF TAKEN AT once, a six-lid cooking range. 2609 Huron street.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—CLOQUET steam laundry; land-office business for right party; possession immediately. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE — NEW STEWART HEATer, cheap; a good bargain. 407 First avenue west.

FOR SALE — ONE DELIVERY WAGON almost new, and one phaeton. Address Box V 28, Herald.

FOR SALE — 2000 ACRES GOOD FARM lands at a snap price in Bayfield county. J. P. Rossman, 712 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—COOKING RANGE, ALSO oil stove. Address 1901, West First street.

SAFE FOR SALE CHEAP, GOOD SIZE. Duluth Van & Storage company, 210 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—LIGHT HORSE, HARNESS and buggy. F. Brown, Graff farm, Hermantown.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—IF TAKEN AT once—stock of fruit and confectionery. Good location on Superior street. Address Andrew Dahl, 512 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—LARGE SIZE SIX GRIDdle range; one coal heater; one air-tight heater. All in good condition, 321 West Fifth street.

GASOLINE ENGINE SAW RIGS. Duluth Gas Engine Works, 501 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—ONE PAIR HEAVY DRAFT horses. American Lumber Co., West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — FINE FAMILY HORSE, bright bay weight 1100. Quiet and gentle. Apply 712 East Fourth street.

S. M. KANER HAS A GREAT NUMBER of Jersey cows to sell. 1219 East Seventh street.

THE FINEST DRAFT AND DELIVERY horses in the city at rock-bottom prices. L. Hammel Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 Fifth Ave. W.

GREAT PIANO SALE!

Including Over Thirty Worthy Instruments, Each With a Discount of From $75 to $110 From the Regular Legitimate Selling Prices.

It is the opportunity of a life time to secure a good piano at a small price from a reliable store.

Every instrument fully guaranteed.

$250 Upright Pianos for $158 on easy terms—just think of it—$15 cash and $7 a month. A handsome stool and draped cover with each piano free.

$350 Large Mahogany Upright for $240.

$325 Large Walnut Upright for $220.

The above are the same old reliable make and are strictly high grade instruments.

$375 Mahogany Upright Piano for $270—the highest grade piano.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $230.

$350 Mahogany Upright Piano for $275.

$325 Mahogany Upright Piano for $250.

$400 Mahogany Upright Piano for $290.

$275 Mahogany Upright Piano for $200.

$250 Mahogany Upright Piano for $158.

$250 Walnut Upright Piano for $158.

$125 Piano Cased Organ, Walnut for $90

$300 Self Playing Aeolian Organ, $125, including 25 music rolls.

$75 Self-Playing Organ, Oak Case, for $25, including 20 music rolls.

Also the following second-hand organs.

$35 Walnut Ithaca Organ for $18.

$45 Walnut Estey Organ for $28.

$40 Walnut Kimball Organ for $25.

$60 Walnut Windsor Organ for $38.

$35 Walnut Allegan Organ for $20.

$70 Walnut Twogen Organ for $35.

$40 Walnut Dyer Bros.' Organ for $28.

Terms on these organs, $5 cash and $3 a month.

Don't delay if you are interested in buying a piano or organ, for this stock will not last long at such prices.

Easy terms can be arranged on any goods included in the sale.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Reliable Piano Dealers.

Horses! Horses!

of all kinds constantly on hand.
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

Launches! Row Boats.
Canoes and Hunting Boats.
GASOLINE ENGINES ON HAND.
Pearson Boat Construction Co., Duluth.
Send For Catalogue.

WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRING

BEST FACILITIES FOR EXPERT work; our own manufacturing plant. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 333 W. Mich. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room 415 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash prices paid. Address L Baron, General Delivery, Duluth, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

$30 PER 1000 COPYING LETTERS AT home; no canvassing; send addressed envelope for copy. Eureka Remedy Co., Sta. D., Chicago.

OUTFIT FREE; CREDIT GIVEN; CUTprice Christmas books; 50c book 12½c; $1 book 25c; $1.50 book 50c. Ferguson, 4264, Fifth street, Cincinnati.

LADIES—COPY LETTERS AT HOME, $12 a thousand; send stamped envelope for application. Dept. 41, Crystal Novelty Co., 3812 Indiana Ave., Chicago.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in family of three; best wages. 119 East Third street.

LADIES TO DO PIECE WORK AT their homes. We furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal company, 34 Monroe street, Chicago.

$20 PER THOUSAND FOR LETTERS copied with pen and ink or typewritten and returning to us. Enclose stamp. Instructions, etc. Address X-Ray company, Toledo, Ohio.

LADIES WANTED TO WORK ON SOFA pillows. Materials furnished; steady work guaranteed; experience unnecessary. Send stamped envelope to Miss McGee, Needlework Dept., Ideal company, Chicago.

WANTED — COMPETENT STENOGrapher; state experience and salary. Address N 40, Herald.

WANTED — LADY FOR OFFICE ASsistant; must write good hand; one with good knowledge of bookkeeping, preferred. Apply in own handwriting. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in general housework. One who can go home nights. Apply at 510 East Third street.

WANTED — LADY FOR OFFICE ASsistant; must write good hand; one with good knowledge of bookkeeping, preferred. Apply in own handwriting. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESladies for crockery and hardware departments. I. Freimuth's.

WANTED—GIRL OR WOMAN FOR taking charge of a family. Good wages. Apply Room 8, Sloan Block Twentieth avenue West.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL TO ATTEND baby from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., 1901 East Superior street. Apply after 6 p. m.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE MAID. 1023 East Third street.

WANTED — DRESSMAKER'S APprentice girl for light housework. 205 Masonic Temple.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, 318 West Third street.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED LADY TO assist in housekeeping. Enquire at 1107 Fifty-first avenue East.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 523 West Second street.

WANTED GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

A YOUNG GIRL ATTENDING HIGH or normal school, and wishing a place in East End, where she can work for her board can do well by addressing S 47, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 613 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework. Apply Mrs. A. R. Porter, 119 West Fifth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE to care for young baby. Reference required. Mrs. G. S. Barnes, Jr., St. Elmo, 721 East First street.

SAVE 50c TO $1.00 ON YOUR SHOES BY buying of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

GOOD PLACES—MRS. SOMERS' EMployment office, 17 Second avenue east.

LADIES, work at home! We furnish all materials and pay liberally. Easy, very profitable and sure money every week. No canvassing.
WORK EXCHANGE CO.,
No. 2 Sherman Block,
Wabasha, Cor. 6th. St. Paul, Minn.

MALE HELP WANTED.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED — TWO RELIABLE MEN TO travel in Minnesota advertising a special work; $18 weekly and all expenses; permanent position. Address Road Superintendent, 383 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — MEN, EVERYWHERE—Good pay; to distribute circulars, advertising matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

AD WRITING. ILLUSTRATING, proof reading, journalism, bookkeeping, stenography, practical electricity, taught by mail free. Pay no tuition until we secure permanent employment. Graduates guaranteed positions. Write for free tuition contract, mentioning subject you wish to study. Correspondence Institute of America, Box 229, Scranton, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED — TWO EXperienced traveling grocery salesmen; $125 per month and expenses. Well known house. References. Personal interview if satisfactory. J. L. P., Herald.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

Salesmen,
The Hawks Nursery Company,
Waxwatosa, Wis.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DRIVER. Henry Folz.

SIX STONE CUTTERS 50c PER HOUR, also one stone cutter foreman. Also 25 men in slate quarry, $2.00 per day. Western Employment Co., 502½ West Superior street.

WANTED, AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS barber, $15 and half over 8%. John Mulqueen, box 310, Eveleth, Minn.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—CONTINUED.

WANTED—MEN AND BOYS FOR Enlistment in the U. S. Navy. For particulars inquire branch hydrographic office, 1091 Torrey Bldg.

WANTED—THIRTY MEN TO WORK slate quarries at Thomson, Minn., wages $1.75 per day, steady work and opportunity for overtime work. Apply at St. Louis River Slate Brick Company, Thomson, Minn.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SOLICITORS—A snap for hustlers; big money. 406 New Jersey building.

BEST PROPOSITION EVER OFFERED men to learn barber trade. More experience in one month than shops in one year. Write for catalogue today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PASSENger elevator boy. Spalding hotel.

WANTED — MEN— TO CUT WOOD; camps furnished free; $1 per cord for white birch and $1.25 for yellow birch and maple. The Jean Du Luth Co., 103 Herald building, Duluth.

WANTED—SALESMAN TO CARRY side line dry goods direct from looms to general store trade. Good line for competent man. The Lakewood Company, Box 414, Philadelphia, Pa.

CIGAR SALESMAN WANTED—EXPERIence unnecessary; good pay. E. Manuel Company, Station "J," New York.

$75 PER MONTH AND TRAVELING expenses paid salesmen on baking powder and extracts. Experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

CIVIL SERVICE GOVERNMENT POSItions. About 10,000 appointments made last year. Only common school education required for examinations. Salaries large. Work easy. Catalogues of information free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—A FEW PUPILS TO LEARN bookkeeping free and pay for tuition from their earnings after we place them in positions; you can learn in your own home in a few weeks without loss of time or money; we guarantee it; we teach you free and get you a position. Write for full information and our free book: "How to Succeed in Business." It tells you how you can better your position and make more money. Commercial Correspondence Schools, Drawer BK, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—MEN WITH RIG TO INTROduce Monarch Poultry Mixture; $20 weekly and expenses; year's contract; weekly pay. Address with stamp, Monarch Mfg. Co., box 445 Springfield, Ill.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LUBRIcating oil salesmen with established trade. Big inducements to men of ability. The A. G. Harbaugh Co., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—RELIABLE PERSON EACH district to manage business for old house. Salary $18 weekly. Expenses advanced. Permanent position. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Manager, 332 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants FREE OF CHARGE. Apply to
W. C. McCARTER,
Business University.

AGENTS WANTED.

COAL BILL HIGH? WE CAN CUT IT half. Prove it yourself. One dollar for sample automatic consumer; fits any stove; regular price $3. Earns itself each day. Morgan Consumer company, Room 63, San Diego building, Chicago.

OUTFIT FREE—CREDIT GIVEN; CUTprice Xmas books, 50c book 15½c; $1 book 25c; $1.50 book 50c. Ferguson, 4263 Fifth street, Cincinnati.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED COOK WANTS work in a restaurant or hotel. Address 1104 West First street, Flat 4. J. P.

ENGINEER WANTS HEATING PLANT to run in flat building. Box 33, City.

WANTED—OFFICE AND HOUSE cleaning, washing and ironing. Room 8, 206 West Superior street, after 6 p. m.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A FIRSTclass camp cook; best of references. Call or address J. H. Desmond, Tremont hotel.

LADY WOULD LIKE TO TAKE charge of furnished apartments. C 22, Herald.

A SCANDINAVIAN BOY, WITH GOOD education and some experience as clerk, wants a position of any kind. F 25, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man, position as collector. Can furnish good references. C 21, Herald.

PLACE WANTED BY YOUNG LADY to work half days and attend school. Address S. 30, Herald.

WASHING WANTED, TO TAKE HOME. 1107 West Third street.

YOUNG SCANDINAVIAN GIRL WANTS place to do general housework. Address 428 Seventh avenue east.

STATIONARY ENGINEER WANTS situation looking after furnace or janitor work. Address 109½ Second Alley East.

POSITION AS TIMEKEEPER IN LUMber camp. Address A 5, Herald.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING AND dressmaking by the day. F 13, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by lady having small child. Address W. Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man as office assistant, or store clerk. Well acquainted in city; moderate salary; highly recommended. Address F 53, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY Room 318 Lowell building.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED COMpetent woman, a position as nurse; confinement cases a specialty. Address 1126 West Fifth street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INVESTORS! BUY THE BEST. INvest in treasury stock of the Canton Gold Mining and Milling company, cooperative plan; $10 per month buys 1000 shares. Prospectus and report free. Address, Canton Gold Mining and Milling company, Box 15, Canton, Ohio.

DOUBLE YOUR MONEY IN NINETY days in an absolutely safe mining and electric power company's stock. Bank references and prospectus upon application. Roanoke company, 204 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Emma Brinholm—MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital 1613 Piedmont avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSEN, female complaints. Private hospital. 413 7th Ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

LIFE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National Bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCALP TREATMENT, SUPERFLUOUS hair removed. Miss M. Kelly, 131 West Superior street.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c; CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

TEMPLE ART STORE.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue; private hospital. Phone 976.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ W. Sup. St. Phone 240 Zenith 601.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co. 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building, best work; moderate prices.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

EASTERN DETECTIVE CO., NO. 20-7 Manhattan bldg., J. A. Mannheim, Agt., Zenith, 572; Bell, 451; confidential investigation of a legitimate character promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

STENOGRAPHY.

BY APPOINTMENT. MISS MacTAVISH Board of Trade. Old 'phone 561-2.

DRESSMAKING.

TEARNEY & McHOLLAND, DESIGNers and makers of ladies' and misses' gowns; fancy waists and dainty house toilettes special features. Style and fit fit beyond criticism. 201 West Sup. St.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Henricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting First and third Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Oct 16th, 1902. Work Third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 13, 1902. Work—Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Oct. 22nd, 1902. Work M. M. Degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Oct. 14th. Work Red Cross Degree. Wm. B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 311 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting October 15. W. H. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbus hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hulquist, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, Knights of Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, No. 73.—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall, instead of Kalamazoo. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 423½ East Sixth street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206 meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FABLES BY GEORGE ADE

The Modern Fable of the Fearsome Feud Between the First Families.

(Copyright, 1902, by R. H. Russell.)

Once there grew up alongside of a Railroad Track an overgrown Village that refused to be called a Town, so it was known as a City. It had a Water Tower, a Court House Park and a Steam Laundry. On the Main Street was a Business College where the Yokels learned in nine weeks how to be Merchant Princes. Also a Trolley Line that ran as far out as the Cemetery and then threw up both Hands. The Particular Pride of the Place was a $2.50 Hotel with a Tiled Floor and a Ladies' Parlor so Magnificent that no one had been known to use it.

All the Residents of this Progressive Community took their Cue from two



ROMEO, WITH THE RED MOUSTACHES.

Families that controlled more or less Bank Stock and had Fountains playing in the Front Yard, to say nothing of Senegambians to look after the Horses and keep them from being Lonesome. These Two Tribes were the real three-X Gonzabas. Any one on calling Terms with the aristocratic Skilligans or the exclusive Winkles had a perpetual License to throw on right Smart of Dog and kick about the Lack of Good Society.

One of the many Diversions planned by the high-collared Residents, so that they might temporarily forget where they were living, was Amateur Theatricals. The Dramatic Club was carefully selected from the Inner Circles of the Finger-Bowl Set and whether they could Act or not, it was always a Satisfaction to know that they could rub up against the toney Skilligans and the Hifaluting Winkles.

Two or three times every Season the Club gave a Show at the local Temple of Art. After all Expenses had been paid, the Net Proceeds, which sometimes ran as high as $18, went to Charity. This was another Case in which Charity covered a Multitude of Sins.

At one of these Dramatic Treats it was decided to put on the Balcony Scene from "Romeo and Juliet." Wm. Shakespeare was in no Position to get out an Injunction and the Club had such a Social Drag that no one dared to set fire to the Opera House in order to head off the Massacre.

It was unanimously agreed that Mr. Philo Quackenbush was the Boy to do Romeo. He was Golf Champion, having gone 9 holes in 58 on a Course which made it necessary to Putt with a Lofter. Besides he had led the German every Year for 18 Years and had Relatives in New York City.

But when it came to the selection of Juliet there were two Candidates, as follows: Mrs. Skilligan and Mrs. Winkle. Each of these estimable Ladies had a kind of an inward Hunch that she could revive Memories of Mary Anderson and leave Maude Adams somewhere back of the Flag. Mrs. Skilligan was tall, fibrous and weighed 108 when in Condition. She had a Daughter who was a Sophomore and that was why some of her Enemies said that she was too far along to look the Part of Juliet. Just the same, Mrs. Skilligan wanted a Whack at it, for what she lacked in Looks and Youthfulness, she could make up in Jewelry. So she began to lay her Pipes and do some tall Scheming.

In the Meantime, Mrs. Winkle was studying the Lines and checking off the Names of all Members who would not dare to throw her down. Mrs. Winkle could see herself on the Balcony giving an entirely new Interpretation of the Part. She had discovered certain Hidden Meanings in the Lines and she wanted to hand out the Immortal Hot Stuff in such a Way that Folks would forget all about Julia Marlowe and those other ordinary Actresses who were after the Coin, regardless of Art.

The Stage Manager employed by the bold Amateurs was an Ex-Legit who had lost his Voice asking for Salary. He plucked up Courage and ventured to ask Mrs. Winkle if she didn't think she was a little too strong on the Measurements to be the girlish Capulet.

"Oh Pickles!" quoth Mrs. Winkle. "I'm just about the size of May Irwin and she's a lovely Actress. Besides, I'll wear something Loose, so that they can't see my Real Shape."

The Stage Manager said no more, for he needed the Money.

The Club had a Meeting and the Lady who carried Weight for Age beat out the Outfit came into the Boxes and upset Chairs and begged everybody else to take the front Seats and called for Programmes. By the time they settled down and got ready to Kid the Performers, the large White Mass up on the Shelf didn't know whether she was playing Juliet or Bridge Whist. She got twisted on her Lines, so that Romeo, with the Red Moustaches, skipped a couple of Speeches. Then the Moon shifted a few Feet and the Balcony squeaked and promised to give away and some one in the Skilligan Party made a low Crack that started a Giggle. Juliet lasted but she was too Pink for Words.

Then Mrs. Skilligan said she was sorry



SORRY FOR THE POOR THING.



THE IDEAL JULIET.

for Poor Thing for it really wasn't her Fault as she had been bunkoed into thinking she was Good.

Juliet had 8 Curtain Calls, or two more than Melba's Record, and before the Night was over she received so many Flowers and was complimented so often by those who came up to her little Supper Party, that she had a Notion to leave Winkle and go and work for Charley Frohman. In fact, at 3 A. M. she was ready to make Affidavit that she had Virginia Harned, Maxine Elliot and Mary Mannering thrown back into the Chorus.

Next Day the Paper said that she was Great and she took 200 Extra Copies and read them all herself and then sent a few to the Skilligans.

About a month after that Mrs. Skilligan gave a Fancy Dress Ball with Costumes all the Way from St. Louis and three kinds of Punch on the Dining-Room Table. Lady Skilligan did Queen Elizabeth with $80,000 worth of Rock Crystals hanging to her. Mrs. Winkle came, for fear People might think she cherished some Animosity against her crushed and fallen Rival, and when she sized up against the Hostess she fell backward and took the Count, for she was only a Dresden Shepherdess.

She went home and began to whet her Axe and the First Thing any one knew she had the U. S. Senator right up at her House and a few Friends in to see him Eat and no Skillikans in the List.

Then the Carpenters at Work enlarging the Skilligan House and a Grand Reception with Imported Music and no Winkles there to hear it.

After which a quiet Evening at the Winkles and the Souvenirs costing $18 per. In due Time a private Vaudeville at the Skilligans and Expense cutting no Figure, the same as at Newport.

Then two Men meeting at the Court House, where the Bankruptcy Papers are fixed up. They silently shook Hands and then Skilligan said to Winkle, "It's a Dead Heat."

MORAL: The Men are always the first to Quit.

Anti-Fat Candidate. Mrs. Winkle was elected the Ideal Juliet by a Majority of One and some were mean enough to say that she voted for Herself. As for Mamma Skilligan she was not Put Out a Particle. Not on Your Facial Expression. A good many Competent Judges had told her that Shakespeare must have had her in Mind when he wrote the Part, but if the Club preferred a large, coarse Creature to tackle that beautiful Stuff, let it go at that!

Just to prove that she wasn't Miffed she bought all of the lower Boxes and on the Night of the Performance she gave a Dinner Party at which the Gentlemen proceeded to tear up and roast the Large Party, in spite of anything she could say to choke them off. Along about 9 o'clock she said it was time to go down and watch the Balloon go up.

The Push landed in at the Opera House just in time to break up the Scene in which the Child Sweetheart sighs and wonders where Romeo is. The whole

The INIMITABLE DOOLEY

Offers a Few Observations On the Coal Strike.

By Finley Peter Dunne.

"It'll be a hard winther if we don't get coal," said Mr. Hennessy.

"What d'ye want with coal?" said Mr. Dooley, "Ye're a mos' unraisonable man. D'ye think ye can have all th' comforts iv life an' that ye mus' make no sacryfice to uphold th' rights iv property? Ivrybody will have plinty iv fuel this winther. Th' rich can burn with indignation, thinkin' iv th' wrongs inflicted on capital, th' middle or middlin' class will be marchin' with th' millishy, an' th' poor can fight among thimsilves, an' burn th' babies. I niver thought iv babies before as combustible, but they ar-re. At wan sthroke ye can keep th' baby warrum an' th' rest of th' fam'ly comfortable. Befure th' winther is over, I expict to hear ye callin', 'Packy, go out to th' woodshed an' bring in a scuttle-fuil iv little Robert Immitt. Th' fire is burnin' low.' They'll be nawthin' else to burn. The' Bible, th' mantelpiece, th' plumbin', th' bills fr'm th' butcher, th' phottygraft album, mother's switch, an' th' dog will all go into th' furnace. If ye say a man has money to burn, it'll mean he's too poor or mean to get coal. As f'r me with nayether babies nor money, I can keep warrum be jus' thinkin' iv th' situation. I can get up th' circylation iv me blood principally in me neck be readin' what me frind th' out-spoken, oft-spoken, janial, tolerant, thruthful an' relligious Prisidint Baer has to say. There's a thruly great man, th' first prisident we have raaly had that come up to me idee iv what a prisidint ought to be. He's a gr-reat lithrachoor, a gr-reat wayfinder iv th' hearth again' hard coal, th' protictor iv chill-blains an' croup, th' inimy iv prickly-heat an' arnichy. List, will ye, to what Baer, th' gr-reat Baer, Ursa Major as Hogan calls him, has to say iv th' histhry iv th' wurruld an' th' ways iv Providence as revealed to him wan day as he was readin' th' scriptures on th' ticker:

"'Years ago,' says Baer, 'Nature decided that some day, afther she'd had a long peeryod iv practise an' got her hand in be makin' th' stars, th' moon, th' sun, th' stock exchange, an' other divine wurruke, she'd compose me,' he says. 'It was no aisy task an' she had to make a lot iv preparations f'r me arrival. There mus' be wurruk f'r me to do whin I come. At that peeryod, th' state iv Pinnsylvania, which was thin no state at all, was covered over with high threes an' through these primeval forests stalked sthrange animals an' sthranger men. Wan day Nature bumped all th' threes over, knocked thim down with her mighty hand. "Why d'ye divastate th' land," she was ast. "I'm layin' it bare f'r Baer," says Nature with a pocose smile. Thin she shot thunder an' lightnin' down on th' popylation an' mingled its bones with th' threes. "Gunnin' f'r Baer," she says. An' she piled mud an' rock on th' timbers an' washed thim with th' floods an' cuked thim with fire an' left thim to cool, an' through long cinchries she wint fr'm time to time an' patted thim an' said: "Afther a while a man with whiskers will come along an' claim ye. Don't laugh at him. That'll be Baer." Thin she mannyfacthered a lot iv dillicate people that had to keep warrum or die an' she taught thim how to burn hard coal an' thin I come. I call it Nature. he says, 'but ye know who I mean. I am th' agent iv Providence in this matther. All this coal was enthrusted to me be Hivin to look afther. Some say 'twas Morgan, but I know betther. I'm th' agent iv Providence—Providence Coal Comp'ny Limited, George Baer, agent. It's thrue I haven't made anny accountin' to me principal but that'll come later. In th' manetime I stand as th' riprisintative iv visted inthrests, th' champeen iv ordher an' th' frind iv th' rights iv property. Gr-reat inthrests are at stake, as th' Southern lyncher said at th' burnin'. I'm a wondherful man. An' funny, too,' he says.

"So what ar-re ye goin' to do about it? If thim la-ads on'y got to own th' coal be th' same way that I own th' part iv this house that ain't got a margedge on it, an' ye own ye'er hat an' shoes—because a lot iv fellows come together in th' legislachoor an' decided 'twas a good thing that a man who had shoes an' a hat shud keep thim—'twud be diff'rent. But seein' that th' Lord fixed it there's nawthin' f'r us to do but pray. Lave us pray that Hivin will go out iv th' coal business an' that it won't get into th' Beef Thrust. I hate to think iv walkin' over to th' stock yards to say me prayers.

"But I'm with th' rights iv property, d'ye mind. Th' sacred rights an' th' divine rights. A man is lucky to have five dollars; if it is ten, it is his jooty to keep it if he can; if it's a hundherd, his right to it is th' right iv silf-dayfinse; if it's a millyon, it's a sacred right; if it's twinty millyon, it's a divine right; if it's more thin that, it becomes ridiklious. In anny case, it must be protected. Nobody mus' intherfere with it or down comes th' constichoochion, th' army, a letther fr'm Baer an' th' wrath iv Hivin. If I own a house I can do what I plaze with it. I can set fire to it anny time I want, can't I? Ye may have foolish sintiminits about it. Ye may say: 'If ye set fire to ye'er house, ye'll burn mine.' But that don't mine anny coal with me. 'Tis my house, give me in thrust be th' Lord an' here goes f'r a bonfire. What's that fireman comin' down th' sthreet fr? How dare he squirt wather on me property? Down with th' fire department! I've some gun powdher in me cellar. I'll touch a match to it. I'm uncomfortable in summer. I'll take me clothes off an' go f'r a walk. Th' sign above th' dure belongs to me. I'll loosen it so it will fall down on th' top iv ye'er head. Ye want to go to sleep at night. I'm goin' to have a brass band sur-nade me. I own a gun. I think I'll shoot me property into ye. Get out iv th' way f'r here comes property. dhrunk an' raisin' Caln. An' if I'm an Eyetalian sthriker with a stick iv dynamite, I can explode it where an' whin I will. It happened to go off undher an excursion thrain full iv women an' childher. So much th' worse f'r thim, but they must be no resthriction on th' right iv a man to do what he will with his own. I owned th' dynamite an' I wanted to hear a noise. Hurrah f'r property rights! Property rights an' baby in th' base burner! It's a gr-reat issue to lay befure th' American people whin the coal gives out."

"D'ye think th' sthrike will be settled?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Iv coorse," said Mr. Dooley. "If it ain't, hell 'll break loose an' we'll all be warrum."



New Lightning Detector Station of Weather Bureau Located On Hill Top, Near Fifth Avenue West.

AS VIEWED BY GATH

A Lesson Drawn From the Crime of William Hooper Young.

New York, Oct. 11.—The Mormons have not produced any great criminal, although their prophet and his brother were murdered and the Roumanian Jews suffered less persecution than the Latter Day Saints. William Hooper Young reminds me of his namesake, William Hooper, the Utah delegate in congress many a year, and of John Young, his father, both of whom I knew.

Young was in New York about eighteen years ago, with a permanent office on Lower Broadway; and he was maneuvering legislation to admit Utah as a state without polygamy. The proposition suddenly went through and, ceasing to be a territory, no more mare's nests have been found in that state, except the firing of the Mormon delegate out of congress by Helen Gould and the women. I think John Young expected to be United States senator.

(Continued on Page 5.)

FOR GOVERNMENT MINES

Coal Would Cost the Consumer No More, But a Large Deficit Would Be Met By General Taxation—Claims Made By An Opponent of the Idea.

Boston, Oct. 11.—The Washington correspondent of the Transcript writes as follows on the question of government ownership of coal mines from the standpoint of one who is opposed to the idea:

One notable effect of the anthracite strike has been the impetus it has given to the proposal that the United States government, or, perhaps, that of the state of Pennsylvania, should own and operate the coal mines. There are certain analogies for such a procedure. The salt mines of Austria are a government monopoly, as are the gold and silver mines of many countries. In Australia the proposal for the government to run the coal mines seems to be under serious consideration. In this country it has been endorsed, not only by labor bodies, but by many public-spirited citizens, and is certain to gain headway with every increase of resentment which the first cold wave will bring out against the stupidity of the operators, the unreasonableness in their employers, or the supiness of Governor Stone. It may, therefore, be in order to inquire into the feasibility of government ownership of coal mines. The proposal involves no new principles. It may be clearly judged in advance by everybody who cares to consider the matter on the plan laid down by Patrick Henry when he said that he knew no other light to guide his feet but the lamp of experience. That lamp with us is sufficiently luminous to make very clear what the path of state or national ownership would be in coal mining. Perhaps the subject may be best considered by reciting the practical questions which would be raised, accompanied by such answers as may be derived from the present-day experience of the United States Government in similar lines.

No attempt will be made to go into the subject of government ownership of railroads, even though transportation is by far the larger part of the cost of coal, since the principles which would govern socialistic transportation agencies are not essentially different from those which would apply to industrial production. They would differ chiefly in the working out of details. But suppose the government were to mine its own coal:

How would its employes be selected? They would be appointed on the patronage, or influence, basis, by quotas according to states and congressional districts; after the "pets" or "favorites" of those in political control had been given positions, the coal mines would be put into "the classified service," so as to insure a life position practically for the favorites thus selected.

How would their services terminate? By death. Age or incapacity would not serve as a disqualification; sympathy for the needs of an employe would prevent his severance from the payroll, by those who lost nothing by having it remain there. Any civil pension or retirement fund would be dismissed as un-American.

What would be his rate of compensation?

In the highest grades of work so low that considerable embarrassment would be occasioned in getting the right kind of men to meet exacting requirements. And yet it would not be safe to make the compensation adequately high, as this would mean a correspondingly enhanced prize for the political heelers. In the lower rounds of the ladder, however, the compensation would always be considerably more than in some instances, two or three times that of ordinary private life. There would be no 'cheap help" anywhere.

How would the work of mining be supervised?

There would be permanent employes upon whom the real responsibility of doing things would rest bearing the title of "Deputy Somebody," or "Administrative Assistant This," who would get moderate salaries, but would necessarily be very efficient men. There would be above them a class of supervisers, at about twice the salary, changing with the administration of the federal government, but without much practical knowledge of the real work under them. It would be as stupid to have these coal mine managers out of sympathy with the party in power as to try to 'run a Methodist church with Baptist deacons." So the real work would be done by the non-partisan deputies. One of these managers would be locally known as the custodian of such a person's presidential boom, and another as the man who withdrew from his candidacy for some elective office on a compromise by which he was to have this place, and so on. No one would speak of what they knew about coal.

What would be the relation of the government mines to machinery and progress in mechanical appliances?

One of non-intercourse.

Who would look after the details upon which economical administration rests, turning off superfluous lights, the saving of unnecessary charges?

Nobody. It would be unfair to assign any man with a political future to so unpopular a position, and one so prejudicial to its occupant's progress. The men who made the electric juice would not want superfluous lights turned off; that would be making so much less work. Hardly any economy of administration in a mill or a mine can be suggested which does not hurt somebody's feelings or intrench upon personal profit or interest. The man in the coal mines would advance most rapidly who did not incur these enmities, because the persons thus antagonized would all have political influence, which in turn might be brought into play against him.

What would be the relation of the mine employes to politics?

They would organize into a union, to which all members would pay dues, and no one not joining the union could lift a pick. They would then employ general officers and lobbyists to intimidate congress into raising their salaries from time to time, extending their vacations, and procuring for them various privileges.

How would the mine get its supplies?

Very cheaply on contract as a result of competitive bids. This would be the case where honest men were in charge of the administration. Otherwise the specifications for materials would go out so worded as to throw business into the hands of friends who happened to possess certain articles, or to hold an agency or monopoly on them. Then the price would be made whatever the traffic could bear. There would be no room for any elastic turn by which cheaper material may occasionally be substituted in emergencies, or for devices to avoid being squeezed by a cornered product.

How much would it cost to mine coal under these circumstances?

From two to three times what it costs now.

Would the American consumers, then, be charged $20 a ton?

By no means; they would be charged $6 a ton and the rest of the cost made up through general taxation and the methods of bookkeeping employed would be such as to disguise the operation. The public would insist upon having a government product sold a little cheaper than by private enterprise, but it would be wholly indifferent to any excess of cost which may be charged upon the general revenues.

How would the public view such a management of the coal mines?

With supreme satisfaction. The labor unions would like it because they would have complete control there as against disputed control to outside employments. They would cite the anthracite mines as a great example upon the basis of which they would ask to have the wood-chopping industry of the country absorbed by the federal government. Politicans would like it because it would give places and positions which they could control. The Sunday school teachers would relate anecdotes of the heroism of Uncle Sam's servants in the coal mines. Congressional oratory would exhausth itself in eulogies of the ability of the government and of the orator's own party, to meet great questions, to do things, to accomplish comething, and to leave carping and criticism to outsiders and Mugwumps. Those who had failed in private business would especially derive satisfaction from the thought that, in an enterprise in which they were stockholders, the Morgans and the Wanamakers were being distanced. The patriotic people of every class and condition would rejoice in the thought that whatever the United States did was done right. The stray, solitary man who challenged this view would be almost ostracized. It is better to be a patriot than a pessimist. In fact, it may reasonably be predicted that the anthracite coal mines, if run by the United States government, would be exceeded in the affectionate hold of the American people only by our army in the Philippines.

Would the operation of these mines lead to application of the same principle to the management of beef raising, or of selling groceries?

Undoubtedly. The scholastic tide never turns back. The United States with its unbounded resources is rich enough to carry the load of wasteful production in a considerable number of industries. That civilization, which is really the status of man in his combat with nature, would be put back several centuries by the universal application of this principle cannot for a moment be disputed. It was a rare and singular felicity which Mr. Bellamy displayed in the tite of his book, outlining the delights of a socialistic regime—"Looking Backward." The trade mark of our government collieries should correspondingly take as its emblem a picture of Lot's wife.

Not an answer has been given in this column which is not sustained by an abundance of experience in the present dealings of the United States government. We have a printing office here of 4000 employes, whose lack of modern machinery and other appliances of economical production is such that the printer's art would look back with a vengeance were all the publishing business of the country put on a similarly socialistic basis. The control of the labor unions there is absolute. Uniformity of work and wages is practically complete. Its employes, selected on the spoils basis, have been given permanency by "civil service reform." Not a bureau of the federal government, within present recollection, has been established on any other arrangement. The census clerks were thus employed, and civil service reform only comes in at a late date to act as an embalming agent. The last great addition to the clerical force of the departments was made under the dishonest pretext of needing "temporary assistants" for the exigencies of the Spanish war. The rural free delivery service, the newest thing in the post-office, has afforded to the spoils system a grand debauch, and yet the present President of the United States is, without doubt, the most genuine friend of the merit system that has ever occupied that high office. Civil service reform was never healthier than now, and still its practical conquests have been small.

The postoffice department shows some wonderful results in the way of celerity, security and certainty wherever it has clung to the coat-tails of private enterprise, as in the fast mail trains of our competing railroads and in its belated employment of pneumatic tubes. Wherever it has done things itself it has done them badly. It was

(Continued on Page 5.)

CARNEGIE'S NEW PLAN

Considering a Project For Wiping Out London's Slums--From $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 Tentatively Offered.

London, Oct. 1.—Andrew Carnegie, a bit bored, perhaps, by the criticism aroused by his gifts for free libraries, has a new outlet for his millions that is of world-wide interest. He has had it kept secret so far, but the work is now so well along that there can be no harm in publishing the facts.

Last year his attention was called to a series of articles that had appeared in the New York Press showing how much good he might have done with his wealth by building decent houses that could be rented by the poor at the same prices that they now pay for hovels in the slums—how much more than free libraries such improvements would count for human welfare.

Mr. Carnegie declined to be drawn on the subject at the time, but it seems that he went to work in characteristic fashion to see for himself what there was in the idea.

The result of his investigation has been an unsolicted invitation from him to a London body known as the Workmen's National Housing council to show him how they would lay out for him from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 in building model dwellings for the poor. He said he wanted it understood that he wasn't definitely promising a penny to the council, but he made it plain that if they could provide him with a plan that would be an improvement on existing attempts at housing reform, the cash would be forthcoming.

Although the housing council contains a good many prominent men, such, for instance, as Sir John McDougall, chairman of the county council, the great body that governs London, it is made up largely of radicals who have no great love for capitalists like Mr. Carnegie, and who think that the state ought to look after the housing of the poor. They were considerably astonished by Mr. Carnegie's brief and causual way of offering £1,000,000 or so—I am told that the weighty communication wasn't more than 150 words long—but they promptly told him that an outlet for his wealth should be provided forthwith, and now plans are about complete for wiping out practically every slum in London with American dollars.

The housing council, at Mr. Carnegie's suggestion, had been disposed to reveal nothing of these big plans on which it has been working so busily, but I can now give the general outline of the scheme. It will be of as much value in America as here, for there is reason to believe that Mr. Carnegie has designs on the slums on both sides of the Atlantic.

The Laird of Skibo said nothing in his letter to the council about wanting to get any interest on his money. There was no conditions except that his schemes should be more effective than anything of the sort now in operation. But the sturdy radicals who run the council are strongly opposed to anything that savors of pauperization, and they have prepared a plan that is to give the would-be philanthropist 1 per cent on his money and a further profit of 1½ per cent, to be used in improvements. Even with all idea of charity eliminated, they say, the scheme will cause the dawn of a new era for workingmen.

The first feature of the plan is to take the workers from the heart of the city, where they now swarm, and transport them some ten miles out. Railway facilities were lacking hitherto, but now that London and the suburbs are going to be connected by a network of tubes and electric trams—mostly American in one way or another—this difficulty is practically removed. The council recommends that four suburban estates should be bought, two at Harrow and Edmonton for the north of the Thames and two at Surbiton and Lewisham for the south—all within ten miles from the heart of the city. The council is agreed that the most lavish philanthropy, in face of the enormously high price of land within the metropolitan area, could never succeed in securing clean and cheap homes there for the working classes, and they point to Peabody's and other trusts as a proof of their contention.

They will ask their American good fairy to start with $5,000,000 or less, divided into four items, as the circumstances would require. The land bought must be absolutely free from incumbrance, with a stipulation that it is never to be affected by any fluctuations in land values, except for the benefit of the trustees, who will from time to time be appointed to administer the fund, such trustees to consist of a certain number of men and women belonging to public bodies who enjoy the confidence of the working classes, and a majority must be such persons as have sprung from the working classes themselves.

The council will show that primarily the failure of the existing trusts to carry out the spirit of the founders is due to the fact that persons having no interest in common with the working classes have been selected to administer the funds. Builders, lawyers and any person who could have a pecuniary interest in the management or working of the Carnegie estate would be rigidly excluded from any control or participation in the administration of its finances.

No man whose income is more than $6 a week will be admitted as tenant, but a tenant whose income subsequently rises above that figure will be permitted to stay.

A particularly interesting feature of the Carnegie scheme provides that twenty years' occupation of any room or number of rooms will entitle the tenant to live rent free for the remainder of his life, but if he should wish to compound his life interest, the

(Continued on Page 5.)

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Miss Josephine Petrie of Home Mission Board to Address Y. P. S. C. E. at First Presbyterian---Dr. Ballou of Fargo at Unitarian Church.

Rev. Dr. Robinson will preach both morning and evening in the First Presbyterian church. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Prelude in F" .....
.....D. Robert Munro
Anthem—"O, Lord, Most Holy," from "Ave Maria" ..... Schubert
Sentence—"O Lord, in Thy Mercy"....
..... Hanscom
Baritone solo—"King of Love My Shepherd Is" ..... Gounod.
Philip Gordon Brown.
Postlude—"Op. 3" ..... Deplantay

EVENING.

Organ—"Prelude" ..... Chaminade
Anthem—"The Soft Sabbath Calm"..
..... Barnby-Shelly
Offertory—Quartet—"Lo, 'Tis Night"
..... Beethoven-Custance
Solo .....
Paul Gilbert.

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; alto, Miss Antoinette West; tenor, Paul Gilbert; bass, Philip Gordon Brown; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

• • •

Mrs. Josephine Petrie, of New York, who is the young people's secretary for the Women's Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian church, will address a union meeting of the various Presbyterian Young People's societies in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church, tomorrow evening at 6:30.

• • •

At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. William Ballou, of Fargo, will preach on "The Things Men Live By." Nias Novitsky and Mr. Hare will sing at the service.

• • •

At the Endion M. E. church, the newly appointed pastor, Rev. Robert J. Taylor, will preach morning and evening. Morning service at 10:45. Evening, 7:45. Sunday school at 12 noon.

• • •

Rev. Charles F. Davis, pastor of Lester Park M. E. church, will preach Sunday morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league service at 6:30 as usual. Subject, "Truthful and Fruitless." Fred Bartlett, leader.

• • •

At the First Methodist church tomorrow morning Dr. Samuel P. Long will speak morning and evening. In the morning he will speak on the program for the year and in the evening on "The Philippian Jailer."

• • •

At Pilgrim Congregational church Rev. Alexander Milne will preach morning and evening. The morning topic will be: "The Idolatry of Force."

• • •

The pastor of Lakeside Presbyterian church being absent in attendance upon the synod at Minneapolis, there will be no preaching services tomorrow. Sunday school at 12 m., Christian Endeavor union meeting at First Presbyterian church, in the evening.

• • •

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, 922 East Superior street, there will be services at 10:45 a. m. Subject: "Doctrine of Atonement." Sunday school at close of service. Christian Science Reading room at 419 Burrows building open daily from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

• • •

Services at the First Christian church Sunday morning 10:40. The pastor, C. R. Sine, will speak on the subject, "An Obstacle Removed." Sunday school at 12 m., Christian Endeavor 6:45 p. m., evening service at 7:45; topic, "Jesus' Reply to the Penitent Thief."

• • •

At Grace Methodist church tomorrow morning Rev. Harry W. Knowles will preach on "The Glory of the Ages." In the evening he will speak on "Echoes of the Methodist Conference and their Lessons for Christians and Churches."

• • •

At the Bethel on Lake avenue, at 7:20 p. m., Charles F. Robel will speak. Subject, "Laying Hold of the Life Line." Miss Frances McGiffert will sing at 3 p. m. Sunday school. Y. P. S. C. E. meets at 6:30. Special—Monday evening, Mr. Robel's subject, "Elijah at Mount Carmel." Miss Frances McGiffert and Mrs. William Asher will sing. Gospel meeting every night, except Saturday.

• • •

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the B. A. P. U. of the First Baptist church. On Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational church. Gospel meeting every night.

• • •

Miss Anna Smith, evangelist, will speak tomorrow evening at the Hazlewood Park Presbyterian church, Grand avenue and Thirty-eighth avenue west. Services will begin at 7:45. Miss Caruthers will sing.

• • •

Charles F. Robel will speak in the Westminster Presbyterian church at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Elijah at Cherith."

• • •

At Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, pastor, there will be services tomorrow morning and evening. Preaching by the pastor at both services. Morning topic: "The Treasures and Goodly Pearls of Life." Evening: "Is Prayer Anything, and Will God Hear Us?" Sunday school at 11:30.

• • •

At St. Luke's Episcopal church at the West End, there will be Sunday school tomorrow at 10 a. m. The morning service will be at 11 a. m. Rev. L. I. Belden, rector.

• • •

At the West Duluth Episcopal church, there will be services tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock, with preaching by the rector, Rev. Louis I. Belden.

• • •

At the First Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., and 7:45 p. m. Rev. N. B. Thvedt will officiate. At the evening service the choir will sing. Sunday school Norwegian and English at 9 a. m. At 3 p. m., there will be service at the townhall, Lakeside.

• • •

There will be Sunday school in the fire hall on Park Point at 3 p. m., conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan.

• • •

At Star of Hope Mission, 617 West Superior street, there are meetings every night, beginning at 7:30 with graphophone concert. Tomorrow at 8 p. m., John Callahan will speak on "The Prodigal Son," special singing.

• • •

Evangelist John Callahan will speak at the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Mrs. John Callahan will speak at 8 p. m.

• • •

At the Norwegian Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue West and Third street, there will be children's services in the morning. The Sunday school will join in the regular service at 10:30. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Hjortholm. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by the pastor. Special offering at morning service for the orphan homes of the United Norwegian Lutheran church.

• • •

Rev. A. Edstam, of Finland, will preach tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the First Swedish Baptist church, and in the evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 11:30 in the forenoon. Young People's society meets at 6:15 in the afternoon.

• • •

At the First Swedish M. E. church, Twentieth avenue West and Third street, the services tomorrow will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 12. Rev. John A. Anderson, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening.

• • •

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue West and Gosnold street, there will be service Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salverson, pastor.

• • •

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner Sixth avenue East and Fifth street services will be held in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. English Sunday school at 12:10. Rev. I. G. Aschum, pastor.

• • •

At St. Paul's Episcopal church thre will be services tomorrow as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by Bishop Morrison; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"O Happy Band of Pilgrims" .....Anon
Venite .....Chanted
Te Deum, in D ..... Read
Litany hymn—"Our Blest Redeemer"..
..... Dykes
Hymn—"Lord, With Glowing Heart I'd Praise Thee" .....Gaul
Soprona solo—"The King of Love" .....
..... Gounod
Miss Whans
Recessional—"Sons of Praise" .....
..... "Innocents"

EVENING

Processional—"O Happy Band of Pilgrims" .....Anon
Psalter .....Chanted
Canticles .....Chanted
Hymn—"Savior, Breathe an Evening Blessing" ..... Vesper hymn
Anthem—"Now the Day is Over" .....
..... Dykes
Recessional—"Sons of Praise" .....
..... "Innocents"

A. F. M. Custane, organist and choirmaster.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Practical piety must be personal.

Profanity is often a species of insanity.

The greedy man always cheats himself.

Good intentions do not improve with age.

The flame of lust quenches the light of life.

Strength in prayer cannot be measured by length.

Grapes of peace do not grow on thorns of passion.

It is a vain hope that the chains of habit will rust off.

The recording angel cannot be fooled by church reports.

To be at our best tomorrow, we must be at our best today.

The day book of time determines the ledger of eternity.

When a father is too tender his sons usually balance things.

The world's premiums are never worth the cost of the coupons.

A man must have a poor hope of another world who fights so hard for the possession of this one.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Philadelphia Ledger: Dr. H. K. Carroll reports the total church membership of the United States in 1901 to be 28,090,257. He didn't get these figures from counting the attendance on Sundays.

Chicago Post: Dr. Parkhurst has been talking again and if you read carefully what he has to say about the future you will find that he put himself in a position to cry, "I told you so," no matter what happens.

Kansas City Journal: The St. Louis preacher who was chosen chairman of the St. Louis city Republican committee says that he expects to harmonize the pulpit and politics. Will he lower the pulpit or raise politics, or both?

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The preachers throughout the country admit that they cannot draw the usual crowds with the usual church service. It is the same with the political orator and the latter is rising to the occasion with the glee club and the circus.

Kansas City Star: The colored ministers who were criticised in the conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church at Sedalia for stealing their sermons have made a double exhibition of the imitative instincts of their race. They have not only practiced plagarism, but in doing so they have followed the example of many pale-faced pulpiteers.

Chicago Chronicle: It was a surprising bit of news when Dr. Thomas Neeley, general secretary of the Methodist Tract society, declared the Methodist church to be an unsocial organization. If the Methodists are unsocial, where shall the Presbyterians and Baptists be classed? And what about the Congregationalists who emphasize individualism to an extreme? And what of other denominations even colder than these? The Methodist has always been noted for his warmth of heart, his enthusiasm, brotherly love and outpouring of spirit. He never claimed to have the intellect of the Unitarian or the ancestry of the Puritan, or the aristocracy of the Episcopalian. His was the downright democratic, genuine kindliness that glowed with fervor for a fellow man. If his brother were a sinner, so much the more did he give him sympathy and love; if he were a saint, so much the more could he receive joy and cheer from holy communion with him. Has all that passed away?

A Trip to New York On the Pennsylvania Special.

Saves time and affords pleasure for busy people of the West who can leave Chicago Union Station 12 o'clock noon, enjoy luncheon and dinner, a comfortable night's sleep in private rooms, bath, shave and breakfast en route, and be in New York city next morning ready for business. New Observation Compartment cars now running on this train. Write H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for particulars.

At Canton, Ohio, an organization of the Women's Union Label league has been effected. The object is to have women pledge themselves to us nothing at home that does not bear the stamp of union labor.



WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK.

A full set of the best artificial teeth.... $10

And no extra charge for extracting

Gold Crowns (22K).....$7.00
Porcelain Crowns $5.00
Gold Fillings, up from.....$1.50
Silver Fillings, up from.....75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.

Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

WORLD OF LABOR

Trades Assembly Favors the Saturday Half Holiday Idea.

Commends Granting of It to City Hall Employes.

Fifty Dollars Voted to the Striking Coal Miners.

Meetings next week:

MONDAY.

Building trades, 31 West Superior street.
Seamen, 18 West Superior street.
Plasterers, 18 West Superior street.

TUESDAY.

Carpenters, 18 West Superior street.
Butchers, 18 West Superior street.
Waiters, 18 West Superior street.
Painters, 18 West Superior street.
Tinners, 18 West Superior street.
Machinists, 18 West Superior street.

WEDNESDAY.

Cigarmakers, 18 West Superior street.
Freight handlers, 18 West Superior street.

THURSDAY.

Engineers, 31 West Superior street.
Electricians, 221 West Superior street.

FRIDAY.

Marine engineers, 31 West Superior street.

• • •

Although the clerks in the city offices are not union men, the Federated Trades' assembly last night took up their fight for a Saturday half-holiday the year around.

This might appear unreasonable at first glance, but it is perfectly consistent with a movement that is spreading all over the country to have all workingmen get Saturday afternoons off.

The cigarmakers of Duluth have been enjoying this privilege for some time past and their employers say that the half holiday is an incentive to better work.

Henry Perrault of the Cigarmakers' union, who occupied the chair in President Dworschak's absence, was the author of the resolution endorsing the position of the clerks of the city offices.

The facts of the case are these. Alderman McEwen, the recognized union labor representative in municipal affairs, secured the adoption of a council resolution declaring city offices closed Saturday afternoons.

Mayor Hugo, however, declines in positive terms to sign the resolution, saying that it would seriously interfere with the transaction of public business.

The resolution adopted by the assembly read as follows:

Whereas, this Trades Assembly has advoated for years the establishment of the shorter work day, and to-day the observance of the eight-hour day, the labor unions of America have had in view the securing of a half-holiday on Saturday; and

Whereas, some of the unions which have enjoyed the eight-hour day for a long period already enjoy the half holiday on Saturday, especially is this true of building trades' unions in the larger cities, and among the cigarmakers of many cities, including Duluth; and

Whereas, the labor unions of America have received their most encouragement in the struggle for the eight-hour day by the nation, states and cities recognizing the shorter day for the employes thereof, therefore be it

Resolved, that we recognize in the observance of the Saturday half holiday by the city of Duluth for its city hall employes, that it is the forerunner of a movement that in due time will become popular with all the people, and will greatly aid labor, the bulwark of our citizenship, in securing of the same, by the good example it sets,

Resolved further, that the Federated Trades and Labor assembly of this city commends the common council for its section in authorizing the Saturday half holiday at the city hall, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the common council, and to the mayor of our city, with the expressed hope that they will not undo the good work they have already commenced.

• • •

The team driver's union held an interesting meeting in the Hunter block on Wednesday evening. Following the business session there was a smoker.

This union is preparing for its first ball, which will be given in the near future. The announcements will be made in full at a later date.

• • •

The organization committee of the Federated Trades' assembly desires all wage earners of West Duluth to meet in Gilley's hall at 320 Fifty-fifth avenue West on the evening of October 20, for the purpose of organizing a Federal Labor union.

• • •

The assembly has appropriated $50 for the benefit of the striking coal miners in the anthracite regions of Pennsylvania.

• • •

J. W. Richardson, secretary of the assembly suggests a good plan for assisting the coal miners. He would have every union donate a certain percentage of the profits from dances and other entertainments.

LABOR NOTES.

Minneapolis millers won the eight-hour day.

Annapolis, Md., carpenters want an eight-hour day.

Chicago elevator conductors want 35 cents an hour.

Boston's electrical strike was settled by the board of arbitration.

Sydney, Australia street car men have inaugurated the eight-hour day.

The number of laborers required to cultivate the tea crop in India is 666,000.

Chicago team owners may appoint a labor commissioner to hear complaints.

Atlantic City, N. J., tinsmiths and sheet iron workers won their strike for eight hours.

The American Federation of Labor will add a building trades' section to the organization.

Alabama miners alone are now contributing $44,000 a month to the anthracite miners.

English government reports show that 343,486 workers had their wages reduced last month, the average cut being about 43 cents per week. The miners were the hardest hit.

Havana, Cuba, butchers, bakers and coachmen won their demands for nine hours at $2 per day.

Pineville, Ky., coal miners have signed satisfactory contracts. The 800 men returned to work.

The plumbing supply men, Cleveland, Ohio, have been granted a nine-hour workday without a strike.

New Orleans has in recent years become a well organized city, having more than 40,000 trade unionists.

Los Angeles, Cal., unions have voted to go into politics with a full labor ticket in next fall's election.

The Denver Wholesale Producers' association has just been organized and will begin business Dec. 1.

Kingston, Canada, labor men talk of establishing a national headquarters there independent of American control.

Grave diggers at West Seneca, N. Y., have demanded an increase in wages from $37.50 to $40 a month and the elimination of Sunday funerals.

Indianapolis English speaking cabinet workers have organized. Cooks and waiters and barber shops there were also recently organized.

Canadian Pacific railway bridgemen have been granted a voluntary increase in wages from $1.45 for a day's work to $1.65, the foremen from $2.50 to $3.

Every member of the Cigarmakers' union at Jacksonville, Florida, contributes 20 cents a week toward advertising their union label.

The Paris police have issued an order that no boy under 14 years employed in either a factory or workshop is to be allowed to carry a weight of over twenty-one pounds, while girls are restricted to less than that.

The proposal to reduce the wages of 70,000 Scottish miners 6½ per cent was discussed at a conference of miners' delegates recently, but no decision was arrived at. The employers claim the reduction on the ground of a decrease in the price of coal.

What is probably the first strike of wireless telegraph operators ever known is now in progress on the island of Lana, Hawaii. One of the men was discharged. The other members of the Wireless Telegraph Operators' Mutual Protection association at once ordered a sympathetic strike.

The United Brewery workers of Boston, Mass., numbering several thousand, who have been out on strike since April 3 of this year, returned to work. The master brewers agree to recognize the union, take back all the men who went out, and all future grievances to be settled by a state board of arbitration.

Efforts ahve been started to reunite the warring factions of Labor throughout greater New York. The remnant of the knights throughout the country are divided in two factions, one of which continues to recognize John W. Hayes as (what has been often termed) permanent general secretary-treasurer, and is under the nominal leadership of Henry A. Hicks, while the other and much less numerous section follows the leadership of John N. Parsons.

A new wage scale for Metropoltan motormen and conductors at Kansas City, Mo., amounting to one cent an hour additional, has become effective. The scale on the elevated line now is: One-year men, 16 cents an hour; two-year men, 17 cents; three-year men, 18 cents; four-year men, 19 cents, and five-year men, 20 cents. The motormen and conductors of the West Side line, where the cars are small, will be graded in a like manner, but the scale will be 5 cents an hour less. The raise was made without solicitation on the part of the employes.

The benefits of organization are shown by the following recent raise in wages throughout the country. An increase of 1 per cent an hour to motormen and conductors, nearly 5000 in number, on the Union Traction trolley lines in Philadelphia. This is practically a 10 per cent raise. An increase of 10 per cent to cotton mill operatives in Southern New England, affecting more than 30,000. An increase of 25 per cent, and an eight-hour day for 2000 structural iron and bridge workers in and about Pittsburg. An increase of from 3 to 10 per cent to 1000 employes of the Barbour Flax Spinning company, of Paterson, N. J. An increase of 10 per cent to the 4000 employes of the John A. Roebling's Sons, Trenton, N. J. An increase amounting to $125,000 a year to about 2000 signalmen, dispatchers, telegraphers and towermen on the New York Central & Hudson River railroad. An increase of 10 per cent to some 15,000 employes of the United States Steel corporation in mills and furnaces in and about Pittsburg. This was granted without preliminary notice, the amount being enclosed in the pay envelopes. A substantial increase in varying amounts to about 50,000 iron workers in the rolling mills throughout the country.



JAMES E. KELLOGG.

James E. Kellogg, of Two Harbors, is the only Democratic candidate up to date in either the Fiftieth or Fifty-first legislative districts, and the Democrats of the latter district, in which he is running, are putting up an energetic fight for him. He is a very popular railroad man, popular not only with his fellow employes, but with all classes. He was born at Ellisville, Ill., July 8, 1871. He removed to Albany, N. Y., in 1881, and was graduated from the Albany public schools. He entered the railroad service as an engine man in 1889, and came to Minnesota in 1895. In April of that year he located at Two Harbors, where he has since resided, being employed ever since with the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company. He is at present an engineer on that road. He has been a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen since 1890, and a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers since 1900. He is also a member of Masonic lodge No. 188.

He has held numerous positions of trust with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. He was for four years chairman of the board of adjustment, and has had considerable experience adjusting wage schedules, etc. He is most highly thought of as a citizen and stands high both with his fellow employes and the officials of the road.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Assessments Made By Victoria and Phoenix Consolidated.

More Talk of Mass and Adventure Being Combined.

Estimates of Lake Superior Production For Current Year.

Houghton, Mich., Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The assessment season has been inaugurated with great eclat, and, to use the phraseology of the society reporter, the "functions" are both numerous and well attended. The soiree of the Adventure, at $2 per share, caled for about 1100 invitations, there being about that many shareholders. The $2 per share entertainment of the Mass Consolidated is of personal interest to 800 or more investors. The decision of the Victoria management to have a modest little entertainment at $1 is a news item of interest to upwards of 1200 persons, and the Phoenix Consolidated invitations have been issued to a select circle of about 600. While some regrets are expressed by the recipients of these invitations, none will be sent it, for the invitations are like those of royalty, and are mandatory. The Victoria assessment need not be surprising. If the shareholders could see the immense amount of work performed for the comparatively small sum already expended, their surprise would be, not at the call for more funds, but that it was not made long ago. The development of the Victoria's water power is progressing rapidly, and will afford a fine asset. Underground work has not been neglected, and the mine is now more than 2000 feet in depth.

The synchronous levying of $2 assessments by the Mass and Adventure are regarded, in some quarters, as premonitory to a consolidation. While an amalgamation of these two properties would be a natural outcome, owing to their proximity and the similarity of conditions, it is not likely that any serious steps have been taken as yet by the management of either mine for such a union. The stamp mill of the Adventure is on Lake Superior, while that of the Mass is on Keweenaw bay, and the mines, while immediate neighbors, are served by two separate lines of railroad. The Mass is tied up with a long-term contract with the Mineral Range railroad, which built a 40-mile railroad to haul the rock of this mine, while the Adventure is under contract with the Copper Range road, which furnished a millsite for that mine. Under these circumstances it is not easy to see how any great economies could be effected in the consolidation of these two mines at present, although an opportunity of the sort may present itself later, when the mines are more fully developed. It is not likely that the Adventure will be settled down to steady work much before the close of the year, as it takes several months to get a new mill running smoothly, with rock supply organized along the lines of least resistance.

The Phoenix management had hoped to get along without calling on shareholders, but the call was found inevitable, unless the mine was made to stagger along under a load of floating debt, which would not be the best policy. The Phoenix has a large amount of good stamp rock ready for the mill, and a number of small but very rich stopes opened underground.

The delays at the new mill of the Mohawk have been merely a repetition of the exasperating hold-backs met with at all new mills opened in the Lake Superior district during the past three years. The Mohawk will feed two stamps at the mill as soon as it goes into commission, and, as rapidly as circumstances will warrant, two other heads will be added and put in commission. The new mill of the Wolverine made upwards of 450 tons of mineral last month, with two heads. The Wolverine mineral is the richest in the district, running upwards of 80 per cent refined copper, so that the "little" Wolverine is now producing at the rate of almost 9,000,000 pounds of ingot per annum, or at a rate but little less than that of the Quincy so recently as ten years ago. In 1892 the Calumet & Hecla, Tamarack and Quincy were the only Lake Superior copper mines making more than 8,000,000 pounds of refined copper. The growth of the Wolverine during the past decade has been one of the notable features of Lake Superior copper mining, but great as has been the success of the Wolverine, it is certain to be discounted by the Mohawk, a mine on the same lode and under the same management, but with larger area and rock that is somewhat richer. The Mohawk is magnificently equipped and exceptionally well opened. Within two or three years it should be making copper at a rate that will put Mohawk but a short distance behind Quincy as a producer.

Figures of estimated Lake Superior production for the current year, appearing in Boston several months ago, were entirely too high. Instead of reaching 200,000,000 pounds, the 1902 output of refined copper will fall short of 170,000,000 pounds, but for 1903 should reach, or possibly exceed, 200,000,000 pounds. A number of the new mines are making considerable outputs, but the producing mines of last year will not show an increase this season in the aggregate, owing to the reduced output of the Bigelow group of mines.

The intake tunnel of the new Champion mill has been completed, and reflects credit on F. W. O'Neil, who designed it, and Capt. Zach Karkeet, who drove it under the lake. The tunnel is the longest ever driven under Lake Superior, being upwards of 1000 feet, and the task of establishing an actual connection with the lake, from beneath, was a delicate one, but was performed successfully, and the entire work was finished without a single serious accident of any sort. This tunnel assures the Champion an ample supply of pure water for its mill, without the troubles from ice and other causes that are so trying at some of the mills in the district. Just as coal is the life blood of a mine, water is the vital fluid in a mill. The Lake copper mines require about 3000 tons of soft coal daily, while the stamp mills use about 200,000,000 gallons of water in every twenty-four hours.

An era of rampant speculation has struck the copper district. This may be news in Boston, where the "coppers" are so dead that the coroner has thoughts of calling in, but the Lake people are not speculating in shares of local mines at present. They have plenty of local stocks, but the market for them is too inactive to allow of diversion in that line. Within the past two weeks a number of Western gold and copper mining companies have been organized here, no less than three having been floated in a single day. These are not ephemeral concerns, capitalized at millions, with just cash enough to rent desk room and pay for advertising, but full-grown concerns with cash capital of $50,000 to $250,000 each. Where the money comes from for these investments is a mystery, as the local banks and trust companies never had such large deposits as now. The Lake people have made some great "killings" during the past eighteen months, notably in Calumet & Arizona and allied corporations, and in Tonopah. The profits of local shareholders in the Calumet & Arizona and the two adjoining properties controlled by Lake capital are variously estimated at 15,000,000 to $25,000,000. Another $1,000,000 has been made in Tonopah, the big new gold mine of Nevada, and the profits on Little Burton, Northwestern Development and other American, Mexican and Canadian mining properties add to the aggregate. In point of the size of investment in mines Houghton county now ranks with Denver, Salt Lake and San Francisco, and big mining deals that formerly went East are now financed here. The flotation of the Calumet & Arizona, eighteen months ago, was the first big deal financed exclusively by local capital. Boston brokers were offered it, but their terms were thought too hard, and the $1,000,000 in cash was subscribed and over-subscribed in a single day, in this county.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Portland Gold Mining Company Resumes Dividends.

Colorado Springs, Col., Oct. 11.—The cheering news was made public this week that the directors of the Portland Gold Mining company find the condition of the company's reserves in such a flattering state as to permit the declaration of the regular quarterly dividend again after a suspension of six months, necessitated by the building of the three-quarter million dollar chlorination plant at Colorado city. The dividend is at the rate of 1 cent a share per month, or 3 cents for the quarter, the disbursement payable on the 15th, amounting to $90,000. The Portland company has distributed in dividends $3,500,000 in the last seven years. The latest report from the mine is to the effect that the richest ore body opened in the property in months has just been cut in the lowest level at 1000 feet.

The directors of the Mary McKinney Gold Mining company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 cent a month, or 3 cents for the quarter. This disbursements amounts to $30,000, and will be paid on the 10th inst.

Further announcement is made by the directors of the Last Dollar Gold Mining company that dividends will in all probability be resumed by this company in December. Negotiations for the sale of the mine at a figure exceeding $1,000,000 have been declared off, and the company will now proceed to run the property for the money that is in it. The Golden Cycle Mining company will also pay its regular dividend of $11,250 on the 25th of the month.

The committee appointed by the mine owners of Cripple Creek to investigate the water situation of the camp, is making good progress. After holding several meetings, the conclusion has been arrived at to sink a joint pumping shaft in the lower end of the water belt as a means of temporary relief, while a deep drainage tunnel is being run to unwater the mines to a depth of 3000 feet. The latter project would require two years to complete. The officers of the Golden Cycle company announce that a production of 8000 tons, having a gross value of $40,000, was made during the month of September. The Granite mine produced 1500 tons of $27 ore, making a gross valuation of $40,000. The El Paso mine is earning $45,000 net every month, and promises to be able to pay regular monthly dividends by Jan. 1. The Granfield lease on the Raaler claim of the C. K. & N. company is earning nice profits for its Boston backers. During the month of September this property produced 270 tons of ore that yielded between $28,000 and $30,000 gross, the profit thereon being between 30 and 40 per cent. The United Gold Mines company opened nine feet of $30 ore in the 250-foot level of the Damon mine on Bull Hill this week.

McCormick's Union Credit Co.,

DULUTH—SUPERIOR.

Established July 1, 1899.

WE ARE A RATING COMPANY

Dead Beats are afraid to ask our subscribers for credit

Offices 406-408 New Jersey Bldg., Duluth.—Both 'Phones—12 Berkshire Bldg., West Superior, Wis.

High Livers.

People who know and appreciate the good things of life, people who possess taste as to eatables and drinkables, people who believe in being happy instead of morose, are always good judges of beer as of other beverages. Their "say so" is worth something. A hint, therefore, from them means a whole lot. Good judges of beer unanimously endorse "MOOSE BRAND BEER." Follow their lead and you will make no error.



Duluth Brewing & Malting Company.

EITHER PHONE, 241.

Office Supplies the very latest things at the up-to-date store,

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR, 323 W. Superior Street.

SAVE YOUR Decorations.. BY USING.... ELECTRIC LIGHT.....

Clean, Healthy, Cheap and Safe.

Duluth General Electric Co. Office: 216 West Sup. St.

TELEPHONE 295

Peachey & Lounsberry, The Printers.

Zenith 'Phone 336. Duluth 'Phone 166-4. New Address Providence Bldg.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN SAPOLIO IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Congestion. Stops Quickness of Discharge; Stops Nervousness. Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. 50 CENTS. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-26 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn. by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-26 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn. by Max Wirth and S. F. Boyce, druggists.

CHIFFONS TO FURS

Winter Girl Comes In With Rush, and Brings Many Changes of Fashion.

The Latest Paris Hat Is a Fearful and Wonderful Affair—Flower Skirts Are Novelties In Women's Dress For Winter.

New York, Oct. 11.—There has been a startling change in the fashions during the last week. It seems almost as if a whistle had been blown, or a tiny bell had been rung, as a signal for the banishment of chiffons, summer silks and flowered hats. In a single night, they have been relegated to the clothes press, and the natty tailor-made girl, in her heavy woolen suit and cloth chapeau, has made her bow. One might expect a gradual passing from one stage of thickness and wintriness to another; but we do not do things that way. From a cobwebby lace yoke we plunge into a fur collarettes, from silk mits to fur-trimmed gauntlets. We are thoroughly decided about our modes and moods. We are warm—oh, so warm—until the close of September; after that the sun may pelt down upon us until the powder runs off our noses in streaks, until our heads are dizzy under their weight of cloth and velvet and fur; but we are cold, because it is projer to be cold, and we wear wraps and feather boas because it is the season for wraps and feather boas.

The woman who rushes the season is wearing the latest Paris hat already. It is a fearful and wonderful affair; this strange conceit of the Parisian mind. Held in the hands it looks like nothing so much as a plain everyday mortarboard, with its square corners and flat top. But is possesses possibilities and therein lies its charm. Cocked daintily upon the head, it is alluringly becoming, almost as becoming as the student's cap, which it resembles. There never yet was a woman who did not look fascinating in the cap and gown of a college student, and doubtless the mortar-board will be found the most generally becoming shape of the season.

The smartest mortar boards come in white felt, white broadcloth and white camel's hair. The soft, flat crowns and the sharp edges are sometimes trimmed in mink, sable or chinchilla. The white hats, which bid fair to be the rage, are wonderfully softening and becoming to the face. The square brim of the mortar board offers all sorts of opportunities for trimming. Incrustations of lase in odd designs, heavy appliques, pink roses in chiffon and tulle, and sashes of the same soft materials are some of the numerous effects seen upon it. Sometimes the two corners at the back of the hat are gracefully cut off, allowing the brim to curve around naturally, so that it may be flattened down upon the hair. The bandeau, too, is varied from the very low and untrimmed strap, to the very high dandeau covered with crushed roses, or plaited velvet.

Every woman knows that the purchase of her winter hat is the most trying problem of the season. A correct and becoming hat will warm the feminine heart and will console one for all sorts of shortcomings as to frocks and furbelows. One's face is one's fortune; and the hat can make or mar the prettiest face. A clever little woman with a highly cultivated artistic sense insists that a girl should always bup her hat to suit her nose. Women with strong, decided noses, for instance, can stand the dignified "nosehat." But women who perky little noses or broad noses are very grateful to observe that these are going out. The tendency of all hats this autumn is to roll off the face a bit, thus allowing the pretty scurls of the hair to be visible and giving the eyes a chance. White and black are fortunate this year in smart colors just at present. For the economical woman this is a Godsend; for, with one black hat for use and one stunning white hat for evening wear, she can match all her gowns and be quite smart.

There are other hats in the air, fresh from Paris, just now. It has been hinted, for instance, that there is to be a rage for red; not wine color, nor magenta, but real red red, read scarlet and cardinal. Red is like a relative; one can not live with it for too long, and one can not live without it. It is like the fire of which it is the symbol; use it properly and it may be of great service, but misuse it—and you will have hundreds of regrets. There are a few, a very few women, who look stunning in whole scarlet frocks or scarlet hats, and there are others who can not stand so much as a small scarlet carnation under their dreid chins. But nine women out of every ten are improved by a single touch of red in hat or collar, though they would find an entire gown of the glowing color extremely trying. Most of the red effects this season are very artistic and a bit moderate. One sees gray or brown walking suits with cuffs and collar of scarlet broadcloth, or with lapels slashed in cardinal silk. Red braids in stunning weaves are the latest and most popular thing, and, being extremely serviceable and not too expensive, will doubtless find favor with women of good taste and limited pocketbooks. Red gloves and red feathers are two of the smartest novelties to be found in the shops.

Like a flower will the new skirts look, whether it be a clinging one for evening or the street dress of the season. One is shaped like a rose. Another is lily-shaped, brushing out around the foot. Another is formed like a morning-glory, spreading at the base, an inverted glory.

Then the other flowers are copied. There is the chrysanthemum skirt, which is altogether a queer looking affair. It is made of an underskirt and an overskirt. There is also a tunic skirt and a semi-skirt, and there is a hip yoke. The chrysanthemum skirt is cut in points, one point falling over the other until the entire skirt seems to be a mass of points with a yoke around the hips.

The hip yoke may be made of lace or it may be of a contrasting cloth, or it may be a cloth yoke over a skirt of silk.

While the flounce is unquestionably gone by, as far as novelty is concerned, still one does see it. There is something so adaptable about the foot flounce, and so becoming the figure and so softening to the walk, that it remains. But the newest skirts have the pattern so planned that the skirt will flare around the foot without being flounced. This is done by cutting the gores something like a V and putting them together with the broad end of the V downward. This will give a very nice flare, but the skirt must be stiffened and sometimes flounced underneath.

There is another way of cutting the skirt to get this flare, without the flounce, and that is by setting a bias flounce in around the foot something after the old-fashioned tan style. Instead of fans, little flounces are set in, or a wide flounce is used where the fan would have been placed.

There is still another way to make the foot flare, and this is by slashing the skirt to a depth of eighteen inches. The drop skirt, which is, of course, worn underneath, is trimmed with ruffles, and these ruffles appear through the slashes in the skirt.

But it is far more elegant to so cut the skirt that it will flare around the foot of its own pattern, and to secure this the very nicest art is required.

The London dressmakers insist upon stitching the skirts, as they say that stitching stiffens the material, and it certainly does. The Paris dressmakers, who prefer fluffy effects, are flouncing underneath and trimming with lace on the outside. They are also using tassels, festoons of braid and small trimmings of all kinds. In this way they get the flare and the fullness without the stitching.

Stitching, although it is a comparatively recent trimming, is so sensible, so inexpensive and so easy to do that it holds its own against all innovations. They take, this season, trips or bands of silk, three inches wide, and cover them with lace insertion. The whole is now stitched up and down the full length of the band, and finally this band is applied to the skirt, either plainly or in a simple classic style.

The day of the intricate braiding and the multitudinous gyrations of the narrow braid seem to have gone by. Braid is used, but in a more simple fashion. It is put on in Green pattern. It is applied in Romanesque twirls without the small windings and interwindings of the 1830 days. The idea seems to be to get a general effect without so much hand work.

Yet you cannot say that hand work has disappeared, for it is the latest fad to make everything by hand. While cloth dresses are made up with pin tucks, with underlays of lace, with insertion, and with bands of silk without one stitch of machine work.

Of course this is carrying the fancy for hand work to a ridiculous extent. Still, there are certain things which are prettier done by hand, and the wise dressmaker, in putting together a fall suit, will select the things that can be done by hand best and will do them, while she will depend upon the machine for the seams and the gores, the stitched bands and the putting in of the necessary parts such as the sleeves and the cuffs.

There is a wide latitude allowed in the new dress this fall, for it can be cut in one or two ways and still be entirely modish. It can have numerous skirts, one falling over the other, until the last skirt is reached. Or it can be cut in one long, straight length, with a flare around the foot. This is the lily skirt, or if the flare be very wide it is called the morning glory skirt. Or, again, it can be one of those slashed affairs, with or without the fans and flounces set in.

The material of which the plain skirts are made should be a little better than the material employed for the fancy skirt. The plain dress, without lace to help it out and without small trimmings of any kind, requires a better body than the dress that is trimmed. This is particularly noticeable in the case of the summer dress, for while you can take a 5-cent challie and trim it with ruffles and lace and have it pretty, you must have a very good material if you are going to make a plain dress.

The best fall stuffs for rain are the serges and the ziblilines, and there are camel's hair goods not very rough, and some very good new Irish suitings. The Scotch tweeds and the Glasgow checks are very nice for street wear, and can be made up into pedestrian dresses.

American women have never taken very well to checked suits, and while every woman owns a check dress, she does not wear it very often. She finds it more an ornament to her wardrobe than to herself.

It is so with the plaids, and though there are lovely Scotch plaids coming in McKinley, Ferguson, Fife and Dunkirk patterns, none of these have proven themselves extremely popular with the American woman. The prettiest plaids this fall are those that snow green and blue, and if made up with bands of dark blue cloth or taffeta they look extremely well.

The red and black plaids are certainly stunning, and if a woman can have several fall dresses she can indulge in one of these brilliant suits, but in buying she should remember that the more conspicuous a dress is the more it will be noticed, and that which seemed very pretty at first will soon become monotonous.

The woman who wants something new yet can not have a great many dresses, should indulge in the new dark fall shades. In these new fall shades you will notice a deep brown which is called bark brown. It is the color of the dead bark of a tree. Then there is a deep green which is called autumn leaf green. It is the color of a dead old green leaf. None of the new dark colors are very bright, but all have a slightly faded look. These are the new art colors, and new art will not permit us to have anything brilliant. Everything must have a dull tone, and when you select your dress you might as well pick out something which looks faded, for it will be more fashionable when it is made up than though you took a bright one.

The Roman blue, the glossy seal brown, the deep emerald green, the glowing heliotrope and the automobile reds and browns are a little less fashionable than they were, and the new cloths show a deeper, duller tone in everything.

The woman who is going to have only one dress should select as dark a one as possible and should cut it in the lily pattern, with the natural foot flare, without trimming. She can add, if she so pleases, an adjustable flounce, or she can fasten on a tassel trimming and take it off again when tired of it.

Buttons are to be used in every kind of way, and a good set of buttons is a fair investment of any woman's dress money. Take the new paste emerald buttins and select a button which is set in silver with emeralds and rhinestones. Choose a small size and let there be buttons enough to get the double-breasted effect upon a cloth dress. For this six buttons can later be used upon a fur Eton, straight down the front, and next spring they can grace the back of a postillion belt.

A handsome postillion belt just at this time looks extremely well with the new fall skirt. Let the tabs be very long in the back, the longer the better, and let them gradually widen. Have them made of silk, stitched all around the edge, and let the belt be stitched. Fasten it with a buckle in front, so arranged that the points of the belt cross to give the low, long-waisted look.

What a season it is for the slender woman, and doesn't the fat woman have troubles of her own! In a postillion belt she looks funny, although really the postillion was invented for her. But it is one of those things that went astray in its mission. The fat woman should wear either no belt at all or a very narrow black one, which should be stitched and put on taut.

As soon as a woman finds her waist to be over 30 inches she should make an exhaustive search for narrow, dark belt effects, and should never depart from them. Least of all should she wear a turquoise blue velvet band around her or a flaring red.

A little color study is very beneficial to every woman as the season changes, for new colors come in and it is easy to make bad mistakes. Violet, indigo blue, green, yellow, orange and red are undoubtedly the foundation colors for all the fashionable tints, but remember that the addition of a little yellow or the subtraction of a little red in a tone makes all the difference in the world.

Bernhardt, who was born with red hair, and Mme. Patti, who acquired red hair, both of them are careful not to wear ponges color. They would as soon commit suicide as to wear cardinal. They would die the death before they would put on pink. But all can wear the new red, which is a brilliant tomato red, brighter than coral, and is worn with corals.

Remember that your first fall suit depends for its beauty entirely upon the way in which you cut the foot of the skirt and the manner of your collar and sleeves. Let the collar be wide and the variation of the sailor collar, and let the sleeves bag somewhere, and choose the elbow or the wrist. Let the skirt flare around the foot and let your seams be elegantly finished.

So shall you have a fall gown which will look precisely like an imported gown, although the goods may have been bought at the bargain counted and the whole thing made up by hand at odd intervals.

Women are to be congratulated indeed that fashion does not bear out her reputation for fickle propensities in the little matter of separate waists. There they are again as varied, useful and attractive as ever, despite all the predictions of their approaching disappearance which have appeared in the fashion notes from time to time.

Women have clung to them like moss to a rock from the first, and as each successive installment is an improvement on the preceding one, there is no reason to discard them.

The blouse in all its dainty beauty still reigns triumphant in fashion's highest favor, even though entire gowns of one material are so much in evidence among the new models, and it blossoms out in every possible mode between the simple flannel shirt waist and the blouse of daintiest lace lined with chiffon.

Pretty designs in tiny bands of white chiffon joined with fagot stitching are wrought in with medallions of lace variously arranged, forming the entire blouse. Again, finest lawn is used for this purpose with little squares of pale blue or pink lawn worked into the design, and very effectively, too, with all-white lace and white bands.

Less elaborate but still very dressy are the blouses of white silk, but in which there are some new weaves. One especially commended is called matte, and has a weave not unlike armure. It comes quite plain in different colors, and striped also, a chine stripe alternating with a matte.

Chine silks, striped with what appears to be black lace insertion and plain taffeta, covered with a lace design, are also among the novelties, together with a variety in moire effects, patterned, yet all in one color. A French silk, thin, soft and glossy, and very pretty for waists, is "Cendrillon," the price being $1.50 a yard.

Crepe de chine, peau de crepe and all the fabrics with a crepe finish are most desirable as waist materials. The new taffetas are very glossy and pretty, showing, besides all the plain colors, stripes and threaded effects. Taffeta striped with another weave, armure for example, is one of the novelties, among which are the two-toned varieties in stripes as well as plain.

The new Louisines are two-toned also, in fancy stripes, figures and moire effects. The variety in moire silks is unlimited, as a very little change in the watering serves to add one more kind to the list, and it is a material always pretty for the separate waist in light colors.

All the different weaves are well displayed in the white silks, all of which seem to have acquired a new lustre, making them very brilliant. Argentine, armure, ottoman crepe and basket weaves seem to cover a multitude, the texture of the silk is so soft and dainty.

In most of the white silk waists a little touch of color is introduced in the embroidery, which is ubliquitous this season. A little of the Oriental coloring is very effeective on white, if tastefully arranged, and it certainly is one of the new fancies. Colored pipings are also employed, and tucks and plaits are as popular as ever.

One model, in white armure, has three box plaits at the back and three on either side of a broad box plait in front, all stitched on the edges. The yoke on either side of the box plait is made of three bands joined together and pointed on the ends, where medallions of colored embroidery are the finish.

The close cap effect at the top of the sleeves is also made of bands pointing down over the sleeves, which swell out into a mandolin puff above a three-inch cuff decorated with embroidery like the collar.

Chinese embroidery on white silk bands makes a very effective trimming on white silk. A band shaped to fit the shoulders like a bertha in a good style, or short bands in graduated lengths and pointed ends can be arranged very effectively.

Shallow battlement-shaped squares, embroidered by hand, set down either side of front edges of the blouse over a lace vest, are also a very pretty finish; in fact, almost any fancy for using embroidery can be carried out with good results.

Cream white peau de crepe makes a lovely waist, all in small box plaits down the back, and front in yoke form only. A shallow yoke of Irish lace is the finish at the neck, with a little colored embroidery introduced on the collar and cuffs.

A pretty front on while silk bodice is made by using lace ending with rather a deep scallop over a band of pale green silk, which extends a little beyond the lace. There is a little vest of full chiffon underneath, and the two bands of lace and silk meet over this from neck to belt. Insertions of lace without the color are inset around the bodice, with plaits between the rows.

ELEGANT RECEPTION GOWN



Charming gown for wedding or other receptions; of black silk net, over white silk. The net is laid in clusters of three one-inch tucks, all round the skirt, with two panels of accordeon plaited chiffon let in on either side, crossed and edged with fulled black gazue ribbon. Yoke of black etted lace. Knots of pale blue chiffon on left front of waist, and round elbow of short sleeve. Twist of same round waist.

OF ROSE LOUISINE AND LACE



Handome silk dress waist, sleeves, back and shoulders in fine tucks. Front also in tucks, with bands of silk cut work on each side, held by stitched straps and silver buttons. Cuffs and stock of the cut work. It buttons down the back invisibly under the tucks.

ELEGANT PEAU DE SOIE COAT



Stylish three-quarter coat of plaited silk, stitched part way down. Cascaded jsilk trimming down fronts, pointed with cord tassels. Collar of Persian lamb. The back is cut same as front; the sleeves are gathered into deep band cuffs, with cord tassels. Wadded lining of white silk, with loose flounce. Hat of black zibeline and velvet, draped with rich cream lace veil, and big bird flat on top.



Mrs. Ellen Ripley, Chaplain Ladies Aid, Grand Army of the Republic, No. 7, 222 10th Ave., N. E., Minneapolis, Minn., Strongly Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound cured me of ulceration of the womb, and getting such a complete cure I felt that the medicine had genuine merit and was well worth recommending to other sick women.

"For fifteen years I have been your friend. I have never written you before, but I have advised hundreds of women to take your medicine, in fact it is the only real reliable remedy I know of for a sick woman.

"I have not yet found a case of ovarian or womb trouble which has not been relieved or cured by the faithful use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"You have brought health to hundreds of women in Minneapolis as you have no doubt to others over the country."—MRS. ELLEN RIPLEY.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine.

Woman's Nature Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend**, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Baker's Cocoa and Baker's Chocolate have held the market for 122 years with constantly increasing sales, (1) because they are pure and of high grade; (2) because they yield the most and best for the money; (3) because they are unequaled for smoothness, delicacy, and flavor.



TRADE-MARK

There are many imitations on the market. Don't be misled by them. Our trade-mark is on every package of the genuine goods.

Our NEW RECIPE BOOK (80 pages) mailed FREE to any address.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

40 Highest Awards in Europe and America

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

"The Sultan of Sulu" to Be At the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday.

Libretto By George Ade, of "Fables In Slang Fame—Walker Whiteside Coming Thursday, "Alice of Old Vincennes" Friday, "Shore Acres" Saturday.

That merry musical satire, "The Sultan of Sulu," written by George Ade, of "Fables in Slang" fame, and Alfred G. Wathall, the brilliant young composer, is the attractive booking for the Lyceum next Tuesday and Wednesday nights and Wednesday matinee.

So many pretty things have already been said of this unique comic opera conception, and its humorous lyrics, witty dialogue and tuneful music, and such widespread attention was attracted to its remarkably successful run at the Studebaker theater, Chicago, last spring, that the coming engagement can hardly help being regarded as one of the most pleasing musical events of the season in this city.

The libretto is said to sparkle with the style of original humor for which Mr. Ade has become famous through his "Fables in Slang" stories and books. It is also described as being absolutely free of slang. The story, it is claimed, was taken from actual incidents that occurred at the time the American flag was hoisted over the little island empire ruled by Ki-ram, the Sulu sultan, the treatment being extravagantly fanciful.

In the music, Composer Wathall is credited with displaying a humorous appreciation of the many laughable situations devised by Mr. Ade, the score lending itself tunefully to the merry swing of the lyrics.



MAUD LILLIAN BERRI

Prima Donna Soprano of the "Sultan of Sulu."

and through all his vicissitudinous comic opera career.

Templar Saxe, the celebrated English barytone, will have the romantic role of Lieut. Hardy, and Robert Lett has the comedy part of Col. Jefferson Budd, an "Arkansaw" politician in charge of the volunteers.

The romantic prima donna part for Henrietta Budd is taken by the brilliant star soprano, Maud Lillian Berri last season's "Princess Chic."

Miss Gertrude Quilian, a clever character actress as well as a beautiful singer, who won her spurs with the Castle Square opera organization, will continue to queen it over the other wives of the sultan in the role of a Filipino soubrette. To her dainty grace and charming personality is due the great success of two of the best song hits in the opera.

To Blanche Chapman falls the important role of the woman judge advocate, whose legal interference with the former discipline prevailing in the sultan's harem gives rise to most of the heathen potentate's troubles, and furnishes many ludicrously funny situations. As Pamela Jackson, Miss Chapman acts as chaperon for the Boston schoolma'ams that accompany the military expedition to the island of Sulu to educate the natives.

One of the distinct types that Mr. Ade has adroitly used for creating fun is that of Wakeful Jones, a commercial traveler from America. This role is played by Charles Giblyn. E. J. Flannigan and John Fogarty have the unique roles of Didymos and Rastus, black slaves in attendance on the sultan.

In addition to these there are eight pretty wives of the sultan, impersonated by the most stunning girls that could be slected, and a superb chorus of sixty trained voices.



SCENE FROM ACT II OF "SULTAN OF SULU."

The prediction is admitted to be on the extravagant scale that has characterized everything which Henry W. Savage has produced, the scenery being truly gorgeous and the costumes from designs by Artist John T. McCutcheon, the famous war correspondent who was at the battle of Manila with Dewey.

The company selected by Mr. Savage for adequate presentation of the work is the same brilliant singing organization that went with the original production, numbering over seventy people. For the proper interpretation of the ambitious score, Mr. Savage has supplied his own orchestra of twelve musicians, who will travel with the sultan's retinue and be under the direction of Alexander Spencer.

Frank Moulan, who is described by one Chicago critic as having a funny bone in every joint, will impersonate Ki-ran, the Sulu sultan. Mr. Ade has placed a generous share of the witticisms and cutting satire of the book in the mouth of his Sulu higness. The latter's observations on American military and social customs, his witty flings at American laws as he finds them applied to his own case, furnish a continuous flow af fun throughout both acts of the piece. This rollicking, humorous potentate captures the audience with his fund of wit from the moment he observes that the cocktail as well as the constitution follows the flag.

Mr. Moulan has a most capable funmaker in Fred Frear, in the role of Hadji, the sultan's secretary, who is forced to follow his master to prison

"A MODERN MAGDALEN."

Haddon Chambers' play, "A Modern Magdalen," will be presented here at the Lyceum this evening by Amelia Bingham's special company, headed by Roselle Knott and a company which has been selected by care and thought. Daniel Jarrett, Franklyn Roberts, Victor M. de Silke, Harry Lillford, Bernard C. McGuire, Frederick Leet, Agnes Findley, Katerine Fisher, Grace Cornish, Eveline Haven, Lillian Wright and America's representative character actor, W. J. Ferguson. "A Modern Magdalen" is said to be a play of true power. It contains humor as well as feeling, and is written in a nervous, vigorous and often sparkling style. The situation which closes the third act is said to be one of the strongest within range of modern drama.

"SHORE ACRES."

If James A. Herne had never written another word, "Shore Acres" would have sufficed to place him in the foremost rank of native dramatists. In this ideal comedy-drama of American home life, which is to have a fine scenic production at the Lyceum next Saturday afternoon and evening, the actor-dramatist has sought to portray a people who have never been previously exploited on the stage, and by so doing has opened a field that has the merit of originality and freshness. He has told it so well that it bears many a repetition. A finished actor himself, and fully conversant with the details of the stage, he made effective use of many little devices that add so greatly to the enjoyment of a performance of this kind.

The company engaged for this season is, with but few exceptions, the same that appeared with it last season, and, in fact, for the last ten seasons. James T. Galloway, who plays Nathaniel Berry, was a member of Mr. Herne's own company, and gives a delightful and intelligent portrayal of this quaint and homely hero. Atkins Lawrence, as Martin Berry, has met with equal success, and the same may be said of all the players in this organization.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

Among the notable productions of the season are the elaborate revivals of "Hamlet," "The Merchant of Venice" and "King Richard III," by Walker Whiteside. Mr. Whiteside has purposely limited his repertory to the end that his productions may attain a higher degree of perfection than would be possible were it more extended, and as he was one of the first in this country to realize the possibilities of the classic drama in the way of scenic and costumal splendor, as evidenced in his magnificent production of "Hamlet," sowe years ago, much may be confidently expected of hi mnow.

Next Thursday evening Mr. Whiteside will appear at the Lyceum and present his elaborate production of "Richard III."

"ALICE OF OLD VINCENNES."

Miss Gertrude Coghlan in "Alice of Old Vincennes," the dramatization by Edward Rose of Maurice Thompson's popular novel, will be the attraction at the Lyceum next Friday evening. Miss Coghlan is winning laurels everywhere she appears in this play. The Milwaukee Sentinel, in a lengthy and very favorable review of the production, says:

"Miss Coghlan was welcomed to the city by an audience that was more than large enough to be a compliment, drawn as it was on a Thursday night, and from teh moment she appeared in the doorway of the old roussillon home, to have her eyes fall upon the continental peddler spy with all the expressivness inspired by quick awakening love, she held the sympathy of all too closely to allow a doubt that she would score a triumph."

STAGE IN OTHER LANDS.

Lang, Impersonator of Christ, Would Play Hamlet.

Anton Lang, who impersonates Christ in the Oberammergau play, is desirous of becoming a professional actor, according to Ben Greet, the English manager, who recently met him in his native town. Mr. Greet says that Lang is a constant reader and student of Shakespeare, and is particularly ambitious to play Hamlet.

Eve Moore is again to have the leading role in one of her husband's plays. H. V. Esmond supplied to his wife her best parts in "The Wilderness" and "One Summer's Day." In the present case, however, he did not have her in mind. "My Lady Virtue," which will follow "The Bishop's Move" at the Garrick in a month, was to have had Lily Hanbury, the famous beauty, but she has been taken seriously ill, and therefore Miss Moore gets an opportunity.

A drama by Bert Thomas, with the rather awkward title of "Frailty, Thy Name is Woman." She will probably keep it for her return to London. It was acted for copyright purposes at Bayswater a week ago.

The loyalty, Mrs. Campbell's London theater, seems to be going a-begging. It is out of the fashionable district, and was frequented by smart people only because of Mrs. Campbell's popularity with them. Mrs. Lewis Waller took the lease last spring for many years, but made a bad start with "Zaza," in which she had been accepted in the provinces, but which London condemned after having seen Mrs. Leslie Carter and Gabrielle Rejane in the title role. Mrs. Waller talked of doing a dramatization of Kipling's "The Story of the Gadsbys," but has changed her mind and is going to make a tour of South Africa with "Zaza," and other spotted heroines. Next year she will visit America.

Sir Gilbert Parker has finished his dramatization of "The Right of Way," and the manuscript is on its way to America for Charles Frohman to decide whether it will do for William Faversham. Mrs. Humphry Ward has arranged for her play of "Eleanor," to be tried at a series of matinees at the Court theater this month. Marion Terry and Lillian Braithwaite will be the leading actresses, and possibly H. B. Irving will take the principal male role.

George Alexander injured his foot in dismounting from a horse in the last act of "If I Were King," and at the two performances that he was forced to miss his part was played by Henry Ainley, regarded as the coming dramatic actor in London. It is little more than a year ago that he was unknown. Like Oscar Asche, who has come forward so conspicuously here in "Iris," he was an unknown member of Benson's provincial Shakespeare company. One afternoon the leading actor was unable to play Orlando, and Mr. Ainley was hustled into the part. George Alexander happened to be in the audience, and was so struck with the youth's talent that he inquired his name, which had been regarded as too unimportant to put on the program, and engaged him for Paolo in Stephen Phillips' "Paolo and Francesca," in which his success overshadowed Alexander's. Ainley has since had offers of backing to go into actor-managership on his own account and is the London fad. The Benson company is the school for half of the good acting in England. Mr. Ainley, Oscar Asche and Lily Braton were unknown members of it two years ago, and now all are leaders among London players. Miss Brayton, who is Mrs. Oscar Asche in private life, was selected by Beerbohm Tree for his revival of "Twelfth Night," in which her Viola made her famous in a night.

Sir Henry Irving has been using George Alexander's theater for rehearsals. On his provincial tour he and Ellen Terry will act in "Faust," "The Merchant of Venice," "The Bells," "Waterloo" and "Nance Oldfield." At Christmas time they will rest, resuming their tour with the new year. In March they will open Drury Lane with Victorien Sardou's tragedy of "Dante," which Lawrence Irving is now translating. Sir Henry has once more come forward with that generosity for which he is famous. William Rignold, the actor, has been stricken blind, and Sir Henry was the first to offer aid, giving his check for $100. This is not the Rignold who was a famous matinee idol at Booth's theater heremany years ago, but his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm Tree have taken N. C. Goodwin's country place in England, Jackwood, Shooter's Hill. The house and grounds are said to be beautiful, and during their possession of it the Goodwins gave many house parties of well known theatrical people.

If Sir Charles Wyndham's new theater in St. Martin's lane is ready he will open it at Christmas time with a revival of "Rosemary," which Murray Carson and Louis N. Parker wrote for him six years ago. The role acted here by John Drew is one of Sir Charles' best liked, and Mary Moore is admired in Maude Adams' part.

WITH THE MUSICIANS.

Home Concerts of the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

New York, Oct. 11.—The sale of season tickets for the home concerts of the Boston Symphony orchestra began at the Symphony hall in Boston last week. These seats are sold at premium, and a new record was made when Nos. 17, 18 and 19 in row I brought premiums of $305 each. They were bid in by an agent, but it is believed that they were secured for Mrs. "Jack" Gardner.

The orchestra is now 21 years old and has given nearly 2000 concerts, which is a fine record for any organization. From an assembly of sixty musicians it has grown to be one of nearly ninety, and its fame extends all over the world. It owes its existence to the energy and munificence of Henry L. Higginson, whose contribuition through it to the cause of music in this country cannot be measured.

This orchestra will give its customary series of concerts in Carnegie hall in this city in the coming season. The dates are Nov. 6, Dec. 11, Jan. 15, Feb. 19 and March 19, in the evenings. Matinees will be given on the Saturdays following these Thursday night entertainments. Among the soloists so far engaged are Mmes Melba, Schumann-Heink and Kirby Lunn, and Mr. Van Rooy, vocalists; Mme. Bloomfield Zeisler and Raoul Pugno, pianists; Franz Kneisel, the concert master of the orchestra, and Alwin Schroeder, the solo 'cellist.

The Kneisel quartet, which is a sort of chamber-music branch of the Boston Symphony orchestra, will give six evening concerts at Mendelssohn hall on Tuesdays, Nov. 25, Dec. 16, Jan. 6, Feb. 3, March 3 and March 31. The assisting artists will be Mrs. Clara Damrosch-Mannes, Miss Helen Henschel, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, Mark Hambourg, Frederic Lamond and Arthur Whiting. Among the unfamiliar works announced for performance are D'Indy's suite for trumpet, two flutes and strings; Guillaume Leken's sonata for piano and violin, and the variations from Henschel's E-flat quartet.

George Henschel, it should be recalled, was the first conductor of the Boston orchestra, and he is still held in warm affection by the old members of the band. For years past the song recitals which he and his wife, formerly his pupil, Lillian Bailey, gave in this country and England were among the chief delights of music lovers. Mrs. Henschel has passed away, and now a young and lovely and extraordinarily gifted daughter comes to ask the favor of the public. It is said that she can do many things, that she plays both piano and violin well, that she paints, that she can act, that, in short, she has an inexhaustible fountain of artistic temperament. Whatever she may do, however, she will be received with kindness for the sake of her parents.

Wilson Barrett has returned to England after a successful engagement in Australia, and will start a provincial tour. He will use his old repertory and a new play by himself, called "The Christian King," which was favorably received in Australia. He is trying to get a London theater for it, and if he succeeds he will follow that production with a visit to America.

Claude Lowther, who has just finished a play for Beerbohm Tree, is a proud addition to the list of dramatists, judging by his achievements in other fields. He is an M. P., and went to South Africa when the war broke out as aide-de-camp to Sir Charles Warren, greatly distinguishing himself by his courage at Faber's Spruit, winning the Victoria Cross. His father is Capt. Francis Lowther and his cousin is the earl of Lonsdale.

Another instrumental body will be introduced to the New York public on Nov. 26 at Carnegie hall. This will be the Philadelphia orchestra, Fritz Scheel conductor. All postroads lead to Washington and all orchestras come to New York some time or other. Even the Washington orchestra, which is conducted by Reginald De Koven, and which gave one consecutive concert last April and attracted so much notice from Signor Pietro Mascagni that he talked all the way across the ocean by cable about it, will come here sooner or later, if it lives.

With the Philadelphia orchestra will come that energetic young pianist, Mark Hambourg, who made so much noise in the world, especially the Mendelssohn hall part of it, two seasons ago. Mr. Scheel, the conductor of the Philadelphia organization, spent the summer in Europe in search of novelties. He engaged as solo 'cellist Friedrich Grutzmacher, a son of Leopold Grutzmacher, one of the most famous virtuosi of Germany, and himself a distinguished artist. Mr. Scheel has also engaged as concert master John Marquardt, for years one of the first violins of the Boston orchestra: Anton and Joseph Horner, the two star horn players of the Pittsburg orchestra, and Jan Koert, the viola player, formerly concert master of Walter Damrosch's Symphony orchestra. The opening concerts in Philadelphia will take place on Oct. 31 and Nov. 1, with Ossip Gabrilowitsch, pianist, as soloist.

Cincinnati is already preparing for its next musical festival which is due a year from next May. Rehearsals of the chorus will be conducted as usual by Edwin W. Glover, whose work in the past has been most commendable. Edward Elgar's "A Dream of Gerontius," which has occupied the columns of the British newspapers as well as the provincial towns ever since it was first performed at the Birmingham festival of 1900, will be studied. Beethoven's "Missa Solemnis" and ninth symphony will also be taken up. The Cincinnati festivals are occasions of pride and heartburnings in the Queen City. People out there continue to be unable to understand why those festivals do not astonish the effete Easterners. The latter continue, on their part, to be unable to explain why.

Daniel Frohman, formerly manager of the Madison Square theater, later of the Lyceum theater, and at present of Daly's, was present at part of the music festival at Worcester, Mass. Mr. Frohman is the manager of young Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the pianist, whom he carefully has described in all press notices as a "new" star, in spite of the fact that he has been in this country before and that musical connoisseurs know all about him. Last season Mr. Frohman was one of the managers of Kubelik, the violinist.

It is not at all strange that the theatrical manager at length entered the field of music. He is a gentleman of cultivated musical tastes and has for years been a constant attendant at the concerts of the Philharmonic and the Boston Symphony orchestra. His knowledge of musical masterpieces is extensive, and he operates one of those mechanical piano players with industry and enthusiasm and without loss of dignity.

Raoul Pugno, the French pianist, who is to appear at Carnegie hall in the latter part of the month, will make his reappearance in America with the Boston Symphony orchestra in Boston on Oct. 17. Mr. Pungo effected his debut here on Nov. 18, 1897, at one of the interesting Astoria concerts, which tried to fill the place of opera that season. He played several times at Sunday night concerts, at the Philharmonic and elsewhere, winding up his New York career in a concert of French music at which Alexander Guilmant, the celebrated organist, also officiated.

Pungo's challenge was made with nothing less than Schubert's "Wanderer Fantasia," which he played at his first appearance. He was at that time a pianist who was most delightful in all passages requiring clarity, swiftness and delicacy of touch. In forte passages he was prone to put down "loud" pedal, keep it down, and smite the piano with stiffened wrists. But it is said that he has made notable advances in his art. He was always a popular player and sometimes an interesting one.

BELASCO AND THE TRUST.

Accuses Latter of Trying to Steal His Star.

New York, Oct. 9.—What is etiquette in the stealing of stars, and by what mode of polite conduct is the embezzlement of actors carried on? At present Miss Marlowe's manager is white in the face, and red is the color of the countenance of Mrs. Carter's manager. David Belasco accuses Charles Dillingham of endeavoring to sequestrate, filch, purloin, or, as the vulgar have it, pinch Miss Bates. Mr. Dillingham, on the other hand, calls heaven to witness that in this particular of "lifting," to quote the idiom of Sir Thomas Lipton, the Californian is not behind the door himself. Both impressarii are so apopletic with indignation that if they were tenors nothing but a duel would cool their blood. Meanwhile, what of the embezzled? In this warfare no word is spoken of the volition of players. Yet the fact is that our performers have fixed ideas of their own in the matter, and are ready to abandon one manager in favor of another when it suits them. A few weeks ago the Sires brought action in the courts to restrain Dan McAvoy from summarily exchanging their stage for that of Klaw and Erlanger. Lillian Russell in her young days was as frisky as a kitten, and hopped from one manager to another without boothereing about the articles of her contract. John Drew left Augustin Daly without much compunction, although he had learned his trade under that manager and served in his theater for seventeen years.

Mr. Daly spent his life in training players who had no sooner established their fame than they deserted him, among them Clara Morris, Fanny Devenport and Catherine Lewis. When he lost Drew he lost heart. It was the blow that almost killed father. Yet the comedian was fair enough. Summoning up courage one day, for all his actors were in mortal terror of Augustin Daly, Drew went into the manager's sanctum. "Mr. Daly," said he nervously, "Miss Rehan occupies one-half of your stage. I hold the other. Miss Rehan receives $800 a week, I receive $250. I am not complaining, but I think you might advance me to $300." There was no answer; the manager sat looking at the actor, the actor stood looking at the manager. Daly's face grew blacker and blacker, Drew's became whiter and whiter. Finally terrified by his manager's stony stare, the comedian fled. Mr. Daly called him back peremptorily. "Mr. Drew," he said coldly, "I believe your contract compels you to remain for another year in my company. In future if you have any communication whatever to address to me, give it to Mr. Dorney, give it to one of your fellow actors, give it to the call boy. Never, never again, under any circumstances, address me personally." And so it was. Drew stayed with the company until his contract was ended, and during all that time Mr. Daly refused to recognize his very existence except as a part of the play at rehearsals. The manager made a mistake, however. John Drew was engaged by Charles Frohman at a salary of $500 a week, and in the loss of its popular comedian Daly's theater fell into decay.

David Belasco's wrath at the tempting of Blanche Bates really is directed against the Theatric syndicate, of which he believes Dillingham is the emissary. These powerful antagonists are squaring off for a fight, but neither dares to strike the first blow. The trust and Belasco are like two armies casting up intrenchments, both are preparing for defense, neither is ready for open assault. It will be a duel to the death when the struggle begins, and each is fearful of it. The trust is armed with enormous wealth and a prodigious number of theaters. Belasco has four stars, genius and hope. He knows that when the trust grapples with him it will be to kill him. Meanwhile, he means to slay it, as his namesake, David, slew Goliath of Gath. The sparring for wind between these two is the most interesting matter in New York at present. Belasco has spent $125,000, almost his entire earnings, in making his fortress, the Republic theater, invulnerable. He has refused alliance with Mrs. Fiske, with Henrietta Crosman and with the Independent Theater company, organized by James K. Hackett. He is afraid of treachery, he is afraid of being overthrown by weak allies. He sleeps with one eye open and both fists doubled up. He knows that Mrs. Campbell's new play and Pinero's new play may fail on tour, that Maud Adams' health is in such a precarious state that she cannot at present come to the financial assistance of his enemy, that with his stars and his plays he is well fortified. The other independents have brought gifts to him, but he mutters "I want none of you. This is a struggle between the Octopus and me. Leave us alone to fight it out."

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

La Loie Fuller is due to arrive in November.

M. B. Curtis is starring in "The Greenhorn."

Marie Wainwright returns to vaudeville in November.

Daniel Sully is preparing to produce shortly a new rural play named "The Old Mill Stream."

Israel Zangwill's "Children of the Ghetto" has been "released" for use on royalty by the stock companies.

Bolossy Kiralfy started his company last night in "Around the World in Eighty Days" at the Boston theater in Boston.

To demonstrate that "'Way Down East' is one of those plays that never wears out, W. A. Brady has decided to send two companies on tour next season.

The question of whether adapters of plays should receive equal pay as the writers of new works was brought up at a recent meeting of the general committee at the Francais. It is a topic that bears and will doubtless receive considerable discussion.

The Paris prefect of police has given an order to strictly enforce the resolutions passed at the theatrical congress of 1900, requiring a surgeon to be employed at all the theaters and a room set aside, with all the necessary appointments to receive the sick or injured.

A peculiar and tragic death befell an actor named Bolenowski at Odessa recently. In the role of a villain he was compelled to commit suicide in the last act by hanging. The preparations to catch him as he swung from the rope had been neglected and the poor actor's neck was broken as he swung himself to his mimic end that turned out a sickening reality.

Ople Read, the playwright and novelist, has signed contracts to give into the hands of the Charles and Courtenay company, as agents, the entire product of his pen in the dramatic field. He is now engaged in writing a new play, and he is just completing a setch that will likely be presented soon in vaudeville by a prominent actress.

Pope Leo the Great is the hero of a new three-act opera called after him. It was performed not long ago in Rome at a private theater before an invited audience made up largely of the clergy. This action shows the struggles of Pope Leo against the Huns under Attila. The composer of the new opera is a priest, who has no intention of composing music for the secular stage.

The Brooklyn Eagle refers to "Iris" as "Mr. Pinero's latest dirt drama." Mr. Pinero defends "Iris" by saying: "It is true to life, and, therefore, is art. And the theater is the temple of art. To this the Eagle pertinently and vigorously makes answer: "So are all of the processes of digestion 'true to life.' But the dramatization of them has been heretofore deferred. The Pinero plea is nonsense, and he knows it. He makes his plays progressively worse to advance the limit of lust on the stage and to see how much the public will stand. And then he covets denunciation in the belief that it will increase attendance. Temporarily it will, or may. But all the decent forces, sincerely denouncing dirt, united with all the indecent forces, insincerely denouncing it, will together be too much for the drama of dirt, and that before long."

The portion of Mr. Caine's novel that deals with Donna Roma and David Rossi's life in London is dispensed with, and the play opens on the day of the Papal procession in Rome. The first scene is located in the loggia in the palace of Baron Bonelli. The second act is located in Donna Roma's studio. Act third is divided into two scenes, the first being the hall in the castle of St. Angelo, and the second the gardens of the Vatican. The first scene is the trial of Bruno Rossi's friend. In the next scene Roma is brought into the presence of the pope, and reveals the secret of Rossi's life, the pope discovering in him his long lost son, Roma, on the promise of the king that Rossi's life shall be spared, denounces him as the state conspirator David Leone. Act fourth is located in Roma's studio, and is the same as the second act, with the diffrence that it has been stripped of its ornaments.

The fifth and last act is divided into two scenes, the first act being an antechamber in the vatican, the second the loggia in the castle of St. Angelo. Mr. Caine has changed the story of the book in two respects; first, in that he preserves Roma's good name, and, second that he rewards the the lovers for their constancy and deception.

AMUSEMENTS. | AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 14 and 15—Wednesday Matinee.

After Three Solid Months in Chicago. First Presentation in Duluth of the Merriest of all Musical Satires

"Do You Feel a Draft" BY GEORGE ADE "There's a Cherry in It" (of "Fables in Slang" fame)

THE SULTAN OF SULU

EIGHTY PEOPLE Music by Alfred G. Wathall.

Castle Square Grand Opera Orchestra of 20. Same Brilliant Organization that is going to N. Y.

SUPERB SINGING COMPANY

Including the favorites Frank Moulan, Maude Lillian Berri, Templer Saxe, Gertrude Quinlan, Robt. Lett, Blanche Chapman, Fred Frear, Charles Giblyn and the Sultan's host of pretty wives.

MELODY AND MIRTH.

Without doubt one of the choicest operatic events and Royally Resplendent productions of the season. Tuneful melodies, cheerful comedy and gorgeously costumed chorus.

PRICES—Evening—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1; Family Cirle, 75c; Balcony, 50c; Matinee, $1, 75c and 50c.

"The Sultan of Sulu" will appear at the Grand in West Superior on Monday night, October 13th.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

TONIGHT

AMELIA BINGHAM presents

MISS ROSELLE KNOTT

And a SPECIAL COMPANY

In Haddon Chambers' Remarkable Play:

"A Modern Magdalen."

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Thursday, Oct 16th,

Mr. WALTER WHITESIDE

IN RICHARD III.

Dress Circle, $1—Parquet $1 and 75c—Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Friday, Oct 17th.

Alice of old Vincennes

LYCEUM C. A. MARSHALL MANAGER

Saturday, Matinee and Night.

America's Greatest Home Play Jas. A. Herne's beautiful comedy-drama

. . SHORE ACRES . .

Presented under direction of Mrs. Jas. A. Herne.

Regular Prices—Matinee: Dress Circle and Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

DISEASES OF MEN.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature. Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING, speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES FEMALE WEAKNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUS TROUBLES, UNHEALTHY DISCHARGES, PAINFUL OR IRREGULAR MONTHLY SICKNESS, safely and speedily relieved. If in trouble call or write. DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express in plain wrapper, free from exposure.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Feed wrinkles, lines, creases, wating parts with Satin-Skin Cream, a tissue-builder, and true skin food. 25c.



The Greatest Skill. The most experience—14 years. We grind our own Lenses.

C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 3 West Superior Street.

THE ARENA OF SPORTS

Three Professional Football Teams Are the Start of a League.

Not Likely to Create Same Enthusiasm as Amateur Elevens Do—Owner of Cresceus Would Cut Record to Two Minutes.

Professional football will hardly ever see the day that it will not have to play second fiddle in this country to the amateurs, with the eclat and interest attached to the big college games, but it is almost sure to cut much more of a figure in the course of a year or so than it does now. The entering wedge toward making the professional league in existence now embraces but three teams, two in Philadelphia and one in Pittsburg, but there is plenty of room for expansion and those interested in the professional teams are planning expansion. They have their eyes on New York and Chicago. Connie Mack, the manager of the pennant winning baseball team of Philadelphia, is also manager of one of the Philadelphia football teams, and he said the other night that it was hoped to have a professional eleven in New York next fall. If grounds can be found the team will soon be forthcoming. It may sound like heresy to say that professional teams can play the game better than Harvard, Yale, Princeton, etc., but nevertheless there are those who follow the game closely who declare that such is the case. By this they mean that conditions being equal as to coaching and practice the professionals excel the collegians. Their reasons are simple. The professionals are more matured. Having the advantage of a few more years between the 20 and 30 stages they are bigger, stronger and faster—better all around physically then the younger college men. Moreover, as the professional teams are being made up largely of former college players their knowledge of the game is by no means deficient and with this knowledge is maturer judgment. Such former college stars as Hale of Yale, Poe and Ketter of Princeton, Wallace and Davidson of Pennsylvania, and Crollus, of Dartmouth, are to play or have played in the professional ranks. The latest recruit is "Rube" Waddell, the crack professional pitcher, who, however, has played football before. Several of the games drew big crowds last year and are expected to draw bigger ones this year. As the colleges constitute the head center of football lore they may be more successful in supplying professional football. While few boys who go to college would care to play football professionally, enough could be found to form a nucleus for building up the professional teams.

• • •

George H. Ketcham, owner of Cresceus, 2:02¼, the hobbler of the world's one mile trotting record, thinks of nothing else but to make his famous hourse lower the record to two minutes. To accomplish this he is constantly planning some new artificial device to assist the great animal.

His first innovation was the construction of a special harness, so arranged as to cause the least resistance to his speed. With this he made his present world record. When he started out to make new world figures this fall a noisy puffing automobile was secured to follow in the rear of the trotter in the hope that it would spur him on to reach the 2-minute mark.

Not succeeding in this, Ketcham has determined on one more innovation. In all of his exhibitions thus far the champion trotter has been accompanied by one or two pacemakers that kept behind him until well down the home stretch. The fertile brain of "Andy" Welch has conceived the plan of reversing these positions and letting the runners lead the way nearly to the finish, believing they will thus shield the trotter from the atmospheric resistance ordinarily encountered and thus enable him to go a faster mile.

There are not a few horsemen who attribute much of "Ed" Geers' success to this principle. It being well known that he almost invariably trails close behind the pacemakers in a trotting race, pulling out and winning in the home stretch.

Bicycle riders have demonstrated that such a shield is a most important aid to speed, records made in the wake of pacemakers being faster by several seconds in the mile than those made without a wind shield.

The success of this novel method will interest horsemen throughout the country.

• • •

Financially, the year has been disastrous to most clubs in the National league. Pittsburg is probably the only club which made any amount of money, and the Pittsburg magnates admit their expenses were so heavy as to cut well into the profits. Chicago broke about even by virtue of its early season showing, and New York could hardly lose much. Brooklyn claims to have come out nearly even. Philadelphia, Boston and St. Louis, where the American league clubs were strong, lost money, and plenty of it, and Cincinnati also was a loser under the Brush regime.

In the matter of players it is not possible to state at this time what stars have been recaptured from the American or what members of this year's teams have gone over to the opposition.

Jack Chesbro is the leading pitcher of the National league on the basis of winning percentage, and to his team-mates, Doheny and Tannehill, fall the second and third positions. This margin is made easier by the marked superiority of these pirates over the other teams in the race. Compared relatively to the standing of their clubs at the finish of the season, winning fourteen games out of thirty-two, was forced eight times to shut out his opponents to secure victory, a record which in the matter of shutouts equals that of any pitcher in the league.

Here is the standing of those taking part in more than ten games:

Rank.		won.	Lost.	1 hit.	2 hits.	3 hits.	Per cent. Winning
1.	Chesbro, Pitts	28	6	1	0	0	.823
2.	Doheny, Pitts	14	4	0	2	0	.788
3.	Tannehill, Pitts.	19	6	0	2	0	.760
4.	Foole, Cin.	12	4	0	1	0	.750
5.	Hahn, Cin.	25	9	0	0	3	.735
6.	Leever, Pitts.	18	7	1	0	3	.720
7.	Taylor, Chicago	24	11	0	2	1	.686
8.	Phillippi, Pitts.	19	9	0	0	1	.679
9.	Pittinger, Boston	26	13	1	0	2	.667
10.	Kittson, Brook.	19	12	0	0	0	.613
11.	Willis, Boston	30	19	0	0	1	.612
12.	Murphy, St. L.	9	6	0	0	0	.600
13.	O'Neil, St. L.	19	14	0	0	0	.576
14.	Newton, Brook.	16	13	0	2	2	.562
15.	Menefee, Chicago	12	10	0	0	0	.545
16.	Hughes, Brooklyn	14	12	1	1	0	.538
17.	Donovan, Brook.	17	15	1	1	2	.531
18.	Currie, St. L.	19	9	0	0	0	.526
19.	Lundgren, Chic.	9	9	0	0	0	.500
20.	Phillips, Chic.	15	16	0	0	0	.484
21.	McGinnity, N.Y.	7	8	0	0	1	.467
22.	Cronin, N.Y.	6	8	0	1	0	.455
22.	Ewing, Chic.	5	6	0	0	0	.455
24.	Fraser, Phil	12	15	1	1	0	.444
24.	Malarkey, Bost.	8	10	0	0	0	.444
26.	Matthewson, N.Y.	14	18	0	2	0	.438
27.	Eason, Chic-Bost.	10	13	0	0	0	.435
28.	Williams, Chi.	11	15	0	0	0	.423
29.	White, Phil.	14	20	0	1	0	.412
30.	St. Vrain, Chi.	4	6	0	0	0	.400
30.	Evans, Cin.	12	18	0	0	0	.400
32.	Iberg, Phil.	11	18	0	0	0	.379
33.	Rhoades, Chi.	5	9	0	1	0	.357
34.	Dugglebly, Phil.	9	17	0	0	0	.346
35.	Thielman, Cin.	8	16	0	0	1	.333
36.	Yerkes, St. L.	10	22	0	0	0	.313
37.	Taylor, N.Y.	6	16	0	0	0	.273
38.	Sparks, N.Y.	4	11	0	0	0	.267
38.	Wicker, St. L.	4	11	0	1	0	.267

• • •

Bernhard of Cleveland leads the American league twirlers in percentage of victories, with nineteen out of twenty-four games pitched. He was fortunate in joining the Cleveland team along with Lajoie and Flick just when the blues began that magnificent spurt which took them from last place almost into the first division. He therefore had a distinct advantage over pitchers who played the entire season. Waddell's case is similar, although he pitched in thirty-one games during the latter half of the season for Connie Mack and beat out Young in percentage. Cy. however, leads in the number of games won with thirty-three one more than Waddell pitched. Griffith is the best of the White Stocking staff in spite of his sickness, and leads Patterson by a few points.

The records of pitchers who officiated in ten games or more, together with the number of games in which they held their opponents down to three hits or less follow:

	won.	Lost.	No. hit.	One hit.	Two hits.	Three hits.	Per cent.
Bernhard, Cleve.	19	5	0	0	1	2	.792
Waddell, Phila.	24	7	0	0	1	1	.774
Young, Boston	33	10	0	0	2	1	.767
Donohue, St. L.	22	11	0	0	0	0	.667
Hastings, Bst. Pi.	13	7	0	0	0	0	.650
Griffith, Chi.	15	9	0	0	0	1	.625
Patterson, Chi.	19	13	0	0	0	1	.593
Wilson, Phila.	7	5	0	0	0	0	.583
McGinnity, Balt.	12	9	0	0	0	0	.571
Harper, Chi.	14	11	0	0	1	0	.560
Joss, Cleve.	16	13	0	1	1	1	.552
Winters, Boston	11	9	0	0	1	0	.550
Mitchell, Bos.-Pi.	6	5	0	0	0	0	.545
Plank, Phila.	19	16	0	0	0	0	.541
Orth, Wash.	20	17	0	0	0	0	.541
Mercer, Detroit	17	15	0	1	0	1	.531
Patten, Wash.	19	17	0	0	1	0	.528
Powell, St. L.	19	18	0	0	1	0	.513
Dineen, Boston	21	21	0	0	0	1	.500
Platt, Chi.	12	12	0	0	1	0	.500
Stuhoff, St L.	12	12	0	0	0	1	.500
Garvin, Chi.	10	10	0	0	0	1	.500
Hughes, Balt-Bos.	9	9	0	0	0	0	.500
Moore, Cleve.	17	18	0	0	0	2	.486
Callahan, Chi.	15	16	1	0	0	1	.484
Sparks, Boston	7	8	0	0	0	1	.467
Wiltse, Phil-Bost.	16	19	0	0	0	0	.457
Shields, Balt-St. L.	9	11	0	0	0	0	.450
Howell, Balt.	7	9	0	0	0	0	.444
Wright, Cleve.	8	10	0	0	1	1	.444
Siever, Detroit	9	13	0	0	1	0	.409
Carrick, Wash.	12	18	0	0	0	0	.400
Mullin, Detroit	10	16	0	0	1	0	.400
Yeager, Detroit	6	11	0	0	0	0	.353
Miller, Detroit	7	13	0	0	0	1	.350
Townsend, Wash.	8	17	0	0	1	0	.348
Katoll, Bal.	5	10	0	0	0	0	.333
Cronin, Balt.	3	7	0	0	1	0	.300
Butler, Balt.	1	11	0	0	0	0	.083

• • •

Frank Erne, the ex-lightweight champion, and Jimmy Britt, the clever lightweight champion of California, have had last been match. After weeks of wrangling over two pounds, Britt has finally given in and signed the articles of agreement. Erne has wired his acceptance. They will meet for twenty rounds before the Hayes Valley Athletic club, of San Francisco, on November 15. The purse will be $1000.

• • •

Jim Jeffries seems determined to disappoint his father's fondest hopes for his future. The elder Jeffries is a preacher and has always opposed his son's pugilistic life. Just before Jeffries fought with Fitzsimmons his father expressed the hope that his son would soon retire and engage in the ministry. Now the untractable son announces that he will soon retire, but instead of entering the ministry he proposes to purchase a saloon and stand behind the bar.

• • •

Jim Corbett has great plans for his future when he finally retires from the ring. He has two plans in view. One of them is to secure a hotel and gymnasium in Milwaukee, and the other is to establish a school of physical culture in New York. Corbett's plan is to take rich patients who have ailments and cure them by the same methods he has taken to make himself the perfection of physical manhood that he is. He is doubtful about the willingness of Jeffries to meet him in the ring next spring.

• • •

Speaking of Corbett, and in connection with his fight against Jim Jeffries, Joe Cawthorne, the comedian, tells a rattler good story. Corbett had been struggling for days with Jim Thornton, the monologue artist, in an effort to get the latter to sign the pledge. Thornton was in a pretty bad way and insisted on "just a few more rounds, Jim," before he signed the document. "A few more rounds, Thornton," protested Corbett, "is what keeps you on these bats. Come along." "Yes," returned Thornton, dryly, "but for those few more rounds you might today be champion of the world."

• • •

Champion Jim Jeffries and George Gardner, the Lowell middlweight, who a short time ago knocked out Jack Root at Salt Lake City, do not speak. It seems that Billy Delaney, Jeffries' manager, gave Root instructions how to fight Gardner and when the latter learned of this he promptly called Delaney down. The pair had an argument in which Jeffries too Delaney's part. Also Greggins, Gardner's manager, who is also interests in the San Francisco A. C., did not think this was fair in view of the fact that he has done a number of favors for both the boilermaker and Delaney. Greggains now says that he will have nothing to do with Delaney or his big protege in the future.

George Gardner, who styles himself the middleweight champion of the world, has certainly nerve to claim that title, for the lowest weight that Gardner is able to make is 165 pounds, weighin at 3 o'clock on the day of a battle. Gardner challenged Tommy Ryan after the latter defeated "Kid" Carter, but Ryan staggered Gardner's representative when he told him that he would be glad to fight Gardner if the latter would agree to fight him at 158 pounds, weigh in at 4 o'clock on the day of the contest. In order to make this weight Gardner would not be allowed to eat for a week.

• • •

Jim Corbett, who has been promised the next fight with Champion Jeffries, is taking the best of care of himself these days. He is doing light training every day and is in fairly good shape. As the battle between Corbett and Jeffries is slated for San Francisco next May or June, Corbett is taking no chances with himself. Corbett intends to go to the coast about March or April for the purpose of doing his hardest training at one of the resorts there. The San Francisco Athletic Club, of which Corbett's brother, Harry is a stockholder, will get the match, as both fighters have promised him that they will fight before his club.

• • •

"Young Corbett" seems to be very much nettled, and his temper to have been stirred up by the refusal of two states to permit his championship battle with McGovern. When told that Jimmy Britt, the Californian, had included him in his offer to knock him out in ten rounds or forfeit $500, the champion made this reply "Brit... has been making all kinds of offers to me. Now I'll make him one. I will agree to stop him in ten rounds for $10,000 side bet if he will make 128 pounds. I am feather-weight champion. Britt is light-weight. He is now matched to ...ox Frank Erne at 135 pounds at 6 o'clock. I'm fighting men in my class; Brit... would do well to do the same or keep quiet."



THE OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The leading golfers of the land are now congregated at Garden City, N. Y., to participate in the annual open championship contest. Professionals and amateurs alike are eligible to compete. The dates set for the tourney are Oct. 10 and 11. Among the prominent entries in the professional class are Willie Anderson, the present open champion; Willie Smith, the well known Chicago expert, former holder of the title; Lawrence Auchterlonie of the Glen View Golf and Polo club, Golf, Ill., and Johnnie Dunn. Among the amateurs are Findlay S. Douglas, ex-amateur champion, and F. O. Reinhart of Princeton. Walter J. Travis, holder of the amateur title for two years, may also appear against his old time rivals.

Individuality!
That's the word!
Blatz
BEER
MILWAUKEE.
Possesses a Goodness All Its Own.
Unerring judgment exercised in the selection of materials, backed by BLATZ method of brewing, is the main factor responsible for Blatz character.
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(Non-Intoxicant)
SUMMER TONIC.
At all Druggists or Direct.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO.,
MILWAUKEE.
Local Branch:
Lake ave. S. and Railroad St. 'Phone 62

GOVERNMENT MINES

(Continued from page 1.)

chased for years by the inventors of cancelling machines until finally surrounded and overcome it most reluctantly surrendered. The private manager would have chased the cancelling machine just as Commodore Vanderbilt offered the prize to anybody who would invent a brake he needed. The general postoffice here is conducted from a building which is an imposing monument to wasteful architecture. If J. Pierpont Morgan had all his business operations housed in such sturctures he would not be long in availing himself of the merciful provisions of the bankruptcy act.

Every few months the editors of the country discuss the "postal deficit" in its relation to new and proposed postal enterprises. Every postmaster general has been steadily curtailing this fabled giant's powers, and yet no student of postal affairs can take seriously the deficit of record. The actual one, with the free rent of millions upon millions of dollars' worth of property owned and cared for and repaired out of the general funds of the government, would be worth while. A score of items enter into the calculations which prevent the postal deficit from being regarded as more than a pleasant fiction of the department. The letter carriers are today welded into a union, and have sent one of their number, according to current report, to California to try to defeat Congressman Loud for re-election, because he had opposed an increase in their salaries. The organization does not suggest that there is any lack of competent men at the present rates, but merely deems it proper salary that which through political manipulation it is able to get. And still the postoffice is the great American idol.

The government receives 93 cents a pound for carrying your letters and postal cards. A private concern could afford to pay millions a year for the monopoly privilege of carrying letters at half the present rates. The department is "squealing" all the time because it has to carry the newspapers so chean—a cent a pound—and yet the express companies, those boasted monsters of monopoly and watered stock, are competing in certain ranges of territory for that very business. Government experience in building warships is all on one side, in spite of the eloquent appeals of the rival candidates for the Democratic nomination in the North Boston district. The voters may desire to reward with a congressional nomination the man who promises to do the most toward government warship building, but they can never afford to have their domestic coal produced in the same way. It is too bad that Australasia is so far away that its pitiable and dreary experiments in state socialism may not be more readily available for our guidance.

Gained Forty Pounds In Thirty Days.

For several months our younger brother had been troubled with indigestion. He tried several remedies but got no benefit from them. We purchased some of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and he commenced taking them. Inside of thirty days he had gained forty pounds in flesh. He is now fully recovered. We have a good trade on the Tablets.—Holley Bros., Merchants, Long Branch, Mo. For sale at Boyce's Drug store.

CARNEGIE'S NEW PLAN

(Continued From Page 1.)

trustees will consider what it approximately ought to be, and they will pay him accordingly, but no tenant can transfer his interest otherwise than to the trustees. The root idea here is that the tenant is providing an old-age pension for himself, which will save him from the workhouse in his declining years. If the exigencies of his occupation should render it necessary for the tenant to remove to another district, he will be provided with accommodation in any of the trusts' houses, where it is convenient, and should the trustees be unable to accommodate him he will receive a sum proportionate to that which he would be entitled to had he completed his twenty years' occupation, but no consideration would be given to any case where a tenant would show a desire to return to the slums inside the stipulated times.

The houses will be constructed mostly on continental models, the French, German and Danish plans most favored. Great tenement blocks are not contemplated.

The Workmen's Housing council, which, to its own surprise, has been selected by Mr. Carnegie as the probable vehicle for his new line of money giving, is a strong body of men who have given a great deal of time and thought to the abolition of London slums. Most of its members have been workingmen. Its chairman, ever since it was organized, three years ago, has been W. C. Steadman, a shipwright's son, who gets a modest income as secretary of the Barge Builders' Trade union, but who has long been a powerful member of the London council, and was for two years member of parliament. Another member is Robert Williams, who is recognized here as the chief architectural authority on workmen's dwellings. Others in the body are borough councilors and similar officials, whose duties have brought them into contact with the big slum problem.

Although a good many members of the housing council are members of the London county council, the two bodies don't agree at all on the subject of workmen's dwellings, and some of the points of their difference are instructive. The housing council says that the system adopted by the county council for accommodating those they have left homeless by destruction of slums is a willful waste of public money. The county council decided that the people must be accommodated as near as possible to the place where they were originally located, and to satisfy this idea they have been obliged to buy up breweries and other huge business premises in the very heart of the city at exorbitant prices, and thereby creating a new slum, in many cases next door to the old one. In every case the building created by the London county council are surrounded by slum property quite as filthy and dilapidated as the very property the council saw fit in the interest of sanitation to destroy.

For housing 1686 persons it cost the county council as much as $425,000 for land and buildings. They now have in course of construction workmen's dwellings which it is estimated will cost over $10,000,000, and which will accommodate about 46,000 persons. The housing council, on the other hand, say that Mr. Carnegie will be enabled to house the same number for $5,000,000 in more attractive and healthy surroundings at a considerably lower rental to the tenant.

The London county council is at the moment erecting workmen's dwellings on the site of a brewery which they recently acquired. They will accommodate only 1330 persons at a cost of $310,000, and the tenant will have to pay a higher rent than he does in the slums, from which the council will evict him. This building is in the very heart of the city, surrounded on all sides by slum property of the worst description and which harbors Hooliganism of the most violent type. The housing council can show that for the amount the county council is spending on the site they can accommodate 2000 persons and provide superior rooms at half the rental the London county council will be forced to charge. The housing council maintain that so long as party politics dominate the operations of the London county council, the party in power will be forced to show a high percentage of profit on all its undertakings, and, according to its present constitution it can never hope to solve the housing problem.

The awful condition of some of the London slums can be judged from a report I recently saw of conditions in a thoroughfare inconsruously named Nightingale street. Thirteen men and six women were living in one four-roomed house in that street, thirteen women and six men were living in each of two six-room houses, and in one of the six-room houses eleven men and twelve women were living. In none of them was there any separation of sexes, and the largest of the rooms was 12 by 10 feet. One room alone had eleven persons—men, women and children—every night. The average weekly rent was 65 cents.

Asked of his opinion of Mr. Carnegie's project, Budgett Meakin, secretary of the Industrial Betterment society, which has for its object the improvement of the homes of the people, said: "According to my ideas, Mr. Carnegie could make no better use of his money than to employ it in building model dwellings for the working classes. It would be better than founding libraries or endowing schools, for as conditions now are in London, with parents and children of both sexes herding in single rooms of filthy shanties, the boys and girls unlearn when out of school what they learn in it. The London county council is doing the best it can, but it is hampered by the fact that its model dwellings must be made to pay."

AS VIEWED BY GATH

(Continued from page 1.)

The father of the pervert Young was a glossy black-haired, blue-eyed man, of civil address and the suffusion and tender, low, soul-reaching voice which are the visible advertisements of them in the Masonic fraternity of piety. This confidentiality wins a wife like a soul.

Brigham Young, the father of John Young, was the convert of Joseph Smith, for when he heard of a new spick-and-span revelation from heaven to Smith Brigham, who was a mechanic, went in search of Smith. The conversation between them on polemical points must have been of the comedy of Shakespeare.

Smith married a daughter of a tavernkeeper, upon whom he was sponging while dictating the last and perfect revelation, that fifth gospel of Masuccio which should correct all errors and "reconcile" the other four. Joseph the Prophet had stretched a blanket across the room and got behind it with his unmentionables off, to read the sacred plates through the pebble spectacles called the Urim and Thummin. If anybody else, or even Smith, should read said golden plates with the naked eye, he would go blind or dead, like Moses of old. Likewise to see the plates, but they might be hefted and may have been some layers of farm shovels in a bag.

Smith was convincing; his evidences were greater than all Dr. Paley's references. Besides, the brand new, native American gospel had the words, "Verily, verily, I say unto you" at frequent intervals, and was not this of the language of the stars?

Brigham Young, because a stout, familiar follower of Joseph Smith, and like the half brothers of the earlier apostle, Smith had his brother Hyrum and wife and household in the new revelation.

The Mormons marched the width of Asia to their Jerusalem, which seemed a recreation of Palestine in still waters and arid plains. And there the women, without whose aid religions might have long since ceased to be, heard the glad proclamation from Brigham Young that the murdered Joseph had left them a tender legacy, namely, to take any other woman's husband she could get. This is somewhat of an inclination everywhere, but when made a sacred obligation it widens the earth.

Women were, of course, in excess in that fold, as in Mexico and everywhere. The revelation especially opened to conversion all the good husbands, those who toted free water, had front pews in the tabernacle and many blooming children. Such, also, were the most instantaneously moved by the prophet's command, as earnest tithe payers and valiant roosters of the faith. The Vale of Deseret became enchanted ground. All were praying and courting.

Capt. William Hooper had been attracted to Utah by monogamy. He was a widower from the eastern shore of Maryland, who navigated a steamboat from Galena, Ill., to Council Bluffs, the Mormon route after they were forced from Nauvoo, and on his steamboat, with her parents, was a beautiful maid from Cummingsville, Ohio, by Cincinnati. The whole family had embraced the only native American gospel, which lodged for its first fight at Kirtland, Ohio, and beat up the state for converts and got them. To this day the Mormon missionaries excel all other missionaries in the world, because they offer love to everybody as part of law.

The young girl, made love to by the captain, replied that she could not marry an unbeliever; that if he took up his lot with the driven-forth and God-selected he might become her love. William Hooper was young, and the aspect of piety, in any form, adds to the tenderness of beauty. He got Ben Halliday to give him a caravan to command across the plains and married his Molly and had two daughters, one of whom married the West Pointer, Brigham Young, with her father's approbation. Anybody who supposes that Venus can be omitted as a world power in any of her forms has not begun to learn.

Hooper would not marry any more; kept a bank at Salt Lake, became a prime counselor of Brigham Young, grew rich and served his adopted people in congress with long fidelity.

So John Young named his son for William Hooper. And this son turns up in a murder case which wheels the mirror upon faiths in general, which undertake to subvert physical laws.

The Rev. Mr. Noyes, Baptist, who founded the Oneida community, made convert a strong-minded communicant his first convert a strong-minded communicant at Wallingford. She led her passive husband in, and the daughter followed, who was the aim of the theologian when he covered his own weakness by the text: "In heaven they neither marry nor are given in marriage." The product of Noyesism was the degenerate Guiteau, whose selfish insantly supposed that to kill a president would make him a statesman, as often does happen in the polygamous countries.

John Young was of a vast type of good looking men who can infect weak women with a sense of piety, and of up held moral fiber. He was agreeable, seeking the inner confidence, and confidentiality between the opposite sexes is the hedge lane to the bower of Woodstock. A woman left her husband and family to become one of the wives of the young and hereditary prophet and bore him the murderer and other children. The murderer grows up as becomes such antecedents, weak, degenerate, steeped in the carnal idea, but what is more unnatural the women he murders go with him so easily! He says to the last of these: "Come," and she goes to a place where he enjoys her dissection, like Jesse Pomeroy, and puts her in a trunk and crosses a dark river with her to a one-sluice and drops her in by night for the tide to pull the thin cover off the next day. Then he tramps aimlessly till the hue and cry overtakes him and leaves us to wonder if there is not a sect of his class spreading, and if they are guilty or imbecile. Tampering with physical health, through descent, or habits, is the sin which should have been put at the head of the commandments. "Thou shalt not kill" was not the commandment violated by this pervert—but only the sequel of his moral suicide, when he broke the law of a clean and persevering domesticity.

Said Capt. Hooper to me, when the United States government was putting its laws in force against polygamy: "Brother Gath, if you and me was Brother Brigham, wouldn't we get a revelation that the Lord had tried the chosen people and they had obeyed His command of plural marriages, and now He took it off, and told them to obey."

"What's to hinder it, captain?' said I.

"Them young people,' said Hooper. "It seems they hardly marry one wife before they're after another. That's where Brother Brigham meets his weakness; it's become second nature."

"But the women? Nobody forces them to marry a man already married."

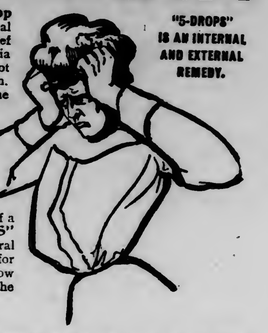
"They do, though, that kind of a man is the gentlest, the most captivating, coming in the name of love and the Lord!"

Parallel with this semi-Mormon case is that of Elliott Shepherd's son, who is presented by his wife for adultery and retorts in kind and the judge expresses his disgust all around. The father of this Shepherd was a dry goods clerk who four times proposed to Commodore Vanderbilt's daughter, his one endowment being his piety, and he bought a daily paper devoted to the causes of God and Depew, over the editorial top of which he printed every day a different text from the Bible. He wanted the world to know that it had one good man and paper in it and proved it by hanging out a label: "Generously Good."

Col. Thos. Ochiltree told me yesterday that, in his belief, the late John Mackay would leave nearer $75,000,000 than $50,000,000. He paid $17,500,000 for the Manila cable as his present of gratitude to the city of San Francisco, without cost to the United States. Col. Ochiltree says that a union of the two telegraph companies is improbable and partly on account of public opinion, which demands competition.

GATH.

NEURALGIA



"5-DROPS" IS AN INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS" will stop Neuralgic pains instantly. It is an external and internal remedy which affords quick relief and effects a permanent cure. In neuralgia the nerves are inflamed, they throb and shoot from congestion and arrested circulation. "5-DROPS" hastens circulation, quiets the nerves and the pain stops. "5-DROPS" gives refreshing sleep to those who are mentally overworked and whose nervous system is so greatly in need of rest Many have been cured of some terrible nervous disease by only a single bottle of "5-DROPS." Melancholia, sleeplessness, etc., are simply the result of a breakdown of the nerve muscles. "5-DROPS" will quickly restore the nerves to their natural healthy condition. It is an absolute cure for Neuralgia in any of its forms No matter how bad the case may be, it must succumb to the all-powerful influence of "5-DROPS."

RHEUMATISM

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS" cures Rheumatism in all of its forms and stages of development. Applied externally it affords instant relief from pain. Taken internally it rids the blood tissues and joints of the uric acid and other poisonous matter which are the cause of the disease. It never fails to cure Rheumatism, Sciatica or Lumbago. It has effected more cures of the above named ailments than all other remedies combined. It has never failed to cure even the most obstinate cases.

KIDNEY TROUBLE.

SWANSON'S "5-DROPS" is the most effectual remedy ever discovered for Kidney Trouble and Liver Complaint. A single dose will give immediate results. It goes direct to the spot. It keeps the liver-cells properly at work. It restores the kidneys to their normal condition by removing the acids which are the cause of the trouble. It is the best blood purifier in the world.

READ THESE LETTERS:

WALTER LITTLE, Longtown, Mo., writes:—"Last winter my mother had Neuralgia of the Stomach and she doctored for nearly three months. I purchased a dollar bottle of "5-DROPS" and in three days' time she was going about the house singing. My oldest sister had the Rheumatism and "5-DROPS" put an end to that immediately and she has never had any symptoms of the malady since. Our druggist and doctor, D. F. Morton, Perryville, Mo., says it is the best cure for Rheumatism he has ever sold and recommends it highly in his practice."

A. HOFFMAN, Mulliken, Mich., writes:—"I was so bad with Rheumatism that I had to be helped out of bed. After using one half bottle I am able to be at work again. "5-DROPS" is all that you claim it to be."

A. A. BROWN, Leonard, Ky., writes:—"I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for ten years, but after using one bottle of "5-DROPS," I feel like a new man. I feel no symptoms of the disease whatever, and wish to say that "5-DROPS" is a blessing to mankind."

"5-DROPS" IS AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, La Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Malaria, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness, Eczema, Scrofula and Blood Diseases.

NOTICE. "5-DROPS" is perfectly harmless and can be taken by a child as well as an adult. It is entirely free from alcohol, opiates, salicylates or other injurious drugs. If "5-DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

COUPON
No. 212
Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.
5 DROPS
(TRADE MARK)

SENT FREE. A trial bottle will be mailed free of charge to every reader of this paper upon request. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address. Write today,

Large Size Bottle (300 Doses $1.00.) For Sale By Druggists.

Ask Your Druggist for the "SWANSON PILL," a sure cure for Constipation. PRICE 25 CTS.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Invaluable and Superior. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 905, Times Bldg., New York.
—For Sale By—
MAX WIRTH, Druggist

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

Aitkin.

Aitkin, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. B. Sugrue and daughter Blanch have returned from a trip to Maine.

S. J. Warren and family are visiting relatives near Marshall, Minn.

Mrs. Cora Oberg is visiting a brother at Cansel, N. D.

C. F. Glover, of Grand Rapids, Minn., has been the guest of the E. A. Zuver family.

John Mattson and Miss Annie Sjodin were married Wednesday, Oct. 7, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Newstrom, Rev. Fred Peterson officiating. The young people are both from Nordland, but will reside in Aitkin.

Mrs. Emma Cage has resigned her position as teacher in the first primary department and will be succeeded by Miss Radtke, who returned Monday night, having recovered from a serious illness at her home in Wisconsin.

Miss Ethel Bauty is ill with typhoid fever.

Miss Agnes McCarty, who has been employed as stenographer for the Ebner law firm, has returned to her home in St. Paul.

The Women's Relief corps is making arrangements for a Hallowe'en party to be given in Odd Fellows' hall, Friday evening, Oct. 31.

Mrs. G. W. Knox returned from Minneapolis Sunday.

The McQuillan Land company has terafire.

Ole Hanson, Mrs. Swedberg and Miss Dorarity located in the city hall since the Jennie Hanson, have returned from a trip to Sweden, having been gone several months. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Joe Hanson and two young men who will reside here.

Rev. E. K. Copper and family have moved to Duluth, where Mr. Copper will become pastor of one of the Methodist churches. Rev. William Foster will have charge of the church here.

Rev. C. B. Farrar will hold evening services in St. John's Episcopal church Sunday. The choir of St. Paul' church of Brainerd will furnish music.

George E. Seeley of the Pine Tree Lumber company, was in town last week.

Joseph Perotte has left the Vachon barber shop and returned to Duluth, where he was formerly employed.

E. P. Batchelder of this place, who was seriously injured recently while working with the Great Northern bridge crew, near Crookston, has been taken to a hospital in St. Paul, where he is improving. Mrs. Batchelder has returned, having spent several days with her husband.

Mrs. Peltons, who has spent several weeks here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mearow, has gone to California to join her husband, who is regaining his health in the West.

Moses Vachon has been enjoying a visit from his cousin, Rev. Father H. L. Vachon of Prince Albert, Can., who is in the employ of the Canadian government, and is locating a French colony in the Saskatchewa country.

Thomas L. Hall died in the Brainerd hospital Thursday, Oct. 2, aged 60 years. Mr. Hall was a native of Maine and served in the civil war, but had been a resident of Aitkin for twenty-five years. The funeral was held Sunday, conducted by Rev. W. E. Griffith. The remains were sent to Upton, Me., for burial.

Chester Coolidge died Saturday, Oct. 4, at Esquagamah, aged 40 years. He was also a native of Maine, but had lived in Aitkin twenty years. The remains were shipped to relatives in Maine for burial.

A new piano has been purchased for the opera house.

A. D. McRae of the firm of Davidson & McRae, of Duluth, was in town Wednesday.

Thomas A. McHugh, democratic nominee for state senator, came down from Grand Rapids Monday looking after his political fences.

The Hodgeden McDonald sawmill, which has been closed down for several weeks, started up again Tuesday.

The steel has arrived for the new water tower and a crew of workmen are engaged in setting it up.

W. F. Murphy has accepted the position of manager of Dr. Traves' line new stock farm west of town.

A farewell reception was tendered Rev. and Mrs. E. K. Copper Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Young. After a pleasant evening refreshments were served. With a few well chosen words Dr. B. W. Kelly presented the pastor and wife with a beautiful handpainted china nut bowl, and a silver spoon tray in behalf of their friends. Rev. Copper responded in a way that showed his appreciation.

W. A. Coulthard and wife have gone to housekeeping in the Ebner cottage on the South Side.

G. R. Filmer will reopen the store at Billings, formerly owned by T. R. Foley.

Otto Torring is building a nice home near the front yard of Baumgarten & Tonlus, of which firm he is a member.

Capt. F. M. Shook, who has been attending a session of the state board of equalization in St. Paul for the past thirty days, has returned home.

Ben and A. LeMere, of Hickory, are entertaining their sister and her husband, of Somerset, Wis.

B. H. White has rented a farm near Madella and will move his family soon.

T. C. Wessels came down from Sandy Lake Wednesday. He shot five large wild cats recently and has shipped one fine specimen to the St. Louis, Mo., boys who founded "Camp Happyface" at the lake this summer.

Ed Burleigh has returned from a summer's engagement with a show in Illinois.

Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. R. W. Harlow is visiting with friends in Minneapolis this week.

Miss Iva Walling departed this morning for San Francisco, where she will visit with her brother, J. M. Walling, for a short time.

Mrs. George Zeller, of Cloquet, is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Robert Smith, she arrived Friday.

Mrs. James Talmage departed Thursday for Jasepr, New York, where she will visit with relatives for several weeks.

Rev. W. E. Hopkins and family departedWednesday morning for St. Paul, where they will spend the winter. Rev. Hopkins was formerly pastor of the Baptist church here, but for the past four years has been missionery in India. On Friday evening at the Athletic hall he gave a lecture on India and his work there. It was well attended and enjoyed by all present.

James Colville, of Eau Claire, Wis., is visiting here with relatives for a few weeks.

Mrs. Purdy, of Beardsley, is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Ward McKinley.

Mrs. Adams and daughter, who have been visiting at the home of W. J. King's for the past three weeks, returned to their home at St. Hillaire Tuesday.

John Resch and family departed Friday for their new home near Pine City.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manlove are visiting with relatives at Perham.

Mrs. Proctor, of Vendall, visited with relatives here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Woodin, expect to leave Monday for an extended visit w.... relatives in Wisconsin.

Mrs. F. W. Brusewitz, of Mount Vernon, Washington, is visiting with friends here.

F. C. Rice transacted business in Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. J. S. Trecker departed Friday for Windom, where she will visit with relatives for some time.

Mrs. Honeywell visited with relatives at Sebeka the first of the week.

Andrew Putnum, of Maltby, transacted business here the first of the week.

Miss Stella Eckert, accompanied by her sister, departed Tuesday for North Yakima, Washington, where they will visit with relatives for some time.

P. F. Deveraux transacted business in Duluth last week.

Oliver Keay returned the first of the week from Seattle.

M. F. Guyer is erecting a business building on Main street.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Haberer Saturday.

Rev. S. D. Kemerer occupied the M. E. pulpit last Sunday owing to the absence of Rev. C. O. Beckman.

Miss Edith Crawford departed Monday forWary, where she will teach during the next six months.

T. S. Weekley will depart about the 20th inst. for Sprague and other points in eastern Washington.

B. C. Barrett, of Maltby, was in this city the first of the week on his way to Fargo, where he will be employed in a real estate office during the coming year.

McKinley.

McKinley, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink was a Biwabik visitor Sunday.

John Runquist has completed his contract for grading the tracks to the Wills mine, and has moved his outfit to Hibbing, where he has a large contract.

A number from here attended the K. of P. ball at Biwabik last week.

The Elba people are doing some exploring for iron between here and Biwabik, and have a diamond drill at work.

The LeSeuer Lumber company, of Duluth, are starting up their logging camps, near Tower, and will do considerable logging near there also on the Watteface river, near Bassett, the coming winter.

R. Whitesides is putting in camps near Skibo on the St. Louis river, and will get out mining timber only for the Iron companies.

Mrs. Croba, of Biwabik, visited with friends at the Elba on Monday.

Ore business has again slacked up, owing to the shortage of boats at the docks. The Pioneer and Chandler mines of Ely have cleaned up their stock piles, and the steam shovel work is about over. By the latter part of the month many of the smaller mines will be stopping shipments and starting to stockpile their ore.

Mrs. Ed Krompasky and daughter Annie, visited with Mrs. Frank Faber at Biwabik on Wednesday.

The Pettit mine has stopped their ore shipments for the season, owing to the trouble they have had the past few weeks with an excess of water in their mine. It being flooded a couple of times. Their efforts now will be towards getting the water under good control so they will have no trouble with it during the next shipping season.

A horse owned by Harry Salmon, was killed by a Duluth & Iron Range ore train last week.

P. S. Colvin, who expected to get out about 15,000 cords of spruce wood this winter on his contract with the Hammermill Paper company, of Erie, Pa., now reports that he will not get out any or do any logging this season, on account of the large stcock they now have on hand at the mill. Other parties, however, will get out considerable spruce for the Wisconsin mills, the overproduction of two years ago now being used up, and the price is advancing.

The Duluth & Iron Range have had a work train and force of men at work this week laying tracks to the Mills mine.

Virginia.

Virginia, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ben Vallot has accepted the position of mining engineer for the Interstate iron company's Lincoln and Grant mines and will enter upon his duties at once. Mr. Vallot resigned the position of mining engineer for the Donora Iron company at Palmer, Mich., to come here.

A lodge of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters was organized on Tuesday evening by Deputy High Chief Ranger Mrs. Nellie T. Kern, of Duluth. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Chief ranger, Mary Jones; vice chief ranger, Alice Curry; recording secretary, Anna Bonner; financial secretary, Frances Brooks; treasurer, Mary Koran; sentinel, Salome Caza; trustees, Elizabeth Karl, Ellen Sullivan and Rose Goodspeed; chaplain, Rev. Bliban. The lodge starts out with a nice membership of enthusiastic workers and its success it assured.

Mrs. Charles E. Fay and children are spending the week in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. M. C. Palmer is visiting with friends in Minneapolis.

M. L. Fay's mining headquarters are being improved by a new hardwood floor.

John D. Lamont spent a few days this week on the Vermillion range.

H. G. Nathanson has gone to Duluth and West Superior on a short visit.

The loggers in this vicinity are making preparations for a very active winter's work.

F. D. Orr, of the Hercules Powder company, arrived in the city Tuesday from Minneapolis.

A. B. Coates has been in Duluth the greater part of the week looking after his mining interests.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller has moved into the Scott residence on North Wyoming avenue.

The city fathers met Tuesday evening and transacted considerable business.

The office until recently occupied by the Virginian is being fitted up for the Swedish Baptist church society. They will hold services there in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Fay, Clara and George Fay will leave soon for Florida, where they will spend the winter. Mr. Fay expects to purchase a small plantation near E. Z. Griggs' place at Tarpon Springs.

Alexander Maitland, of Negaunee, Mich., is in the city inspecting the properties of the Republic Iron & Steel company, of which he is general manager.

G. Hudson Fanning spent Sunday in the city with his parents. Hudson is now working in the offices of the Knudsen & Ferguson company, at Duluth.

The ladies of the S. H. & E. T. of gave a basket social at Hawkinson's hall on Friday last.

Rev. A. E. Rowson has returned from Morris, Minn., where he attended the Methodist conference. Mr. Rowson will leave here soon for Taylor's Falls, where he has been assigned for the coming year. Rev. E. M. Cathcart succeeds Mr. Rowson.

Rev. G. M. Todd has gone to Sandstone to attend the meeting of the Duluth Presbytery. From there he will go to Minneapolis to attend the meeting of the Synod. Mr. Todds presides as moderator at the meeting of the Presbytery.

F. B. Rassom was in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. McCuaom, of Proctor, is visiting with Virginia friends.

The teachers entertained a large number of their friends at a dancing party Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Jones have gone to Milwaukee.

The Virginia club will hold its annual meeting next Tuesday evening.

The offices of the o mine were burned early Thursday morning. The location of the blaze gave rise to the report that the Eastman mine was afire, the winter's supply of coal in this vicinity is still intact.

Frank E. Shipley and A. E. Bickford are enjoying a hunting trip in the Little Fork country.

O. E. Coons moved his family to West Superior, where he has accepted a position on the Great Northern railway.

Miss Stella Christman succeeds Miss Mamie McDonald as chief operator at this point for the Telephone company. Miss Anna Anderson fills the vacancy caused by Miss Christman.

August Wellberg, formerly of Chisholm, opened up a saloon Friday in the Scott block.

Amelia Thompson substituted for Miss Mahoney, who was ill the first part of the week.

The city council has ordered all houses to the numbered. The contract has been let to the Webber Directory company and work will be commenced next week.

Miss Mamie McDonald has accepted a position as belle girl for the Zenith Telephone company, at Duluth.

Tower.

Tower, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—D. Graham's little boy Neil, was bitten by a dog.

John Winters, the Sturgeon river farmer, and Joseph DeLisle, are in town.

Clara Coty had quite an experience coming from the head of Lake Vermilion on horseback. Her horse was frightened by a deer by the roadside, and later she saw a large timber wolf in the road.

Charles G. Miller, the Democratic nominee for sheriff, was in town Tuesday.

John B. Richards was in the city putting up his fences for judge of district court on the independent ticket. Also August Hagberg, candidate for register of deeds.

Joe and Tseffcle Broudlette, of Three Rivers, Can., are here visiting their cousin.

The Tower Lumber company is building four two-story houses for the employes.

Hibbing.

Hibbing, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. Knute Nelson will deliver a political address at the Opera house Monday evening next. This is the opening of the campaign here on the part of the Republicans, and arrangements for a large demonstration are in progress.

A power cylinder press and gasoline engine were installed in the Tribune office this week.

A special train Monday morning over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, brought Hon. L. A. Rosing, Democratic candidate for governor, here. He was accompanied by several Duluth Democrats. After partaking of dinner at the Hibbing, the party were driven out to the Mahoning mine by the local committee, and upon their return at about 2 o'clock left for Virginia.

W. W. Butchart, M. C. Palmer and J. B. Middlecoff were here campaigning this week.

Thomas F. Brady was a Duluth business caller Monday.

The village of council has ordered all ordinances overhauled and several new ones drafted.

A resolution was passed by the village council, authorizing suit against last year's council for money expended on the village park; the majority of the present council considering it a misappropriation of public funds. The council of 1901 consist of John A. Redfern, president; Stephen R. Kirby, Charles Carlson and M. H. Godfrey, trustees; Thomas F. Brady, recorder.

"He Won't Die

Of consumption" is a remark often made of a fleshy man. The remark expresses the popular recognition of the fact that the sign of consumption is emaciation, loss of flesh. On the other hand, gain in flesh is a sure sign that wasting diseases are being cured.



Emaciated people with obstinate coughs, bleeding lungs, night-sweats and weakness, have been perfectly cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The several steps of the cure were recorded in ounces and pounds of increasing weight. When there is gain in flesh the wasting disease is being surely cured.

Mr. Will H. Whitmire, of Arkton, Rockingham Co., Va., writes: "Our son contracted a deep cold about the first of July, 1899, and had a terrible cough. We called a doctor and he pronounced it irritation of the bronchial tubes, with asthmatic trouble, and he informed me that my son was liable to die at any time. He told me that if we could keep the bronchial tubes open, he *might* cure him; but after treating him several weeks and my son growing worse all the time, I concluded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I had seen several almost miraculous cures brought about by the use of these medicines, and of course I had wonderful faith in them. He used three bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' at home and one vial of the 'Pellets,' and was then well enough to go to West Virginia, taking a supply with him. I am just in receipt of a letter from him from which I quote: *'I am well and hardy and getting very fleshy.'*"

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Ely.

Ely, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special train arrived in the city Tuesday afternoon with many prominent visitors. A few of the visitors were: L. A. Rosing, candidate for governor of Minnesota, accompanied by L. L. Bukeland, of Biwabik; Charles G. Miller, candidate for sheriff of St. Louis county; Walter B. Moer, for clerk of the district court; August Tagberg, candidate for register of deeds, Daniel G. Cash, candidate for judge of probate; John B. Richards, candidate for judge of the district court. They left at 6 o'clock for Duluth.

Master Lawrence Henry, of Biwabik, is in the city this week visiting with his sister, Mrs. Ed Edwards.

Rev. Logan returned Monday evening from his visit at Morris, Minn., where he had been in attendance of the M. E. conference.

John Glode made a trip to Duluth Tuesday morning, having in charge Joseph Grazels, who shot down Eli Seaclzach in a row on the Pioneer location at one of the Austrian boarding houses.

H. Van Blarcom returned Tuesday evening from his visit to Duluth.

The funeral of Eli Seaclzach, who was shot Sunday night by Joseph Grazels, occurred Tuesday afternoon from the Catholic church, Rev. Father Buh, officiating. He was 21 years of age and leaves no relatives in this country.

C. J. Mott returned Saturday evening from his two weeks' visit at Chicago and other Eastern cities.

James O'Nell, James White, Lew White and Sam Rapson left Saturday morning for a duck hunting trip in the Burntside country.

Ed Sweeney arrived in the city Friday evening from his week's visit in Duluth, where he had been visiting with his parents.

George Leach, of Minneapolis, was in the city this week on business before United States Commissioner George Westcott.

Dan McDonald left Saturday morning for Port Arthur, where he will be employed on a diamond drill.

Frank Hodge left Saturday morning for the Nett Lake country, where he goes to hunt ducks.

Lucas Strum, of Eveleth, spent several days in the city last week on business.

A social dance party was indulged in at the village hall at Fall Lake, Saturday evening, at which a good time was had. Several couples from this city attended the affair.

E. O. Loveland, principal of the Tower public schools, was in the city Sunday and lectured at the M. E. church, in the absence of Rev. Marsh, who was in St. Paul holding services at one of the colleges in the absence of Rev. Dr. Davis.

Harry Spooner, Napoleon Aubin and William La Beau returned from their trip in the Vermillion River country.

Jim Stone and John Goard left Tuesday morning for Hibbing, where they will be employed.

Lila Polkinghorn left Tuesday morning for Hibbing, where she will visit with her sister for some time.

Herman Jadecke, of Ishpeming, Mich., was in the city a few days this week interviewing his many customers.

H. Van Blarcom and A. Tollefson left Thursday morning for his claim on the Cashango river.

At a meeting of the city council Tuesday evening, a contract was let to John Bedford for the grading of a block in Third avenue. Another contract was let to Anton Kotchevar for 500 cords of tamarack and one to Jacob Pete for 100 cords of Tamarack.

W. M. Jeffry was in the city a few days this week. Mr. Jeffry is auditor of the Oliver Iron and Minnesota Iron companys.

Joseph Seraphine, who has been laid up with typhoid fever for several weeks, is now so far recovered as to enable him to be on his feet.

W. J. Olcott, general manager and T. F. Cole, president of the Oliver and Minnesota Iron companies' mines; J. H. Hearding, superintendent of the Adams mine, and R. R. Trezona, superintendent of the Fayal, arrived in the city Tuesday evening on the private car 'Soudan.' They left Wednesday noon for Tower.

John Sommen, Frank Lehtimaki and Elias Rimmi secured first papers from Deupty Clerk of the Court P. Schaefer, Saturday.

H. W. Fisher and bride arrived in the city Thursday noon from West Superior.

The St. Cyril and Method lodge has sold to Anton Lausier for a consideration of $280, lot 12, block 8.

Anton Lausier has cold to Matt Kapsch lot 11, block 12, for a consideration of $1250.

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Korb left Thursday morning for a week's trip in the country north of here. They had with them Indians as guides.

Alois Ebner and John Mallman, of Duluth, were in the city a few days this week on business.

Rev. O. Hansen, of Virginia, was in the city a few days this week.

Mrs. W. R. Opie returned Thursday evening from her visit of a month or more with relatives at Pulaski, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Martin and Michael Pusk, accompanied by Mrs. W. H. Olds, were visiting in Tower yesterday.

H. C. Westinger, United States Steel company's mechanic engineer, was in the city Thursday.

Mrs. M. Weinzierl left Thursday morning for a visit at the Twin Cities and at her home at Boniface, Minn.

J. G. Cox left this week for a visit with friends and relatives in Michigan.

J. D. Budd spent several days in the city from Two Harbors. She was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Goldsworthy.

Superintendent W. J. West, of Buhl, and J. D. Lamont, of Virginia, were in the city Tuesday, looking over the mines.

W. Flint was up from Duluth Monday and left for the woods east of here Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Anderson, of Winton, left Monday morning for a visit with friends in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Matt Spuetyer and children visited in Tower several days this week.

John Portban left Monday morning for Ishpeming, where he goes as a delegate to attend a meeting of the national Finnish Temperance union of the United States.

The Finnish band was on the streets Sunday and rendered some choice selections.

A. S. James left Monday morning for a business trip to St. Paul.

W. Cox left Saturday morning for the Elba mine, where he will be for a week or more employed on a steam shovel.

A. H. Stone, of Minneapolis, visited with his brother, P. W. Stine, of this city, this week.

John Tribelcock, who has been visiting for two week with his brother, left Monday for a visit on the Mesaba range.

Mrs. James Marcey spent Sunday in the city from Duluth.

Miss Essie Miller, who has been visiting with her aunt, Mrs. James Sheridan and family for a month or more, departed Monday morning for her home at Milwaukee.

Art Talboys was in the city this week selling meat.

M. Baer and wife, of St. Paul, were in the city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Warren, of Milwaukee, were in the city Tuesday.

C. H. Sunderland, of West Superior, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the city.

New Duluth.

New Duluth, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. William Millen gave them a very pleasant surprise party Friday night. Dancing was the amusement of the evening. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wege, Mr. and Mrs. Lockhart, Misses Lilly Lewis, Hulda Berg and Florence Brink, of Smithville; Miss Lucia Lockhart, Messrs. Paul Sheff, Arthur Mahoney, Byron Karn, Ernest Bushel and Jerry Lockhart.

Mr. Stapleton, of Cloquet, was in New Duluth, Sunday, looking after his property here.

Among Monday's Duluth visitors were Mr. and Mrs. Audrew Johnson and children, Mrs. Edgar Tizzard and Byron Karn.

Charles Wills spent part of the week in Duluth, serving on the jury.

The C. M. A. will give a dance Friday night at the Maccabee hall.

Jerome Mahoney, youngest son of I. J. Mahoney, had quite a serious accident Friday evening. While playing hide and go seek he slipped and cut his knee on a tin can. The knee became poisoned from the tin and began to swell. It has been very painful for a number of days.

Bryon Karn has accepted a position in Duluth. Mr. Karn left for Duluth Tuesday.

Elmer E. Davis, of Minneapolis, transacted business in New Duluth a few days this week.

Rev. Knutson went to Willow River, Monday, to hold services there. He returned to New Duluth Thursday.

Frank Brand made a business call to Duluth Wednesday.

Mr. Hicks, a cedar inspector, was at the cedar plant a few days this week.

Mrs. I. J. Mahoney and Miss Essie McKay drove to Duluth Friday. Miss Ethel Mahoney and Miss Mable Bartz returned to New Duluth with them to spend Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Smith, Miss Wilner and Miss Miller attended teachers' meeting at the Duluth high school Saturday.

The Woodmen gave a card party at the Maccabee hall Saturday night. A very pleasant time is reported by all. The first prizes were drawn by Miss Ethel Mahoney and W. Thayer and the foot prize by Herbert Thayer. Among those present were Misses Florence Brink, Grace Segl and Anna Segl, of Smithville.

Dan Murphy, of Duluth, formerly of New Duluth, called on friends here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Noaelli, Michael Noaelli, Mr. and Mrs. Mike O'Connell and William O'Connell, and Mr. and Mrs. William Millen were to Duluth Thursday to attend the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Millen's grandson, little William Zlergupz, who was burned to death Wednesday.

Paul Sheff and Arthur Mahoney drove to Duluth Saturday.

Capt. Briggs, of the Duluth police force, made a business call to New Duluth Sunday.

Mrs. Donald, of West Duluth, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Frank Brand.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson, of Bergen Norway, arrived in New Duluth Saturday to spend the winter. Mr. Olson is a brother of Andrew Olson, of this place.

E. P. Ellis, representing the Standard Varnish company, of Chicago, made a business call here Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank Brand entertained very pleasantly Wednesday afternoon in honor of her son Roy's birthday. Refreshments were served and a delightful time reported by all. Those present were: Mrs. Andrew Johnson, Mrs. Widell, Mrs. Jacobson, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Gustavson, Mrs. Ed Johnson, of Smithville, Misses Annette Johnson, Nancy Widell, Florence Jacobson, Mamie Gustavson, Mable Johnson, Ethel Brand, Anna Brand, Everett Campbell, Russell Johnson and Sidney Jacobson.

Ed Olson went to Hibbing Tuesday to visit Martin Imbertson.

Mrs. Andrew Johnson and daughter, Annetta, spent Saturday with Mrs. Johnson's sister, Mrs. John Hammer, of West Duluth.

Frank Speckien returned to New Duluth Thursday, after an extended visit with relatives in Michigan City, Ind.

Paul Sheff, Arthur Mahoney and Byron Karn drove to Smithville Sunday.

Mesaba.

Mesaba, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. Deleen was here from St. Louis river this week.

H. Brousseau was in Duluth on business.

Mr. Jodrell has moved his family out to the mine.

Chas. Grant and Paul Currier were in town Sunday. Both are from the Stevens.

Dr. S. M. Johns, from Duluth, was in town Wednesday and at the Stevens mine Tuesday.

A. Brousseau was in St. Louis river on business Tuesday.

Jno. Wallace was out to the Syndicate last week.

Messrs. Grant and Wooder were in town Tuesday. They were also out to the Syndicate.

Mr. Jodrell, from the Stevens, was in town Sunday.

John Henry drove a few men out to the Syndicate this week.

Sparta.

Sparta, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. B. Sattler, of Duluth, was in Sparata Thursday.

Judge McGilvery, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Alderman Rubenstein made a business trip to Duluth Monday.

The sewing society met at Mrs. Junzs last Friday, those present were Mesdames Jury, Jones, Colvin, McClure, MacKenzie, Sullivan, Hogan, Coombs and Misses Lally, Burke, O'Brien, Sedawan, Kyle and McNevins. They meet at Mrs. Jones' tonight.

R. W. Mars, of Duluth, transacted business here Thursday.

The Bank of Sparta will open for business November 1, in the Frederick building, Mr. Myers of Biwabik, is the leading light in the new institution and comes well recommended.

R. A. Sanderson has been appointed minister of M. E. church here, vice Mr. Taylor assigned to another charge. Mr. Taylor made many friends while here and has the honor of leaving the church free of debt, although it was badly involved when he accepted the charge here. He has the best wishes of the entire community.

Mrs. Gaul returned from a three months' visit at Ironwood, Mich.

Geo. A. St. Clair, president of the Sparta Iron Co., is looking after the mining interests of the range this week.

Ike Cowling returned from Dakota Thursday, where he has been acting as Superintendent of a large coal mine near Minot.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trichler are rejoicing over the arrival of an assistant electrician at their pleasant home on Karl avenue. The young man arrived Monday.

J. Shea, of Two Harbors, was in town Monday.

James W. Falk will open a lumber yard at Nashwauk.

Alex Neil McInnis was a Duluth visitor this week.

James Dowling made a business trip to Duluth Thursday.

Rosa Geresech, of Virginia, was a Sparta visitor Wednesday.

Two Harbors.

Two Harbors, Oct. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Senator Knute Nelson will open the campaign here for the Republicans by a speech at the Norden hall next Tuesday evening, Oct. 14. Other prominent Republicans will be present also.

Rev. G. E. Pickard returned Tuesday from the M. E. conference at Norris, Minn. Mr. Pickard will retain his pastorate here for another year.

Superintendent Thomas Owens, of the Duluth & Iron Range, departed Monday on a business trip to Idaho and expects to be absent about three weeks.

Cashier J. D. Anderson, of the First National bank, looked after matters on his farm at Kimberly, Minn., a few days this week.

The ladies' lodge of the B. of L. T. are making preparations for their second annual ball, to occur at the Norden hall, Thanksgiving eve, Nov. 22.

E. D. Herman has gone to Chicago to resume his studies at the Armour institute.

Country politics are becoming quite active and the prospects are that the warmest contest in some time is at hand. Thomas Marten for auditor and Joseph E. Herrlen for treasurer, are among the independent candidates to come out this week. This makes candidates for each of the offices. The other contests will be for coroner and for county commissioner of the third district.

President J. L. Greatsinger, of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, was in town again Saturday, looking over some property interests he retains here.

The social held by the Lady Maccabees at the home of Miss Burley, Tuesday evening, was a very pleasant and successful affair.

George Tailor conducted the services at the First M. E. church Sunday evening, in the absence of Rev. R. E. Pickard.

Mrs. R. Monelas was down from Grand Marias Friday and Saturday.

Pronoost and St. Jacques commenced this week hooking some cedar and ties at the camps near Highland for shipment to Duluth parties.

The steamer J. H. Farwell, of the Quebec line, discharged a cargo of coal here the latter part of the week.

Governor Van Sant is expected here about the twentieth, on his campaign tour, and Hon. L. A. Rosing, democratic candidate for governor, will speak here Oct. 22.

Rev. H. Littlehales, formerly of this place, was appointed to the pastorate at Chisholm, Minn., at the M. E. conference at Morris, Minn., last week.

The precipitation here during September was 2.66 inches and the average temperature, 50.

Blaine Bon was up from Duluth a few days this week, visiting old many friends.

He is now employed repairing of tugs at West Duluth.

Jas. Kernan, an old resident of this place and employed as an inspector by the Duluth & Iron Range was run over and killed in the yards here Saturday morning. It seems he was under some cars repairing them when a train accidentally backed into and moved them, catching him under the wheels. Deceased was married and leaves a wife and seven children. He was a member of the K. O. T. M., holding $2000 insurance in that order. The funeral was held Tuesday from the Catholic church, and was a very large one, the Maccabees attending in a body. Relatives from Sheldon, Pa., came here to attend also.

Alex McDonald is acting in John Youngquist's place as foreman of bridge work during the absence of the latter on his farm at Grasston, Minn.

The steamer Shrigley took on a cargo of lumber here this week for Chicago from the C. M. Hull company's mill at Drummon. The barge Fryer is also taking on a cargo from the Tower mills.

H. L. Holden has returned from a trip down the lakes.

Edward Owens has moved into his new residence on Ninth avenue.

The city fathers held a short session Monday evening. Plans and specifications for the new pumping and electric light station were received from Engineer T. F. McGilvray, of Duluth, and referred to the committee to report at the next meeting. The owners or the property on the north side of block 4, and the south side of block 11, Second avenue, were ordered to put their sidewalks in proper condition within fifteen days or they would be condemned. The order was occasion by the injury of a lady in that vicinity last week. The poundmaster reported $2 fines collected during the week. Mrs. Julia O'Hearn was given permission to move her dwelling house from Poplar street to lot 4, block 15. City Plumber Pastoret was given permission to do blasting within the village limits when necessary for making excavations for pipe connections. Water and Light Collector T. E. Therrien presented his resignation, to take effect Oct. 15, 1902, which was accepted. Application for the above position was received from R. N. Ostlund and referred to the committee. Bills amounting to $1017.21 were allowed and interest on the water bonds amounting to $500 was ordered paid.

R. E. Jones has been called to Galesburg, Ill., by the serious illness of his father at that place.

The Scott-Graff Lumber company received another steam log loader from Duluth this week and will soon start to work with it on their logging spurs near Drummond.

W. N. Moulton, of this place, has been appointed Lake county member of the Republican congressional committee.

A number of friends surprised T. J. Brown at his home Saturday evening, the occasion of his 39th birthday, and presented him with a fine leatner rocker and a very pleasant time was had.

The village Nimrods who have been hunting without success since the opening of the season had the pleasure of a hunt in the open Saturday morning. A stray partridge flew into town and lighted in the yard at the car shops. After being shot at about fifty time it was scared away and flew over to the docks, where it was finally killed.

A number of typhoid fever patients have been brought to the hospitals here from Beaver Bay the past week, the disease being quite prevalent there.

M. M. Hanna spent Sunday hunting ducks at Highland.

The barge Thompson discharged about 5000 tons of coal here the latter part of the week for the mines. Shipments of coal receipts here for the season amount to about 170,000 tons, an increase over last year of 25,000 tons, with about 15,000 tons yet to come. The Iron Range alone has about 35,0000 tons in stock for use on their locomotives.

Mayor W. S. Bryan went to St. Louis, Minn., this week on some business connected with the Duluth & Iron Range.

It is reported that Colvin Robb, who shipped about 25,000 cords of spruce wood from here the past three seasons, will not get out any at all this winter, which means there will be none shipped from this past next year.

D. Lamont, of Duluth, looked after his business interests here Friday.

The bazar given by the ladies of the Catholic church opened at Maccabee hall Wednesday evening and will close this evening. A fine entertainment was had the opening night. Messrs. Evans and Lynn, Mrs. McAuliffe and Miss West, leading Duluth musicians, participated, and City Attorney John Dwan made a fine address. A large number of prizes will be given away and the promise is for one of the most successful fairs yet given.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Owens were down from Biwabik a couple of days this week visiting with relatives.

Mrs. Louisa Otterblad, wife of Otto Otterblad, died at her home here Wednesday morning of blood poisoning, after an illness of but a few days. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn her loss, the youngest child being but ten days old. Deceased with her husband has resided her a number of years and was highly esteemed by those who knew her. The funeral was held Friday from the Swedish M. E. church.

Mrs. I. W. Lake, of Colorado Springs, Col., visited here Thursday.

The local lodge I. O. G. T. met at the home of Mrs Lucy Carlson Tuesday evening and initiated seven new members.

Considerable of the lumber being loaded on boats here the past week has been short stuff and heavy timber. Shipments are expected to be heavy for the balance of the season, a couple of boats being due today. The boat men say they can get loaded quicker and easier here than at Duluth.

Thomas Martin and Pete Pastoret have secured a $5000 contract for the extension of the Cass Lake, Minn., water works system.

The local lodge of Foresters will give a grand ball at the Norden hall Friday evening, the 24th inst. LaBresse's orchestra of Duluth will furnish the music and a first class time is expected.

The Iron Range road has had a force of men at work this week putting in loading spurs for the different lumbermen between here and Highland and Drummond.

Dr. E. L. Cheney has returned from a two weeks' visit with his relatives at Boston, Mass.

The passenger from Ely was two hours late Wednesday evening, being delayed by a wreck at Tower Junction, in which two ore engines were somewhat damaged.

A number of cases of measles are reported in town.

Bemidji.

Bemidji, Oct. 11.—It is reported from St. Paul that Harris Richardson, who has heretofore been the controlling spirit in the townsite company, has parted with his holdings to Tams Bixby, who now owns a majority of the stock. A meeting of the board of directors will be held in St. Paul on the 15th of the month, at which time the future policy of the company will be agreed upon.

The young ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church will give a basket social at the church on Wednesday evening, Oct. 29. A fine literary and musical program will be rendered.

George W. Slawson and Miss Nellie Hodge, of Tenstrike, were married in the City Hotel at Bemidji, last Friday, by their fellow townsman, George H. Wetsel.

A very enjoyable time was had at Mr. Lindberg's place in the town of Frohn, last Sunday, the occasion being a farewell social to Mr. and Mrs. Lindberg, who expect to move to Bemidji in a few days. A large number of their friends and neighbors were present.

Mrs. A. E. Henderson and her daugh-



Timely Warning Comes to Duluth People.

Backache is such a deceptive thing.

It comes and goes—Keeps you guessing all the time.

Learn the cause—then cure it.

Nine times out of ten it comes from the kidneys.

It's the kidneys' cry for help—The warning of more serious trouble to follow.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Cure backache—and every form of kidney trouble, down to the very verge of Bright's disease—Nothing will cure that.

How do we know? Duluth proof—Lots of it. Proof that can't be gainsaid.

Here is one Duluth case:

Mr. C. Hackmann, of 2222 Michigan street, brakeman on the Northern Pacific railroad, says: "I was troubled for years with a heavy, dull aching pain through the small of my back and an unnatural and irregular condition of the kidney secretions. My work is particularly trying on the back and being frequently exposed to rough weather and doing a good deal of climbing about the cars, kept my condition aggravated. I felt all run down, and I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and procuring a box at the Duluth Drug company's store and used them. In a remarkably short time I was thoroughly relieved

ter, Miss June, returned home Tuesday after an extended visit with relatives in Eau Claire, Wis.

R. G. Whitmer, of Primghar, Iowa, is in the city as the guest of L. H. Bailey and family. Mr. Whitmer owns something like 13,000 acres of Beltrami county soil, and says he would rather live in Bemidji than any other place he knows of.

Mrs. Bartell, of Minneapolis, arrived here Tuesday for a visit with her daughter, Miss Cora.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick McGuire returned to Bemidji after spending the summer at Virginia, Minn.

Mrs. John Bailey was called by telegram last Saturday to the bedside of her sister at Little Falls.

Dr. Foster was in Duluth last week on business.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Flatley, Monday, a girl.

Mrs. Day, who has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Major Wilson, in this city for the past two weeks, returned to her home in Hudson, Wis., last Tuesday.

E. H. Cornwell has purchased two lots in block 2, second addition, and will commence next week to build thereon a residence. The building will be 24x28 and 16x24.

At the home of the bride's parents last Thursday evening occurred the marriage of Miss Winnefred M. Sprague to Robert Clark. Rev. Frank Higgins performed the ceremony in the presence of the members of the family and a few friends of the contracting parties.

Biwabik.

Biwabik, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dennis Hogan and two children arrived here from Montana Saturday, where they went several months ago to make their home. They did not like it there, and so have returned here to remain. Mr. Hogan was one of Biwabik's pioneers. And served as policeman here for several years. Mrs. Hogan will arriv ehere with the rest of the family in a few days.

Quite a number of citizens are taking advantage of the hunting season. A party consisting of Messrs. Colvin, Shank, J. C. Poole, of Eveleth, and Seeley returned Monday after a few days' outing. They brought in a number of birds.

Judge McGilvenay was over from Eveleth Sunday shaking hands.

Mr. Medus was over from Buhl and spent Sunday here with his family.

Miss McNevins, of Sparta, was in town Saturday, the guest of the Misses Traveau.

The members of the Clio club held a farewell reception at the home of Mrs. Seeley Friday afternoon between 3:30 and 5:30 in honor of Mrs. Cummings, who left here Saturday to meet Rev. Cummings. The ladies served coffee and cake. Those present were Mesdames Morrill, Kinney, Shank, Estes, Myers, Dane, Cummings, Seeley, O'Hara, Misses Janet and Agnes Carmichael, Rowe, Alsted, Mane, Obey, Brandt and Dennison.

Miss Kyle, of Sparta, was in town Saturday visiting with friends.

A party of Democratic candidates were in town Tuesday. Among them being L. Rosing, candidate for governor, Dr. Cullum and several others. They arrived here on a special train over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern.

Miss Minnie O'Hara has been appointed librarian at the library here to fill Mr. Williams' vacancy, who is on the sick list. The reading room is to undergo considerable changing, and things are going to be made as comfortable as possible. The traveling library books are going to be sent to Duluth this week for a new supply. A number of magazines will also be added to the list. Young people seem to appreciate the reading room very much.

Max Cohen and family left Friday for a few days' visit at Eveleth with relatives.

Rev. Cummings has been appointed to work at Motley, Minn., for the coming year. This was decided at the conference which was held last week. Rev. Ellis, who has filled the pulpit at Soudan has been appointed for here and Edna.

Malcolm Anderson has bought a lot and small house on Chicago avenue and is having it house moved up to the front of the lot, which will improve the appearance of the street after it has undergone the improvements which he is planning on giving it.

Mrs. Mick Shank was over at Eveleth Friday, visiting friends.

Mr. Flynn, who has been the operator at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern depot for the past few months has resigned and left for Grand Forks, N. D., where he has accepted a similar position.

The house of Anton Bennett, on the McKinley road, was burglarized Monday afternoon, while Mrs. Bennett was at Sparta visiting. They took everything they could see, consisting of a watch and chain valued at $50, five gold rings, Mrs. Bennett's dresses, the clothes of three boarders, also some money. The man was seen carrying things out by some of the neighbors, who did not take any notice of him, never thinking a burglar would be so bold as to do his work in broad daylight. Mr. Bennett thinks it must have been done by some one who is acquainted with the house, probably a former boarder.

James Verrill's family arrived here Monday evening to make their home here for the winter. Mr. Verrill has opened up a camp near town and expects to do some logging business this winter. Mr. Gaines is also connected with the camps.

Mrs. McGraw has been visiting among old acquaintances this week at Two Harbors.

Misses Mabel and Janet Carmichael returned Thursday from a few days' visit in Duluth.

W. W. Brown transacted some legal business at Duluth the middle of the week.

Mrs. Herbert Dane taught the kindergarten class a few days this week for Miss Dennison, who has been on the sick list, she is able to resume her duties again.

Frank Faber returned Wednesday from Duluth, after a few days' business trip.

P. J. Murray is at Chicago for a week's vacation. He is expected back in a few days.

Myer Glassner was at Hibbing a few days the middle of the week, calling on old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Poole called on friends here Wednesday.

Miss Clem Smith is expected home today, after a three weeks' visit.

Max Scharman returned to Sparta Tuesday, after a few days' visit here with relatives.

Mrs. Fred Lenz has been in town several days, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gorman.

Mrs. McDermitt and children returned Saturday from a few days' visit with friends at Eveleth.

Mrs. Voss has returned to her home at Ely after a few days' visit with relatives here.

Mrs. H. C. Morrill was at Eveleth Thursday visiting with friends.

John Mewhinney, of Sparta, was in town Thursday, visiting with his brother and family.

Mrs. Lake delivered a very interesting temperance lecture before a large audience at the Congregational church Friday evening.

Joe Sellwood returned Thursday from Duluth, where he attended the wedding of his sister.

The order of Maccabees are thinking of giving their fourth annual ball next Friday, Oct. 17.

The bank is going to move into the place owned by Mrs. Kinnefick on the corner of Canton avenue and Maine street. Mr Buell has also opened a bank at Sparta. Mr. Myers will also assist at the bank there.

W. L. Hall went to Duluth Thursday, accompanying his mother there, who left for her home at Armandale, Minn., after an extended visit here.

I. W. Kerr and crew arrived here Saturday and have started opening up their camps here for the winter. Considerable logging is to be done around here this winter.

Mr. Stearms left Monday for Bemidji, where he now has charge of some camps. He expects to move his family there in the near future.

Miss Reynolds Cook spent several days this week visiting friends at Allen Junction.

James Carey returned to Highland Monday after spending Sunday in town with his parents.

Coates & Moore, of Virginia, have a drill at work near here.

Mr. Kompasky, of McKinley, was in town Tuesday calling on friends.

Mrs. Ford was over from McKinley Thursday on a shopping tour.

Mrs. Nicen was at Sparta the latter part of the week with friends.

Mary Layee has returned from Pike River, where she spent several days with her parents.

Conductor McDermit is again running on the short line train between here and Virginia, after a few months spent on the passenger between Eveleth and Ely.

The young people of the Finnish Temperance society were over at McKinley Sunday and repeated the play which they gave here a few weeks ago. They netted a neat little sum there, which will go toward building a church there in the near future.

McClelaed and family, of Missabe, spent Sunday in town with relatives.

Mr. Hall, the night operator at the Duluth & Iron Range depot, has resigned his position here, and left Monday for Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Nice, of Rush City, but formerly of this place, spent several days in town visiting friends.

Dave Owens has returned to work after a few days' vacation.

Dave Enight was up from Highland and spent Sunday in town with his folks.

Ed Croton is having a sliding out on his house to prepare it for winter.

Capt. Carmichael is having his cottage repainted.

The Duluth & Iron Range depot is also receiving a new coat of paint.

Mrs. William Henry has returned to her home at Eveleth after a few days spent here with friends.

Mr. Mattson expects to leave here soon for an extended trip to Europe. The young Finnish people gave a farewell dance at the opera hall Saturday evening for him.

Proctorknott.

Proctorknott, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A dancing club was organized in the village last Monday evening and will give a dance once a month during the winter, the first will be a masquerade, which will be given at the village hall, about the 26th of October. The club consists of about eighteen members, and will be known as the Proctor Social club.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Olson, on Sunday morning last.

Marcus L. Fay and William Brown addressed a large crowd at the village hall last Wednesday evening.

The Proctor Gun club did some practice shooting at the old baseball grounds last Saturday. Some good shooting was done by D. T. Murphy, J. V. Gilbert and W. A. Riddle.

Harry Keely is laid up with a sprained ankle.

J. P. Murray is confined to his bed with dyphtheria.

P. Taillon has moved from one of the company houses and now occupies the house formerly occupied by Carl Elles.

W. A. Edwards has purchased the Barber house on the east side.

Iron River.

Iron River, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—T. N. Okstrom, of Port Wing, was in this city last Monday on his way to Duluth.

Attorney E. Sauve was over to Washburn last Saturday on business.

Mrs. Wines, of St. Paul, is visiting with her husband this week. Mr. Wines is train dispatcher for the Alextinder-Edgar Lumber company here.

Last Monday morning about 5 o'clock, F. X. Mineau, the night watchman for the Alexander & Edgar Lumber company's mill, found a man lying dead alongside of the Duluth, South Shore railroad track, about 600 feet southeast of the railroad crossing below the mill. He immediately reported the find to Justice N. W. Barker, and a coroner's jury was soon summoned and repaired to the scene. The body was identified as that of John Anderson, a section hand working in the section crew at Elliott, a section on the South Shore. Mr. Anderson was 28 years old. He was a single man. He was supposed to have been struck by the midnight freight. His brother came here and took charge of the body, which was interred in the city cemetery.

P. I. Ames, of Port Wing, was in Iron River last Monday looking over the city.

George A. Rabb and Anna Schimmel were united in marlage last Wednesday morning at the St. Michael's church by the Rev. Father Kleffer, in the presence of a large number of the relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The groom's brother, Samuel Rabb acted as best man and May Schimmel, sister of the bride, as maid of honor. Mr. Rabb is running a barber shop at Lake Nebagamon, where they will make their future residence.

Attorney E. Sauve was out to Orienta last Thursday.

Frank Warbalow and Miss Lillie Ryder were married last Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the residence of Charles Warbalow, brother of the groom. They will make their home in Iron River. The groom gave a wedding dance the same evening, which was well attended.

Stephen Middlebrook, of Mindoro, Wis., is visiting with his daughter here, Mrs. Harry Hall, in this city.

The Rebekah lodge gave the Odd Fellows a very pleasant surprise last Wednesday evening. The ladies turned out in full force and took forcible possession of the hall, where the Odd Fellows were holding their weekly meeting. To offer resistance was useless, for the reason that every one of the intruders were armed with something good to eat. The Odd Fellows surrendered the hall to them without a struggle. After the capture, the remainder of the evening was spent in eating the good stuff that was furnished for the I. O. O. F. boys.

Miss Estella Miller left last Thursday evening for Washington state, where she expects to become the bride of Bert Springer, who left here about eighteen months ago.

Mrs. P. Walsh, of Eagle River, is visiting with Mrs. Thomas B. Walsh, of this city.

Ironwood.

Ironwood, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Oscar Lebeis, of Chippewa Falls, was in town Sunday on business.

J. B. Carlin was up from Gogebic on business Thursday.

A concert and supper was given at the Scandinavian hall by the Degree of Honor and a very large crowd were in attendance.

E. L. Appleton, of Antigo, was in town all week visiting his many friends.

M. Sullivan, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. W. Meader, returned to his home at Butte City Wednesday.

An Italian miners was killed at the Cary mine Wednesday afternoon by a cave-in in No. 3 shaft. The deceased was single and had only a short time ago arrived from the old country.

A. M. Williams, of Wakefield, was in town Sunday visiting friends.

J. Boyle, of Antigo, was in town Monday on business.

The 7-month-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Greene, of Cedar, swallowed some polson while staying at the home of Ed Ryan. Only the quick arrival of a physician saved the baby's life.

H. Waters, of Denver, Col., was in town on business Monday.

Mrs. M. Ryan, of Ironwood, was at Atkinson all week visiting relatives.

M. N. Crane, of Chicago, was in the city on a short business trip Tuesday.

The concert given by the Cosgrove orchestra at the Masonic hall was largely attended and they met with great success.

E. W. Tallock, of Ashland, spent Tuesday in the city on business.

Mrs. J. Edwards and children, of Duluth, were in town all week visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Moran.

A large crowd of Bessemer people attended the banquet given in honor of Mrs. Hewett, grand chief of the Degree of Honor of Lansing, Mich.

A. C. Hause, of Milwaukee, was in town Thurhday on business.

C. W. Bridenthal, of Duluth, was in the city on business Friday.

W. E. Dodge, of Wausau, spent Thursday in the city on business.

F. McCarthy, of Escanaba, who had been visiting relatives in Ironwood returned to his home Thursday.

W. B. Cooper, of New York, was in town Tuesday on business.

Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Oct. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Chas. Knuff visited Bemidji on Sunday.

Frank West arrived here on Tuesday from McIntosh on a visit to friends.

R. F. Lussier and J. E. T. Tapley moved into their new store on Wednesday.

A. L. Cole, Republican candidate for representative of the Fifty-second district, called here on his way to Grand Rapids to meet some of his political friends.

C. M. Taylor & Co. have opened a fine branch store at Walker this week.

The firemen at their meeting elected J. T. B. Smith secretary in place of A. G. Ruptledge, resigned.

Chief of Police Leeman was succeeded by W. Jones on Saturday.

G. H. Walsh was a visitor to Walker on Monday on important official business.

A. F. Young was a visitor to the county seat on Thursday.

J. T. Gardner and F. W. Smith are out in the woods hunting.

Dan Lilly and family left here for Little Falls on Thursday, where they will reside.

G. H. Gipson is at Sioux Falls, S. D., on business. He returns Saturday.

Mrs. Irish and daughter Ethel came up from Minneapolis on Friday and expect to reside here.

Before a jury, Kennedy, a cordwood sawer, was found guilty of stealing wood. He sawed some wood for the Chinese laundryman, and not getting all the pay he demanded, he carted the wood away.

Gracie Gould, a girl of about fourteen summers, is in the village jail under the supervision of the county authorities. She ran away from home in company with a certain woman, to Fargo, and to a questionable house. She was before the judge at Walker and is being held as a witness against her abductors. It is expected she will be sent to a reform school.

The village council passed an ordinance at its last meeting to provide additional fire protection to the village. Five new hydrants will be added by the Cass Water & Power Co., on its line of pipe. The county has already entered into a contract with Pastoret & Martin, Two Harbors, for the extension of four thousand feet of water system, extending to Nells' lumber yard and mills on the northeast and to near the Scanlon-Gipson company planing mill on the south of the railway track. It is also putting in an additional boiler, 66x18, open hearth, and the fire box steel.

The Tuesday literary club met at Mrs. H. L. Hartley's and a special program was given, it being the opening of the winter's session.

Mrs. Davis, president of the state Rebassa, Richard and Shamu Rebeccas, visited the lodge here at its last meeting and exemplified the work. Luncheon was served.

Rev. J. T. Smith returned from Morris, Minn., where he attended the annual conference of the M. E. conference. He was appointed pastor of the local church for another year.

H. E. Reed and family were pleasantly surprised by a large party of friends on Wednesday evening, and dancing and other amusements were indulged in. An enjoyable time was spent.

R. L. Hartley, the genial manager of the Cass Land company, returned from a visit to the twin cities on Thursday, where he was on business.

Ducks and game are fairly plentiful in the woods near here and the woods. Parties are arriving daily and the sport is fine.

H. J. Brocker is adding another story to his tailoring department.

The Great Northern has a big crew at work on the viaduct over the tract on Second street.

DUN'S REVIEW

Favorable Symptoms Still Predominate In the Industrial World.

New York, Oct. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Favorable symptoms still predominate and the business outlook is encouraging despite the adverse factors of labor controversies, fuel shortage and tight money. That these drawbacks have not seriously checked industrial progress testifies to the strong position attained during recent months of uninterrupted activity and growing confidence. Manufacturing plants dependent upon steam for motive power are finding profits curtailed by the high prices for fuel and unless normal conditions are soon restored, it will be necessary to secure better quotations for products. The problem of adequate transportation is also disturbing, as there is already congestion in the coke region. When anthracite coal mining is fully resumed and grain shipments attain expected dimensions, the railroads will find great difficulty in meeting all requirements despite vigorous efforts to increase facilities. Railway earnings in September were 9.4 per cent larger than last year and 20.2 per cent in excess of 1900. Duplication in number of commodity prices proportioned to consumption was $100,658 on Oct 1, an advance of 1.4 per cent, compared with the position of Sept. 1. It is certain that the records of pig iron production would be far surpassed if coke could be obtained, even with the exceptionally high prices now prevailing. Hence, reports of active furnaces measure the available supply of coke rather than the demand for pig iron. Imports continue on a liberal scale, although new rulings as to tariff rates checked arrivals of steel billets. Railway equipment is still the most active feature of the market, car shops seeking material, while orders are placed for far distant delivery because early shipments ae impossible. High premiums are offered for locomotives, but builders' order books filled well into next year. Last week's reduction in prices of sheets and wire have not been followed by any weakness in other branches of the trade, while an improved demand is reported in the lines making concessions.

Shipments of footwear from Eastern shops continue on a large scale, comparing favorably with the movement a year ago, which was considered exceptionally heavy. Further sales of heavy goods for winter wear are reported, and shipments of fall shoes are steady. The amount of business already placed assures activity at the factories for some time, and buyers have paid higher prices for calf boots. Most varieties of sole leather and belting butts are weaker, while other divisions of the market are sustained by liberal purchases, partly for export. Hides are dull and weaker, with the larger buyers out of the market, and as the season advances the quality deteriorates. Cotton mills in New England are preparing to shut down on account of the fuel shortage, and the market for goods is strong because supplies are already limited. Jobing sales are fully up to the average for this season and collections are satisfactory, but uncertainty as to the future is to restrict undertakings. Conclusion of the opening purchases of woolens has brought a quiet market for spring weights and there is only a moderate demand for heavy goods for quick delivery. Complaints are still heard as to the delay in movement of sample pieces.

Failure for the wek numbered 245 in the United States against 231 last year, and 21 in Canada compared with 24 a year ago.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has decided to appeal to the business men and other sympathizers with the anthracite coal miners for some responsible professional or public man should take the matter in charge and begin a sympathetic campaign for assistance.

The Indianapolis jury in the case of Ora E. Copenhaver, charged with the murder of his wife, returned a verdict of first degree murder Friday night and fixed the penalty at death by hanging. This is the first death sentence passed on a murderer in that county in seventeen years.

Dot Wells, a restaurant keeper at North McGregor, killed John Gleason by a blow of his first Friday. The killing was the result of a quarrel because Gleason had not paid for a meal.

The coroner's jury that has been investigating the death of Mrs. Anna Pulitzer, whose body was found in the Morris canal on Sept. 18, has rendered a verdict in Jersey City, that the woman came to her death through violence at the hands of William Hooper Young.

Kid Broud, of Cleveland, and Billy Maynard, of New York, fought six rounds Friday night at the Ariel club, at Philadelphia. The men mixed up from the beginning. No decision is given in this city.

Commander-in-Chief Stewart, of the G. A. R., has announced the personnel of the new council of administration. It is made up of one member from each department and includes: Iowa, S. C. James; Michigan, Ren Barker; Minnesota, L. W. Cullen; North Dakota, J. H. Johnson; Wisconsin, J. W. Gaines.

Asthma and Hay Fever Cured.

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma, which are being effected by Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure certainly call for notice.

Rev. G. L. Taylor, of Washburn, Ill., says: "Some 7 years ago my wife used several packages of your Asthma Cure which resulted in a permanent cure."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have been a sufferer from Hay Fever for over 20 years, and it seemed harder every year. The first night I used your Asthma Cure I was greatly relieved. It cured my cough after using a few times. I shall recommend it to all sufferers of Hay Fever." Mrs. Martha Simerson, Laingsburg, Mich.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 895, St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package.

COMMITTEE

Named to Forward Detroit Resolutions to President.

Detroit, Oct. 11.—Senator William E. Mason, of Illinois, who was chairman of the interstate conference on the coal situation here, has appointed the following committee to forward the resolutions adopted at the conference to President Roosevelt: Mayor W. C Maybury, chairman; W. H. Beamer, Detroit; Judge W. A. Babcock, Cleveland; Rev. R. A. White, Chicago; Col. W. C. P. Breckenridge, Lexington, Ky.; Gorge W. Stanley, Batavia, N. Y.; L. B. Bodwell, Manchester, N. H.; Frank E. Gavin, Indianapolis; Ed Lahiff, Chicago. Senator Mason is also a member.

The committee was ordered by the conference to carry the resolutions to Washington, if possible, and they will accordingly be taken there by Senator Mason, Mayor Maybury, Rev. White, and possibly several other members of the committee. Mayor Maybury has already telegraphed to Washington to arrange for a meeting with the president.

RELEASED.

South American Embezzler Discharged By Court Commissioner.

Milwaukee, Oct. 11.—Jaehkel, who was arrested at Trevor, Wis., four months ago, charged with having embezzled $49,000 from his employers in the Argentine Republic, was yesterday discharged from custody by United States Court Commissioner Bloodgood, who held that insufficient evidence had been produced to warrant the extradition of the prisoner. The chief reason for the discharge of the prisoner was based on the fact that, according to the laws of Wisconsin a prisoner cannot be extradited on a petit larceny charge, and as no specific charge of larceny was smade against Jaehkel, the complaint did not hold.

Bought Yesterday--Cured Today.—Mrs. C. C. Burt, of 26 Broadway, New York, says: "I am surprised and delighted at the change for the better in my case in one day from the use of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It works like magic—there's no excuse for a person suffering pain with this remedy within reach. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Wardwell Ames, applicant, to have registered the land described as follows:

The southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of section nineteen (19), township fifty-one (51) North, of range fifteen (15) West, in St. Louis County, Minnesota,

Plaintiff,

vs.

T. O'Connell, C. N. Nelson Lumber company, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.

(Seal of Court.)

Duluth evening Herald, Oct. 4-11-18, 1902.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Wardwell Ames, applicant to have registered the land described as follows:

North half of northwest quarter of northeast quarter (n½ of nw¼ of ne¼) and south half of southwest quarter of southwest quarter of northeast quarter (s½ of sw¼ of sw¼ of ne¼) and south two acres of north half of southwest quarter of southwest quarter of northeast quarter, (n½ of sw¼ of sw¼ of ne¼), all in section ten (10), township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14), west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Joseph Holder, the unknown heirs of Hiram Walbridge, deceased, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.

(Seal of Court).

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-4-11-18-190.

Handy Classified List
Of Duluth and West Superior
Representative Firms

FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL.

Abstract of Title.
THE CONS. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.
UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale Bldg.
H. H. HOYT (Lake and Cook Counties), Manhattan Bldg.

Accident and Health Insurance.
UNION MUTUAL INS. CO., Palladio bldg

Accident and Liability Insurance.
AETNA LIFE INS. CO., Wendell P. Mosher, Mgr., Providence bldg.

Architects.
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale bldg
I. V. HILL, Palladio bldg.

Attorneys at Law.
M. DOUGLAS, 312 First Nat. Bk. Bldg.
N. H. WILSON, 508 Torrey Building.
F. W. HARGREAVES, 715 Torrey Bldg.
CHAS. A. McPHERRIN, 709 Torrey Bldg.
DAVID M. DEVORE, 614 Manhattan Bldg
I. GRETTUM, 421 Manhattan Bldg.

Banks.
AMERICAN EXCHANGE, Exchange bldg.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
MERCHANTS Bank, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Civil Engineers.
PATTON & FRANK, 613 Palladio.

Collections.
BRIGHT MERC. AGENCY, 909 Torrey.
NATIONAL ADJUSTMENT CO. (Inc.), 513 Palladio.

Dentist.
H. C. SPENGLER, 3 West Superior.
F. H. BURNETT, 303 W. Superior.
R. E. NIXON, New Jersey building.

Electrical Contractor.
J. H. McLAUGHLIN, Palladio building.

Farm Lands.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 428 West Superior.
FRANK C. DESCENT, W. Sup., Wis.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON-McRAE & Co., Exchange.
LANE McGREGOR & CO., Exchange bldg

Furnaces, Cornices, Roofing.
BURRELL & HARMON, 3 S. 1st Ave. E.

Land Attorney.
H. L. SHEPHERD, 225 Manhattan bldg.

Life Insurance Companies.
NEW YORK LIFE INS. CO., Manhattan bldg, Jesse R. Sharp, manager.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.
PENN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Henry I. Pineo & Co., Mgr.

Lots and Dock Property, West Duluth
W. DULUTH LAND CO., Trust bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.
R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale.

Optician.
C. C. STAACKE, New Jersey building.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks
JAMES T. WATSON, Palladio Building.

Pine and Iron Lands.
EATON BROS., 412 Providence Building.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG (Est. 1880), New Jersey bldg.

Pine Lands and Pulp Wood.
BROWN BROS., 511 Torrey bldg.

Real Estate.
STRATTON & HAMMOND, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Farm and Iron Lands.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO., Providence bldg.
O. G. OLSON, 415 Burrows bldg.

Real Estate and Investments.
A. M. MORISON, 212 Trust building.

Real Estate and Iron Lands.
SHARP & RYAN, 406 Palladio Building.

Real Estate and Loans.
WM. C. SHERWOOD & CO., Torrey Bldg.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Bldg.
N. J. UPHAM & CO., 400 Burrows Bldg.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
PULFORD, HOW & CO., Trust bldg.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
O. R. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
CHAS. A. STARK, 213 Palladio bldg.
E. P. ALEXANDER, JR., Torrey bldg.
ALFRED KJELLIN, 306 Burrows bldg.
W. B. GETCHELL, 407 Central Av., W. D
N. J. MILLER, 433 Manhattan bldg.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange.
WALTER FOWLER, W. Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Municipal Bonds, Loans
A. C. VOLK, Palladio building.

Real Estate and Renting.
LITTLE & NOLTE (Est. 1886), Ex. bldg.
HARFORD L. BILLSON, Torrey bldg.

Safety Deposit.
NAT. SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 1st Nat. Bank Bldg, boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

WHOLESALE.

Art, Leaded Glass, Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Art M'f'rs, Picture Frames, Mirrors.
DECKER MFG. CO., 16 Second Ave. W.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Bag Manufacturers and Paper Dealers.
LAKE SUPERIOR BAG CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Bakeries.
SCANDINAVIAN BAKERY, 110 Garf'd.

Bakery and Ice Cream.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.

Blank Book Manufacturers and Binders.
R. C. MAST & CO., Providence bldg.

Boiler and Marine Work.
NORTHWEST BOILER WKS., 609 Gar.
GOGEBIC BOILER WKS., 409 Lake.

Breweries.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior St.

Brownstone Dealers.
WM. PENN & CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Michigan.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Mich.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.
TUCKER, TOBEN & CO., 212 W. Mich.
SANDERS & CO., 201 West Michigan.

Car Hauling, Engines and Machinery
SUPERIOR IRON WORKS, W. Sup. Wis.

Carriages, Wagons and Harness.
M. W. TURNER, 3d Ave. E. and Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
CUTLER & GILBERT, Providence bldg.

Chain Manufacturers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 430 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 East First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Contractors.
L. D. CAMPBELL & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
MACLEOD & SMITH, Torrey bldg.
WATTERWORTH & FEE, Lonsdale bldg.
P. McDONNELL, McDonnell blk.
THEO NAUFFTS, Torrey bldg.
THOS. THORBURN, Palladio bldg.

Cut Stone and Masonry.
N. F. NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

Doors, Sash and Mouldings.
D. E. HOLSTON & CO., 110-112 E. Mich.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., 37th Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
F. A. PATRICK & CO., South 5th A. W.

Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Engines and Boilers.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Everything Electrical.
CROWLEY ELECTRIC CO., 3d A. Mich.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Td.
GREGORY COOK CO., W. Superior, Wis.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR MILLING CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Flour, Grain, Hay and Feed.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 20th Ave. W.
H. F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Mich.
D. S. McKAY & CO., 102 S. 1st Avenue.
J. E. LEES & CO., 120 E. Superior.
J. P. ENGSTROM & CO., 20 W. First.
THEO. BARTHOLDI, 520 East Fourth.
THE J. L. ROSS CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Foundry.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Glass Plate and Window.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 116 W. Mich.

Grain Commission Merchants.
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd.Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Bd. of Trade.
AMES-BROOKS CO., Board of Trade.
G. S. Barnes & CO., Board of Trade.
ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Board Trade.
WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Bd. of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.
W. J. BETTINGEN & CO., Board Trade.
W. C. MITCHELL & CO., Board of Trade.
SPENCER, MOORE & CO., Bd. Trade.
THOS. GIBSON, Board of Trade.
McKINDLEY & NICHOLLS, Bd. Trade.
GEO. H. DAGGETT CO., Board Trade.
McCABE BROS., Board of Trade.
KENKEL-TODD CO., Board of Trade.
CARGILL COMMISSION CO., B'd Trade.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grocers.
GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO., S. 5th.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS, 103 S. 5th
DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 West Michigan.
TWOHY-EIMON MERC. CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Hardware.
MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Lake avenue south.

Harness and Saddlery.
J. H. CONSTANTINE, 104 W. 1st.

Horses, Vehicles and Harness.
L. HAMMEL CO., 300 E. First.

Hotels.
SPALDING HOTEL, Superior 5th Ave.W.
ST. LOUIS HOTEL, W. Superior street.
HOTEL McKAY, 1st and Fifth Ave. W.
ARLINGTON HOTEL, 521 W. Michigan.
MERCHANTS HOTEL, Superior 2d. A. W.
ST. JAMES HOTEL, 215 W. Superior St.

Ice Cream Manufacturer.
DULUTH ICE CREAM CO., 28 E. Sup.

Ice Dealer.
DULUTH ICE COMPANY, 15 E. Sup. St.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Knitting Mills.
NELSON BROS., 2101 E. Superior.

Laundries.
TROY LAUNDRY.
YALE LAUNDRY CO., 30-32 East First.
DULUTH STEAM LAUNDRY, 57th A. W.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 822 W. Sup.
LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY, 808 E. 2d.

Leather—Findings—Saddlery.
SCHULZE BROS. Co., 302 W. MICH.

Lithographers and Printers.
DUL. LITHOGRAPH & PRINTING CO.

Logging Tools and Sleighs.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Lumbermen's Supplies.
KELLEY-HOW-THOMPSON, CO., S. 5th.

Machinists.
CLYDE IRON WORKS, Lake avenue S.

Machinists and Founders, Propeller Wheels.
STROTHMAN IRON CO., W. Sup., Wis.

Men's Furnishing Goods, Etc.
CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Millinery and Silks.
LA FERTE, 17 West Superior.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

Mill Work and House Materials.
OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., 209 Lake.

Office and Store Fixtures.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
ANDERSON & GOW, 123 Third Ave. W.

Oil—Lubricating and Illuminating.
BUFFALO OIL CO., W. Superior, Wis.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. 1st.

Paper and Stationery.
DULUTH PAPER CO., 108 W. Superior.
ZENITH PAPER CO., W. Superior St.

**Pine and Hardwood L

BOOKS AND THEIR MAKERS

The Bowen-Merrill company, of Indianapolis, are the publishers of George Horton's latest novel, "The Long, Straight Road." The following passage from Robert Louis Stevenson is the keynote of Mr. Horton's story: "Times are changed with him who marries; there are no more by-path meadows, where you may innocently linger, but the road lies long and straight and dusty to the grave." Mr. Horton is an acknowledged master of style, and in this book he has found and has told a story of existing social conditions that will make a strong appeal to the reader. It is a gloomy state of affairs about which Mr. Horton so ably writes, but the ending is a happy one, and a quiet humor pervades the story that keeps the readed amused. It is a tale of married life, related as naturally as possible. The author shows how those who are eternally bound to each other have just as interesting moments, and as many and more trials, than fell to the "hail fellow, well met" young man who married a cloak model, with an ambition to improve his mind, and who afterward allowed a magnate and an artist to make love to her, and who was but a mirror that reflected the genius of others, is told in a graphic and easy-flowing style that pays just enough attention to detail to keep it from growing monotonous. The other married couples, a successful lawyer, who was a loving and beautiful husband; his wife, a poetical German, and his "liebschen," and their children, all serve to make the story one of the best of its kind. Women's clubs receive their full share of ridicule in the story. Altogether the book is a welcome addition to literature. It is handsomely illustrated by Troy and Margaret West Kinney.

• • •

Harper & Bros. have published a new novel, entitled "Istar of Babylon," by Miss Margaret Horton Potter. Miss Potter has already given us proof of her original power and versatile genius in several works of fiction, but we venture to say that her latest novel will take the reading world by surprise. In "Istar of Babylon" Miss Potter has resurrected a great love tragedy in the world's history, and made a creation of it which must take rank with "Quo Vadis" and "Ben-



MARGARET HORTON POTTER,

Author of "Istar of Babylon."

Hur," and other monumental works of fiction which have drawn upon the great world-dramas for their imaginative themes. The subject of Miss Potter's new novel, its scope and range and execution, are so ambitious and so successful in achievement that it is difficult to grasp the fact that "Istar of Babylon" is actually the work of a girl of 21. Miss Potter is undoubtedly one of the marvels of our literary world. At the age of 17 she wrote a novel of Chicago life, called "The Social Lion," which created a sensation. The next year she published a second novel, entitled "Uncanonized," dealing with the life of the court and of the Catholic monasteries in England during the reign of King John. Her next novel, "The House of de Mailly," a stirring tale of France and the American colonies in the middle of the eighteenth century, was published last year after appearing serially in Harper's Bazar. Miss Potter's reputation as a novelist of remarkable insight and power has been built up with each successive work, until she can challenge any one of our younger novelists. Miss Potter comes of a distinguished family in Chicago. She was married last New Year's day to John Donald Black, of Chicago, the son of Gen. John C. Black, who was commissioner of pensions under President Cleveland. Mr. Black is one of the rising young lawyers of the West."

• • •

Hallie Erminie Rives, the author of Hearts Courageous," has been spending the summer at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., hard at work on a new novel. A friend of hers tells a good story of her stay there. The authoress, on all her walks, was accompanied by a fat, gold-and-leather book, which never left her hands. On the back was inscribed "The Poems of Robert Browning."

"How outrageously fond of Browning that girl is," a lady remarked one day on the hotel piazza. "She must have a half-dozen different copies. The day she came she sat out here with a blue covered one, and last week it was gray."

One afternoon, however, the authoress was caught napping. She left her Browning in the chimney corner, and it was pounced upon. A glance inside the covers and the secret was out. The precious volume was only a blank-book, and each leaf was covered with notes, memoranda, bits of character-drawing and the usual pot-pourri of a business-like author's notebook.

Miss Rives appeared, out of breath, while the finder was fluttering the pages, and captured it, to the dismay of teh inquisitive group that had gathered. And as she bore it away she heard a voice say emphatically: "How deceitful! To pretend that book was poetry. And I'll bet a pound of chocolates she has got us all in the horrid thing, too!"

• • •

A new book about Dante is "Dante and His Times," by Dr. Karl Federn, published by McClure, Phillips & Co. The book treats largely of Dante as a man, distinct from his literary work, and as a figure in the political turmoil of his day. It presents a picture of the society in which he lived and of the great personages of the day. Dr. Federn is a young German scholar, who has already won fame as a profound student of Italian literature. He has done much to familiarize the German reading public with American literature, having published essays on the translation of Emerson, Poe, Thoreau, and other American writers.

• • •

F. P. Dunne is hard at work on the new Dooley book which will be brought out by R. H. Russell, New York, under the title of "Observations by Mr. Dooley." "Mr. Dooley" continues the most popular of humorists, because even his satire lacks gall and the milk of human kindness irrigates his quaint philosophy. The new book of the sage's wisdom will show that time only mellows his rare qualities.

• • •

Discussing the world's fiction for the year Talcott Williams says, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews: It is barely thirty years since James Parton, in discussing literary earnings, pointed out that French men of letters alone gained a comfortable competence, because they alone wrote for all Europe. This has rendered literary consumption regional. A singe French novel in a year may reach 100,000, as may this year M. Willy's "Claudine en Menage," but in the English-speaking world at least four novels—Mr. Wister's "Virginian," Miss Rives' "Hearts Courageous," Mr. Hough's "Mississippi Bubble," and Mr. Major's "Dorothy Vernon," all American—exceed any French or German novel of the year.

• • •

A seventh revised edition has just been published of "A Century of American Diplomacy," by the Hon. John W. Foster. Mr. Foster's diplomatic career is rivaled as to length of service only by that of John Quincy Adams, and by

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Your Fortune Told Free

BY THE ZODIAC. Astrology reveals your life. We will send you a Horoscope Reading of your life and a most interesting Book on Astrology, if you send the date of your birth and stamp for return postage. Our readings have made people happy and full of hope and success. Address

MAGAZINE OF MYSTERIES, 23 N. William St., N.Y. City.



ONOTO WATANNA,

Author of "A Japanese Nightingale."

none in variety. Since his appointment as minister to Mexico in 1873, he has been engaged continuously in the diplomatic service of his country.

• • •

Miss Onoto Watanna has succeeded her dainty novelette with a more ambitious and longer Japanese novel, which has just been published also by Harper & Brothers. "The Wooing of Wistaria" has the distinction of being the first novel written in English by a native of Japan. Historically, the story celebrates the passing of the Shogun and the restoration to power of the Mikado. The period of the story is that in which Commodore Perry visited Japan to open the ports for international commerce. But the historical setting is merely a background for a tender and beautiful lovestory, with all the charm and delicate grace peculiar to this writer. Wistaria, the heroine of the tale, is a beautiful Japanese girl, piquant in her coquetry and fierce in her passion, who is wooed by the Prince of Mori, one of the lords of Japan. The prince's wooing is fraught with peril from the outset, and a tragical element, provoked by the political clash of the Japanese powers, frustrates his love and almost irrevocably separates the lovers. Wistaria outwits her lover by assuming the garb of a youth and serving as the prince's armor-bearer. More than once she figures in the different crses her lover's adventurous career and saves his life, but it is not until the very end that the untoward and broken course of their love leads them to the goal of happiness. "The Wooing of Wistaria" is sure of an enviable popularity, and will further establish the reputation which the author of "A Japanese Nightingale" has already won as a popular writer of romntic fiction.

• • •

Hamlin Garland's novel "The Captain of the Gray-Horse Troop," will shortly be published in London by Grant Richards. The book ought to meet with decided favor from English people, who prefer, above all others, American stories that are distinctly American. And no American novelist is more thoroughly imbued with our essential democracy and potential romance than Mr. Garland.

• • •

The announcement that several hundred bright young Americans will be needed for the work of taking the census of the Philippines and that there are a large number of vacancies in other civil positions in the islands, indicates the special field in which the new book "Opportunities in the Colonies and Cuba" just issued by Lewis Scribner & Co., of New York, finds its greatest usefulness. The book tells in detail of the opportunities for capital, trade and industry in our new insular dependencies The section of the Philippines which is written by M. E. Tourney, with an introduction by Governor Wm. H. Taft, details many openings for Americans with push and enterprise in these immense and undeveloped possessions.

• • •

The following books are announced for early publication by A. S. Barnes & Co., New York.

"Bayou Triste: A Story of Louisiana," by Josephine Hamilton Nicholls. Miss Nicholls is a well-known contributor to magazines, but this is her first publication in book form. It is an original and highly entertaining story wherein the cordial feeling existing between the plantation negro and his old master's children and grandchildren is truthfully portrayed. It also deals with the love affairs of the young master of the broken down old home, and of his humor-loving sister.

"Two On Their Travels," by Mrs. Archibald R. Colquohoun, wife of the well-known traveler whose book, "China in Transformation," was one of the first to sound the alarm over the condition of that country. This is an intelligent woman's truthful picture of what she saw in far off China, Japan, the Philippines and neighboring lands. The book will be illustrated with sketches by the author, including eight full-page colored plates. It will deserve special attention because of the fresh and original style of the author.

• • •

A particularly timely coincidence with the appearance of the new novel, "On the Cross," to be published by Drexel Biddle, Philadelphia, on Oct. 4, is the recent announcement of the marriage of Anton Lang, the Christus of the Oberammergau Passion Play, to Matilda Rutz, a blacksmith's daughter, who impersonates Mary Magdelene in this impressive drama. The wife of the ex-Vienese consul at Washington pronounces the description of the Passion Play in "On the Cross" as the finest and most complete she has ever read. The author, Miss Von Hillern, lived for months in the village of Oberammergau, where she had the opportunity of studying the peculiar character of these people. In weaving a romance around this sacred drama she has not desecrated the religious atmosphere of it; but, with a delicate, yet powerful touch, she has revealed to the world the noble characteristics of these simple folk.

• • •

A volume of exceptional interest in the line of popular science is "Animals Before Man in North America: Their Lives and Times," by Dr. F. A. Lucas, Curator United States National Museum at Washington. It will be published this season by Dr. Appleton & Co. As the title indicates, it deals mainly with interesting suggestions. Dr. Lucas has approached his subject with a view to instruction as well as entertainment. He has his mind on the larger public rather than the specialists. It cannot be doubted that inquiring minds will find in this book information that will absorb their interest.

The Periodicals.

The October-December number of the Forum which, it will be remembered, is now published quarterly contains articles by specialists, reviewing the progress of the last three months in various departments of thought and activity. Henry Litchfield West deals with "American Politics," devoting special attention to the president's speeches and the congressional campaign. While A. Maurice Low treats of "Foreign Affairs," including the changes in the British administration, the renewal of the Triple Alliance, and the continued unsettlement of China. A. D. Noyes writes on "Finance," Henry Harrison Suplee on "Applied Science," Frank Jewett Mather, Jr., on "Literature," and Henry T. Finck on "Music."

• • •

The fiction in the October number of Everybody's Magazine is decidedly entertaining. "Gowns and a Gobolink," by Eleanor Hoyt, and "The Sting of the Party Whip," by Holman F. Day, are first-rate stories. There are also little stories of real life, contributed by Sydney Porter and Mary S. Cutting, which will be found very readable.

• • •

Lippincott's Magazine for October contains a complete novel and many short stories. The novel, by Mary Moss, is entitled "Fruit Out of Season." It is fresh, clever, and witty, and the reader is bound to ask himself, "Should Virginia Dryden, of thirty, have acted differently?" or, "Did Jack McCall, of twenty-one, make a fool of himself?" Miss Moss has a happy way of plunging into the story she has to tell at the first page, without a tiresome introduction, and the interest thus caught is held unbroken to the last word. Marie Van Vorst's stories run in the order of good, better, best. This, her latest, called "The Primrose Way," in the October Lippincott, excels anything she has yet published, which is praise indeed.

• • •

The career of the world-famous pathologist, Dr. Rudolf Virchow, of Berlin, is the subject of two articles in the October Review of Reviews. Mr. Oswald Villard revives Professor Virchow's great and varied services to science and the state, and Dr. Henry Smith Williams describes "Virchow the Teacher," as he appeared before his pupils in the lecture-room at Berlin. Both articles are illustrated with excellent portraits.

• • •

The Popular Science Monthly for October opens with an article by Professor J. W. Toumey, of Yale University, on "Plant Adaptation," which describes and illustrates how the plants of the Western deserts are fitted to the conditions under which they exist. Another illustrated article, by Professor A. R. Crook, of Northwestern University, gives an account of an ascent of Mt. Orizaba, the highest mountain in North America whose summit has been reached.

• • •

Of the eight unusual stories in the October number of Leslie's Monthly, five are fiction, and three sketches of real events in the careers of men whose lives are far more remarkable than of any fictitious people. The fiction of the number includes a tale of a circus man, two society stories and the very amusing confession of a book agent, in which there is more truth than fiction.

• • •

Barrie's delightful serial, full of humor and pathos, "The Little White Bird," dominates the interest in Scribner's for October. Even his most ardent admirers will be delightfull surprised by the versatile fancy shown in the fairy tale of Peter Pan, which is the feature of this instalment. It is written with a grace and delicacy that even Barrie has never surpassed. Artistically this number is made notable by a cover in color from a design by Mills Thompson; a spirited drawing by Yohn used as a frontispiece and printed with a tint; and a series of four Western types by Frederic Remington in his most vigorous manner, depicting the Cow-Boy, the Scout, the Cossack Post and the Half-Breed. The original colors are beautifully reproduced. McCarter, James Preston and George Wright are other artists here represented.

• • •

The World's Work for October is remarkable for its wide range of interesting subjects and uniformly fine illustrations. The relations of Labor and Capital are given a prominent place by M. G. Cunniff's second article on Labor Unions—this one concerning "Union Restriction of Industry," a description of the Life of a Coal Miner by Rev. John McDowell, who was a miner himself until he was badly hurt, and a discussion by George Maxwell of whether a Fixed Wage is Just or not. There are four strikingly illustrated articles on varied and timely subjects.

• • •

Country Life in America for October superbly illustrates the varied out-door pursuits of the best month of all the year. Among the leading features, "Yachting—A Personal Experience," is written by Thomas Dixon, Jr., about life on an eighty-foot schooner-yacht in Southern waters, which he found cost less than living ashore; "The Upbuilding of a Golf Course" considers conditions necessary for the best courses; "Grapes on a Suburban House Lot," deals with varieties of prize fruit; and "Two Lizards of the Desert," is about those weird beasts of the Southwest that live without water.

• • •

That a number of families may live together, sharing all things in common, eating their food in co-operative "kitchen houses," and dwelling in mutual good-will and peace, is shown today in the cluster of villages in Iowa peopled by the members of the Amana society, also called "The Community of True Inspiration." In Harper's Magazine for October, Professor Richard T. Ely, the well-known authority on social and industrial betterment, writes a most entertaining article about "Amana: A Study of Religious Communism," in which he describes the practical methods of these pious people.

• • •

Frank Lee Benedict never wrote a better story than his "The Turn of the Wheel," the novelette with which the October Smart Set opens. The rapidity of the movement, the distinctiveness of the plot, the great dramatic force of the situations, and the characteristic directness of the style—these qualities which first won reputation for the author are shown at their best in this his latest work. The story presents a vivid and truthful picture of contemporary social life, and is of compelling interest.

• • •

The Century for October has for its frontispiece the full-length portrait of Andrew Carnegie recently painted by John W. Alexander, and Mr. Carnegie is the subject of an appreciation by Hamilton W. Mabie. A subject of wide and growing interest which occupies the leading place in the number is "The New Photograph." Alexander Black, is a paper entitled "The Artist and the Camera," presents an imaginary discussion of the question whether photography is an art, both sides being fully represented, and Alfred Stieglitz, founder of the Society of the Photo-Secessionists, writes of "Modern Pictoral Photography," to the progress of which this society has largely contributed. In proof of this The Century presents seven of the most notable artistic examples taken from the society's exhibition of 1902.

• • •

Settling down for the winter, getting one's home and wardrobe in order, catering for the family, beautifying the home and incidentally a few, good, complete stories are features of the October issue of the American Queen, which magazine is considered the best 50-cents-a-year monthly publication issued anywhere in the world.

• • •

The October issue of "Success" is a welcome one, for it offers a wide range of reading matter that is highly representative of the progress of American matters. The list of contents this month contains a number of prominent names, notably among them being that of Henry Cabot Lodge, United States Senator from Massachusetts, who provides an interesting and valuable discourse on "Good Citizenship;—a subject which the growing youth of the United States cannot know too much about.

• • •

By way of celebrating the doubling of its circulation in a year, the National Magazine of Boston makes its October number thirty-two pages larger than usual. The number contains over one hundred and fifty pages of text and pictures, including stories, poems, public affairs, character sketches, many of them handsome full page engravings—in short, a graphic illustrated mirror of the life of the time.

• • •

The October number of 10 Story Book announces a prize story contest in which one thousand dollars are offered for prize stories. The prize money is divided into five parts varying from $500 to $50, and it is announced that the contest is open to the world.

• • •

Henry Norman is regarded as one of the keenest observers among English travelers and writers. His book on Russia has long been expected, and now that it has appeared excels expectation. A long review, with many extracts, appears in the Arogunut of Oct. 6th.

• • •

Wilshire's for October has interesting personal letters to the editor from Mayor Tom L. Johnson and F. Opper, the great cartoonist.

• • •

Outing for October is full of bright articles which will delight the sportsman who goes to the woods in autumn. Mr. T. S. Van Dyke, the veteran sportsman and deer hunter, contributes a paper on "Hunting the Virginia Deer," which is the outcome of many years spent in the deer country. W. B. Mearns writes on "The Training of Setters and Pointers for Quail Shooting," and illustrtes his writings with strikingly original photographs taken in the field, showing the dogs in action.

• • •

Will Carleton's magazine, Every Where, for October, seems to adapt itself to a universal need to a remarkable degree. Every line shows human experience or human aspirations, and, above all, every line is restful and satisfying. Mr. Carleton contributes three especially graceful and charming poems on autumn themes. Mrs. Margaret E. Sangster is also one of the contributors of verse. There is much good fiction and interesting miscellany.

• • •

There is not a weak spot in the contents of the October number of McClure's magazine. First in interest is the editorial announcement of Miss Ida M. Tarbell's long promised "History of the Standard Oil Company," now definitely scheduled to begin in the November number. The brief outline of Miss Tarbell's papers here printed is fascinating in its promise of an absolutely unique history of industral development.

• • •

The October number of the North American Review offers a varied and interesting table of contents. It opens with an attractive article entitled "Mr. Balfour and his Opportunities," by Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P., which is a study of the new British Premier and his serious problems with which he must deal in directing the administration of the affairs of the British nation. Stephen Bonsal shows how much "The Work of the Friars" has done for the people of the Philippine Islands. Hannis Taylor describes the course of instruction which should be followed in "An Ideal School of Politics and Jurisprudence."

• • •

Mahins' Magazine for October contains unusually interesting matter. On the subject of "Medical Advertising," Prof. H. L. Willett deals with the methods of manufacturers of patent medicines to introduce their goods; also with the advertising physician, and presents much valuable information and draws conclusions that should be considered by every one.

• • •

The October number of Ainslee's is entirely different from all preceeding issues of this interesting publication. In bulk the magazine is nearly twice the former size; no illustrations are to be found except in the advertising pages; and the price is 15 cents. To judge from external evidences, Ainslee's has jumped from the ten-cent field into the twenty-five cent field, with an advance of only five cents. Another improvement on Ainslee's is the discontinuance of the magazine feature called "the special article." Instead of this material Ainslee's prints several striking well-considered essays.

• • •

The Pilgrim for October comes in a cover that is unique among the autumn magazines. It is the work of Otto J. Schneider and has all the merits of an Helleu dry point etching. The contents of the magazine are more extensive than ever before and afford a variety that makes for a general "whole family" interest. Willis J. Abbott's "Men and Matters of Moment" is especially timely and the high standard set for this department in the beginning by the editor is fully maintained. One of the most charming articles that the Pilgrim has published is Elanor Root's account of a visit to Longfellow's "Wayside Inn." The article is admirably illustrated. A dainty bit of prose in the pastel form leads off the fiction, which includes five stories or more than ordinary interest.

• • •

Table Talk, Philadelphia, for October, comes in much improved appearance, having a new and appropriate cover design. The contents, as usual, are helpful to bright housekeepers. If you want to know how to give an entertainment in your home, Table Talk gives you the menus and table decorations, and other information desired.

• • •

In the Atlantic Monthly for October—a month when college football largely engages the attention of the public, Professor Ira N. Hollis, of Harvard, writes upon "Intercollegiate Athletics." His timely and authoritative papers is notable for the singular union of firmness and sympathy which he brings to bear in treating the troublous questions of professionalism, scholarship, versus athletics, and "college spirit," and is especially interesting in view of the recent utterances of President Faunce, of Brown university, upon the same subject.

• • •

The leading article in the October New England magazine is one in the series about educational institutions which have been recently appearing in its pages and presents a complete, illustrated, up-to-date history of "The Massachusetts Institute of Technology," by James Phinney Munroe, one of its more than two thousand living graduates. The illustrations and article show in an interesting manner how far ahead of his times the founder, Rogers, was, and the successful growth from the smallest of beginnings through the most trying times, is a living monument to him and the splendid men who followed him as president, Runkle, Walker, Crafts and Pritchett.

The New English Stamps.

Now that the king of England has been crowned that government is preparing to issue a new series of postage stamps showing him wearing his crown in place of the wreath represented on the present ones. It is generally admitted now is the proper time to make the change as it was considered inappropriate to represent him wearing his crown before the coronation had actually taken place. The proper time to commence taking Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is at the first symptom of a disordered stomach, such as sick headache, belching, heartburn, indigestion dyspepsia or constipation. By strengthening the stomach and perfecting the digestion these ailments are completely cured, and your health in general is made better. Be sure to try a bottle.

"HIS LAST STUNT"

By

Elia W. Peattie

The funniest short story of the month, in

October Number

10 StoryBook

With nine other vivacious stories

10 CENTS

If your newsdealer does not keep 10 Story Book you can get it by sending to the home office.

10 STORY BOOK,

263-269 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

10 Cents a Copy. $1.00 a Year.



We furnish up-to-date Interior Finish for Modern Houses.

Made from the best assorted grades of hardwood lumber; also everything in Building Lumber demanded by builders, which we are selling at prices tha we won't allow anyone to beat.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co.,

2402 W. Michigan St.

Parties Moving To the West....

Parties who are moving their household goods to Seattle, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco and other coast points can save money by shipping with the Duluth Van & Storage Co., as we have special arrangements for handling this business.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

210 West Superior St.
410 West Superior St.

Burlington Route

Reclining Chair Cars

Are in service on all our through passenger trains. They are the most roomy and comfortable that can be built.

The aisles are carpeted. The chairs are luxuriously upholstered. Toilet rooms are provided at each end of the car. Are lighted by gas (on the Limited by electricity), and heated by steam in cold weather.

A porter is in attendance to care for the comfort of passengers. It would seem that you could travel very comfortably in one of these cars, would it not?

ASK YOUR HOME AGENT TO MAKE YOUR TICKET READ BY THIS LINE.....

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Via the

Southern Railway

To Points in

ALABAMA, GEORGIA, FLORIDA, NORTH and SOUTH CAROLINA, KENTUCKY, MISSISSIPPI, TENNESSEE and VIRGINIA.

on

TUESDAYS,

May 20th, June 3rd, and 17th, July 1st and 15th, August 15th and 19th, September 2nd and 16th, October 7th and 21st.

At the very low rate of

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP—PLUS $2.00

Tickets good going fifteen days, and for stop-over south of the Ohio river, with final limit for return of twenty-one days from date of sale.

For information about rates, etc., call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

J. S. McCULLOUGH, N. W. P. A., 226 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For information about Farm Lands, Business locations, etc., write J. P. OLSEN, Agent Land and Industrial Dept., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

Double Daily Train Service VIA THE

Louisville & Nashville R.R.

BETWEEN

Cincinnati Louisville Chicago and St. Louis

AND

Nashville, Memphis Atlanta, Birmingham Mobile, New Orleans Florida and Gulf Coast Points

Through Sleeping Cars and Chair Cars An Unexcelled Dining Car Service

Low Rate Excursions

First and Third Tuesday each Month

For rates, maps, folders and time tables Address

C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt. Louisville, Ky.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.